

Assignment-4

HTNO: 18K41A05A5.

Let us consider a sample dataset have one input (x_i) and one output (y_i) and number of samples 4. Develop a SLR model using Nesterov accelerated gradient (NAG) optimiser.

Sample (i)	x_i	y_i
1	0.2	3.4
2	0.4	3.8
3	0.6	4.2
4	0.8	4.6

Do manual calculations for 2 iterations with 1st 2 samples.

Step-1: $[x, y]$, $m=1$, $c=-1$, $\eta=0.1$, epochs=2,

$$\gamma=0.9, V_m=V_c=0, n_s=2$$

Step-2: itr=1

Step-3: sample=1.

Step-4: $g_m = \frac{\partial E}{\partial m} = -(y_i - (m + r_m) x_i) - (c + r_v v_c)$
 $= -(3.4 - (1 + (0.9) 0) 0.2 - (-1 + (0.9) 0) 0.2$

$g_c = \frac{\partial E}{\partial c} = -(y_i - (m + r_m) x_i) - (c + r_v v_c)$
 $= -(3.4 - (1 + 0.9) \times 0) 0.2$
 $= -(-1 + (0.9) 0)$
 $= -4.2$

Step-5: $V_m = r_v m - \eta g_m$
 $= (0.9) 0 - (-0.1) \times (-0.84)$
 $= -0.084$

$V_c = r_v c - \eta g_c$
 $= (0.9)(0) - (-0.1)(-4.2)$
 $= -0.42$

Step-6: $m+ = V_m$
 $1 - 0.084 = 0.916$
 $c+ = V_c = -1 - 0.42$
 $= -1.42$

Step-7: sample $t = 1$
 $1 + 1 = 2$

Step-8: if (Sample > ns) $\frac{0.5}{m} = m_f$ $\frac{1}{2} = m_f$

goto step-9

else goto step-4

Step-4: $g_m = \frac{\partial E}{\partial m} = -(3.8 - (0.916 + (0.9 \times -0.089)))$
 $0.4 - (-1.42 + (0.98 - 0.034))$
 $\times (0.4)$
 $= -1.983$

$$g_c = \frac{\partial E}{\partial c} = -4.959$$

Step-5: $V_m = fV_m - \eta g_m$

$$= (0.9 \times -0.089) - (-0.1 \times -1.983)$$
$$= -0.2739$$

$$V_c = (0.9 \times -0.42) - (-0.1 \times -4.959)$$
$$= 0.8739$$

Step-6: $m+ = V_m$

$$= 0.916 - 0.2739$$

$$= 0.6421$$

$$c+ = V_c$$

$$= -1.42 - 0.8739$$
$$= -2.2939$$

Step - 7: sample += 1

$$1 + 1 = 3$$

Step - 8: if (sample > n)

goto step - 1)

$$2 > 2$$

else

goto step - 3

Step - 3: sample = 1

Step - 4: $\frac{\partial E}{\partial m} = -(3.4 - (0.642 + (0.9 \times 0.273)))$

$$\times 0.2 - (-2.293 + (0.9 \times -0.273))$$

$$g_m = -1.171$$

$$g_c = \frac{\partial E}{\partial c} = -5.859$$

Step - 5: $V_{om} = \delta V_m - \eta g_m$

$$= [(0.9) \times (-0.273)] - (-0.1 \times -1.81)$$

$$= -0.3627$$

$$V_c = V_{cs} - \eta g_c$$

$$= (0.9) (-0.873) - (-0.1) (-5.859)$$

$$= -1.3707$$

Step - 6: $m += V_{om}$

$$= 0.6421 + (-0.3627)$$

$$= 0.2794$$

$$C+ = V_c$$

$$= -2.2939 - 1.3707$$

$$= -3.6646$$

Step-7: Sample += 1

$$1+1=2$$

Step-8: if (Sample > ns)

goto step-9.

else

goto step-9

Step-4: $g_m = \frac{\partial \epsilon}{\partial m} = -(3.8 - (0.2794 +$

$$(0.9 \times -0.3627))$$

$$\times 0.4 - (-3.6646 + (0.9))$$

$$= -2.985$$

$$g_c = \frac{\partial \epsilon}{\partial c} = -7.4645$$

Step-5: $V_m = [0.9 \times -0.3627] -$

$$[-0.1 \times -2.985]$$

$$= -0.6249$$

$$V_c = [0.9 \times -1.3707] -$$

$$[-0.1 \times 7.4645]$$

$$= -1.9800$$

step-6: $m += V_m$

$$= 0.2974 + (-0.6249)$$

$$= -0.3275$$

$$C += V_c = -3.6646 - 1.9800$$

$$= -4.6446$$

step-7: $\text{sample} += 1$

$$2 + 1 = 3$$

step-8: $\text{if } (\text{sample} > n_x)$

goto step-9

else

goto step-9

step-9: $\text{itr} += 1$

$$2 + 1 = 3$$

step-10: $\text{if } (\text{itr} > \text{epochs})$

goto step-9

else

goto step-3

step-11: print m, C

$$m = -0.3275$$

$$C = -4.6446$$