Multiple-Choice Questions:

1. What is the output of the following Python code? ```python print("Hello" + "World") a) HelloWorld b) Hello World c) Hello + World d) Syntax Error Answer: a) HelloWorld 2. Which of the following is a numeric data type in Python? a) str b) list c) float d) bool Answer: c) float 3. What does the '%' operator do in the context of string formatting? a) Multiplication b) Division c) String Concatenation d) String Formatting Answer: d) String Formatting 4. How can you convert a string to an integer in Python? a) `str()` b) `int()` c) `float()` d) `bool()` Answer: b) `int()`

5. Which function is used for printing output in Python?
a) `display()` b) `print()` c) `show()` d) `output()`
Answer: b) `print()`
6. What does the `sep` parameter in the `print()` function control?
a) End characterb) Separator between valuesc) File to write tod) Formatting options
Answer: b) Separator between values
7. What is the result of `5 / 2` in Python?
a) 2 b) 2.5 c) 3 d) 2.0
Answer: b) 2.5
8. How can you convert a float to an integer in Python?
a) `int()` b) `str()` c) `float()` d) `bool()`
Answer: a) `int()`
9. Which of the following is an example of a syntax error?
a) `print("Hello", "World")`b) `print("Hello" + "World")`

```
c) `print("Hello" "World")`
d) `print("Hello" + World")`
Answer: d) `print("Hello" + World")`
10. What will the following code output?
```python
name = "Alice"
print(f"My name is {name}")
a) My name is Alice
b) My name is {name}
c) My name is 'Alice'
d) Syntax Error
Answer: a) My name is Alice
11. How can you round a floating-point number to two decimal places?
a) `round(number, 2)`
b) `float(number, 2)`
c) 'decimal(number, 2)'
d) `math.round(number, 2)`
Answer: a) `round(number, 2)`
12. What is the result of `2 3` in Python?
a) 5
b) 6
c) 8
d) 10
Answer: c) 8
13. Which function is used for converting a character to its ASCII code?
a) `chr()`
b) `ord()`
```

```
c) `ascii()`
d) `char()`
Answer: b) `ord()`
14. What is the hexadecimal representation of the decimal number 15?
a) 0x0F
b) 0b1111
c) 15h
d) 0o17
Answer: a) 0x0F
15. How can you check if a substring is present in a string?
a) `substring in string`
b) `string.contains(substring)`
c) `string.include(substring)`
d) `string.has(substring)`
Answer: a) `substring in string`
16. Which function is used for converting an integer to a binary string?
a) `binary()`
b) `bin()`
c) `to_binary()`
d) `int_to_bin()`
Answer: b) `bin()`
17. What does the 'end' parameter in the 'print()' function control?
a) Separator between values
b) File to write to
c) End character
d) Formatting options
Answer: c) End character
```

---

```
18. How can you convert a string to uppercase in Python?
a) `string.upper()`
b) `string.to_upper()`
c) `uppercase(string)`
d) `to_uppercase(string)`
Answer: a) `string.upper()`
19. What is the output of the following code?
```python
x = 3
y = 2.5
print("x + y = ", x + y)
a) x + y = 5
b) x + y = 5.5
c) x + y = "32.5"
d) Syntax Error
Answer: b) x + y = 5.5
20. How can you convert a string to a list of characters in Python?
a) `list(string)`
b) `string.to_list()`
c) `split(string)`
d) `char_list(string)`
Answer: a) `list(string)`
21. What is the output of the following code?
```python
name = "Bob"
age = 25
print("My name is {} and I am {} years old.".format(name, age))
```

```
a) My name is {} and I am {} years old.
b) My name is Bob and I am 25 years old.
c) Syntax Error
d) My name is {name} and I am {age} years old.
Answer: b) My name is Bob and I am 25 years old.
22. Which of the following is a correct way to concatenate two strings in Python?
a) `string1 .concat(string2)`
b) `concat(string1, string2)`
c) `string1 + string2`
d) 'join(string1, string2)'
Answer: c) `string1 + string2`
23. What is the result of "Python"[-2:]"?
a) "Py"
b) "th"
c) "on"
d) "nohtyP"
Answer: c) "on"
24. Which function is used to convert a string to a floating-point number?
a) `to_float()`
b) `float()`
c) `str_to_float()`
d) `convert_float()`
Answer: b) `float()`
25. What is the output of the following code?
```python
x = 7
y = "3"
print(x * int(y))
```

```
a) "777"
b) 21
c) "3333333"
d)
10
Answer: b) 21
26. How can you prevent the addition of a newline character when using the `print()` function?
a) Using the `newline` parameter
b) Using the `add_newline` parameter
c) Using the 'end' parameter with an empty string
d) Using the `no_newline` parameter
Answer: c) Using the 'end' parameter with an empty string
27. What is the output of the following code?
```python
a = 15
b = 4
print(f"{a} divided by {b} is {a // b} with a remainder of {a % b}")
a) "15 divided by 4 is 3.75 with a remainder of 3"
b) "15 divided by 4 is 3.75 with a remainder of 1"
c) "15 divided by 4 is 3 with a remainder of 3"
d) "15 divided by 4 is 3 with a remainder of 1"
Answer: c) "15 divided by 4 is 3 with a remainder of 3"
28. How can you redirect the output of the `print()` function to a file?
a) Using the 'output' parameter
b) Using the `file` parameter
c) Using the `write_to` parameter
d) Using the `redirect` parameter
Answer: b) Using the `file` parameter
```

```
29. What is the result of `5 % 2` in Python?
a) 2
b) 2.5
c) 3
d) 1
Answer: d) 1
30. How can you print a formatted string with the current date using the '%' method?
a) `print("Today is %s" % date)`
b) `print("Today is {}".format(date))`
c) `print("Today is {}".format(%date))`
d) `print("Today is %d" % date)`
Answer: a) `print("Today is %s" % date)`
31. What is the output of the following code?
```python
x = 10
y = 20
print(x, y, sep="-")
a) 10-20
b) 10 20
c) 10,20
d) 10 / 20
Answer: a) 10-20
32. Which function is used to generate a random integer in Python?
a) `randint()`
b) `random_int()`
c) `random.randint()`
d) `random_number()`
Answer: c) `random.randint()`
```

```
33. How can you print an error message to the standard error stream?
a) `print_error("This is an error")`
b) `print("This is an error", file=stderr)`
c) `stderr.print("This is an error")`
d) `print("This is an error")`
Answer: b) `print("This is an error", file=stderr)`
34. What is the result of the following code?
```python
height = 5
width = 10
area = height * width
print(f"The area is {area} square units.")
a) The area is 510 square units.
b) The area is 50 square units.
c) The area is "5 * 10" square units.
d) Syntax Error
Answer: b) The area is 50 square units.
35. How can you create a pattern of asterisks forming a triangle using the `print()` function?
a) `print("*" * n)`
b) `print(" " * n + "*" * i)`
c) `print(" " * i + "*" * n)`
d) `print("*" * i + " " * n)`
Answer: b) `print(" " * n + "*" * i)`
36. What is the output of the following code?
```python
name = "John"
age = 30
print(f"My name is {name} and I am {age} years old.")
```

...

```
a) My name is {name} and I am {age} years old.
b) My name is John and I am 30 years old.
c) Syntax Error
d) My name is {} and I am {} years old.
Answer: b) My name is John and I am 30 years old.
37. How can you handle the exception that occurs when trying to convert a non-numeric string to an
integer?
a) Using `try` and `except` blocks
b) Using `check_numeric()` function
c) Using `if` and `else` statements
d) Using `throw_error()` function
Answer: a) Using `try` and `except` blocks
38. What is the result of the following code?
```python
decimal_number = 8.75
rounded_number = round(decimal_number)
print("Rounded Number:", rounded_number)
a) Rounded Number: 8
b) Rounded Number: 9
c) Rounded Number: 8.75
d) Syntax Error
Answer: a) Rounded Number: 8
39. How can you convert a decimal number to a hexadecimal string in Python?
a) `hex_string(decimal_number)`
b) `decimal_to_hex(decimal_number)`
c) `hex(decimal_number)`
d) `convert_to_hex(decimal_number)`
Answer: c) `hex(decimal_number)`
```

---

40. What is the output of the following code?

```
```python
favorite_color = "Green"
print(f"My favorite color is {favorite_color.upper()}.")
````
```

- a) My favorite color is GREEN.
- b) My favorite color is green.
- c) My favorite color is "Green".
- d) Syntax Error

Answer: a) My favorite color is GREEN.