

B.M.S COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING
BENGALURU Autonomous Institute, Affiliated to VTU



Lab Record

Artificial Intelligence

(22CS5PCAIN)

Submitted in partial fulfillment for the 6th Semester Laboratory

Bachelor of Technology
in
Computer Science and Engineering

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B.M.S COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

**DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND
ENGINEERING**



CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Artificial Intelligence (22CS5PCAIN) laboratory has been carried out by **SPOORTHI (1BM21CS218)** during the 5th Semester September-January 2021.

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TIC-TAC-TOE

```
import math
import copy

X = "X"
O = "O"
EMPTY = None

def initial_state():
    return [[EMPTY, EMPTY, EMPTY],
            [EMPTY, EMPTY, EMPTY],
            [EMPTY, EMPTY, EMPTY]]
```



```
def playr(board):
    countO = 0
    countX = 0
    for y in [0, 1, 2]:
        for x in board[y]:
            if x == "O":
                countO = countO + 1
            elif x == "X":
                countX = countX + 1
    if countO >= countX:
        return X
    elif countX > countO:
        return O.
```



```
def action(board):
    freeboxes = set()
    for i in [0, 1, 2]:
        for j in [0, 1, 2]:
            if board[i][j] == EMPTY:
                freeboxes.add((i, j))
    return freeboxes
```

```
if type(action) == list:  
    action = (i, j)  
if action in actions(board):  
    if player(board) == X:  
        board[i][j] = X  
    elif player(board) == O:  
        board[i][j] = O  
return board
```

nullboard:

```
if (board[0][0] == board[0][1] == board[0][2] == X or  
    board[1][0] == board[1][1] == board[1][2] == X or board[  
    = = board[2][0] == board[2][1] == board[2][2] == X):  
    return X
```

```
if (board[0][0] == board[0][1] == board[0][2] == O or board[  
    = = board[1][0] == board[1][1] == board[1][2] == O or board[2][0]  
    board[2][1] == board[2][2] == O)  
    return O
```

```
for i in [0, 1, 2]:  
    s2 = []  
    for j in [0, 1, 2]:  
        s2.append(board[j][i])  
    if (s2[0] == s2[1] == s2[2]):  
        return s2[0]
```

strikes = []

```

for i in [0, 1, 2]:
    strikeD.append(board[i][i])
if (strikeD[0] == strikeD[1] == strikeD[2]):
    return strikeD[0]
if (board[0][2] == board[1][1] == board[2][0]):
    return board[0][2]
return None

```

```

def utility(board):
    if (winner(board) == X):
        return 1
    elif (winner(board) == O):
        return -1
    else:
        return 0

```

```

def minimax_helper(board):
    isMaxTurn = True if player(board) == X else False
    if terminal(board):
        return utility(board)

```

```

def minimax(board):
    isMaxTurn = True if player(board) == X else False
    bestMove = None
    if isMaxTurn:
        bestScore = -math.inf
        for move in actions(board):
            result(board, move)
            score = minimax_helper(board)
            board[move[0]][move[1]] = EMPTY
            if (score > bestScore):
                bestScore = score
                bestMove = move
    else:
        bestScore = math.inf
        for move in actions(board):
            result(board, move)
            score = minimax_helper(board)
            board[move[0]][move[1]] = EMPTY
            if (score < bestScore):
                bestScore = score
                bestMove = move
    return bestMove

```

return bestMove

else :

 bestScore = +math.inf

 for move in actions(board) :

 result(board, move)

 score = minimax-helper(board)

 board[moves[0]][move[i]] = EMPTY

 if (score < bestScore) :

 bestScore = score

 bestMove = move

 return bestMove

def print-board(board),

 for row in board:

 print(row)

game-board = initial-state()

print("Initial Board :")

print-board(game-board)

while not terminal(game-board):

 if playu(game-board) == x :

 user-input=input("\nEnter your move (row, column):")

 row, col = map(int, user-input.split(','))

 result(game-board, (row, col))

 else :

 print("AI is making a move...")

 move = minimax(copy.deepcopy(game-board))

 result(game-board, move)

 if winner(game-board) is not None :

 print(f"The winner is: {winner(game-board)}")

 else :

 print("It's a tie")

OUTPUT:-

Initial Board:

[None, None, None]
[None, None, None]
[None, None, None]

Enter your move: 0, 0

Current Board:

['x', None, None]
[None, None, None]
[None, None, None]

AI is making a move ---

Current Board:

['x', None, None]
[None, 'o', None]
[None, None, None]

Enter your move (row, column): 1, 0

Current Board:

['x', None, None]
['x', 'o', None]
[None, None, None]

AI is making move.

Current Board:

['x', None, None]
['x', 'o', None]
['o', None, None]

Enter

Current Your move (row, column): 0/2
Board:

['x', None, 'x']
['x', 'o', None]

AI is making a move

Current Board:

['x', 'o', 'x']

['x', 'o', 'o']

['o', 'x', None]

Enter your move (row, column): 2, 2

Current Board:

['x', 'o', 'x']
['x', 'o', 'o']
['o', 'x', 'x']

It's a tie!

WEEK - 02
VACUUM AGENT

```
def vacuum_world():
    goal-state = { 'A': '0', 'B': '0' }
    cost = 0
    location-input = input("Enter your location of Vacuum")
    status-input = input("Enter status of " + location-input)
    status-input-complement = input("Enter status of other room")
    print("Initial location condition" + str(goal-state))
    if location-input == 'A':
        print("vacuum is placed in location A")
        if status-input == '1':
            print("Location A is Dirty.")
            goal-state['A'] = '0'
            cost += 1
            print("Cost for Cleaning A" + str(cost))
            print("location A has been cleaned")
        if status-input-complement == '1':
            print("Location B is Dirty")
            print("Moving right to location B")
            cost += 1
            print("Cost for moving RIGHT" + str(cost))
            goal-state['B'] = '0'
            cost += 1
            print("Cost for SUCS" + str(cost))
            print("location B has been cleaned")
    else:
        print("No action" + str(cost))
```

print ("Location A")

if status_input == '0':
 print ("Location A is already clean")

else:
 print ("No action" + str(cost))
 print(cost)

print ("Location B is already clean")

else:
 print ("Vacuum is placed in location B")

if status_input == '1':
 print ("Location B is dirty.")
 goal_state['B'] = '0'
 cost += 1
 print ("Cost for cleaning " + str(cost))
 print ("Location B has been cleaned")

else:

print(cost)
print ("Location A is already clean")

if status_input_complement == '1':

print ("Location A is dirty.")
print ("Moving LEFT to the location A .")

cost += 1
print ("Cost for moving LEFT" + str(cost))
goal_state['A'] = '0'
cost += 1

print ("Cost for suck" + str(cost))

print ("Location A has been cleaned")

else :

 print("No action" + str(cost))

 print("Location A is already clean.")

 print("Goal State: ")

 print(goal_state)

 print("Performance Measurement:" + str(cost))

~~print(" ")~~

vacuum-world()

Output:

Enter Location of Vacuum

Enter Status of A1

Enter status of other room

Initial Location Condition { 'A': '0', 'B': '0' }

Vacuum is placed in location A

Location A is Dirty.

Cost for Cleaning A)

Location A is cleaned.

Location B is Dirty.

Moving right to the Location B,

Cost for moving RIGHT2

Cost for SUCK3

LOCATION B has been cleaned.

Goal STATE:

{ 'A': '0', 'B': '0' }

Performance Measurement : 3

WEEK - 03
8 PUZZLE Problem(BFS)

def bfs(src, target):

queue = []

queue.append(src)

exp = []

while len(queue) > 0:

source = queue.pop(0)

exp.append(source)

print(source)

if source == target:

print("Success")

return

poss_moves_to_do = []

poss_moves_to_do = possible_moves(source, exp)

for move in poss_moves_to_do:

if move not in exp and move not in queue:

queue.append(move)

def possible_moves(state, visited_states):

b = state.index(0)

d = []

if b not in [0, 1, 2]:

d.append('u')

if b not in [6, 7, 8]:

d.append('d')

if b not in [0, 3, 6]:

d.append('l')

if b not in [2, 5, 8]:

d.append('r')

pos_moves_left = []

for r in d:

pos_moves_left.append(generate(state, i, b))

return [more-qt-can for more-qt-can in pos-moves if qt-can if
more-qt-can not in visited-state]

def gen(state, m, b):

 temp = state.copy()

 if m == 'd':

 temp[b+3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b+3]

 if m == 'u':

 temp[b-3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b-3]

 if m == 'l':

 temp[b-1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b-1]

 if m == 'r':

 temp[b+1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b+1]

return temp

src = [2, -1, 3, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]

target = [1, 2, 3, 8, -1, 4, 7, 6, 5]

bfs(src, target)

Output:

[2, -1, 3, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]

[2, 8, 3, 1, -1, 4, 7, 6, 5]

[-1, 2, 3, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]

[2, 3, -1, -1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]

[2, 8, 3, 1, 6, 4, 7, -1, 5]

[2, 8, 3, -1, 1, 4, 7, 6, 5]

[2, 8, 3, 1, 4, -1, 7, 6, 5]

[2, 8, 3, 1, 4, -1, 7, 6, 5]

[1, 2, 3, -1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]

[2, 3, 4, 1, 8, -1, 7, 6, 5]

~~[2, 8, 3, 1, 6, 4, -1, 7, 5]~~

~~[2, 8, 3, 1, 6, 4, 7, 5, -1]~~

~~[1, 8, 3, 2, 1, 4, 7, 6, 5]~~

[2, 8, 3, 1, 4, -1, 6, 5]

[2, 8, -1, 1, 4, 8, 7, 6, 5]

[2, 8, 3, 1, 4, 5, 7, 6, -1]

[1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 4, -1, 6, 5]

[1, 2, 3, 8, -1, 4, 7, 6, 5]

Success

WEEK - 04

8 PUZZLE WITH ITERATIVE DEEPENING DEPTH FIRST SEARCH

class PuzzleNode:

```
def __init__(self, state, parent=None, action=None):
    self.state = state
    self.parent = parent
    self.action = action
```

def get_path(self):

path = []

current = self

while current:

path.append((current.state, current.action))

current = current.parent

return path[::-1]

def is_goal(state):

goal_state = (1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, 0, 7, 8)

return state == goal_state

def get_neighbours(state):

neighbours = []

empty_index = state.index(0)

row, col = divmod(empty_index, 3)

for move in [(0, 1), (1, 0), (0, -1), (-1, 0)]:

new_row, new_col = row + move[0], col + move[1]

if 0 <= new_row < 3 and 0 <= new_col < 3:

neighbour_state = list(state)

neighbour_state[empty_index],

neighbour_state[new_index] = (

neighbour-state [neighbour-index],

neighbour-state [empty-index],)

neighbor-state [empty-index],

neighbors.append (tuple(neighbors))

return neighbors

def depth-limited-search(node, goal-state, depth-limit):

if is-goal(node.state):

return True

elif depth-limit == 0:

return False

else:

for neighbor-state in get-neighbors(node.state):

child = PuzzleNode(neighbor-state, node)

if depth-limited-search(child, goal-state, depth-limit - 1):

return True

return False

if __name__ == "__main__":

initial-state = (1, 2, 3, 0, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)

depth-limit = 1

initial-node = PuzzleNode(initial-state)

result = depth-limited-search(initial-node, (1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 5, 0, 7, 8), depth-limit)

print(result)

Output

True.

Sneha
7/12/23

Greedy Best First Search

13/12/23

```
import heapq
```

```
class PuzzleNode:
```

```
    def __init__(self, state, parent=None):
```

```
        self.state = state
```

```
        self.parent = parent
```

```
        self.cost = 0.
```

```
    def __lt__(self, other):
```

```
        return self.cost < other.cost
```

```
def man_dist(state, goal_state):
```

```
    distance = 0
```

```
    for i in range(3):
```

```
        for j in range(3):
```

```
            if state[i][j] != goal_state[i][j]:
```

```
                x, y = divmod(goal_state[i][j], 3)
```

```
                distance += abs(x - i) + abs(y - j)
```

```
    return distance
```

```
def get_blank_position(state):
```

```
    for i in range(3):
```

```
        for j in range(3):
```

```
            if state[i][j] == 0:
```

```
                return i, j
```

```
def get_neighbours(node):
```

```
i, j = get_blank_position(node.state)
```

```
neighbours = []
```

```
for x, y in ((i+1, j), (i-1, j), (i, j+1), (i, j-1)):
```

```
    if 0 <= x < 3 and 0 <= y < 3:
```

```
        neighbor_state = [row[:] for row in node.state]
```

```
        neighbor_state[i][j], neighbor_state[x][y] =
```

```
        neighbor_state[x][y], neighbor_state[i][j]
```

neighbors.append (PuzzleNode(neighbors, parent=node))

Gettin' neighbors

```
def greedy_bfs(initial_state, goal_state, heuristic):
    initial_node = PuzzleNode(initial_state, goal_state, heuristic)
    goal_node = PuzzleNode(goal_state)

    if initial_state == goal_state:
        return [initial_state]

    priority_queue = [initial_node]
    visited_states = set()

    while priority_queue:
        current_node = heapq.heappop(priority_queue)
        if current_node.state == goal_state:
            path = [current_node.state]
            while current_node.parent:
                current_node = current_node.parent
                path.append(current_node.state)
            path.reverse()
            return path

        visited_states.add(tuple(map(tuple, current_node.state)))

        neighbors = get_neighbors(current_node)

        for neighbor in neighbors:
            if tuple(map(tuple, neighbor.state)) not in visited_states:
                neighbor.cost = heuristic(neighbor.state, goal_state)
                heapq.heappush(priority_queue, neighbor)

    return None
```

```
initial-state = [
    [1, 2, 3],
    [4, 0, 5],
    [6, 7, 8]
]

goal-state = [
    [1, 2, 3],
    [4, 5, 6],
    [7, 8, 0]
]

heuristic-function = manhattan-distance
path = greedy-bfs(initial-state, goal-state-heuristic-function)

if path:
    print("solution found:")
    for state in path:
        for row in state:
            print(row)
    print()

else:
    print("No solution found.")
```

Output :-

Step 0:

[1, 2, 3]

[4, 5, 6]

[0, 7, 8]

Step 1:

[1, 2, 3]

[4, 5, 6]

[7, 0, 8]

Step 2:

[1, 2, 3]

[4, 5, 6]

[7, 8, 0]

A* Algorithm

```
import heapq
class PuzzleNode:
    def __init__(self, state, parent=None, g=0, h=0):
        self.state = state
        self.parent = parent
        self.g = g
        self.h = h
        self.f = self.g + self.h
    def __lt__(self, other):
        return self.f < other.f
def manhattan_distance(state, goal_state):
    distance = 0
    for i in range(3):
        for j in range(3):
            if state[i][j] != goal_state[i][j] and state[i][j] != 0:
                x, y = divmod(goal_state[i][j], 3)
                distance += abs(x - i) + abs(y - j)
    return distance
def get_blank_position(state):
    for i in range(3):
        for j in range(3):
            if state[i][j] == 0:
                return i, j
def get_neighbors(node):
    i, j = get_blank_position(node.state)
    neighbors = []
    if i > 0:
        neighbors.append((node.state[:i] + node.state[i+1:], node.g + 1))
    if i < 2:
        neighbors.append((node.state[:i] + node.state[i+1:], node.g + 1))
    if j > 0:
        neighbors.append((node.state[:j] + node.state[j+1:], node.g + 1))
    if j < 2:
        neighbors.append((node.state[:j] + node.state[j+1:], node.g + 1))
    return neighbors
```

for x, y in $((i+1, j), (i-1, j), (i, j+1), (i, j-1))$:
if $0 \leq x \leq 3$ and $0 \leq y \leq 3$:
neighbor-state = [row^{in node.state}] for row in node.state
neighbor-state[i][j], neighbor-state[x][y] =
neighbor-state[x][y], neighbor-state[i][j]
neighbors.append(PuzzleNode(neighbors,
parent=node))

return neighbors

a-star-search(initial-state, goal-state, heuristic):
initial-node = PuzzleNode(initial-state, g=0, h=heuristic
(initial-state, goal-state))
goal-node = PuzzleNode(goal-state)
if initial-state == goal-state:
return [initial-state]

priority-queue:

current-node = heapq.heappop(priority-queue)

If current-node.state == goal-state:

path = [current-node.state]

while current-node.parent:

current-node = current-node.parent

path.append(current-node.state)

path.reverse()

return path

visited-state.add(tuple(map(tuple, current-node.state)))

neighbors in neighbors:

if tuple(map(tuple, neighbor.state)) not in visited-state:

```
neighbor.g = current-node.g + 1  
neighbor.h = heuristic(neighbor.state, goal-state)  
neighbor.f = neighbor.g + neighbor.h  
heappush(priority-queue, neighbor)
```

```
return None
```

```
heuristic-function = manhattan-distance  
path = a-star-search(initial-state, goal-state, heuristic-  
function)
```

```
if path:
```

```
    print("Solution found:")  
    for state in path:  
        for row in state:  
            print(row)  
        print()
```

```
else:
```

```
    print("No Solution found")
```

Output :-

Reached in one Move.

Soham
20/12/23

Prepositional Logic

20/12/23

def evaluate-first(premise, conclusion):

models = [

{'p': False, 'q': False, 'r': False},

{'p': False, 'q': False, 'r': True},

{'p': False, 'q': True, 'r': False},

{'p': False, 'q': True, 'r': True},

{'p': True, 'q': False, 'r': False},

{'p': True, 'q': False, 'r': True},

{'p': True, 'q': True, 'r': False},

{'p': True, 'q': True, 'r': True}

]

entails = True

for model in models:

if evaluate-expression(premise, model) &=

evaluate-expression(conclusion, model),

entails = False

break

return entails.

def evaluate-second(premise, conclusion):

models = [

{'p': p, 'q': q, 'r': r}]

```
for p in [True, False]  
for q in [True, False]  
for m in [True, False]
```

```
]
```

```
entails = all(evaluate_expression(premise, model) for  
model in models if evaluate_expression(conclusion, model)  
and evaluate_expression(premise, model))  
return entails.
```

```
def evaluate_expression(expression, model):  
    if isinstance(expression, str):  
        return model.get(expression)  
    elif isinstance(expression, tuple):  
        op = expression[0]  
        if op == 'not':  
            return not evaluate_expression(expression[1], model)  
        elif op == 'and':  
            return evaluate_expression(expression[1], model)  
        elif op == 'or':  
            return (not evaluate_expression(expression[1], model))  
            or evaluate_expression(expression[2], model)  
        elif op == 'o':  
            return evaluate_expression(expression[1],  
            model) or evaluate_expression(expression[2], model)
```

first_premise = ('and', ('or', 'p', 'q'), ('or', ('not', 'r'), 'p'))

first_conclusion = ('and', 'p', 'r')

second_premise = ('and', ('or', ('not', 'q'), 'r'), ('and', ('not', 'p'), 'q'))

second_conclusion = 'r'

result_first = evaluate_first(first_premise, first_conclusion)

result_second = evaluate_second(second_premise, second_conclusion)

if result_second:

print("For the second input: The premise entails the conclusion.")

else:

print("For the second input: The premise does not entail the conclusion")

if result_first:

print("For the first input: The premise entails the conclusion")

else:

print("For the first input: The premise does not entail the conclusion")

Output

For the first input : The premise does not entail the conclusion

For the second input : The premise entails the conclusion

Create a knowledge base using propositional logic and prove the given query using resolution. 27/12/2023.

import re

def main(rules, goal):

rules = rules.split('.')

steps = resolve(rules, goal)

print('In step {} clause \t | Derivation \t')

print(' - * 30')

q = 1

for step in steps:

print(f' {q}. \t | {step} \t | {steps[step]} \t')

q += 1

def negate(term):

return f'~term' if term[0] != '~' else term[1]

def reverse(clause):

if len(clause) > 2:

t = split_terms(clause)

return f'{t[1]} \vee {t[0]}'

return ''

def split_terms(rule):

exp = '(~=[PQR])'

terms = re.findall(exp, rule)

return terms

def contradiction(goal, clause):

contradictions = [f'{goal} \vee \{negate(goal)}',

f'\{negate(goal)} \vee \{goal\}']

return clause in contradictions or reverse(clause) in contradictions

```

def resolve(rules, goal):
    temp = rules.copy()
    temp += [negate(goal)]
    steps = dict()
    for rule in temp:
        steps[rule] = 'Given'
    steps[negate(goal)] = 'Negated Conclusion'

i = 0
while i < len(temp):
    n = len(temp)
    j = (i + 1) % n
    clauses = []
    while j != i:
        term1 = split_terms(temp[i])
        term2 = split_terms(temp[j])
        for c in term1:
            if negate(c) in term2:
                t1 = [t for t in term1 if t != c]
                t2 = [t for t in term2 if t != negate(c)]
                gen = t1 + t2
                if gen[0] != negate(gen[0]):
                    clauses += [f'{gen[0]} \vee {gen[1]}']
            else:
                if contradiction(goal, f'{gen[0]} \vee {gen[1]}'):
                    temp.append(f'{gen[0]} \vee {gen[1]}')



```

$\text{steps}[\cdot] = f' \text{Resolved } \{\text{temp}[i]\} \text{ and } \{\text{temp}[j]\} \text{ to } \{\text{temp}[-1]\}$,
which is in turn null. In d. contradiction is found when
 $\{\text{negative(goal)}\}$ is assumed as true.

else if $\text{len}(\text{gen}) = 1$:

$\text{clauses} += [f' \text{gen}[0]]$

else:

of contradiction(goal, $f' \{\text{term}_1[0] \vee \{\text{term}_2[0]\}\}$).

return steps.

for clause in clauses:

if clause not in temp and clause != reverse(clause)
or reverse(clause) not in temp;

temp.append(clause)

$\text{steps}[clause] = f' \text{Resolved from } \{\text{temp}[i]\} \text{ and }$
 $\{\text{temp}[j]\}$.

$g = (g + 1) \cdot n$

$i \neq 1$

return steps.

rules = ' RV NP RV NQ NRVP NRVQ'

goal = 'R'

main(rules, goal)

Output :

Step	Clauses	Derivation
1	$R \vee NP$	Given
2	$R \vee \neg Q$	Given
3	$\neg R \vee P$	Given
4	$\neg R \vee Q$	Given Negated conclusion.
5	$\neg P$	

Resolved $R \vee NP$ and $\neg R \vee P$ to $P \vee \neg R$, which in turn is null.

A contradiction is found when NP is assumed as true. Hence, R is true.

~~Done~~
Date
27/12/23

Implementation Renification In First-order Logic

10/11/24

```
import re

def getAttributes(expression):
    expression = expression.split("(")[1:]
    expression = " ".join(expression)
    expression = expression[:-1]
    expression = re.split("(?<=[\W\w]), (?=[\W\w])", expression)
    return expression

def getInitialPredicate(expression):
    return expression.split("(")[0]

def isConstant(char):
    return char.isupper() and len(char) == 1

def isVariable(char):
    return char.islower() and len(char) == 1

def replaceAttributes(exp, old, new):
    attributes = getAttributes(exp)
    for index, val in enumerate(attributes):
        if val == old:
            attributes[index] = new
    predicate = getInitialPredicate(exp)
    return predicate + "(" + ", ".join(attributes) + ")"

def apply(exp, substitutions):
    for substitution in substitutions:
        new, old = substitution
        exp = replaceAttributes(exp, old, new)
    return exp
```

checkOccurs(var, exp):

if exp.find(var) == -1:
return False
return True

def getFirstPart(expression):

attributes = getAttributes(expression)
return attributes[0]

def getRemainingPart(expression):

Predicate = getInitialPredicate(expression)

attributes = getAttributes(expression)

newExpression = predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes[1:]) + ")"

return newExpression

def unify(exp1, exp2):

if exp1 == exp2:
return None

if exp1 == exp2:
return None

if isConstant(exp1):
return [exp1, exp2]

if not isConstant(exp2):
return [exp2, exp1]

if isVariable(exp1):

if checkOccurs(exp1, exp2):
return False

else:
return [exp2, exp1]

if getInitialPredicate(exp1) != getInitialPredicate(exp2):
 print("Predicates do not match, cannot be unified")
 return False

attributeCount1 = len(getAttributes(exp1))
attributeCount2 = len(getAttributes(exp2))
if attributeCount1 != attributeCount2:
 return False

head1 = getFirstPart(exp1)
head2 = getFirstPart(exp2)

initialSubstitution = unify(head1, head2)

if not initialSubstitution:
 return False

if attributeCount1 == 1:
 return initialSubstitution

tail1 = getRemainingPart(exp1)

tail2 = getRemainingPart(exp2)

if initialSubstitution != []:
 tail1 = apply(tail1, initialSubstitution)
 tail2 = apply(tail2, initialSubstitution)

remainingSubstitution = unify(tail1, tail2)

if not remainingSubstitution:
 return False

initialSubstitution = extend(remainingSubstitution)

return initialSubstitution.

```
exp1 = "knows(A, x)"  
exp2 = "knows(y, y)"  
substitutions = unify(exp1, exp2)  
print("Substitutions: ")  
print(substitutions)
```

Output:-

Substitutions:
[('A', 'y'), ('y', 'x')]

Ques
Date
10/11/24

Program to convert fol to cnf

17/01/24

import re

def fol_to_cnf(fol):

statement = fol.replace("=>", "-")

expr = '\[(\^]+\)+\]'

statements = re.findall(expr, statement)

for i, s in enumerate(statements):

if 'I' in s and 'J' not in s:

statements[i] += 'J'

for s in statements

statement = statement.replace(s, fol_to_cnf(s))

while '-' in statement:

i = statement.index('-')

br = statement.index('[') if '[' in statement else 0

new_statement = 'w' + statement[br:i] + 'I' +

statement[i+1:]

statement = statement[:br] + new_statement if br > 0
else new_statement

return Skolemization(statement)

def get_attributes(string):

expr = '\([^\)]+\)'

matches = re.findall(expr, string)

return [m for m in str(matches) if m.isalpha()]

```

def getPredicates(string):
    expr = '[a-zA-Z]+\\([A-Za-z]+\\)'
    return re.findall(expr, string)

def Skolemization(statement):
    SKOLEM_CONSTANTS = [f'_{chr(c)}' for c in range(ord('A'),
        ord('Z')+1)]
    matches = re.findall('[E]', statement)
    for match in matches[1:-1]:
        statement = statement.replace(match, '')
        for predicate in getPredicates(statement):
            attributes = getAttributes(predicate)
            if ','.join(attributes).islower():
                statement = statement.replace(match[1],
                    SKOLEM_CONSTANTS.pop(0))
    return statement

```

`print(fol-to-cnf("bird(x) => ~fly(x)"))`

Output:-

$\neg \text{bird}(x) \vee \neg \text{fly}(x)$

~~`print(fol-to-cnf("bird(x) => ~fly(x)"))`~~

$[\neg \text{bird}(n) \vee \neg \text{fly}(n)]$

24/01/24

Create a Knowledge Base consisting of first order logic statements and prove given query using forward chaining

import re

def isVariable(x):

return len(x) == 1 and x.islower() and x.isalpha()

def getAttributes(string):

expr = '\([^\)]+\)'

matches = re.findall(expr, string)

return matches

def getPredicates(string):

expr = '([a-zA-Z]+)\([^\)]+\)'

return re.findall(expr, string)

class Fact:

def __init__(self, expression):

self.expression = expression

predicate, params = self.splitExpression(expression)

self.predicate = predicate

self.params = params

self.result = any(self.get(constants))

def splitExpression(self, expression):

predicate = getPredicates(expression)[0]

params = getAttributes(expression)[0]

string('(',')').split(',')

return [predicate, params]

```
def getResult(self):  
    result = self.result
```

```
def getConstant(self):  
    result [None if isVariable(c) else (for c in self.params)]
```

```
def getVariables(self):  
    return [v if isVariable(v) else None for v in self.params]
```

```
def substitute(self, constants):
```

```
c = constants.copy()
```

```
f = f"{{self.predicate}} ({c}), joint([constants, pop])  
if isVariable(p) else p for p in self.params])]"
```

```
return fact(f)
```

class Implication:

```
def __init__(self, expression):
```

```
self.expression = expression
```

```
l = expression.split("=>")
```

```
self.lhs = [fact(f) for f in l[0].split('&')]
```

```
self.rhs = Fact(l[1])
```

```
def evaluate(self, facts)
```

```
constants = {}
```

```
new_lhs = []
```

for fact in facts:

```
    for val in self.lhs:
```

```
        if val.predicate == fact.predicate:
```

```
            for i, v in enumerate(val.get):
```

```
if v:  
    constants[v] = fact.get(constants[s][v])  
  
new-lhs.append(fact)  
  
predicate_attributes = getPredicate(self.rhs.expression)[0],  
str(getAttributes(self.rhs.expression)[0])  
  
for key in constants:  
    if constants[key]:  
        attributes = attributes.replace(key, constants[key])  
  
expr = f' {predicate}{{attribute}}'  
  
return Fact(expr) if len(new-lhs) and all([f.getResult() for  
f in new-lhs]) else
```

none

class KB:

```
def __init__(self):  
    self.facts = set()  
    self.implications = set()  
  
def tell(self, e):  
    if '⇒' in e:  
        self.implications.add(implication(e))  
    else:  
        self.facts.add(fact(e))  
  
for i in self.implications:  
    res = i.evaluate(self.facts)  
  
    if res:  
        self.facts.add(res)
```

if yes:

→

```
def query(self, e):
    facts = set([f.expression for f in self.facts])
    i = 1
    print(f'Querying {e}:')
    for f in facts:
        if Fact(f).predicate == Fact(e).predicate:
            print(f'  {i}. {f}')
        i += 1

def display(self):
    print("All Facts")
    for i, f in enumerate(set([f.expression for f in self.facts])):
        print(f'  {i+1}. {f}')


kb = KB()
kb.tell('king(x) & greedy(x) => evil(x)')
kb.tell('king(John)')
kb.tell('greedy(John)')
kb.tell('king(Richard)')
kb.query('evil(x)')
kb.display()
```

OUTPUT:

Querying evil(x):
1. evil(John)

All facts linking (John)

2. King (Richard)
3. evil (John)
4. Greedy (John)



~~Date~~
25/11/24

1.TIC-TAC-TOE

```
def printBoard(board):
    print(board[1] + '|' + board[2] + '|' + board[3])
    print('---')
    print(board[4] + '|' + board[5] + '|' + board[6])
    print('---')
    print(board[7] + '|' + board[8] + '|' + board[9])
    print("\n")
def spaceIsFree(position):
    if board[position] == ' ':
        return True
    else:
        return False
def insertLetter(letter, position):
    if spaceIsFree(position):
        board[position] = letter
        printBoard(board)
        if (checkDraw()):
            print("Draw!")
            exit()
        if checkForWin():
            if letter == 'X':
                print("Bot wins!")
                exit()
            else:
                print("Player wins!")
                exit()
        return
    else:
        print("Position already filled")
```

```

print("Can't insert there!")

position = int(input("Please enter new position: "))

insertLetter(letter, position)

return

def checkForWin():

    if (board[1] == board[2] and board[1] == board[3] and board[1] != ' '):

        return True

    elif (board[4] == board[5] and board[4] == board[6] and board[4] != ' '):

        return True

    elif (board[7] == board[8] and board[7] == board[9] and board[7] != ' '):

        return True

    elif (board[1] == board[4] and board[1] == board[7] and board[1] != ' '):

        return True

    elif (board[2] == board[5] and board[2] == board[8] and board[2] != ' '):

        return True

    elif (board[3] == board[6] and board[3] == board[9] and board[3] != ' '):

        return True

    elif (board[1] == board[5] and board[1] == board[9] and board[1] != ' '):

        return True

    elif (board[7] == board[5] and board[7] == board[3] and board[7] != ' '):

        return True

    else:

        return False

def checkWhichMarkWon(mark):

    if board[1] == board[2] and board[1] == board[3] and board[1] == mark:

        return True

    elif (board[4] == board[5] and board[4] == board[6] and board[4] == mark):

        return True

    elif (board[7] == board[8] and board[7] == board[9] and board[7] == mark):

        return True

```

```

        elif (board[1] == board[4] and board[1] == board[7] and board[1] == mark):
            return True

        elif (board[2] == board[5] and board[2] == board[8] and board[2] == mark):
            return True

        elif (board[3] == board[6] and board[3] == board[9] and board[3] == mark):
            return True

        elif (board[1] == board[5] and board[1] == board[9] and board[1] == mark):
            return True

        elif (board[7] == board[5] and board[7] == board[3] and board[7] == mark):
            return True

        else:
            return False

    def checkDraw():
        for key in board.keys():
            if (board[key] == ' '):
                return False
        return True

    def playerMove():
        position = int(input("Enter the position for 'O': "))
        insertLetter(player, position)
        return

    def compMove():
        bestScore = -800
        bestMove = 0

        for key in board.keys():
            if (board[key] == ' '):
                board[key] = bot
                score = minimax(board, 0, False)
                board[key] = ' '
                if (score > bestScore):

```

```
bestScore = score
bestMove = key
insertLetter(bot, bestMove)
return

def minimax(board, depth, isMaximizing):
    if (checkWhichMarkWon(bot)):
        return 1
    elif (checkWhichMarkWon(player)):
        return -1
    elif (checkDraw()):
        return 0
    if (isMaximizing):
        bestScore = -800
        for key in board.keys():
            if (board[key] == ' '):
                board[key] = bot
                score = minimax(board, depth + 1, False)
                board[key] = ''
                if (score > bestScore):
                    bestScore = score
        return bestScore
    else:
        bestScore = 800
        for key in board.keys():
            if (board[key] == ' '):
                board[key] = player
                score = minimax(board, depth + 1, True)
                board[key] = ''
                if (score < bestScore):
                    bestScore = score
    return bestScore
```

```
return bestScore

board = {1: '', 2: '', 3: '',
4: '', 5: '', 6: '',
7: '', 8: '', 9: ''}

printBoard(board)

print("Computer goes first! Good luck.")

print("Positions are as follow:")

print("1, 2, 3 ")

print("4, 5, 6 ")

print("7, 8, 9 ")

print("\n")

player = 'O'

bot = 'X'

global firstComputerMove

firstComputerMove = True

while not checkForWin():

    compMove()

    playerMove()
```

OUTPUT

```
| |  
-+--  
| |  
-+--  
| |  
  
Computer goes first! Good luck.  
Positions are as follow:  
1, 2, 3  
4, 5, 6  
7, 8, 9  
  
X| |  
-+--  
| |  
-+--  
| |  
  
Enter the position for 'O': 7  
X| |  
-+--  
| |  
-+--  
O| |  
  
X|X|  
-+--  
| |  
-+--  
O| |
```

```
Enter the position for 'O': 3
```

```
X|X|O  
-+-+  
| |  
-+-+  
O| |
```

```
X|X|O  
-+-+  
|X|  
-+-+  
O| |
```

```
Enter the position for 'O': 8
```

```
X|X|O  
-+-+  
|X|  
-+-+  
O|O|
```

```
X|X|O  
-+-+  
|X|  
-+-+  
O|O|X
```

```
Bot wins!
```

2. 8 Puzzle

(bfs)

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import os

def bfs(src,target):
    queue = []
    queue.append(src)

    exp = []

    while len(queue) > 0:
        source = queue.pop(0)
        exp.append(source)

        print(source)

        if source==target:
            print("success")
            return

    poss_moves_to_do = []
    poss_moves_to_do = possible_moves(source,exp)

    for move in poss_moves_to_do:

        if move not in exp and move not in queue:
            queue.append(move)
```

```

def possible_moves(state,visited_states):
    #index of empty spot
    b = state.index(-1)

    #directions array
    d = []
    #Add all the possible directions

    if b not in [-1,1,2]:
        d.append('u')
    if b not in [6,7,8]:
        d.append('d')
    if b not in [-1,3,6]:
        d.append('l')
    if b not in [2,5,8]:
        d.append('r')

    # If direction is possible then add state to move
    pos_moves_it_can = []

    # for all possible directions find the state if that move is played
    ### Jump to gen function to generate all possible moves in the given
    directions

    for i in d:
        pos_moves_it_can.append(gen(state,i,b))

    return [move_it_can for move_it_can in pos_moves_it_can if move_it_can
not in visited_states]

def gen(state, m, b):

```

```

temp = state.copy()

if m=='d':
    temp[b+3],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b+3]

if m=='u':
    temp[b-3],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b-3]

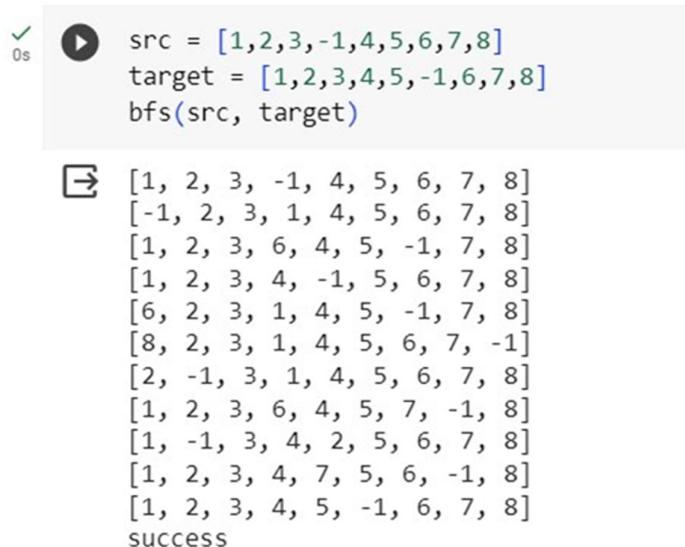
if m=='l':
    temp[b-1],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b-1]

if m=='r':
    temp[b+1],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b+1]

# return new state with tested move to later check if "src == target"
return temp

```

OUTPUT



```

✓ 0s ➜ src = [1,2,3,-1,4,5,6,7,8]
    target = [1,2,3,4,5,-1,6,7,8]
    bfs(src, target)

[→] [1, 2, 3, -1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
     [-1, 2, 3, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
     [1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, -1, 7, 8]
     [1, 2, 3, 4, -1, 5, 6, 7, 8]
     [6, 2, 3, 1, 4, 5, -1, 7, 8]
     [8, 2, 3, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, -1]
     [2, -1, 3, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
     [1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, 7, -1, 8]
     [1, -1, 3, 4, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8]
     [1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 5, 6, -1, 8]
     [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, -1, 6, 7, 8]
success

```

✓ 0s ⏴ src = [2,-1,3,1,8,4,7,6,5]
target = [1,2,3,8,-1,4,7,6,5]
bfs(src, target)

➡ [2, -1, 3, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, -1, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[-1, 2, 3, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 3, -1, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 6, 4, 7, -1, 5]
[2, 8, 3, -1, 1, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 4, -1, 7, 6, 5]
[7, 2, 3, 1, 8, 4, -1, 6, 5]
[1, 2, 3, -1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[5, 2, 3, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, -1]
[2, 3, 4, 1, 8, -1, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 6, 4, -1, 7, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 6, 4, 7, 5, -1]
[-1, 8, 3, 2, 1, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 7, 1, 4, -1, 6, 5]
[2, 8, -1, 1, 4, 3, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 4, 5, 7, 6, -1]
[7, 2, 3, -1, 8, 4, 1, 6, 5]
[7, 2, 3, 1, 8, 4, 6, -1, 5]
[1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 4, -1, 6, 5]
[1, 2, 3, 8, -1, 4, 7, 6, 5]
success

3. Implement Iterative deepening search algorithm

```
def dfs(src,target,limit,visited_states):  
    if src == target:  
        return True  
    if limit <= 0:  
        return False  
    visited_states.append(src)  
    moves = possible_moves(src,visited_states)  
    for move in moves:  
        if dfs(move, target, limit-1, visited_states):  
            return True  
    return False  
  
def possible_moves(state,visited_states):  
    b = state.index(-1)  
    d = []  
    if b not in [0,1,2]:  
        d += 'u'  
    if b not in [6,7,8]:  
        d += 'd'  
    if b not in [2,5,8]:  
        d += 'r'  
    if b not in [0,3,6]:  
        d += 'l'  
    pos_moves = []  
    for move in d:  
        pos_moves.append(gen(state,move,b))  
    return [move for move in pos_moves if move not in visited_states]
```

```

def gen(state, move, blank):
    temp = state.copy()
    if move == 'u':
        temp[blank-3], temp[blank] = temp[blank], temp[blank-3]
    if move == 'd':
        temp[blank+3], temp[blank] = temp[blank], temp[blank+3]
    if move == 'r':
        temp[blank+1], temp[blank] = temp[blank], temp[blank+1]
    if move == 'l':
        temp[blank-1], temp[blank] = temp[blank], temp[blank-1]
    return temp

```

```

def iddfs(src,target,depth):
    for i in range(depth):
        visited_states = []
        if dfs(src,target,i+1,visited_states):
            return True
    return False

```

```

src = []
target=[]
n = int(input("Enter number of elements : "))
print("Enter source elements")
for i in range(0, n):
    ele = int(input())
    src.append(ele)
print("Enter target elements")
for i in range(0, n):
    ele = int(input())
    target.append(ele)

```

```
depth=8  
iddfs(src, target,depth)
```

OUTPUT

```
Enter number of elements : 9  
Enter source elements  
1  
2  
3  
-1  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
Enter target elements  
1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
-1  
6  
7  
8  
True
```

4. 8 Puzzle A* Search Algorithm

```
class Node:  
    def __init__(self, data, level, fval):  
        # Initialize the node with the data ,level of the node and the calculated fvalue  
        self.data = data  
        self.level = level  
        self.fval = fval  
  
    def generate_child(self):  
        # Generate child nodes from the given node by moving the blank space  
        # either in the four direction {up,down,left,right}  
        x, y = self.find(self.data, '_')  
        # val_list contains position values for moving the blank space in either of  
        # the 4 direction [up,down,left,right] respectively.  
        val_list = [[x, y - 1], [x, y + 1], [x - 1, y], [x + 1, y]]  
        children = []  
        for i in val_list:  
            child = self.shuffle(self.data, x, y, i[0], i[1])  
            if child is not None:  
                child_node = Node(child, self.level + 1, 0)  
                children.append(child_node)  
        return children  
  
    def shuffle(self, puz, x1, y1, x2, y2):  
        # Move the blank space in the given direction and if the position value are out  
        # of limits the return None  
        if x2 >= 0 and x2 < len(self.data) and y2 >= 0 and y2 < len(self.data):  
            temp_puz = []  
            temp_puz = self.copy(puz)  
            temp = temp_puz[x2][y2]
```

```

temp_puz[x2][y2] = temp_puz[x1][y1]
temp_puz[x1][y1] = temp
return temp_puz

else:
    return None

def copy(self, root):
    # copy function to create a similar matrix of the given node
    temp = []
    for i in root:
        t = []
        for j in i:
            t.append(j)
        temp.append(t)
    return temp

def find(self, puz, x):
    # Specifically used to find the position of the blank space
    for i in range(0, len(self.data)):
        for j in range(0, len(self.data)):
            if puz[i][j] == x:
                return i, j

class Puzzle:
    def __init__(self, size):
        # Initialize the puzzle size by the the specified size,open and closed lists to empty
        self.n = size
        self.open = []
        self.closed = []

```

```

def accept(self):
    # Accepts the puzzle from the user
    puz = []
    for i in range(0, self.n):
        temp = input().split(" ")
        puz.append(temp)
    return puz

def f(self, start, goal):
    # Heuristic function to calculate Heuristic value f(x) = h(x) + g(x)
    return self.h(start.data, goal) + start.level

def h(self, start, goal):
    # Calculates the difference between the given puzzles
    temp = 0
    for i in range(0, self.n):
        for j in range(0, self.n):
            if start[i][j] != goal[i][j] and start[i][j] != '_':
                temp += 1
    return temp

def process(self):
    # Accept Start and Goal Puzzle state
    print("enter the start state matrix \n")
    start = self.accept()
    print("enter the goal state matrix \n")
    goal = self.accept()
    start = Node(start, 0, 0)
    start.fval = self.f(start, goal)

```

```

# put the start node in the open list
self.open.append(start)
print("\n\n")
while True:
    cur = self.open[0]
    print("=====\n")
    for i in cur.data:
        for j in i:
            print(j, end=" ")
        print("")
    # if the difference between current and goal node is 0 we have reached the goal node
    if (self.h(cur.data, goal) == 0):
        break
    for i in cur.generate_child():
        i.fval = self.f(i, goal)
        self.open.append(i)
    self.closed.append(cur)
    del self.open[0]
    # sort the open list based on f value
    self.open.sort(key=lambda x: x.fval, reverse=False)
puz = Puzzle(3)
puz.process()

```

OUTPUT

```
▶ enter the start state matrix
⇒ 1 2 3
   - 4 6
   7 5 8
enter the goal state matrix

1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 -

=====
1 2 3
- 4 6
7 5 8
=====

1 2 3
4 - 6
7 5 8
=====

1 2 3
4 5 6
7 - 8
=====

1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 -
```

5.Vacuum cleaner

```
def vacuum_world():

    # initializing goal_state
    # 0 indicates Clean and 1 indicates Dirty
    goal_state = {'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
    cost = 0

    location_input = input("Enter Location of Vacuum") #user_input of location vacuum is placed
    status_input = input("Enter status of " + location_input) #user_input if location is dirty or clean
    status_input_complement = input("Enter status of other room")
    print("Initial Location Condition" + str(goal_state))

    if location_input == 'A':
        # Location A is Dirty.
        print("Vacuum is placed in Location A")
        if status_input == '1':
            print("Location A is Dirty.")
            # suck the dirt and mark it as clean
            goal_state['A'] = '0'
            cost += 1           #cost for suck
            print("Cost for CLEANING A " + str(cost))
            print("Location A has been Cleaned.")

        if status_input_complement == '1':
            # if B is Dirty
            print("Location B is Dirty.")
            print("Moving right to the Location B. ")
            cost += 1           #cost for moving right
            print("COST for moving RIGHT" + str(cost))
            # suck the dirt and mark it as clean

    
```

```

goal_state['B'] = '0'

cost += 1           #cost for suck
print("COST for SUCK " + str(cost))
print("Location B has been Cleaned. ")

else:

    print("No action" + str(cost))

    # suck and mark clean
    print("Location B is already clean.")

if status_input == '0':

    print("Location A is already clean ")

    if status_input_complement == '1':# if B is Dirty

        print("Location B is Dirty.")

        print("Moving RIGHT to the Location B. ")

        cost += 1           #cost for moving right
        print("COST for moving RIGHT " + str(cost))

        # suck the dirt and mark it as clean

        goal_state['B'] = '0'

        cost += 1           #cost for suck
        print("Cost for SUCK" + str(cost))

        print("Location B has been Cleaned. ")

    else:

        print("No action " + str(cost))

        print(cost)

        # suck and mark clean
        print("Location B is already clean.")

else:

    print("Vacuum is placed in location B")

    # Location B is Dirty.

```

```

if status_input == '1':
    print("Location B is Dirty.")

    # suck the dirt and mark it as clean
    goal_state['B'] = '0'
    cost += 1 # cost for suck

    print("COST for CLEANING " + str(cost))
    print("Location B has been Cleaned.")


if status_input_complement == '1':
    # if A is Dirty
    print("Location A is Dirty.")

    print("Moving LEFT to the Location A. ")
    cost += 1 # cost for moving right

    print("COST for moving LEFT" + str(cost))

    # suck the dirt and mark it as clean
    goal_state['A'] = '0'
    cost += 1 # cost for suck

    print("COST for SUCK " + str(cost))
    print("Location A has been Cleaned.")


else:
    print(cost)
    # suck and mark clean
    print("Location B is already clean.")


if status_input_complement == '1': # if A is Dirty
    print("Location A is Dirty.")

    print("Moving LEFT to the Location A. ")
    cost += 1 # cost for moving right

    print("COST for moving LEFT " + str(cost))

```

```

# suck the dirt and mark it as clean
goal_state['A'] = '0'
cost += 1 # cost for suck
print("Cost for SUCK " + str(cost))
print("Location A has been Cleaned. ")

else:
    print("No action " + str(cost))
    # suck and mark clean
    print("Location A is already clean.")

# done cleaning
print("GOAL STATE: ")
print(goal_state)
print("Performance Measurement: " + str(cost))

vacuum_world()

```

OUTPUT

→ Enter Location of VacuumA
Enter status of A1
Enter status of other room1
Initial Location Condition{'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
Vacuum is placed in Location A
Location A is Dirty.
Cost for CLEANING A 1
Location A has been Cleaned.
Location B is Dirty.
Moving right to the Location B.
COST for moving RIGHT2
COST for SUCK 3
Location B has been Cleaned.
GOAL STATE:
{'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
Performance Measurement: 3

```
vacuum_world()
```

```
→ Enter Location of VacuumA
Enter status of A0
Enter status of other room0
Initial Location Condition{'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
Vacuum is placed in Location A
Location A is already clean
No action 0
0
Location B is already clean.
GOAL STATE:
{'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
Performance Measurement: 0
```

```
→ Enter Location of VacuumB
Enter status of B0
Enter status of other room1
Initial Location Condition{'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
Vacuum is placed in location B
0
Location B is already clean.
Location A is Dirty.
Moving LEFT to the Location A.
COST for moving LEFT 1
Cost for SUCK 2
Location A has been Cleaned.
GOAL STATE:
{'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
Performance Measurement: 2
```

6. Knowledge Base Entailment

```
def tell(kb, rule):
```

```
    kb.append(rule)
```

```
combinations = [(True, True, True), (True, True, False),
```

```
                (True, False, True), (True, False, False),
```

```
                (False, True, True), (False, True, False),
```

```
                (False, False, True), (False, False, False)]
```

```
def ask(kb, q):
```

```
    for c in combinations:
```

```
        s = all(rule(c) for rule in kb)
```

```
        f = q(c)
```

```
        print(s, f)
```

```
        if s != f and s != False:
```

```
            return 'Does not entail'
```

```
    return 'Entails'
```

```
kb = []
```

```
# Get user input for Rule 1
```

```
rule_str = input("Enter Rule 1 as a lambda function (e.g., lambda x: x[0] or x[1] and (x[0] and x[1]): ")
```

```
r1 = eval(rule_str)
```

```
tell(kb, r1)
```

```
# Get user input for Rule 2
```

```
#rule_str = input("Enter Rule 2 as a lambda function (e.g., lambda x: (x[0] or x[1]) and x[2]): ")
```

```

#r2 = eval(rule_str)
#tell(kb, r2)

# Get user input for Query
query_str = input("Enter Query as a lambda function (e.g., lambda x: x[0] and x[1] and (x[0] or x[1]): ")
q = eval(query_str)

# Ask KB Query
result = ask(kb, q)
print(result)

```

OUTPUT

```

Enter Rule 1 as a lambda function (e.g., lambda x: x[0] or x[1] and (x[0] and x[1]): lambda x: (x[0] or x[1]) and ( not x[2] or x[0])
Enter Query as a lambda function (e.g., lambda x: x[0] and x[1] and (x[0] or x[1]): lambda x: (x[0] and x[2]))
True True
True False
Does not entail

```

7. Knowledge Base Resolution

```
import re

def main(rules, goal):
    rules = rules.split(' ')
    steps = resolve(rules, goal)
    print('\nStep\tClause\tDerivation\t')
    print('-' * 30)
    i = 1
    for step in steps:
        print(f'{i}.|{step}|{steps[step]}\t')
        i += 1

def negate(term):
    return f'~{term}' if term[0] != '~' else term[1]

def reverse(clause):
    if len(clause) > 2:
        t = split_terms(clause)
        return f'{t[1]} v {t[0]}'
    return ""

def split_terms(rule):
    exp = '(~*[PQRS])'
    terms = re.findall(exp, rule)
    return terms

def contradiction(goal, clause):
    contradictions = [ f'{goal} v {negate(goal)}', f'{negate(goal)} v {goal}' ]
    return clause in contradictions or reverse(clause) in contradictions
```

```

def resolve(rules, goal):
    temp = rules.copy()
    temp += [negate(goal)]
    steps = dict()
    for rule in temp:
        steps[rule] = 'Given.'
    steps[negate(goal)] = 'Negated conclusion.'
    i = 0
    while i < len(temp):
        n = len(temp)
        j = (i + 1) % n
        clauses = []
        while j != i:
            terms1 = split_terms(temp[i])
            terms2 = split_terms(temp[j])
            for c in terms1:
                if negate(c) in terms2:
                    t1 = [t for t in terms1 if t != c]
                    t2 = [t for t in terms2 if t != negate(c)]
                    gen = t1 + t2
                    if len(gen) == 2:
                        if gen[0] != negate(gen[1]):
                            clauses += [f'{gen[0]} v {gen[1]}']
                        else:
                            if contradiction(goal, f'{gen[0]} v {gen[1]}'):
                                temp.append(f'{gen[0]} v {gen[1]}')
                                steps[""] = f"Resolved {temp[i]} and {temp[j]} to {temp[-1]}, which is in turn null.\nA contradiction is found when {negate(goal)} is assumed as true. Hence, {goal} is true."
                    return steps

```

```

elif len(gen) == 1:
    clauses += [f'{gen[0]}']
else:
    if contradiction(goal,f'{terms1[0]} v {terms2[0]}' ):
        temp.append(f'{terms1[0]} v {terms2[0]}')
        steps[""] = f"Resolved {temp[i]} and {temp[j]} to {temp[-1]}, which is in turn null.\nA contradiction is found when {negate(goal)} is assumed as true. Hence, {goal} is true."
    return steps

```

for clause in clauses:

```
if clause not in temp and clause != reverse(clause) and reverse(clause) not in temp:
```

```
    temp.append(clause)
```

```
    steps[clause] = f'Resolved from {temp[i]} and {temp[j]}.'
```

```
j = (j + 1) % n
```

```
i += 1
```

```
return steps
```

```
rules = 'Rv~P Rv~Q ~RvP ~RvQ' #(P^Q)<=>R : (Rv~P)v(Rv~Q)^(~RvP)^(~RvQ)
```

```
goal = 'R'
```

```
main(rules, goal)
```

```
rules = 'PvQ ~PvR ~QvR' #P=vQ, P=>Q : ~PvQ, Q=>R, ~QvR
```

```
goal = 'R'
```

```
main(rules, goal)
```

```
OUTPUT
```

Step	Clause	Derivation
1.	Rv~P	Given.
2.	Rv~Q	Given.
3.	~RvP	Given.
4.	~RvQ	Given.
5.	~R	Negated conclusion.
6.		Resolved Rv~P and ~RvP to Rv~R, which is in turn null.

A contradiction is found when ~R is assumed as true. Hence, R is true.

Step	Clause	Derivation
1.	PvQ	Given.
2.	~PvR	Given.
3.	~QvR	Given.
4.	~R	Negated conclusion.
5.	QvR	Resolved from PvQ and ~PvR.
6.	PvR	Resolved from PvQ and ~QvR.
7.	~P	Resolved from ~PvR and ~R.
8.	~Q	Resolved from ~QvR and ~R.
9.	Q	Resolved from ~R and QvR.
10.	P	Resolved from ~R and PvR.
11.	R	Resolved from QvR and ~Q.
12.		Resolved R and ~R to Rv~R, which is in turn null.

A contradiction is found when ~R is assumed as true. Hence, R is true.

8. Unification

```
import re

def getAttributes(expression):
    expression = expression.split("(")[1:]
    expression = ".join(expression)
    expression = expression[:-1]
    expression = re.split("(?<!\\(.),(?!.\\))", expression)
    return expression

def getInitialPredicate(expression):
    return expression.split("(")[0]

def isConstant(char):
    return char.isupper() and len(char) == 1

def isVariable(char):
    return char.islower() and len(char) == 1

def replaceAttributes(exp, old, new):
    attributes = getAttributes(exp)
    for index, val in enumerate(attributes):
        if val == old:
            attributes[index] = new
    predicate = getInitialPredicate(exp)
    return predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes) + ")"

def apply(exp, substitutions):
    for substitution in substitutions:
        new, old = substitution
```

```

exp = replaceAttributes(exp, old, new)

return exp


def checkOccurs(var, exp):
    if exp.find(var) == -1:
        return False
    return True


def getFirstPart(expression):
    attributes = getAttributes(expression)
    return attributes[0]


def getRemainingPart(expression):
    predicate = getInitialPredicate(expression)
    attributes = getAttributes(expression)
    newExpression = predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes[1:]) + ")"
    return newExpression


def unify(exp1, exp2):
    if exp1 == exp2:
        return []
    if isConstant(exp1) and isConstant(exp2):
        if exp1 != exp2:
            return False
    if isConstant(exp1):
        return [(exp1, exp2)]
    if isConstant(exp2):
        return [(exp2, exp1)]
    if isVariable(exp1):
        if checkOccurs(exp1, exp2):

```

```

        return False

    else:
        return [(exp2, exp1)]

    if isVariable(exp2):
        if checkOccurs(exp2, exp1):
            return False
        else:
            return [(exp1, exp2)]

    if getInitialPredicate(exp1) != getInitialPredicate(exp2):
        print("Predicates do not match. Cannot be unified")
        return False

    attributeCount1 = len(getAttributes(exp1))
    attributeCount2 = len(getAttributes(exp2))

    if attributeCount1 != attributeCount2:
        return False

    head1 = getFirstPart(exp1)
    head2 = getFirstPart(exp2)
    initialSubstitution = unify(head1, head2)

    if not initialSubstitution:
        return False

    if attributeCount1 == 1:
        return initialSubstitution

    tail1 = getRemainingPart(exp1)
    tail2 = getRemainingPart(exp2)

    if initialSubstitution != []:
        tail1 = apply(tail1, initialSubstitution)
        tail2 = apply(tail2, initialSubstitution)
        remainingSubstitution = unify(tail1, tail2)

    if not remainingSubstitution:
        return False

```

```
initialSubstitution.extend(remainingSubstitution)
return initialSubstitution
```

```
exp1 = "knows(A,x)"
exp2 = "knows(y,mother(y))"
substitutions = unify(exp1, exp2)
print("Substitutions:")
print(substitutions)
```

OUTPUT

```
Substitutions:
[('A', 'y'), ('mother(y)', 'x')]
```

9. FOL to CNF

```
import re

def getAttributes(string):
    expr = '\([^\)]+\)'
    matches = re.findall(expr, string)
    return [m for m in str(matches) if m.isalpha()]

def getPredicates(string):
    expr = '[a-zA-Z~]+([A-Za-zA-Z]+)'
    return re.findall(expr, string)

def Skolemization(statement):
    SKOLEM_CONSTANTS = [f'{chr(c)}' for c in range(ord('A'), ord('Z')+1)]
    matches = re.findall('[\exists].', statement)
    for match in matches[::-1]:
        statement = statement.replace(match, "")
        for predicate in getPredicates(statement):
            attributes = getAttributes(predicate)
            if ".join(attributes).islower()":
                statement = statement.replace(match[1],SKOLEM_CONSTANTS.pop(0))
    return statement

def fol_to_cnf(fol):
    statement = fol.replace("=>", "-")
    expr = '\([^\)]+\)'
    statements = re.findall(expr, statement)
    print(statements)
    for i, s in enumerate(statements):
        if '[' in s and ']' not in s:
            statements[i] += ']'

```

```

for s in statements:
    statement = statement.replace(s, fol_to_cnf(s))

while '-' in statement:
    i = statement.index('-')
    br = statement.index('[') if '[' in statement else 0
    new_statement = '~' + statement[br:i] + '|' + statement[i+1:]
    statement = statement[:br] + new_statement if br > 0 else new_statement
return Skolemization(statement)

```

```

print(fol_to_cnf("bird(x)=>~fly(x)"))
print(fol_to_cnf("∃x[bird(x)=>~fly(x)]"))

```

OUTPUT

```

~bird(x)|~fly(x)
[~bird(A)|~fly(A)]

```

10. Forward Reasoning

```
import re

def isVariable(x):
    return len(x) == 1 and x.islower() and x.isalpha()

def getAttributes(string):
    expr = '\([^\)]+\)'
    matches = re.findall(expr, string)
    return matches

def getPredicates(string):
    expr = '([a-zA-Z~]+)\([^\&|]+\)'
    return re.findall(expr, string)

class Fact:
    def __init__(self, expression):
        self.expression = expression
        predicate, params = self.splitExpression(expression)
        self.predicate = predicate
        self.params = params
        self.result = any(self.getConstants())

    def splitExpression(self, expression):
        predicate = getPredicates(expression)[0]
        params = getAttributes(expression)[0].strip(')').split(',')
        return [predicate, params]

    def getResult(self):
        return self.result
```

```

def getConstants(self):
    return [None if isVariable(c) else c for c in self.params]

def getVariables(self):
    return [v if isVariable(v) else None for v in self.params]

def substitute(self, constants):
    c = constants.copy()
    f = f"{{self.predicate}({','.join([constants.pop(0) if isVariable(p) else p for p in self.params])}})"
    return Fact(f)

class Implication:
    def __init__(self, expression):
        self.expression = expression
        l = expression.split('=>')
        self.lhs = [Fact(f) for f in l[0].split('&')]
        self.rhs = Fact(l[1])

    def evaluate(self, facts):
        constants = {}
        new_lhs = []
        for fact in facts:
            for val in self.lhs:
                if val.predicate == fact.predicate:
                    for i, v in enumerate(val.getVariables()):
                        if v:
                            constants[v] = fact.getConstants()[i]
                    new_lhs.append(fact)
        predicate, attributes = getPredicates(self.rhs.expression)[0], str(getAttributes(self.rhs.expression)[0])
        for key in constants:
            if key in predicate:
                predicate = predicate.replace(key, str(constants[key]))
        self.rhs.expression = predicate + attributes

```

```

if constants[key]:
    attributes = attributes.replace(key, constants[key])
expr = f'{predicate} {attributes}'
return Fact(expr) if len(new_lhs) and all([f.getResult() for f in new_lhs]) else None

class KB:
    def __init__(self):
        self.facts = set()
        self.implications = set()

    def tell(self, e):
        if '=>' in e:
            self.implications.add(Implication(e))
        else:
            self.facts.add(Fact(e))
        for i in self.implications:
            res = i.evaluate(self.facts)
            if res:
                self.facts.add(res)

    def query(self, e):
        facts = set([f.expression for f in self.facts])
        i = 1
        print(f'Querying {e}:')
        for f in facts:
            if Fact(f).predicate == Fact(e).predicate:
                print(f'\t{i}. {f}')
                i += 1

    def display(self):

```

```
print("All facts: ")  
for i, f in enumerate(set([f.expression for f in self.facts])):  
    print(f'\t{i+1}. {f}')  
  
kb_ = KB()  
kb_.tell('king(x)&greedy(x)=>evil(x)')  
kb_.tell('king(John)')  
kb_.tell('greedy(John)')  
kb_.tell('king(Richard)')  
kb_.query('evil(x)')  
OUTPUT
```

Querying evil(x):
1. evil(John)