

```
In [37]: # import python libraries
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt # visualizing data
%matplotlib inline
import seaborn as sns
```

```
In [13]: # import csv file
df = pd.read_csv('Diwali Sales Data.csv', encoding= 'unicode_escape')
```

```
In [14]: df.shape
```

```
Out[14]: (11251, 15)
```

```
In [4]: df.head()
```

```
Out[4]:
```

	User_ID	Cust_name	Product_ID	Gender	Age Group	Age	Marital_Status	State
0	1002903	Sanskriti	P00125942	F	26-35	28	0	Maharashtra
1	1000732	Kartik	P00110942	F	26-35	35	1	Andhra Pradesh
2	1001990	Bindu	P00118542	F	26-35	35	1	Uttar Pradesh
3	1001425	Sudevi	P00237842	M	0-17	16	0	Karnataka
4	1000588	Joni	P00057942	M	26-35	28	1	Gujarat

```
In [5]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 11251 entries, 0 to 11250
Data columns (total 15 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   User_ID                11251 non-null  int64
1   Cust_name              11251 non-null  object
2   Product_ID            11251 non-null  object
3   Gender                 11251 non-null  object
4   Age Group              11251 non-null  object
5   Age                    11251 non-null  int64
6   Marital_Status         11251 non-null  int64
7   State                  11251 non-null  object
8   Zone                   11251 non-null  object
9   Occupation             11251 non-null  object
10  Product_Category       11251 non-null  object
11  Orders                 11251 non-null  int64
12  Amount                 11239 non-null  float64
13  Status                 0 non-null      float64
14  unnamed1               0 non-null      float64
dtypes: float64(3), int64(4), object(8)
memory usage: 1.3+ MB
```

```
In [15]: #drop unrelated/blank columns
```

```
df.drop(['Status', 'unnamed1'], axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
In [6]: #check for null values
pd.isnull(df).sum()
```

```
Out[6]: User_ID          0
Cust_name          0
Product_ID        0
Gender            0
Age Group         0
Age              0
Marital_Status    0
State            0
Zone             0
Occupation        0
Product_Category  0
Orders           0
Amount           12
Status          11251
unnamed1        11251
dtype: int64
```

```
In [16]: # drop null values
df.dropna(inplace=True)
```

```
In [8]: # change data type
df['Amount'] = df['Amount'].astype('int')
```

```
In [9]: df['Amount'].dtypes
```

```
Out[9]: dtype('int64')
```

```
In [10]: df.columns
```

```
Out[10]: Index(['User_ID', 'Cust_name', 'Product_ID', 'Gender', 'Age Group', 'Age',
               'Marital_Status', 'State', 'Zone', 'Occupation', 'Product_Category',
               'Orders', 'Amount', 'Status', 'unnamed1'],
              dtype='object')
```

```
In [19]: df.describe() # describe() method returns description of the data in the DataFr
```

```
Out[19]:
```

	User_ID	Age	Marital_Status	Orders	Amount
count	1.123900e+04	11239.000000	11239.000000	11239.000000	11239.000000
mean	1.003004e+06	35.410357	0.420055	2.489634	9453.610858
std	1.716039e+03	12.753866	0.493589	1.114967	5222.355869
min	1.000001e+06	12.000000	0.000000	1.000000	188.000000
25%	1.001492e+06	27.000000	0.000000	2.000000	5443.000000
50%	1.003064e+06	33.000000	0.000000	2.000000	8109.000000
75%	1.004426e+06	43.000000	1.000000	3.000000	12675.000000
max	1.006040e+06	92.000000	1.000000	4.000000	23952.000000

```
In [20]: df[['Age', 'Orders', 'Amount']].describe()    # use describe() for specific colu
```

```
Out[20]:
```

	Age	Orders	Amount
count	11239.000000	11239.000000	11239.000000
mean	35.410357	2.489634	9453.610858
std	12.753866	1.114967	5222.355869
min	12.000000	1.000000	188.000000
25%	27.000000	2.000000	5443.000000
50%	33.000000	2.000000	8109.000000
75%	43.000000	3.000000	12675.000000
max	92.000000	4.000000	23952.000000

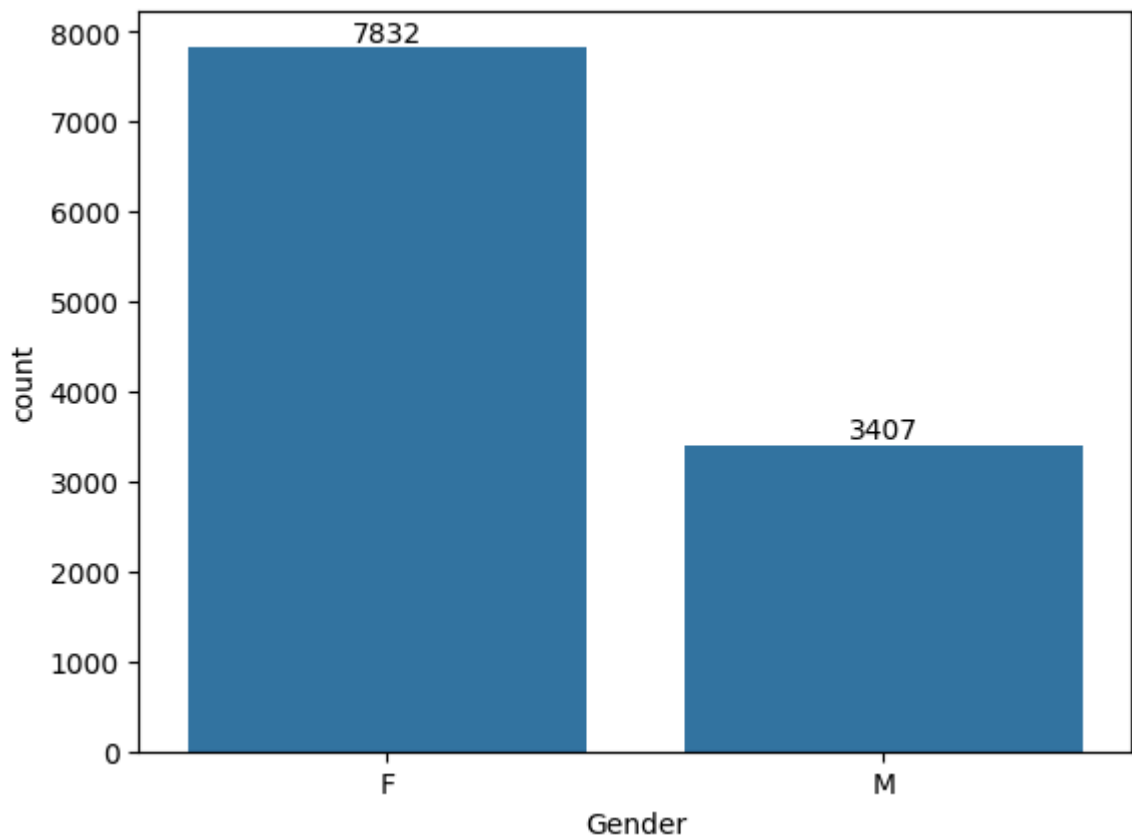
Exploratory Data Analysis

Gender

```
In [23]: # plotting a bar chart for Gender and it's count

ax = sns.countplot(x = 'Gender', data = df)

for bars in ax.containers:
    ax.bar_label(bars)
```

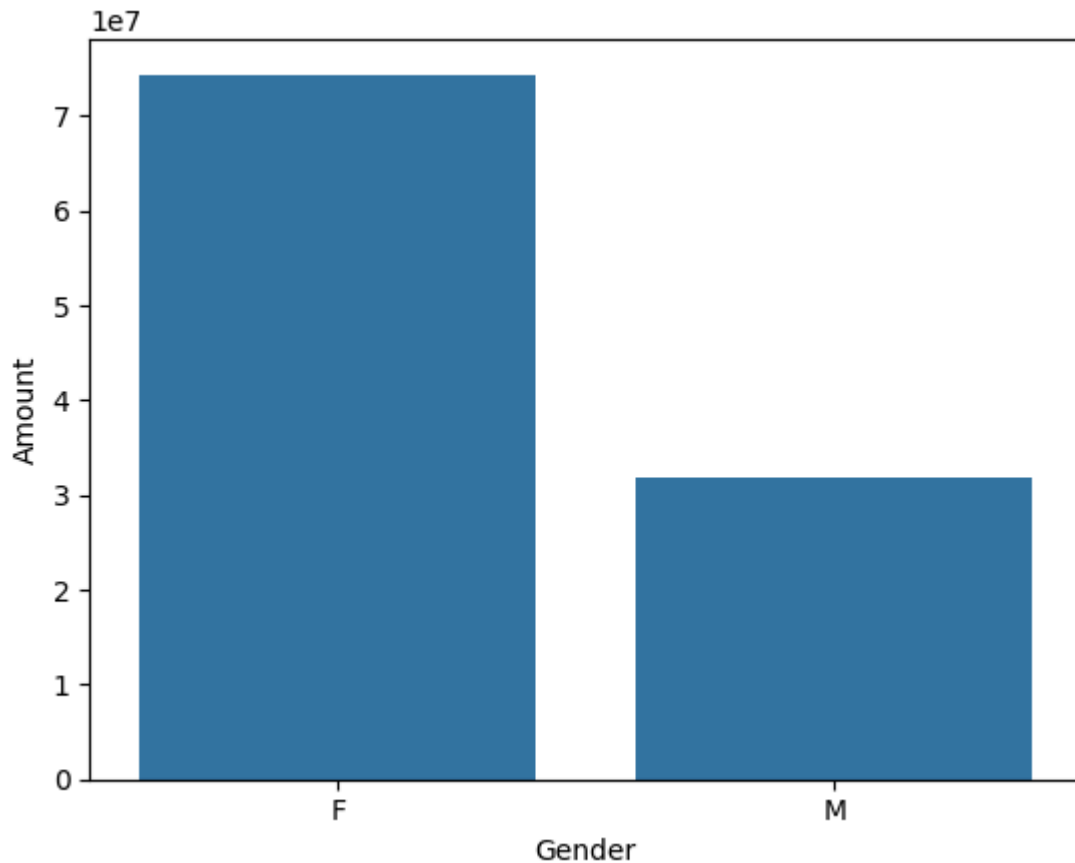


```
In [24]: # plotting a bar chart for gender vs total amount

sales_gen = df.groupby(['Gender'], as_index=False)['Amount'].sum().sort_values(b

sns.barplot(x = 'Gender',y= 'Amount' ,data = sales_gen)
```

Out[24]: <Axes: xlabel='Gender', ylabel='Amount'>

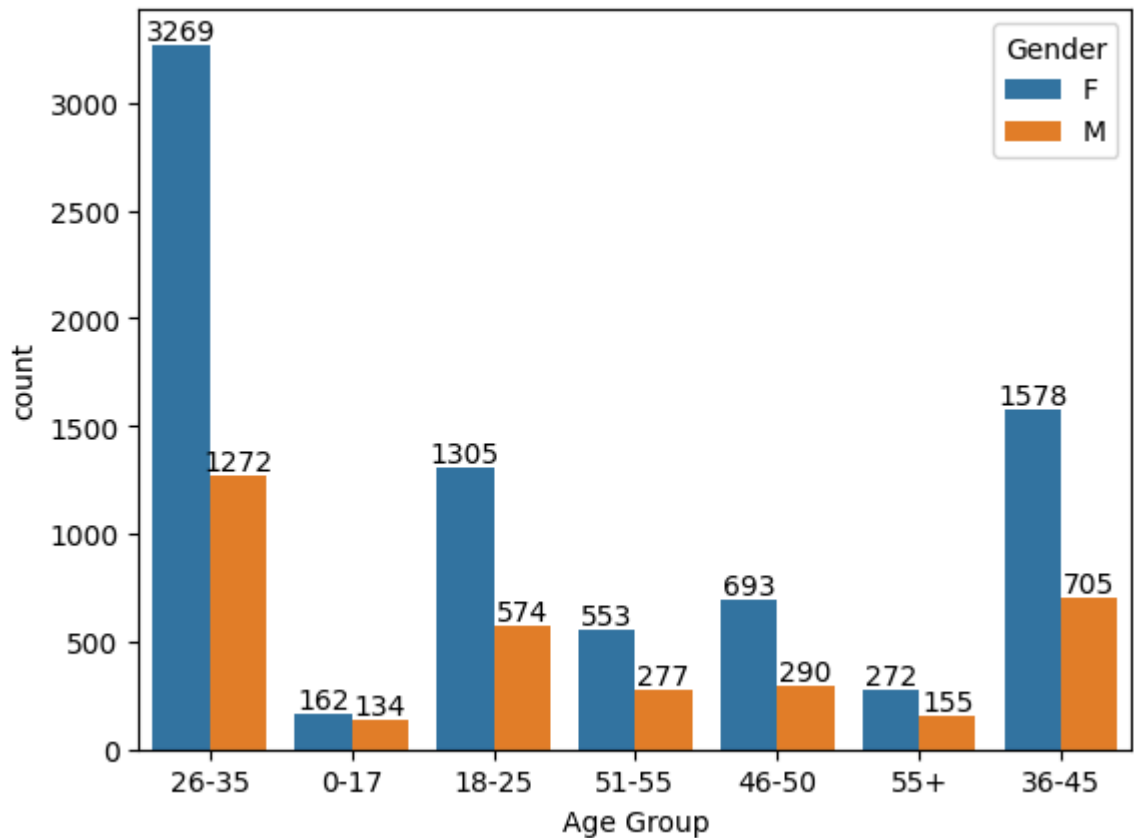


From above graphs we can see that most of the buyers are females and even the purchasing power of females are greater than men

Age

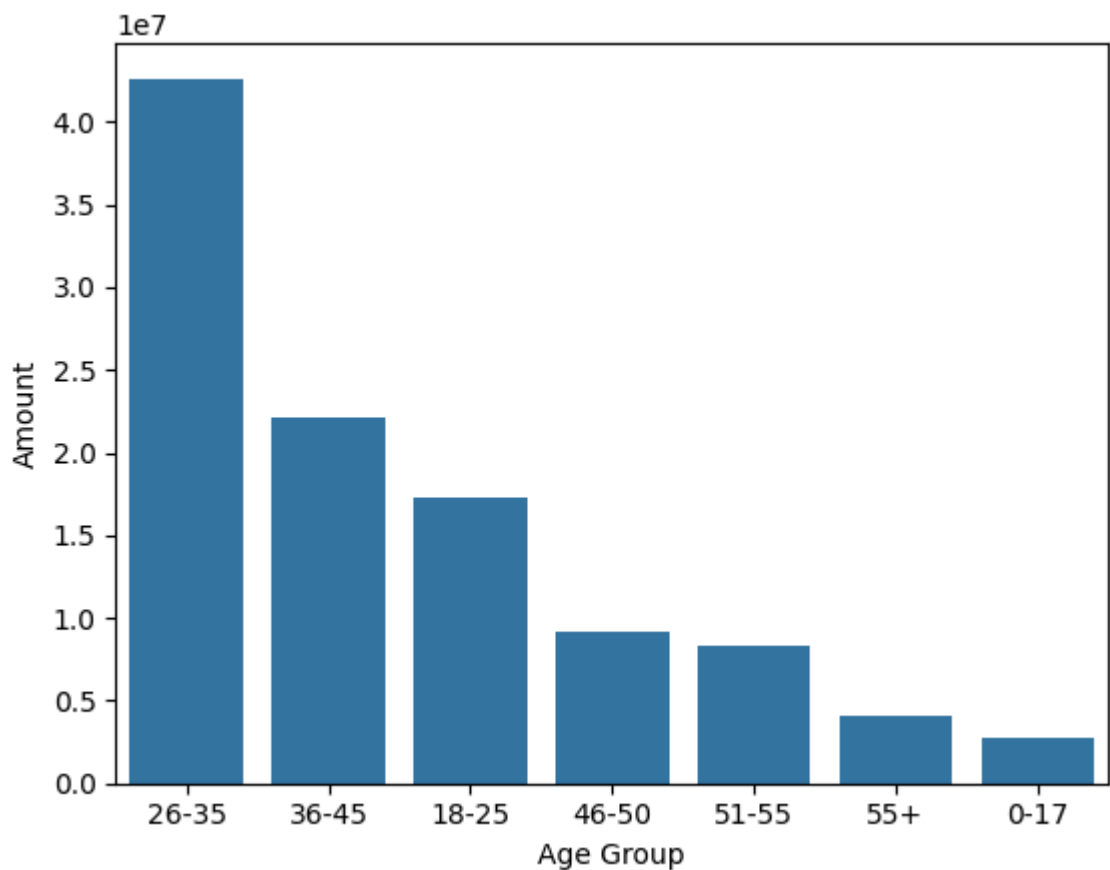
```
In [25]: ax = sns.countplot(data = df, x = 'Age Group', hue = 'Gender')

for bars in ax.containers:
    ax.bar_label(bars)
```



```
In [26]: # Total Amount vs Age Group
sales_age = df.groupby(['Age Group'], as_index=False)['Amount'].sum().sort_values
sns.barplot(x = 'Age Group',y= 'Amount' ,data = sales_age)
```

```
Out[26]: <Axes: xlabel='Age Group', ylabel='Amount'>
```



From above graphs we can see that most of the buyers are of age group between 26-35 yrs female

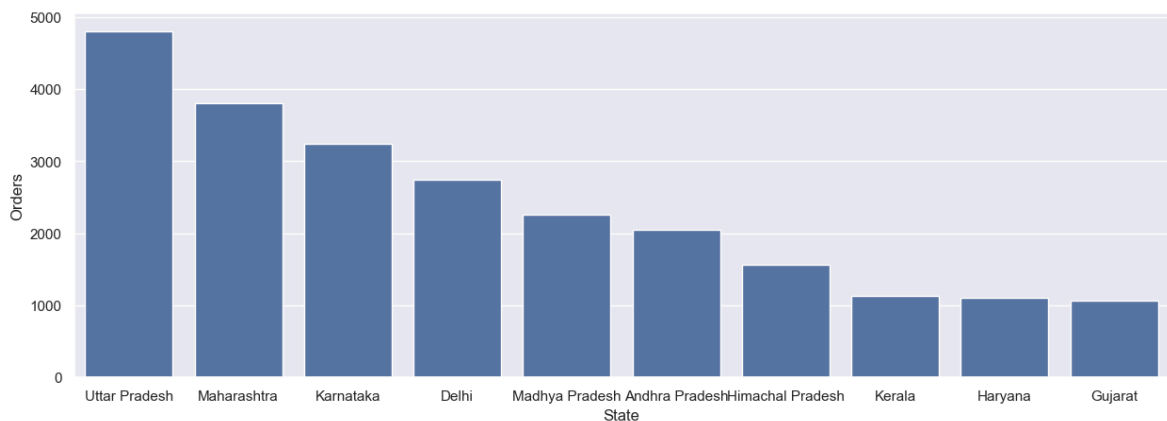
State

```
In [27]: # total number of orders from top 10 states

sales_state = df.groupby(['State'], as_index=False)['Orders'].sum().sort_values(

sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(15,5)})
sns.barplot(data = sales_state, x = 'State',y= 'Orders')
```

Out[27]: <Axes: xlabel='State', ylabel='Orders'>

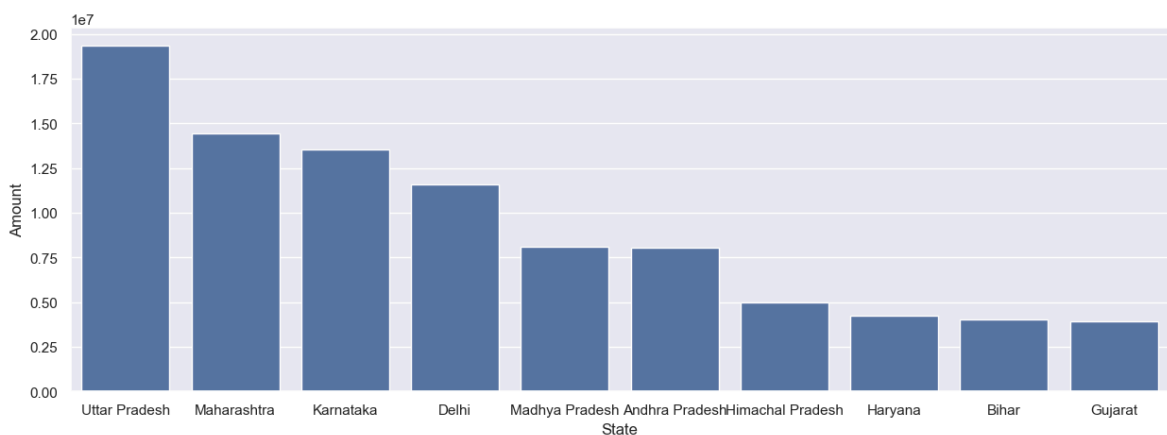


```
In [28]: # total amount/sales from top 10 states

sales_state = df.groupby(['State'], as_index=False)['Amount'].sum().sort_values(

sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(15,5)})
sns.barplot(data = sales_state, x = 'State',y= 'Amount')
```

Out[28]: <Axes: xlabel='State', ylabel='Amount'>

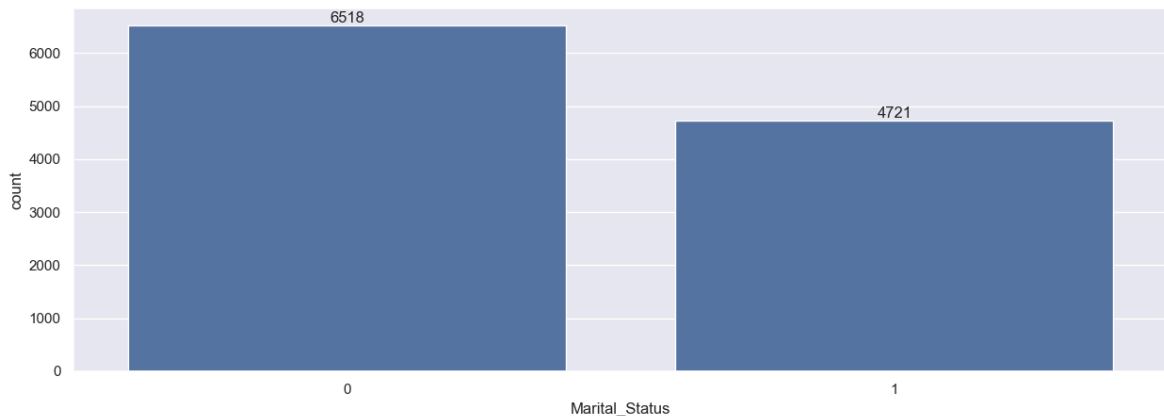


From above graphs we can see that most of the orders & total sales/amount are from Uttar Pradesh, Maharashtra and Karnataka respectively

Marital Status

```
In [29]: ax = sns.countplot(data = df, x = 'Marital_Status')

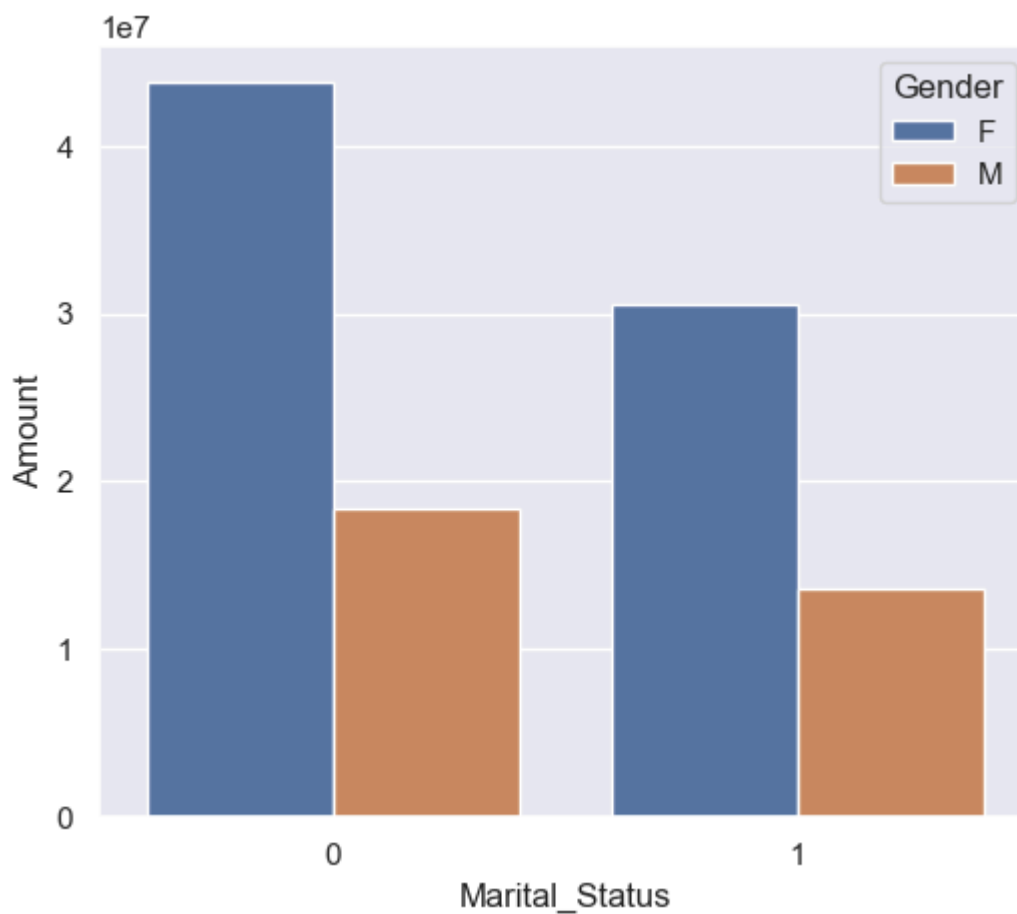
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(7,5)})
for bars in ax.containers:
    ax.bar_label(bars)
```



```
In [30]: sales_state = df.groupby(['Marital_Status', 'Gender'], as_index=False)['Amount']

sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(6,5)})
sns.barplot(data = sales_state, x = 'Marital_Status', y = 'Amount', hue='Gender')
```

Out[30]: <Axes: xlabel='Marital_Status', ylabel='Amount'>

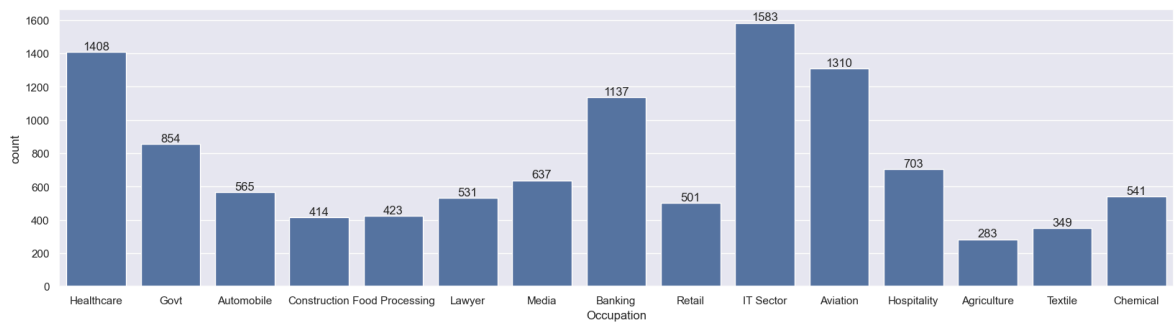


From above graphs we can see that most of the buyers are married (women) and they have high purchasing power

Occupation

```
In [31]: sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(20,5)})
ax = sns.countplot(data = df, x = 'Occupation')

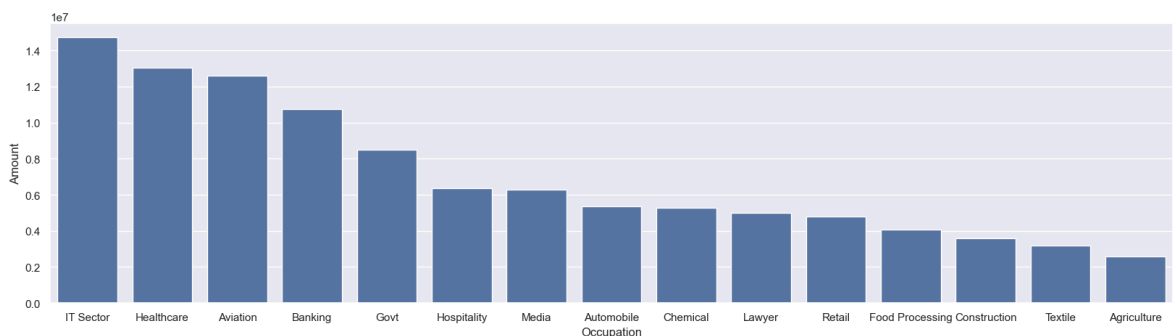
for bars in ax.containers:
    ax.bar_label(bars)
```



```
In [32]: sales_state = df.groupby(['Occupation'], as_index=False)['Amount'].sum().sort_va

sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(20,5)})
sns.barplot(data = sales_state, x = 'Occupation', y= 'Amount')
```

Out[32]: <Axes: xlabel='Occupation', ylabel='Amount'>

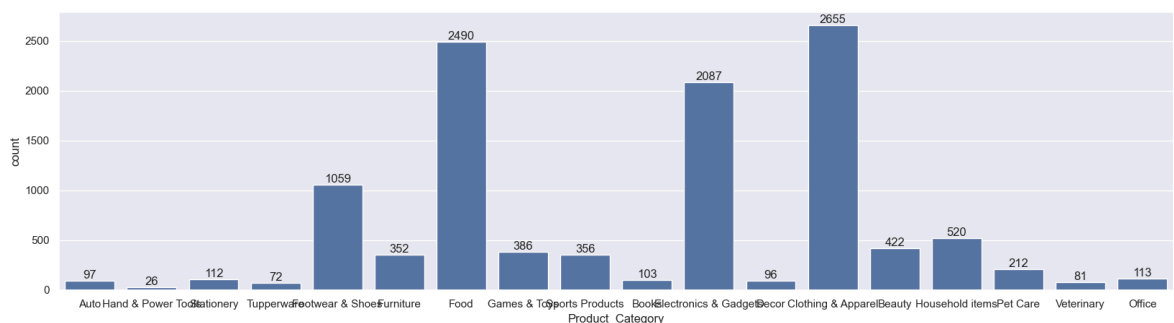


From above graphs we can see that most of the buyers are working in IT, Healthcare and Aviation sector

Product Category

```
In [33]: sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(20,5)})
ax = sns.countplot(data = df, x = 'Product_Category')

for bars in ax.containers:
    ax.bar_label(bars)
```

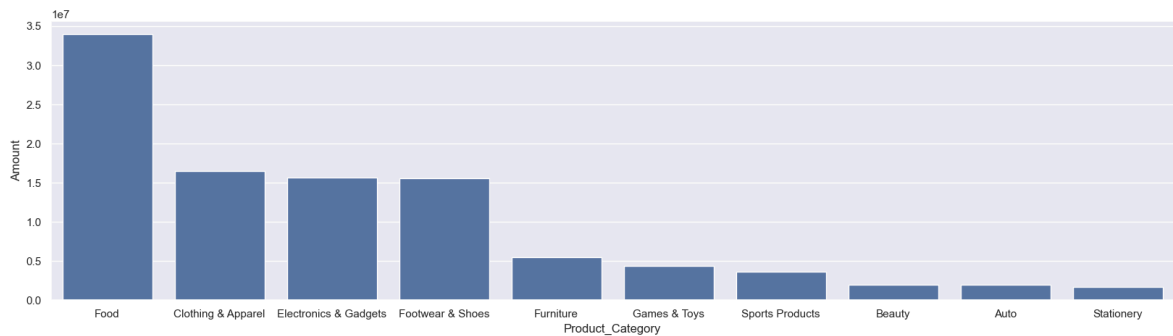


```
In [34]: sales_state = df.groupby(['Product_Category'], as_index=False)['Amount'].sum().s
```



```
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(20,5)})
sns.barplot(data = sales_state, x = 'Product_Category',y= 'Amount')
```

Out[34]: <Axes: xlabel='Product_Category', ylabel='Amount'>

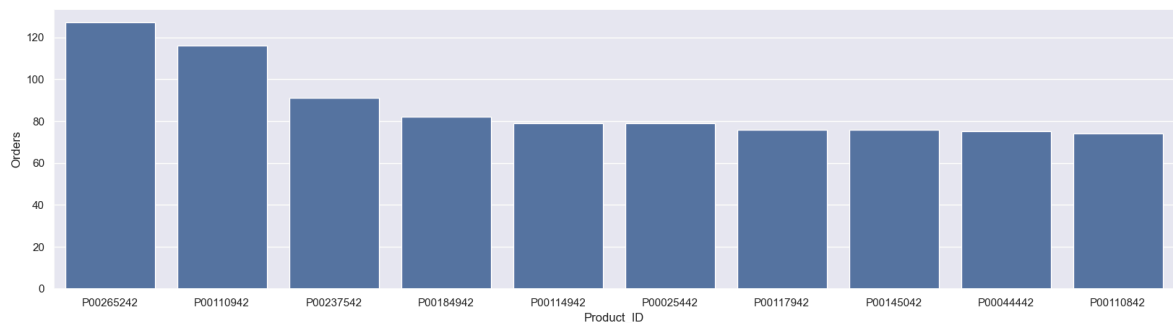


From above graphs we can see that most of the sold products are from Food, Clothing and Electronics category

```
In [35]: sales_state = df.groupby(['Product_ID'], as_index=False)['Orders'].sum().sort_va

sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(20,5)})
sns.barplot(data = sales_state, x = 'Product_ID',y= 'Orders')
```

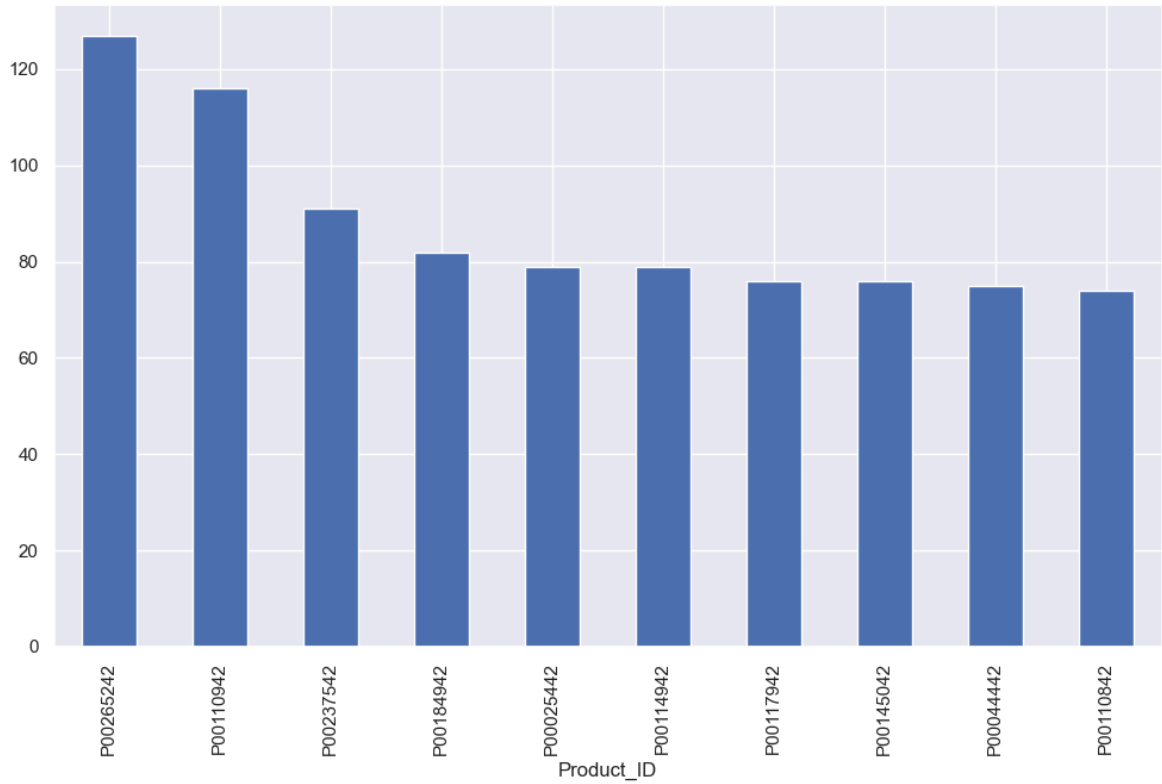
Out[35]: <Axes: xlabel='Product_ID', ylabel='Orders'>



```
In [36]: # top 10 most sold products (same thing as above)

fig1, ax1 = plt.subplots(figsize=(12,7))
df.groupby('Product_ID')['Orders'].sum().nlargest(10).sort_values(ascending=False)
```

Out[36]: <Axes: xlabel='Product_ID'>



Conclusion:

Married women age group 26-35 yrs from UP, Maharastra and Karnataka working in IT, Healthcare and Aviation are more likely to buy products from Food, Clothing and Electronics category

Thank you!