## Conditional

Sunday, 30 July 2023 7:24 AM

- 1. Write a program that reads the students marks as input and prints PASS or FAIL. If the student score more than 50, print PASS.
- 2. Given the length of the box, check if it is a Rectangle or Square
- 3. Write a Program that reads a temperature and checks if the given temperature is between 15 and 40. print 'Can go for a Walk' if it is between 15 and 40.
- 4. Write a Program that reads the scores A and B of two players and checks if one of the scores is greater than 300 and the sum of the scores is less than 500. Print 'Can Team Up' if one the scores is greater than 300 and the sum of the scores is less than 500, otherwise print 'Cannot Team Up'
- 5. Give three angles of a triangle, write a program to check whether the triangle is valid or not.

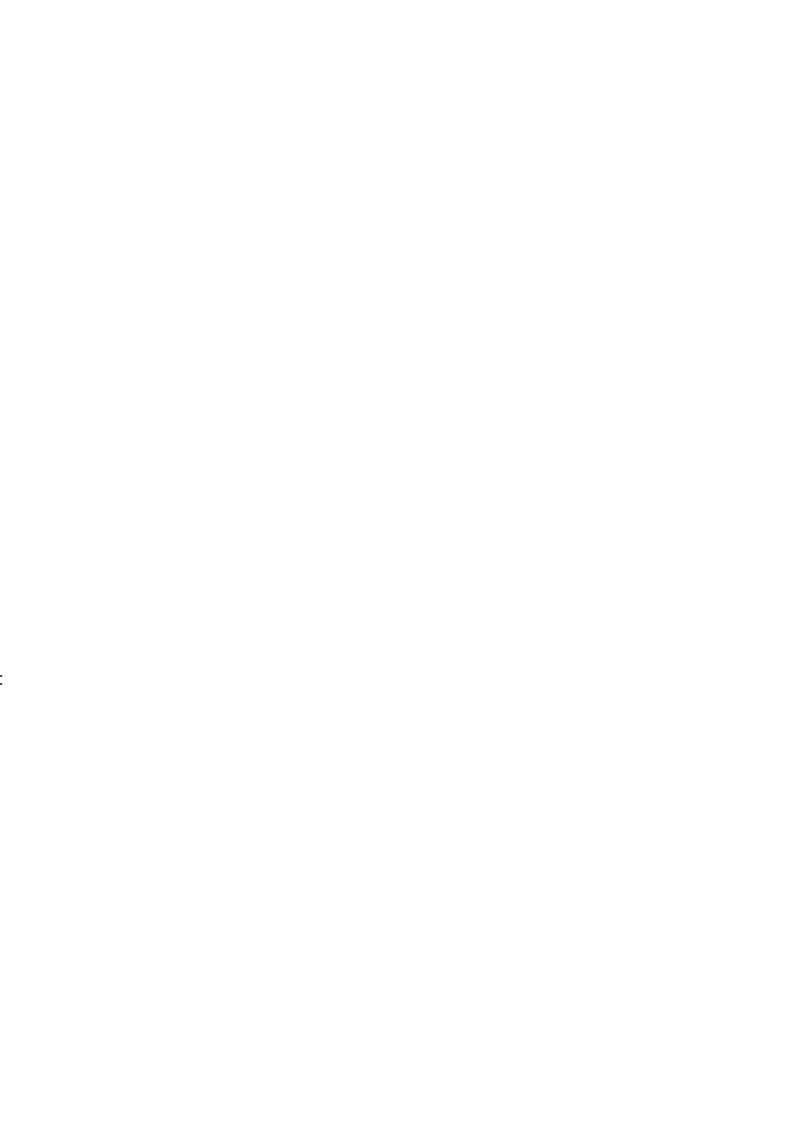
A company decided to give a bonus of 5% to an employee if his/her years of service is

- more than five years. Write a program that reads an employee's salary and years of service and decides whether the employee gets the bonus or not.
- Write a program that reads a two-digit number N and cheks if any of the given conditions is satisfied
  - a. The sum of digits of N is equal to 7
  - b. One of the digits of N is equal to 7
  - c. N is divisible by 7
  - d. Print "Special Number if any of the given conditions is satisfied. Otherwise, print 'Normal Number'
- 8. Write a Program that read a string S and checks if all the given conditions are satisfied
  - a. The first three characters of S is NXT
  - b. The remaining Characters of S contain a Number. Number is divisible by 2 or 7
  - Print 'Special String' f any of the given conditions is satisfied. Otherwise, print 'Not a Special String'
- Write a Program that read a number N and checks if the last digit of N is equal to the last digit of the square of N
- 10. Write a program that reads two numbers A and B, and checks if sum of squares of A and B is greater than or equals to 60.

## **Advanced Conditional**

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1. In this problem, you need to write a program to calculate the electricity bill for a



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household, based on the units of electricity the household consumed. The price for unit varies based on the slab.

The charges per unit for different slabs are as mentioned below:

For the first 50 units (0-50), the charge is 2/unit For the next 100 units (51-150), the charge is 3/unit For the next 100 units (151-250), the charge is 5/unit For above 250 units (251 and above), the charge is 8/unit

Apart from these charges, there is also an additional surcharge of 20% on the total amount is added to the bill.

## **Explanation**

For example, if the given number of units is 50.

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Charges 2/unit for 0 to 50 units \Rightarrow 50 x 2 = 100 Charges 3/unit for 51 to 150 units \Rightarrow 0 x 3 = 0 Charges 5/unit for 151 to 250 \Rightarrow 0 x 5 = 0 Charges 8/unit for 251 and above \Rightarrow 0 x 8 = 0 Total \Rightarrow 100 Surcharge (20 % of Bill) \Rightarrow 100 x 0.2 = 20 Bill \Rightarrow 120
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So the total bill should be 120.0

For example, if the given number of units is 200.

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Charges 2/unit for 0 to 50 units \Rightarrow 50 x 2 = 100 Charges 3/unit for 51 to 150 units \Rightarrow 100 x 3 = 300 Charges 5/unit for 151 to 250 \Rightarrow 50 x 5 = 250 Charges 8/unit for 251 and above \Rightarrow 0 x 8 = 0

Total \Rightarrow 650 Surcharge (20 % of Bill) \Rightarrow 650 x 0.2 = 130 Bill \Rightarrow 780
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2. Write a program that reads an amount A and prints the minimum number of 500,50,10 and 1 rupee notes required for the given amount.

## **Explanation**

For example, if the given amount A = 1543,

- The number of **500** rupee notes required for **1543** is **3**. ( 1543 / 500 = 3.086 )
  - $\circ$  The remaining amount is 43. ( 1543 (500 \* 3) = 43 )
- The number of **50** rupee notes required for **43** is **0**. ( 43 / 50 = 0.86 )
- The number of 10 rupee notes required for 43 is 4. ( 43 / 10 = 4.3 )
  - The remaining amount is 3. ( 1543 (500 \* 3) (10 \* 4)
     = 3 )
- The number of 1 rupee notes required for 3 is 3. (3/1=3)

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Number of 500 rupee notes \Rightarrow 500 \times 3 = 1500

Number of 50 rupee notes \Rightarrow 50 \times 0 = 0

Number of 10 rupee notes \Rightarrow 10 \times 4 = 40

Number of 1 rupee notes \Rightarrow 1 \times 3 = 3

Total \Rightarrow 1543
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