Tuples Sets Dictionaries

 $index_of_3 = my_tuple.index(3)$

```
1. **Tuples:**
A tuple is an immutable, ordered collection of elements.
# Creating Tuples:
```python
my_tuple = (1, 2, 3)
Accessing Elements:
```python
print(my_tuple[0]) # Output: 1
# Tuple Packing and Unpacking:
```python
Packing
packed_tuple = 1, 2, 3
Unpacking
a, b, c = packed tuple
print(a, b, c) # Output: 1 2 3
Tuple Methods:
Tuples have a few methods, but since they are immutable, these methods don't modify the tuple but
return new tuples.
- **`count()` method:**
 - Returns the number of occurrences of a specified value.
  ```python
  my_tuple = (1, 2, 3, 2, 4, 2)
  count_of_2 = my_tuple.count(2)
  print(count_of_2) # Output: 3
- **`index()` method:**
 - Returns the index of the first occurrence of a specified value.
  ```python
```

```
print(index_of_3) # Output: 2
2. **Sets:**
A set is an unordered collection of unique elements.
Creating Sets:
```python
my_set = \{1, 2, 3\}
# Adding and Removing Elements:
```python
my_set.add(4)
my_set.remove(2)
Set Operations:
```python
set1 = \{1, 2, 3\}
set2 = {3, 4, 5}
union_set = set1 | set2 # Union
intersection_set = set1 & set2 # Intersection
difference_set = set1 - set2 # Set Difference
# Set Methods:
- **`add()` method:**
 - Adds an element to the set.
  ```python
 my_set.add(5)
- **`remove()` method:**
 - Removes the specified element.
  ```python
  my_set.remove(3)
- **`union()` method:**
 - Returns a new set with elements from both sets.
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```python
 union_set = set1.union(set2)
- **`intersection()` method:**
 - Returns a new set with elements common to both sets.
  ```python
  intersection_set = set1.intersection(set2)
3. **Dictionaries:**
A dictionary is an unordered collection of key-value pairs.
# Creating Dictionaries:
```python
my_dict = {'key1': 'value1', 'key2': 'value2', 'key3': 'value3'}
Accessing and Modifying Elements:
```python
print(my_dict['key1']) # Output: 'value1'
my_dict['key2'] = 'new_value'
# Dictionary Methods:
- **`keys()` method:**
 - Returns a view of all keys in the dictionary.
  ```python
 keys = my_dict.keys()
- **`values()` method:**
 - Returns a view of all values in the dictionary.
  ```python
  values = my_dict.values()
- **`items()` method:**
 - Returns a view of all key-value pairs in the dictionary.
```

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```python
items = my_dict.items()

- **`get()` method:**
- Returns the value of the specified key. If the key does not exist, it returns a default value (or `None`).
    ```python
    value = my_dict.get('key4', 'default_value')
    ```
```