# Computer Vision, IIIT Sri City (Spring 2019) Dr. Shiv Ram Dubey

## **Programming Assignment – 3**

Release Date: 4th-April-2019, Deadline: 16th-April-2019 (5.00 pm)

## **Scene Categorization**



The goal of this assignment is to introduce you to image categorization. We will focus on the task of scene categorization. In the first part, your task is to implement image features, train a classifier using the training samples, and then evaluate the classifier on the test set. In the second part, you have to use the pretrained AlexNet for transfer learning. In the third part, you need to perform the training from scratch with ResNet18 model. You should not use the online code. You are allowed to use the PyTorch and TensorFlow library.

**Dataset**: In the supplemental material, an outdoor scene database is supplied with images from the 8 categories: coast, mountain, forest, open country, street, inside city, tall buildings and highways. The dataset has been split into a train set (1888 images) and test set (800 images), placed in train and test directories, separately. The associated labels are stored in "train\_labels.csv" and "test\_labels.csv", for example, label id of 42.jpg in the training directory corresponds to 42<sup>nd</sup> entry in "train\_labels.csv". The SIFT word descriptors are also included in "train\_sift\_features" and "test\_sift\_features" directories. For each image there is a separate .csv file. For example, the file "1\_train\_sift.csv" has the SIFT descriptors for 1<sup>st</sup> image of training set. The row in this file corresponds to the different SIFT keypoints (i.e. no. of row = no. of detected regions using SIFT detector). The last 128 values in i<sup>th</sup> row is the SIFT descriptor for i<sup>th</sup> region.

The first four values in a row correspond to the center of region, scale of region and orientation of region.

### A. Bag of visual words model and nearest neighbor classifier

- Implement K-means cluster algorithm to compute visual word dictionary. The feature dimension of SIFT features is 128.
- Use the included SIFT word descriptors included in "train\_sift\_features" and "test\_sift\_features" to build bag of visual words as your image representation.
- Use nearest neighbor classifier (kNN) to categorize the test images.
  - ❖ Work with different number of visual words.
  - ❖ Display the confusion matrix and categorization accuracy.

#### **B.** Transfer Learning and Fine-tuning

- Apply transfer learning with pre-trained AlexNet model trained over ImageNet database. Replace only class score layer with a new fully connected layer having 8 nodes for 8 categories.
- Freeze the weights of all layers except last replaced layer. Fine tune only last layer (i.e. retrain only weights of last layer).
  - Report the accuracy
  - Compare the results with previous nearest neighbor approach

## C. Training from Scratch with ResNet18 model

- Design ResNet18 model and train all layers from scratch.
- Compare the results with previous two methods.
- Extra Credit (Optional): Repeat this experiment over CIFAR10 dataset.

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