# Splunk Attack Analyzer Workshop Lab Guide

## Splunk Attack Analyzer Exercises

### Exercise 1 - Review Live Job Submission Results

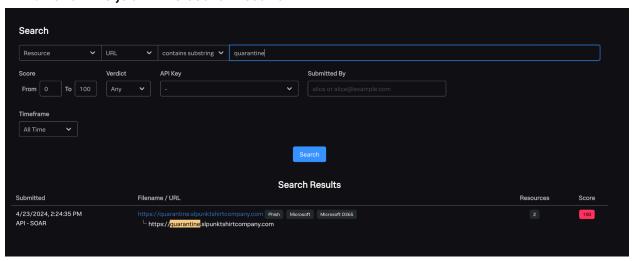
#### Task 1

- 1. Review the completed job results via the link provided by the presenter.
- 2. Answer the following questions about the job.
  - What was the verdict of the submission?
  - What was the brand that was used?
  - How long did it take to analyze the screenshot?

### Exercise 2 - Review Job Results

#### Task 1

- 1. Click the "Search" tab in the Splunk Attack Analyzer User Interface
- 2. Select the URL resource option.
- 3. Select the "contains substring" option.
- 4. Add "quarantine" to the search parameters
- 5. Click the blue "Search" button.
- 6. Click the job in the search results



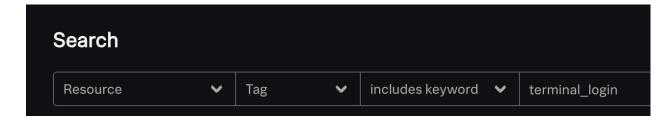
- 7. Analyze the results
  - What was the verdict of the submission?

- What was the brand that was used?
- What common evasion technique was used on the webpage?
  Hint: Review the detections that fired for this job.

## Exercise 3 - Review System Tags

#### Task 1

1. Search for the job that got tagged as a terminal login.

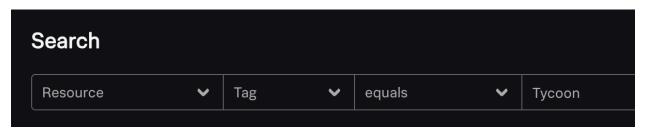


- 2. Analyze the results
  - Which file sharing service was used to send the files?

## Exercise 4 - Review Captcha bypass job

### Task 1

1. Search for the job that got tagged as using the Tycoon phish kit family



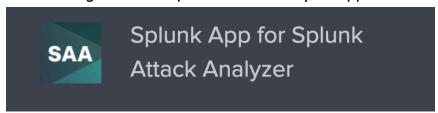
- 2. Analyze the results
  - What captcha provider was discovered and bypassed automatically by Splunk Attack Analyzer?

## **Splunk Enterprise Exercises**

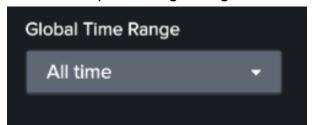
### Exercise 1 - Review Dashboards

#### Task 1

- 1. Login to the Splunk Enterprise Security instance.
- 2. Navigate to the Splunk Attack Analyzer App.



3. When proceeding through the following steps, set all dashboards to "All Time"



- 4. Review the "**Usage Overview**" dashboard to see an Executive Overview of Splunk Attack Analyzer Submissions.
  - How many submissions are tagged as malware?
- 5. Click on the "**Observations**" tab in the Splunk Attack Analyzer App navigation
- 6. Review the "Credential Phishing and Malware" dashboard to see phishing and malware trends over time
  - What is the most analyzed malware?
- 7. Click on the "**Observations**" tab in the Splunk Attack Analyzer App navigation bar.
- 8. Review the "**Phished Brands**" dashboard to see what brands have been involved in phishing attacks
  - What is the most Phished Brand?

### Exercise 2 - Search job data

#### Task 1

- 1. Click the "Other" tab in the Splunk Attack Analyzer app for Splunk Enterprise.
- 2. Click "Search"
- 3. Set search parameters to "all time"

- 4. Using your new knowledge of sourcetypes, find the data for job 0972b55c-a5a1-4e9d-8c01-064487fc4b62 to answer the following questions.
  - What was the verdict?
  - What was the task score for the Email Analyzer engine?
  - Which engine(s) returned a display score greater than or equal to 75?

#### Task 2

- 5. The sandbox was used on the exe discovered in the job.
  - Which detection fired in the windows 7 sandbox indicated the malware was unpacked?
- 6. Review the job data to answer the following.
  - Which detection on this job had the maximum possible display severity?

### Challenge Task

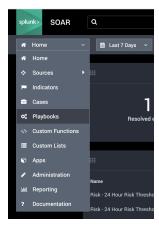
- 1. Find a new job that meets the below criteria.
  - What is the Job ID for the SMS phishing (smish) that included an AT&T brand impersonation?
- 2. As part of the Splunk Attack Analyzer built in optical character recognition (OCR) feature, screenshots of SMS messages are analyzed for text extraction including any URLs, and phone number or sender information. This data is part of the forensics that can be ingested into Splunk.
  - What was the phone number used to send the AT&T smish?

## **Splunk SOAR Exercises**

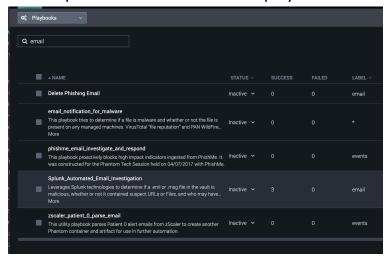
## Exercise 1 - Splunk SOAR Playbooks

Task 1 - Review Playbooks the Splunk Automated Email Investigation Playbook

- 1. Login to the SOAR instance.
- 2. Select "Playbooks" on the menu dropdown



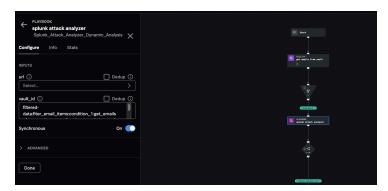
- 3. Click "Playbooks"
- 4. Search for the "Splunk Automated Email Investigation" playbook
- 5. Open the **local** version of the playbook



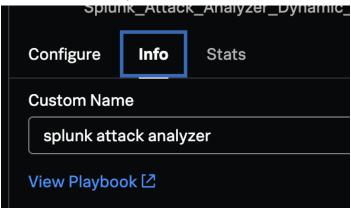
- 6. Review the playbook to answer the following questions
  - What file types would work with this playbook? Hint: look at the first filter block.
  - What is the name of the playbook block that checks whether or not SAA found a sample to be malicious? Hint: Open the blocks to review and see names
  - Challenge question: What is the minimum score in Splunk Attack Analyzer that is used for the threshold when adding artifacts (URLs, files, hashes) to SOAR? Hint: Open up the sub playbook (as described below) and put your Python hat on.

Task 2 - Review the Splunk Attack Analyzer Dynamic Analysis Playbook

1. Click on the "Splunk Attack Analyzer" playbook block



2. On the left panel, click the "Info" tab



- 3. Click the link to "view playbook"
- 4. Review the playbook to answer the following questions
  - What is the name of the Splunk Attack Analyzer Connector for SOAR action used in the "get file summary output" action block? (Hint Connector name is cut off "Splunk Attack Analyzer C...")
- 5. Challenge Question: Utilize the Splunk Message Identifier Activity Analysis playbook to answer the following question
  - What fields are used to search Splunk for who received the email?

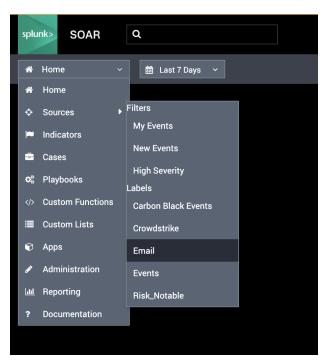
### Exercise 2 - Splunk SOAR Investigation

Task 1 - Run the Splunk Automated Email Investigation Playbook

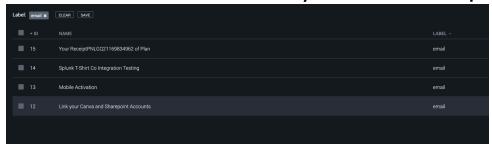
 Click the SOAR logo on the left of the webpage to go back to the SOAR homepage



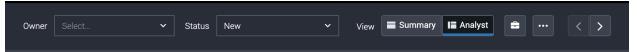
- 2. Click the Menu dropdown
- 3. Select "Sources"
- 4. Select "Email"



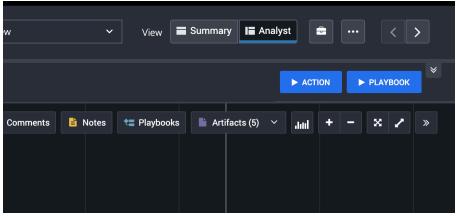
5. Find an event with the name "Link your Canva and Sharepoint Accounts"



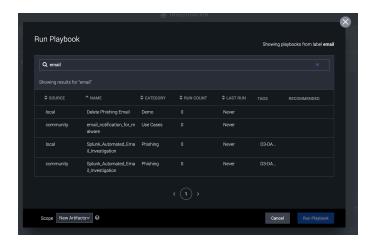
6. On the right side of the page, select the Analyst view.



7. Click "Playbook"

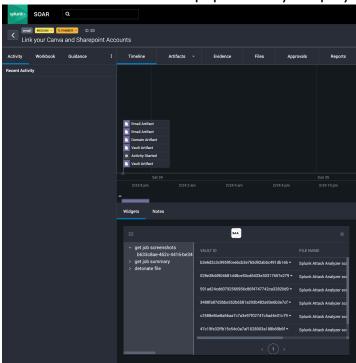


8. Search for "email"



Task 2 - Review the Results of the Playbook Run

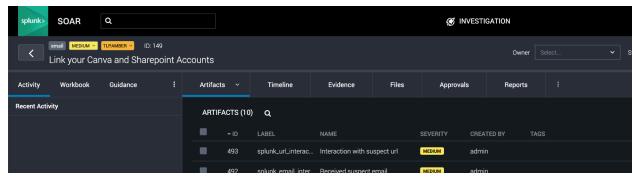
1. Click on the "Notes" populated by the playbook



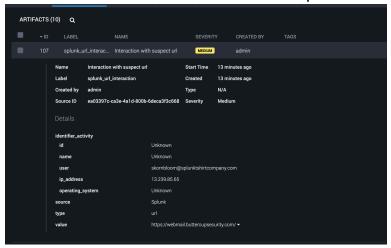
- What was the classification of the Splunk Attack Analyzer analysis?
- Did anyone else receive the email? If so, who?
- Did anyone click on the malicious link? If so, who?

### Task 3 - Take Actions

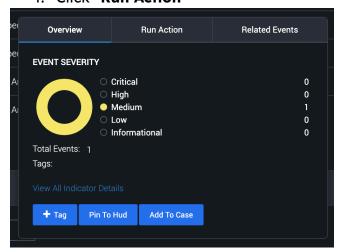
1. Click on "Artifacts"



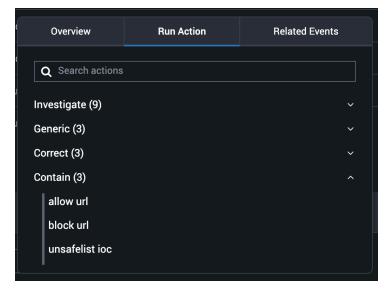
- 2. Click on the "Interaction with suspect url" artifact
- 3. Click the value that contains the suspect url



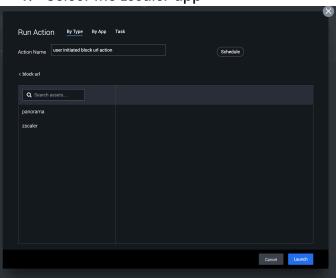
4. Click "Run Action"



- 5. Click the **Contain** action
- 6. Click "block url"



7. Select the zscaler app



8. Click Launch

