

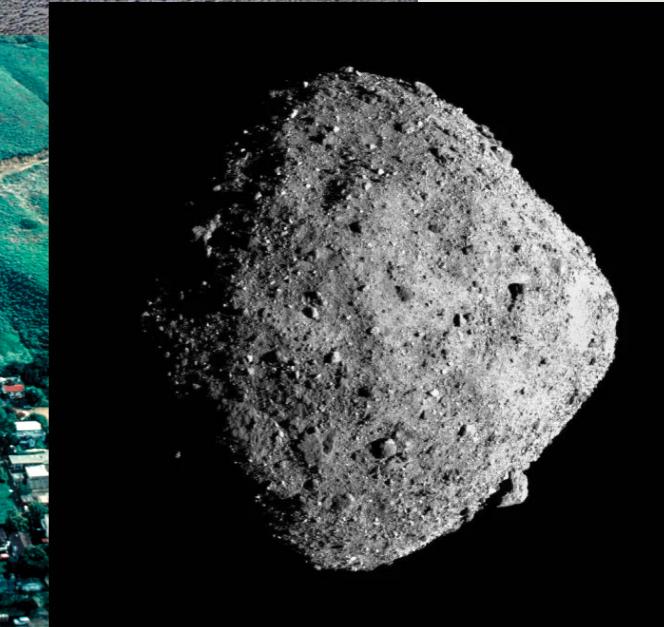
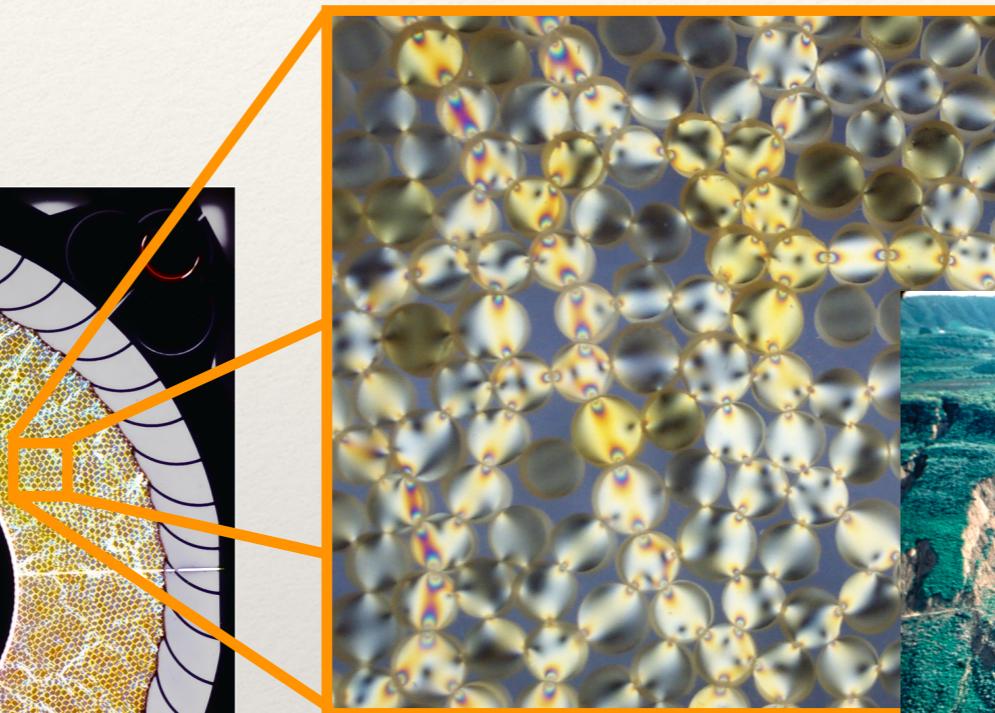
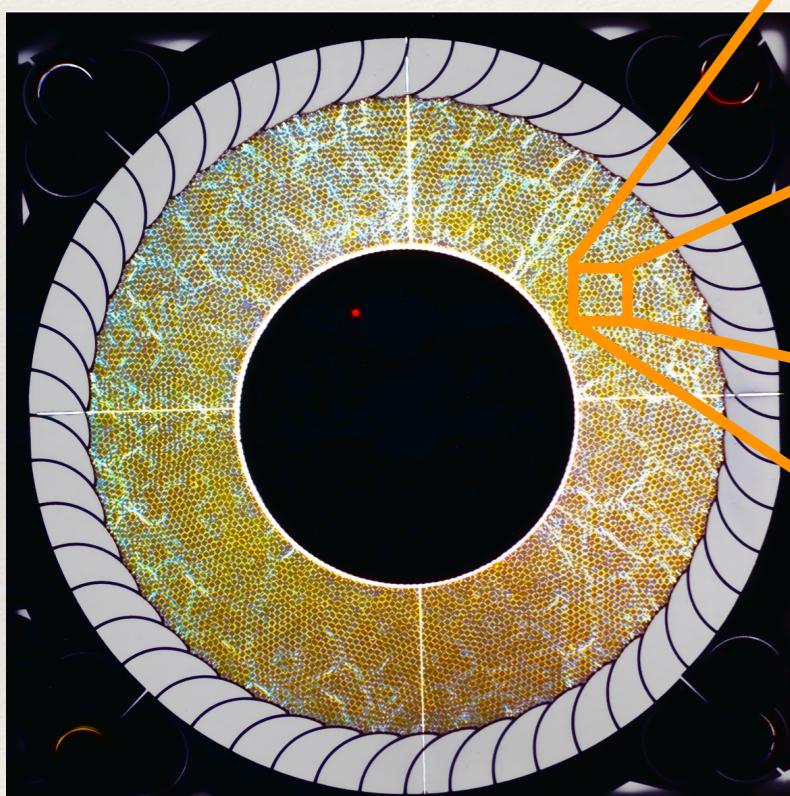
Welcome to Physics 308:
Prof. Ted Brzinski

Are you in the right place?

- ❖ Are you an astronomy / physics / astrophysics / math major?
- ❖ Do you like tricky problems? Or learning new problem solving strategies?
- ❖ Do you like to explore how simple rules can produce surprising or complex outcomes?

Who am I? Prof. Ted Brzinski

I do mechanics + statistical / nonlinear physics! How do simple constituents produce complicated or surprising phenomena?



Things I do other than physics: biking, hiking, cooking, coffee'ing, playing with my kids, watching movies, reading comics and books, playing video games

Motivation for class format:

- ❖ Not enough time for all details in class!
- ❖ Cognitively important to see things multiple times in multiple ways (research-proven!)
- ❖ Independent learning is a great compliment to communal study:
 - ❖ Work through examples.
 - ❖ Scribble notes.
 - ❖ Work some unassigned problems
- ❖ Class as a way of reinforcing, testing, and contextualizing your independent learning

Class format

- ❖ Classes:
 - ❖ Monday — lecture / discussion
 - ❖ Wed / Fri — group work / group presentations

Class format

- ❖ Deadlines for each topic/week (11:59 PM):
 - ❖ Notes on readings/lecture (**Monday** - no more than 30 minutes, or [even better] write as you read!)
 - ❖ Rough draft solutions (**Friday**)
 - ❖ Peer feedback (**2nd Monday** ~30 minutes)
 - ❖ Pretty (final) solutions (**2nd Wed.**)
 - ❖ Quiz (**2nd Thursday**, 15 minutes)

This week

- ❖ Reading notes due Wed. Instead of Monday!
- ❖ Friday - mathstravaganza! Work out one of the indicated problems *independently* before class. Each group will share their solutions, then choose one to present.

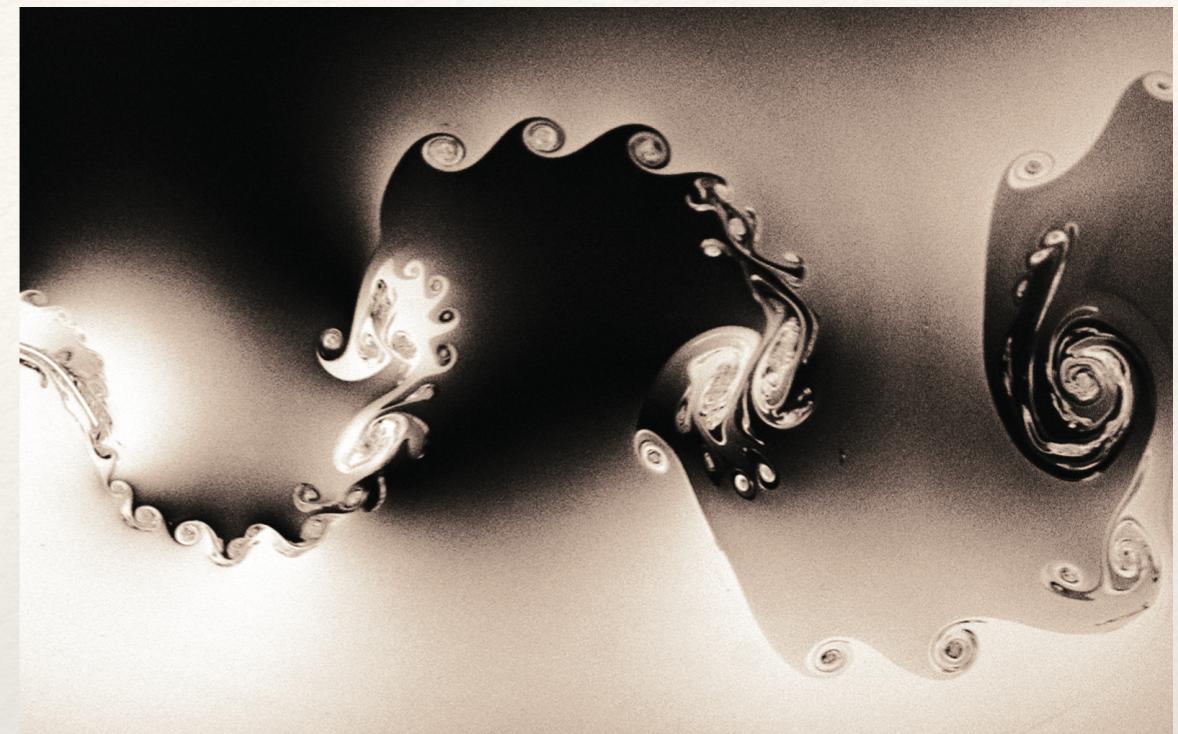
Next week

- ❖ No class Monday! (Labor Day)
- ❖ Reading notes and peer feedback due Tuesday (instead of Monday). Peer feedback at noon, reading notes at the usual 11:59 PM.

Textbooks

Classical Mechanics

John R. Taylor



Physics of Continuous Matter

Second Edition

Exotic and Everyday Phenomena in the Macroscopic World

B Lautrup

 CRC Press
Taylor & Francis Group
A TAYLOR & FRANCIS BOOK

Newton's Laws

- ❖ 1 -
- ❖ 2 -
- ❖ 3 -

Newton's Laws

- ❖ 1 - Objects keep moving (or not) unless you push 'em.
- ❖ 2 - Objects change how they're moving proportionally to how hard and how long you push them:
$$F = ma \Rightarrow dv = \frac{F}{m} dt$$
- ❖ 3 - When you push a thing, it pushes you back!

Newton's Laws

- ❖ Newton's 3rd law → conservation of momentum (see reading!)
- ❖ Newton's 2nd law → conservation of energy

$$F = m \frac{dv}{dt} = m \frac{dv}{dx} \frac{dx}{dt} = mv \frac{dv}{dx}$$
$$\Rightarrow F \, dx = mv \, dv \Rightarrow F \cdot \Delta x = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

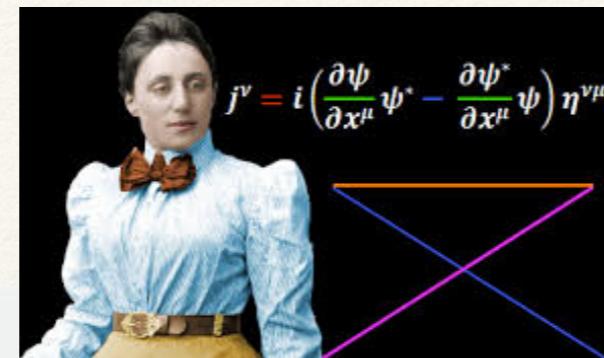
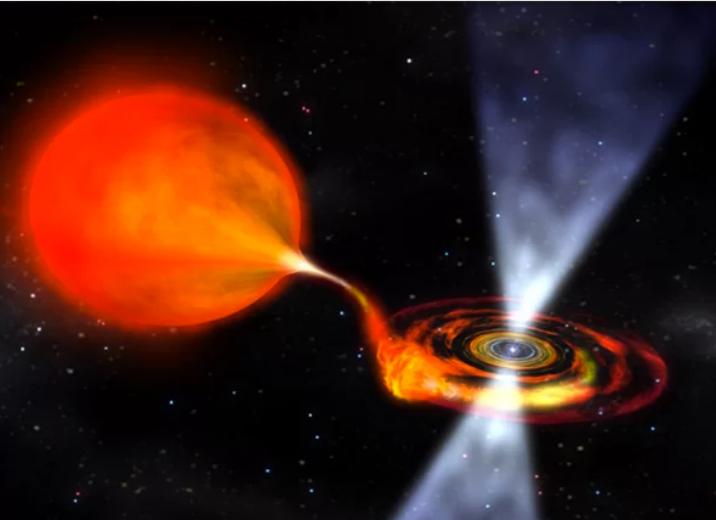
Conservation laws:

Angular momentum

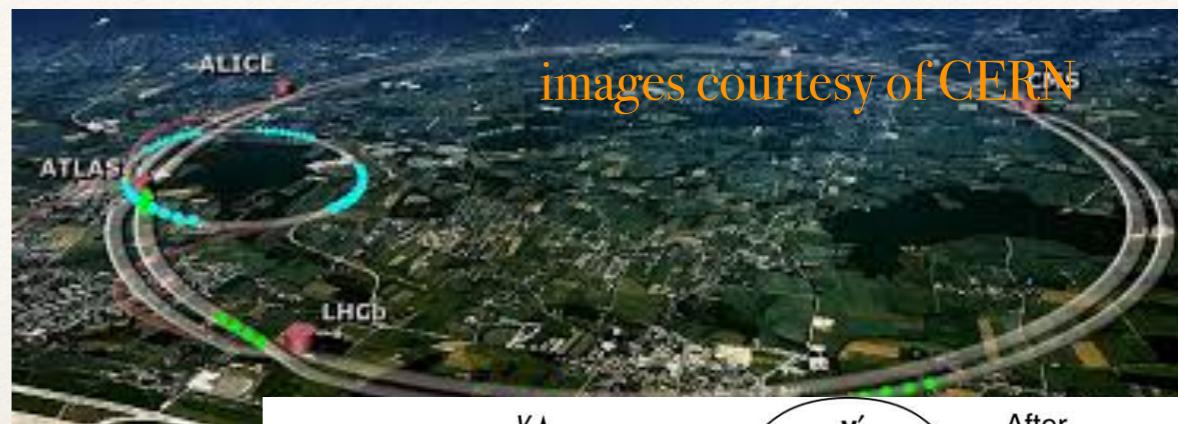


Image courtesy of space.com

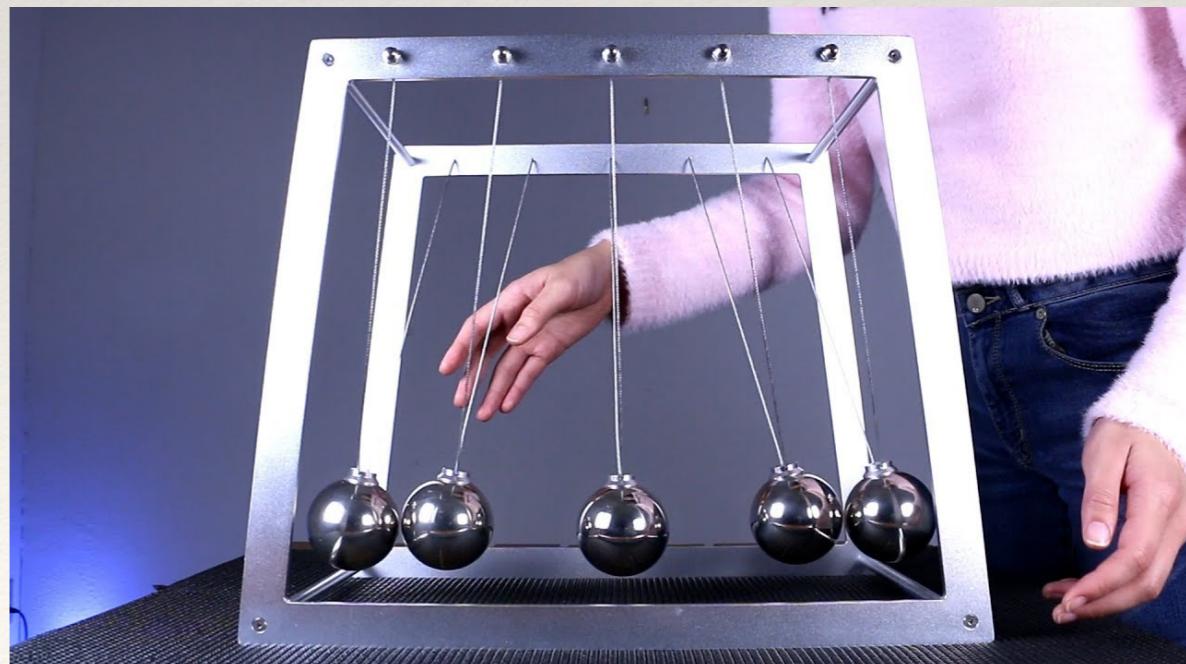
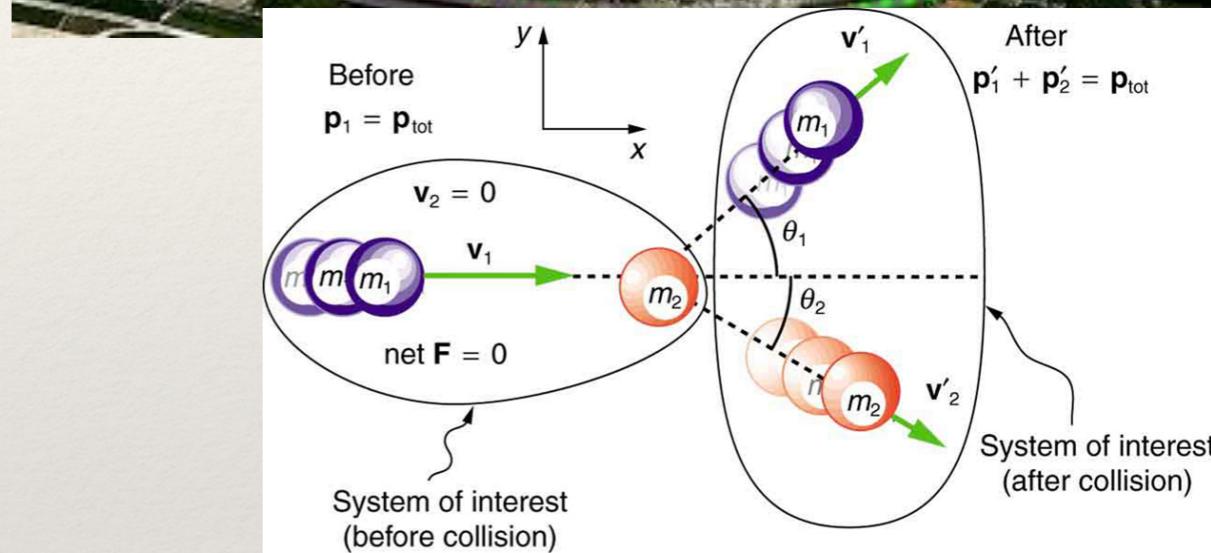
Neutron star spin up



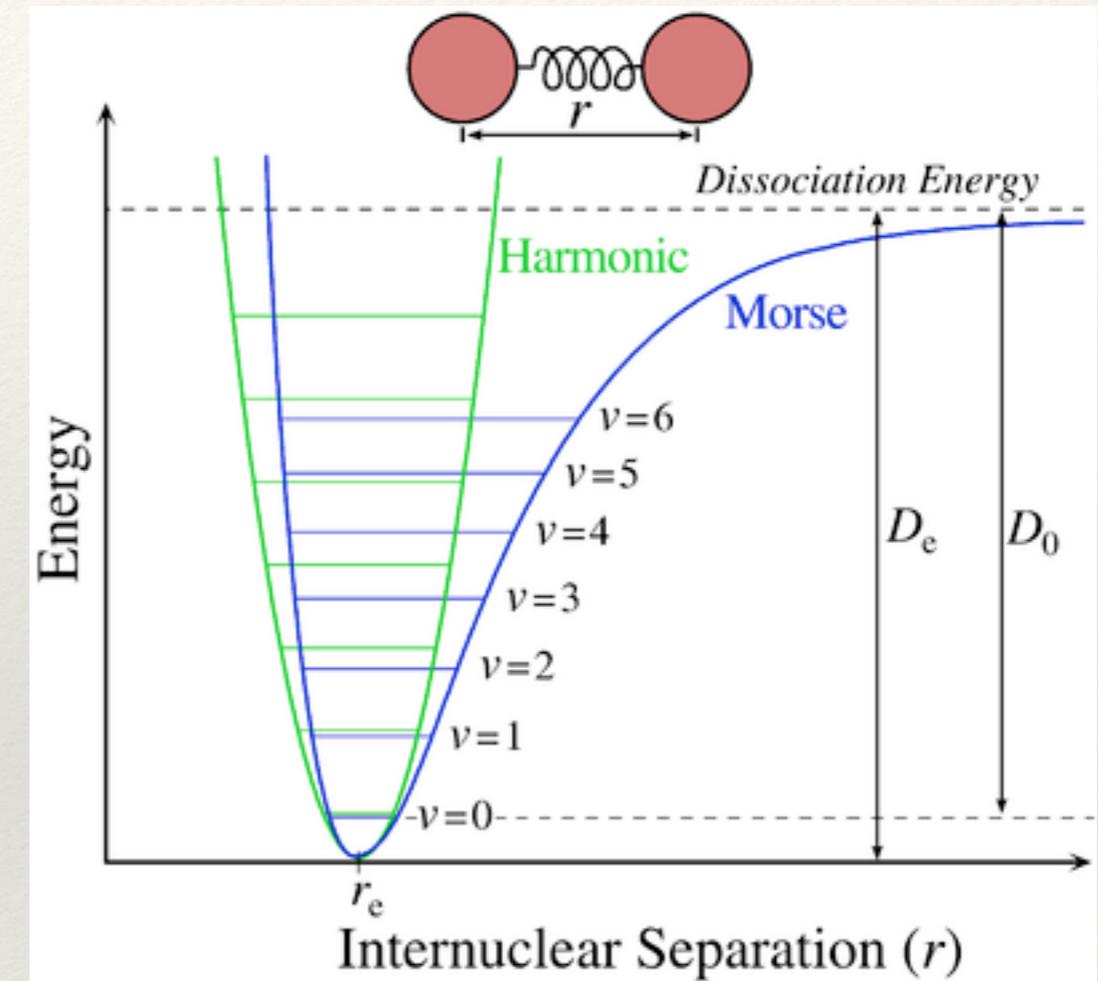
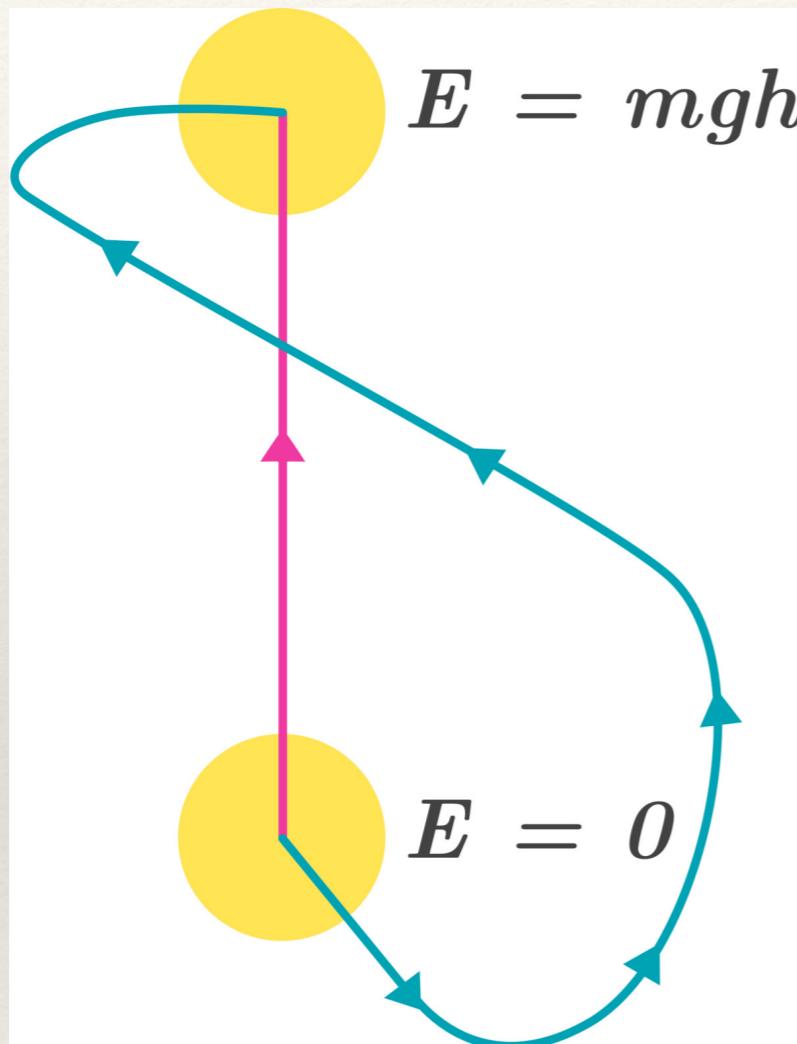
Energy and momentum



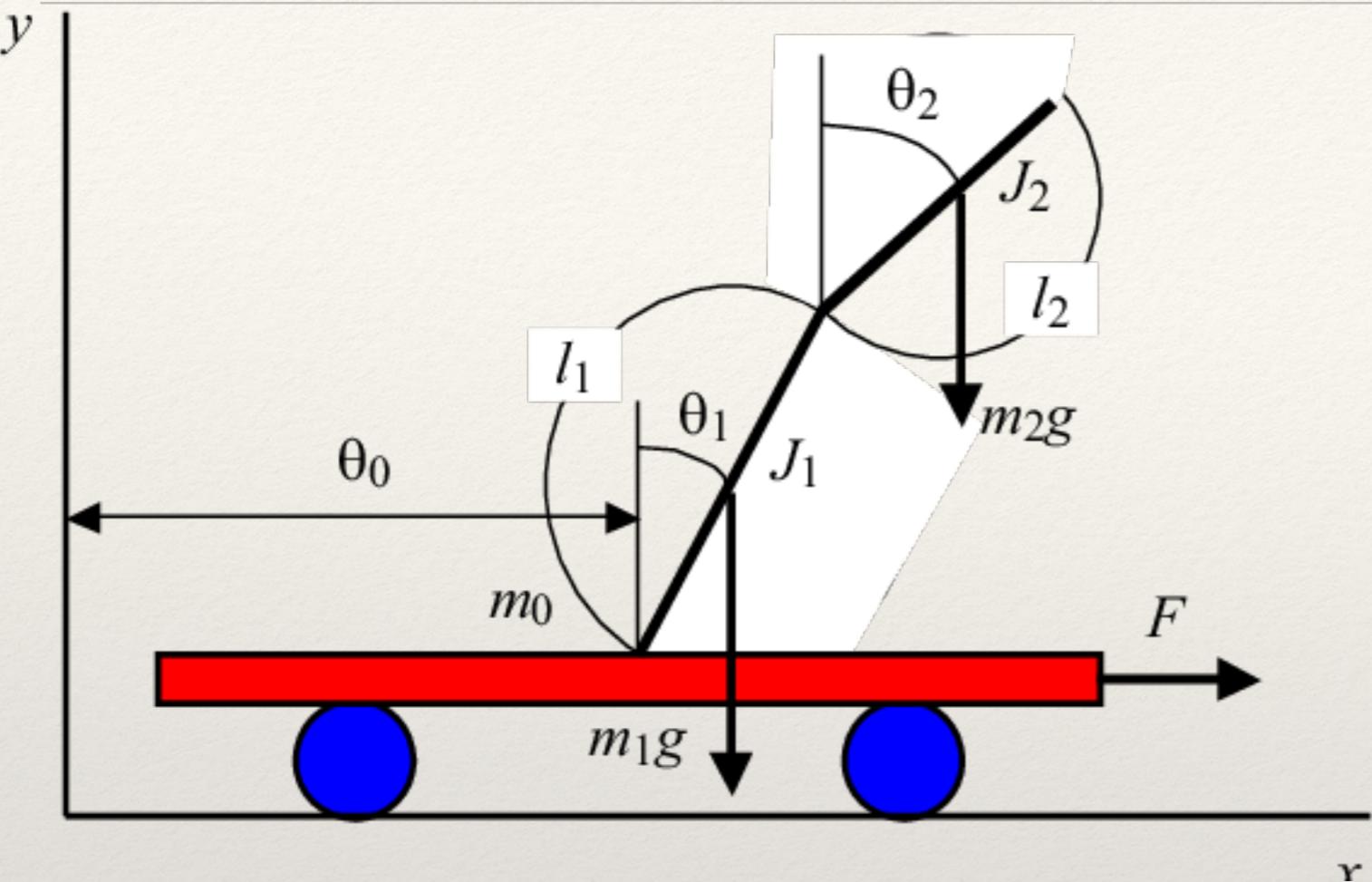
images courtesy of CERN



Conservative forces



Lagrangian mechanics



$$\mathcal{L} = T - V$$

$$S = \int dt L[x(t), \dot{x}(t); t]$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{x}}$$

Mechanics beyond
free-body diagrams

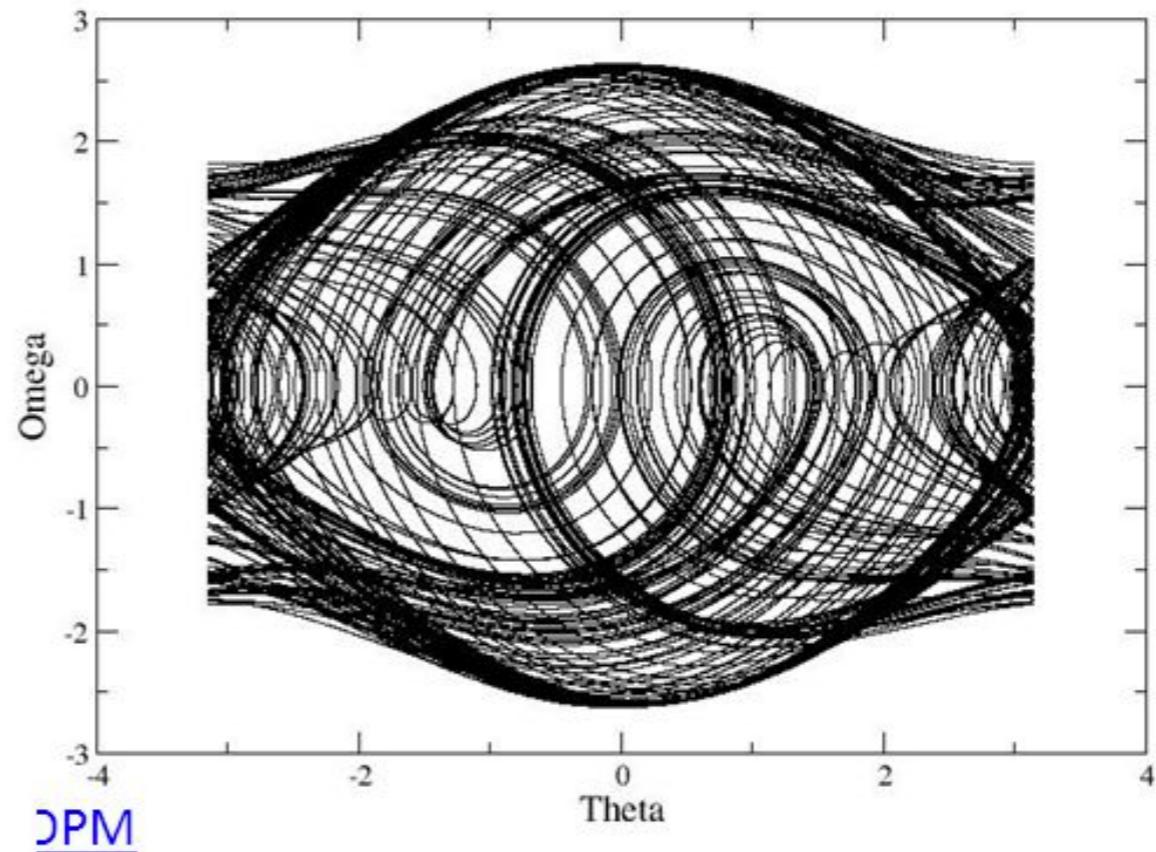
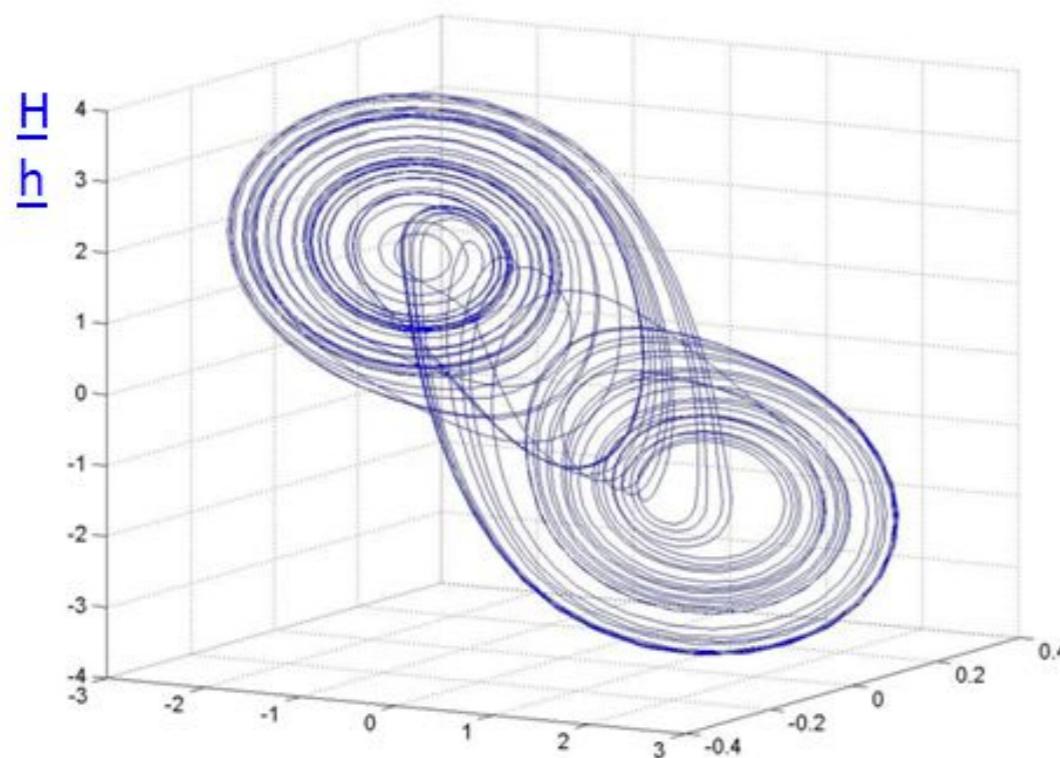
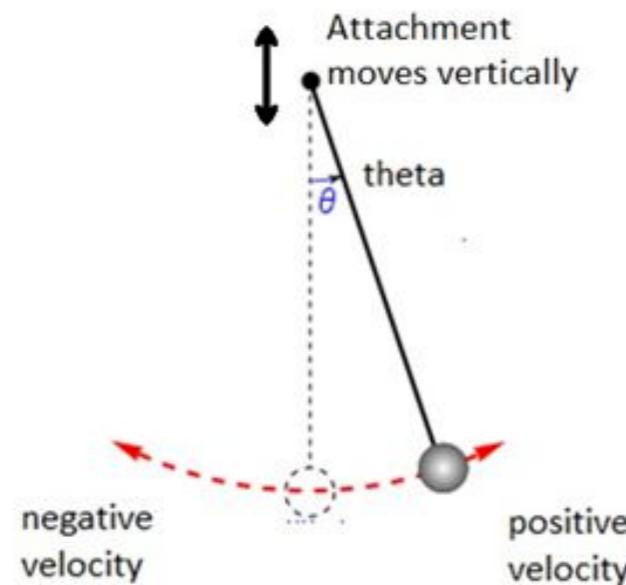
Hamilton's equations

$$\mathcal{H}(\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{q}, t) = \sum_{i=1}^n p_i \dot{q}^i - \mathcal{L}(\mathbf{q}, \dot{\mathbf{q}}, t)$$

$$\frac{dp}{dt} = -\frac{\partial \mathcal{H}}{\partial q} \quad , \quad \frac{dq}{dt} = +\frac{\partial \mathcal{H}}{\partial p}$$

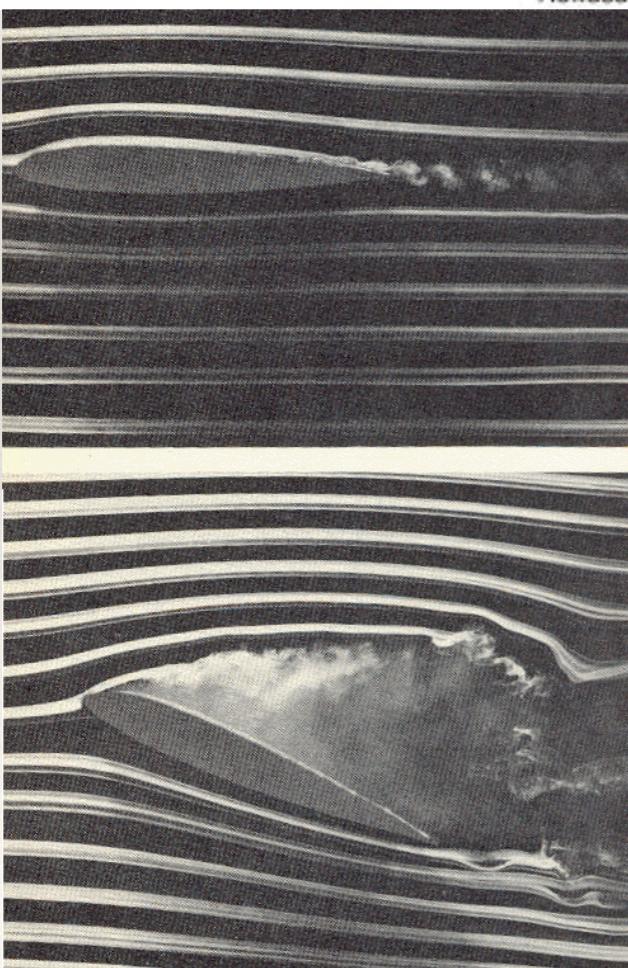
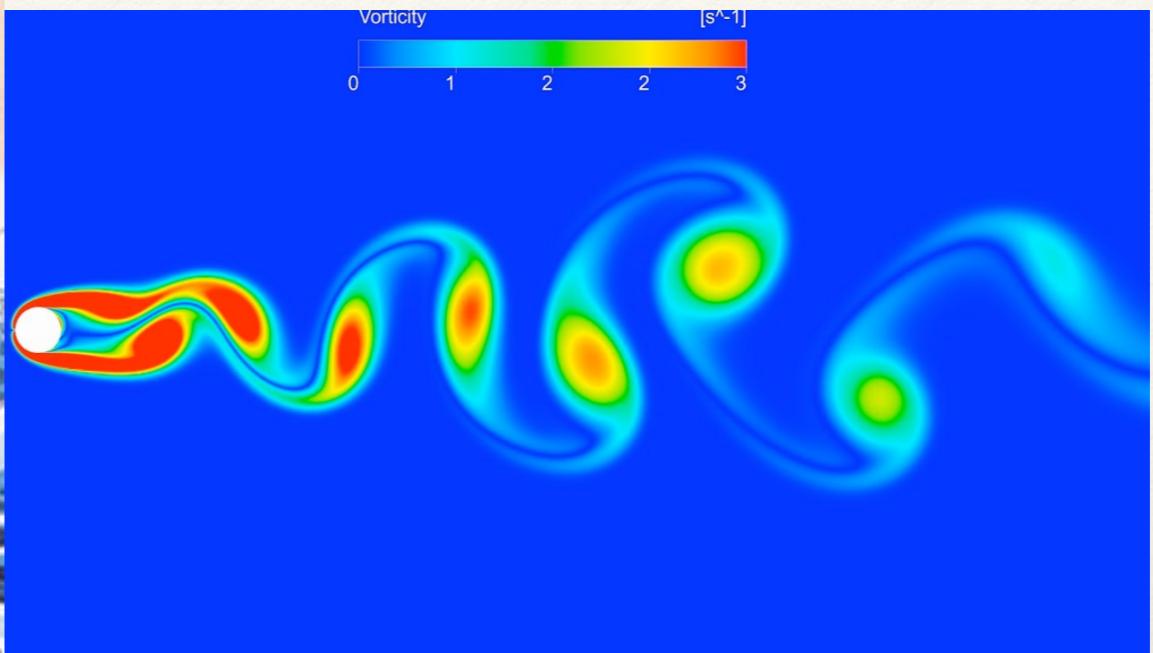
Nonlinear dynamics

Driven Pendulum with friction



Chaotic attractor in
phase space

Fluid dynamics



How to get help in this class [everyone will need it!]

- ❖ Office of Academic Resources — help with study skills / effective reading / time management (I wish I had this!), tutors available!
- ❖ Ask questions (of me and your peers!) in class!
- ❖ Come to office hours — I am here to help!
- ❖ Try #phys308 in the dept. slack to get help from peers, Dylan, or (occasionally) me.

How to succeed in Ted's classes (based on prior end-of-semester feedback)

- * Go to the office hours prepared with questions, initial work.
- * Use office hours preemptively and regularly.
- * Work with peers.
- * Do the readings, and attempt at least a hand-wavey strategy for related problems *as you read*.

Your feedback

- * Surveys: few weeks in, 7 weeks in, right before finals period
- * Anonymous but required/full participation credit requires you fill it in [but what you say doesn't effect grade]
- * I take it seriously! This whole class is an experiment with a new (to me) way of teaching and learning. If the learning outcomes for any of you are worse than a regular lecture would be, we need to tweak things!

For the gritty details

- ❖ Moodle has a (very) little. All coursework submission will happen here!
- ❖ Class syllabus / website is the main place for info!
<https://squishlab.github.io/PhysH308/>
(linked on moodle)