

Assignment - 15

- 18K41A05A5

Let us consider a sample dataset have one input (x_i^1) and one output (y_i^1) and number of samples. 2. Develop a simple linear regression model using RMS prop optimizer.

Sample (i)	x_i^1	y_i^1
1	0.2	3.4
2	0.4	3.8
3	0.6	4.2
4	0.8	4.6

Do manual calculations for 2 iterations with first two samples.

Step-1: $[x, y]$, $\eta = 0.1$, epochs = 2, $m = 1$, $c = -1$,
 $\gamma = 0.9$, $\epsilon_m = \epsilon_c = 0$, $\epsilon = 10^{-8}$

Step-2: $iter = 1$

Step-3: Sample = 1

Step-4: $g_m = -(3.4 - c)(0.2) + 1 = -0.84$
 $g_c = -(3.4 - c)(0.2) + 1 = -4.2$

Step-5: $E_m = (0.9)(0) + (1-0.9)(-0.84)^2$
 $= 0.07$

$E_c = (0.9)(0) + (1-0.9)(-4.2)^2$
 $= 1.764$

Step-6: $\Delta m = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{0.07 + 10^{-8}}} \times (-0.84) = 0.31$

$\Delta c = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{1.76 + 10^{-8}}} \times (-4.2) = 0.31$

Step-7: $m = m + \Delta m = 1 + 0.31 = 1.31$

$c = c + \Delta c = -1 + 0.31 = -0.69$

Step-8: $\text{sample} = \text{sample} + 1$
 $= 1 + 1 = 2$

Step-9: if (sample > ns) goto step-10

2 > 2

else

goto step-4

Step-4: $g_m = -(3.8 - (1.31)(0.4) + 0.69)0.4$
 $= -1.5$

$g_c = -(3.8 - (1.31)(0.4) + 0.69)$

$= -3.9$

Step-5: $E_m = (0.9)(0.07) + (0.1)(-1.5)^2$
 $= 0.28$

$$E_c = (0.9)(1.76) + (0.1)(-3.9)^2 = 3.1$$

$$\text{step-6: } \Delta m = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{0.28 + 10^{-8}}} \times (-1.5) = 0.28$$

$$\Delta c = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{3.1 + 10^{-8}}} \times (-3.9) = 0.22$$

$$\text{step-7: } m = m + \Delta m = 1.31 + 0.28 = 1.59$$

$$c = c + \Delta c = -0.69 + 0.22 = -0.47$$

$$\text{step-8: } \text{sample} = \text{sample} + 1$$

$$= 2 + 1 = 3$$

$$\text{step-9: } \text{if } (\text{sample} > \text{hs})$$

goto step-10

else

step-4

$$\text{step-10: } \text{itr} = \text{itr} + 1$$

$$= 1 + 1 = 2$$

$$\text{step-11: } \text{if } (\text{itr} > \text{epochs})$$

goto step-12

else

goto step-3

$$\text{step-3: } \text{sample} = 10$$

$$\text{step-4: } g_m = -(3.4 - (1.59)(0.2) + 0.47)(0.2) = -0.7$$

$$g_c = -(3.4 - (1.59)(0.2) + 0.47) = -3.5$$

Step-5: $E_m = (0.9)(0.28) + (0.1)(-0.7)^2$
 $= 0.3$

$E_c = (0.9)(3.1) + (0.1)(-3.5)^2 = 4.0$

Step-6: $\Delta m = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{0.3 + 10^8}} \times (-0.7) = 0.12$

$\Delta c = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{4.0 + 10^8}} \times (-3.5) = 0.17$

Step-7: $m = m + \Delta m = 1.59 + 0.12 = 1.71$
 $c = c + \Delta c = -0.47 + 0.17 = -0.3$

Step-8: $\text{sample} = \text{sample} + 1$
 $= 1 + 1 = 2$

Step-9: $\text{if}(\text{sample} > n_s)$
 $2 > 2$ goto step-10
 else
 goto step-4

Step-4: $g_m = -(3.8 - (1.71)(0.4) + 0.3) \times 0.9$
 $= -1.4$

$g_c = (3.8 - (1.71)(0.4) + 0.3) = -3.6$

Step-5: $E_m = (0.9)(0.3) + (0.1)(-1.4)^2$
 $= 0.46$

$E_c = (0.9)(4.0) + (0.1)(-3.6)^2$
 $= 4.89$

step-6: $\Delta m = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{0.46 + 10^8}} \times (-1.4) = 0.2$

$$\Delta c = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{4.89 + 10^8}} \times (-3.6) = 0.16$$

step-7: $m = m + \Delta m = 1.71 + 0.2 = 1.91$
 $c = c + \Delta c = -0.3 + 0.16 = -0.14$

step-8: $\text{Sample} = \text{Sample} + 1$
 $= 2 + 1 = 3$

step-9: if (Sample > ns)
 $3 > 2$ goto step-10

else
goto step-4

step-10: $q + r = q + r + 1$
 $= 2 + 1 = 3$

step-11: if (i-lr > epoches)
 $3 > 2$ goto step-12

else
goto step-3

step-12: $m = 1.91$
 $c = -0.14.$