## SI 618 FAll 2017 Homework 6

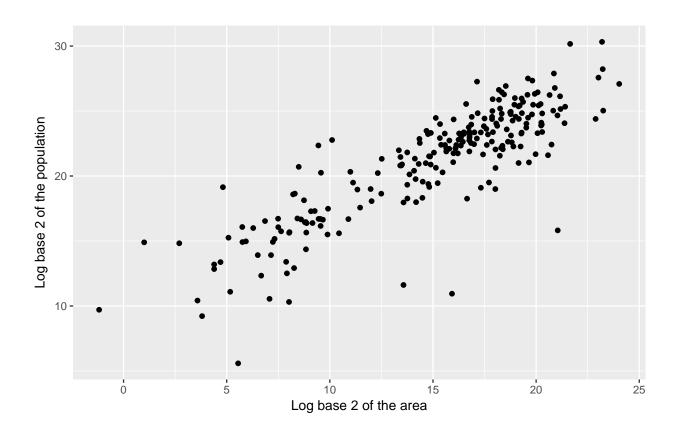
#### Step 1: Load data

First the provided TSV data file is loaded into R using the **read.table()** function. Display the first 15 rows of the data frame:

##		country				region	area
##	1	AFGHANISTAN				Asia	650230.0
##	2	ALBANIA				Europe	28748.0
##	3	ALGERIA				Africa	2381741.0
##	4	AMERICAN SAMOA				Oceania	199.0
##	5	ANDORRA				Europe	468.0
##	6	ANGOLA				Africa	1246700.0
##	7	ANGUILLA	Central	America	&	the Caribbean	91.0
##	8	ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA	Central	America	&	the Caribbean	442.6
##	9	ARGENTINA				South America	2780400.0
##	10	ARMENIA				Asia	29743.0
##	11	ARUBA	Central	America	&	the Caribbean	180.0
##	12	AUSTRALIA				Oceania	7741220.0
##	13	AUSTRIA				Europe	83871.0
##	14	AZERBAIJAN				Asia	86600.0
##	15	•	Central	America	&	the Caribbean	13880.0
##		population					
	1	30019928					
	2	3002859					
##		37367226					
##	_	54947					
##		85082					
##		18056072					
	7	15423					
##		89018					
##		42192494					
	10	2970495					
	11	107635					
##	12	22015576					
	13	8219743					
	14	9493600					
##	15	316182					

Step 2: Scatter plot of log transformed data

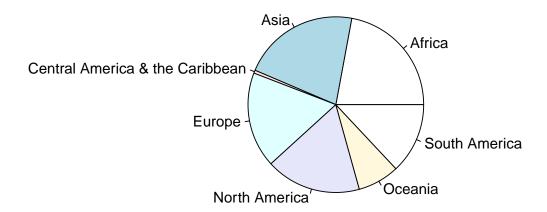
Logarithms (base 2) of the area and the population of each country are computed and used to produce the following scatter plot using the **qplot()** function. Use {r echo=FALSE, fig.width=7} for all the plots.



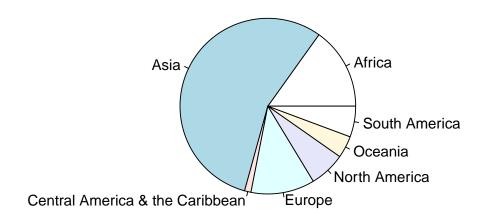
Step 3: Data aggregation by region

The areas and populations of all countries in a region are summed up using the **aggregate()** function, respectively. Then the following two pie charts are created using the **pie()** function.

# Area of Regions



# **Population of Regions**



## Step 4: Visualization of Population per sq km of Region

A new data frame is created to contain the population per sq km of each region using the data.frame() function. The data frame is then sorted by population per sq km in decreasing order with the help of the reorder() function. Finally, the following bar plot is created using the qplot() function with geom="bar".In order to rotate the x-axis labels, add + theme(axis.text.x = element\_text(angle = 60, hjust =1)) at the end of the qplot() function call.

