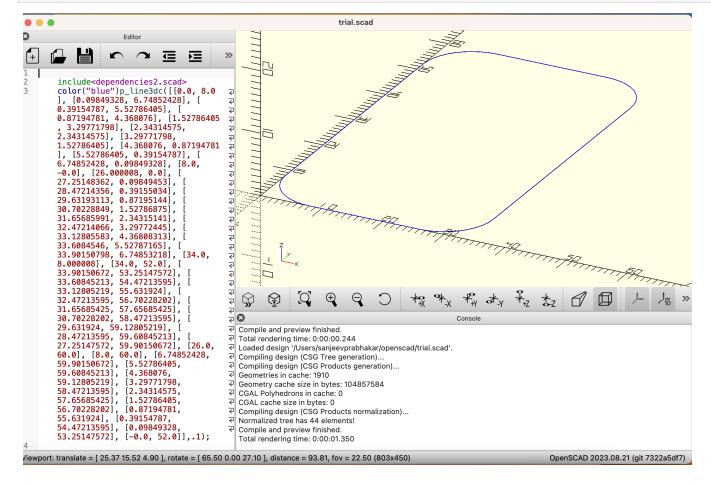
Approach 2 (offset method)

create a 2d section

```
In [3]: sec=cr(pts1([[0,0,8],[34,0,8],[0,60,8],[-34,0,8]]),10)

with open('/users/sanjeevprabhakar/openscad/trial.scad','w+') as f:
    f.write(f'''
    include<dependencies2.scad>
    color("blue")p_line3dc({sec},.1);

    '''')
```



draw an offset pattern where x-coordinate represent value to offset the section and y-coordinate represent location of section in z-coordinate.

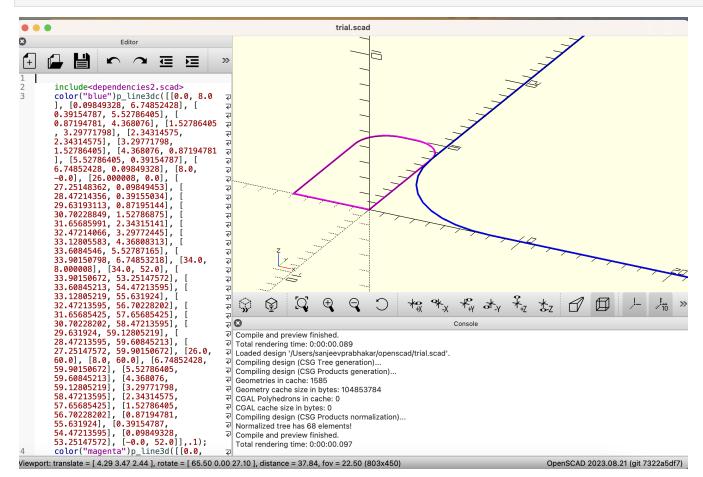
example: cylinder can be drawn by drawing 2 circles, one in the xy plane and other by translating the circle to a required height

```
path=cr(pts1([[0,0],[0,10,2],[-5,0,2],[0,-10]]),10)
path=path+[path[0]]

with open('/users/sanjeevprabhakar/openscad/trial.scad','w+') as f:
    f.write(f'''
    include<dependencies2.scad>
    color("blue")p_line3dc({sec},.1);
    color("magenta")p_line3d({path},.1);

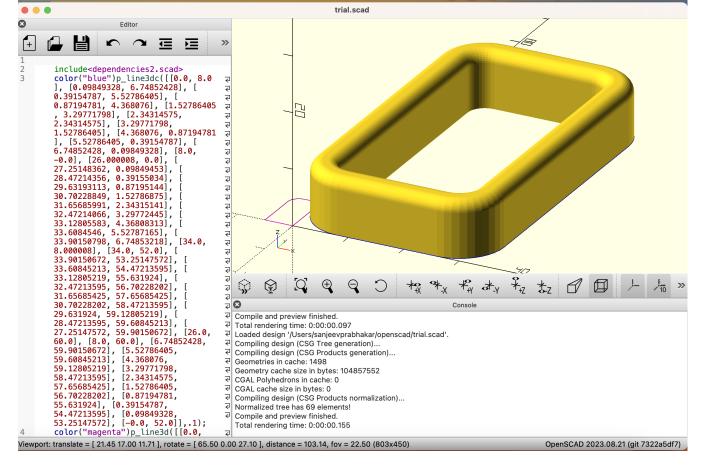
    ''')

# please note that 'magenta' line x-coordinates are offset values of the bigger section
# y-coordinates are the height values
```



Create a solid by offsetting the section

```
In [8]: sol=[translate([0,0,y],offset(sec,x)) for (x,y) in path]
with open('/users/sanjeevprabhakar/openscad/trial.scad','w+') as f:
    f.write(f'''
    include<dependencies2.scad>
    color("blue")p_line3dc({sec},.1);
    color("magenta")p_line3d({path},.1);
    {swp_c(sol)}
```



```
In [9]: with open('/users/sanjeevprabhakar/openscad/trial.scad','w+') as f:
    f.write(f'''
    include<dependencies2.scad>
    color("blue")p_line3dc({sec},.1);
    color("magenta")p_line3d({path},.1);
    %{swp_c(sol)}
    color("green") for (p={sol})p_line3dc(p,.1);
```

