Question : Let $N(t)_{t\geq 0}$ be a Poisson process with rate 1. Consider the following statements.

(a) $\Pr\left(N(3) = 3|N(5) = 5\right) = {}^5C_3\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^3\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^2$

(b) If $S_5$ denotes the time of occurrence of the $5^{th}$ event for the above Poisson process,then $E(S_5|N(5) = 3) = 7$

Which of the above statements is/are true?

(i) only (a)
(ii) only (b)
(iii) Both (a) and (b)
(iv) Neither (a) and (b)

( GATE ST 2023)

**Solution:**
(b) $S_n$ is the sum of n rv's, each with the density function

$$f_X(t) = \lambda e^{-\lambda t} \tag{1}$$

Poisson probability formula,

$$\Pr\left(N(t) = k\right) = \frac{(\lambda t)^k e^{-\lambda t}}{k!} \tag{2}$$
$$\Pr\left(N(t) = 0\right) = e^{-\lambda t} \tag{3}$$

$X$ is the time of the first event in a Poission process
$N(t)$ is the number of events that occur in the time $[0, t]$
$\Pr\left(N(t) = 0\right)$ is the probability that there are no events in the time interval $[0, t]$
CDF of $X$ is

$$F_X(t) = \Pr\left(X \leq t\right) \tag{4}$$
$$= 1 - \Pr\left(N(t) = 0\right) \tag{5}$$
$$= 1 - e^{-\lambda t} \tag{6}$$
$$\tag{7}$$

PDF of $X$ is

$$f_X(t) = \frac{d}{dt}F_X(t) = \lambda e^{-\lambda t} \tag{8}$$

PDF of $S_n$ is

$$f_{S_n}(t) = \frac{\lambda^n t^{n-1} e^{-\lambda t}}{(n-1)!} \tag{9}$$

The expected value $E(S_n)$ of the time at which the $n_{th}$ event occurs in a Poisson process with rate $\lambda$ is

$$\begin{aligned}
E(S_n) &= \int_0^\infty t f(t)\,dt && (10)\\
&= \int_0^\infty \frac{\lambda^n t^n e^{-\lambda t}}{(n-1)!}\,dt && (11)\\
&= \frac{\lambda^n}{(n-1)!}\int_0^\infty t^n e^{-\lambda t}\,dt && (12)\\
&= \frac{\lambda^n}{(n-1)!}\frac{n!}{\lambda^{n+1}} && (13)\\
&= \frac{n}{\lambda} && (14)
\end{aligned}$$

The conditional expectation $E(S_n|N(t) = x)$ represents the expected time at which the $n^{th}$ event occurs at exactly $x$ events have occurred in the first $t$ units of time in a Poisson process with rate $\lambda$ is given by. By the law of total expectation,

$$\begin{aligned}
E(S_n|N(t) = x) &= E(E(S_n|N(t) = x, N(t))) && (15)\\
&= E(E(S_x + S_{n-x}|N(t) = x, N(t) = x)) && (16)\\
&= E(E(S_x + S_{n-x}|N(t) = x)) && (17)\\
&= E(t + E(S_{n-x})) && (18)\\
&= E(t) + E(E(S_{n-x})) && (19)\\
&= t + E(S_{n-x}) && (20)
\end{aligned}$$

From (21) and (**??**)

$$\begin{aligned}
E(S_5|N(5) = 3) &= 5 + E(S_2) && (21)\\
&= 5 + 2 && (22)\\
&= 7 && (23)
\end{aligned}$$

Hence statement (b) is true.