Thoracic Surgery (Thoracotomy or VATS) Clinical Pathway

Site Applicability

Vancouver General Hospital (VGH)

Pathway Patient Goals

Inclusion Criteria

Lobectomy, Wedge resection, Segmentectomy, Decortication, Bullectomy, Sleeve resection and Sternotomy

Home Discharge Criteria

Instructions

- 1. Review pathway once per shift for patient care goals and expected outcomes
- 2. Do not document on this pathway, complete documentation in the Electronic Health Record (Cerner) or paper chart as per policy





Pre-Operative (admit prior) / Chest Centre	
Category / Focus / Care	Desired Outcomes
 Discharge Planning/Teaching Pamphlet: Welcome to Chest Centre Pamphlet: Chest Surgery Pamphlet: Going Home after Chest Surgery Pamphlet: Pain Control After Surgery – Patient Information Pamphlet: Epidural Analgesia – Patient Information Pamphlet: Patient Controlled Analgesia – Patient Information Pamphlet: Sternal Incision Protection Pamphlet: Home Exercise After Sternotomy Pamphlet: Your safety while in hospital Pamphlet: ICOUGH Pamphlet: Lowering your risk for a Surgical Infection (pre-operative cleansing wipes) Smoking Cessation Discuss expected length of stay 3-5 days VATS, 5-7 days THORACOTOMY As per patient history, identify issues that may affect discharge and follow up as appropriate (SW/CML) 	Understands pre-op care & usual post-op course, plan for pain management, and measures to prevent post-op complications – per patient education pamphlet Understands usual length of stay and expected discharge time of 10 am Appropriate discharge plan in place, if not, social work/CML has been consulted
CBC with automated differential and platelet count Electrolytes, alkaline phosphatase, aspartate transaminase (AST), lactate dehydrogenase (LDH), total and direct bilirubin, albumin, urea, creatinine INR, PTT ABGs on room air Group and Screen Electrocardiogram Chest X-ray PA and Lateral	Blood work and CXR completed and acceptable for surgery
Treatments/ Assessments Patient Admission Assessment completed Anesthesia consult Medication Reconciliation completed Pre-operative cleansing wipes at HS and in am	Pre-operative baseline assessment completed and acceptable for surgery
Activity/Rest and/or ADLs • Activity as tolerated	Adequate sleep/rest
 Nutrition DAT until midnight; no food after midnight may drink clear fluids after midnight until 3 hours pre op Carbohydrate loading at HS (500 ml of clear juice) e.g. apple juice Carbohydrate loading in am – 3 hours pre-op (250 ml of clear juice) e.g. apple juice 	Adequate hydration and CHO intake preoperative





OR Day / PACU / Chest Centre (Post-op Day 0)	
Category / Focus / Care	Desired Outcomes
Discharge Planning/Teaching Reinforce post-op care plan Surgeon communicates with family post-op Transfer to ward when PACU discharge criteria met	Understands usual events / expectations of operative day Understands usual post-op course, plan for pain management, and measures to prevent post-op complications – per patient education pamphlets
 Tests to be done POD 0 at HS CBC, electrolytes, urea, creatinine, blood glucose ABGs (when arterial line in situ) Chest X-ray 	Blood work and CXR completed and acceptable
 Treatments/ Assessments VS, assessment, and treatment as per PACU standards of care Vital signs q 1 h and PRN (as per POPS protocol) Systems assessment q 4 h and PRN Intake and output Q6H O2 to keep SaO2 >92% (2-4 Lpm required with epidural x 48 hrs if patient is not ambulating) Chest Tube (CT) to -20cm suction, monitor drainage/system q 1 h, record chest drainage q 6 h ECG Monitor (Telemetry) Note if arterial line, CVC, and/or peripheral IV/saline lock maintenance 	 Alert and oriented as pre-op, no delirium Vital signs within expected parameters SpO2 within normal limits of titration protocol Respiratory rate, rhythm and effort are stable Breath sounds within expected parameters Chest tube drainage less than 100 ml/hr x 3 consecutive hours Minimal to NO air leak from CT No evidence of progressive subcutaneous emphysema CT site dressing dry, intact and occlusive No evidence of cardiac pain No dysrhythmia requiring intervention No evidence of new myocardial ischemia/infarction Incision dressings dry and intact IV patent and site free from pain, redness swelling or discharge
Activity/Rest and/or ADLs • DB & C, incentive spirometry (3 breaths) Q30min while awake • HOB minimum 30° at all times • Dangle at HS/Activity as tolerated • Mouthcare TID • Sternotomy precautions	 Adequate sleep/rest Performs ADL's with assistance Effective deep breathing and coughing Mobilizes following sternotomy precautions (if applicable)
Pain • Epidural protocol • PCA protocol	 Adequate pain control, pain (<4/10) is not interfering with mobilization and DB & C Sedation score less than 3 and/or respiratory rate greater than 8/min Epidural catheter intact, with dressing dry and intact
Nutrition • Full fluids as tolerated post-op	No nausea or vomiting
Full fluids as tolerated post-op Elimination Foley catheter to straight drainage Catheter care BID	Urine output greater than 0.5-1.0 ml/kg/hr





Post-Op Day 1	
Category / Focus / Care	Desired Outcomes
Discharge Planning/Teaching Assess for issues affecting discharge and follow-up as appropriate Ensure patient has all required teaching booklets, reinforce post op care plan	 Patient understands usual post-op course, plan for pain management, and measures to prevent post-op complications – per patient education pamphlets Appropriate discharge plan in place, if not, social work/CML has been consulted Patient and family prepared for anticipated discharge date
Tests to be done POD 1 in am	Blood work and CXR completed and acceptable
 CBC, electrolytes, urea, creatinine, blood glucose ABGs (when arterial line in situ) Chest X-ray 	
 Treatments/ Assessments Vital signs Q4H and PRN (as per POPS protocol) Systems assessment Q6H and PRN Intake and output Q6H O2 to keep SaO2 >92% (2-4 Lpm required with epidural x 48 hrs if patient is not ambulating) Maintain chest tube suction as ordered Monitor chest drainage/system q 1 h, record chest drainage q 6 h ECG Monitor (Telemetry) Change chest tube dressing on POD 1 D/C CVC / Arterial line peripheral IV/saline lock maintenance 	 Alert and oriented as pre-op, no delirium Vital signs within expected parameters SpO2 within normal limits of titration protocol Respiratory rate, rhythm and effort are stable Breath sounds within expected parameters Chest tube drainage less than 100 mls /hr x 3 consecutive hours Minimal or No air leak No evidence of progressive subcutaneous emphysema Chest tube site dressing dry and intact No evidence of cardiac pain or evidence of new myocardial ischemia/infarction No dysrthymias requiring intervention Incision dressings dry and intact IV patent and site free from pain, redness or swelling
Activity/Rest and/or ADLs DB & C, incentive spirometry (3 breaths) Q30min while awake HOB minimum 30° at all times Chair TID (for meals) and walking in hall Mouth care TID Exercises as per discharge booklet Sternotomy precautions Pain Epidural protocol PCA protocol Assess readiness to wean epidural/PCA Start PO analgesia when tolerating oral diet	 Adequate sleep/rest Performs ADL's with minimal assistance, demonstrates progressive activity Demonstrates exercises as per discharge pamphlet Mobilizes following sternotomy precautions (if applicable) Adequate pain control, pain (<4/10) is not interfering with mobilization and DB & C Sedation score less than 3 and/or Respiratory Rate greater than 8/min Epidural catheter intact, with dressing dry and intact Mobilizes following sternotomy precautions (if
Nutrition • DAT	applicable)Patient tolerating prescribed dietNo nausea or vomiting
Elimination Remove Foley catheter Catheter care/peri care BID Bowel protocol PRN	 Urine output greater than 0.5-1.0 ml/kg/hr Bowel sounds present and passing flatus





Post-Op Day 2	
Category / Focus / Care	Desired Outcomes
Oischarge Planning/Teaching Assess for issues affecting discharge and follow-up as appropriate Ensure patient has all required teaching booklets, reinforce post op care plan Review discharge plan and confirm date with CML	 Patient understands usual post-op course, plan for pain management, and measures to prevent post-op complications – per patient education pamphlets Patient & family understand discharge instructions per pamphlets and follow up plan/appointments Appropriate discharge plan in place, if not, social work/CML has been consulted Patient and family prepared for anticipated discharge date
Treatments/ Assessments Vital signs Q4H and PRN (as per POPS protocol) Systems assessment Q6H and PRN Intake and output Q6H O2 to keep SaO2 >92% (wean as tolerated) Chest tube removal – physician ordered required Maintain CT suction as per physician order Monitor chest drainage/system q 1 h, record chest drainage q 6 h Chest incision open to air ECG Monitor (Telemetry) Peripheral IV/saline lock maintenance	 Alert and oriented as pre-op, no delirium SpO2 within normal limits of titration protocol or on room air Respiratory rate, rhythm and effort are stable Breath sounds within expected parameters Vital signs within expected parameters Chest tube site drainage minimal or chest tube removed Minimal or No air leak if chest tube present No evidence of progressive subcutaneous emphysema Chest tube dressing dry and intact (change q48h and prn) No evidence of cardiac pain or evidence of new myocardial ischemia/infarction No dysrthymias requiring intervention Incisions dry and intact, wound edges approximated IV patent and site free from pain, redness swelling or discharge
Activity/Rest and/or ADLs • DB & C, incentive spirometry (3 breaths) Q30min while awake • HOB minimum 30° at all times • Mouth care TID • Exercises as per discharge booklet • Sternotomy precautions	 Adequate sleep/rest Performs ADL's with minimal assistance, demonstrates progressive activity Demonstrates exercises as per discharge pamphlet Mobilizes following sternotomy precautions (if applicable)
Pain • Epidural protocol • PCA protocol • Assess readiness to wean epidural/PCA • Start PO analgesia when tolerating oral diet	 Adequate pain control, pain (<4/10) is not interfering with mobilization and DB & C Sedation score less than 3 and/or Respiratory Rate greater than 8/min Epidural catheter intact, with dressing dry and intact
Nutrition • DAT Elimination • Bowel protocol PRN	 Patient tolerating prescribed diet No nausea or vomiting Urine output greater than 0.5-1.0 ml/kg/hr Patient has had BM since surgery





Post-Op Day 3	
Category / Focus / Care	Desired Outcomes
Discharge Planning/Teaching Assess for issues affecting discharge and follow-up as appropriate Ensure patient has all required teaching booklets, reinforce post op care plan Review discharge plan and confirm date with CML Discharged – patient meets discharge criteria on page 19	 Patient understands usual post-op course, plan for pain management, and measures to prevent post-op complications – per patient education pamphlets Patient & family understand discharge instructions per pamphlets and follow up plan/appointments
Tests	Blood work and CXR completed and acceptable
CBC, electrolytes, urea, creatinine Treatments/ Assessments Vital signs Q6H and PRN (as per POPS protocol) Systems assessment Q12H and PRN Intake and output Q6H O2 to keep SaO2 >92% (wean as tolerated) Chest tube removal – physician order required Maintain CT suction as per physician order Monitor chest drainage/system q 1 h, record chest drainage q 6 h Chest incisions open to air ECG Monitor (Telemetry) D/C peripheral IV/saline lock if patient tolerating oral fluids and epidural and CT(s) have been removed	 Alert and oriented as pre-op, no delirium SpO2 within normal limits of titration protocol or on room air Respiratory rate, rhythm and effort are stable Breath sounds within expected parameters Vital signs within expected parameters Chest tube drainage minimal or chest tube removed Minimal or No air leak if chest tube present No evidence of progressive subcutaneous emphysema Chest tube site dressing dry and intact No evidence of cardiac pain or evidence of new myocardial ischemia/infarction No dysrthymias requiring intervention Incisions dry and intact, wound edges approximated IV patent and site free from pain, redness swelling or discharge
Activity/Rest and/or ADLs • DB & C, incentive spirometry (3 breaths) Q30min while awake • HOB minimum 30° at all times • Ambulating independently • Mouth care TID • Exercises as per discharge booklet • Sternotomy precautions	 Adequate sleep/rest Performs ADL's Independently Demonstrates exercises as per discharge pamphlet Mobilizes following sternotomy precautions (if applicable)
Pain Epidural protocol PCA protocol Assess readiness to wean epidural/PCA PO analgesia	 Adequate pain control, pain (<4/10) is not interfering with mobilization and DB & C Sedation score less than 3 and/or Respiratory Rate greater than 8/min Epidural catheter intact, with dressing dry and intact Patient tolerating prescribed diet
Nutrition • DAT	- I adent tolerating prescribed diet
Elimination • Bowel protocol PRN	Urine output greater than 0.5-1.0 ml/kg/hr Patient has had BM since surgery





Post-Op Day 4	
Category / Focus / Care	Desired Outcomes
Discharge Planning/Teaching Assess for issues affecting discharge and follow-up as appropriate Ensure patient has all required teaching booklets, reinforce post op care plan Review discharge plan and confirm date with CML Discharged – patient meets discharge criteria on page 19	 Patient understands usual post-op course, plan for pain management, and measures to prevent post-op complications – per patient education pamphlets Patient & family understand discharge instructions per pamphlets and follow up plan/appointments
Treatments/ Assessments Vital signs Q12H and PRN Systems assessment Q12H and PRN O2 to keep SaO2 >92% Chest incisions open to air ECG Monitor (Telemetry) D/C peripheral IV/saline lock if patient tolerating oral fluids and epidural and CT(s) have been removed	 Alert and oriented as pre-op, no delirium SpO2 within normal limits of titration protocol or on room air Respiratory rate, rhythm and effort are stable Breath sounds within expected parameters Vital signs within expected parameters Chest tube site dressing dry and intact No evidence of cardiac pain or evidence of new myocardial ischemia/infarction No dysrythmias requiring intervention Incisions dry and intact, wound edges approximated
Activity/Rest and/or ADLs DB & C, incentive spirometry (3 breaths) Q30min while awake HOB minimum 30° at all times Ambulating independently Mouth care TID Exercises as per discharge booklet Sternotomy precautions	Adequate sleep/rest Performs ADL's Independently Demonstrates exercises as per discharge pamphlet Mobilizes following sternotomy precautions (if applicable)
Pain PO analgesia	 Adequate pain control, pain (<4/10) is not interfering with mobilization and DB & C Sedation score less than 3 and/or Respiratory Rate greater than 8/min
Nutrition	Patient tolerating prescribed diet
DAT Elimination Bowel protocol PRN	Urine output adequate Patient has had BM since surgery





Post-Op Day 5	
Category / Focus / Care	Desired Outcomes
Discharge Planning/Teaching Assess for issues affecting discharge and follow-up as appropriate Ensure patient has all required teaching booklets, reinforce post op care plan Review discharge plan and confirm date with CML Discharged – patient meets discharge criteria on page 19	 Patient understands usual post-op course, plan for pain management, and measures to prevent post-op complications – per patient education pamphlets Patient & family understand discharge instructions per pamphlets and follow up plan/appointments
Treatments/ Assessments • Vital signs Q12H and PRN • Systems assessment Q12H and PRN • O2 to keep SaO2 >92% • Chest incisions open to air • ECG Monitor (Telemetry)	 Alert and oriented as pre-op, no delirium SpO2 within normal limits of titration protocol or on room air Respiratory rate, rhythm and effort are stable Breath sounds within expected parameters Vital signs within expected parameters No evidence of cardiac pain or evidence of new myocardial ischemia/infarction No dysrythmias requiring intervention Incisions dry and intact, wound edges approximated
Activity/Rest and/or ADLs DB & C, incentive spirometry (3 breaths) Q30min while awake HOB minimum 30° at all times Ambulating independently Mouth care TID Exercises as per discharge booklet Sternotomy precautions	 Adequate sleep/rest Performs ADL's Independently Demonstrates exercises as per discharge pamphlet Mobilizes following sternotomy precautions (if applicable)
Pain • PO analgesia Nutrition	Adequate pain control, pain (<4/10) is not interfering with mobilization and DB & C Sedation score less than 3 and/or Respiratory Rate greater than 8/min Patient tolerating prescribed diet
• DAT	,
Elimination • Bowel protocol PRN	Urine output satisfactory Patient has had BM since surgery





Post-Op Day 6	
Category / Focus / Care	Desired Outcomes
 Discharge Planning/Teaching Assess for issues affecting discharge and follow-up as appropriate Ensure patient has all required teaching booklets, reinforce post op care plan Review discharge plan and confirm date with CML Discharged – patient meets discharge criteria on page 19 	 Patient understands usual post-op course, plan for pain management, and measures to prevent post-op complications – per patient education pamphlets Patient & family understand discharge instructions per pamphlets and follow up plan/appointments
Treatments/ Assessments • Vital signs Q12H and PRN • Systems assessment Q12H and PRN • O2 to keep SaO2 >92% • Chest incisions open to air	 Alert and oriented as pre-op, no delirium SpO2 within normal limits of titration protocol or on room air Respiratory rate, rhythm and effort are stable Breath sounds within expected parameters Vital signs within expected parameters Incisions dry and intact, wound edges approximated
Activity/Rest and/or ADLs • DB & C, incentive spirometry (3 breaths) Q30min while awake • HOB minimum 30° at all times • Ambulating independently • Mouth care TID • Exercises as per discharge booklet • Sternotomy precautions	 Adequate sleep/rest Performs ADL's Independently Demonstrates exercises as per discharge pamphlet Mobilizes following sternotomy precautions (if applicable)
Pain • PO analgesia	 Adequate pain control, pain (<4/10) is not interfering with mobilization and DB & C Sedation score less than 3 and/or Respiratory Rate greater than 8/min
Nutrition • DAT	Patient tolerating prescribed diet
Elimination Bowel protocol PRN	Urine output satisfactory Patient has had BM since surgery





Post-Op Day 7	
Category / Focus / Care	Desired Outcomes
Discharge Planning/Teaching Assess for issues affecting discharge and follow-up as appropriate Ensure patient has all required teaching booklets, reinforce post op care plan Review discharge plan and confirm date with CML Discharged – patient meets discharge criteria on page 19	 Patient understands usual post-op course, plan for pain management, and measures to prevent post-op complications – per patient education pamphlets Patient & family understand discharge instructions per pamphlets and follow up plan/appointments
Treatments/ Assessments • Vital signs Q12H and PRN • Systems assessment Q12H and PRN • O2 to keep SaO2 >92% • Chest incisions open to air	 Alert and oriented as pre-op, no delirium SpO2 within normal limits of titration protocol or on room air Respiratory rate, rhythm and effort are stable Breath sounds within expected parameters Vital signs within expected parameters Incisions dry and intact, wound edges approximated
Activity/Rest and/or ADLs • DB & C, incentive spirometry (3 breaths) Q30min while awake • HOB minimum 30° at all times • Ambulating independently • Mouth care TID • Exercises as per discharge booklet • Sternotomy precautions	Adequate sleep/rest Performs ADL's Independently Demonstrates exercises as per discharge pamphlet Mobilizes following sternotomy precautions (if applicable)
Pain • PO analgesia	 Adequate pain control, pain (<4/10) is not interfering with mobilization and DB & C Sedation score less than 3 and/or Respiratory Rate greater than 8/min
Nutrition • DAT	Patient tolerating prescribed diet
Elimination • Bowel protocol PRN	 Urine output satisfactory Patient has had BM since surgery

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Discharge Criteria (must be completed on discharge)

- Pamphlet: Going Home after Chest Surgery
- Pamphlet: Home Exercises after Sternotomy
- Pamphlet: Sternotomy Incision Protection
- Prescription(s) and Discharge Medication Reconciliation form given to patient and new medications reviewed with patient
- Dalteparin teaching completed if indicated
- Patient instructed on pain management strategies and how to wean from pain medicines at home
- Patient instructed on bowel management while taking opioids
- Incision staples can be removed 5-7 days after surgery, If patient going home with staples give patient staple remover to have staples removed in GP office
- CT site free of redness and drainage; patient knows when to have suture removed (suture can be removed 5 days after chest tube removal, if site healing)
- Sterile scissors given to patient for chest tube suture removal, at GP office, if patient being discharged with CT site suture
- MIS incisions free of redness and drainage
- ADLs performed to an acceptable level (close to baseline) prior to discharge
- Patient concerns regarding discharge discussed and documented in progress notes
- My Discharge Plan given to patient

Developed By

Effective Date:	
Posted Date:	
Last Revised:	
Last Reviewed:	
Approved By:	
	Endorsed By:
	Final Sign Off:
Owners:	VCH
	Developer Lead(s):
	Patient Care Coordinator, Chest Centre T12 & LB8D, VGH