# RSA ALGORITHM

- → It's an Asymmetric Key Algorithm
- → In this there are 2 keys
  - 1) Private key
  - 2) Public key
- → As the name describes that the Public Key is given to everyone and Private key is kept private.

#### Step-1:

Select 2 prime numbers P and Q

P = 3

Q = 5

#### Step-2:

Compute the value of n

N= P \* Q

N= 3 \* 5

N = 15

#### Step-3

Find the value of Euler's Totient  $(\phi(n))$ 

 $\Phi(n) = (P-1) * (Q-1)$ 

 $\Phi(n) = (3-1) * (5-1)$ 

= 2 \* 4

 $\Phi(n) = 8$ 

#### Step-4

Find the e value (public key)

e value is random number, but it should satisfy 2 conditions

- 1)  $1 < e < \phi$
- 2) Gcd( e,  $\varphi(n)$ ) = 1

Consider e values 3,5,7

Then the above 2 conditions will satisfy for the above 3 numbers here I am considering the value of e as 7

#### Step-5

Now we need to find the value d which is a private key value

To find private key

D = 
$$(1 + k \varphi(n)) / e$$
  
Or  
d.e mod $(\varphi(n)) = 1$ 

by using the first formula

$$d = (1 + k \varphi(n)) / e$$

here the value of k is a random which is less than the value of e so that the d value should be integer value if we consider k=6 then the value of d is (1 + 6\*8) / 7

so the d = 7

if we consider the d formula as

d.e 
$$mod(\varphi(n)) = 1$$

$$d.7 \mod(8) = 1$$

if the value of d is 7 then the above formula is satisfied

To Encrypt data

## C = t<sup>e</sup> mod n [ plain-text < n]

T = message

Consider my message as 2

So the cipher text is

$$C= 2^7 \mod(15)$$

=128 mod 15

=8

So the cipher text = 8

#### To Decrypt data

### $P = C^d \mod n$

- $= 8^7 \mod 15$
- = 2097152 mod 15
- = 2

# THANK YOU