Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

346331637

PHYSICS 9702/51

Paper 5 Planning, Analysis and Evaluation

October/November 2020

1 hour 15 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working and use appropriate units.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 30.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has 8 pages. Blank pages are indicated.

1 A student investigates a spring of width w made from a metal wire, as shown in Fig. 1.1.

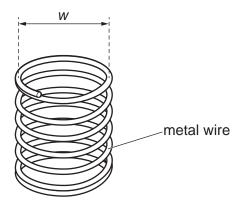


Fig. 1.1

The student constructs several springs, each made from a metal wire of different cross-sectional area A. The student investigates how the extension x of each spring varies with A when a load of mass m is applied.

It is suggested that the relationship between x and A is

$$x = \frac{mgw^3NA^n}{\gamma\rho}$$

where g is the acceleration of free fall, ρ is the density of the metal, N is the number of turns of wire in the spring and γ and n are constants.

Design a laboratory experiment to test the relationship between x and A. Explain how your results could be used to determine values for γ and n.

You should draw a diagram, on page 3, showing the arrangement of your equipment. In your account you should pay particular attention to:

- the procedure to be followed
- the measurements to be taken
- the control of variables
- the analysis of the data
- any safety precautions to be taken.

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Diagram

 •••••
 •••••
F4 = 3
 [15]

2 A student investigates the image of an object formed on a screen by a converging lens, as shown in Fig. 2.1.

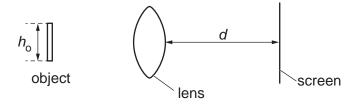


Fig. 2.1

The student measures the height h_0 of the object and the distance d from the lens to the screen. The height h_i of the image is measured as shown in Fig. 2.2.

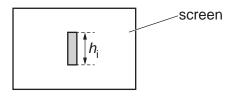


Fig. 2.2

The experiment is repeated for different values of *d*.

It is suggested that h_i and d are related by the equation

$$\frac{1}{f}\left(d+\frac{t}{2}\right) = \frac{h_{i}}{h_{o}} + 1$$

where *f* is a property of the lens called the focal length and *t* is the thickness of the lens.

(a) A graph is plotted of $\frac{h_i}{h_o}$ on the *y*-axis against *d* on the *x*-axis.

Determine expressions for the gradient and *y*-intercept.

(b) The value of h_0 is (2.4 ± 0.1) cm. Values of d and h_i are given in Table 2.1.

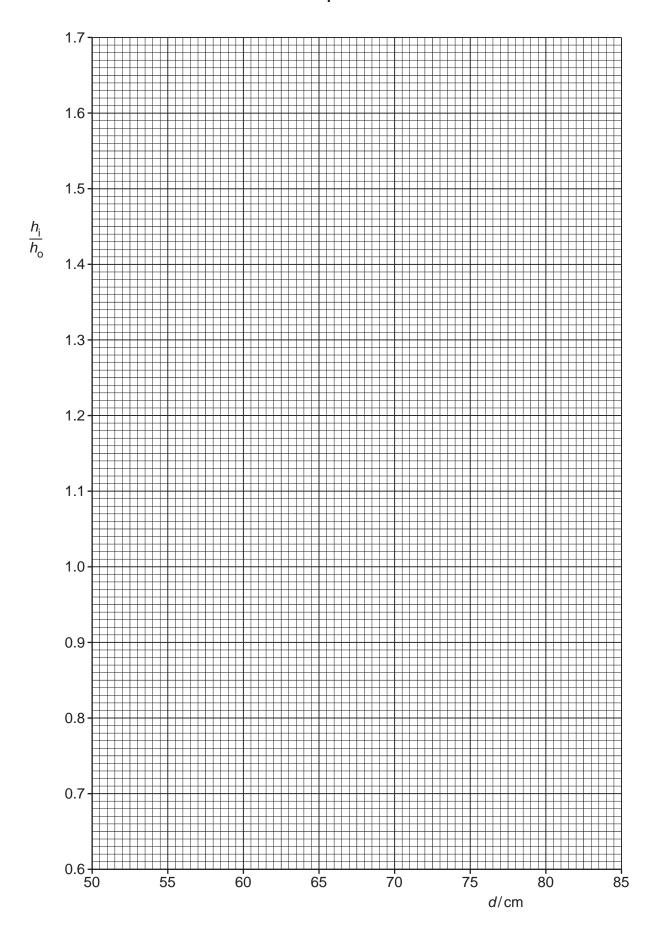
Table 2.1

d/cm	h _i ∕cm	$\frac{h_{\rm i}}{h_{\rm o}}$
54.0	1.7 ± 0.1	
57.5	1.9 ± 0.1	
61.5	2.2 ± 0.1	
67.0	2.6 ± 0.1	
74.0	3.1 ± 0.1	
80.5	3.6 ± 0.1	

Calculate and record values of $\frac{h_{\rm i}}{h_{\rm o}}$ in Table 2.1. Include the absolute uncertainties in $\frac{h_{\rm i}}{h_{\rm o}}$. [2]

- (c) (i) Plot a graph of $\frac{h_{\rm i}}{h_{\rm o}}$ against $d/{\rm cm}$. Include error bars for $\frac{h_{\rm i}}{h_{\rm o}}$. [2]
 - (ii) Draw the straight line of best fit and a worst acceptable straight line on your graph. Both lines should be clearly labelled. [2]
 - (iii) Determine the gradient of the line of best fit. Include the absolute uncertainty in your answer.

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(iv)	Determine the <i>y</i> -intercept of the line of best fit. Include the absolute uncertainty in your answer.
(d) (i)	<pre>y-intercept =</pre>
(ii)	f =
	t =[1]

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