Compositional Secure Compilation against Spectre





Compositional Secure

Cor

Special thanks to









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void f (int x) \mapsto if (x < A.size) {y = B[A[x]]}
run 1: A.size = 16, A[128] = 3
```

call f 128

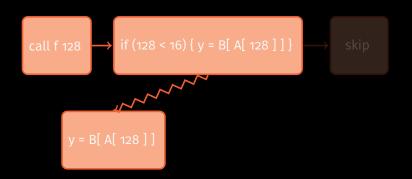
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$$\implies$$
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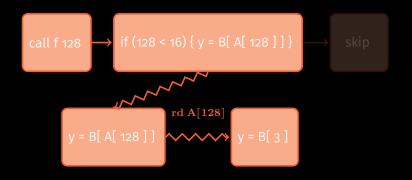
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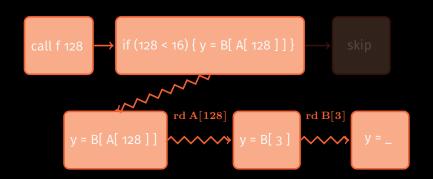
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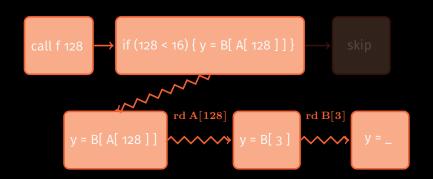
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trace 1: rd A[128]

 $\mathrm{rd}\,\mathrm{B}[3]$

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void f (int x) \mapsto if (x < A.size) {y = B[A[x]]}
run 1: A.size = 16, A[128] = 3
run 2: A[128] = 7 different H values
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rd B[3] different traces rd B[7] ⇒ SNI violation

A program is SNI ($\vdash P : SNI$) if, given two runs from low-equivalent states:

- if the <u>non-speculative traces</u> are low-equivalent

call f

 then the speculative traces are also low-equivalent

```
trace 1: _{\rm rd\ A[128]} _{\rm rd\ B[3]} different traces trace 2: _{\rm rd\ A[128]} _{\rm rd\ B[7]} \Rightarrow SNI violation
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A program attains SNI <u>robustly</u> (⊢ **P** : **RSNI**) if it is **SNI** no matter what attacker **A** it links against.

call f

$$\forall A. \vdash A [P] : SNI$$

trace 1: rd A[128]trace 2: rd A[128] rd B[3] different traces rd B[7] \Rightarrow SNI violation

Problems Problems Problems ...

Problem: Proving compiler preserves RSNI is hard

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Solution: overapproximate RSNI with a <u>novel</u> property: robust speculative safety (RSS)

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void f (int x) \mapsto if (x < A.size) {y = B[A[x]]}
only 1 run needed: A.size=16, A[128]=3
integrity lattice: S \subset U S \cap U = S U does not flow to S
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call f 128 \rightarrow if (128 < 16) { y = B[ A[ 128 ] ] } pc: S
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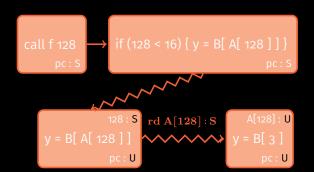
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Semantic-Irrelevant Taint Tracking

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128:S
y = B[ A[ 128 ] ]
pc: U

y = B[ 3]
pc: U

y = L
pc: U

4/2
```

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rd A[128]:S

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A program is $SS (\vdash P : SS)$ if its traces do not contain U actions A program is SS robustly $(\vdash P : RSS)$ if it is SS no matter what attacker A it links against.

d A[128] : S

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 preserve for whole programs (e.g., CCT), cube-like proofs

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Robustness pros and cons:

- √ realistic, (not) lossy, precise attacker + actions awareness
- × coqability, precision, sometimes inefficient

RSS and RSNI

RSS overapproximates RSNI, so:

• in the target: $\forall P. \vdash P : RSS \Rightarrow \vdash P : RSNI$

RSS and RSNI

RSS overapproximates RSNI, so:

- in the target: $\forall P. \vdash P : RSS \Rightarrow \vdash P : RSNI$
- in the source: ∀P. ⊢ P : RSS ←⇒ ⊢ P : RSNI
 (recall, no speculative execution in source)

```
[\cdot]: RSSP \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} if \forall A. \vdash A[P]: RSS and RSS \sim RSS then \forall A. \vdash A[[P]]: RSS
```

∀A: explicit attacker model (robustness)

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- <u>Proof</u>: RSSC & RSSP are equivalent RSSC : clear security guarantees RSSP : simpler proofs

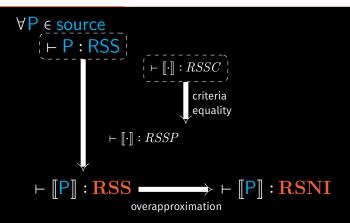
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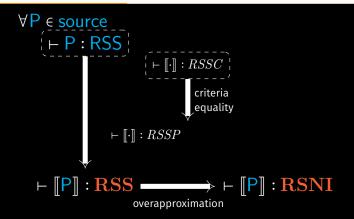
RSSC : clear security guarantees

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Secure Compilation Framework for Spectre

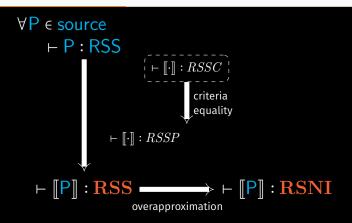


Secure Compilation Framework for Spectre



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Secure Compilation Framework for Spectre



- all source programs are trivially RSS
- to show security: simply prove RSSC

Preservation or Enforcement?

Is it still preservation if the property is trivial in source?

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Preservation can generalise the proof

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Enforcement cannot work for classes (more on this later)

Security Spectrum

- 2 notions of RSS and RSNI (thus 2 targets):
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```
void get (int y)
if (y < size) then
temp = B[A[y]*512]</pre>
```

Violates + and -

```
void get (int y)
x = A[y];
if (y < size) then
temp = B[x];</pre>
```

Violates +, Satisfies -

```
call f 128
pc : S
```

```
void f(\text{int } x) \mapsto \text{if}(x < A.\text{size})\{y = B[A[x]]\} // A.size=16, A[128]=3

[Insert Provided Formula: A.size of the provided HTML of the provided HTML
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// A.size=16, A[128]=3
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RSSC for SLH

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                                                     rd B[0]:S
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RSSC for SLH



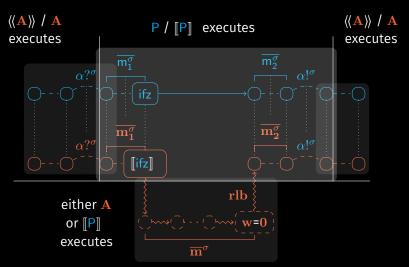
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Insecurity Results

- MSVC is Insecure
- Non-interprocedural SLH is insecure

Both omit <u>speculation barriers</u>

Proofs Insight



RSSP with V1 trace model = RSSP₁

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- wh: $\vdash \llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_{\mathbf{T}}^{\mathsf{S}} : RSSP_1$ (produces V1-secure code)
- take [[·]] that produces V4-secure code
- if $\vdash \llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_{\mathbf{T}}^{\mathsf{S}} : RSSP_1$
- and $\vdash \llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_{\mathbf{T}}^{\mathbf{T}} : RSSP_4$
- what do we know about ⊢ \[\[\[\] \] \] \[\] \] .?

Composition Results

"Unknown" (but expected(?)):

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{if } \vdash \llbracket \cdot \rrbracket \rrbracket_{1}^{\mathsf{S}} : X & (\mathit{RSSP}_{1}) \\ &\text{and } \vdash \llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_{\mathbf{T}}^{\mathsf{I}} : Y & (\mathit{RSSP}_{4}) \\ &\text{then } \vdash \llbracket \llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_{1}^{\mathsf{S}} \rrbracket_{\mathbf{T}}^{\mathsf{I}} : X \cap Y \end{aligned}$$

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problem:

$$RSSP_1 \cap RSSP_4 \neq RSSP_1 \cup RSSP_4$$

Instrumentations:

- preserve some [class of] (hyper)property X
- enforce a specific (hyper)property Y

$$\vdash \llbracket \cdot \rrbracket \succ_X Y$$

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Proposed Solution

(wip)

Instrumentations:

cannot enforce classes

$$\vdash \llbracket \cdot \rrbracket \succ_X Y$$

Instrumentations for Spectre

(wip)

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{if } \vdash \llbracket \cdot \rrbracket \rrbracket_{1}^{\mathsf{S}} : RSSP_{1} \\ &\text{and } \vdash \llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_{\mathbf{T}}^{\mathsf{I}} \succ_{RSSP_{1}} RSSP_{4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{then } \vdash \llbracket \llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_{1}^{\mathsf{S}} \rrbracket_{\mathbf{T}}^{\mathsf{I}} : RSSP_{1} \cup RSSP_{4}$$

More Generally

(wip)

 some optimisation passes may not preserve some property X (specific, not class) **More Generally**

(wip)

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- we need later passes to enforce X

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(wip)

- some optimisation passes may not preserve some property X (specific, not class)
- we need later passes to enforce X
- interesting (unknown(?)) metatheory, very interesting application

Questions?

