## Hexadecimal



The *hexadecimal number system* is the base 16 number system (as distinct from our familiar base 10 decimal number system.) It traditionally uses the digits

where A through to F represent the (decimal) numbers 10 through to 15. Sometimes the lower case a through to f are used instead.

It is commonly used in computing, as  $16=2^4$  represents 4 binary digits (also known as *bits*), so a two digit hexadecimal number represents 8 binary digits, which is known as a *byte*. Computer storage is described in bytes; for example, a 1 TB disk stores 1 terabyte, which is about  $10^{12}$  bytes.