Providing Access Control and Copy-on-Write for Content Distribution Network Assets

Researching Copy-on-Write solutions

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Outline

UPRISE

GHOST

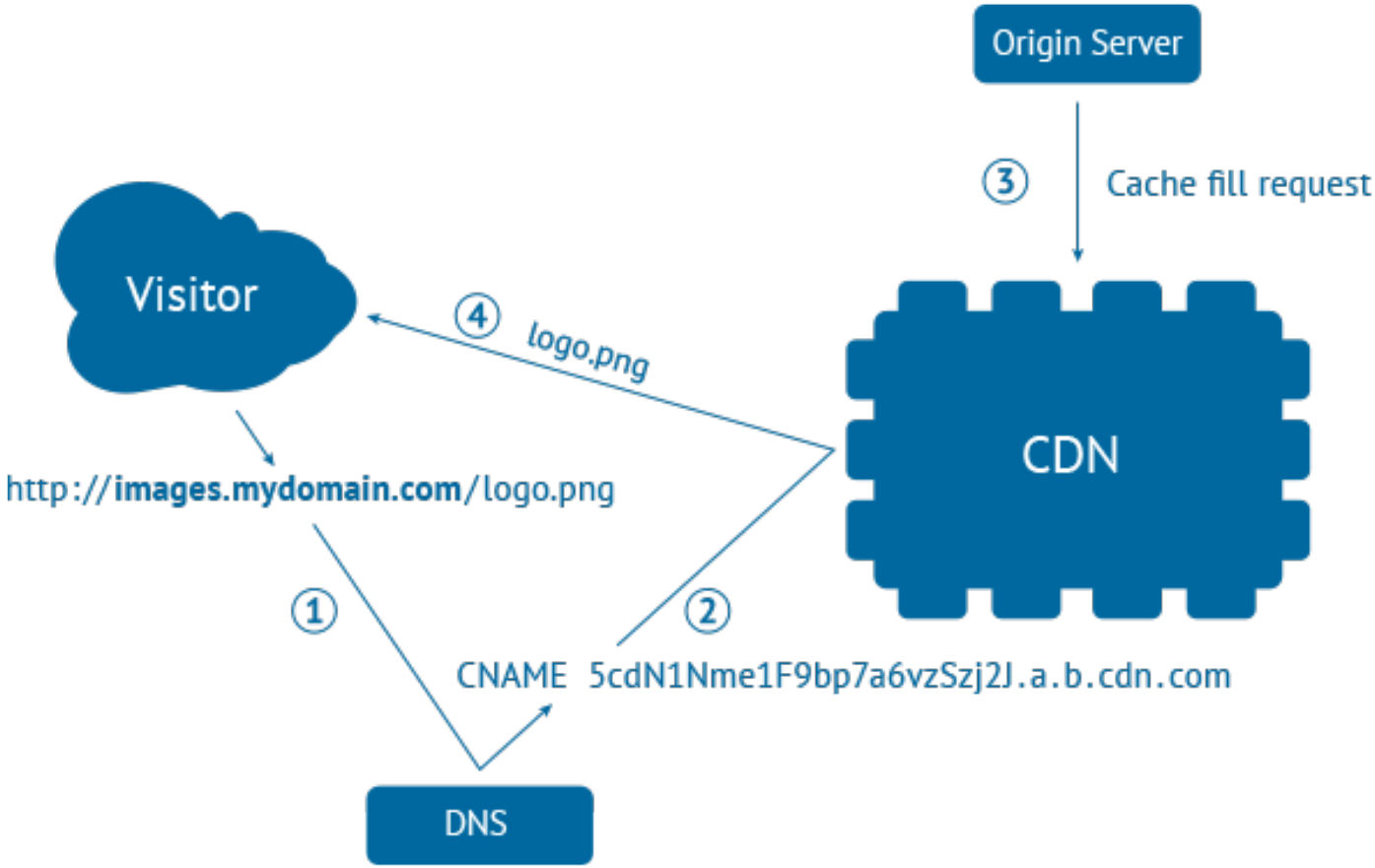
BattleBinary

- A management system for CDN assets

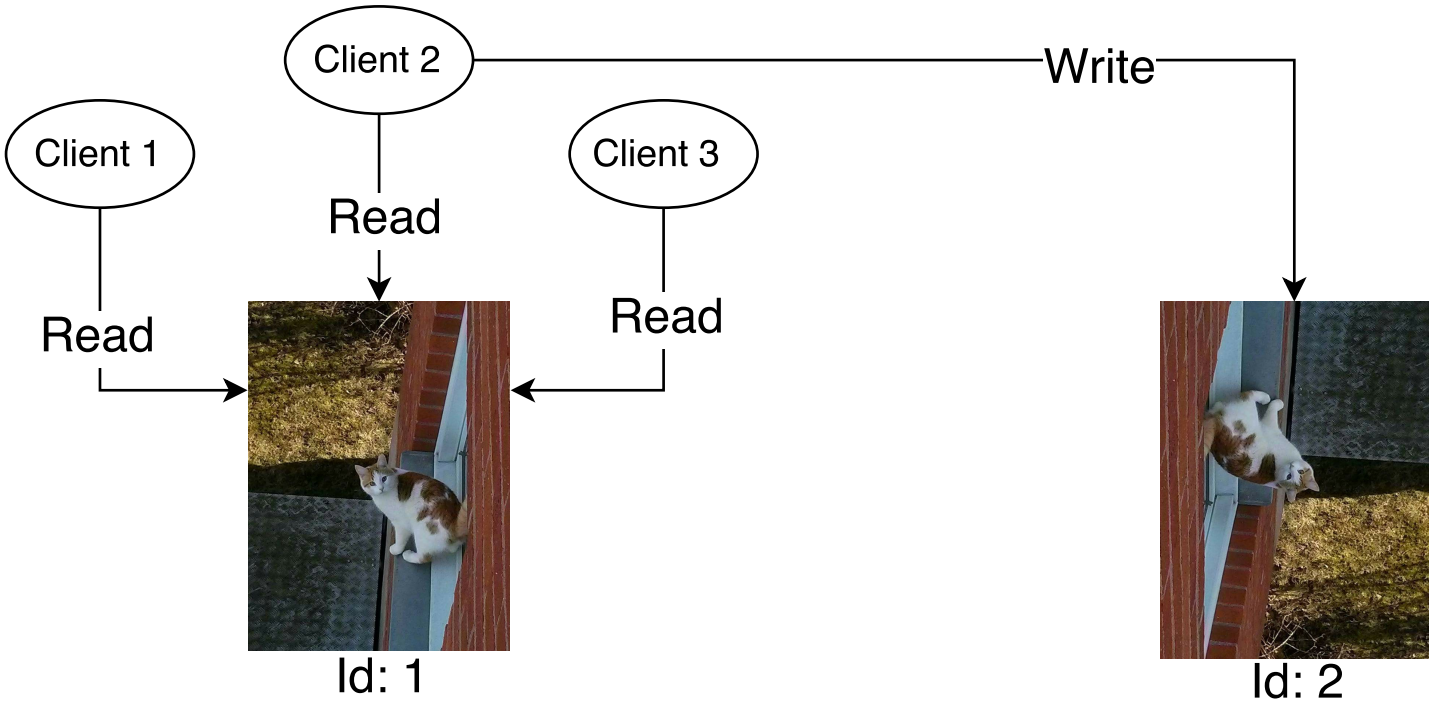
What Uprise wanted:

- Possibility to handle private assets
- Migration to their current technology stack
- Features like snapshots and branching

Content Distribution Network (CDN)



Copy-on-Write



*IDs are GUIDs in real implementations

Effects of COW

- No accidental incremental changes or race conditions
- No locks needed → Scalability
- Take snapshots of system in constant time
- Needs some form of garbage collection/awareness

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- Mach kernel
- Btrfs
- Programming Languages

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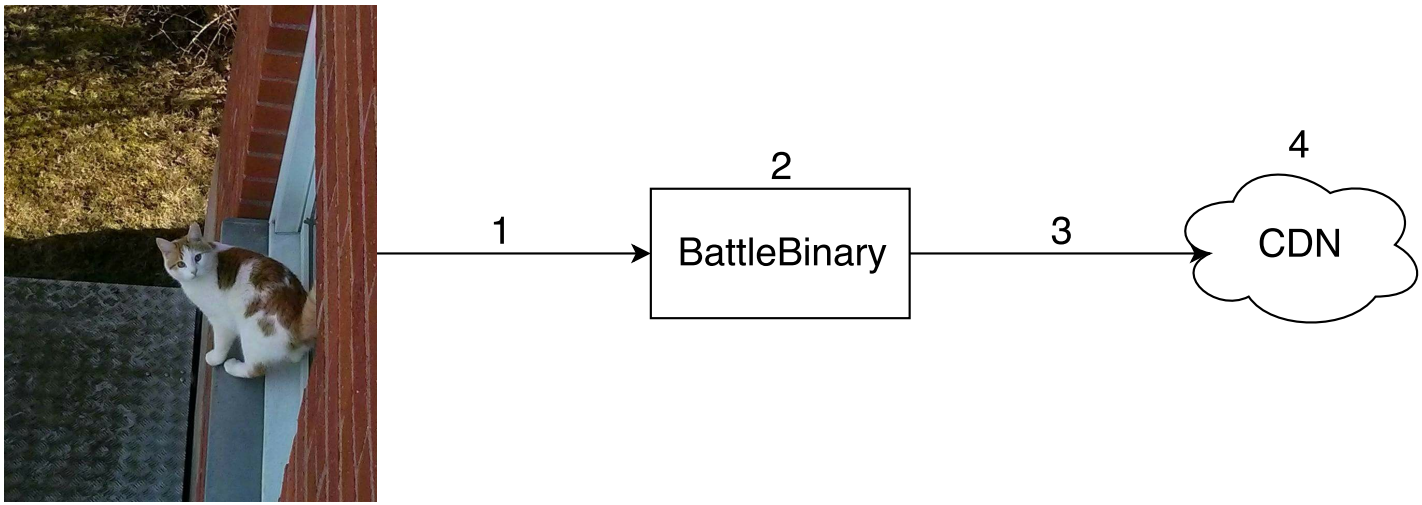
BattleBinary

Virtual file system to organise CDN assets



- 1. Image is uploaded to BattleBinary
- 2. Filename + Part of file's hash = Asset Identifier
- 3. Upload image to CDN
- 4. Image is available to everybody with link `http://ea.akamaihd.net/cat-f1ee0283b6accd6.jpg`

BattleBinary

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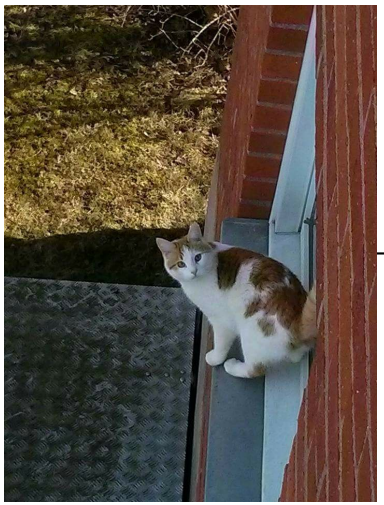

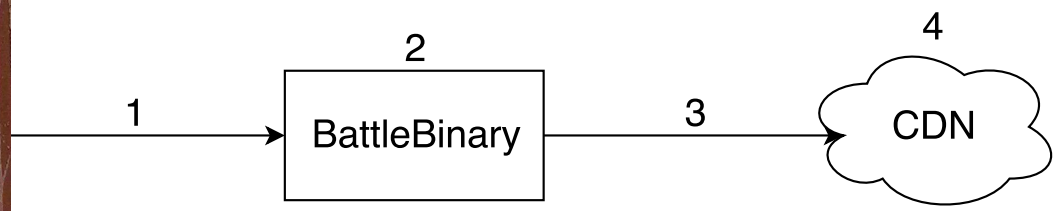

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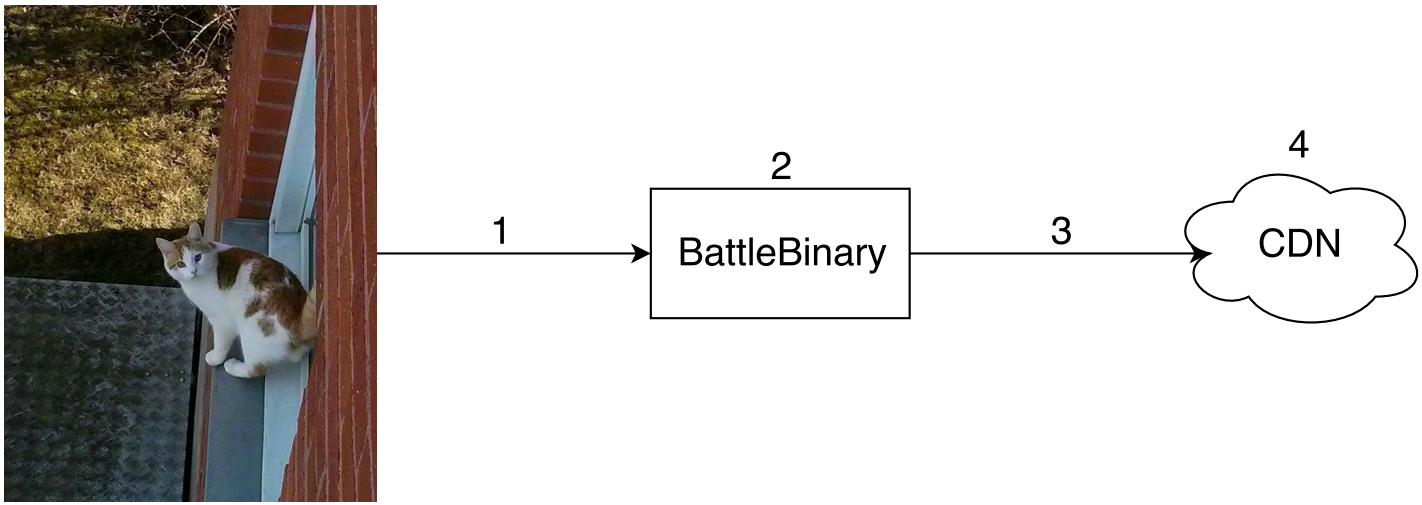

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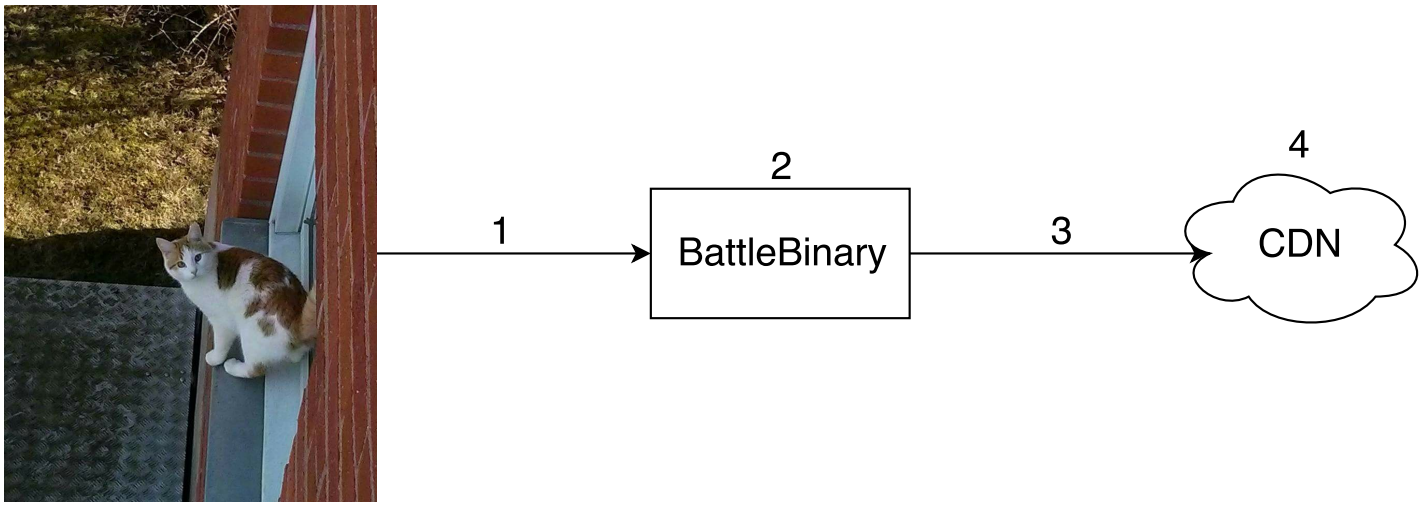

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- Impractical
- Wont scale
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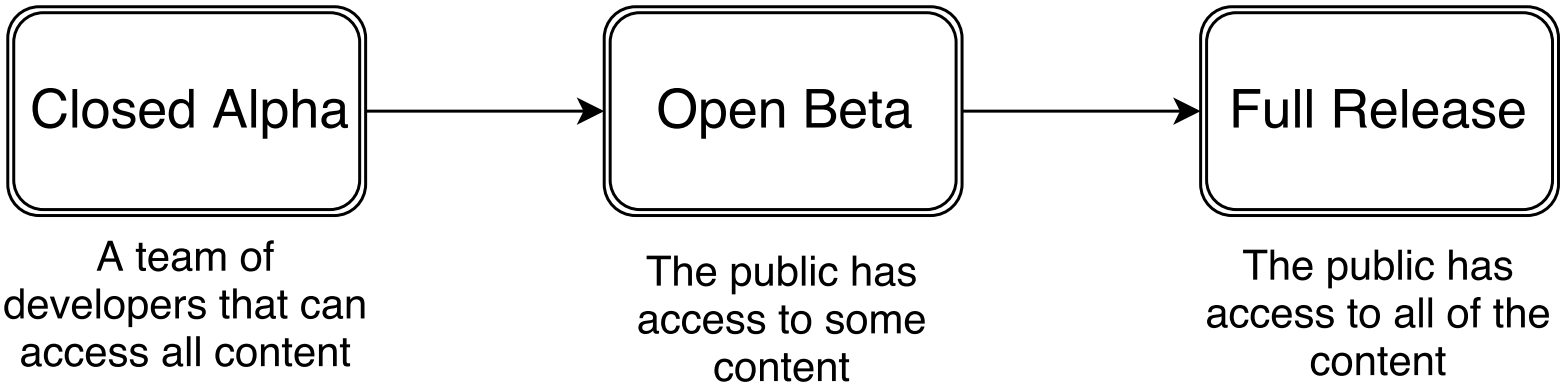
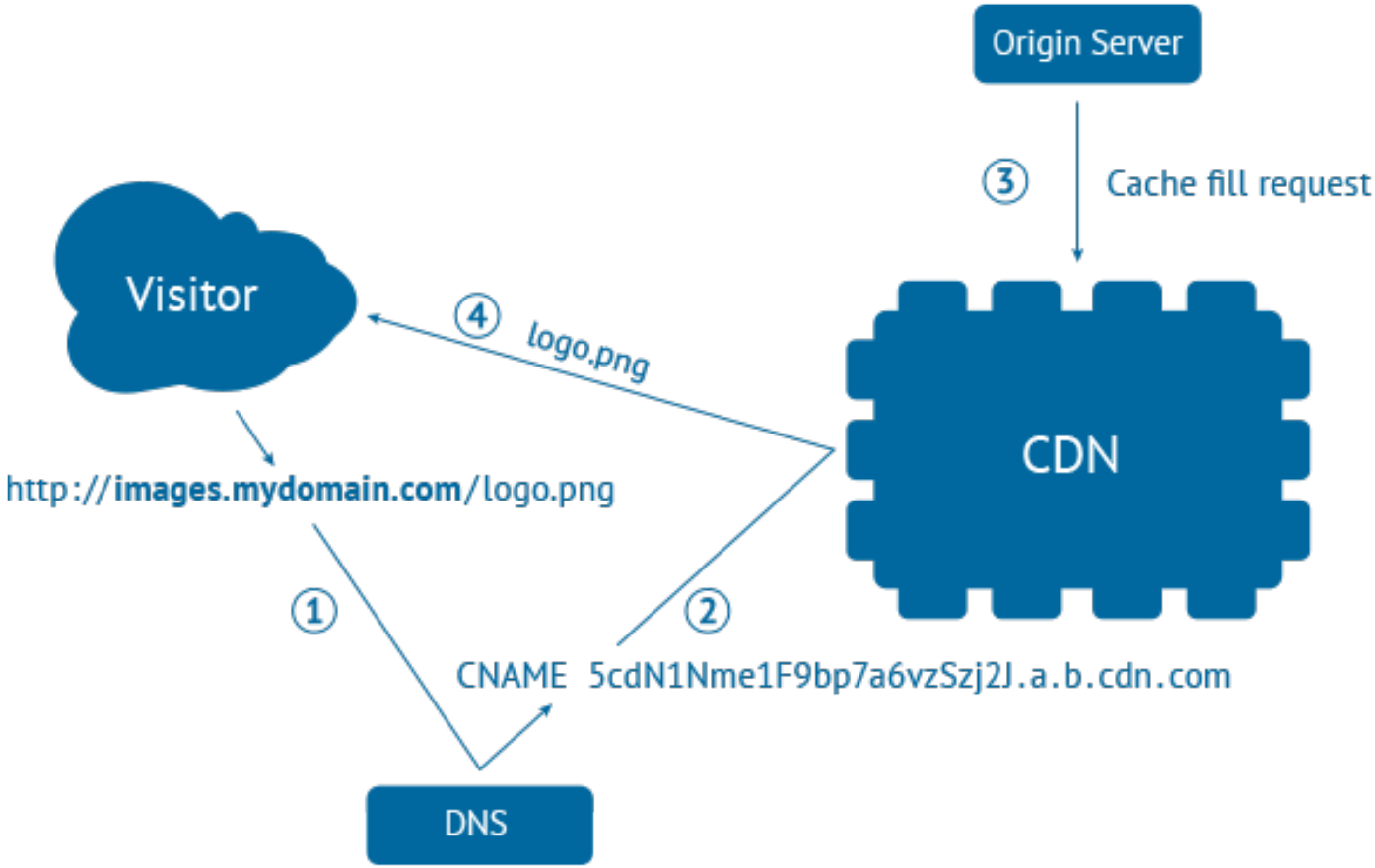
Private Content



Solutions Idea

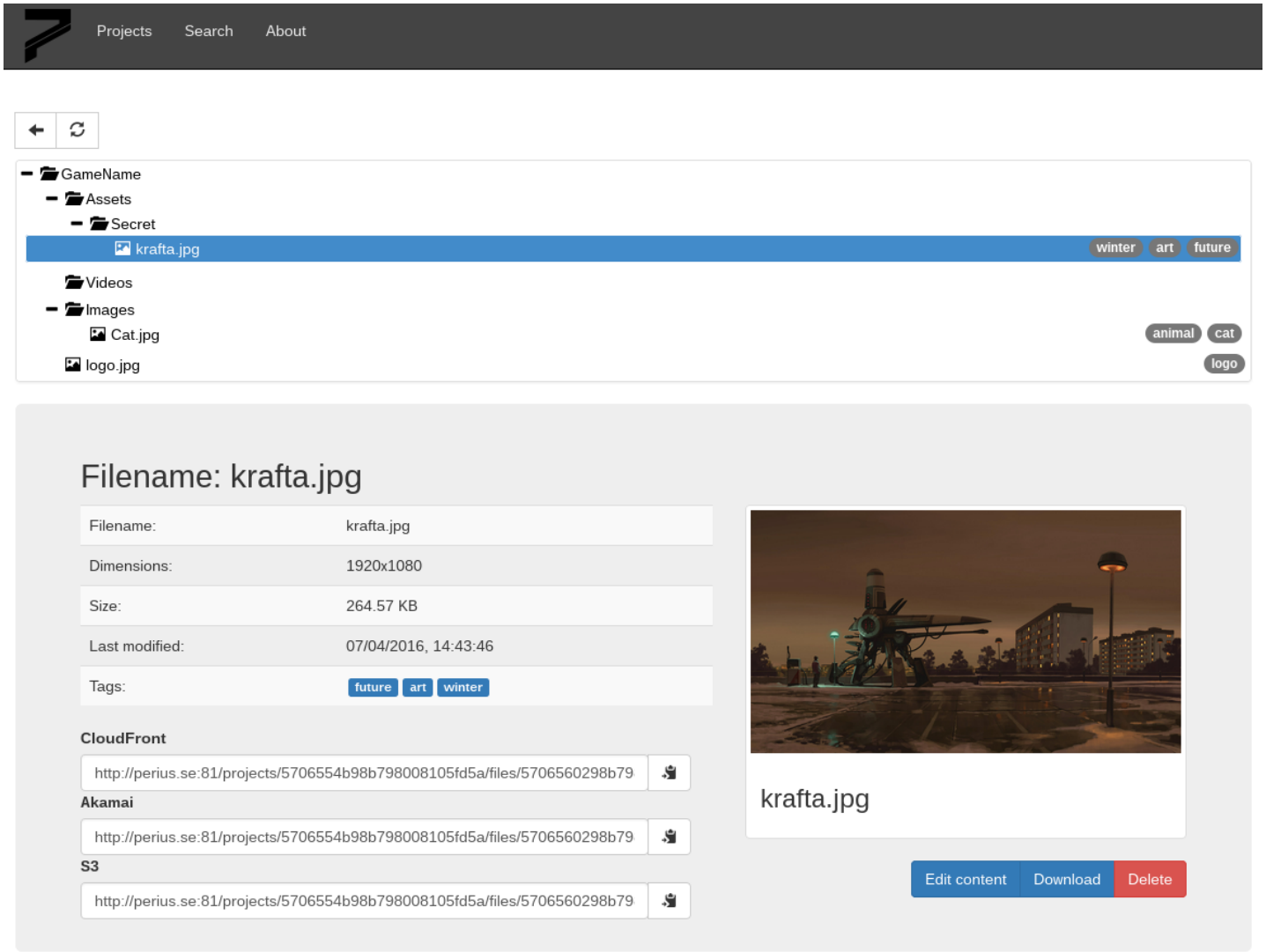


Example Operation

(a) Tree T_p (b) T_p cloned to T_q

BTRFS: The Linux B-Tree Filesystem, O. Rodeh et al

Virtual Filesystem



Model

- Describes the system that is to be implemented
- Model informally checked through JPF
- Inspired by Biba. et al

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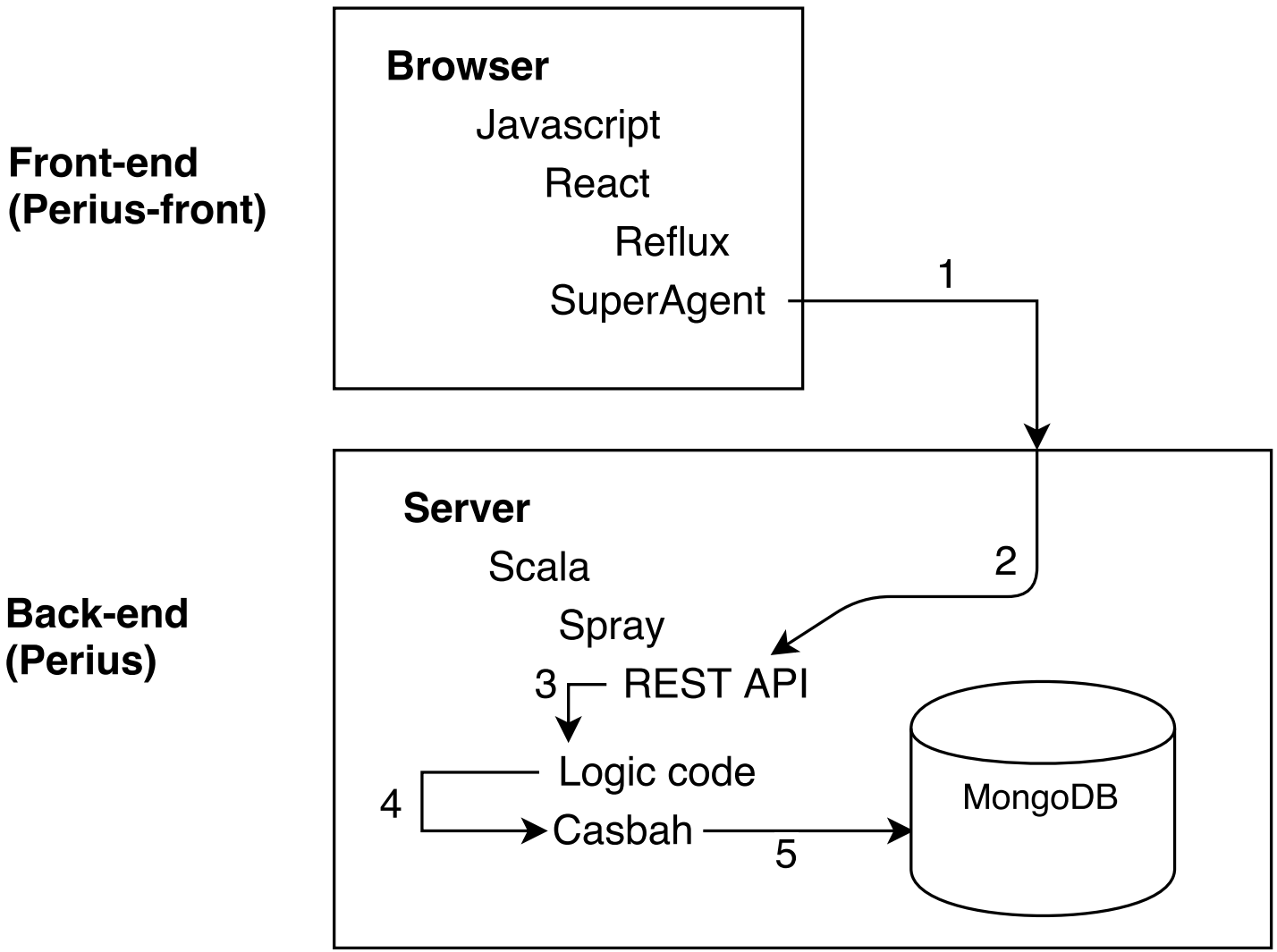
Model - File Creation

Rule of Inference

$$\frac{C \ni c \qquad A[u,c] \qquad m \notin c \qquad \neg readOnly(c)}{(C \cup \{c'\}, F) \xrightarrow{u,create(m,c)} (C \cup \{c \cup \{m\}\}, F \cup \{m.file\})}$$

Stack


Front-end
(Perius-front)
Browser
Javascript
React
Reflux
SuperAgent
1
Back-end
(Perius)
Server
Scala
Spray
2
3
REST API
Logic code
4
Casbah
5
MongoDB

Security Settings

- **Public** - The content can be reached by anybody
- **Protected** - The content can only be reached by a range if IP addresses
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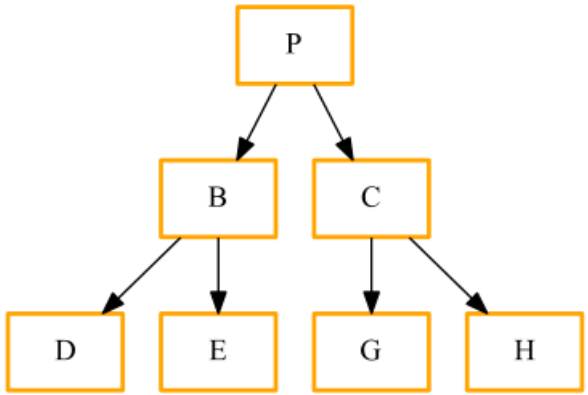
Snapshots (and branching)



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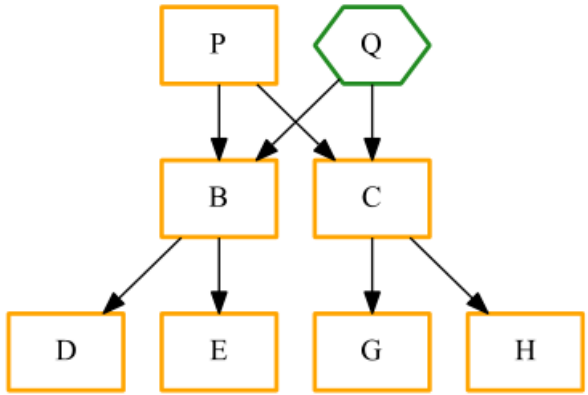

(b) T_p cloned to T_q

Load Testing

- Rigorous Load Testing was done on the back-end
- Wrk and Apache Bench was used
- Result: About 60000 clients/back-end node before congestion

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- Optional Non-Blocking I/O with Reactive Mongo
- Some heavy operations can be solved with caching

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Open Source

- https://github.com/spydon/perius
- https://github.com/spydon/perius-front

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Questions?

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Thank you for listening