## **Python for Data Science**

Sirakorn Lamyai

October 29, 2020

Student, Kasetsart U.

#### Obtain the material



http://bit.ly/cpe-datascience

#### About me



#### Sirakorn Lamyai

- Theory Research Group, Kasetsart University
- Research Assistant Intern, 2019, Vidyasirimedhi Institute of Science and Technology
- Research Assistant Intern, 2018, Vidyasirimedhi Institute of Science and Technology
- Love drinking tea
- Knows a little about Python

When I say I know a little about Python...

I think there are some better methods than I'm using

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- I think there are some better methods than I'm using
- I sometimes make mistakes
- There are tons of people who know things much more than me
- I think there are still much more for me to learn!

## Prerequisite

A basic Python knowledge will do!

## Your expectations from this talk

#### Outline

Data Science

Python

Python environments

Jupyter

Python Data Structures

**Pandas** 

QAs

## Data Science

• Obtain data from relevent sources

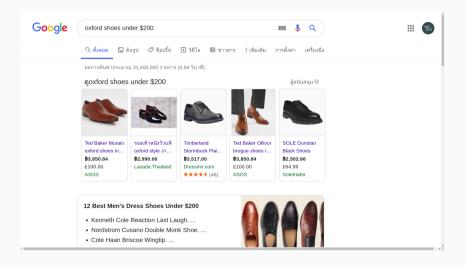
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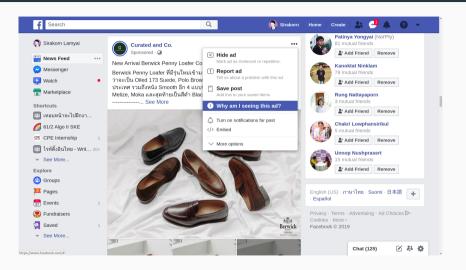
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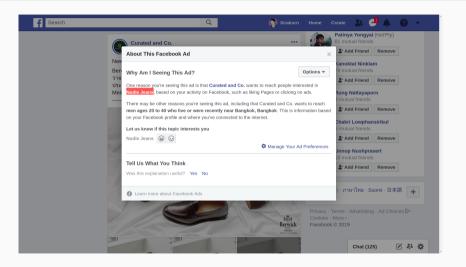
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- Model construction for prediction and forecast
- iNterpret and use the results obtained
- Interate and rethink about your outputs









# Data is the new oil

#### Tools for data analysis

#### With GUIs

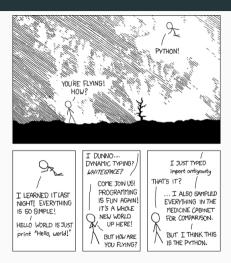
- Spreadsheets
  - Excel
  - Google Spreadsheets
  - Lotus 1-2-3
- Modelling and Visualisation
  - RapidMiner Studio
  - Weka
  - Tableau

#### As programming languages

- For data insights
  - R
  - Python
- For data retrieval
  - SQL (or at least SQL-like languages)
  - Other NoSQL methods
    - NQL
    - Other syntax varies by tools

## Python

## **Python**



Courtesy: xkcd (https://xkcd.com/353/)

## I *loved* Python...

- Read it, understand it
- Multiparadigm
- Batteris included
- Lots of great, great libraries!

pip

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- PyPA (Python Packaging Authority)'s recommended package installer
- Obtains packages from PyPI (Python Packaging Index)
- Many useful packages for us to use!

## **Anaconda Python Distribution**

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- Ships with its own package and environment manager



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- Cross-platform Python Distribution
- Ships with its own package and environment manager
  - Its environment manager capability is not found in Python vanilla installation
  - Fetches the packages from its own repository, not PyPI
- Aims for Data Science use
- Entirely separated Python

#### **Environments 101: \$PATH**

## Different machines, different Pythons

#### On my laptop...

```
srakrn@epsilon-ubuntu:~$ which python
/home/srakrn/.pyenv/shims/python
```

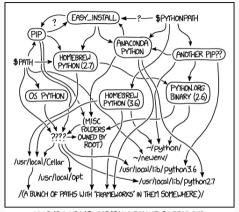
On my https://charles.srakrn.me/ server...

```
srakrn@charles:~$ which python
/usr/bin/python
srakrn@charles:~$ which python3
/usr/bin/python3
```

## Installed pip

```
$ pip -V
pip 8.1.1 from /usr/lib/python2.7/dist-packages (python 2.7)
$ pip3 -V
pip 8.1.1 from /usr/lib/python2.7/dist-packages (python 3.6)
```

#### Perhaps now you understand me...



MY PYTHON ENVIRONMENT HAS BECOME SO DEGRADED THAT MY LAPTOP HAS BEEN DECLARED A SUPERFUND SITE.

Courtesy: xkcd (https://xkcd.com/1987/)

## Jupyter

## **Jupyter**



• Thinks of a more *dynamic* coding environment.



# Interactive computing environment

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- Inserts snippets of codes alternately with texts, maths, and images.



# Interactive computing environment

- Thinks of a more *dynamic* coding environment.
- Inserts snippets of codes alternately with texts, maths, and images.
- A wonderful tool for coding documented code.





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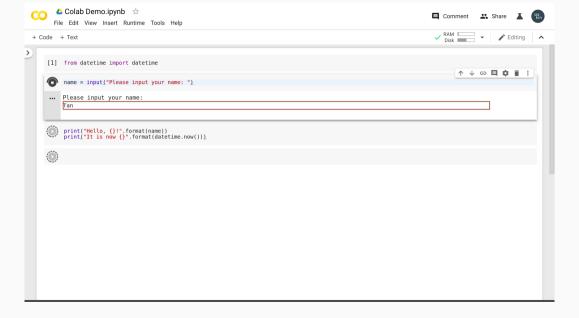


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  - In other words, your code are remotely executed
- Could be more powerful for some tasks (like Deep Learning) than your computer
- Free!

https://colab.research.google.com/



#### Caveats 1: Execution order



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```
[2] a = 10

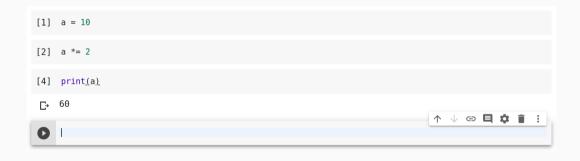
[1] a = 5

[3] print(a)

□ 10

↑ ↓ ⊕ ■ 章 :
```

You'll do a lot of out-of-order code execution!



You might sometimes remove a cell, and that shows no visible trace without explicit query.



```
[1] a = 5

[2] a = 20

[3] print(a)

□ 10

↑ ↓ ⇔ ■ ❖ ■ :
```

Jupyter Notebook offers no cell edited marks, while Colab offers them

```
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[2] a = 20

[3] print(a).

□ 10

↑ ↓ ⊕ ■ 章 ■ :
```

Jupyter Notebook offers no cell edited marks, while Colab offers them (note: observe the greyed out cell number)

## Caveats 3: Be neat and tidy

Jupyter Notebook and Colab, unlike IDE and code editors, offers a relatively poor clean code tools

- Syntax error highlighting
- Autocomplete
- Linting
- Code formatter

## Caveats 3: Be neat and tidy

Sirakorn's Workflow Demo

**Python Data Structures** 

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  - So-called a nested list
- Can be resized.
  - No need to declare its size on the first declaration.

```
a = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
a [0] # Accessing elements
a [1:3] # Slicing
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## Accessing list

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## Accessing list

- Elementwise: accessing one elements at a time)
- Slicing: accessing a sublist

### **List Functions**

```
vowels = ["a", "e", "o", "u"]
3 # Get a's length
4 len(a)
5 # Append the new element to the end of a
6 a.append("y")
7 # Deletes the first occurence of the element from a
8 a.remove("v")
9 # Inserts the item into a list with a specified index
10 a.insert(2, "i")
```

### **List Functions**

```
vowels = [1, 3, 2, 5, 4]

# Get the first index of a specified element
a.index(4)

# Sort a list and store into a new list
sorted_a = sorted(a)

# Sort a list, making changes directly to the old one
a.sort()
```

# **Dictionary**

```
names = {
     "Cherprang": "Cher",
     "Manipa": "Khamin",
    "Jiradapa": "Pupe"
7 kami_nickname = names["Manipa"
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 Dictionaries store values in a key-pair format.

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- Dictionaries store values in a key-pair format.
- From the positional index, dictionary takes the key as an index instead.





NumPy is a powerful library for mathematical computation in Python



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- It offers wide range of tools from data structures to advanced functions and operations



- NumPy is a powerful library for mathematical computation in Python
- It offers wide range of tools from data structures to advanced functions and operations
- A very strong ease in mathematical computation, don't reinvent the wheels!



Courtesy: Rebellious Professor,

# Let's go to Notebook!

I'm too lazy to cover the contents twice...

















Tabular-like structure









- Tabular-like structure
- High performance









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- Easy to use









- Tabular-like structure
- High performance
- Easy to use
- Helps a lot in data preparation







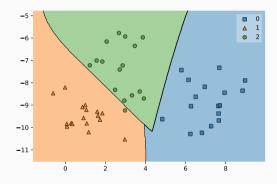


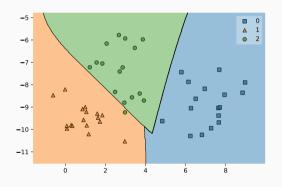
- Tabular-like structure
- High performance
- Easy to use
- Helps a lot in data preparation
- Considered as a wrapper for Numpy, although there's a lot more

## **Series and DataFrame**

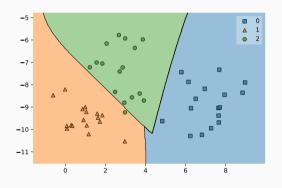


Let's go to Notebook!



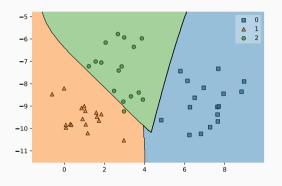


Why Visualise?



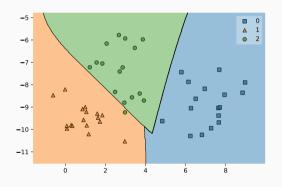
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### Why Visualise?

- Our visual system is so great!
- A much better way to represent data than statistical values
- Meaningful plots show meaningful insights without needing to do much

What if we don't visualise?

## The Datasaurus Dozen

 $\verb|https://www.autodeskresearch.com/publications/same stats|\\$ 





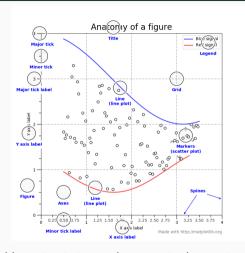
feature-rich plotting library in python



- feature-rich plotting library in python
- plots multiple types of charts



- feature-rich plotting library in python
- plots multiple types of charts
- extensive support for jupyter notebook



 $Source:\ https://matplotlib.org/tutorials/introductory/usage.html$ 

Let's go to Notebook!

 $\mathbf{Q}\mathbf{A}\mathbf{s}$ 

## Internships

# **Applications**

Today's and tomorrow's importance of Data Science

### Neural Networks?