Fast Track Total Laryngectomy Clinical Pathway

Site Applicability

Vancouver General Hospital (VGH) UBC Hospital

Pathway Patient Goals

Inclusion Criteria

Home Discharge Criteria

Instructions

- 1. Review pathway once per shift for patient care goals and expected outcomes
- 2. Do not document on this pathway, complete documentation in the Electronic Health Record (Cerner) or paper chart as per policy



Day of Surgery	Day of Surgery POD 0	
Focus of Care	Expected Outcomes	
Teaching, Discharge Planning	 Orient to unit & hospital routine Reinforce pre-op teaching (deep breathing, coughing and leg exercises) Review pain scale/management Review feeding schedule Patient and family understand outcome of surgery 	
Tests	 Chest x-ray prior to commencing tube feeds (confirm Entriflex placement) Standing orders for blood work Standing orders for enteral feeds 	
Consults	 Dietitian for initiating enteral tube feeds (type of formula, rate, flushes) Speech Language Pathologist - notified re: patient admission and possible voice prosthesis insertion POD #5 	
Assessments, Treatments	 Vital signs and temp as per post-op protocol (R12-20 min, P60-100, BP 90-150) Level of consciousness (alert & oriented x 3) Chest auscultation Q4hrs prn (breath sounds clear, resps easy/regular, Ø SOB, Ø resp distress) Pulse oximeter Q4hrs prn (>93%) - Maintain oxygen saturation levels with oxygen therapy Assess for minimal neck swelling (no airway obstruction/hematoma) Entriflex tube in situ & secured (do not remove - required for insertion of voice prosthesis) Monitor and empty hemovac drainage Q6hrs prn (no sanguineous drainage) Strip hemovac drain Q1hr x 4hrs then Q6hrs prn Normal saline mouth rinses Q4hrs & prn Assess abdominal status Q4hrs prn (soft, non-distended, bowel sounds audible x 4) Assess IV site (free of pain, swelling & redness) Capillary blood glucose monitoring QID x 72 hours Staple remover, suture scissors and suction at bedside at all times (tape to HOB) Emergency trach equipment at bedside/accompany patient at all times 	
Adequate Airway	 RT aware of patient (re: trach/stoma) Airway patent, can clear own secretions via NS instilling and coughing Suctioning required as ordered on days and nights Trach care Q shift and PRN (if applicable) or insert Lary Tube and HME Trach size and type noted Measure cuff pressure Q shift (mmHg) Note if cuff inflated/deflated Stoma care Q shift and PRN. If Lary tube & HME inserted, clean Lary Tube Q shift & change HME daily & prn Assess stoma (Size of "Quarter") Monitor stoma (patent; Ø narrowing) • secretions (clear, thin, loose) • skin integrity (free of redness, swelling, stoma edges well approximated, Ø crusting) Instill with NS PRN if no Lary Tube with HME 	
Activity, Rest	 Elevate HOB 30° Encourage deep breathing, coughing and leg exercises Q1hr while awake 	





ICOUGH protocol followed Plantar dorsi-flexion exercises Q1hr while awake Dangle at edge of bed Mobilize up to chair (~ 2 hours) Patient Controlled Analgesia (PCA) Analgesics prn Antiemetic prn
Analgesics prn
Antiemetic pin
Pain assessment Q1hr until pain is controlled then Q4hrs prn (pain adequately controlled) Sedation level within norm
NPO Enteral tube feeding (as per dietitian's recommendations) Nausea controlled
Foley catheter to straight drainage (urine output > 30 mls/hr) Voiding adequately (urine output > 30 mls/hr) Passing flatus
Nurse will anticipate and discuss patient's/families concerns and fears related to surgery Information needs met
Airway patent Trach in situ (if applicable) Stoma patent & approximated Secretions clear; able to clear with instilling/suctioning Vital signs and temp stable within normal range/satisfactory Drain output/colour within normal range/satisfactory Patient states pain is at an acceptable level Nausea controlled Tolerates enteral feeds Fluids & electrolytes balanced IV patent (site free from pain, swelling or redness) Patient describes anxiety as acceptable

Day of Surger	Day of Surgery POD 1	
Focus of Care	Expected Outcomes	
Teaching, Discharge Planning	 Patient and family understand outcome of surgery Reinforce deep breathing, coughing and leg exercises Review pain scale/management Review feeding schedule Patient and family understand emergency protocol for airway obstruction; importance of independence with stoma care Teaching of self stoma care initiated Provide and review "Going Home After a Laryngectomy" pamphlet with patient/family 	
Tests	 Standing orders for blood work Standing orders for enteral feeds 	
Consults	 Dietitian for initiating enteral tube feeds (type of formula, rate, flushes) Psychiatry (ETOH withdrawal/agitation etc.) 	
Assessments, Treatments	 Vital signs and temp as per post-op protocol (R12-20 min, P60-100, BP 90-150) Level of consciousness (alert & oriented x 3) Chest auscultation Q4hrs prn (breath sounds clear, resps easy/regular, Ø SOB, Ø resp distress) Pulse oximeter Q4hrs prn (>93%) - Maintain oxygen saturation levels with oxygen therapy Assess for minimal neck swelling (no airway obstruction/hematoma) Entriflex tube in situ & secured (do not remove - required for insertion of voice prosthesis) Monitor and empty hemovac drainage Q6hrs prn (no sanguineous drainage) Strip hemovac drain Q1hr x 4hrs then Q6hrs prn Hemovac drain removed if approved by physician or senior resident Normal saline mouth rinses Q4hrs & prn Assess abdominal status Q4hrs prn (soft, non-distended, bowel sounds audible x 4) Assess IV site (free of pain, swelling & redness) Capillary blood glucose monitoring QID x 72 hours 	
	 Staple remover, suture scissors and suction at bedside at all times (tape to HOB) Emergency trach equipment at bedside/accompany patient at all times 	
Adequate Airway	 RT following patient Airway patent, can clear own secretions via NS instilling and coughing Suctioning required as ordered on days and nights Tracheostomy tube removed. Insert Lary Tube and HME Stoma care Q shift and PRN. Lary tube cleaning Q shift and PRN. HME change daily/prn Assess stoma (Size of "Quarter") Monitor stoma (patent; Ø narrowing) • secretions (clear, thin, loose) • skin integrity (free of redness, swelling, stoma edges well approximated, Ø crusting) Instill with NS PRN if no Lary Tube with HME 	
Activity, Rest	 Elevate HOB 30° Encourage deep breathing, coughing and leg exercises Q1hr while awake ICOUGH protocol followed 	





	Dangle, sit in chair (~ 2 hours)
	Assisting with am care
	Ambulating with assistance
Medications	Patient Controlled Analgesia (PCA)
	Analgesics prn
	Antiemetic prn
	Apply Polysporin BID to stoma edges (promote healing & prevent crust formation)
Pain	Pain assessment Q1hr until pain is controlled then Q4hrs prn (pain adequately)
· u	controlled)
	Sedation level within norm
Nutrition	NPO
Nutrition	Enteral tube feeding (as per dietitian's recommendations)
	Nausea controlled
	1
Elimination	• Foley catheter to straight drainage (urine output > 30 mls/hr)
	Foley catheter removed
	 Voiding adequately (urine output > 30 mls/hr)
	Passing flatus
Anxiety/Fear	Nurse will anticipate and discuss patient's/families concerns and fears related to surgery
	Information needs met
Desired	Airway patent
Outcomes	Trach removed
WNL -	Stoma patent & approximated
	Secretions clear; able to clear with instilling/suctioning
within normal	Patient initiating self stoma care LaryTube insertion, cleaning & HME change
limits	Vital signs and temp stable within normal range/satisfactory
	Drain output/colour within normal range/satisfactory
	Patient states pain is at an acceptable level
	Nausea controlled
	Tolerates enteral feeds
	Fluids & electrolytes balanced
	IV patent (site free from pain, swelling or redness)
	Patient describes anxiety as acceptable
	Ambulating with assistance
1	Annualing with assistance





Day of Surgery	Day of Surgery POD 2	
Focus of Care	Expected Outcomes	
Teaching, Discharge Planning	 Reinforce deep breathing, coughing and leg exercises Review pain scale/management Review feeding schedule Patient and family understand emergency protocol for airway obstruction; importance of self stoma care Self stoma care teaching in progress Provide and review "Going Home After a Laryngectomy" pamphlet with patient/family 	
Tests	 Standing orders for blood work Standing orders for enteral feeds 	
Consults	Psychiatry (ETOH withdrawal/agitation etc.)	
Assessments, Treatments	 Vital signs and temp as per post-op protocol (R12-20 min, P60-100, BP 90-150) Level of consciousness (alert & oriented x 3) Chest auscultation Q4hrs prn (breath sounds clear, resps easy/regular, Ø SOB, Ø resp distress) Pulse oximeter Q4hrs prn (>93%) - Maintain oxygen saturation levels with oxygen therapy Assess for minimal neck swelling (no airway obstruction/hematoma) Entriflex tube in situ & secured (do not remove - required for insertion of voice prosthesis) Monitor and empty hemovac drainage Q6hrs prn (no sanguineous drainage) Strip hemovac drain Q1hr x 4hrs then Q6hrs prn Hemovac drain removed if approved by physician or senior resident Normal saline mouth rinses Q4hrs & prn Assess abdominal status Q4hrs prn (soft, non-distended, bowel sounds audible x 4) Assess IV site (free of pain, swelling & redness) Capillary blood glucose monitoring QID x 72 hours Staple remover, suture scissors and suction at bedside at all times (tape to HOB) Emergency trach equipment at bedside/accompany patient at all times 	
Adequate Airway	 Airway patent, can clear own secretions Stoma care Q shift and PRN. Lary tube cleaning Q shift and PRN. HME change daily/prn Monitor stoma (patent; Ø narrowing) • secretions (clear, thin, loose) • skin integrity (free of redness, swelling, stoma edges well approximated, Ø crusting) Assess stoma (Size of "Quarter") Instill with NS PRN if no Lary Tube with HME 	
Activity, Rest	 Elevate HOB 30° Encourage deep breathing, coughing and leg exercises Q4hr while awake ICOUGH protocol followed Sit in chair(2-3 times/day) Assisting with am care Ambulating with assistance Patient Controlled Analgesia (PCA) 	
Medications	- Tations controlled Analysis (Leaf)	





	Analgesics prn
	Antiemetic prn
	Apply Polysporin BID to stoma edges (promote healing & prevent crust formation)
Pain	 Pain assessment Q1hr until pain is controlled then Q4hrs prn (pain adequately controlled) Sedation level within norm
Nutrition	 NPO Enteral tube feeding (as per dietitian's recommendations) Nausea controlled
Elimination	 Voiding adequately (urine output > 30 mls/hr) Passing flatus Note any normal BM Note any diarrhea
Anxiety/Fear	 Nurse will anticipate and discuss patient's/families concerns and fears related to surgery Information needs met
Desired Outcomes WNL - within normal limits	 Airway patent Stoma patent & approximated Secretions clear; able to clear with instilling/suctioning Patient assisting with self stoma care Lary Tube insertion, cleaning & HME change Vital signs and temp stable within normal range/satisfactory Drain output/colour within normal range/satisfactory Patient states pain is at an acceptable level Nausea controlled Fluids & electrolytes balanced IV patent (site free from pain, swelling or redness) Patient describes anxiety as acceptable Ambulating with assistance





Day of Surgery	Day of Surgery POD 3	
Focus of Care	Expected Outcomes	
Teaching, Discharge Planning	 Patient and family understand emergency protocol for airway obstruction; importance of self stoma care Review feeding schedule Self stoma care teaching in progress Review "Going Home After a Laryngectomy" pamphlet with patient/family Discuss potential needs upon discharge (home support/home care nursing) Discuss potential discharge plans in 2-3 days 	
Tests	 Standing orders for blood work Standing orders for enteral feeds 	
Consults	Home Care Nursing notified re: stoma management	
Assessments, Treatments	 Vital signs and temp as per post-op protocol (R12-20 min, P60-100, BP 90-150) Level of consciousness (alert & oriented x 3) Chest auscultation Q4hrs prn (breath sounds clear, resps easy/regular, Ø SOB, Ø resp distress) Pulse oximeter Q4hrs prn (>93%) - Maintain oxygen saturation levels with oxygen therapy Wean to humidified air Assess for minimal neck swelling (no airway obstruction/hematoma/cellulitis) Entriflex tube in situ & secured (do not remove - required for insertion of voice prosthesis) Normal saline mouth rinses Q4hrs & prn Assess abdominal status Q4hrs prn (soft, non-distended, bowel sounds audible x 4) Assess IV site (free of pain, swelling & redness) Capillary blood glucose monitoring QID x 72 hours Staple remover, suture scissors and suction at bedside at all times (tape to HOB) Emergency trach equipment at bedside/accompany patient at all times 	
Adequate Airway	 Airway patent, can clear own secretions Stoma care Q shift and PRN. Lary tube cleaning Q shift and PRN. HME change daily/prn Monitor stoma (patent; Ø narrowing) • secretions (clear, thin, loose) • skin integrity (free of redness, swelling, stoma edges well approximated, Ø crusting) Assess stoma (Size of "Quarter") Instill with NS PRN if no Lary Tube with HME 	
Activity, Rest	 Elevate HOB 30° Encourage deep breathing, coughing and leg exercises Q4hr while awake ICOUGH protocol followed Up to chair (2-3 times/day) Perform self care independently Mobilizing independently 	
Medications	 Patient Controlled Analgesia (PCA) Wean Patient Controlled Analgesia Analgesics prn 	





	Antiemetic prn
	Apply Polysporin BID to stoma edges (promote healing & prevent crust formation)
Pain	 Pain assessment Q1hr until pain is controlled then Q4hrs prn (pain adequately controlled) Sedation level within norm
Nutrition	 NPO Enteral tube feeding (as per dietitian's recommendations) Nausea controlled
Elimination	 Voiding adequately (urine output > 30 mls/hr) Passing flatus Note any normal BM Note any diarrhea
Anxiety/Fear	 Nurse will anticipate and discuss patient's/families concerns and fears related to surgery Information needs met
Desired Outcomes WNL - within normal limits	 Airway patent Vital signs and temp stable within normal range/satisfactory Stoma edges approximated Patient assisting with self stoma care Lary Tube insertion, cleaning & HME change Patient states pain is at an acceptable level Nausea controlled Fluids & electrolytes balanced IV patent (site free from pain, swelling or redness) Patient describes anxiety as acceptable
	Ambulating independently – returning to baseline level of function





Day of Surgery	Day of Surgery POD 4	
Focus of Care	Expected Outcomes	
Teaching, Discharge Planning	 Patient and family understand emergency protocol for airway obstruction; importance of self stoma care Review feeding schedule Self stoma care teaching in progress Review "Going Home After a Laryngectomy" pamphlet with patient/family Discuss potential needs upon discharge (home support/home care nursing) Discuss potential discharge plans in 1-2 days 	
Tests	Standing orders for enteral feeds	
Consults	 Home Care Nursing notified re: stoma management Remind speech language pathologist to see patient tomorrow (re: voice prosthesis information/insertion) 	
Assessments, Treatments	 Vital signs and temp as per post-op protocol (R12-20 min, P60-100, BP 90-150) Level of consciousness (alert & oriented x 3) Chest auscultation Q4hrs prn (breath sounds clear, resps easy/regular, Ø SOB, Ø resp distress) Pulse oximeter Q4hrs prn (>93%) - Maintain oxygen saturation levels with oxygen therapy Assess for minimal neck swelling (no airway obstruction/hematoma/cellulitis) Entriflex tube in situ & secured (do not remove - required for insertion of voice prosthesis) Normal saline mouth rinses Q4hrs & prn Assess abdominal status Q4hrs prn (soft, non-distended, bowel sounds audible x 4) Assess IV site (free of pain, swelling & redness) Saline lock IV Staple remover, suture scissors and suction at bedside at all times (tape to HOB) Emergency trach equipment at bedside/accompany patient at all times 	
Adequate Airway	 Airway patent, can clear own secretions Stoma care Q shift and PRN. Lary tube cleaning Q shift and PRN. HME change daily/prn Monitor stoma (patent; Ø narrowing) • secretions (clear, thin, loose) • skin integrity (free of redness, swelling, stoma edges well approximated, Ø crusting) Assess stoma (Size of "Quarter") Independent with stoma care, Lary Tube insertion, cleaning BID & HME change daily/prn 	
Activity, Rest	 Elevate HOB 30° Encourage deep breathing, coughing and leg exercises Q4hr while awake ICOUGH protocol followed Up to chair (2-3 times/day) Perform self care independently Mobilizing independently 	
Medications	 Analgesics prn Antiemetic prn 	





	Apply Polysporin BID to stoma edges (promote healing & prevent crust formation)
Pain	 Pain assessment Q1hr until pain is controlled then Q4hrs prn (pain adequately controlled) Sedation level within norm
Nutrition	 Sips of clear fluids only – NO straw/NO Jello Enteral tube feeding (as per dietitian's recommendations) Nausea controlled
Elimination	 Voiding adequately (urine output > 30 mls/hr) Passing flatus Note any normal BM Note any diarrhea
Anxiety/Fear	 Nurse will anticipate and discuss patient's/families concerns and fears related to surgery Information needs met
Desired Outcomes WNL - within normal limits	 Airway patent Stoma patent and approximated Secretions clear, able to clear with instilling Vital signs and temp stable within normal range/satisfactory Stoma edges approximated Patient assisting with self stoma care Lary Tube insertion, cleaning & HME change Patient states pain is at an acceptable level Nausea controlled Tolerating enteral feedings Fluids & electrolytes balanced Patient describes anxiety as acceptable
	Mobilizing independently – returning to baseline level of function



Day of Surgery	Day of Surgery POD 5	
Focus of Care	Expected Outcomes	
Teaching, Discharge Planning	 Patient and family understand emergency protocol for airway obstruction; importance of self stoma care Patient and family able to demonstrate management & self care of stoma Review "Going Home After a Laryngectomy" pamphlet with patient/family Review feeding schedule Seen by SLP (Voice prosthesis information provided/inserted) Seen by SLP (teaching done re: maintenance around voice prosthesis, how to insert red rubber catheter, medical alert bracelet) Plan discharge home today/tomorrow Meets discharge criteria: independent with stoma care, safe with ADL's/mobility, has adequate oral intake, seen by SLP and home care arranged 	
Tests	Standing orders for enteral feeds	
Consults	Speech language pathologist (re: voice prosthesis information/insertion)	
Assessments, Treatments	 Vital signs and temp as per post-op protocol (R12-20 min, P60-100, BP 90-150) Level of consciousness (alert & oriented x 3) Chest auscultation Q4hrs prn (breath sounds clear, resps easy/regular, Ø SOB, Ø resp distress) Pulse oximeter Q4hrs prn (>93%) - Maintain oxygen saturation levels with oxygen therapy Assess for minimal neck swelling (no airway obstruction/hematoma/cellulitis) Entriflex tube in situ & secured (do not remove - required for insertion of voice prosthesis) Normal saline mouth rinses Q4hrs & prn Assess abdominal status Q4hrs prn (soft, non-distended, bowel sounds audible x 4) Assess IV site (free of pain, swelling & redness) Saline lock IV Saline lock removed Staple remover, suture scissors and suction at bedside at all times (tape to HOB) Emergency trach equipment at bedside/accompany patient at all times 	
Adequate Airway	 Airway patent, can clear own secretions Stoma care Q shift and PRN. Lary tube cleaning Q shift and PRN. HME change daily/prn Monitor stoma (patent; Ø narrowing) • secretions (clear, thin, loose) • skin integrity (free of redness, swelling, stoma edges well approximated, Ø crusting) Assess stoma (Size of "Quarter") Independent with stoma care, Lary Tube insertion, cleaning BID & HME change daily/prn 	
Activity, Rest	 Elevate HOB 30° Encourage deep breathing, coughing and leg exercises Q4hr while awake ICOUGH protocol followed Up to chair (2-3 times/day) Perform self care independently 	





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	Mobilizing independently
Medications	 Analgesics prn Antiemetic prn Apply Polysporin BID to stoma edges (promote healing & prevent crust formation)
Pain	 Pain assessment Q1hr until pain is controlled then Q4hrs prn (pain adequately controlled) Sedation level within norm
Nutrition	 Clear fluids with Resource 2.0/Boost (do not advance) – NO straw/NO Jello Enteral tube feeding (as per dietitian's recommendations) Enteral feed discontinued as per MD/dietician Nausea controlled
Elimination	 Voiding adequately (urine output > 30 mls/hr) Passing flatus Note any normal BM Note any diarrhea
Anxiety/Fear	 Nurse will anticipate and discuss patient's/families concerns and fears related to surgery Information needs met
Desired Outcomes WNL - within normal limits	 Airway patent Stoma patent and approximated Secretions clear, able to clear with instilling Vital signs and temp stable within normal range/satisfactory Patient performing stoma care independently Lary Tube insertion, cleaning & HME change Patient states pain is at an acceptable level Nausea controlled Tolerating enteral feedings Fluids & electrolytes balanced Patient describes anxiety as acceptable Patient at baseline level of function





Day of Surgery POD 6		
Focus of Care	Expected Outcomes	
Teaching, Discharge Planning	 Patient and family understand emergency protocol for airway obstruction; importance of self stoma care Patient and family able to demonstrate management & self care of stoma Review "Going Home After a Laryngectomy" pamphlet with patient/family Review feeding schedule Seen by SLP (Voice prosthesis information provided/inserted) Seen by SLP (teaching done re: maintenance around voice prosthesis, how to insert red rubber catheter, medical alert bracelet) Plan discharge home today/tomorrow Meets discharge criteria: independent with stoma care, safe with ADL's/mobility, has adequate oral intake, seen by SLP and home care arranged 	
Tests	Standing orders for enteral feeds	
Consults	Speech language pathologist (re: voice prosthesis information/insertion)	
Assessments, Treatments	 Vital signs and temp as per post-op protocol (R12-20 min, P60-100, BP 90-150) Level of consciousness (alert & oriented x 3) Chest auscultation Q4hrs prn (breath sounds clear, resps easy/regular, Ø SOB, Ø resp distress) Pulse oximeter Q4hrs prn (>93%) - Maintain oxygen saturation levels with oxygen therapy Assess for minimal neck swelling (no airway obstruction/hematoma/cellulitis) Entriflex tube in situ & secured (do not remove - required for insertion of voice prosthesis) Normal saline mouth rinses Q4hrs & prn Assess abdominal status Q4hrs prn (soft, non-distended, bowel sounds audible x 4) Assess IV site (free of pain, swelling & redness) Saline lock IV Saline lock removed Staple remover, suture scissors and suction at bedside at all times (tape to HOB) Emergency trach equipment at bedside/accompany patient at all times 	
Adequate Airway	 Airway patent, can clear own secretions Stoma care Q shift and PRN. Lary tube cleaning Q shift and PRN. HME change daily/prn Monitor stoma (patent; Ø narrowing) • secretions (clear, thin, loose) • skin integrity (free of redness, swelling, stoma edges well approximated, Ø crusting) Assess stoma (Size of "Quarter") Independent with stoma care, Lary Tube insertion, cleaning BID & HME change daily/prn 	
Activity, Rest	 Elevate HOB 30° Encourage deep breathing, coughing and leg exercises Q4hr while awake ICOUGH protocol followed Up to chair (2-3 times/day) Perform self care independently 	





	Mobilizing independently
Medications	Analgesics prn
	Antiemetic prn
	Apply Polysporin BID to stoma edges (promote healing & prevent crust formation)
Pain	Pain assessment Q1hr until pain is controlled then Q4hrs prn (pain adequately
	controlled)
	Sedation level within norm
Nutrition	Clear fluids with Resource 2.0/Boost (do not advance) – NO straw/NO Jello
	Enteral tube feeding (as per dietitian's recommendations)
	Enteral feed discontinued as per MD/dietician
	Nausea controlled
Elimination	Voiding adequately (urine output > 30 mls/hr)
	Passing flatus
	Note any normal BM
	Note any diarrhea
Anxiety/Fear	Nurse will anticipate and discuss patient's/families concerns and fears related to surgery
,,	Information needs met
Desired	Airway patent
Outcomes	Stoma patent and approximated
WNL -	Secretions clear, able to clear with instilling
	Vital signs and temp stable within normal range/satisfactory
within normal	Patient performing stoma care independently, Lary Tube insertion, cleaning & HME
limits	change
	Patient states pain is at an acceptable level
	Nausea controlled
	Tolerating enteral feedings
	Fluids & electrolytes balanced
	Patient describes anxiety as acceptable
	Mobilizing independently - at baseline level of function





Developed By

Effective Date:	
Posted Date:	
Last Revised:	
Last Reviewed:	
Approved By:	
	Endorsed By:
	Final Sign Off:
Owners:	VCH
	Developer Lead(s):
	 Clinical Nurse Educator, General/Vascular Surgery, OTL-HNS & GI Medicine, VGH