

WHAT IS SQL AND MYSQL?

SQL (Structured Query Language)

SQL is a standard programming language used to **manage and manipulate databases**. It is used to:

- Create, update, delete, and retrieve data from databases.
- Define and modify database structures (tables, indexes, etc.).
- Manage database security and transactions.

Examples of SQL commands:

- `SELECT * FROM users;` → Retrieves all data from the "users" table.
- `INSERT INTO users (name, email) VALUES ('John', 'john@example.com');` → Adds a new record.

MySQL

- MySQL is a **relational database management system (RDBMS)** that uses SQL to store, retrieve, and manage data. It is open-source and widely used for web applications, including **WordPress, e-commerce platforms, and enterprise applications**.
- **Key Features of MySQL:**
- **Fast & Scalable:** Can handle large amounts of data efficiently.
- **Open-Source:** Free to use with a strong community.
- **Cross-Platform:** Works on Windows, Linux, and macOS.

1.HOW TO CREATE DATABASE?

- `show databases;`
- `select database();` # it shows current database
- `create database practice;` #(;) use for full stop to end query;
- `use practice;`
- `select database();`



2. HOW TO CREATE A TABLE

```
8 ● ○ create table student(roll_no int primary key, #doesn,t allowed repitation,null values
9     First_Name varchar(10) not null, # doesn;t aloowed null value
10     marks int default 35, #if not marks given then default value will be taken.
11     grade char(1) unique, #unique values allow repitation not allowed
12     city varchar(10));
```

4. BASIC QUERY TO INSERT VALUES IN TABLE

Simple query to insert values

```
insert into table1 values(101,"ram","mumbai");  
insert into table1 values(102,"rupesh","mumbai");
```

Result Grid			 Filter Rows:
	id	name	city
▶	101	ram	mumbai
	102	rupesh	mumbai

Query to insert values with null values

```
insert into student(roll_no,name,grade,city) values(2,"pari","c","mumbai");  
insert into student value(3,"nayan",67,"b","pune");  
insert into student(roll_no,name,marks,city)values(3,"nayan",77,"pune");  
insert into student(roll_no,name,marks,city)values(3,"nayan",77,"pune");  
insert into student(name,marks,city)values("nayan",77,"pune");  
insert into student(roll_no,name,marks,city)values(4,"nayan",77,"pune");
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:		Edit:		
	roll_no	name	marks	grade	city	grade1
▶	1	pari	77	b	pune	B
	2	pari	35	c	mumbai	C
	3	nayan	77	NULL	pune	B
	4	nayan	77	NULL	pune	B
	7	ram	77	a	mumbai	B
	8	mayur	67	e	mumbai	NULL
✱	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

5.FUNCTION

Text function

```
select now();  
select curdate();  
-- select format(join_date,"dd%mm%yyyy")from employee;  
select datediff("2024-03-12","2024-02-12");
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	now()	
▶	2025-03-01 17:11:56	

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	curdate()	
▶	2025-03-01	

Aggregate function

```
4 • select sum(final_score) from student_sql;  
5 • select avg(final_score) from student_sql;  
6 • select count(final_score)from student_sql;  
7 • select min(final_score)from student_sql;  
8 • select max(final_score)from student_sql;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	sum(final_score)	
▶	279005.92000000016	

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	avg (final_score)	
▶	69.47358565737056	

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	count(final_score)	
▶	4016	

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	min(final_score)	
▶	40	

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	max(final_score)	
▶	99.98	

LIMIT CLAUSE WITH OFFSET




- `select * from student_sql limit 2;`
- `select * from student_sql limit 1 offset 1;`

Result Grid								
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/> Export: Wrap Cell Content: Fetch rows:								
	Student_ID	First_Name	Last_Name	Email	Gender	Age	Department	Final_Score
▶	S1000	Omar	Williams	student0@university.com	Female	22	Engineering	57.82
	S1001	Maria	Brown	student1@university.com	Male	18	Engineering	45.8

Result Grid								
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/> Export: Wrap Cell Content: Fetch rows:								
	Student_ID	First_Name	Last_Name	Email	Gender	Age	Department	Final_Score
▶	S1001	Maria	Brown	student1@university.com	Male	18	Engineering	45.8

WHERE CLAUSE

```
13 • update student_sql set Department="sales" where First_name="Omar";
```

Result Grid |  Filter Rows: | Export:  | Wrap Cell Content: 

Student_ID	First_Name	Last_Name	Email	Gender	Age	Department	P
S1000	Omar	Williams	student0@university.com	Female	22	sales	5
S1001	Maria	Brown	student1@university.com	Male	18	Engineering	4
S1002	Ahmed	Jones	student2@university.com	Male	24	Business	9
S1003	Omar	Williams	student3@university.com	Female	24	sales	8
S1004	John	Smith	student4@university.com	Female	23	CS	7
S1005	Liam	Brown	student5@university.com	Male	21	Engineering	4
S1007	Ahmed	Smith	student7@university.com	Male	19	Engineering	7
S1008	Omar	Smith	student8@university.com	Female	21	sales	9
S1009	Sara	Smith	student9@university.com	Female	22	Engineering	9

GROUP BY CLAUSE

```
24 -- group by clause
25 • select department, min(Final_Score) from student_sql group by department;
```

Result Grid |  Filter Rows: | Export:  | Wrap Cell Content: 

	department	min(Final_Score)
▶	sales	40.28
	Engineering	40
	Business	40.21
	CS	40.01
	Mathematics	40.01

ORDER CLAUSE

```
18 -- order clause;
19 • select * from student_sql order by Department desc;
20 • select * from student_sql order by First_Name;
21
```

Result Grid |   Filter Rows: | Export:  | Wrap Cell Content: 


	Student_ID	First_Name	Last_Name	Email	Gender	Age	Department
	S3462	Omar	Jones	student2462@university.com	Male	20	sales
	S1795	Omar	Williams	student795@university.com	Female	22	sales
	S2633	Omar	Jones	student1633@university.com	Female	19	sales
	S2347	Omar	Davis	student1347@university.com	Male	24	sales
	S3447	Omar	Davis	student2447@university.com	Female	23	sales
	S2630	Omar	Brown	student1630@university.com	Male	19	sales
	S3011	Ahmed	Brown	student2011@university.com	Female	22	Mathematics
	S1550	Ali	Smith	student550@university.com	Female	19	Mathematics
	S1968	Fmma	Johnson	student968@university.com	Female	20	Mathematics


HAVING CLAUSE


```
31 • select department, max(Final_Score) from student_sql group by department;  
32 • select department, max(Final_Score) from student_sql group by department having count(Final_Score)>=90;
```

Result Grid |  Filter Rows: | Export:  | Wrap Cell Content: 

	department	max(Final_Score)
▶	sales	99.98
	Engineering	99.98
	Business	99.85
	CS	99.98
	Mathematics	99.93


Result
Grid


Form
Editor


Field
Types

CASE STATEMENT

```
3 • update student_sql set Grade=
4 case
5   when Final_score>80 then "A"
6   when Final_score>70 then "B"
7   when Final_score<60 then "C"
8   when Final_score<50 then "F"
9 end;
```


result Grid |  Filter Rows: | Export:  | Wrap Cell Content: 


First_Name	Last_Name	Email	Gender	Age	Department	Final_Score	Grade
Omar	Williams	student0@university.com	Female	22	sales	57.82	C
Maria	Brown	student1@university.com	Male	18	Engineering	45.8	C
Ahmed	Jones	student2@university.com	Male	24	Business	93.68	A
Omar	Williams	student3@university.com	Female	24	sales	80.63	A
John	Smith	student4@university.com	Female	23	CS	78.89	B
Liam	Brown	student5@university.com	Male	21	Engineering	43.53	C
Ahmed	Smith	student7@university.com	Male	19	Engineering	73.96	B
Omar	Smith	student8@university.com	Female	21	sales	90.87	A
Sara	Smith	student9@university.com	Female	22	Engineering	98.47	A

JOIN TABLE


```
46 • select * from student_sql inner join city on student_sql.city =city.city_id where city.city_name="mumbai";
47 • select * from student_sql inner join city on student_sql.city =city.city_id where city.city_name="mp";
```

Result Grid




 Filter Rows:

Export:






Wrap Cell Content:




	id	Gender	Age	Department	Final_Score	Grade	Parent_Education_Level	Family_Income_Level	city	city_id	city_name
▶	ent501@university.com	Male	23	Engineering	71.1	B	None	Medium	103	103	MP
	ent502@university.com	Female	22	CS	67.18	NULL	PhD	High	103	103	MP
	ent504@university.com	Male	23	sales	76.12	B	None	Medium	103	103	MP
	ent506@university.com	Female	23	Business	75.04	B	High School	Low	103	103	MP
	ent507@university.com	Male	20	CS	67.96	NULL	None	Low	103	103	MP
	ent508@university.com	Female	20	CS	72.57	B	Master's	Medium	103	103	MP
	ent509@university.com	Female	20	Engineering	88.51	A	PhD	Low	103	103	MP
	ent510@university.com	Female	20	Engineering	76.76	B	PhD	Low	103	103	MP
	ent511@university.com	Male	19	Business	78.82	B	None	Medium	103	103	MP
	ent512@university.com	Female	20	sales	98.29	A	High School	Medium	103	103	MP

SUB QUERIE

```
51 • select * from student_sql where city=(select city_id from city where city_name="delhi");
```

Result Grid  Filter Rows: <input type="text"/> Export:  Wrap Cell Content: 											
	Student_ID	student_no	First_Name	Last_Name	Email	Gender	Age	Department	Final_Score	Grade	Parent_Education
▶	S1201	1201	Liam	Brown	student201@university.com	Female	23	CS	67.14	NULL	PhD
	S1202	1202	Omar	Williams	student202@university.com	Female	22	sales	62.75	NULL	Master's
	S1203	1203	Ali	Williams	student203@university.com	Male	24	Engineering	98.41	A	Bachelor's
	S1204	1204	Maria	Brown	student204@university.com	Female	24	CS	47.01	C	Bachelor's
	S1205	1205	Ahmed	Jones	student205@university.com	Female	20	Engineering	69.2	NULL	None
	S1206	1206	Liam	Johnson	student206@university.com	Male	24	CS	64.51	NULL	Master's
	S1207	1207	Maria	Smith	student207@university.com	Female	20	Engineering	45.89	C	PhD
	S1209	1209	Ahmed	Davis	student209@university.com	Male	24	Engineering	41.71	C	PhD
	S1210	1210	Omar	Brown	student210@university.com	Male	18	sales	92.62	A	None
	S1211	1211	Omar	Smith	student211@university.com	Female	21	sales	76.47	B	Master's

student_sql11 x 

Conclusion

The **Student table** provides a clear overview of individual student records, including details such as names, roll numbers, and marks. Based on the data:

- Most students have **consistent academic performance**, with several showing high achievement.
- There is a **range of marks**, indicating diversity in learning pace and understanding.
- The data suggests that while many students are performing well, a few may benefit from **additional academic support** or focused attention.
- This table serves as a useful tool for **tracking student progress**, identifying top performers, and highlighting those who may need intervention.