A Shifting Balance: Ideological Sources in Climate News MPSA 2025

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 - Newspaper employees themselves increasingly questioning this norm (Sullivan 2022, Bennet, 2023)

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 - But also modest within-journalist change

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 - Clear division of source types: fossil fuel companies vs environmental advocacy groups

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- ▶ Manual validation of extraction and categorization using crowdworkers (90+% accuracy).

► Label sources as **right/left-leaning** using 3 strategies

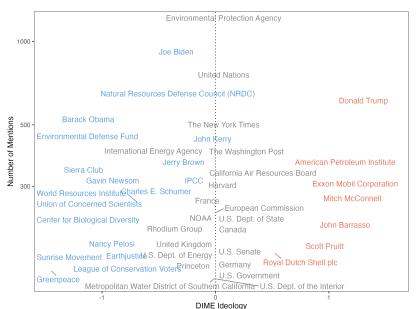
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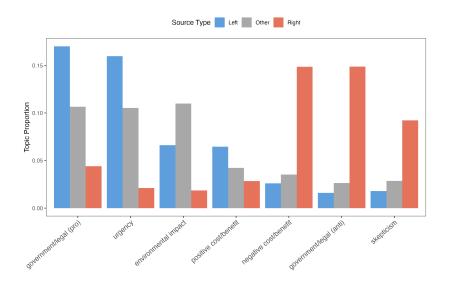
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 - ▶ DIME imputation using LLMs and pairwise comparisons
- Academics, bureaucrats, and non-US entities excluded

Top 50 Sources

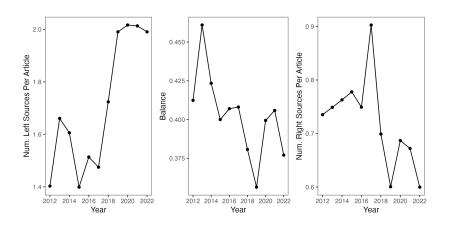


Content Analysis



Left and Right-Leaning Sources Over Time

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- ▶ Journalist reaction (within): Journalists at the individual level changed citation behaviors to produce fewer balanced articles

Testing Mechanisms: Journalist Replacement

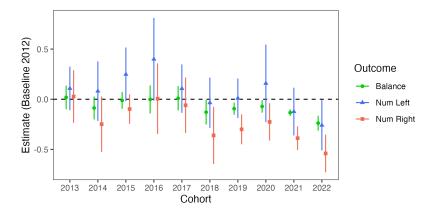
We assign each journalist to a cohort: the first year they are observed in our sample

Estimate:

$$Y_i = \beta_0 + \gamma_k + \delta_t + \lambda_s + \epsilon_i \tag{1}$$

- ► The specification allows us to leverage variation in the citation patterns of journalists in different cohorts within the same year and newspaper
- ▶ Reference group: 2012 cohort

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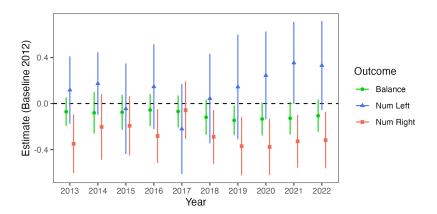
Testing Mechanisms: Journalist Reaction

We include journalist fixed effect to estimate the extent to which there was within-journalist change in citation patterns

$$Y_i = \beta_0 + \delta_t + \rho_j + \epsilon_i \tag{2}$$

- Y_i is the article level dependent variable, δ_t is a year fixed effect, ρ_i is a journalist fixed effect,
- ➤ The specification allows us to compare the average within-journalist changes in balanced article production against the 2012 baseline

Testing Mechanisms: Journalist Reaction



Thank you!

- ▶ Balance norm in journalism is increasingly contested
- News production about climate policy become less balanced over time
- Changes driven by both across-journalist (cohort effect) and within-journalist dynamics

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