# Replication of the Fama-French Three-Factor Model and Empirical Study of the S&P 500

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## Purpose of the Study

- □ Replicate the Fama-French Three-Factor model (1993)
- □ Apply the model to S&P 500 data from 2010-2017
- Assess the explanatory power for the Fama-French Three-Factor model over five year periods from 1980-2015



#### Introduction

# Theory and Design The Fama-French Three-Factor Model Data Preparation

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## Theory and Design

$$R_i - R_F = \beta_M \cdot (R_M - R_F)$$

The Fama-French Three-Factor Model:

$$R_i - R_F = \beta_M \cdot (R_M - R_F) + \beta_S \cdot SMB + \beta_V \cdot HML$$

- $ightharpoonup R_I R_F$  is an excess return of the stock or portfolio
- $\triangleright$   $\beta_M$  is the sensitivity coefficient
- SMB (Small Minus Big) is a size factor (in terms of market capitalization)
- ► HML (High Minus Low) is a value factor (in terms of book-to-value ratio)



## **Data Preparation for Model Replication**

#### Data:1

- □ Fama/French 3 Factors (monthly)
- 25 Portfolios Formed on Size and Book-to-Market (5x5) (Value-Weighted)



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>source: Fama French Homepage

#### Fama-French 3 Factors

Date	Mkt-RF	SMB	HML	RF
192607	2.96	-2.30	-2.87	0.22
192608	2.64	-1.40	4.19	0.25
 199112	10.84	-2.22	-4.01	0.38

Table 1: Fama/French 3 Factors from July 1926 to December 1991 based on monthly return

Source: CRSP firms listed on the NYSE, AMEX, and NASDAQ



#### Calculation of SMB and HML Factors

$$SMB = \frac{1}{3}(SmallValue + SmallNeutral + SmallGrowth) - \\ \frac{1}{3}(BigValue + BigNeutral + BigGrowth) \\ HML = \frac{1}{2}(SmallValue + BigValue) - \frac{1}{2}(SmallGrowth + BigGrowth)$$

using 6 value-weight portfolios formed on size on book-to-market:

Small Growth	Small Neutral	Small Value
Big Growth	Big Neutral	Big Value



## 25 Value-Weighted Portfolios

	Low	2	3	4	High
Small	SMALL LoBM	ME1 BM2	ME1 BM3	ME1 BM4	SMALL HiBM
2	ME2 BM1	ME2 BM2	ME2 BM3	ME2 BM4	ME2 BM5
3	ME3 BM1	ME3 BM2	ME3 BM3	ME3 BM4	ME3 BM5
4	ME4 BM1	ME4 BM2	ME4 BM3	ME4 BM4	ME4 BM5
Big	BIG LoBM	ME5 BM2	ME5 BM3	ME5 BM4	BIG HiBM

Table 2: Structure of the 25 Value-Weighted Portfolios

- Big ME (Market Equity) stocks are large companies by market capitalization
- □ Each value is that portfolio's monthly percentage return



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## **Batch Regression**

#### Use multivariate regression

```
# batch regressing 25 portfolios
results = list()
# Data starts from the 2nd col of P25
for (i in 1:(ncol(P25) - 1)) {
    rirf = unlist (P25[, i + 1]) - rf
        y = lm (rirf ~ rmrf + smb + hml)
results[[i]] = summary (y)
}
```



## Formatting the Results

## Replicating Table 6 (1993)

☐ Resize the output to 5x5 format as in the Fama-French paper



b	LOW	2	3	4	HIGH	t(b)	LOW	2	3	4	HIGH
SMALL	1.03	0.97	0.94	0.89	0.95	SMALL	39.23	50.60	58.42	57.99	57.76
2	1.10	1.02	0.96	0.97	1.07	2	53.20	58.56	59.98	62.77	63.25
3	1.10	1.02	0.97	0.97	1.06	3	59.68	56.81	53.35	58.93	51.14
4	1.06	1.07	1.04	1.03	1.15	4	57.16	52.61	50.34	51.30	46.30
BIG	0.96	1.02	0.96	1.01	1.03	BIG	57.20	56.98	42.80	55.04	37.70
s	LOW	2	3	4	HIGH	t(s)	LOW	2	3	4	HIGH
SMALL	1.40	1.27	1.16	1.10	1.19	SMALL	35.61	44.82	48.65	48.10	48.63
2	1.00	0.94	0.83	0.71	0.85	2	32.62	36.36	34.80	30.78	33.82
3	0.70	0.63	0.54	0.45	0.65	3	25.53	23.41	20.04	18.46	21.03
4	0.30	0.27	0.25	0.22	0.36	4	10.92	8.75	8.06	7.49	9.64
BIG	(0.20)	(0.19)	(0.27)	(0.19)	(0.04)	BIG	(8.10)	(7.08)	(7.99)	(6.91)	(1.05)
h	LOW	2	3	4	HIGH	t(h)	LOW	2	3	4	HIGH
SMALL	(0.30)	0.08	0.27	0.38	0.62	SMALL	(6.77)	2.43	9.92	14.93	22.43
2	(0.48)	0.03	0.23	0.47	0.70	2	(13.93)	0.88	8.73	18.32	24.74
3	(0.43)	0.04	0.31	0.50	0.71	3	(14.04)	1.39	10.27	18.28	20.34
4	(0.44)	0.03	0.30	0.56	0.74	4	(14.24)	0.79	8.77	16.68	17.79
BIG	(0.44)	(0.02)	0.20	0.56	0.76	BIG	(15.96)	(0.68)	5.25	18.41	16.65

Table 3: Results of the Fama-French Three-Factor Model



Table 6

Regressions of excess stock and bond returns (in percent) on the excess market return (RM-RF) and the mimicking returns for the size (SMB) and bookto-market equity (HML) factors: July 1963 to December 1991, 342 months.\*

R(t) - RF(t) = a + b[RM(t) - RF(t)] + sSMB(t) + hHML(t) + c(t)

Dependent variable: Excess returns on 25 stock portfolios formed on size and book-to-market equity

Size	Book-to-market equity (BE/ME) quintiles										
quintile	Low	2	3	4	High	Low	2	3	4	High	
			ь					t(b)			
Small	1.04	1.02	0.95	0.91	0.96	39.37	51.80	60.44	59.73	57.89	
2	1.11	1.06	1.00	0.97	1.09	52.49	61.18	55.88	61.54	65.52	
3	1.12	1.02	0.98	0.97	1.09	56.88	53.17	50.78	54.38	52.52	
4	1.07	1.08	1.04	1.05	1.18	53.94	53.51	51.21	47.09	46.10	
Big	0.96	1.02	0.98	0.99	1.06	60.93	56.76	46.57	53.87	38.61	
			s					t(s)			
Small	1.46	1.26	1.19	1.17	1.23	37.92	44.11	52.03	52.85	50.97	
2	1.00	0.98	0.88	0.73	0.89	32.73	38.79	34.03	31.66	36.78	
3	0.76	0.65	0.60	0.48	0.66	26.40	23.39	21.23	18.62	21.91	
4	0.37	0.33	0.29	0.24	0.41	12.73	11.11	9.81	7.38	11.01	
Big	-0.17	- 0.12	-0.23	- 0.17	- 0.05	- 7.18	- 4.51	- 7.58	-6.27	-1.18	
			h					t(h)			
Small	- 0.29	0.08	0.26	0.40	0.62	- 6,47	2.35	9.66	15.53	22.24	
2	-0.52	0.01	0.26	0.46	0.70	- 14.57	0.41	8.56	17.24	24.80	
3	-0.38	- 0.00	0.32	0.51	0.68	-11.26	-0.05	9.75	16.88	19.39	
4	-0.42	0.04	0.30	0.56	0.74	- 12.51	1.04	8.83	14.84	17.09	
Big	-0.46	0.00	0.21	0.57	0.76	17.03	0.09	5.80	18.34	16.24	

Table 4: Results of the Fama-French Three-Factor Model<sup>2</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Source: Fama and French 1993b, Table 6

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### **Data Preparation**

#### Download stocks information

Symbol	Name	Sector	Abbv.
AAP	Advance Auto Parts	Consumer Discretionary	CD
MO	Altria Group Inc	Consumer Staples	CS
APC	Anadarko Petroleum Corp	Energy	E
AMG	Affiliated Managers Group Inc	Financials	FI
ABT	Abbott Laboratories	Health Care	Н
MMM	3M Company	Industrials	I
ACN	Accenture plc	Information Technology	IT
APD	Air Products & Chemicals Inc	Materials	M
ARE	Alexandria Real Estate Equities Inc	Real Estate	RE
CTL	CenturyLink Inc	Telecommunication Services	Т
AES	AES Corp	Utilities	U

Table 5: Summary information, including sector designation



## Retrieving S&P500 Data

□ Download SP 500 adjusted stock prices

```
stocks=BatchGetSymbols(tickers = companies$tickers,

first.date = "2010-01-01",

ast.date = "2017-12-31")

# Select the good tickers
good.tickers = stocks$df.control$ticker [stocks$df.

control$threshold.decision == "KEEP"]
```

- stocks is a list that contains 2 dataframes:
  - df.control contains descriptive information
  - df.tickers contains the downloaded price data



## Creating a Data Frame of S&P 500 Prices

- Use the dates of 3M as the date column of the data frame
- Merge price data of stocks into the data frame

```
SP500.data = data.frame(date = stocks$df.tickers[
   stocks$df.tickers$ticker == "MMM", "ref.date"])
 for(i in 1:length(good.tickers)){
     X = data.frame(
      stocks$df.tickers[stocks$df.tickers$ticker ==
       good.tickers[i], c("ref.date", "price.adjusted
       ")])
     colnames(X) = c("date", as.character(good.
       tickers[i]))
     SP500.data = merge.data.frame(SP500.data, X, by
7
       = "date", all.x = TRUE)
8
```

Fama French Replication

## Convert Daily Data to Monthly Return

- □ Convert downloaded daily data to monthly price data series into XTS series
- quantmod::monthlyReturn()requires non-NA daily prices in xts format



## Data Cleaning

- Removing stocks with NAs in the series ensures that remaining stocks have same number of observations
- □ Remove NAs in each series results in a smaller sample size

Price data with NAs in the middle would result in inaccurate monthly returns.

(BHY Brighthouse Financial Inc. removed for 2015-2017 runs)

Here we face choices:

- Remove all columns with NAs, then all remaining stocks could have the regression in the same period, i.e. with the same number of observations. (2010-2017)
- Dynamically frame the data based on the available non-NA data points, but then some stocks in the regression analysis will have fewer observations. (1980-2015 every 5 years case)



#### Fama-French in 2010-2017

```
SP500.data = read.csv("Data/SP500_price.adjusted_
    2010-2017.csv")
  SP500.data$date = as.Date(SP500.data$date)
  Results = list()
  for(i in 1:ncol(Stock.Prices.Monthly)) {
    RiRF = Stock.Prices.Monthly[,i] - FF$RF
    Regression = lm(RiRF ~ FF$Mkt.RF + FF$SMB + FF$HML
    Results[[i]] = summary(Regression)
10
11
```

## **Boxplot of the Regression Results**

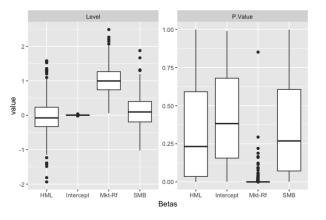


Figure 1: Regression results of S&P 500 companies from 2010-2017

Fama French Replication



#### Goodness of Fit

	Ticker	Name	Sector	$R^2$
201	HON	Honeywell Int'l Inc.	Industrials	0.76
227	IVZ	Invesco Ltd.	<b>Financials</b>	0.73
31	AMG	Affiliated Managers Group Inc	<b>Financials</b>	0.71
334	PRU	Prudential Financial	<b>Financials</b>	0.71
388	TROW	T. Rowe Price Group	<b>Financials</b>	0.71
60	BEN	Franklin Resources	<b>Financials</b>	0.71
386	TMK	Torchmark Corp.	<b>Financials</b>	0.70
270	MET	MetLife Inc.	<b>Financials</b>	0.70
321	PFG	Principal Financial Group	<b>Financials</b>	0.69
283	MS	Morgan Stanley	Financials	0.66

Table 6: R<sup>2</sup> Values of S&P 500 Companies



## Coefficients by Sector

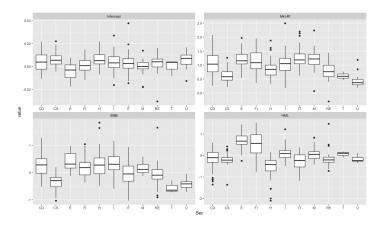


Figure 2: Coefficients by sector



#### P-Values

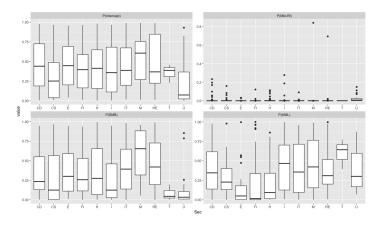


Figure 3: P-Values by sector



## Trend analysis in 1980-2015

```
library(lubridate)
List.of.start.date = seq(as.Date("1980/1/1"), as.
Date("2016/1/1"), "years")
List.of.start.date = List.of.start.date[year(List.of.start.date)%%5==0]
```

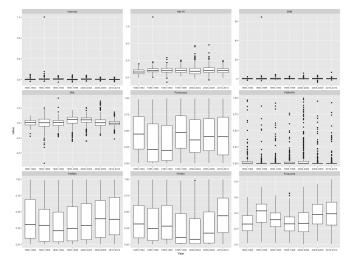


Figure 4: Trend analysis in 1980-2015 of full sample



## Varying Samples

Time Period	Number of Stocks
1980-1984	170
1985-1989	229
1990-1994	271
1995-1999	345
2000-2004	394
2005-2009	432
2010-2014	459

Table 7: Number of S&P 500 stocks in the sample in each period

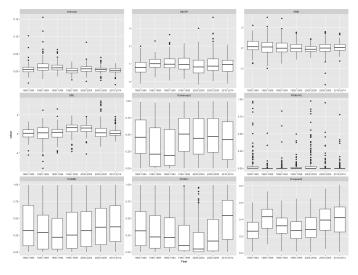


Figure 5: Trend analysis of 168 stocks listed from 1980-2015



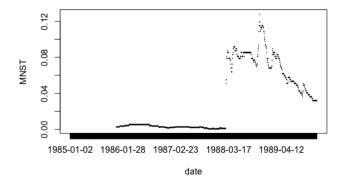


Figure 6: Monthly Return of MNST (Monster Beverage Corp)



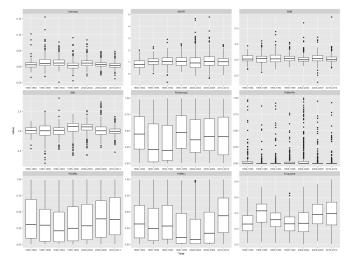


Figure 7: Trend analysis in 1980-2015 without MNST



Table 8: Top five stocks in terms of gross returns (2010 to 2017)

Ticker	Name	Sec	Return	$R^2$	Mkt.rf	SMB	HML
NFLX	Netflix Inc.	IT	24.13	0.04	0.96	0.41	-0.49
URI	United Rentals, Inc.	1	16.12	0.56	2.49	1.19	1.34
REGN	Regeneron	Н	14.26	0.17	1.06	0.62	-1.49
STZ	Constellation Brands	CS	13.58	0.12	0.76	0.01	-0.22
AVGO	Broadcom	IT	12.52	0.23	1.04	0.05	-0.76

Table 9: Bottom five stocks in terms of gross returns (2010 to 2017)

	Ticker	Name	Sec	Return	$R^2$	Mkt.Rf	SMB	HML
	RRC	Range Resources Corp.	Е	-0.67	0.16	0.68	0.62	1.03
	APA	Apache Corporation	E	-0.56	0.35	1.20	0.62	0.93
	MOS	The Mosaic Company	М	-0.52	0.28	1.40	-0.13	0.64
	FCX	Freeport-McMoRan Inc.	Μ	-0.42	0.27	2.27	0.22	0.88
_	DVN	Devon Energy Corp.	Е	-0.40	0.41	1.41	0.55	1.27



## Correlation of the Factors and Top 20 and Bottom 20 returns

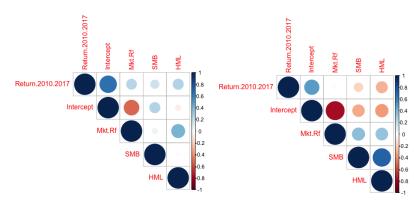


Figure 8: Top 20

Figure 9: Bottom 20



Conclusion — 5-1

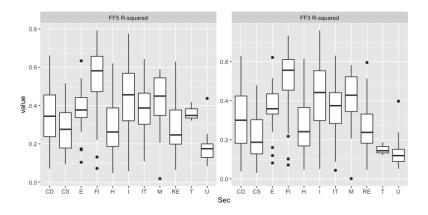
#### **Conclusion**

- The Fama-French Three-Factor model has strong explanatory power in the markets studied by the paper, but the model does not explain returns of the S&P 500 as well.
- The explanatory power of the model is slightly stronger in 1995-1999 and 2005-2015 than otherwise.
- With the top 20 companies with the largest returns from 2010-2017, market returns are positively correlated with SMB and HML factors, while with the bottom 20 companies, they are negatively correlated.



Conclusion —

## Comparison with Five-Factor Model





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