

Question : Let $N(t)_{t \geq 0}$ be a Poisson process with rate 1. Consider the following statements.

- (a) $pr(N(3) = 3 | N(5) = 5) = {}^5C_3 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^3 \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^2$
 (b) If S_5 denotes the time of occurrence of the 5th event for the above Poisson process, then $E(S_5 | N(5) = 3) = 7$

Which of the above statements is/are true?

- (i) only (a)
 (ii) only (b)
 (iii) Both (a) and (b)
 (iv) Neither (a) and (b)

Solution:

- (a) Using the Poisson probability formula,

$$prN(t) = k = \frac{k!(\lambda t)^k e^{-\lambda t}}{k!} \quad (1)$$

(2)

here λ is 1

$$pr(N(t) = k) = \frac{k!(t)^k e^{-t}}{k!} \quad (3)$$

$$pr(N(3) = 3) = \frac{3!(3)^3 e^{-3}}{3!} \quad (4)$$

$$pr(N(5) = 5) = \frac{5!(5)^5 e^{-5}}{5!} \quad (5)$$

From conditional probability,

$$pr(N(k) = k | N(n) = n) = \frac{\frac{k!(k)^k e^{-k}}{k!} \frac{(n-k)!(n-k)^{n-k} e^{-(n-k)}}{(n-k)!}}{\frac{n!(n)^n e^{-n}}{n!}} \quad (6)$$

$$pr(N(3) = 3 | N(5) = 5) = \frac{\frac{3!(3)^3 e^{-3}}{3!} \frac{2!(2)^2 e^{-2}}{2!}}{\frac{5!(5)^5 e^{-5}}{5!}} \quad (7)$$

$$= \frac{(3)^3 (2)^2}{(5)^5} \frac{5!}{3!2!} \quad (8)$$

$$= {}^5C_3 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^3 \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^2 \quad (9)$$

Hence statement (a) is true.

- (b) The expected value $E(S_n)$ of the time at which the n_{th} event occurs in a Poisson process with

rate λ is

$$E(S_2) = \frac{n}{\lambda} \quad (10)$$

The conditional expectation $E(S_n | N(t) = x)$ represents the expected time at which the n^{th} event occurs given that exactly x events have occurred in the first t units of time in a Poisson process with rate λ is given by.

$$E(S_n | N(t) = x) = t + E(S_{n-x}) \quad (11)$$

By the law of total expectation,

$$E(S_n | N(t) = x) = E(E(S_n | N(t) = x, N(t))) \quad (12)$$

$$= E(E(S_x + S_{n-x} | N(t) = x, N(t) = x)) \quad (13)$$

$$= E(E(S_x + S_{n-x} | N(t) = x)) \quad (14)$$

$$= E(t + E(S_{n-x})) \quad (15)$$

$$= E(t) + E(E(S_{n-x})) \quad (16)$$

$$= t + E(S_{n-x}) \quad (17)$$

From above result,

$$E(S_5 | N(5) = 3) = 5 + E(S_2) \quad (18)$$

$$= 5 + 2 \quad (19)$$

$$= 7 \quad (20)$$

Hence statement (b) is true.

Both (a) and (b) are true.