



WELCOME



MongoDB Atlas

Developer Data Platform Workshop



David Hiltenbrand - Solutions Architect
Memphis, TN



Soheyl Rafi - Solutions Architect
Atlanta, GA



Ian Paeth - Enterprise Account Executive
Atlanta, GA

Agenda

- Introduction
- Delta + MongoDB Atlas
- MongoDB Fundamentals and the
Developer Data Platform
- Q&A (Throughout)
- Break
- Hands-on Atlas Lab!



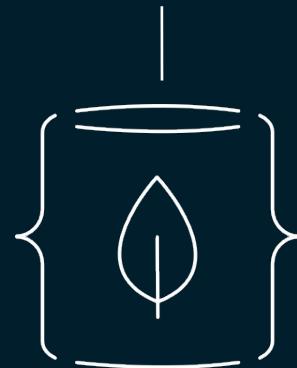
The evolution of MongoDB



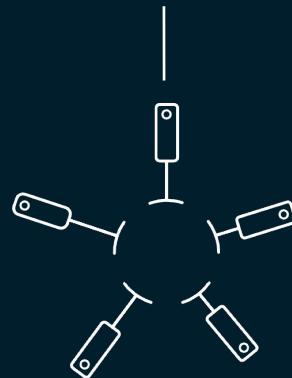


Why MongoDB

Cloud to Edge, Any Workload



**Document Model
and MongoDB
Query API:**
The fastest way
to innovate



**Multi-Cloud,
Global Database:**
Intelligently
place data where
you need it



**MongoDB Developer
Data Platform:**
Unified Experience
and freedom to run
anywhere



The Document Model and MongoDB Query API

The fastest way to innovate

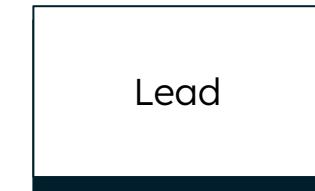
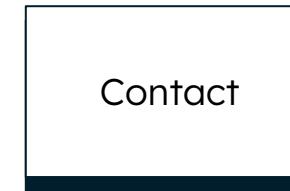
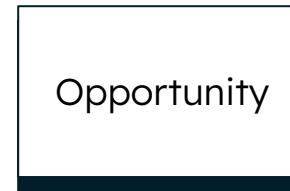
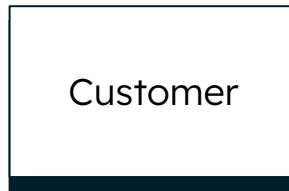
You probably have thousands of tables



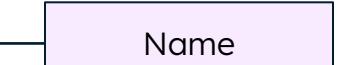
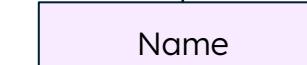
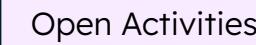
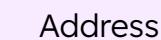
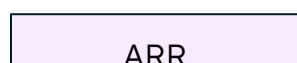
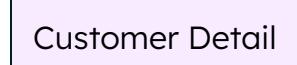


Go from this...

Objects



Object Relational Mapping Layer

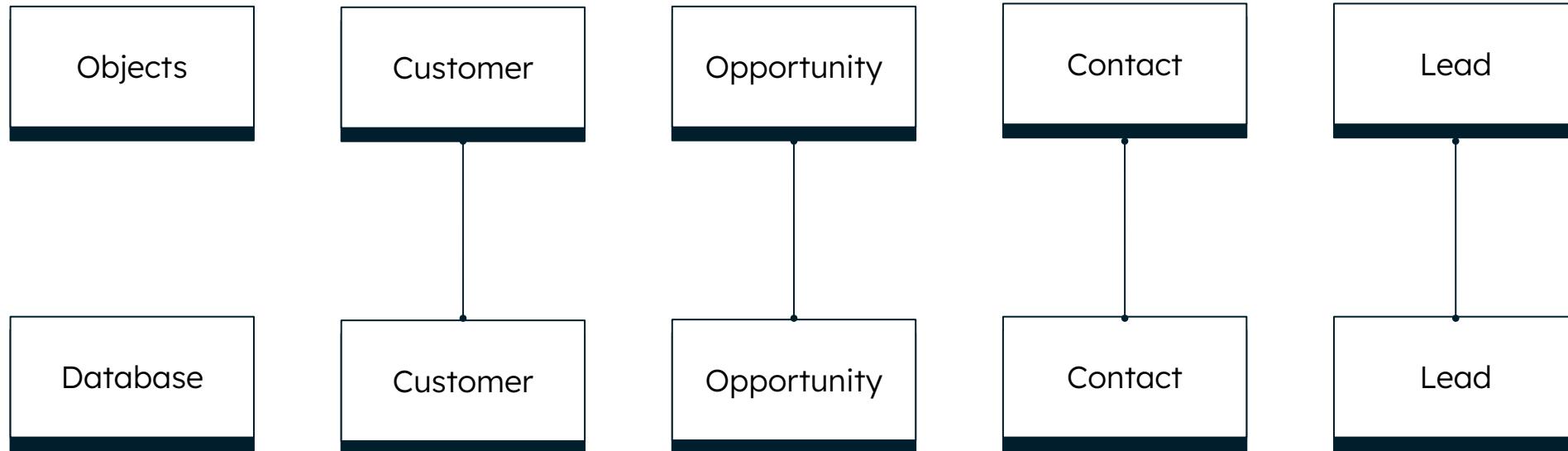


Tables



...to this

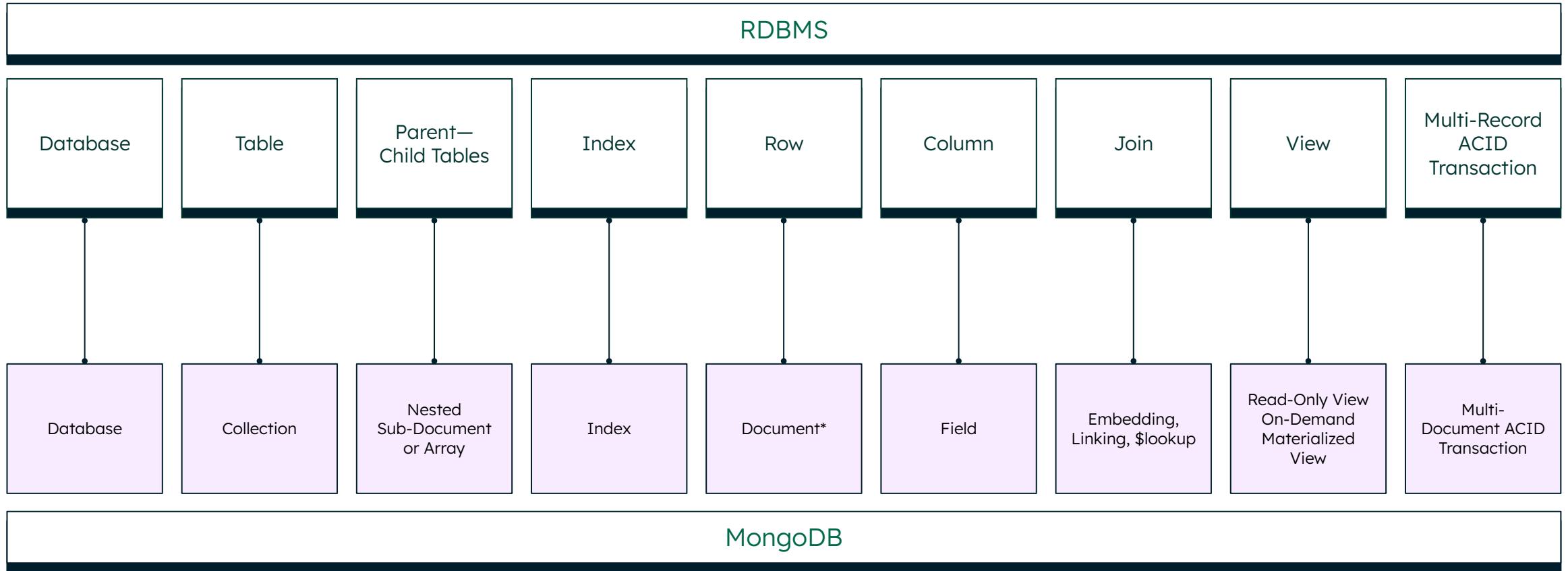
Store objects directly...



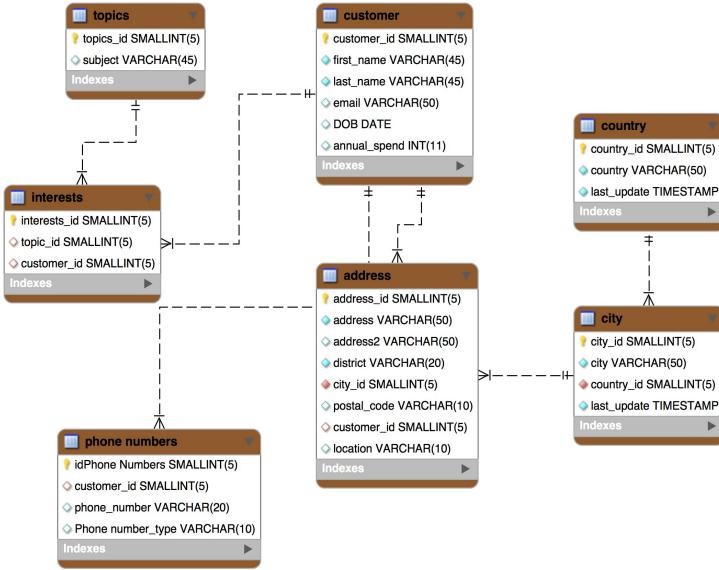


Some terminology

A comparison



* Proper document schema design yields more entity data per document than found in a relational database row



Contrasting data models

Tabular (Relational) Data Model

Related data split across multiple records and tables



```
{  
  "_id" : ObjectId("5ad88534e3632e1a35a58d00") ,  
  "name" : {  
    "first" : "John" ,  
    "last" : "Doe" } ,  
  "address" : [  
    { "location" : "work" ,  
      "address" : {  
        "street" : "16 Hatfields" ,  
        "city" : "London" ,  
        "postal_code" : "SE1 8DJ"} } ,  
    { "type" : "Point" , "coord" : [  
      -0.109081 , 51.5065752]} ]},  
+    {...}  
  ] ,  
  "dob" : ISODate("1977-04-01T05:00:00Z") ,  
  "retirement_fund" : NumberDecimal("1292815.75")  
}
```



Naturally maps to objects in code

- Eliminates requirements to use ORMs
- Breaks down complex interdependencies between developer and DBAs teams

Represent data of any structure

- Polymorphic: each document can contain different fields
- Modify the schema at any time

Strongly typed for ease of processing

- Over 20 binary encoded JSON data types

Access by idiomatic drivers in all major programming languages

- Common CRUD capabilities but idiomatic to each language
- Uniform HA & Failover capabilities across all



Document Data Model

Related data contained in a single, rich document

```
{  
  "_id" : ObjectId("5ad88534e3632e1a35a58d00"),  
  "name" : {  
    "first" : "John",  
    "last" : "Doe" },  
  "address" : [  
    { "location" : "work",  
      "address" : {  
        "street" : "16 Hatfields",  
        "city" : "London",  
        "postal_code" : "SE1 8DJ"},  
        "geo" : { "type" : "Point", "coord" : [  
          -0.109081, 51.5065752]}},  
    +   {...}  
  ],  
  "dob" : ISODate("1977-04-01T05:00:00Z"),  
  "retirement_fund" : NumberDecimal("1292815.75")  
}
```



Flexible: adapt to change

Add new fields dynamically at runtime

```
{  
  "_id" : ObjectId("5ad88534e3632e1a35a58d00"),  
  "name" : {  
    "first" : "John",  
    "last" : "Doe" },  
  "address" : [  
    { "location" : "work",  
      "address" : {  
        "street" : "16 Hatfields",  
        "city" : "London",  
        "postal_code" : "SE1 8DJ"},  
        "geo" : { "type" : "Point", "coord" : [  
          -0.109081, 51.5065752]}},  
+    {...} _____ →  
  ],  
  "dob" : ISODate("1977-04-01T05:00:00Z"),  
  "retirement_fund" : NumberDecimal("1292815.75")  
}
```

```
{  
  "_id" : ObjectId("5ad88534e3632e1a35a58d00"),  
  "name" : {  
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    "last" : "Doe" },  
  "address" : [  
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        "city" : "London",  
        "postal_code" : "SE1 8DJ"},  
        "geo" : { "type" : "Point", "coord" : [  
          -0.109081, 51.5065752]}},  
+    {...} _____ →  
  ],  
+    "phone" : [  
      { "location" : "work",  
        "number" : "+44-1234567890"},  
+      {...} _____ →  
    ],  
    "dob" : ISODate("1977-04-01T05:00:00Z"),  
    "retirement_fund" : NumberDecimal("1292815.75")  
}
```

Data governance



JSON Schema

Enforces strict schema structure over a complete collection for data governance & quality

- Builds on document validation introduced by restricting new content that can be added to a document
- Enforces presence, type, and values for document content, including nested array
- Simplifies application logic

Tunable

Enforce document structure, log warnings, or allow complete schema flexibility

Queryable

Identify all existing documents that do not comply

Model data any way
you need

-  JSON Documents
-  Tabular
-  Key-Value
-  Text
-  Geospatial
-  Graph
-  Time Series
-  Events

Documents

are universal

JSON documents are the modern standard in today's application stacks





Query data any way you
need

Point

Range

Geospatial

Rich Search

Aggregations

JOINS & UNIONs

Graph Traversals

All wrapped in a single API,
giving a consistent experience
for any workload

Documents are universal

JSON documents are the modern standard in
today's application stacks



MongoDB Query API: rich and expressive

Expressive queries	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Find anyone with phone # “1-212...”Check if the person with number “555...” is on the “do not call” list
Geospatial	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Find the best offer for the customer at geo coordinates of 42nd St. and 6th Ave
Text search	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Find all tweets that mention the firm within the last 2 days
Aggregation	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Count and sort number of customers by city, compute min, max, and average spend
Native binary JSON support	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Add an additional phone number to Mark Smith’s record without rewriting the documentUpdate just 2 phone numbers out of 10Sort on the modified date
JOIN (\$lookup)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Query for all San Francisco residences, lookup their transactions, and sum the amount by person
Graph queries (\$graphLookup)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Query for all people within 3 degrees of separation from Mark

MongoDB

```
{  
  customer_id : 1,  
  first_name : "Mark",  
  last_name : "Smith",  
  city : "San Francisco",  
  phones: [  
    {  
      number : "1-212-777-1212",  
      type : "work"  
    },  
    {  
      number : "1-212-777-1213",  
      type : "cell"  
    }  
  ]  
}
```



Aggregations

Advanced data processing pipeline for transformations and analytics

Multiple stages

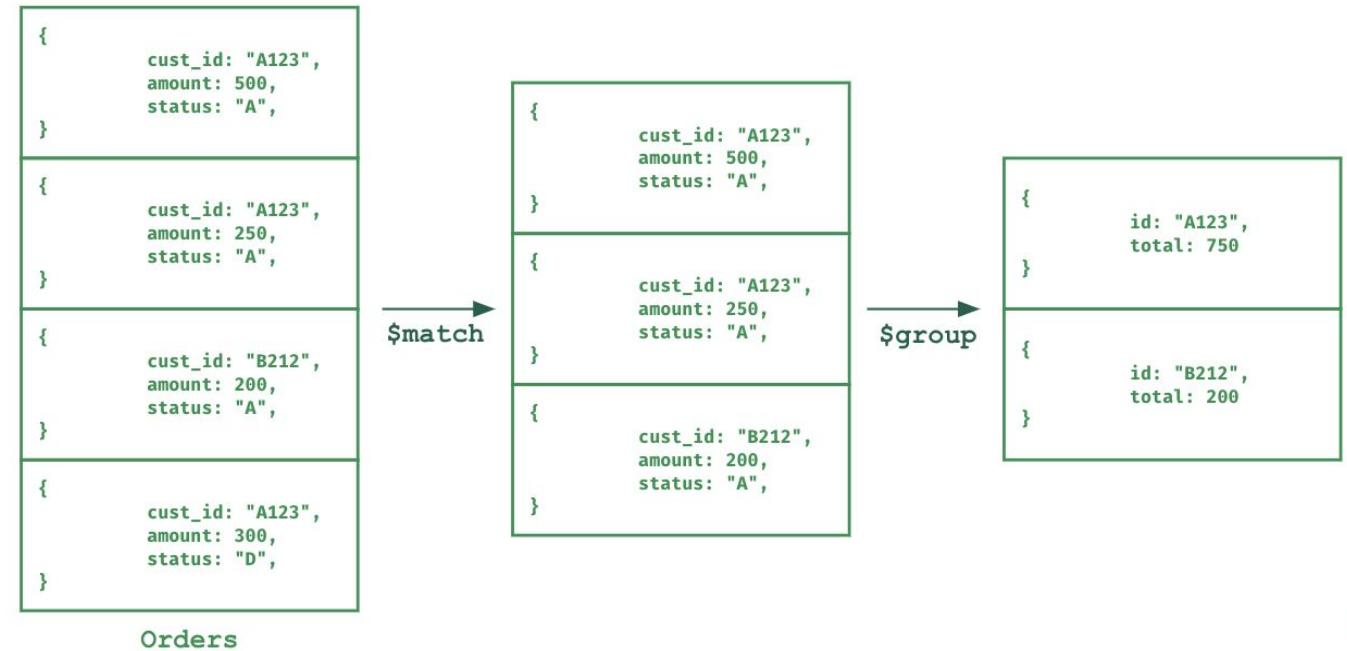
Similar to a unix pipe

- Construct modular, composable processing pipelines

Rich Expressions

Example Aggregation Command on the Orders Collection:

```
db.orders.aggregate( [  
    {$match: { status: "A" } },  
    {$group: { _id: "$cust_id", total: { $sum: "$amount" } } }  
] )
```





Aggregation features

A feature rich framework for data transformation and Analytics

Pipeline Stages

- \$match
- \$group
- \$facet
- \$geoNear
- \$graphLookup
- \$lookup
- \$merge
- \$project
- \$search
- \$sort
- \$setWindowFields
- \$unionWith
- \$unwind
- ...and more

Operators

- Mathematical
 - \$add, \$abs, \$subtract, \$multiply, \$divide, \$log, \$log10, \$stdDevPop, \$stdDevSam, \$avg, \$sqrt, \$pow, \$sum, \$zip, \$convert, \$round, etc.
- Array
 - \$push, \$reduce, \$reverseArray, \$addToSet, \$arrayElemAt, \$slice, etc.
- Conditionals
 - \$and, \$or, \$eq, \$lt, \$lte, \$gt, \$gte, \$cmp, \$cond, \$switch, \$in, etc.
- Temporal
 - Window Functions
 - \$dateAdd, \$dateDiff, \$dateSubtract, \$dateTrunc
 - \$dateFromParts, \$dateToParts, \$dateFromString, \$dateToString, \$dayOfMonth, \$isoWeek, \$minute, \$month, \$year, etc.
- String
 - \$toUpperCase, \$toLowerCase, \$substr, \$strcasecmp, \$concat, \$split, etc.
- Literals
 - \$exp, \$let, \$literal, \$map, \$type, etc.
- Regex
 - \$regexFnd, \$regexMatch, etc
- Trigonometry
 - \$sin, \$cos, \$degreesToRadians, etc.
- Custom Aggregation Expressions



Fully indexable

Fully featured secondary indexes—document optimized—extended beyond RDBMS experiences

Index Types

Primary Index

Every Collection has a primary key index

Compound Index

Index against multiple keys in the document

MultiKey Index

Index into arrays

Wildcard Index

Auto-index all matching fields, sub-documents & arrays

Text Indexes

Support for text searches. Atlas Search offers Lucene-based inverted indexes

GeoSpatial Indexes

2d & 2dSphere indexes for spatial geometries

Clustered Indexes

For time series collections, pre-sorted by timestamp for low latency queries

Index Features

TTL Indexes

Single Field indexes, when expired delete the document

Unique Indexes

Ensures value is not duplicated

Partial Indexes

Expression based indexes, allowing indexes on subsets of data

Case Insensitive Indexes

Supports text search using case insensitive search

Sparse Indexes

Only index documents which have the given field



Transactional guarantees



Transactional data guarantees

For many apps,
single document
transactions meet the
majority of needs

```
_id: 12345678
> name: Object
> address: Array
> phone: Array
email: "john.doe.@mongodb.com"
dob: 1966-07-30 01:00:00:000
▼ interests:Array
  0: "Cycling"
  1: "IoT"
```

Related data modeled in a single, rich document
against which ACID guarantees are applied



ACID GUARANTEE

MongoDB multi-document ACID transactions

Multi-node transactional guarantees delivered at scale

- Multi-statement, familiar relational syntax
- Easy to add to any application
- Multiple documents in 1 or many collections and databases, across replica sets and sharded clusters

ACID guarantees

Snapshot isolation, all or nothing execution



Syntax (Python)

```
with client.start_session() as s:  
    s.start_transaction()  
    collection_one.insert_one(doc_one, session=s)  
    collection_two.insert_one(doc_two, session=s)  
    s.commit_transaction()
```

Natural for developers

- Idiomatic to the programming language
- Familiar to relational developers
- Simple



Syntax (Java)

```
try (ClientSession clientSession = client.startSession()) {  
    clientSession.startTransaction();  
    collection_one.insertOne(clientSession, docOne);  
    collection_two.insertOne(clientSession, docTwo);  
    clientSession.commitTransaction();  
}
```

Natural for developers

- Idiomatic to the programming language
- Familiar to relational developers
- Simple



Multi-cloud global database

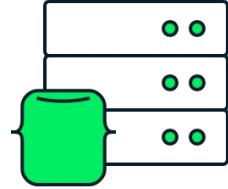
Freedom and flexibility



Broadest reach: private, hybrid, public



Laptop



Mainframe



Self-managed
on-premises or in
the cloud



Managed in K8s
and OpenShift



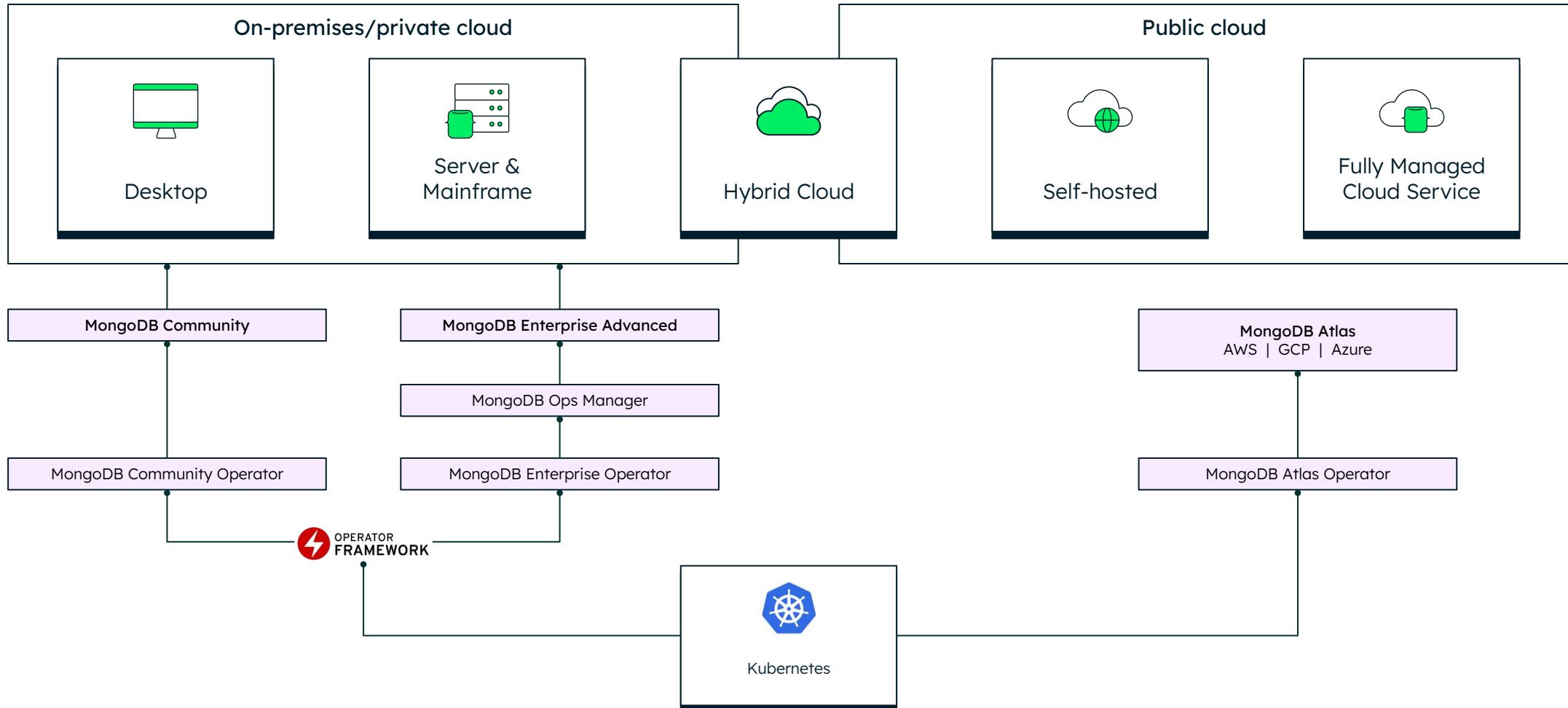
Database
as a Service

Consistent developer experience

Same codebase, same APIs, same tools, wherever you run



Deployment on your terms





Challenges of scale and HA with tabular databases

Single Node, Vertically Scaled

Scale-Out

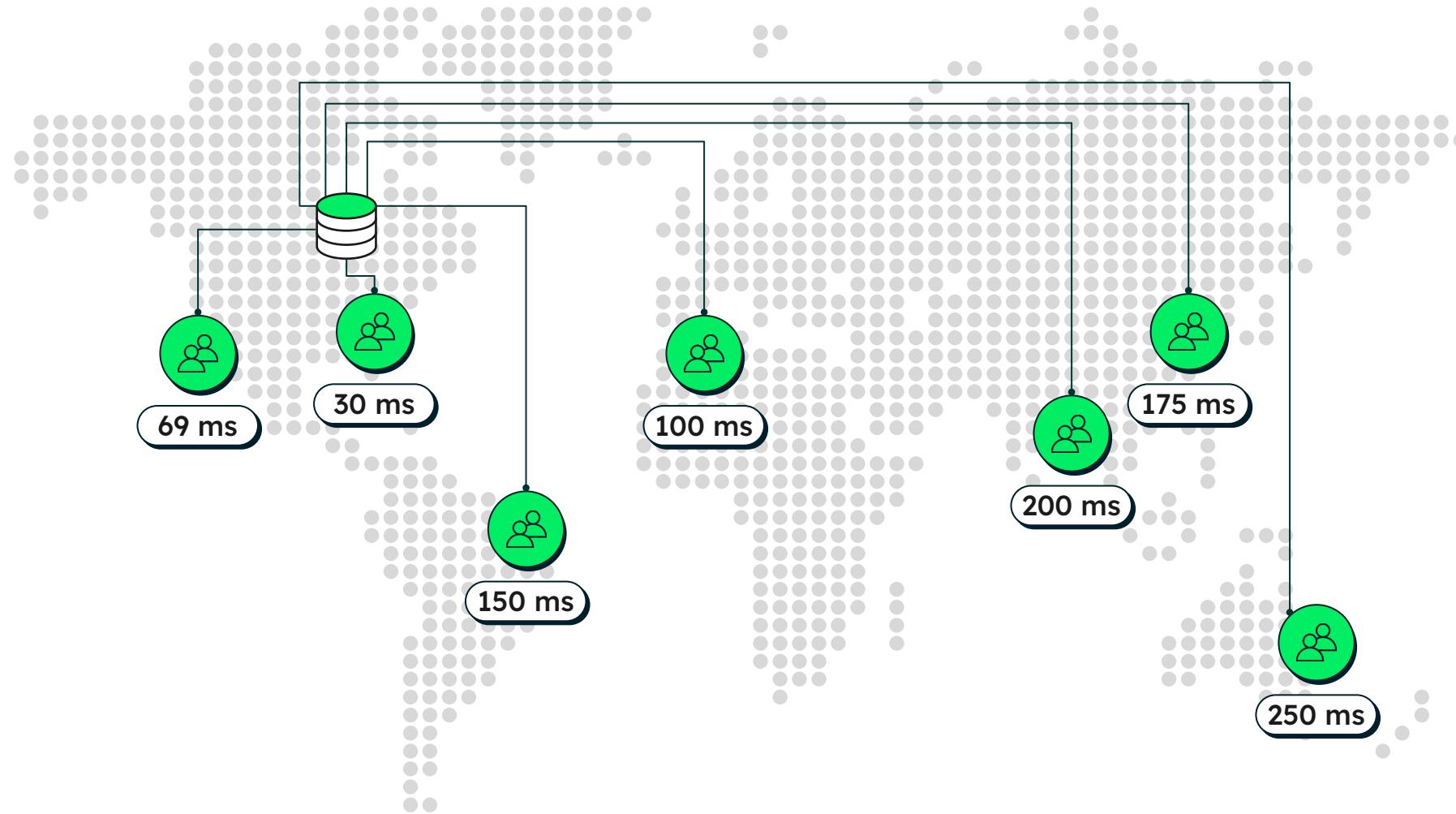
- Developer pain: complex application-level sharding or external sharding frameworks
- Static: Limited elasticity
- Trade-Offs: Sacrifice key RDBMS functionality: cross-shard transactions, JOINS, referential integrity

Availability

- Complex: requires integration of external cluster managers for failure detection and recovery
- Downtime: extended outages with multi-minute recovery times
- Developer pain: write complex exception-handling code to handle multi-minute node failovers

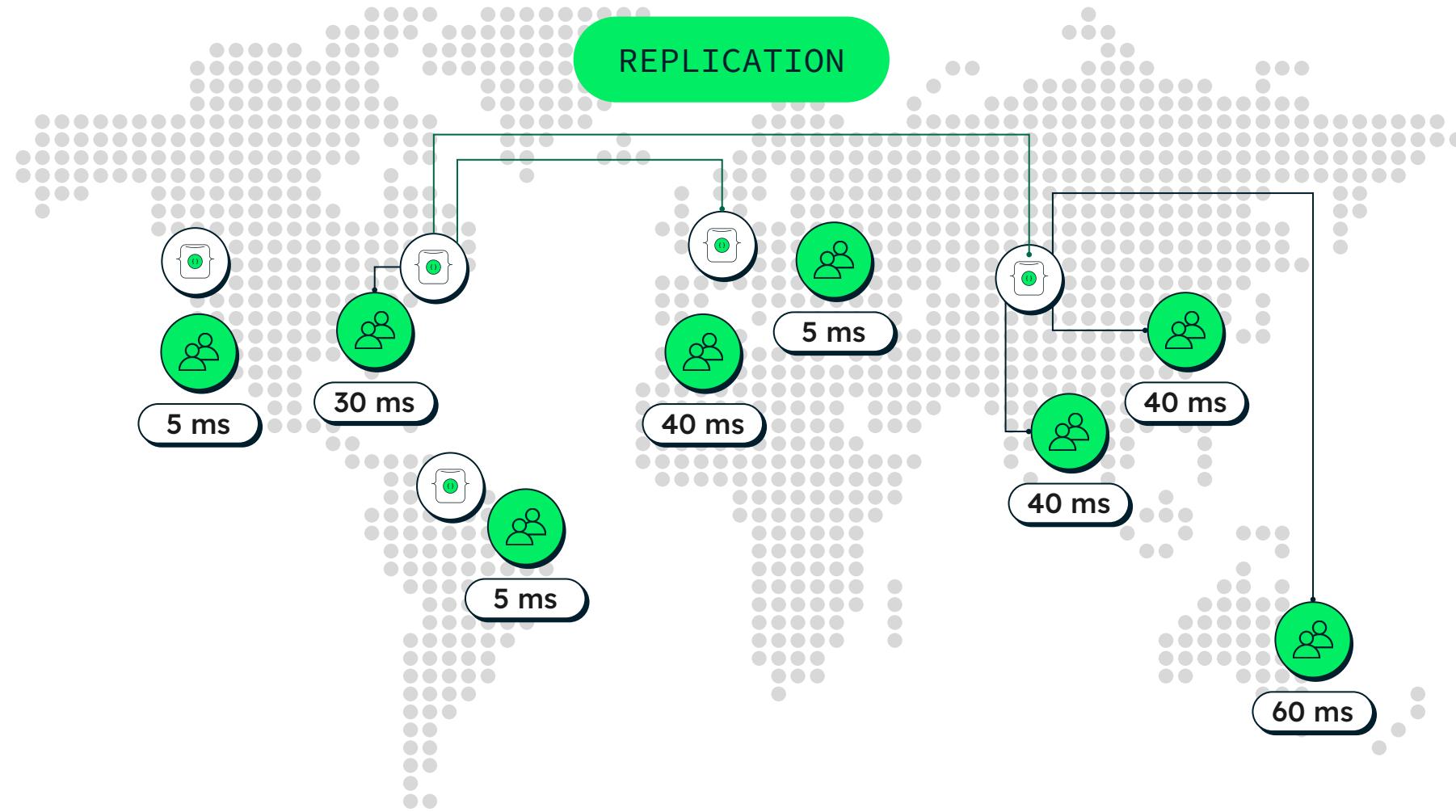


Serving global audiences with relational databases





Serving global audiences with MongoDB





MongoDB replica sets

Replica Set—2 to 50 copies

- Up to 7 voting nodes

Self-healing

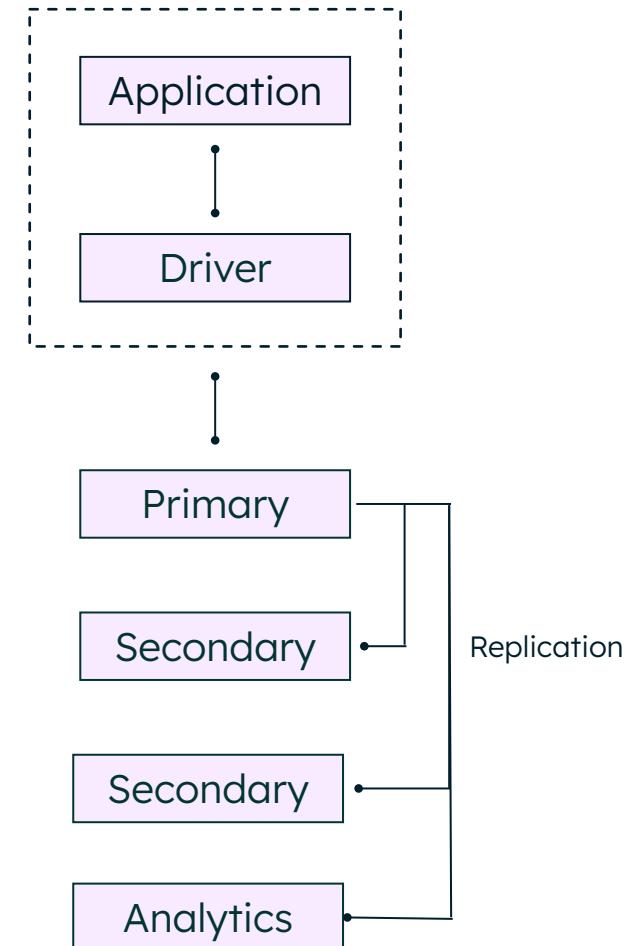
- Typical failover in 5 seconds or less
- Retryable reads and writes to catch temporary exceptions

Data center aware, tunable durability, and consistency

Addresses availability considerations:

- High Availability
- Disaster Recovery
- Maintenance

Workload Isolation: operational & analytics



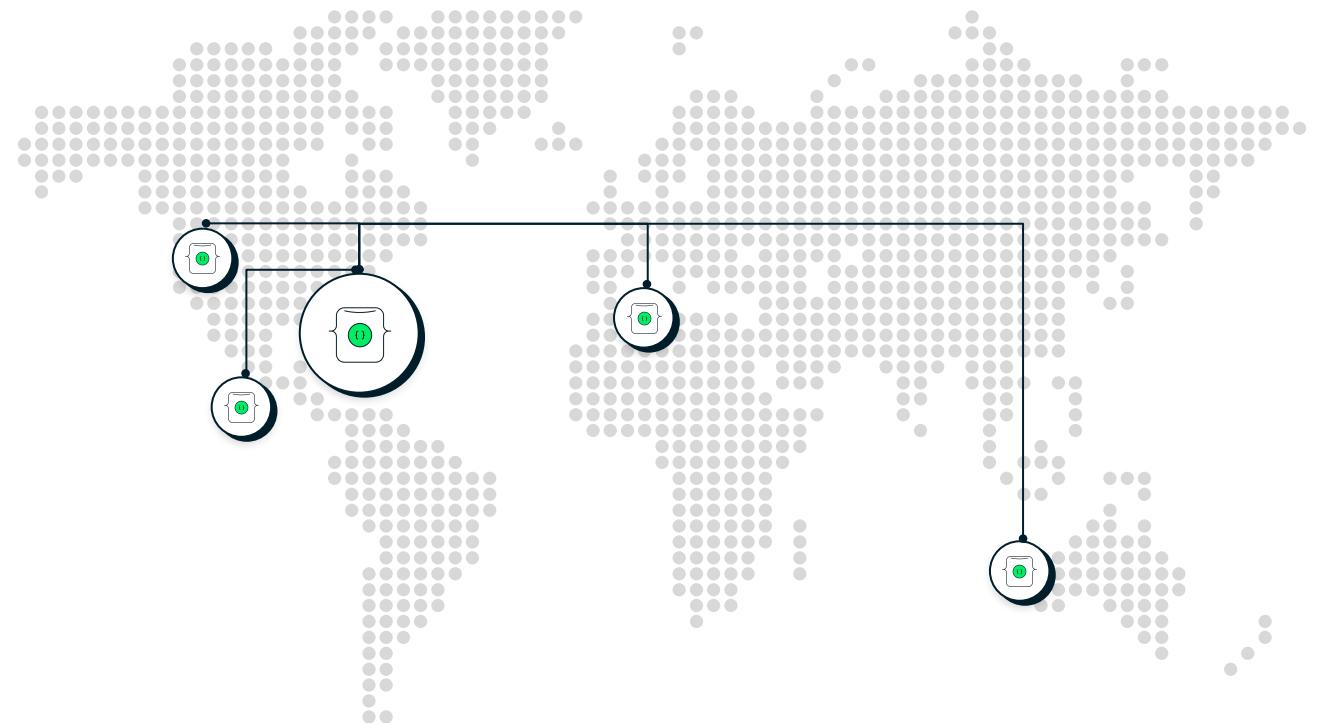


Cross-region replication

Ensure uptime in the unlikely event of a multi-zone or total region outage

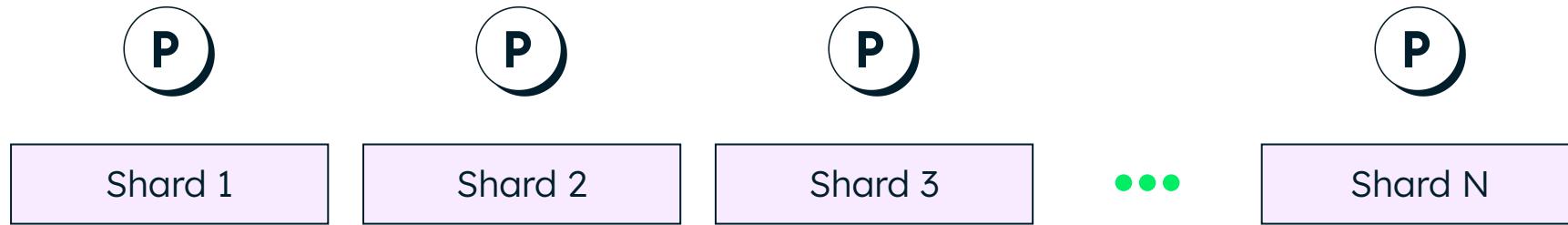
Get improved performance for local reads by geographically distributing read-only replica set members that do not participate in the failover process

Available for Atlas deployments running on dedicated instances in Google Cloud, AWS, or Azure





Cost-effective at any scale



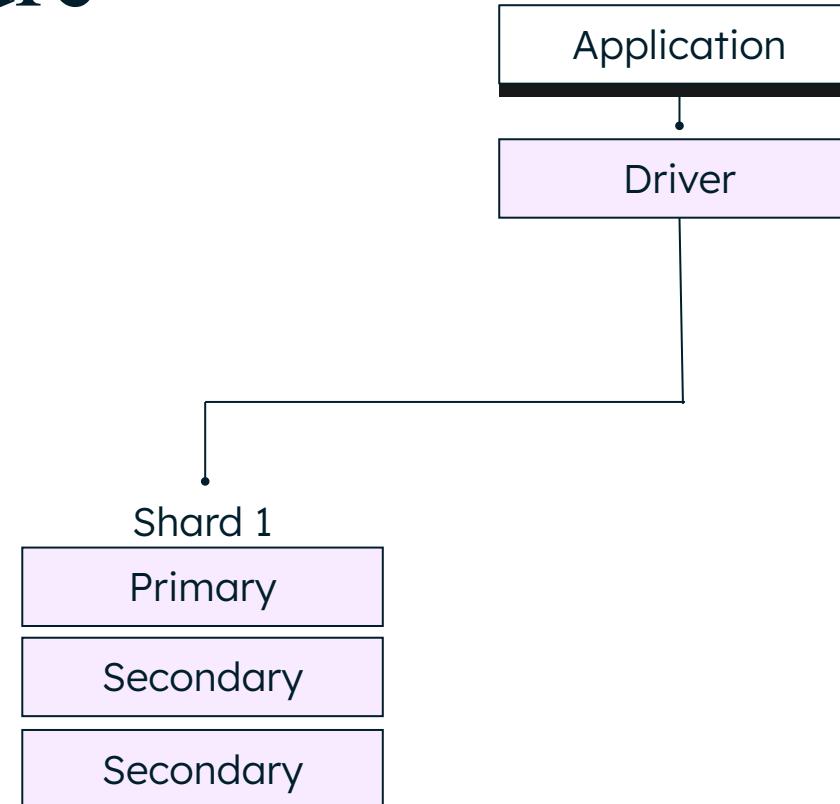
Native-Sharding for horizontal scale-out

- Automatically scale beyond the constraints of a single node
- Application transparent
- Scale, refine, rebalance, and reshuffle data at any time
- Unlike NoSQL systems that randomly spray data across a cluster, MongoDB exposes multiple data distribution policies (hashed, ranged, zoned) to optimize for query patterns and locality



Sharding architecture

High availability
Replica sets





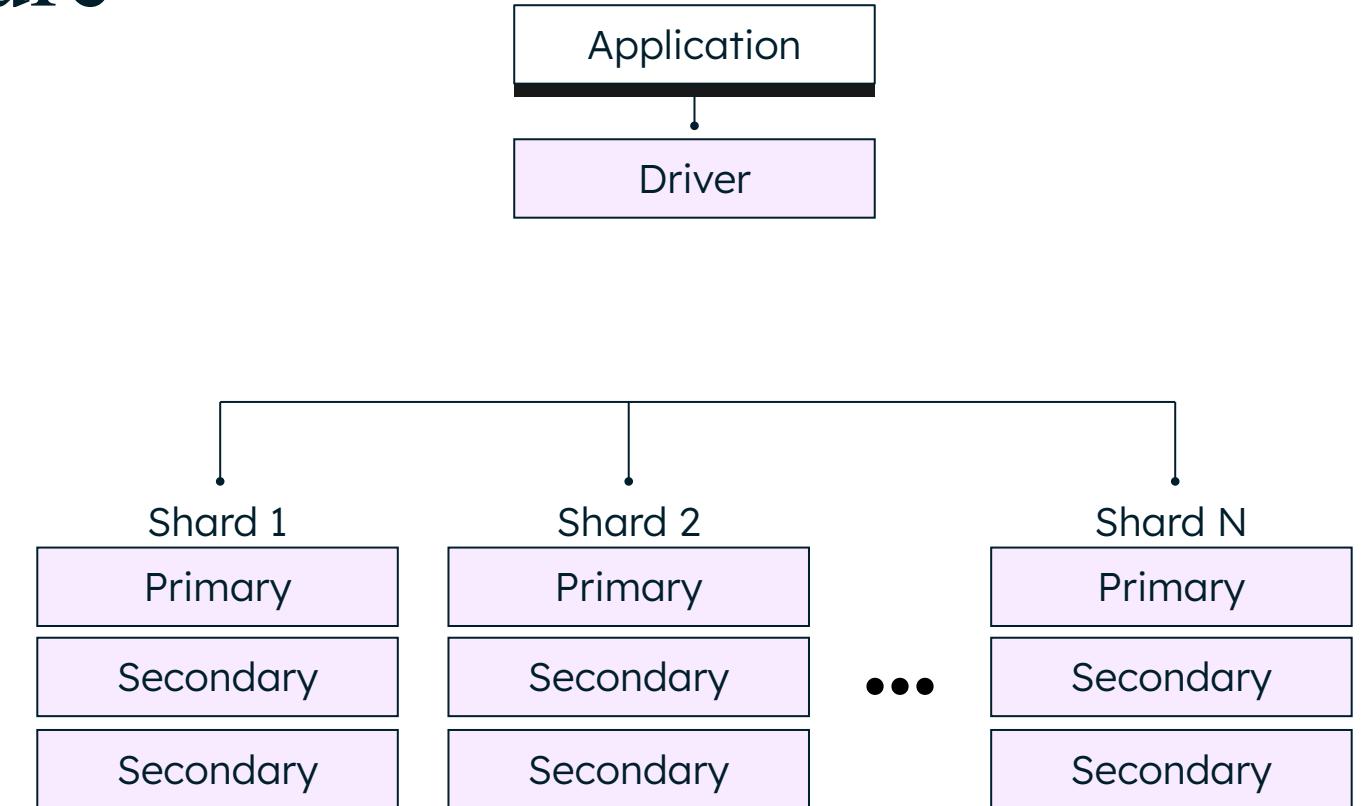
Sharding architecture

Horizontal scalability

Sharding

High availability

Replica sets





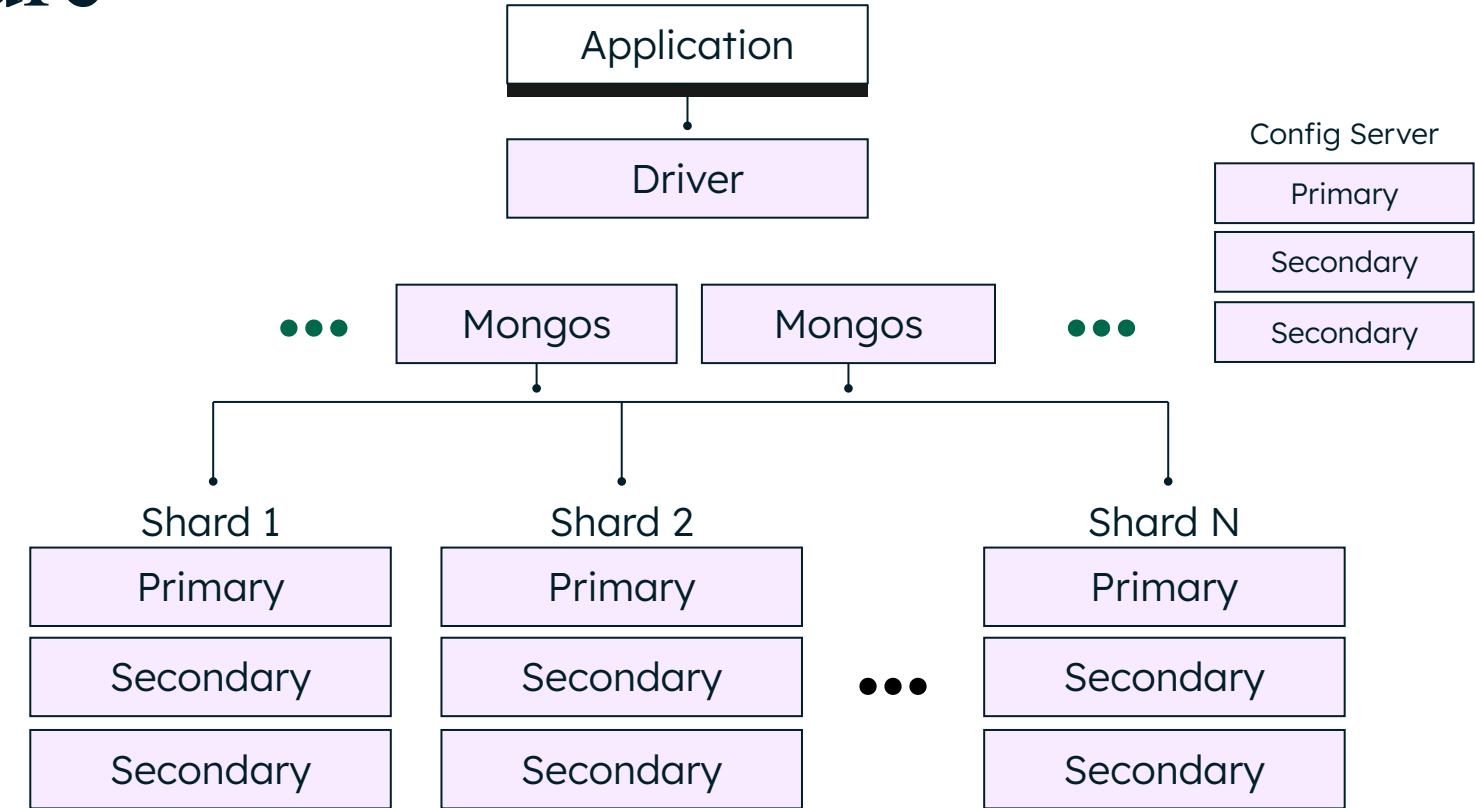
Sharding architecture

Horizontal scalability

Sharding

High availability

Replica sets

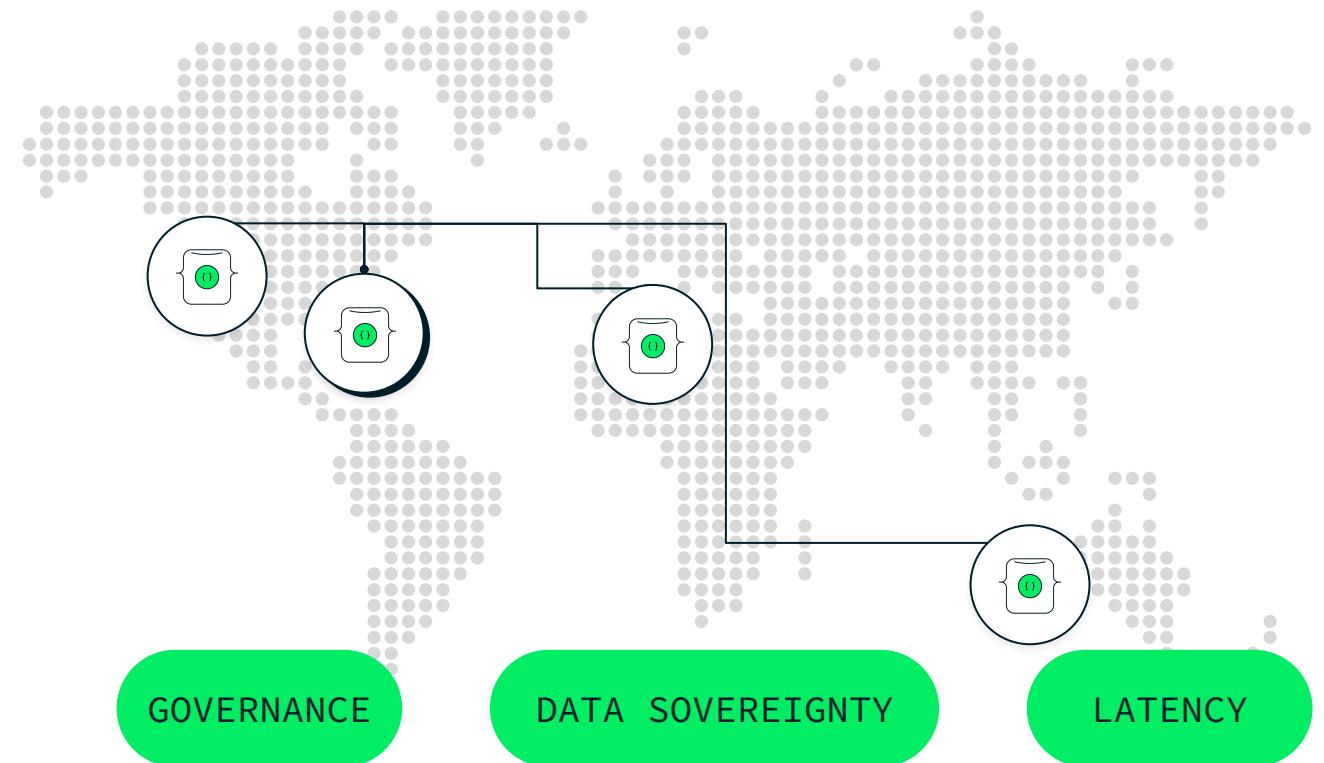




Global clusters for data residence

Intelligent Distribution via Zoned Sharding

- Policies to define data placement
- Name a server by region, tag your documents by region and MongoDB does the rest
- Documents automatically migrated as shard key ranges are modified
- Global queries across all data in all zones





Atlas Deployment Demo



Secure wherever you put your data

All MongoDB Atlas customer projects are deployed into their own VPC for network isolation. Private network peering is available for databases on all three clouds.

Business Trust Needs	Security Features
Authentication	SCRAM, X.509, LDAPS, AWS IAM, IP Access Lists
Authorization	RBAC, Read-Only Views, Field-Level Redaction
Auditing	Admin, DML, DDL, DCL, Role-based
Encryption	In-Flight: TLS 1.2+ At-Rest: Encrypted Hardware, Volume and Database Storage Engine (AES-256) In-Use: Client-Side Field Level Encryption, Queryable Encryption Key Management: Cloud Services (AWS KMS, Azure KV, Google Cloud KMS)



MongoDB Atlas Developer Data Platform

Unified modern application experience

Atlas Database is fully managed MongoDB, available across all major public clouds



Fully managed database lifecycle; completely automated, elastic, and always-on

Featuring —

- > 99.995% uptime SLA
- > Secure defaults: TLS, encrypted storage, network isolation, and more
- > Reduce costs with automated data tiering to queryable cloud object storage
- > Fully managed backups with point-in-time recovery

Unmatched data distribution and mobility across 100+ regions on AWS, Azure, and Google Cloud

Featuring —

- > Leverage the best of each cloud with multi-cloud clusters
- > Cross-region, even cross-cloud failover
- > Easily partition and distribute your data across regions for low-latency access, data residency guarantees with global clusters

Intelligent recommendations with built-in automation for resource and workload optimization

Featuring —

- > Bi-directional auto-scale to match workload demand
- > Intelligent recommendations for indexing and schema design
- > Serverless deployment option now generally available

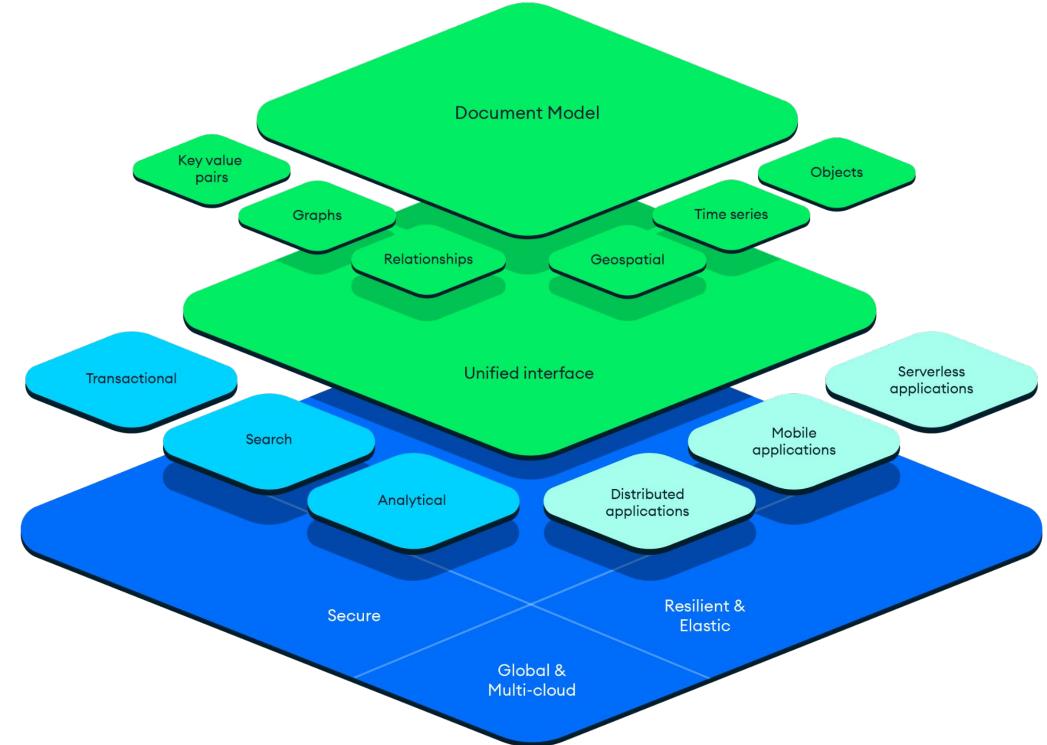
Integrated services that help developers build more seamlessly against their data in the cloud

Featuring —

- > GraphQL API that works with any standard GraphQL client
- > Data API allows data read/write access over HTTPS
- > Triggers and functions for easily building event-driven applications
- > Easily define rules for user auth & data access permissions



MongoDB Atlas is a **developer data platform** that extends **beyond** fully managed MongoDB to address more of your data requirements for building modern applications



MongoDB Atlas is a developer data platform that supports a wide variety of data requirements



Atlas Search — Deliver better customer experiences with integrated full-text search capabilities

Featuring —

- > Apache Lucene capabilities exposed via the unified MongoDB Query API: fuzzy search, synonyms, custom scoring, autocomplete, faceting, and more.
- > Visual editor that enables users to build search indexes and queries in guided and easy-to-use interface
- > Deliver rich search capabilities 30-50% faster

Atlas Device Sync — Expand possibilities on mobile with edge-to-cloud data synchronization

Featuring —

- > Bi-directional data synchronization between embedded storage on devices (Realm) and Atlas Database
- > Built in conflict resolution, networking code simplifies app architectures and the delivery of reactive mobile experiences

Atlas Data Federation — Federate queries across databases & between databases & cloud storage

Featuring —

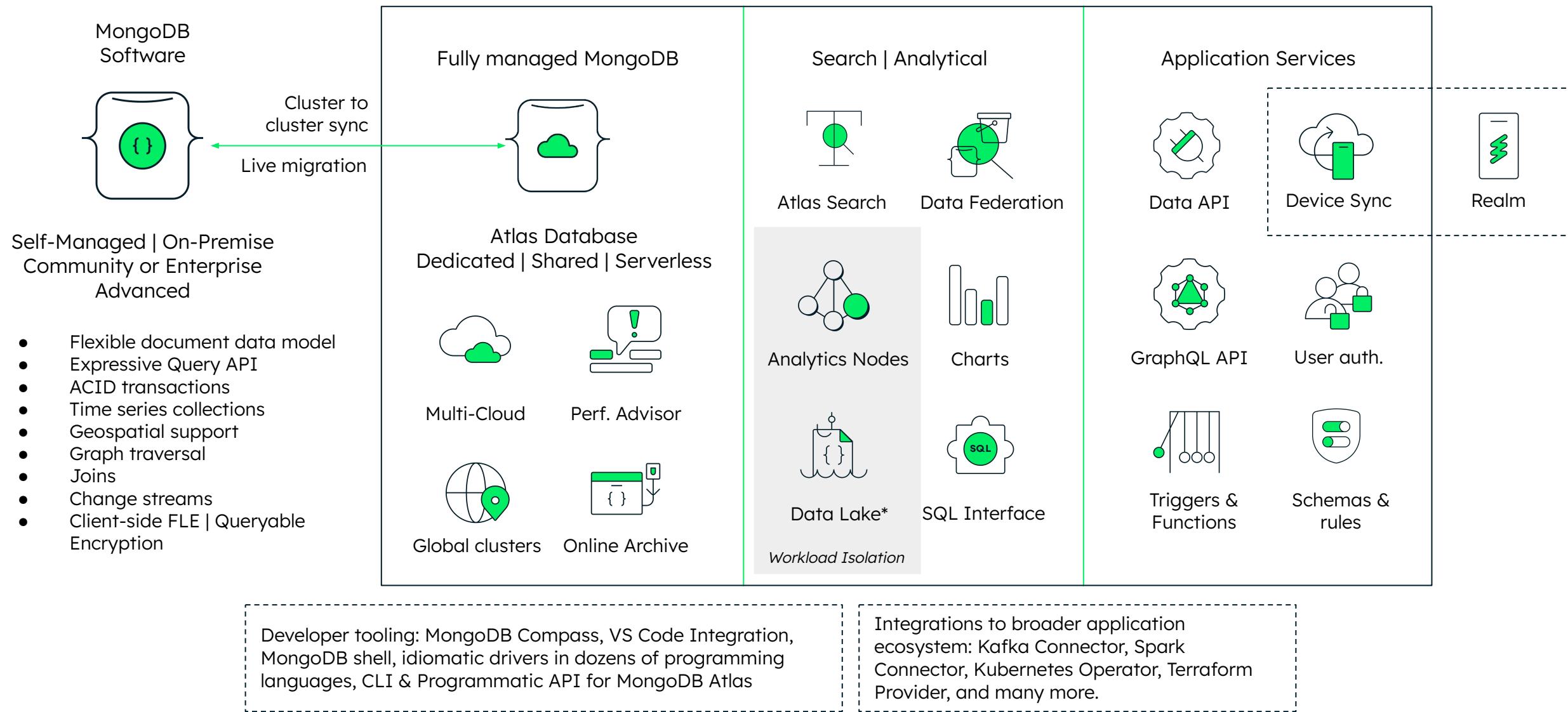
- > The ability to run a single query across multiple databases, S3, and HTTPS endpoints
- > Analyze data stored as JSON, BSON, CSV, TSV, Avro, ORC, and Parquet without the complexity, cost of data transformation
- > No infrastructure to setup or manage; pay only for the queries run

Atlas Charts — Easily create, share, and embed visualizations from data in MongoDB Atlas

Featuring —

- > Zero setup or ETL required; easy-to-use drag & drop interface for building charts
- > Data visualization built for rich document data model with support for nested objects & arrays
- > Easily embed charts or dashboards using iFrames or embedding SDKs

MongoDB Atlas: Developer Data Platform



* in preview

Continuing to invest in a cloud-first, data platform for building applications



	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
MongoDB version	4.0	4.2	4.4	5.x	6.x	7.x
Multi-doc transactions	Distributed transactions	Refinable shard keys	Native time series support	Queryable encryp. preview	Queryable encryp. GA	
Type conversions	Client-side encryption	Hedged and mirrored reads	Live resharding	Cluster-to-cluster sync	Improved query execution	
Non-block sec. reads	Global PIT reads	Union aggregation stage	Versioned API	Column store indexes	Filtered C2C sync	
	Materialized views	Custom agg expressions	Multi-Cloud FLE	Time series ++	Change stream event size +	
	Wildcard indexes	Compound hash shard keys	Majority write concern default	Change streams ++	Time series deletes	
CONTINUOUS DELIVERY						
mLab acquisition	Realm acquisition	Multi-cloud clusters	Edge-to-cloud sync	Serverless GA	Vector Search preview	
Global clusters	Atlas Search	Online Archive	Serverless preview	Data Lake Storage	Stream Processing preview	
Rich database auditing	Atlas Data Lake	Azure Private Link	Custom archiving rules	Atlas CLI	Relational Migrator GA	
LDAP integration	Compute auto-scaling	Multiple connection strings	Multi-cloud enhancements	Atlas Data Federation	Atlas SQL Interface GA	
BYO encryption keys	Analytics nodes	Cross-org billing	Kubernetes operator	Flexible sync GA	Search nodes preview	
MongoDB Charts	Snapshot backups	Schema advice	Search query builder UI	Data API GA	Atlas Live Migration ++	
	Query profiler	AWS IAM authentication		Ind. analytics nodes scaling	New drivers & integrations	
	AWS PrivateLink support	GraphQL API		Atlas Search ++	Search query analytics	



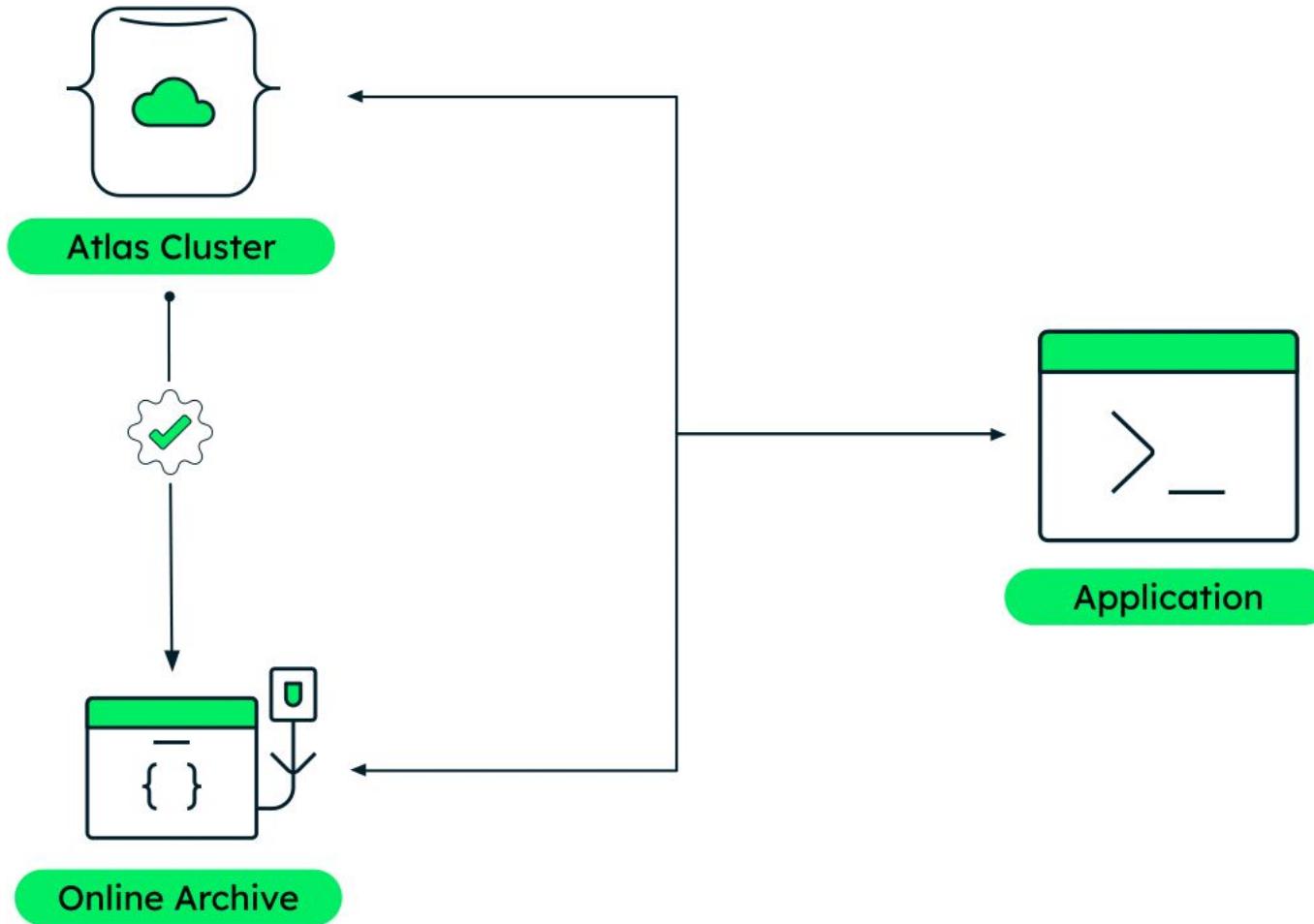
Atlas Online Archive



- Automate data tiering in MongoDB Atlas to reduce storage costs while preserving easy access to historical data
- Set date-based or custom archival rules to automatically offload aged data to fully managed object storage for a more cost-effective data storage strategy
- Run federated queries from a unified endpoint to access data in an Atlas Cluster and its Online Archives on-demand



Archive data to fully managed, queryable storage





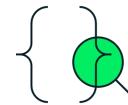
Why use Atlas Online Archive?



Automated Data Tiering

Automatically archive aged data to cheaper storage to balance cost and performance

Eliminate the need to manually migrate or delete data



Queryable Archives

Preserve the ability to query all your MongoDB data—live and historical

Query Atlas clusters and online archives together with a single connection string



Fully Managed

No need to create & configure separate cloud object storage

Create, update and pause archival rules using the Atlas UI or API



Summary

MongoDB uniquely delivers...

Fastest way
to innovate

Freedom and
flexibility

Unified
experience
for modern
applications



Thank you!



Next Steps

- Technical Deep Dives
- MongoDB University
- MongoDB .local ATL