

图应用

Kruskal算法：并查集

11-F2

Following the leader, the leader, the leader,
We're following the leader wherever he may go.

这里的人事关系是由一个个“单位”组成的.....白天里“单位”是魂，人活在一个一个的单位里.....我很庆幸，我是个有单位的人。

邓俊辉

deng@tsinghua.edu.cn

Union-Find

❖ 给定一组互不相交的**等价类**

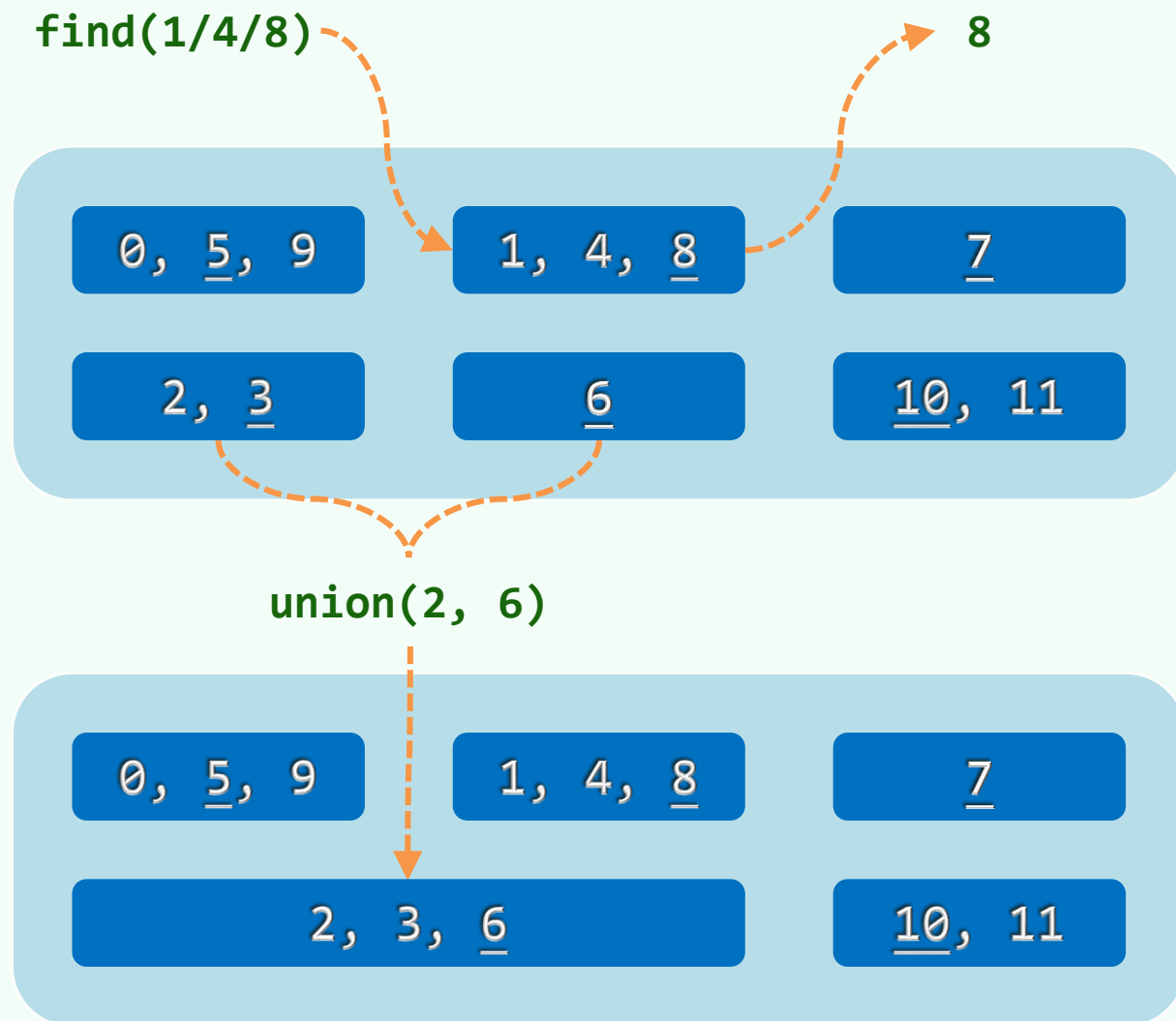
各由其中一个成员作为**代表**

❖ Find(x): 找到元素x所属等价类

❖ Union(x, y): 合并x和y所属等价类

❖ Singleton: 初始时各包含一个元素

❖ Kruskal = Union-Find



Quick-Find

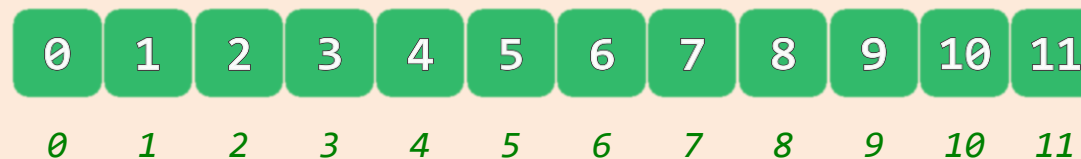
```
class UnionFind:
```

```
    def __init__(self, n): #group[]记录各元素所属子集; 初始各成一类, 以[0,n)间整数标识
```

```
        self.g = self.n = n; self.group = [ k for k in range(n) ]
```

```
    def find(self, k):
```

```
        return self.group[k]
```



```
    def union(self, i, j):
```

```
        iGroup , jGroup = self.group[i] , self.group[j]
```

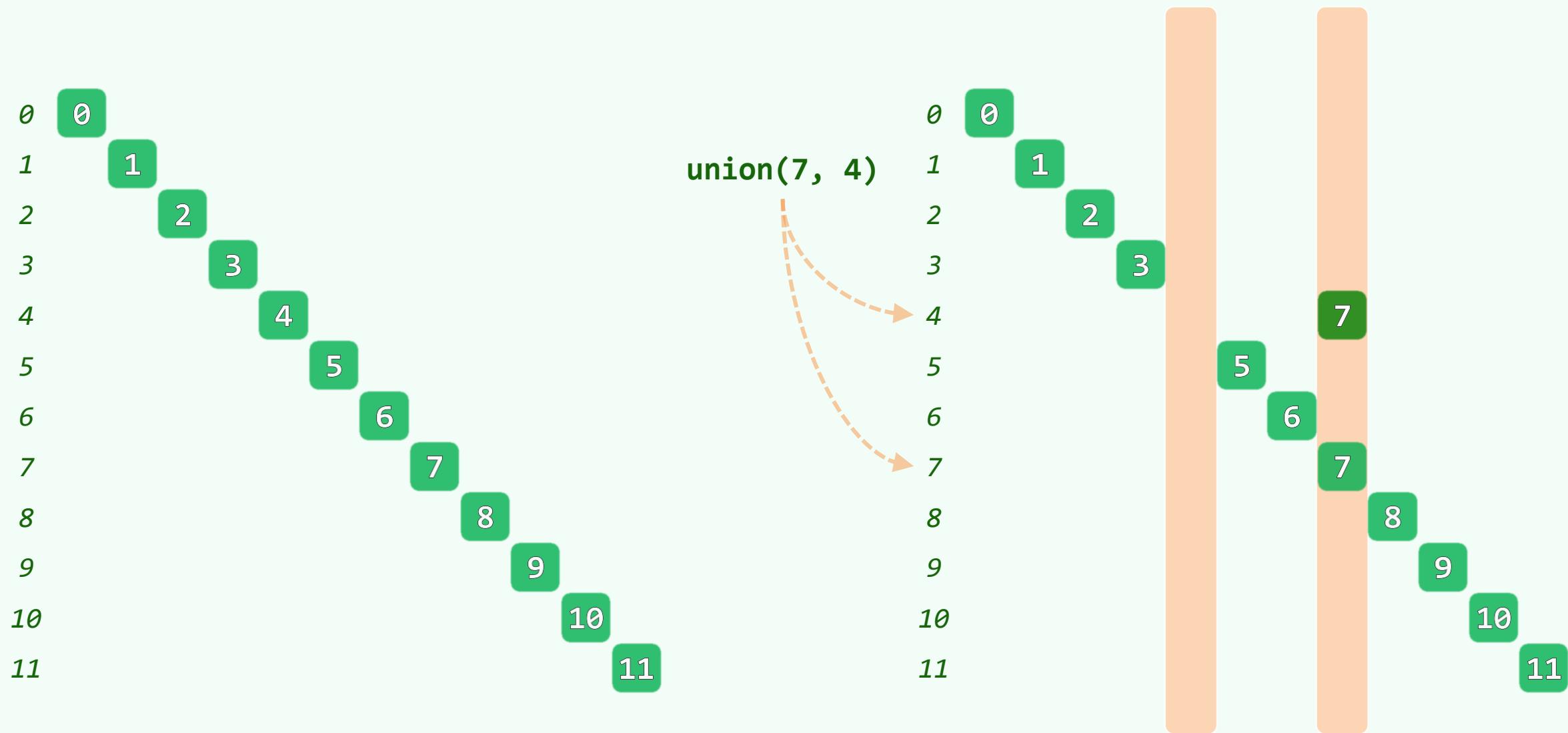
```
        if iGroup == jGroup: return
```

```
        for k in range(self.n):
```

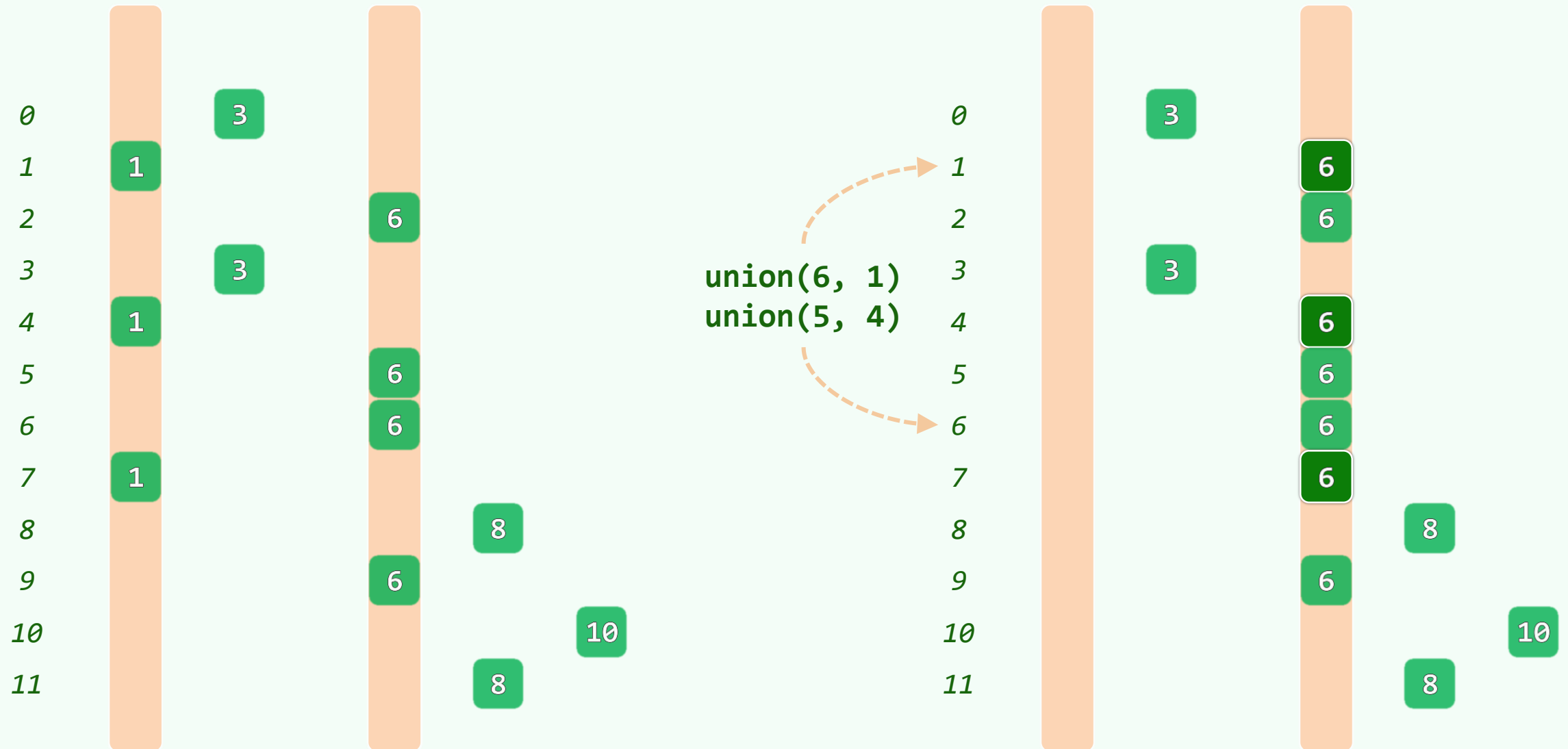
```
            if (self.group[k] == jGroup): self.group[k] = iGroup
```

```
        self.g -= 1
```

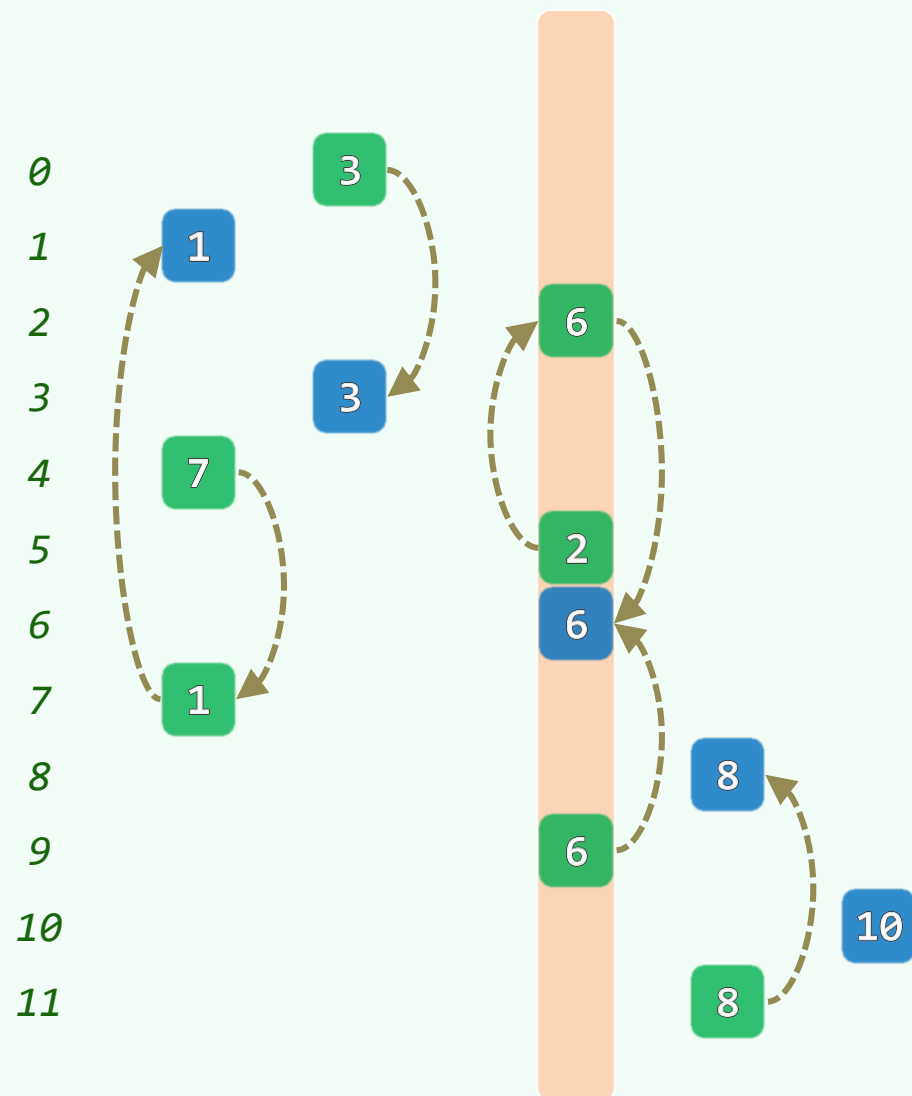
Quick-Find



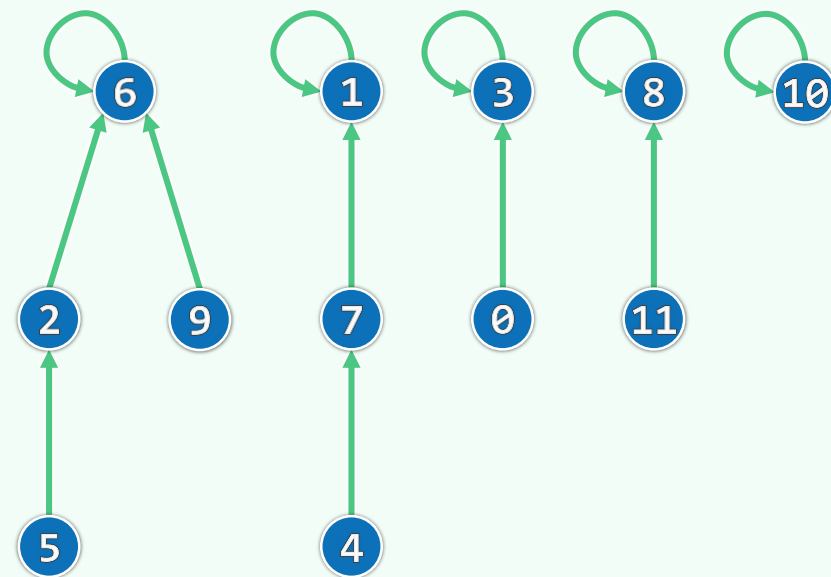
Slow-Union



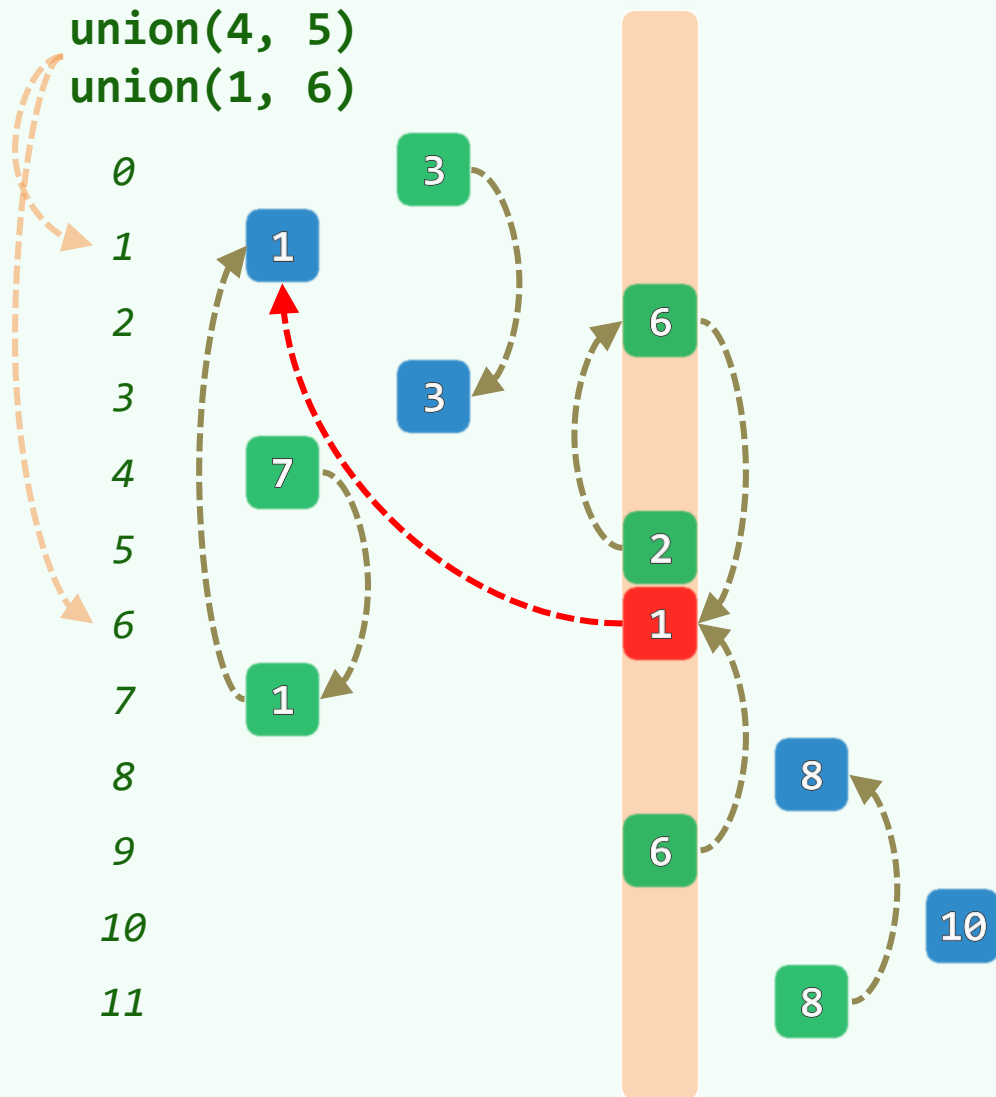
Group ~ Parent ~ Root



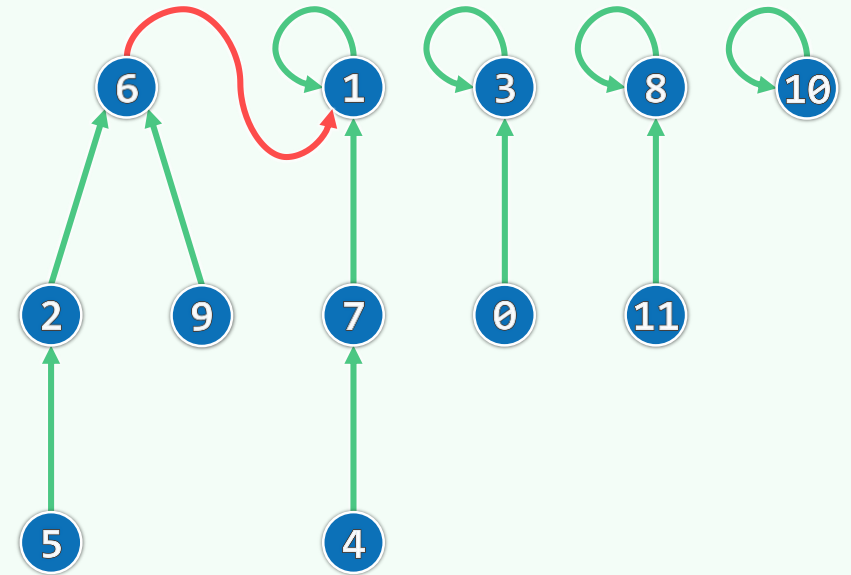
rank	parent
0	3
1	1
2	6
3	3
4	7
5	2
6	6
7	1
8	8
9	6
10	10
11	8



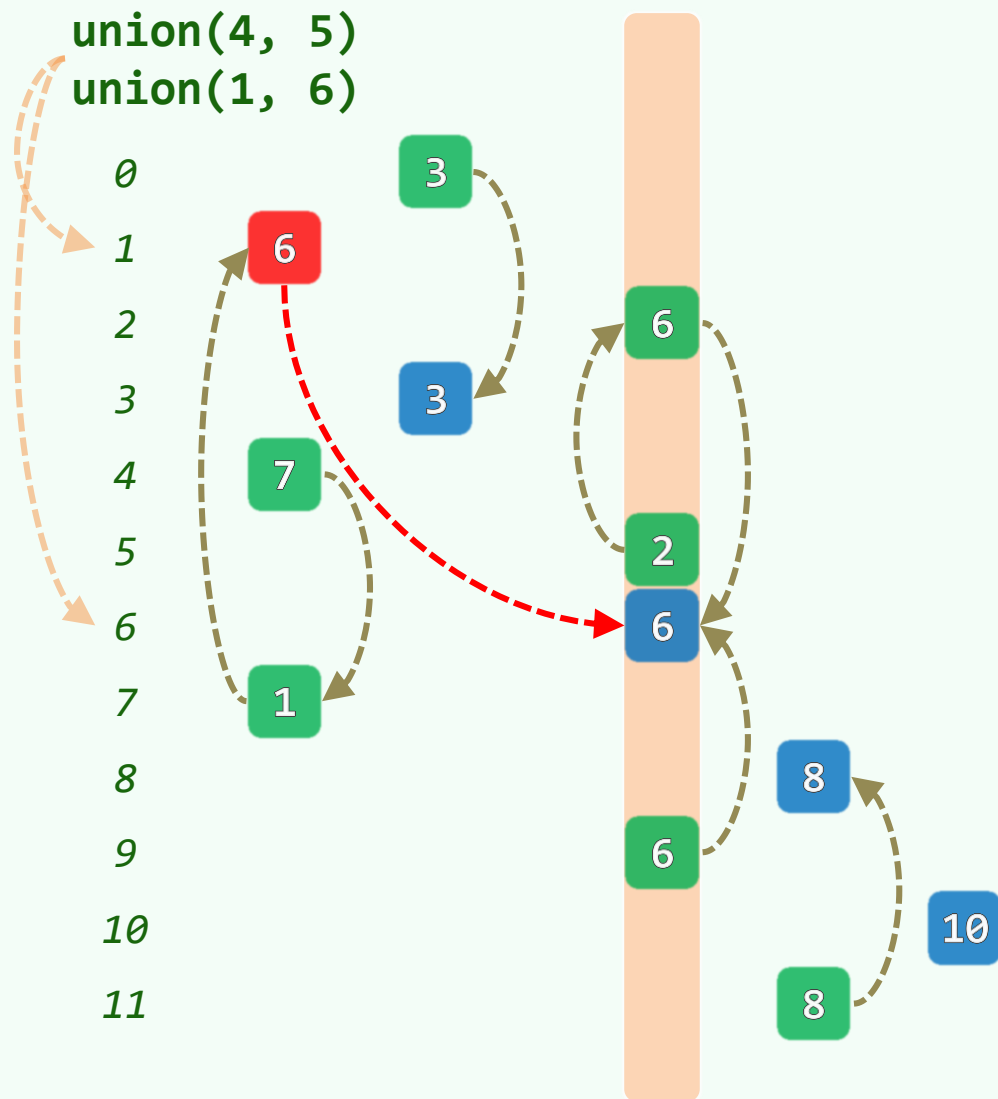
Quick-Union



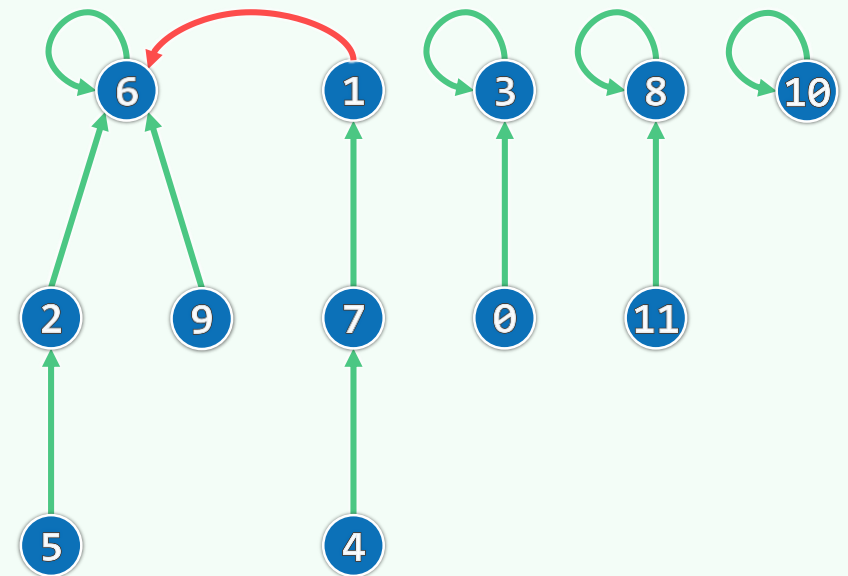
rank	parent
0	3
1	1
2	6
3	3
4	7
5	2
6	1
7	1
8	8
9	6
10	10
11	8



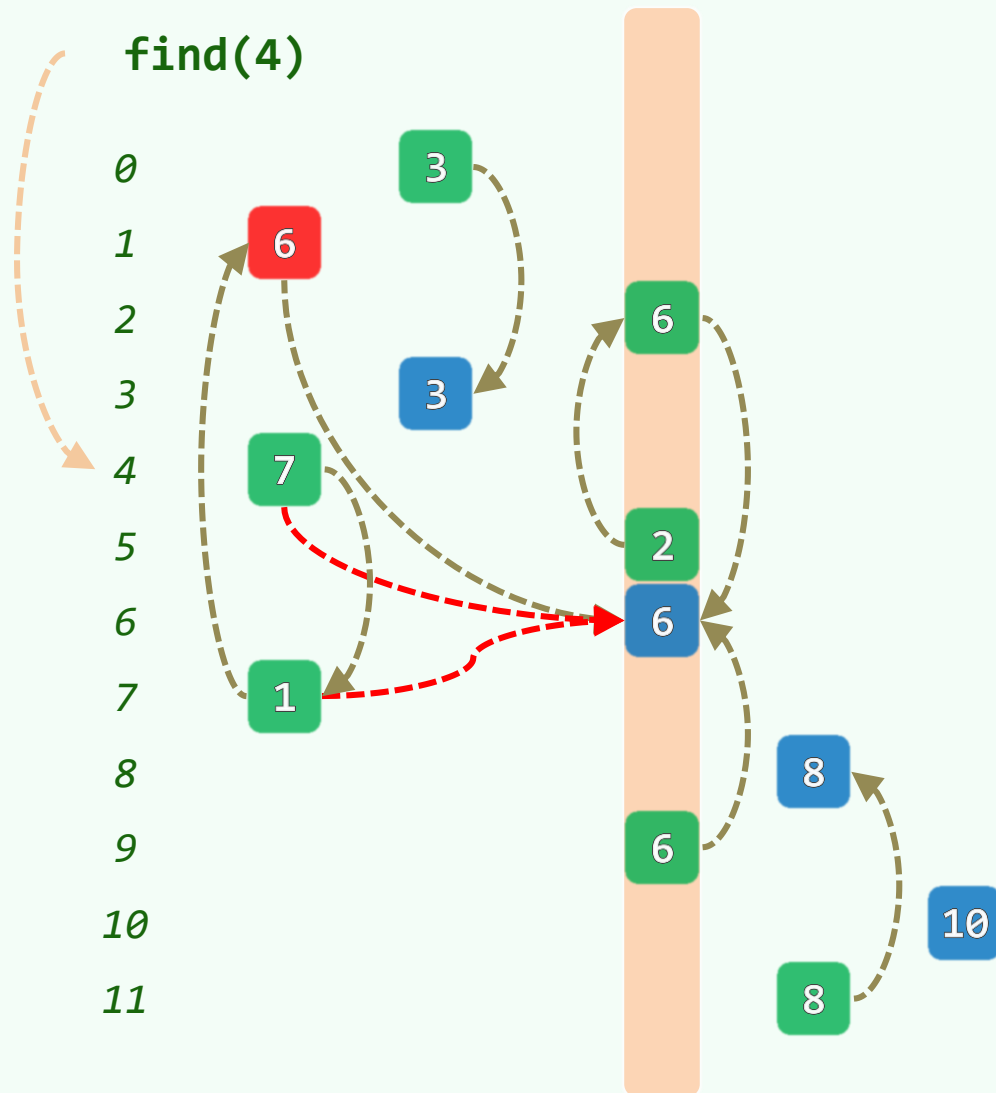
Weighting



rank	parent	size
0	3	
1	6	3
2	6	
3	3	2
4	7	
5	2	
6	6	47
7	1	
8	8	2
9	6	
10	10	1
11	8	



Path Compression



rank	parent	size
0	3	
1	6	
2	6	
3	3	2
4	6	
5	2	
6	6	7
7	6	
8	8	2
9	6	
10	10	1
11	8	

