



# Spring for JavaServerFaces

A match made in heaven?

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**Slides and demos available at**

**<http://blog.springsource.com>**



## Who am I?

- **Web Application Developer**
- **Creator of Spring Web Flow**
- **Technical Lead, SpringSource Web Dev Products**
- **Principal Author, SpringSource Training Curriculum**
- **Director, The Spring Experience Conference Series**
- **Member, JSF 2.0 Expert Group, with Jeremy Grelle**
- **JavaOne, NFJS, and TSSJS Speaker**



# Agenda

## ● Introduction

- Spring
- JavaServerFaces

## ● Integration Approaches

- JSF-centric
- Spring-centric

## ● Real World Examples



# Introduction

- **What is Spring?**

- The leading Java application framework

- **Spring delivers**

- A container that manages your application architecture
- Helpers for integrating popular ORMs like Hibernate
- Declarative transaction management
- Web services and messaging support
- A platform for developing web applications using the MVC paradigm



## Spring and Java EE

- **Spring and Java EE are complementary**
- **Spring provides a lightweight application platform for integrating Java EE Services**
  - **Java Persistence Architecture (JPA)**
  - **Java Database Connectivity (JDBC)**
  - **Java Management Extensions (JMX)**
  - **Java Server Faces (JSF)**



# JavaServerFaces (JSF)

- **What is JavaServerFaces?**

- A framework for building user interfaces of Java web applications

- **JSF delivers**

- The leading Java-based web UI component model
  - Event-driven
  - Declarative authoring of pages
- Extension points for binding to managed application services
- Extension points for page navigation handling



# Spring and JavaServerFaces

- **JSF fits into the web layer of a Spring web application**
- **There are two approaches to integration**



# Integration Approaches

- **JSF-centric (“basic”)**

- Looser level of integration
- Spring fits into the JSF world
  - Behind a `javax.faces.FacesServlet`

- **Spring-centric (“deep”)**

- Deeper level of integration
- JSF fits into the Spring world
  - Behind an `org.springframework.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet`





## JSF-centric Integration Approach

- **Spring plugs in as a JSF managed bean provider**
  - Can replace or supplement JSFs built-in facility
- **Spring can also be used to configure custom JSF artifacts**
  - Navigation handlers
  - Phase Listeners



# Usage Pattern

- **Has evolved from Spring 1.x to Spring 2.x**
- **Spring 1.x**
  - Spring manages your application-scoped services
  - JSF manages your request-scoped and session-scoped beans
    - References to services are injected using JSF's facilities
- **Spring 2.x**
  - Spring manages your beans across all scopes
  - Can replace managed-bean declarations in faces-config.xml



# Benefits of using Spring as a JSF managed bean provider

- **Less verbose configuration**
  - More concise XML syntax
  - Elegant annotation-based syntax (Spring 2.5)
- **One facility to learn**
  - If you use Spring elsewhere, why not for configuring JSF too?
- **Full power of Spring's container is available**
  - Constructor injection
  - Lifecycle callbacks
  - Aspects



## Demo

- **JSF-centric integration approach**
  - Spring Travel Reference Web Application
- **Code available at the SpringSource Team Blog**
  - <http://blog.springsource.com>



# Are there useful things JSF's facility does Spring does not?

- **EL support**

- The ability to inject the result of an EL expression evaluation into a managed bean
- Useful for conveniently injecting web state into managed beans
  - Request parameters
  - Session attributes
  - Any implicit web variable

- **EL support is being added in Spring 3.0**



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## ● Introduction

- Spring
- JavaServerFaces

## ● Integration Approaches

- JSF-centric
- **Spring-centric**

## ● Real World Examples



# Spring-centric JSF Integration Approach

- **JSF plugs into Spring as a View implementation**
  - Integrates with Spring MVC and Web Flow
  - FacesServlet is not used
- **Spring is used**
  - As the managed bean provider
  - As the request dispatcher
  - As the navigation handler
  - As the state manager
  - As a lightweight JSF component library



# Usage Pattern

- **Deploy a Spring MVC DispatcherServlet**
- **Implement Controllers for stateless interactions**
  - These controllers can select JSF views for rendering
- **Implement Web Flows for stateful conversations**
- **Use the Spring Faces library for**
  - Client-side validation components
  - Ajax in a JSF environment
  - Progressive UICommand components
  - JSF utilities





## Benefits of a Spring-centric approach

- **Full control over URLs**
- **More concise, powerful expression of UI control logic**
  - Page navigation rules
  - Exception handling rules
- **Finer-grained state management**
  - ViewScope, ConversationScope
- **One model to learn**
  - If you already familiar with Spring for MVC, why not use it to process standard JSF views too?



## Demo

- **Spring-centric integration approach**
  - Spring Travel Reference Web Application
- **Code available at the SpringSource Team Blog**
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## Demo Comparison (1)

	<b>Plain JSF</b>	<b>Spring-centric JSF</b>
<b>Number of Controller Artifacts</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Lines of code</b>	<b>333</b>	<b>95</b>



## Demo Comparision (2)

	<b>Plain JSF</b>	<b>Spring-centric JSF</b>
<b>Ajax</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>Yes</b>
<b>View Scope</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>Yes</b>
<b>Conversation Scope</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>Yes</b>
<b>Modularization</b>	<b>Limited</b>	<b>Yes</b>
<b>View Lifecycle Callbacks</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>Yes</b>
<b>Automatic Redirect After Post</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>Yes</b>
<b>Protected Views</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>Yes</b>



## Demo Comparision (3)

	<b>Plain JSF</b>	<b>Spring-centric JSF</b>
<b>Degradation</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>Yes</b>
<b>Hot Reloadable Changes</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>Yes</b>
<b>Exception Handling</b>	<b>Limited</b>	<b>Yes</b>
<b>URL Control</b>	<b>Limited</b>	<b>Yes</b>
<b>Bookmarkable Pages</b>	<b>Limited</b>	<b>Limited</b>
<b>MVC Architecture</b>	<b>View Driven</b>	<b>Controller Driven</b>



# When to use which integration approach?

## ● JSF-centric

- Most common for existing JSF applications
- Most natural for a seasoned JSF developer with little Spring experience

## ● Spring-centric

- Best for new JSF web applications
  - Deeper level of integration offers simplicity and power for JSF in one integrated offering
- Most natural for Spring developers (“Springers”)



## Other common JSF pain points addressed by the Spring-centric approach

- **Proliferation of verbose XML configuration**
  - Solved by annotation-based configuration
  - Solved by modularizing your web application by domain use case
- **Poor performance / memory overhead**
  - Solved by reducing session state and serialization overhead with ViewScope and ConversationScope
- **POST Only / Lack of control over URLs**
  - Solved by Spring MVC's robust `UrlHandlerMapping` machinery
- **Browser back button usage problems**
  - Solved by automatic post+redirect+get



## Roadmap for the future

- **Declarative site definition language (DSL)**
  - Will provide a complete web site modeling language inspired by Jesse James Garret's Visual Vocabulary
  - Similar, but broader than Web Flow's existing "flow definition language"
    - Provides a complete "site map"
    - Allows for a mixing of standalone pages and reusable flows with other "site elements"
      - Providing a natural lexicon for UI developers
- **Use of scripting languages for site flow definition**
  - Provide a elegant mix of declarative and imperative constructs





## Summary

- **Spring and JSF are a great fit**
- **Spring provides complete JSF support**
- **Two integration approaches exist for integrating Spring and JSF**
  - JSF-centric (“basic”)
  - Spring-centric (“deep”)
- **Learn more at [www.springframework.org](http://www.springframework.org)**



# Questions?