

Vancouver -

CLINICAL PATHWAY

Pneumonectomy Clinical Pathway

Site Applicability

Vancouver General Hospital (VGH)

Pathway Patient Goals

Inclusion Criteria

Pneumonectomy

Exclusion Criteria

Lobectomy, wedge resection, segmentectomy, bullectomy, decortication, sternotomy

Home Discharge Criteria

Instructions

- 1. Review pathway once per shift for patient care goals and expected outcomes
- 2. Do not document on this pathway, complete documentation in the Electronic Health Record (Cerner) or paper chart as per policy

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Pre-Operative (admit prior) / Chest Centre	
Category / Focus / Care	Desired Outcomes
Discharge Planning/Teaching Pamphlet: Welcome to Chest Centre Pamphlet: Chest Surgery Pamphlet: Going Home after Chest Surgery Pamphlet: Pain Control After Surgery – Patient Information Pamphlet: Epidural Analgesia – Patient Information Pamphlet: Patient Controlled Analgesia – Patient Information Pamphlet: Your safety while in hospital Pamphlet: ICOUGH Pamphlet: Lowering your risk for a Surgical Infection (pre-operative cleansing wipes) Smoking Cessation Discuss expected length of stay 5-7 days As per patient history, identify issues that may affect discharge and follow up as appropriate (SW/CML)	Understands pre-op care & usual post-op course, plan for pain management, and measures to prevent post-op complications – per patient education pamphlet Understands usual length of stay and expected discharge time of 10 am Appropriate discharge plan in place, if not, social work/CML has been consulted
Tests CBC with automated differential and platelet count Electrolytes, urea, creatinine, calcium, alkaline phosphatase, total and direct bilirubin, total protein, albumin, pre-albumin, aspartate transaminase (AST), lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) INR, PTT ABGs on room air Group and Screen Electrocardiogram Chest X-ray PA and Lateral	Blood work and CXR completed and acceptable for surgery
Treatments/ Assessments Patient Admission Assessment completed Systems assessment and VS Q shifts Anesthesia consult Medication Reconciliation completed Pre-operative cleansing wipes at HS and in am	Pre-operative baseline assessment completed and acceptable for surgery
Activity/Rest and/or ADLs	Adequate sleep/rest
 Activity as tolerated Nutrition DAT until midnight; no food after midnight may drink clear fluids after midnight until 3 hours pre op Carbohydrate loading at HS (500 ml of clear juice) e.g. apple juice Carbohydrate loading in am – 3 hours pre-op (250 ml of clear juice) e.g. apple juice 	Adequate hydration and CHO intake preoperative





OR Day / PACU	
Category / Focus / Care	Desired Outcomes
Discharge Planning/Teaching Reinforce post-op care plan Surgeon communicates with family post-op	 Understands usual events / expectations of operative day Understands usual post-op course, plan for pain management, and measures to prevent post-op complications – per patient education pamphlets
Tests to be done POD 0 at HS	Blood work and CXR completed and acceptable
 CBC, electrolytes, creatinine, blood glucose HS and in am ABGs tonight and in am from arterial line only Chest X-ray HS and in am 	
Treatments/ Assessments	Alert and oriented as pre-op, no delirium
 VS, assessment, and treatment as per PACU standards of care Strict Intake and output Fluid restrictions O2 to keep SaO2 >92% (2-4 Lpm required with epidural x 48 hrs if patient is not ambulating) Chest Tube clamped Chest Tube removed IN PACU (physician to remove) ECG Monitor (Telemetry) Note if arterial line, CVC, and/or peripheral IV maintenance 	 Vital signs within expected parameters SpO2 within normal limits of titration protocol Respiratory rate, rhythm and effort are stable Breath sounds within expected parameters No evidence of progressive subcutaneous emphysema No evidence of mediastinal shift Incision dressings dry & intact No evidence of cardiac pain No evidence of new myocardial ischemia/infarction No dysrhythmia requiring intervention IV patent and site free from pain, redness swelling or discharge
Activity/Rest and/or ADLs DB & C, incentive spirometry (3 breaths) Q30min while awake	 Adequate sleep/rest Performs ADL's with assistance Effective deep breathing and coughing
HOB minimum 30° at all times Lie on operative side only Bedrest ROM and leg exercises Q4H while awake Mouth care TID	
Pain	 Adequate pain control, pain (<4/10) is not interfering with mobilization and DB & C Sedation score less than 3 and/or respiratory rate greater than 8/min Epidural catheter intact, with dressing dry and intact
Nutrition • NPO	No nausea or vomiting
Elimination	Urine output greater than 0.5-1.0 ml/kg/hr
Foley catheter to straight drainage Catheter care BID	





Post-Op Day 1	
Category / Focus / Care	Desired Outcomes
Discharge Planning/Teaching Transfer to ward when PACU discharge criteria met Assess for issues affecting discharge and follow-up as appropriate Ensure patient has all required teaching booklets, reinforce post op care plan	 Patient understands usual post-op course, plan for pain management, and measures to prevent post-op complications – per patient education pamphlets Appropriate discharge plan in place, if not, social work/CML has been consulted Patient and family prepared for anticipated discharge date
 Tests to be done POD 1 in am CBC, electrolytes, creatinine, blood glucose in am ABGs in am from arterial line only Chest X-ray in am 	Blood work and CXR completed and acceptable
 Treatments/ Assessments Vital signs Q4H and PRN (as per POPS protocol) Systems assessment Q6H and PRN Strict Intake and output Fluid restrictions O2 to keep SaO2 >92% (2-4 Lpm required with epidural x 48 hrs if patient is not ambulating) ECG Monitor (Telemetry) Observe surgical incision dressings Q shift Note if arterial line, CVC, and/or peripheral IV maintenance 	 Alert and oriented as pre-op, no delirium Vital signs within expected parameters SpO2 within normal limits of titration protocol Respiratory rate, rhythm and effort are stable Breath sounds within expected parameters No evidence of progressive subcutaneous emphysema No evidence of mediastinal shift Incision dressings dry & intact No evidence of cardiac pain No evidence of new myocardial ischemia/infarction No dysrhythmia requiring intervention IV patent and site free from pain, redness swelling or discharge
Activity/Rest and/or ADLs DB & C, incentive spirometry (3 breaths) Q30min while awake HOB minimum 30° at all times Lie on operative side only Chair TID (for meals) ROM and leg exercises Q4H while awake Mouth care TID	Adequate sleep/rest Performs ADL's with minimal assistance, demonstrates progressive activity Effective deep breathing and coughing
Pain Epidural protocol PCA protocol Assess readiness to wean epidural/PCA Start PO analgesia when tolerating oral diet	 Adequate pain control, pain (<4/10) is not interfering with mobilization and DB & C Sedation score less than 3 and/or Respiratory Rate greater than 8/min Epidural catheter intact, with dressing dry and intact
Nutrition • DAT	Patient tolerating prescribed dietNo nausea or vomiting
Elimination • Foley catheter to straight drainage • Catheter care/peri care BID • Bowel protocol PRN	Urine output greater than 0.5-1.0 ml/kg/hr





Post-Op Day 2	
Category / Focus / Care	Desired Outcomes
Discharge Planning/Teaching Assess for issues affecting discharge and follow-up as appropriate Ensure patient has all required teaching booklets, reinforce post op care plan Review discharge plan and confirm date with CML	 Patient understands usual post-op course, plan for pain management, and measures to prevent post-op complications – per patient education pamphlets Patient & family understand discharge instructions per pamphlets and follow up plan/appointments Appropriate discharge plan in place, if not, social work/CML has been consulted Patient and family prepared for anticipated discharge date
Treatments/ Assessments Vital signs Q4H and PRN (as per POPS protocol) Systems assessment Q6H and PRN Strict Intake and output Fluid restrictions O2 to keep SaO2 >92% (2-4 Lpm required with epidural x 48 hrs if patient is not ambulating) ECG Monitor (Telemetry) Remove incision dressings Discontinue arterial line Discontinue CVC Saline lock IV if tolerating fluids	 Alert and oriented as pre-op, no delirium Vital signs within expected parameters SpO2 within normal limits of titration protocol Respiratory rate, rhythm and effort are stable Breath sounds within expected parameters No evidence of progressive subcutaneous emphysema No evidence of mediastinal shift Incisions dry and intact, wound edges approximated No evidence of cardiac pain No evidence of new myocardial ischemia/infarction No dysrhythmia requiring intervention Peripheral IV patent and site free from pain, redness swelling or discharge.
Activity/Rest and/or ADLs • DB & C, incentive spirometry (3 breaths) Q30min while awake • HOB minimum 30° at all times • Lie on operative side only • Chair TID (for meals) • Ambulate with assistance x 2 as tolerated • Mouth care TID	 Adequate sleep/rest Performs ADL's with minimal assistance, demonstrates progressive activity Effective deep breathing and coughing
Pain Epidural protocol PCA protocol Assess readiness to wean epidural/PCA Start PO analgesia when tolerating oral diet	 Adequate pain control, pain (<4/10) is not interfering with mobilization and DB & C Sedation score less than 3 and/or Respiratory Rate greater than 8/min Epidural catheter intact, with dressing dry and intact
Nutrition • DAT	Patient tolerating prescribed diet No nausea or vomiting
Elimination • Foley catheter to straight drainage • Catheter care/peri care BID • Bowel protocol PRN	Urine output greater than 0.5-1.0 ml/kg/hr Patient has had BM since surgery





Post-Op Day 3	
Category / Focus / Care	Desired Outcomes
Discharge Planning/Teaching Assess for issues affecting discharge and follow-up as appropriate Ensure patient has all required teaching booklets, reinforce post op care plan Review discharge plan and confirm date with CML	 Patient understands usual post-op course, plan for pain management, and measures to prevent post-op complications – per patient education pamphlets Patient & family understand discharge instructions per pamphlets and follow up plan/appointments Appropriate discharge plan in place, if not, social work/CML has been consulted Patient and family prepared for anticipated discharge date
Tests	Blood work and CXR completed and acceptable
 AM bloodwork: CBC, electrolytes, Creatinine Treatments/ Assessments Vital signs Q6H and PRN (as per POPS protocol) Systems assessment Q12H and PRN Intake and output Fluid restrictions O2 to keep SaO2 >92% Surgical incisions open to air ECG Monitor (Telemetry) Saline lock maintenance 	 Alert and oriented as pre-op, no delirium Vital signs within expected parameters SpO2 within normal limits of titration protocol Respiratory rate, rhythm and effort are stable Breath sounds within expected parameters No evidence of progressive subcutaneous emphysema No evidence of mediastinal shift Incisions dry and intact, wound edges approximated No evidence of cardiac pain No evidence of new myocardial ischemia/infarction No dysrhythmia requiring intervention Peripheral IV patent and site free from pain, redness swelling or discharge.
Activity/Rest and/or ADLs • DB & C, incentive spirometry (3 breaths) Q30min while awake • HOB minimum 30° at all times • Lie on operative side only • Chair TID (for meals) • Ambulate independently TID • Mouth care TID	 Adequate sleep/rest Performs ADL's with minimal assistance, demonstrates progressive activity Effective deep breathing and coughing
Pain • Epidural protocol • PCA protocol • Assess readiness to wean epidural/PCA • Start PO analgesia when tolerating oral diet	 Adequate pain control, pain (<4/10) is not interfering with mobilization and DB & C Sedation score less than 3 and/or Respiratory Rate greater than 8/min Epidural catheter intact, with dressing dry and intact
Nutrition • DAT	Patient tolerating prescribed diet
Elimination • Bowel protocol PRN	Urine output greater than 0.5-1.0 ml/kg/hr Patient has had BM since surgery





Post-Op Day 4	
Category / Focus / Care	Desired Outcomes
Discharge Planning/Teaching Assess for issues affecting discharge and follow-up as appropriate Ensure patient has all required teaching booklets, reinforce post op care plan Review discharge plan and confirm date with CML	 Patient understands usual post-op course, plan for pain management, and measures to prevent post-op complications – per patient education pamphlets Patient & family understand discharge instructions per pamphlets and follow up plan/appointments Appropriate discharge plan in place, if not, social work/CML has been consulted Patient and family prepared for anticipated discharge date
Treatments/ Assessments • Vital signs Q12H and PRN • Systems assessment Q12H and PRN • Intake and output • Fluid restrictions • O2 to keep SaO2 >92% • Surgical incisions open to air • ECG Monitor (Telemetry) • Saline lock maintenance	 Alert and oriented as pre-op, no delirium Vital signs within expected parameters SpO2 within normal limits of titration protocol Respiratory rate, rhythm and effort are stable Breath sounds within expected parameters No evidence of progressive subcutaneous emphysema No evidence of mediastinal shift Incisions dry and intact, wound edges approximated No evidence of cardiac pain No evidence of new myocardial ischemia/infarction No dysrhythmia requiring intervention Peripheral IV patent and site free from pain,
Activity/Rest and/or ADLs • DB & C, incentive spirometry (3 breaths) Q30min while awake • HOB minimum 30° at all times • Lie on operative side only • Chair TID (for meals) • Ambulate independently > 5 times per day • Mouth care TID	redness swelling or discharge. • Adequate sleep/rest • Performs ADL's with minimal assistance, demonstrates progressive activity • Effective deep breathing and coughing
Pain • PO analgesia	 Adequate pain control, pain (<4/10) is not interfering with mobilization and DB & C Sedation score less than 3 and/or Respiratory Rate greater than 8/min
Nutrition • DAT	Patient tolerating prescribed diet
Elimination • Bowel protocol PRN	Urine output greater than 0.5-1.0 ml/kg/hr Patient has had BM since surgery





Post-Op Day 5	
Category / Focus / Care	Desired Outcomes
Discharge Planning/Teaching Assess for issues affecting discharge and follow-up as appropriate Ensure patient has all required teaching booklets, reinforce post op care plan Review discharge plan and confirm date with CML Dalteparin Teaching (if indicated)	 Patient understands usual post-op course, plan for pain management, and measures to prevent post-op complications – per patient education pamphlets Patient & family understand discharge instructions per pamphlets and follow up plan/appointments Appropriate discharge plan in place, if not, social work/CML has been consulted Patient and family prepared for anticipated discharge date
Treatments/ Assessments Vital signs Q12H and PRN Systems assessment Q12H and PRN O2 to keep SaO2 >92% Chest incisions open to air Discontinue ECG Monitor (Telemetry) Discontinue saline lock if patient tolerating oral fluids	 Alert and oriented as pre-op, no delirium Vital signs within expected parameters SpO2 within normal limits of titration protocol Respiratory rate, rhythm and effort are stable Breath sounds within expected parameters No evidence of progressive subcutaneous emphysema No evidence of mediastinal shift Incisions dry and intact, wound edges approximated
Activity/Rest and/or ADLs • DB & C, incentive spirometry (3 breaths) Q30min while awake • HOB minimum 30° at all times • Lie on operative side only • Chair TID (for meals) • Ambulate independently > 5 times per day • Mouth care TID	Adequate sleep/rest Performs ADL's with minimal assistance, demonstrates progressive activity Effective deep breathing and coughing
Pain • PO analgesia	 Adequate pain control, pain (<4/10) is not interfering with mobilization and DB & C Sedation score less than 3 and/or Respiratory Rate greater than 8/min
Nutrition • DAT	Patient tolerating prescribed diet
Elimination • Bowel protocol PRN	Urine output greater than 0.5-1.0 ml/kg/hr Patient has had BM since surgery





Post-Op Day 6	
Category / Focus / Care	Desired Outcomes
Discharge Planning/Teaching Assess for issues affecting discharge and follow-up as appropriate Ensure patient has all required teaching booklets, reinforce post op care plan Review discharge plan and confirm date with CML Dalteparin Teaching (if indicated)	 Patient understands usual post-op course, plan for pain management, and measures to prevent post-op complications – per patient education pamphlets Patient & family understand discharge instructions per pamphlets and follow up plan/appointments Appropriate discharge plan in place, if not, social work/CML has been consulted Patient and family prepared for anticipated discharge date
Treatments/ Assessments • Vital signs Q12H and PRN • Systems assessment Q12H and PRN • O2 to keep SaO2 >92% • Chest incisions open to air	 Alert and oriented as pre-op, no delirium Vital signs within expected parameters SpO2 within normal limits of titration protocol Respiratory rate, rhythm and effort are stable Breath sounds within expected parameters No evidence of progressive subcutaneous emphysema No evidence of mediastinal shift Incisions dry and intact, wound edges approximated
Activity/Rest and/or ADLs • DB & C, incentive spirometry (3 breaths) Q30min while awake • HOB minimum 30° at all times • Lie on operative side only • Chair TID (for meals) • Ambulate independently > 5 times per day • Mouth care TID	 Adequate sleep/rest Performs ADL's with minimal assistance, demonstrates progressive activity Effective deep breathing and coughing
Pain • PO analgesia	 Adequate pain control, pain (<4/10) is not interfering with mobilization and DB & C Sedation score less than 3 and/or Respiratory Rate greater than 8/min
Nutrition • DAT	Patient tolerating prescribed diet
Elimination • Bowel protocol PRN	Urine output greater than 0.5-1.0 ml/kg/hr Patient has had BM since surgery





Post-Op Day 7	
Category / Focus / Care	Desired Outcomes
Discharge Planning/Teaching Assess for issues affecting discharge and follow-up as appropriate Ensure patient has all required teaching booklets, reinforce post op care plan Review discharge plan and confirm date with CML Dalteparin Teaching (if indicated) Discharged – patient meets discharge criteria	 Patient understands usual post-op course, plan for pain management, and measures to prevent post-op complications – per patient education pamphlets Patient & family understand discharge instructions per pamphlets and follow up plan/appointments Patient and family prepared for anticipated discharge date
Treatments/ Assessments • Vital signs Q12H and PRN • Systems assessment Q12H and PRN • O2 to keep SaO2 >92% • Chest incisions open to air	 Alert and oriented as pre-op, no delirium Vital signs within expected parameters SpO2 within normal limits of titration protocol Respiratory rate, rhythm and effort are stable Breath sounds within expected parameters No evidence of progressive subcutaneous emphysema No evidence of mediastinal shift Incisions dry and intact, wound edges approximated
Activity/Rest and/or ADLs • DB & C, incentive spirometry (3 breaths) Q30min while awake • HOB minimum 30° at all times • Lie on operative side only • Chair TID (for meals) • Ambulate independently > 5 times per day • Mouth care TID	Adequate sleep/rest Performs ADL's with minimal assistance, demonstrates progressive activity Effective deep breathing and coughing
Pain • PO analgesia	 Adequate pain control, pain (<4/10) is not interfering with mobilization and DB & C Sedation score less than 3 and/or Respiratory Rate greater than 8/min
Nutrition	Patient tolerating prescribed diet
DAT Elimination Bowel protocol PRN	Urine output greater than 0.5-1.0 ml/kg/hr Patient has had BM since surgery

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Discharge Criteria (must be completed on discharge)

- Pamphlet: Going Home after Chest Surgery
- Dalteparin teaching completed if indicated
- Prescription(s) and Discharge Medication Reconciliation form given to patient and new medications reviewed with patient
- Patient instructed on pain management strategies and how to wean from pain medicines at home
- Patient instructed on bowel management while taking opioids
- Staple remover given to patient and instructed when to go to GP to have staples removed
- My Discharge Plan given to patient
- Required home supports requested
- ADLs performed to an acceptable level (close to baseline) prior to discharge
- Chest incision well approximated, free of redness and drainage, steri-strips removed

Developed By

Effective Date:	
Posted Date:	
Last Revised:	
Last Reviewed:	
Approved By:	
	Endorsed By:
	Final Sign Off:
Owners:	VCH
	Developer Lead(s):
	 Patient Care Coordinator, Chest Centre T12 & LB8D, VGH