

git pull

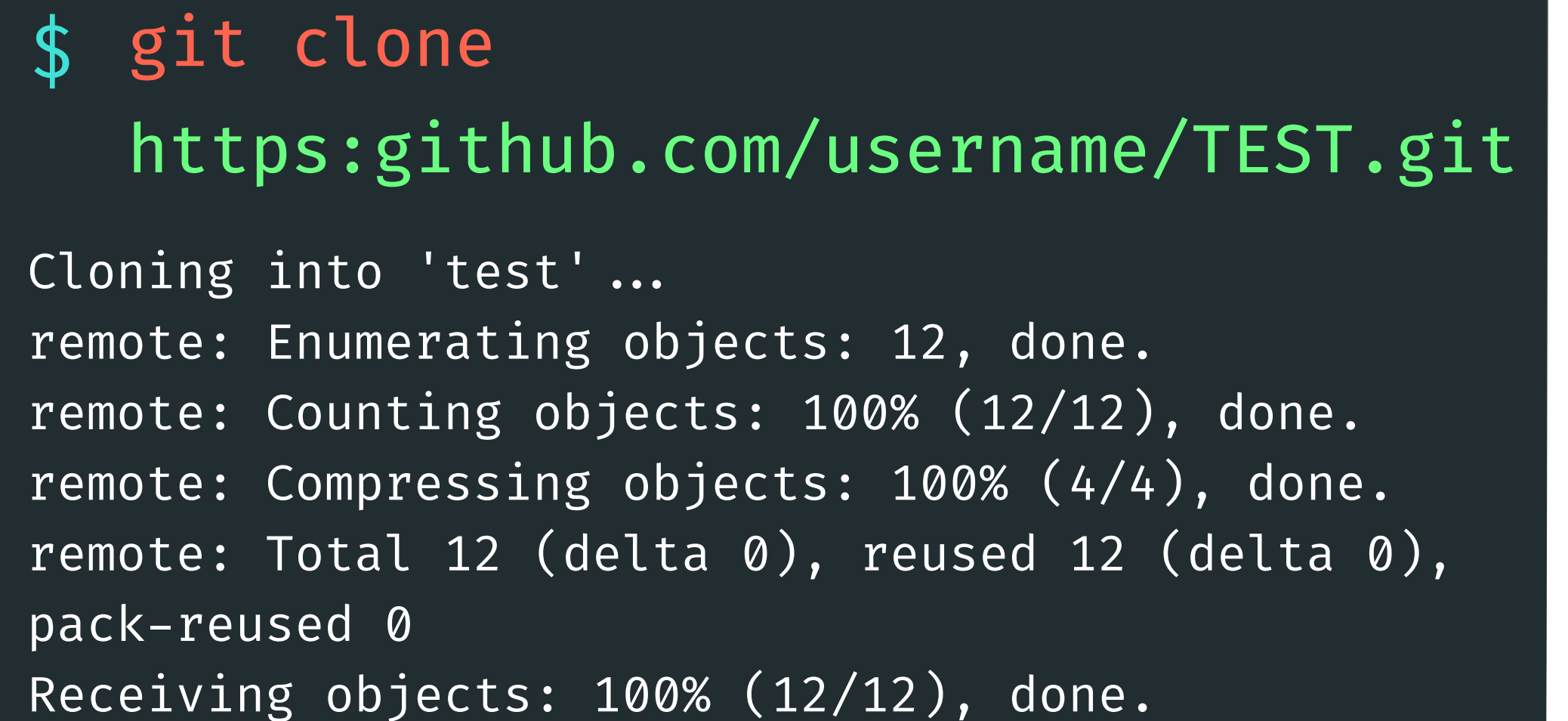
- `git pull origin <branch>`
- repository에 올라가 있는 것들을 로컬 저장소에 가져올 때 사용
- git remote가 지정되어 있어야지 사용 가능
 - 즉, git init 한 폴더에서만 작업 가능

```
$ git pull origin master

remote: Enumerating objects: 12, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (12/12), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (4/4), done.
remote: Total 12 (delta 0), reused 12 (delta 0),
pack-reused 0
Unpacking objects: 100% (12/12), 852 bytes |
284.00 KiB/s, done.
From github.com      : /test
 * branch            master    → FETCH_HEAD
 * [new branch]       master    → origin/master
```

git clone

- `git clone <github url>`
 - clone - 복제하다
 - repository에 저장되어 있는 것들을 로컬 저장소로 내려 받을 수 있음.
 - git init을 하면 안됨.
- ⇒ 상위 폴더 구조에 git 으로 관리되고 있으면 안됨.



```
$ git clone
https://github.com/username/TEST.git

Cloning into 'test' ...
remote: Enumerating objects: 12, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (12/12), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (4/4), done.
remote: Total 12 (delta 0), reused 12 (delta 0),
pack-reused 0
Receiving objects: 100% (12/12), done.
```