

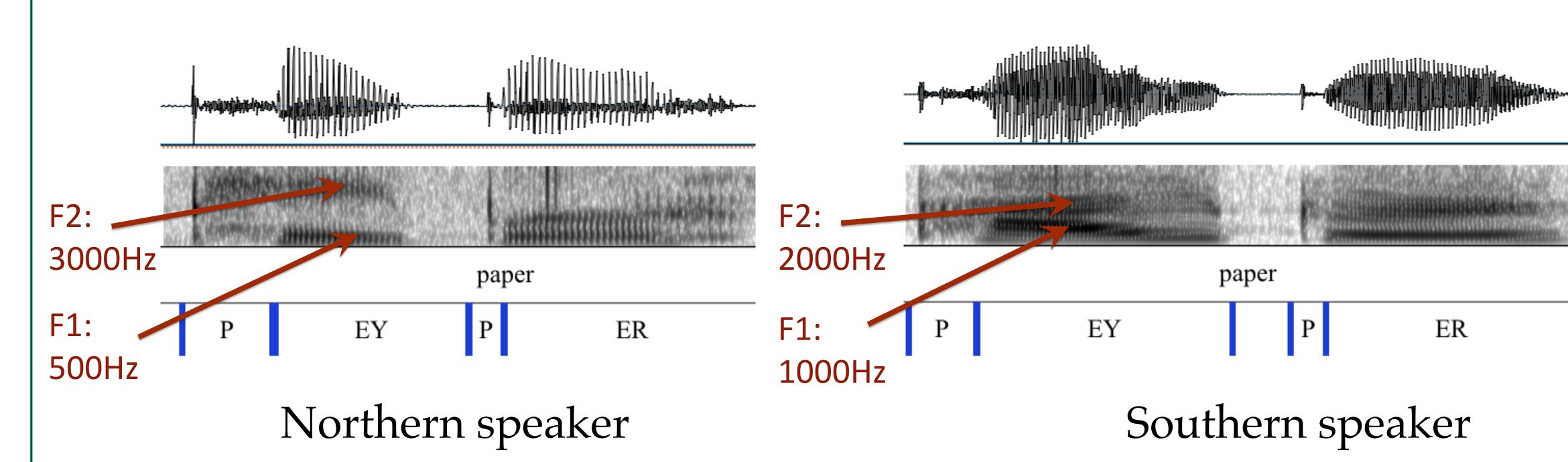
A Web Application for Automated Dialect Analysis

DARLA darla.dartmouth.edu

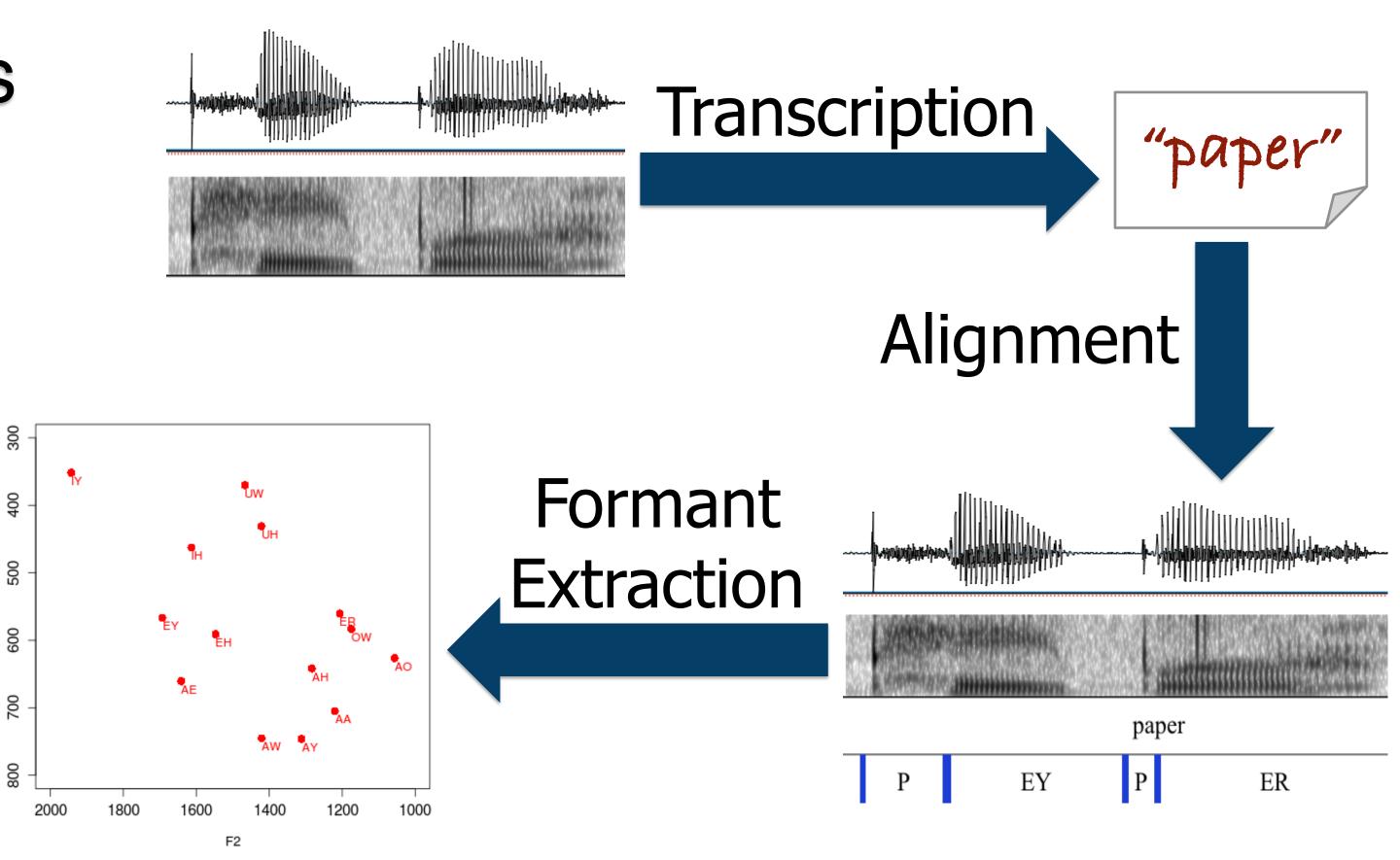
Sravana Reddy & James Stanford, Dartmouth College

Problem: Vowel Formant Extraction

- Socio-phoneticians study accents and social variables.
- Quantify accent with formants (resonance frequencies), F1 & F2.



- Accents = systematic shifts in formant space.
- Common task:
 audio →
 formants of each vowel.



spectro-

phones

Existing Tools

"Semi-automated" – e.g. FAVE (fave.ling.upenn.edu)

- Alignment: automated with dynamic programming)
- Formant extraction: automated with LPC
- Transcription: manual

We now have access to thousands of hours of speech – manual transcription is impossible.

Our Idea

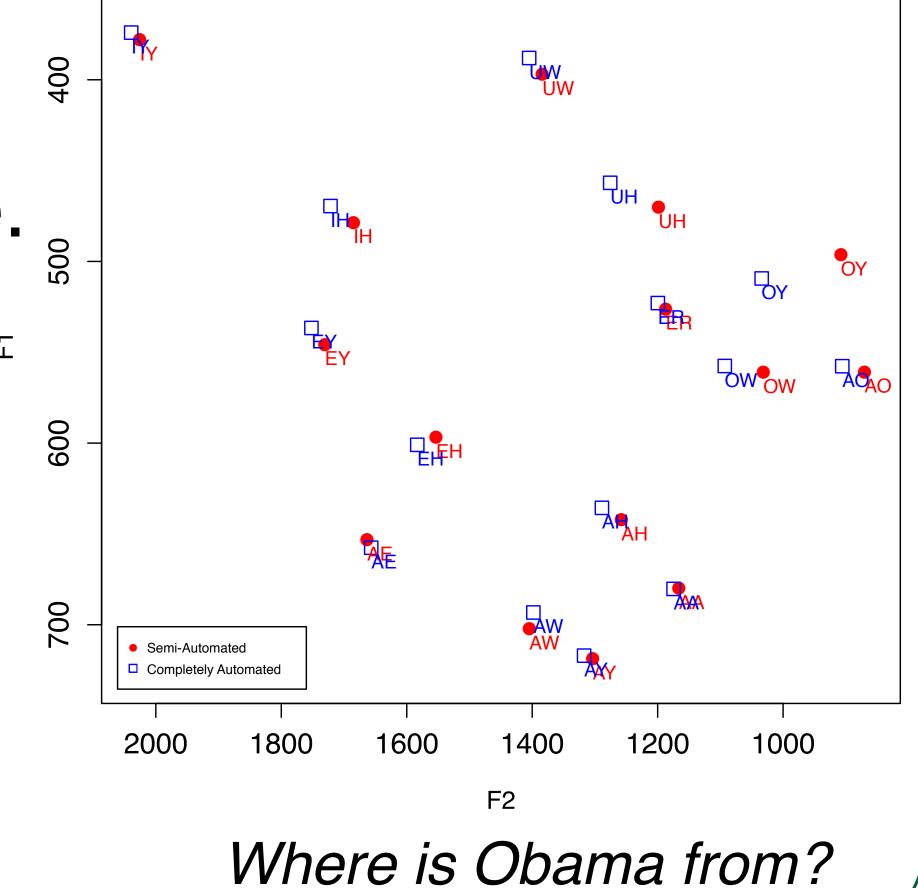
Automate transcription with speech recognition ... but isn't speech recognition inaccurate?

Insight: stressed vowels are usually correct

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REF: no it's it's wood turning
HYP: no it it would turn it

REF: a real dog and cat and all the others
HYP: a real docking tap and on the others
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- Filter out vowels with low acoustic confidence.
- Result: Formants from completely automated system ≅ formants from semi-automated.



Implementation

- Speech recognition with CMU Pocketsphinx
 - Generic English acoustic models trained on LibriSpeech (400 hours), language models on WSJ and Fisher transcripts.
- Alignment and formant extraction with FAVE.
- Web interface accepts files or YouTube links.
- Processing time is about 3x the audio length.