# Lecture8: Mujoco Tutorial

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#### **Lecture8: Mujoco Tutorial**

Introduction to Simulation

Definition

Three pillars of a simulator

Introduction to MuJoCo

Define a rigid body system

- 1. Where is it
- 2. How does it look
- 3. How does it connect to others
- 4. Its physical properties

**Assets** 

Python Example

## **Introduction to Simulation**

### **Definition**

- Simulation: model physical world to do **prediction**
- All simulators essentially solve the **ODE**s and/or **PDE**s corresponding to a physical process of interest

## Three pillars of a simulator

- 1. Constructing the differential equations/models
- 2. Solving differential equations
- 3. Visualization of the simulation results

# Introduction to MuJoCo

Open-source robotics simulator maintained by Google Deepmind.

## Define a rigid body system

All position is relative to the current frame.

#### 1. Where is it

Body element (frame):

- <pos>: position
- <euler>/<quat>/<axisangle>: frame orientation relative to parent frame

#### 2. How does it look

geom: sub-element of body

- <type>: sphere (default), plane, capsule, ellipsoid, cylinder, box, mesh, sdf
- <fromto>: from start position to end position
- <rgba>: color
- <mass>
- <density>: default "1000" (density of water in SI unit)

#### 3. How does it connect to others

Joint: sub-element of body

a joint creates motion degrees of freedom between the body where it is defined and the body's parent.

- <type>:
  - o free: 6 DoF
  - o slide: linear
  - o hinge: rotation
- <pos>
- <axis>: rotation axis for "hinge", direction of translation for "slide"

### 4. Its physical properties

- (default): infer from geometry attached to the body
- inertia sub-element
  - o <pos>
  - o <orientation>
  - o <mass>
  - o <mass>
  - <diaginertia>: real(3), diagonal entries of the inertia matrix
  - <fullinertia>: real(6), full inertia matrix

#### **Assets**

Assets are not in themselves model elements. Model elements can reference them

- asset/mesh: loaded from external files (e.g. STL,OBJ.etc)
- asset/material: It can be referenced from skins, geoms, sites and tendons to set their appearance.

## **Python Example**

MuJoCo accepts **MJCF** (Mujoco native) and **URDF** (Unified Robot Description Format) XML model files. Here we use URDF.

Refer to Official XML Reference is all you need.

```
1
    <mujoco model="3R robot">
 2
        <compiler angle="degree"/>
 3
        <asset>
            <texture name="grid" type="2d" builtin="checker" rgb1=".1 .2 .3"</pre>
 4
            rgb2=".2 .3 .4" width="300" height="300" mark="none"/>
 5
            <material name="grid" texture="grid" texrepeat="6 6" texuniform="true"</pre>
 6
    reflectance=".2"/>
7
        </asset>
        <default>
8
9
            <joint type="hinge" axis="0 0 1" limited="true"/>
            <geom type="cylinder" size=".025 .1" />
10
        </default>
11
12
        <worldbody>
13
            diffuse=".5 .5 .5" pos="0 0 3" dir="0 0 -1"/>
14
            <geom type="plane" size="1 1 0.1" material="grid"/>
15
            <body name="BaseLink" pos="0 0 0.1">
16
                <geom type="cylinder" pos="0 0 0" size=".025 .1" />
17
                <body name="link1" pos="0 0.1 0.125" euler="-90 0 0">
18
                     <joint name="joint1" pos="0 0 -0.1" range="-90 90" axis ="0 1 0"/>
19
                     <geom pos="0 0 0" rgba=".6 .2 .2 1"/>
20
                    <site name="torque site" pos="0 0.2 0"/>
2.1
                     <body name="link2" pos="0 0 0.2">
22
                         <joint name="joint2" pos="0 0 -0.1" range="-90 90" axis="0 1 0"/>
2.3
                         <geom rgba=".2 .6 1 1"/>
24
25
                         <site name="end effector" pos="0 0 0.1" size="0.01"/>
                     </body>
26
27
                </body>
28
            </body>
29
        </worldbody>
30
    </mujoco>
```

Then use a Python script to load it:

```
import mujoco
import mujoco.viewer

model = mujoco.MjModel.from_xml_path("example.xml")
data = mujoco.MjData(model)

# Start the viewer to visualize the simulation
mujoco.viewer.launch(model, data)
```

It looks like:

