## Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

PHYSICS 9702/51

Paper 5 Planning, Analysis and Evaluation

October/November 2021

1 hour 15 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

## **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working and use appropriate units.

## **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 30.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

This document has 8 pages.

1 A student investigates stationary sound waves in cylindrical tubes. Fig. 1.1 shows a stationary wave pattern in a tube which is open at both ends.

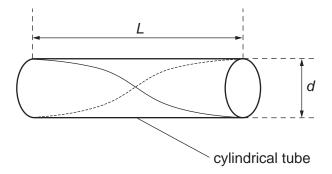


Fig. 1.1

The tube has length *L* and diameter *d*. The frequency of the sound for the stationary wave pattern shown is *f*.

There are a number of different tubes available.

It is suggested that the relationship between f and d is

$$\frac{V}{f} = 2L + kd$$

where v is the speed of sound in air and k is a constant.

Design a laboratory experiment to test the relationship between f and d. Explain how your results could be used to determine values for k and v.

You should draw a diagram, on page 3, showing the arrangement of your equipment. In your account you should pay particular attention to:

- the procedure to be followed
- the measurements to be taken
- the control of variables
- the analysis of the data
- any safety precautions to be taken.

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Diagram


[15]
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2 A student investigates the discharge of a capacitor in the circuit shown in Fig. 2.1.

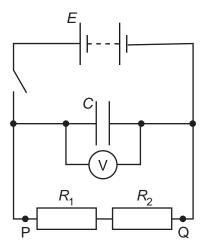


Fig. 2.1

The student closes the switch and charges the capacitor.

The switch is opened and a stop-watch is started. The capacitor discharges through the two resistors of resistance  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  connected between P and Q. At a fixed time t the potential difference V across the capacitor is measured.

The experiment is repeated for different values of  $R_1$  and  $R_2$ .

It is suggested that V,  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  are related by the equation

$$\ln\left(\frac{V}{E}\right) = -\frac{t}{C(R_1 + R_2)}$$

where *E* is the electromotive force (e.m.f.) of the battery and *C* is the capacitance of the capacitor.

(a) A graph is plotted of ln *V* on the *y*-axis against  $\frac{1}{R_1 + R_2}$  on the *x*-axis.

Determine expressions for the gradient and *y*-intercept.

**(b)** Values of  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ , V and  $\ln V$  are given in Table 2.1.

Each resistance value has a percentage uncertainty of ±5%.

Table 2.1

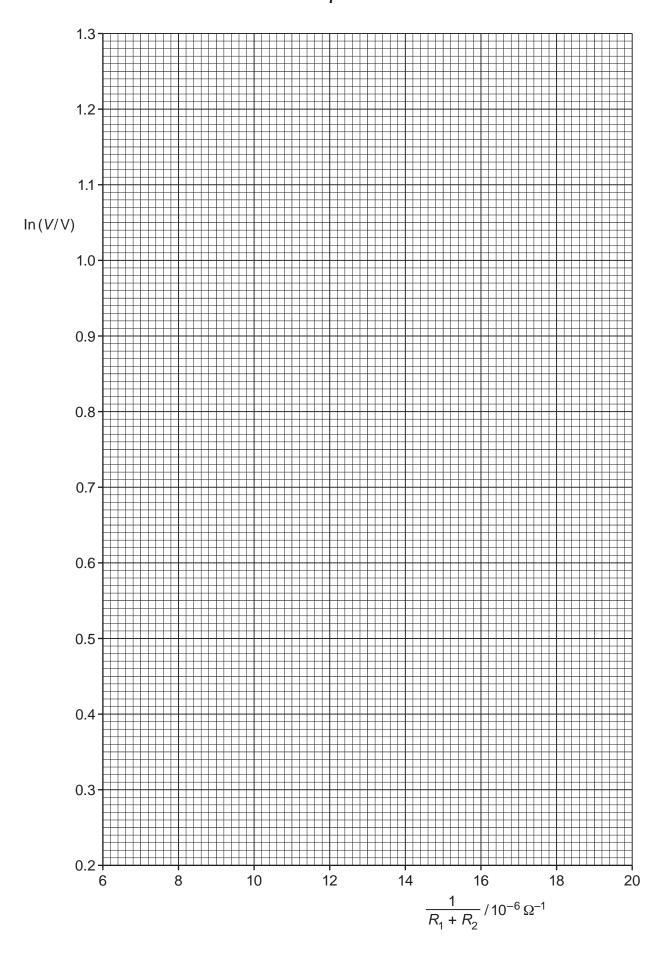
$R_1/\mathrm{k}\Omega$	$R_2/\mathrm{k}\Omega$	$(R_1 + R_2)/\mathrm{k}\Omega$	$\frac{1}{R_1 + R_2} / 10^{-6} \Omega^{-1}$	V/V	In (V/V)
22	33			1.28	0.247
22	47			1.98	0.683
22	68			2.87	1.054
33	47			2.39	0.871
33	68			3.28	1.188
47	68			3.55	1.267

Calculate and record values of  $(R_1 + R_2)/k\Omega$  and  $\frac{1}{R_1 + R_2}/10^{-6}\Omega^{-1}$  in Table 2.1.

Include the absolute uncertainties in  $(R_1 + R_2)$  and  $\frac{1}{R_1 + R_2}$ . [2]

- (c) (i) Plot a graph of  $\ln(V/V)$  against  $\frac{1}{R_1 + R_2}/10^{-6} \Omega^{-1}$ . Include error bars for  $\frac{1}{R_1 + R_2}$ . [2]
  - (ii) Draw the straight line of best fit and a worst acceptable straight line on your graph. Both lines should be clearly labelled. [2]
  - (iii) Determine the gradient of the line of best fit. Include the absolute uncertainty in your answer.

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[Total: 15]

	(iv)	Determine the <i>y</i> -intercept of the line of best fit. Include the absolute uncertainty in your answer.
		<i>y</i> -intercept =[2]
(d)	(i)	Using your answers to <b>(a)</b> , <b>(c)(iii)</b> and <b>(c)(iv)</b> , determine the values of <i>C</i> and <i>E</i> . Include appropriate units.
		Data: $t = (60 \pm 1)s$
		C =
		<i>E</i> =[2]
	(ii)	Determine the percentage uncertainty in <i>C</i> .
		percentage uncertainty = % [1]
(e)	The	e experiment is repeated using the same capacitor. Determine the value of $(R_1 + R_2)$ that all give a value of $V$ of 5.0 V at time $t = 60$ s.
		$(R_1 + R_2) = \dots \Omega$ [1]

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