

# DSA 8020 R Lab 4: Model Selection and Model Checking

your name here

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### Savings rates in 50 countries

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The savings data frame has 50 rows (countries) and 5 columns (variables):

1. **sr**: savings rate - personal saving divided by disposable income *This variable will be used as the response*
2. **pop15**: percent population under age of 15
3. **pop75**: percent population over age of 75
4. **dpi**: per-capita disposable income in dollars
5. **ddpi**: percent growth rate of dpi

The data is averaged over the period 1960-1970.

*Data Source:* Belsley, D., Kuh. E. and Welsch, R. (1980) *Regression Diagnostics* Wiley.

Load the dataset

**Code:**

```
data(savings, package = "faraway")
```

1. Perform the best subset selection and select the “best” model using  $R^2_{adj}$

**Code:**

**Answer:**

2. Perform a stepwise selection using  $AIC$

**Code:**

**Answer:**

3. Perform a general linear F-test (with  $\alpha = 0.1$ ) to choose between the full model (i.e., using the all 4 predictors) and the reduce model that include **pop15**, **pop75**, and **ddpi** as the predictors

**Code:**

**Answer:**

4. Make a residual plot of the model selected by *AIC*. Then, comment on the model assumptions

**Code:**

**Answer:**

5. Use both histogram and qqplot to examine the normality assumption on error

**Code:**

**Answer:**

6. Calculate the leverage values to check if there is any high leverage points (i.e.,  $h > \frac{2p}{n}$ )

**Code:**

**Answer:**

7. Compute jackknife residuals to identify outlier(s)

**Code:**

**Answer:**

8. Identifying influential observations by computing DFFITS

**Code:**

**Answer:**