

WEBSKANPRO

Automated Web Application Security Testing Tool

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PROJECT OVERVIEW

THE PROBLEM

Manual penetration testing is time-consuming, repetitive, and prone to human error. Modern Single Page Applications (SPAs) are difficult to scan with traditional static analysis tools.

THE SOLUTION

WebScanPro: A custom, modular automation tool designed to detect OWASP Top 10 vulnerabilities including SQL Injection, XSS, and IDOR in a controlled Docker environment.



TECHNOLOGY STACK



PYTHON 3.X

Core logic and modular
architecture.



SELENIUM

Dynamic browser automation
for SPA testing.



DOCKER

Isolated containerization of the
target.

SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

⚙️ EXECUTION FLOW

- >> Initialize: Launch Selenium WebDriver.
- >> Pre-Check: `nuke_popups()` clears UI obstructions.
- >> Scan: Crawl for endpoints & vectors.

🛡️ ATTACK MODULES

- >> Injection: SQLi & XSS Payload testing.
- >> Auth: Brute Force & Session Analysis.
- >> Report: Aggregate JSON & Generate HTML.

THE TECHNICAL PIVOT

Challenge: Initial implementation using BeautifulSoup failed because Juice Shop is an Angular-based SPA. Static parsers cannot read client-side rendered JavaScript.

Solution: Migrated the entire core engine to Selenium WebDriver.

- >> Enables real user simulation.
- >> Handles dynamic DOM updates.
- >> Bypasses complex UI overlays.



MODULE 1: SQL INJECTION

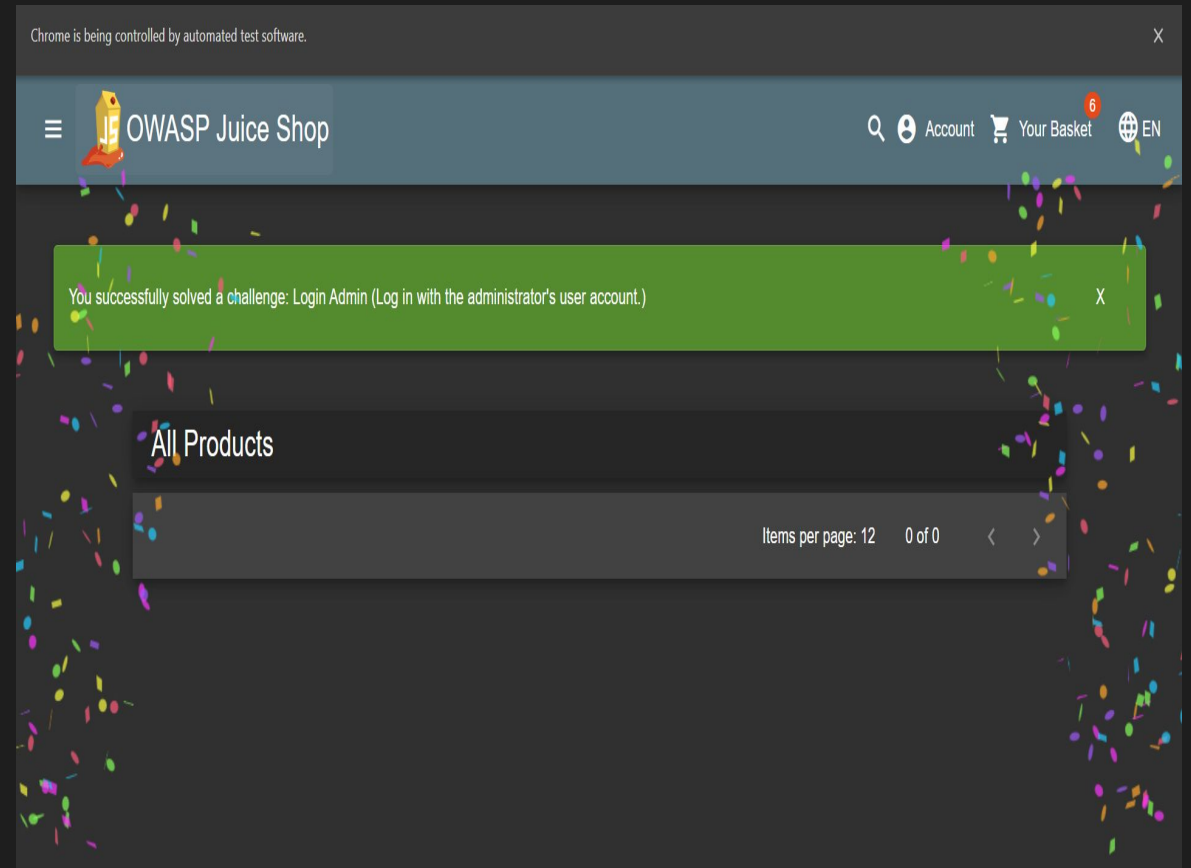
AUTHENTICATION BYPASS

Target: Login Page Email Field

Payload: ' OR 1=1 --

Mechanism: The payload injects a "True" condition, forcing the database to ignore the password check.

Result: Successfully logged in as Administrator without credentials.



MODULE 2: CROSS-SITE SCRIPTING

REFLECTED XSS

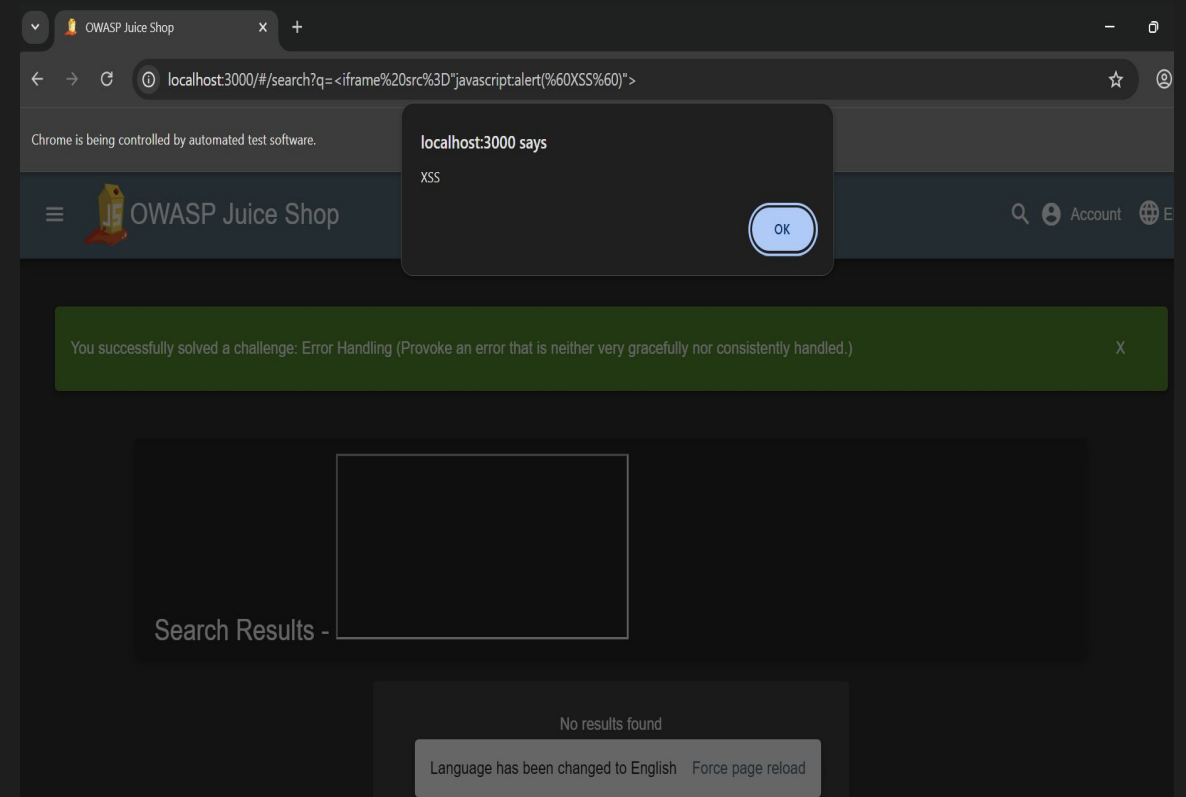
Target: Search API

Payload: `</div>`

Mechanism: Used direct URL injection to bypass UI timing.

The browser executed the injected JavaScript.

Result: Triggered automated browser alert.



MODULE 3: AUTH & SESSION

BRUTE FORCE & SESSION ANALYSIS

Dictionary Attack: Automated login attempts against the Admin account using common weak passwords.

Session Analysis: Analyzed post-login cookies, identifying missing Secure flags and JWT tokens stored insecurely in LocalStorage.

Result: Cracked admin password: admin123.

```
=== MODULE 4: AUTH & SESSION ===
```

```
[!!!] SUCCESS: Weak Password Found: admin123
```

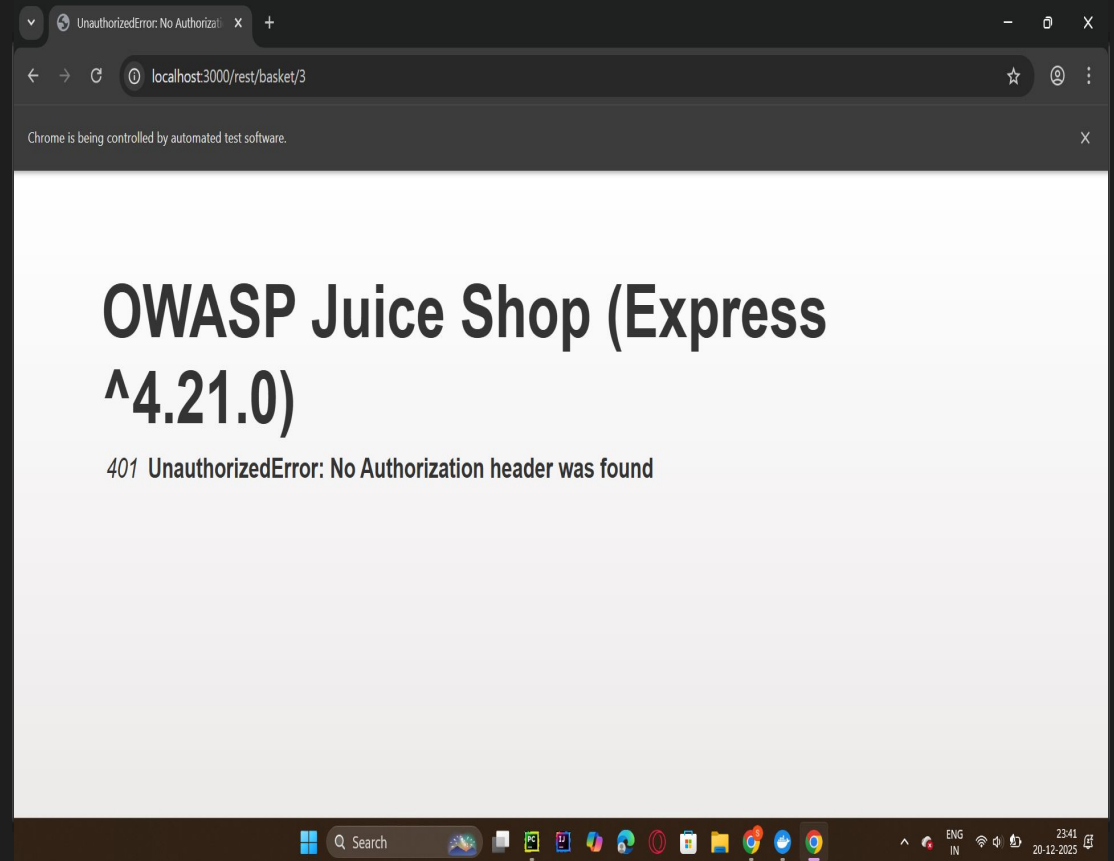

MODULE 4: ACCESS CONTROL (IDOR)

INSECURE DIRECT OBJECT REFERENCE

Target: Shopping Basket API (/rest/basket/id)

Technique: Parameter Manipulation. Changed Basket ID from user's own ID to 1 (Admin).

Result: Server returned full JSON data of the Administrator's shopping cart, proving Broken Access Control.



FINAL REPORTING ENGINE

AUTOMATED DELIVERABLE

The tool aggregates all findings into a client-ready HTML report.

- >> Summary Table: Scan metadata.
- >> Severity: Color-coded (Critical/High/Medium).
- >> Actionable: Includes mitigation steps.

WebScanPro Vulnerability Report

Target: http://localhost:3000

Scan Date: 2025-12-28 19:35:41

Total Vulnerabilities Found: 3

Detailed Findings

Type	Severity	Location	Description	Suggested Mitigation
SQL Injection	Critical	/#/login	Auth bypass via SQLi in email field.	Use parameterized queries (Prepared Statements).
Reflected XSS	High	/#/search	Arbitrary JS execution via search parameter.	Sanitize user input and implement Content Security Policy (CSP).
Weak Credentials	High	/#/login	Admin password cracked: admin123	Enforce strong password complexity policies.

CONCLUSION & FUTURE SCOPE

ACHIEVEMENTS

Successfully built an end-to-end security scanner. Demonstrated critical vulnerabilities (SQLi, XSS, IDOR) and produced professional audit documentation.

FUTURE SCOPE

Integrate tool into CI/CD pipelines (DevSecOps).
Expand modules to detect Stored XSS and perform multi-threaded scanning for speed.

THANK YOU

Questions & Answers



<https://github.com/SamarVishwakarma2006/infosys-VI-project>