

a) Find the SVD of $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}_{2 \times 3}$

$$A^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AA^T = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^T A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

i) AA^T

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & -1 \\ -1 & 2-\lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{aligned} 2-\lambda &= \lambda(2-\lambda)-1=0 \\ \lambda^2-4\lambda+3 &=0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\lambda=1, \lambda=3$$

if $\lambda=3$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-x-y=0$$

$$-x=y$$

$$x_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

finding norm of x_1

$$x_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} \\ -1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$U = \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{2} \\ -1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

if $\lambda=1$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x-y=0$$

$$x=y$$

$$x_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

finding norm of x_2

$$x_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$ii) A^T A = \begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1-\lambda & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1-\lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

$$S_1 = 4$$

$$S_2 = +3$$

$$S_3 = 0$$

$$\lambda^3 - 4\lambda^2 + 3\lambda + 0 = 0$$

$$\lambda(\lambda^2 - 4\lambda + 3) = 0$$

$$\lambda = 0, 1, 3$$

$$\text{if } \lambda = 3$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & -2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$-x - y + z = 0$$

$$-x - 2y + 0z = 0$$

$$x_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

finding norm of x_1

$$x_1 = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{if } \lambda = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$2x - y + z = 0$$

$$-x + y + 0z = 0$$

$$x + 0y + z = 0$$

$$\text{if } \lambda = 1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$x - y + z = 0$$

$$-x + 0y + 0z = 0$$

$$x_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

finding norm of x_2

$$x_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1/\sqrt{2} \\ 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_3 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

finding norm of x_3

$$x_3 = \begin{bmatrix} -1/\sqrt{3} \\ 1/\sqrt{3} \\ 1/\sqrt{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$V = \begin{bmatrix} 2/\sqrt{6} & 0 & -1/\sqrt{3} \\ -1/\sqrt{6} & -1/\sqrt{2} & -1/\sqrt{3} \\ 1/\sqrt{6} & 1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Sigma = \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{3} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \sqrt{1} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = U \Sigma V^T$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{2} \\ -1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{3} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \sqrt{1} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2/\sqrt{6} & -1/\sqrt{6} & -1/\sqrt{3} \\ 0 & -1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{3} \\ -1/\sqrt{3} & -1/\sqrt{3} & 1/\sqrt{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

2) find the SVD of A

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AA^T = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 4 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 3 \\ 3 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^T A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 5 \\ 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

Eigenvalues of $A^T A$:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 6-\lambda & 5 \\ 5 & 6-\lambda \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$36 - 6\lambda - 6\lambda + \lambda^2 - 25 = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - 12\lambda + 11 = 0$$

$$\lambda = 1, 11$$

for $\lambda = 11$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -5 & 5 \\ 5 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$-5x + 5y = 0$$

$$5x - 5y = 0$$

$$\lambda = 1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 5 \\ 5 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$5x + 5y = 0$$

$$5x + 5y = 0$$

finding norm of x_1

finding norm of x_2

$$x_1 = \begin{bmatrix} +1/\sqrt{2} \\ +1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -1/\sqrt{2} \\ +1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$V = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$V^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{2} \\ -1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sigma_1 = \sqrt{11}, \sigma_2 = \sqrt{1} = 1$$

$$\Sigma = \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{11} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{11}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{11}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1/\sqrt{2} \\ +1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 3/\sqrt{22} \\ 3/\sqrt{22} \\ 2/\sqrt{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} \\ -1/\sqrt{2} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$U = \begin{bmatrix} 3/\sqrt{22} & 1/\sqrt{2} \\ -3/\sqrt{22} & -1/\sqrt{2} \\ 2/\sqrt{22} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = U \Sigma V^T = \begin{bmatrix} 3/\sqrt{22} & 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 3/\sqrt{22} & -1/\sqrt{2} \\ 2/\sqrt{22} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{11} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{2} \\ -1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 3/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 3/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 2/\sqrt{2} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{2} \\ -1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

3) find the SVD of A

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}_{2 \times 4}$$

$$A^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}_{4 \times 2}$$

$$AA^T = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}_{2 \times 2}$$

$$A^T A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

AA^T

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2-t & 0 \\ 0 & 2-t \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2 - t(2-t) \Rightarrow t^2 - 4t + 4 = 0$$

$$(t-2)^2 = 0 \Rightarrow t=2, t=2$$

$\therefore t=2$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$0x + 0y = 0$$

assign one free variable

$$x_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$U = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^T A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1-t & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1-t & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1-t & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1-t \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow t^4 - t^3 + 4t^2 - t^2(t^2 - 4t + 4)$$

$$\Rightarrow t^2(t-2)(t-2)$$

$$t_1 = 0, 2, 2, 0$$

if $t=2$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a + 0b + c + 0d = 0$$

$$0a + b + 0c + d = 0$$

$$x_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

if $t=0$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a + 0b + c + 0d = 0$$

$$0a + b + 0c + d = 0$$

$$x_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_4 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$V = \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} & 0 & 1/\sqrt{2} & 0 \\ 0 & -1/\sqrt{2} & 0 & 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 1/\sqrt{2} & 0 & 1/\sqrt{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1/\sqrt{2} & 0 & 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$V^T = \begin{bmatrix} -1/\sqrt{2} & 0 & 1/\sqrt{2} & 0 \\ 0 & -1/\sqrt{2} & 0 & 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 1/\sqrt{2} & 0 & 1/\sqrt{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1/\sqrt{2} & 0 & 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = U \Sigma V^T$$

$$U = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Sigma = \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \sqrt{2} & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow A_{//}$$

4) Find the SVD of A

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^T = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AA^T = \begin{bmatrix} 17 & 8 \\ 8 & 17 \end{bmatrix}_{2 \times 2}$$

$$A^T A = \begin{bmatrix} 13 & 12 & 2 \\ 12 & 13 & -2 \\ 2 & -2 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AA^T - \lambda I = \begin{bmatrix} 17-\lambda & 8 \\ 8 & 17-\lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda^2 - 34\lambda + 225 = 0$$

$$(\lambda - 25)(\lambda - 9) = 0$$

$$\lambda = 9, 25$$

if $\lambda = 25$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -8 & 8 \\ 8 & -8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-8x + 8y = 0$$

$$x_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

finding norm x_1

$$x_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$U = \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 1/\sqrt{2} & -1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

if $\lambda = 9$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 8 \\ 8 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$8x + 8y = 0$$

$$x_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

finding norm x_2

$$x_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} \\ -1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

i) $A^T A$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 13-\lambda & 12 & 2 \\ 12 & 13-\lambda & -2 \\ 2 & -2 & 8-\lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda^3 - 34\lambda^2 + 225\lambda = 0$$

$$(\lambda - 25)(\lambda - 9)(\lambda - 0) = 0$$

$$\lambda = 25, \lambda = 9, \lambda = 0$$

$$\text{if } \lambda = 25$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -12 & 12 & 2 \\ 12 & -12 & -2 \\ 2 & -2 & -17 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

find norm of x_1

$$x_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{if } \lambda = 9$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 12 & 2 \\ 12 & 4 & -2 \\ 2 & -2 & -17 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

finding norm x_2

$$x_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{3} \\ 1/\sqrt{3} \\ -1/\sqrt{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{if } \lambda = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 12 & 12 & 2 \\ 12 & 12 & -2 \\ 2 & -2 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

find norm x_3

$$x_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 2/3 \\ -2/3 \\ -1/3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$V_8 = \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{3} & 2/3 \\ 1/\sqrt{2} & -1/\sqrt{3} & -2/3 \\ 0 & 4/\sqrt{3} & -1/3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{\lambda} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \sqrt{\lambda} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt{\lambda} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = [U \Sigma V^T]$$

$$\approx \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{18}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{18}} & \frac{4}{\sqrt{18}} \\ \frac{2}{3} & -\frac{2}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\underline{A}}$$

```
%S.Praveen Kumar
%AIE ch.en.u4aie22048
%Lab-3
```

```
%1)
% Set the matrix A
A = [1 0 1 ; -1 1 0];

% Compute the singular values and vectors of A*A'
[V1,D1] = eig(A*A. ');
[~,ind] = sort(diag(D1),'descend');
V1 = V1(:,ind);
S = sqrt(D1(ind,ind));
U = A.'*V1*S^(-1);

% Display the results
disp('Original matrix A:');
```

Original matrix A:

```
disp(A);
```

```
     1     0     1
    -1     1     0
```

```
disp('Singular value matrix S:');
```

Singular value matrix S:

```
disp(S);
```

```
    1.7321     0
         0    1.0000
```

```
disp('Left singular vector matrix U:');
```

Left singular vector matrix U:

```
disp(U);
```

```
   -0.8165     0
    0.4082   -0.7071
   -0.4082   -0.7071
```

```
disp('Right singular vector matrix V:');
```

Right singular vector matrix V:

```
disp(V1);
```

```
   -0.7071   -0.7071
    0.7071   -0.7071
```

```
%2)
```



```
% Set the matrix A
A = [1 2;2 1;1 1 ];

% Compute the singular values and vectors of A*A'
[V1,D1] = eig(A*A. ');
[~,ind] = sort(diag(D1),'descend');
V1 = V1(:,ind);
S = sqrt(D1(ind,ind));
U = A.'*V1*S^(-1);

% Display the results
disp('Original matrix A:');
```

Original matrix A:

```
disp(A);
```

```
1    2
2    1
1    1
```

```
disp('Singular value matrix S:');
```

Singular value matrix S:

```
disp(S);
```

```
3.3166 + 0.0000i    0.0000 + 0.0000i    0.0000 + 0.0000i
0.0000 + 0.0000i    1.0000 + 0.0000i    0.0000 + 0.0000i
0.0000 + 0.0000i    0.0000 + 0.0000i    0.0000 + 0.0000i
```

```
disp('Left singular vector matrix U:');
```

Left singular vector matrix U:

```
disp(U);
```

```
0.7071 + 0.0000i   -0.7071 + 0.0000i    0.0000 + 0.0000i
0.7071 + 0.0000i    0.7071 + 0.0000i    0.0000 + 0.0000i
```

```
disp('Right singular vector matrix V:');
```

Right singular vector matrix V:

```
disp(V1);
```

```
0.6396    0.7071    0.3015
0.6396   -0.7071    0.3015
0.4264   -0.0000   -0.9045
```

```
%3)
% Set the matrix A
A = [1 0 1 0;0 1 0 1];

% Compute the singular values and vectors of A*A'
[V1,D1] = eig(A*A. ');
```

```
[~,ind] = sort(diag(D1),'descend');
V1 = V1(:,ind);
S = sqrt(D1(ind,ind));
U = A.'*V1*S^(-1);
```

```
% Display the results
disp('Original matrix A:');
```

Original matrix A:

```
disp(A);
```

```
1    0    1    0
0    1    0    1
```

```
disp('Singular value matrix S:');
```

Singular value matrix S:

```
disp(S);
```

```
1.4142    0
0    1.4142
```

```
disp('Left singular vector matrix U:');
```

Left singular vector matrix U:

```
disp(U);
```

```
0.7071    0
0    0.7071
0.7071    0
0    0.7071
```

```
disp('Right singular vector matrix V:');
```

Right singular vector matrix V:

```
disp(V1);
```

```
1    0
0    1
```

```
%4)
% Set the matrix A
A = [3 2 2;2 3 -2];

% Compute the singular values and vectors of A*A'
[V1,D1] = eig(A*A. ');
 [~,ind] = sort(diag(D1),'descend');
V1 = V1(:,ind);
S = sqrt(D1(ind,ind));
U = A.'*V1*S^(-1);

% Display the results
```



```
disp('Original matrix A:');
```

Original matrix A:

```
disp(A);
```

```
3    2    2
2    3   -2
```

```
disp('Singular value matrix S:');
```

Singular value matrix S:

```
disp(S);
```

```
5    0
0    3
```

```
disp('Left singular vector matrix U:');
```

Left singular vector matrix U:

```
disp(U);
```

```
0.7071   -0.2357
0.7071    0.2357
0        -0.9428
```

```
disp('Right singular vector matrix V:');
```

Right singular vector matrix V:

```
disp(V1);
```

```
0.7071   -0.7071
0.7071    0.7071
```