## **Chronic Absenteeism Predictor User Manual**

### 1. Overview

This application predicts and analyzes chronic absenteeism risk among students using advanced machine learning techniques. It features five core functionalities:

- System Training Train the predictive model on your data
- Batch Prediction Analyze risk for multiple students at once
- Student Verification Evaluate individual student risk
- Advanced Analytics Explore detailed insights and visualizations
- System Settings Configure risk thresholds and interventions

## 2. Getting Started

## First-Time Setup:

- 1. Start with System Training to train the model
- 2. Upload historical student data (.csv or .xlsx file)
- 3. Choose a model type (Random Forest recommended for first-time users)
- 4. Train the model and click 'Enable All Features'
- 5. Adjust settings in System Settings as needed

#### Data File Requirements:

Your data file should include these columns:

- Student\_ID Unique identifier for each student
- School School name
- Grade Numeric grade level (1-12)
- Gender Student gender
- Present\_Days Number of days present
- Absent Days Number of days absent
- Meal\_Code Free, Reduced, or Paid
- Academic Performance Score from 0-100

# 3. System Training

Purpose: The System Training module allows you to train a machine learning model on historical student data to predict chronic absenteeism risk.

### **Detailed Steps:**

- 1. Prepare Your Data: Clean your data and save as .csv or .xlsx file
- 2. Upload Your Data: Click 'Browse files' or drag and drop your file
- 3. Choose Your Model Type: Random Forest (Default), Gradient Boost, Logistic Regression, or Neural Network
- 4. Configure Training Parameters (Optional): Adjust parameters specific to the selected model
- 5. Train the Model: Click 'Train Model' button
- 6. Review Results: Examine accuracy metrics and feature importance
- 7. Enable All Features: Click 'Enable All Features' button
- 8. Save the Model (Optional): Click 'Save Model' to download the trained model file

## Tips for Successful Training:

- Data Quality: Ensure your data is clean and complete
- Data Volume: More historical data usually produces better models
- Balanced Data: Include examples of both high-risk and low-risk students

## 4. Using Other Modules

#### **Batch Prediction:**

- Upload current student data
- The system will generate risk scores for all students
- Filter and sort results to identify high-risk students
- Export results for further analysis

#### Student Verification:

- Select a student from the dropdown
- View detailed risk assessment and recommendations
- Use the Attendance Impact Simulator to model intervention effects

#### Advanced Analytics:

- Explore detailed reports including:
- School-level risk analysis
- Demographic patterns
- Grade-level trends
- Attendance vs. Academic Performance
- Risk Heatmap by Grade & SES
- Temporal Attendance Trends
- Intervention Cost-Benefit Analysis
- Geographic Risk Mapping

- Cohort Analysis

## System Settings:

- Adjust risk thresholds
- Configure intervention strategies and their effectiveness
- Customize the system to your educational context

# 5. Troubleshooting

- Data Upload Issues: Ensure your file format matches requirements
- Model Performance: If accuracy is low, try different model types or parameters
- Visualization Problems: Check that your data has sufficient variety
- Unexpected Results: Verify data quality and consistency

## 6. Best Practices

- Retrain your model at the beginning of each school year
- Combine predictive insights with educational expertise
- Use the 'What-If' simulator to plan interventions
- Review Advanced Analytics regularly to identify patterns
- Document successful interventions for future reference

For additional support, contact your system administrator.