

Operating systems 1

IPC communication – semaphores

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Introduction

This lab primarily focused on Inter-process communication (IPC) using semaphores. The Linux semaphore API for the C language was introduced in this lab.

BRIEF OVERVIEW OF THEORY

1.1 **SEMAPHORES**

Semaphores are abstract data types that have two indivisible operations defined, namely, p – wait and v – signal. A binary semaphore is the simplest type of semaphore and which can only have two values, o and 1, available through p and v operations. Operation p reduces the value off a semaphore, and suspends the process if the value is less than 1. Operation p resumes a suspended process if the semaphore value is 0, or increases the value by 1 if the semaphore is not 0. Semaphores can only be accessed using the appropriate system calls.

1.2 SEMAPHORE API

C programs using semaphores need to include the following header files:

- o sys/types.h contains type definitions
- o sys/ipc.h contains function declarations and structure definitions common to all ipc mechanisms
- o sys/sem.h contains functions and structures designed solely to handle semaphores.

Generally, the essential functions to use a semaphore in C are:

- o semget() creates a semaphore set and returns its id or returns the id of an existing one, accepts a key generated using ftok() or the IPC_PRIVATE constant, the number of semaphores in the set, and flags related to the function as arguments
- o semop () perform atomic operations on a semaphore
- o semctl() used to control the semaphore set

2 EXERCISES

2.1 TASK 1

A program that utilizes a private semaphore. Source code can be found in the source section (here). Output for this task is shown below:

```
Parent Process
Child Process
```

```
Child Process
Child Process
Child Process
Child Process
```

Output for task 1

2.2 TASK 2

Task 1 modified to print messages alternatively instead of all at once. Source code can be found in the source section (here). Output for this task is shown below:

Output for task 2

2.3 TASK 3

Utilization of child processes alongside semaphores. Source code can be found in the source section (here). Output for this task is shown below:

```
VAL 0 = 1
VAL 1 = 1
VAL 2 = 1
VAL 3 = 1
VAL 4 = 1
VAL 5 = 1
VAL 6 = 1
VAL 7 = 1
VAL 8 = 1
VAL 9 = 1
OP 0, 0
OP 1, 0
OP 2, 0
OP 3, 0
OP 4, 0
OP 5, 0
OP 6, 0
OP 7, 0
OP 8, 0
OP 9, 0
```

Output for task 3

2.4 TASK 4

Processes increasing value of a semaphore. Source code can be found in the source section (here). Output for this task is shown below:

```
VAL = 0

VAL = 1

VAL = 2

VAL = 3

VAL = 4

VAL = 5
```

Output for task 4

2.5 TASK 5

Synchronization of named pipes. Source code can be found in the source section (here). Output for this task is shown below

```
Terminal 1
P1 wrote 3
P1 wrote 5
P1 wrote 7
P1 wrote 9
P1 wrote 11
P1 wrote 13
P1 wrote 15
P1 wrote 17
P1 wrote 19
P1 wrote 21
Terminal 2
Op success
User1: 3
Op success
User1: 5
Op success
User1: 7
Op success
User1: 9
Op success
User1: 11
Op success
User1: 13
Op success
User1: 15
Op success
User1: 17
Op success
User1: 19
Op success
```

```
User1: 21
```

Output for task 5

2.6 TASK 6

Demonstration of a deadlock (original code from the internet, which I modified to create a deadlock). Source code can be found in the source section (here). Output for this task is shown below:

```
The Dining-Philosophers Problem
Philosopher 0 at the table
Philosopher 2 at the table
Philosopher 3 at the table
Philosopher 4 at the table
Philosopher 1 at the table
0: Philosopher 3 is thinking ...
0: Philosopher 4 is thinking ...
0: Philosopher 0 is thinking ...
0: Philosopher 1 is thinking ...
0: Philosopher 2 is thinking ...
0: Philosopher 2 is thinking ...
```

Output for task 6

2.7 TASK 7

IPC_UNDO flag demonstration. Without the flag, 2.2 and 1.1 would be equal. Source code can be found in the source section (here). Output for this task is shown below:

```
Val 2.1 = 1
Child Process
Child Process
Child Process
Child Process
Child Process
Val 2.2 = 0
Val 1.1 = 1
Parent Process
Val 1.2 = 1
```

Output for task 7

2.8 TASK 8

I encountered an error during this task. Source code can be found in the source section (here). Output for this task is shown below:

```
semctl: Numerical result out of range
```

Output for task 8

2.9 TASK 9

2.10 TASK 10

Message queue synchronization using semaphores. Source code can be found in the source section (here). Output for this task is shown below:

```
Received message: Operating Systems

Output for task 9
```

Message queue synchronization using semaphores. Source code can be found in the source section (here). Output for this task is shown below:

```
Got number from child process: 1
Got number from child process: 2
Got number from child process: 3
Got number from child process: 4
Got number from child process: 5
Got number from child process: 6
Got number from child process: 7
Got number from child process: 8
Got number from child process: 9
Got number from child process: 9
Got number from child process: 10
END
```

Output for task 10

3 CONCLUSION

During this lab, I learnt about synchronization between processes using semaphores to implement code sequentially. I learnt how synchronize various IPC communication methods discussed in the precious labs such as message queues suing semaphores.

4 SOURCE

4.1 SOURCE CODE FOR EXERCISE ONE

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
```

```
#include <sys/sem.h>
union semun {
   int val;
   struct semid ds *buf;
   unsigned short *array;
};
struct sembuf p = \{ 0, -1, SEM UNDO \};
struct sembuf v = \{ 0, +1, SEM UNDO \};
int main()
    int id = semget(IPC PRIVATE, 1, 0666 | IPC CREAT);
   if(id < 0)
        perror("semget"); exit(11);
   union semun u;
   u.val = 1;
   if(semctl(id, 0, SETVAL, u) < 0)</pre>
        perror("semctl"); exit(12);
    int pid;
    pid = fork();
    if(pid < 0)
        perror("fork"); exit(1);
    else if (pid)
       sleep(1);
       for (int i = 0; i < 25; ++i)
            if (semop(id, \&p, 1) < 0)
                perror("semop p"); exit(13);
            printf("Child Process\n");
            if (semop(id, \&v, 1) < 0)
                perror("semop p"); exit(14);
    else
        for (int i = 0; i < 25; ++i)
            if (semop(id, \&p, 1) < 0)
                perror("semop p"); exit(15);
```

```
printf("Parent Process\n");
    if(semop(id, &v, 1) < 0)
    {
        perror("semop p"); exit(16);
    }
}</pre>
```

4.2 SOURCE CODE FOR EXERCISE TWO

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/sem.h>
union semun {
   int val;
    struct semid ds *buf;
   unsigned short *array;
};
struct sembuf p = { 0, -1, SEM_UNDO};
struct sembuf v = \{ 0, +1, SEM UNDO \};
int main()
   int id = semget(IPC PRIVATE, 1, 0666 | IPC CREAT);
    if(id < 0)
        perror("semget"); exit(11);
   union semun u;
   u.val = 1;
    if(semctl(id, 0, SETVAL, u) < 0)</pre>
       perror("semctl"); exit(12);
    int pid;
   pid = fork();
   if(pid < 0)</pre>
        perror("fork"); exit(1);
    else if (pid)
        for (int i = 0; i < 25; ++i)
            if (semop(id, \&p, 1) < 0)
                perror("semop p"); exit(13);
```

```
    printf("Child Process\n");
    if(semop(id, &v, 1) < 0)
    {
        perror("semop p"); exit(14);
    }
}
else
{
    for(int i = 0; i < 25; ++i)
    {
        if(semop(id, &p, 1) < 0)
        {
            perror("semop p"); exit(15);
        }
        printf("Parent Process\n");
        if(semop(id, &v, 1) < 0)
        {
            perror("semop p"); exit(16);
        }
    }
    sleep(1);
}
</pre>
```

4.3 SOURCE CODE FOR EXERCISE THREE

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/sem.h>
union semun {
    int val;
    struct semid ds *buf;
    unsigned short *array;
};
struct sembuf p = \{ 0, -1, SEM UNDO \};
struct sembuf p1 = { 1, -1, SEM_UNDO};
struct sembuf p2 = { 2, -1, SEM_UNDO};
struct sembuf p3 = \{ 3, -1, SEM UNDO \};
struct sembuf p4 = \{ 4, -1, SEM UNDO \};
struct sembuf p5 = \{ 5, -1, SEM UNDO \};
struct sembuf p6 = \{ 6, -1, SEM UNDO \};
struct sembuf p7 = \{ 7, -1, SEM UNDO \};
struct sembuf p8 = \{ 8, -1, SEM UNDO \};
struct sembuf p9 = \{ 9, -1, SEM UNDO \};
int main()
{
    int id = semget(IPC PRIVATE, 10, 0666 | IPC CREAT);
```

```
int i;
if(id < 0)
    perror("semget"); exit(11);
union semun u;
u.val = 1;
for(i=0;i<10;i++) {
    if (semctl(id, i, SETVAL, u) < 0) {</pre>
        perror("semctl");
        exit(12);
for(i=0;i<10;i++) {
    printf("VAL %d = %d\n",i, semctl(id, i, GETVAL, u));
if(fork() < 0)
    perror("fork"); exit(1);
sleep(1);
if(getppid()) {
    sleep(1);
    for (i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        if (semctl(id, i, GETVAL, u) == 0) {
            continue;
        if (semctl(id, i, GETVAL, u) == 1) {
            if(i==0){
                if (semop(id, \&p, 1) < 0) {
                    perror("semop p");
                    exit(13);
                } }
            if (i==1) {
                if (semop(id, \&p1, 1) < 0) {
```

```
perror("semop p");
                     exit(13);
                } }
            if (i==2) {
                 if (semop(id, \&p2, 1) < 0) {
                     perror("semop p");
                     exit(13);}}
            if (i==3) {
                 if (semop(id, &p3, 1) < 0) {
                     perror("semop p");
                     exit(13);
                 } }
            if (i==4) {
                 if (semop(id, \&p4, 1) < 0) {
                     perror("semop p");
                     exit(13);
                 } }
            if (i==5) {
                 if (semop(id, \&p5, 1) < 0) {
                    perror("semop p");
                     exit(13);
                 } }
            if (i==6) {
                 if (semop(id, &p6, 1) < 0) {
                     perror("semop p");
                     exit(13);
                 } }
            if (i==7) {
                 if (semop(id, \&p7, 1) < 0) {
                     perror("semop p");
                     exit(13);
                 } }
            if (i==8) {
                 if (semop(id, \&p8, 1) < 0) {
                    perror("semop p");
                     exit(13);
                 } }
            if (i==9) {
                 if (semop(id, \&p9, 1) < 0) {
                     perror("semop p");
                     exit(13);
                 } }
            printf("OP %d, %d\n", i, semctl(id, i, GETVAL, u));
            break;
   }
sleep(1);
```

4.4 SOURCE CODE FOR EXERCISE FOUR

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/sem.h>
union semun {
   int val;
   struct semid ds *buf;
   unsigned short *array;
};
struct sembuf v = \{ 0, 1, 0 \};
void do work(int id, union semun u) {
    int temp=semctl(id, 0, GETVAL, u);
    if(temp>=5) {
        return;
   while(1){
        if (semctl(id, 0, GETVAL, u) == temp) {
            if (semop(id, &v, 1) < 0) {
                perror("semop p");
                exit(13);
        if (semctl(id, 0, GETVAL, u) > temp) {
            printf("VAL = %d\n", semctl(id, 0, GETVAL, u));
            break;
}
int main()
   int id = semget(IPC PRIVATE, 1, 0600);
   if(id < 0)
        perror("semget"); exit(11);
   union semun u;
   u.val = 0;
   printf("VAL = %d\n", semctl(id, 0, GETVAL, u));
   int a, b, c;
   a=fork();
   b=fork();
   c=fork();
   sleep(1);
    if(a>0) {
        do work(id,u);
    sleep(3);
    if(b>0) {
        do work(id,u);
```

```
sleep(2);
if(c>0) {
    do_work(id,u);
}
```

4.5 SOURCE CODE FOR EXERCISE FIVE

4.5.1 Part 1

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/sem.h>
#include <unistd.h>
union semun {
   int val;
   struct semid ds *buf;
   unsigned short *array;
};
struct sembuf p = \{ 0, -1, SEM UNDO \};
struct sembuf v = \{ 0, +1, SEM UNDO \};
int main()
    int key=ftok("/temp",8);
    int id = semget(key, 1, 0666 | IPC_CREAT);
   if(id < 0)
        perror("semget"); exit(11);
   union semun u;
   u.val = 1;
   int fd2;
   char * myfifo = "/tmp/myfifo";
   mkfifo(myfifo, 0666);
    int n;
    while (1)
        // First open in read only and read
        fd2 = open(myfifo, O RDONLY);
        if (semop(id, \&p, 1) < 0)
            perror("semop p"); exit(13);
        } else{
```

```
read(fd2, &n, sizeof(n));
    printf("Op success\n");
}

// Print the read string and close
    printf("User1: %d\n", n);
    if(n>20){
        break;
    }
    close(fd2);
    sleep(1);
}

if(unlink("myfifo")<0)
    perror("unlink");
return 0;
}</pre>
```

4.5.2 Part 2

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/sem.h>
union semun {
   int val;
   struct semid ds *buf;
   unsigned short *array;
};
struct sembuf p = \{ 0, -1, SEM UNDO \};
struct sembuf v = \{ 0, +1, SEM UNDO \};
int main()
    int key=ftok("/temp",8);
    int id = semget(key, 1, 0666 | IPC CREAT);
    if(id < 0)
        perror("semget"); exit(11);
   union semun u;
   u.val = 1;
   int fd1;
   int i=1;
    char * myfifo = "/tmp/myfifo";
   mkfifo(myfifo, 0666);
```

```
char arr1[80], arr2[80];
while (i<22)
{
    i+=2;
    fd1 = open(myfifo, O_WRONLY);
    if(semop(id, &v, 1) < 0)
    {
        perror("semop p"); exit(14);
    } else{
        write(fd1, &i, sizeof(i));
    }
    sleep(1);
    printf("P1 wrote %d\n",i);
    close(fd1);
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

4.6 SOURCE CODE FOR EXERCISE SIX

```
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/sem.h>
const int N PHILOSOPHERS = 5;
const int MEALS TO HEAVEN = 10;
const int MAX DELAY = 500000;
int chopsticks;
int not_at_table;
int philosopher(int n);
int main(){
   int i, status;
   pid t phil[N PHILOSOPHERS];
   printf("The Dining-Philosophers Problem\n");
    chopsticks = semget(IPC PRIVATE, N PHILOSOPHERS, IPC CREAT | 0600);
    for (i=0; i<N PHILOSOPHERS; i++) {</pre>
        semctl(chopsticks, i, SETVAL, 1);
   not at table = semget(IPC PRIVATE, 1, IPC CREAT | 0600);
    semctl(not at table, 0, SETVAL, 5);
   for(i=0; i < N PHILOSOPHERS; i++) {</pre>
        int pid = fork();
```

```
if(pid == 0){
            int ret = philosopher(i);
            exit(ret);
        else{
            phil[i] = pid;
    }
    for(i = 0; i < N PHILOSOPHERS; i++) {</pre>
       waitpid(phil[i], &status, 0);
    semctl(chopsticks, 0, IPC RMID, 0);
    semctl(not at table, 0, IPC RMID, 0);
   return 0;
int philosopher(int n) {
   int i, j, first, second;
   struct sembuf op;
    op.sem flg = 0;
    srand(n);
    //Create deadlock by using same order of chopstick request for
first and last philosophers
   first = (n < N PHILOSOPHERS)? n
                                        : 0;
   second = (n < N PHILOSOPHERS)? n : N_PHILOSOPHERS-1; //Changing</pre>
'n' to 'n+1' will solve the issue of the deadlock
    op.sem op = -1;
    op.sem num = 0;
    semop(not at table, &op, 1);
    printf("Philosopher %d at the table\n", n);
    op.sem op = 0;
    op.sem num = 0;
    semop(not at table, &op, 1);
    for(i = 0; i < MEALS TO HEAVEN; i++) {</pre>
        int sleep time = rand() % MAX DELAY;
        usleep(sleep time);
        printf("%2d: Philosopher %d is thinking ...\n", i,n);
        op.sem op = -1;
        op.sem num = first;
        semop(chopsticks, &op, 1);
        op.sem op = -1;
        op.sem num = second;
        semop(chopsticks, &op, 1);
```

```
printf("%2d: Philosopher %d is eating ...\n", i,n);

op.sem_op = +1;
  op.sem_num = first;
  semop(chopsticks, &op, 1);

op.sem_op = +1;
  op.sem_num = second;
  semop(chopsticks, &op, 1);
}

printf("Philosopher %d going to heaven\n",n);
  exit(n);
}
```

4.7 SOURCE CODE FOR EXERCISE SEVEN

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/sem.h>
union semun {
   int val;
   struct semid ds *buf;
   unsigned short *array;
};
struct sembuf p = { 0, -1, SEM_UNDO};
struct sembuf v = \{ 0, +1, SEM UNDO \};
int main()
    int id = semget(IPC PRIVATE, 1, 0666 | IPC CREAT);
   if(id < 0)
       perror("semget"); exit(11);
   union semun u;
   u.val = 1;
    if(semctl(id, 0, SETVAL, u) < 0)</pre>
        perror("semctl"); exit(12);
    int pid;
   pid = fork();
   if(pid < 0)
        perror("fork"); exit(1);
```

```
else if (pid)
    printf("Val 2.1 = %d\n", semctl(id, 0, GETVAL, u));
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; ++i)
        if (semop(id, \&p, 1) < 0)
            perror("semop p"); exit(13);
        printf("Child Process\n");
        if (semop(id, \&v, 1) < 0)
            perror("semop p"); exit(14);
    if (semop(id, \&p, 1) < 0)
        perror("semop p"); exit(13);
    printf("Val 2.2 = %d\n", semctl(id, 0, GETVAL, u));
else
    printf("Val 1.1 = %d\n", semctl(id, 0, GETVAL, u));
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; ++i)
        if (semop(id, \&p, 1) < 0)
            perror("semop p"); exit(15);
        printf("Parent Process\n");
        if (semop(id, \&v, 1) < 0)
            perror("semop p"); exit(16);
    printf("Val 1.2 = %d\n", semctl(id, 0, GETVAL, u));
sleep(1);
```

4.8 SOURCE CODE FOR EXERCISE EIGHT

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/sem.h>

union semun {
   int val;
   struct semid ds *buf;
```

```
unsigned short *array;
}arg;
struct sembuf p = \{ 0, -1, SEM UNDO \};
struct sembuf v = { 0, +1, SEM_UNDO};
int main()
   int id = semget(IPC PRIVATE, 1, 0666 | IPC CREAT);
   if(id < 0)
        perror("semget"); exit(11);
   union semun u;
   u.val = 1;
   short unsigned int a=2;
   u.array = &a;
   if(semctl(id, 0, SETVAL, u) < 0)</pre>
       perror("semctl"); exit(12);
   int pid;
   pid = fork();
    if(pid < 0)
        perror("fork"); exit(1);
    else if(pid)
        for (int i = 0; i < 5; ++i)
            if (semop(id, \&p, 1) < 0)
                perror("semop p"); exit(13);
            printf("Child Process\n");
            if (semop(id, \&v, 1) < 0)
                perror("semop p"); exit(14);
    }
    else
        for (int i = 0; i < 5; ++i)
            if (semop(id, \&p, 1) < 0)
                perror("semop p"); exit(15);
            printf("Parent Process\n");
            if (semop(id, \&v, 1) < 0)
                perror("semop p"); exit(16);
```

```
int x= semctl(id, 0, SETALL, u);
printf("SETALL = %d\n", x);
int y= semctl(id, 0, GETALL, u);
printf("GETALL = %d\n", y);

}
sleep(1);
}
```

4.9 SOURCE CODE FOR EXERCISE NINE

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/sem.h>
#include<sys/msq.h>
#include<string.h>
#define TEXT LENGTH 50
struct msgbuf {
    long type;
    char mtext[TEXT LENGTH];
};
union semun {
   int val;
    struct semid ds *buf;
    unsigned short *array;
};
struct sembuf p = \{ 0, -1, SEM UNDO \};
struct sembuf v = \{ 0, +1, SEM UNDO \};
void send message(int mqid, char message[], int id 1)
    if (semop(id 1, \&p, 1) < 0)
        perror("semop p"); exit(13);
    }else{
        struct msgbuf buffer;
        buffer.type = 1;
        memset (buffer.mtext, 0, sizeof (buffer.mtext));
        strncpy(buffer.mtext, message, TEXT LENGTH-1);
        if (msgsnd(mqid, &buffer, sizeof(buffer.mtext), 0) < 0)</pre>
            perror("msgsnd");
```

```
void receive message(int mqid, int id 1)
    if (semop(id 1, \&v, 1) < 0)
        perror("semop p"); exit(13);
    } else{
        struct msgbuf buffer;
        if (msgrcv(mqid, &buffer, sizeof(buffer.mtext), 1, 0) < 0)</pre>
            perror("msgrcv");
        else
            printf("Received message: %s\n", buffer.mtext);
}
int remove queue( int qid )
    if ( msgctl ( qid, IPC RMID, 0) == -1)
       return(-1);
   return(0);
int main(void)
   int id 1 = semget(IPC PRIVATE, 1, 0666 | IPC CREAT);
   if(id 1 < 0)
        perror("semget"); exit(11);
   union semun u;
   u.val = 1;
   int id = msgget(IPC PRIVATE, 0600 | IPC NOWAIT);
   int a=fork();
    if(id<0)
        perror("msgget");
    if(a!=0){
       receive message(id, id 1);
    else{
        send message(id, "Operating Systems", id 1);
    remove queue (id);
   return 0;
```

4.10 SOURCE CODE FOR EXERCISE TEN

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/sem.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
union semun {
   int val;
   struct semid ds *buf;
   unsigned short *array;
};
struct sembuf p = \{ 0, -1, 0 \};
struct sembuf v = \{ 0, +1, 0 \};
void child process(int fd[]) {
   close(fd[0]);
   int x;
   for (x=1; x \le 10; x++)
        write(fd[1], &x, sizeof(int));
   close(fd[1]);
}
int parent process(int fd[]) {
   close(fd[1]);
   int y;
    for (int x=1; x<=10; x++) {
        read(fd[0], &y, sizeof(int));
        printf("Got number from child process: %d\n", y);
    close(fd[0]);
   return y;
int main(int argc, char *argv[]){
   int id 1 = semget(IPC PRIVATE, 1, 0666 | IPC CREAT);
    if(id 1 < 0)
        perror("semget"); exit(11);
   union semun u;
   u.val = 1;
   int fd[2];
   if(pipe(fd) == -1){
        printf("Error occurred\n");
       return 1;
```

```
int id=fork();
if(id<0)
    perror("fork error");
if(id==0){
    child process(fd);
    if (\text{semop}(\text{id } 1, \&v, 1) < 0)
        perror("semop p"); exit(13);
    } else{
        return 0;
}
else{
    int x = parent process(fd);
    if(x==10){
        if(semop(id_1, &p, 1) < 0)
            perror("semop p"); exit(13);
         } else{
            printf("END\n");
return 0;
```