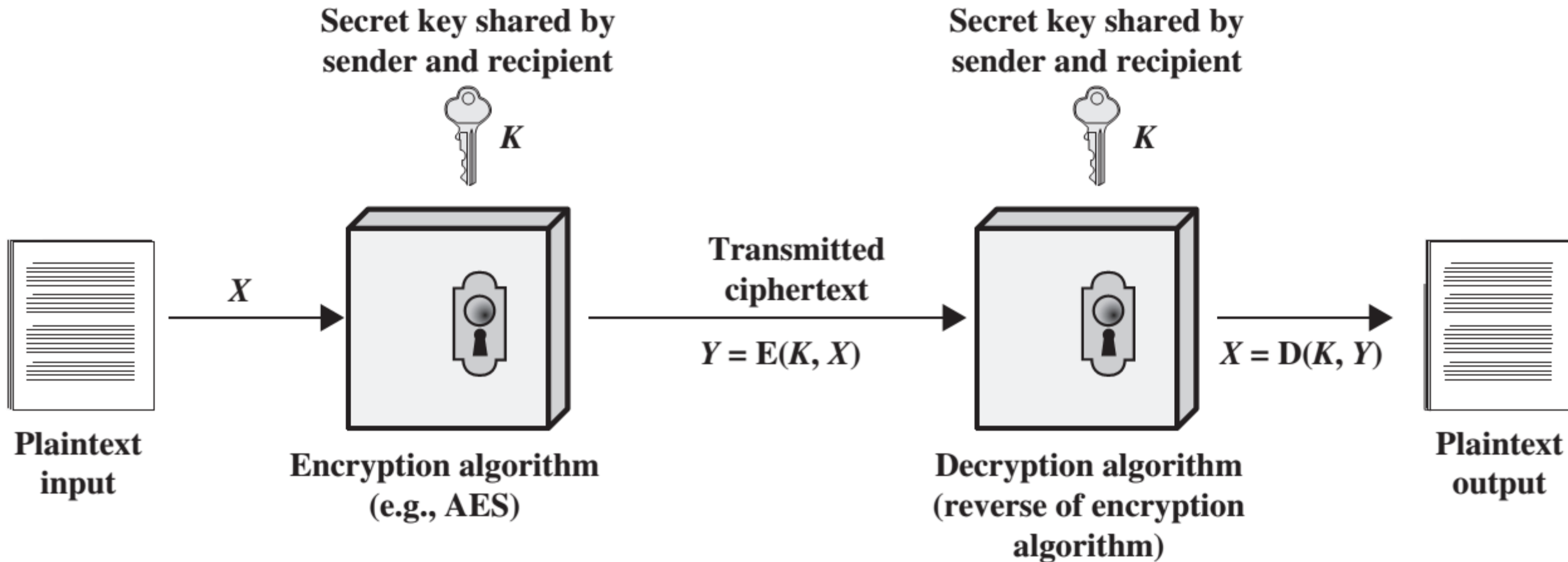


# Simplified Model of Symmetric Encryption



# Simplified Model of Symmetric Encryption

- ❑ Encryption algorithm: The encryption algorithm performs various substitutions and transformations on the plaintext.
- ❑ Secret key: The secret key is also input to the encryption algorithm. The key is a value independent of the plaintext and of the algorithm. The algorithm will produce a different output depending on the specific key being used at the time.

# Simplified Model of Symmetric Encryption

- ❑ Ciphertext: This is the scrambled message produced as output. It depends on the plaintext and the secret key.
- ❑ Decryption algorithm: This is essentially the encryption algorithm run in reverse. It takes the ciphertext and the secret key and produces the original plaintext.

# Simplified Model of Symmetric Encryption

- ❑ Symmetric-key algorithms are algorithms for cryptography that use the same cryptographic keys for both encryption of plaintext and decryption of ciphertext.

# Substitution Ciphers



The clear text message would be encoded using a key of 3.



Shift the top scroll over by three characters (key of 3), an A becomes D, B becomes E, and so on.



The clear text message would be encrypted as follows using a key of 3.

# Substitution Techniques

- ☐ Caesar Cipher
- ☐ Monoalphabetic Ciphers
- ☐ Playfair Cipher
- ☐ Hill Cipher
- ☐ Polyalphabetic Ciphers
- ☐ Vigenère Cipher
- ☐ Autokey Cipher
- ☐ Vernam Cipher

# Caesar Cipher

□ Caesar Cipher is one of the simplest and most widely known encryption techniques.

plain:	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z
cipher:	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	B	C

# Caesar Cipher

plain: meet me after the toga party  
cipher: PHHW PH DIWHU WKH WRJD SDUWB



# Caesar Cipher Algorithm

a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25

# Caesar Cipher Algorithm

$$C = E(k, p) = (p + k) \bmod 26$$

$$p = D(k, C) = (C - k) \bmod 26$$

# Caesar Cipher Encrypt Example

□ PlainText = dcode

□ K=3

1) P=d

2) P=3

3)  $C = P + K \bmod 26 = 3 + 3 \bmod 26 = 6 \bmod 26 = 6$

4) C=g

# Caesar Cipher Encrypt Example

□ PlainText = dcodeX

□ K=3

1)  $P=x$

2)  $P=23$

3)  $C=P+K \bmod 26=23+3 \bmod 26=26 \bmod 26=0$

4)  $C=a$

# Caesar Cipher Encrypt Example

□  $P = \text{dcode}$

□  $C = \text{gfrgha}$

□  $K = 3$

# Caesar Cipher Decrypt Example

□ CipherText = gfrgha

□  $K=3$

1)  $C=g$

2)  $C=6$

3)  $P=C-K \bmod 26=6-3 \bmod 26=3$

4)  $P=d$

# Caesar Cipher Decrypt Example

□ CipherText = gfrgha

□ K=3

1)  $C=a$

2)  $C=0$

3)  $P=C-K \bmod 26=0-3 \bmod 26=-3 \bmod 26=23$

4)  $P=x$

# Caesar Cipher Decrypt Example

□  $C = \text{gfrgha}$

□  $P = \text{dcodex}$

□  $K = 3$



# Bruteforce Cryptanalysis

- ❑ Three important characteristics of this problem enabled us to use a bruteforce cryptanalysis:
  - ❑ The encryption and decryption algorithms are known.
  - ❑ There are only 25 keys to try.
  - ❑ The language of the plaintext is known and easily recognizable.

# Bruteforce Cryptanalysis

KEY	PHHW	PH	DIWHU	WKH	WRJD	SDUWB
1	oggv	og	chvgt	vjg	vqic	rctva
2	nffu	nf	bgufs	uif	uphb	qbsuz
3	meet	me	after	the	toga	party
4	ldds	ld	zesdq	sgd	snfz	ozqsx
5	kccr	kc	ydrpc	rfe	rmey	nyprw
6	jbbq	jb	xcqbo	qeb	qldx	mxoqv
7	iaap	ia	wbpan	pda	pkcw	lwnpu
8	hzzo	hz	vaozm	ocz	ojbv	kvmot
9	gyyn	gy	uznyl	nby	niau	julns
10	fxxm	fx	tymxk	max	mhzt	itkmr
11	ewwl	ew	sxlwj	lzw	lgys	hsjlg
12	dvvk	dv	rwkvi	kyv	kfxr	grikp
13	cuuj	cu	qvjuh	jxu	jewq	fghjo
14	btti	bt	putg	iwt	idvp	epgin
15	assh	as	othsf	hvs	hcuo	dofhm
16	zrrg	zr	nsgr	gur	gbtn	cnegl
17	yqqf	yq	mrfqd	ftq	fasm	bmdfk
18	xppe	xp	lqepc	esp	ezrl	alcej
19	wood	wo	kpdob	dro	dyqk	zkbdi
20	vnnc	vn	jocna	cqn	cxpj	yjach
21	ummb	um	inbmz	bpm	bwoi	xizbg
22	tlla	tl	hmaly	aol	avnh	whyaf
23	skkz	sk	glzkx	znk	zumg	vgxze
24	rjyy	rj	fkyjw	ymj	ytlf	ufwyd
25	qiix	qi	ejxiv	xli	xske	tevxc

# Monoalphabetic Cipher

- ❑ A monoalphabetic cipher uses fixed substitution over the entire message
- ❑ Random Key

# Monoalphabetic Cipher

## ❑ Example:

❖ Plaintext alphabets: ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

❖ Ciphertext alphabet: ZEBRASCDFGHIJKLMNOPQTUVWXY

- P= ITEMS

## ❑ Encoding

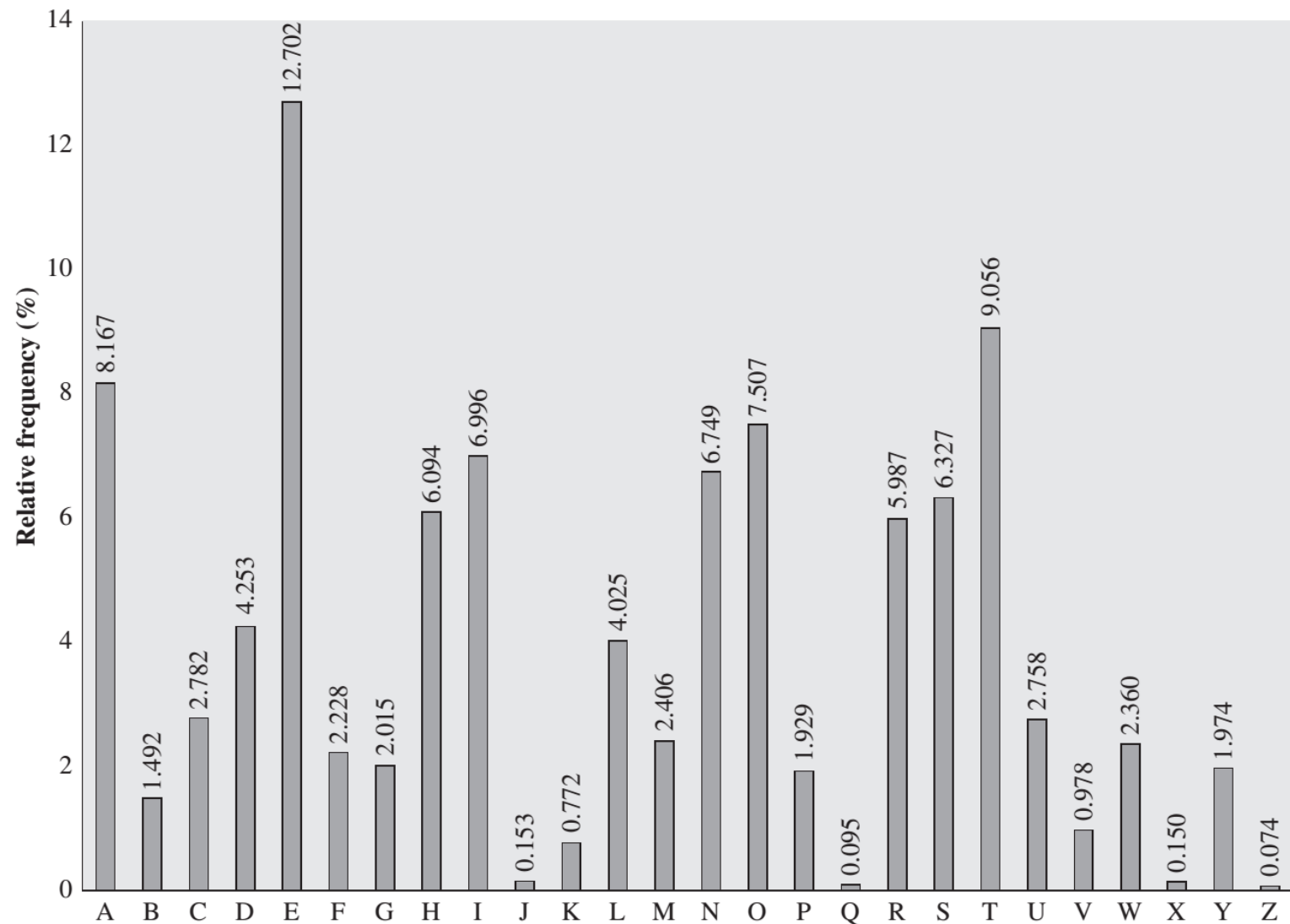
- C= FQAIP

## ❑ Decoding

- P= ITEMS

# Monoalphabetic Cipher Cryptanalysis

## □ Relative Frequency of Letters in English Text



# Monoalphabetic Cipher Cryptanalysis

□ C= UZQSOVUOHXMOPVGPOZPEVSGZWSZOPFPESXUDBMETSXAI Z  
VUEPHZHMDZSHZOWSFPAPDTSVPQUZWYMXUZUHSX  
EPYEPOPDZSZUFPOMBZWPFUPZHMDJUDTMOHMQ

P 13.33	H 5.83	F 3.33	B 1.67	C 0.00
Z 11.67	D 5.00	W 3.33	G 1.67	K 0.00
S 8.33	E 5.00	Q 2.50	Y 1.67	L 0.00
U 8.33	V 4.17	T 2.50	I 0.83	N 0.00
O 7.50	X 4.17	A 1.67	J 0.83	R 0.00
M 6.67				

# Monoalphabetic Cipher Cryptanalysis

- ❑ cipher letters P and Z are the equivalents of plain letters e and t

UZQSOVUOHXMOPVGPOZPEVSGZWSZOPFPESXUDBMETSXAIZ

t a e e te a that e e a a

VUEPHZHMDZSHZOWSFPAPPDTSVPQUZWYMXUZUHSX

e t ta t ha e ee a e th t a

EPYEPOPDZSZUFPOMBZWPFUPZHMDJUDTMOHMQ

e e e tat e the t

# Monoalphabetic Cipher Cryptanalysis

❑ Finally, The complete plaintext

it was disclosed yesterday that several informal but  
direct contacts have been made with political  
representatives of the viet cong in moscow



# Playfair Cipher

- ❑ The Playfair system was invented by Charles Wheatstone, who first described it in 1854.
- ❑ Used by many countries during wartime
- ❑ The Playfair algorithm is based on the use of a  $5 \times 5$  matrix of letters constructed using a keyword.

# Playfair Cipher

□ In this case, the keyword is **monarchy**.

M	O	N	A	R
C	H	Y	B	D
E	F	G	I/J	K
L	P	Q	S	T
U	V	W	X	Z

# Playfair Cipher

## □ 4 Rules:

- 1) If both letters are the same (or only one letter is left), add an "X" after the first letter.
- 2) If the letters appear on the same row of your table, replace them with the letters to their immediate right respectively

# Playfair Cipher

## □ 4 Rules:

- 3) If the letters appear on the same column of your table, replace them with the letters immediately below respectively
- 4) If the letters are not on the same row or column, replace them with the letters on the same row respectively but at the other pair of corners of the rectangle defined by the original pair.

# Playfair Cipher

- ❑ P=Hide the gold in the tree stump (note the null "X" used to separate the repeated "E"s)
- ❑ P= HI DE TH EG OL DI NT HE TR EX ES TU MP
- ❑ K= playfair example

P	L	A	Y	F
I	R	E	X	M
B	C	D	G	H
K	N	O	Q	S
T	U	V	W	Z

# Playfair Cipher

- How to build 5x5 Matrix (assuming that I and J are interchangeable), the table becomes (omitted letters in red):

P	L	A	Y	F <sub>A</sub>
I	R	E	X <sub>A</sub>	M <sub>PLE A</sub>
B	C	D <sub>EF</sub>	G	H <sub>I=J</sub>
K <sub>LM</sub>	N	O <sub>P</sub>	Q <sub>R</sub>	S
T	U	V	W <sub>XY</sub>	Z

# Playfair Cipher

□ P= HI DE TH EG OL DI NT HE TR EX ES TU MP

1. The pair HI forms a rectangle, replace it with BM

P	L	A	Y	F
I	R	E	X	M
B	C	D	G	H
K	N	O	Q	S
T	U	V	W	Z

HI

Shape: Rectangle  
Rule: Pick Same Rows,  
Opposite Corners

BM

# Playfair Cipher

□ P= HI **DE** TH EG OL DI NT HE TR **EX** ES TU MP

2. The pair DE is in a column, replace it with OD

P	L	<b>A</b>	Y	F
I	R	<b>E</b>	X	M
B	C	<b>D</b>	G	H
K	N	<b>O</b>	Q	S
T	U	<b>V</b>	W	Z

**DE**

Shape: Column  
Rule: Pick Items Below Each Letter, Wrap to Top if Needed

**OD**



# Playfair Cipher

□ P= HI DE **TH** EG OL DI NT HE TR **EX** ES TU MP

3. The pair TH forms a rectangle, replace it with ZB

P	L	A	Y	F
I	R	E	X	M
<b>B</b>	C	D	G	<b>H</b>
K	N	O	Q	S
<b>T</b>	U	V	W	<b>Z</b>

**TH**

Shape: Rectangle  
Rule: Pick Same Rows,  
Opposite Corners

**ZB**

# Playfair Cipher

□ P= HI DE TH **EG** OL DI NT HE TR **EX** ES TU MP

4. The pair EG forms a rectangle, replace it with XD

P	L	A	Y	F
I	R	<b>E</b>	<b>X</b>	M
B	C	<b>D</b>	<b>G</b>	H
K	N	O	Q	S
T	U	V	W	Z

**EG**

Shape: Rectangle  
Rule: Pick Same Rows,  
Opposite Corners

**XD**

# Playfair Cipher

□ P= HI DE TH EG OL DI NT HE TR **EX** ES TU MP

10. The pair EX (X inserted to split EE) is in a row, replace it with XM

P L A Y F

I R **E** > **X** > **M**

B C D G H

K N O Q S

T U V W Z

**EX**

Shape: Row

Rule: Pick Items to Right of Each Letter, Wrap to Left if Needed

**XM**

# Playfair Cipher

❑ C= BM OD ZB XD NA BE KU DM UI XM MO UV IF

❑ the message "Hide the gold in the tree stump" becomes  
"BMODZ BXDNA BEKUD MUIXM MOUVI F"

❑ Using Playfair Cipher how to decrypt the following cipher text:

**C= “BMODZ BXDNA BEKUD MUIXM MOUVI F”**

**K= playfair example**

# Hill Cipher

- ❑ The Hill Cipher was invented by Lester S. Hill in 1929
- ❑ The Hill Cipher based on linear algebra
- ❑ Encryption
  - $2 \times 2$  Matrix Encryption
  - $3 \times 3$  Matrix Encryption

# Hill Cipher

□ square matrix  $M$  by the equation  $MM^{-1} = M^{-1}M = I$ , where  $I$  is the identity matrix.

$$\square C = P * K \bmod 26$$

# Hill Cipher

a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25



# Hill Cipher Encryption

□ Example of Key  $2 \times 2$

$$\square K = \begin{pmatrix} H & I \\ L & L \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 11 & 11 \end{pmatrix}$$

□ plaintext message "short example"

□  $P =$  short example

$$\square P = \begin{pmatrix} S \\ h \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} o \\ r \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} t \\ e \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} m \\ p \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} l \\ e \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 18 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 14 \\ 17 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 19 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 23 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

# Hill Cipher Encryption

$$\square P = \begin{pmatrix} S \\ h \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} o \\ r \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} t \\ e \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} m \\ p \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} l \\ e \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 18 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 14 \\ 17 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 19 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 23 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\square C = K * P \bmod 26$$

$$\square \begin{bmatrix} k_0 & k_1 \\ k_2 & k_3 \end{bmatrix} * \begin{bmatrix} p_0 \\ p_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} k_0 * p_0 + k_1 * p_1 \\ k_2 * p_0 + k_3 * p_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\square \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 11 & 11 \end{bmatrix} * \begin{bmatrix} 18 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 * 18 + 8 * 7 \\ 11 * 18 + 11 * 7 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 182 \\ 275 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\square C = \begin{bmatrix} 182 \\ 275 \end{bmatrix} \bmod 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 15 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a \\ p \end{bmatrix}$$

# Hill Cipher Encryption

$$\square P = \begin{pmatrix} S \\ h \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} o \\ r \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} t \\ e \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} m \\ p \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} l \\ e \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 18 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 14 \\ 17 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 19 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 23 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 11 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 14 \\ 17 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$7 \times 14 + 8 \times 17 = 234$$

$$11 \times 14 + 11 \times 17 = 341$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 11 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 14 \\ 17 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 234 \\ 341 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 11 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 14 \\ 17 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 234 \\ 341 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \text{ mod } 26$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} H & I \\ L & L \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} o \\ r \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 11 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 14 \\ 17 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 234 \\ 341 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \text{ mod } 26 = \begin{pmatrix} A \\ D \end{pmatrix}$$

# Hill Cipher Encryption

$$\square P = \begin{pmatrix} S \\ h \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} o \\ r \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} t \\ e \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} m \\ p \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} l \\ e \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 18 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 14 \\ 17 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 19 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 23 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 11 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 19 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$7 \times 19 + 8 \times 4 = 165$$

$$11 \times 19 + 11 \times 4 = 253$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 11 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 19 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 165 \\ 253 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 11 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 19 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 165 \\ 253 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 19 \end{pmatrix} \text{ mod } 26$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} H & I \\ L & L \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} t \\ e \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 11 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 19 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 165 \\ 253 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 19 \end{pmatrix} \text{ mod } 26 = \begin{pmatrix} J \\ T \end{pmatrix}$$

# Hill Cipher Encryption

$$\square P = \begin{pmatrix} S \\ h \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} o \\ r \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} t \\ e \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} m \\ p \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} l \\ e \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 18 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 14 \\ 17 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 19 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 23 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 11 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 23 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$7 \times 23 + 8 \times 0 = 161$$

$$11 \times 23 + 11 \times 0 = 253$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 11 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 23 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 161 \\ 253 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 11 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 23 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 161 \\ 253 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 19 \end{pmatrix} \text{ mod } 26$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} H & I \\ L & L \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ a \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 11 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 23 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 161 \\ 253 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 19 \end{pmatrix} \text{ mod } 26 = \begin{pmatrix} F \\ T \end{pmatrix}$$

# Hill Cipher Encryption

$$\square P = \begin{pmatrix} S \\ h \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} o \\ r \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} t \\ e \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} m \\ p \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} l \\ e \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 18 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 14 \\ 17 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 19 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 23 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 11 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$7 \times 12 + 8 \times 15 = 204$$

$$11 \times 12 + 11 \times 15 = 297$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 11 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 204 \\ 297 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 11 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 204 \\ 297 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 22 \\ 11 \end{pmatrix} \text{ mod } 26$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} H & I \\ L & L \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} m \\ p \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 11 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 204 \\ 297 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 22 \\ 11 \end{pmatrix} \text{ mod } 26 = \begin{pmatrix} W \\ L \end{pmatrix}$$

# Hill Cipher Encryption

$$\square P = \begin{pmatrix} S \\ h \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} o \\ r \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} t \\ e \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} m \\ p \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} l \\ e \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 18 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 14 \\ 17 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 19 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 23 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 11 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$7 \times 11 + 8 \times 4 = 109$$

$$11 \times 11 + 11 \times 4 = 165$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 11 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 109 \\ 165 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 11 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 109 \\ 165 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix} \text{ mod } 26$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} H & I \\ L & L \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} l \\ e \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 11 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 109 \\ 165 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix} \text{ mod } 26 = \begin{pmatrix} F \\ J \end{pmatrix}$$

# Hill Cipher Encryption

$$\square C = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ p \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} j \\ t \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} f \\ t \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} w \\ l \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} f \\ j \end{pmatrix}$$

□ This gives us a final ciphertext of "APADJ TFTWLFJ"



# Hill Cipher Decryption

$$\square C = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ p \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} j \\ t \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} f \\ t \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} w \\ l \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} f \\ j \end{pmatrix}$$

□ This gives us a final ciphertext of "APADJ TFTWLFJ"

$$\square K = \begin{pmatrix} H & I \\ L & L \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 11 & 11 \end{pmatrix}$$

□ We want to find  $K^{-1}$

# Hill Cipher Decryption

□ *Step 1 – Find the Multiplicative Inverse of the Determinant*

➤  $D(K) = 7 * 11 - 8 * 11 = -11 \bmod 26 = 15$

➤  $DD^{-1} = 1 \bmod 26 = 15 * D^{-1}$

➤  $15 * D^{-1} \bmod 26 = 1$

➤ Try and Test  $1 \bmod 26 = 105$

➤  $105 \bmod 26 = 1$

➤  $D^{-1} = 7$

# Hill Cipher Decryption

□ *Step 2 – Find the Adjugate Matrix of Key*

$$\blacktriangleright \text{adj} \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & a \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\blacktriangleright \text{adj} \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 11 & 11 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 11 & -8 \\ -11 & 7 \end{pmatrix} \bmod 26 = \begin{pmatrix} 11 & 18 \\ 15 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

# Hill Cipher Decryption

□ *Step 3 Multiply the Multiplicative Inverse of the Determinant  
by the Adjugate Matrix*

$$\square 7 * \begin{pmatrix} 11 & 18 \\ 15 & 7 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 77 & 126 \\ 105 & 49 \end{pmatrix} \bmod 26 = \begin{pmatrix} 25 & 22 \\ 1 & 23 \end{pmatrix} = K^{-1}$$

# Hill Cipher Decryption

$$\square C = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ p \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} j \\ t \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} f \\ t \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} w \\ l \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} f \\ j \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 19 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 19 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 22 \\ 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \begin{pmatrix} 25 & 22 \\ 1 & 23 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} A \\ P \end{pmatrix} &= \begin{pmatrix} 25 & 22 \\ 1 & 23 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 25 \times 0 + 22 \times 15 \\ 1 \times 0 + 23 \times 15 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 330 \\ 345 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 18 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} \text{ mod } 26 \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} s \\ h \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

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$$\square C = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ p \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} j \\ t \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} f \\ t \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} w \\ l \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} f \\ j \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 19 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 19 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 22 \\ 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 25 & 22 \\ 1 & 23 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} A \\ D \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 25 & 22 \\ 1 & 23 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 25 \times 0 + 22 \times 3 \\ 1 \times 0 + 23 \times 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 66 \\ 69 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 14 \\ 17 \end{pmatrix} \text{ mod } 26$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ r \end{pmatrix}$$

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$$\square C = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ p \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} j \\ t \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} f \\ t \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} w \\ l \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} f \\ j \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 19 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 19 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 22 \\ 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \begin{pmatrix} 25 & 22 \\ 1 & 23 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} J \\ T \end{pmatrix} &= \begin{pmatrix} 25 & 22 \\ 1 & 23 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 19 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 25 \times 9 + 22 \times 19 \\ 1 \times 9 + 23 \times 19 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 643 \\ 446 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 19 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \text{ mod } 26 \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} t \\ e \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

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$$\square C = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ p \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} j \\ t \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} f \\ t \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} w \\ l \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} f \\ j \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 19 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 19 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 22 \\ 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \begin{pmatrix} 25 & 22 \\ 1 & 23 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} F \\ T \end{pmatrix} &= \begin{pmatrix} 25 & 22 \\ 1 & 23 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 19 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 25 \times 5 + 22 \times 19 \\ 1 \times 5 + 23 \times 19 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 543 \\ 442 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 23 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \text{ mod } 26 \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} x \\ a \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$



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$$\begin{aligned}\square C &= \begin{pmatrix} a \\ p \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} j \\ t \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} f \\ t \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} w \\ l \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} f \\ j \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 19 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 19 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 22 \\ 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix} \\ &\begin{pmatrix} 25 & 22 \\ 1 & 23 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} W \\ L \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 25 & 22 \\ 1 & 23 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 22 \\ 11 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 25 \times 22 + 22 \times 11 \\ 1 \times 22 + 23 \times 11 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 792 \\ 275 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix} \text{ mod } 26 \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} m \\ p \end{pmatrix}\end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}\square C &= \begin{pmatrix} a \\ p \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} j \\ t \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} f \\ t \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} w \\ l \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} f \\ j \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 19 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 19 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 22 \\ 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix} \\ &\quad \begin{pmatrix} 25 & 22 \\ 1 & 23 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} F \\ J \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 25 & 22 \\ 1 & 23 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 25 \times 5 + 22 \times 9 \\ 1 \times 5 + 23 \times 9 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 323 \\ 212 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \text{ mod } 26 \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} l \\ e \end{pmatrix}\end{aligned}$$