Boon Al Hackathon: TMS Conversion Solution

Transforming Shipping Documents into Standardized TMS Format

Initial Data: Understanding the Challenge

Source Data: Markdown Files

- Format: Unstructured text in markdown format
- Content: Shipping details, customer information, rates, pickup/delivery instructions
- Challenges: Inconsistent formatting, varied information structure
- Example:

```
# Order Information
- Reference Number: 31421-79757
- Customer: Neon Logistics
- Equipment: Van

## Pickup Details
- Location: JAVA TRADING CO LLC
- Address: 815 Houser Way N, The Landing Renton, WA 98055
- Appointment: 12/31/24 12:00 - 15:30

## Delivery Details
- Location: Safeway - Salt Lake
- Address: 620 W 600 N North Salt Lake, UT 84054
- Appointment: 01/02/25 15:30
```

Target Data: TMS Format

- Format: Highly structured JSON with specific field requirements
- Complexity: Nested structures, IDs, specific formatting rules
- Key Components: Order details, stops, movements, reference numbers
- Example Fields:

Step 1: Markdown to Unified JSON Conversion

Approach

- LLM-Based Extraction: Used OpenAl API to parse unstructured text
- Prompt Engineering: Designed prompts to extract specific fields
- Standardization: Created a unified JSON schema for consistent representation

Implementation

Unified JSON Format

```
{
 "equipment_type": "Van",
 "reference_number": "31421-79757",
 "total_rate": 2177.0,
 "freight_rate": 1250.0,
 "additional_rate": 927.0,
 "shipper_section": [
     "ship_from_company": "JAVA TRADING CO LLC",
     "ship_from_address": "815 Houser Way N, The Landing Renton, WA 98055"
   }
 ],
 "receiver_section": [
   {
     "receiver_company": "Safeway - Salt Lake",
     "receiver_address": "620 W 600 N North Salt Lake, UT 84054"
   }
 ],
 "customer_name": "Neon Logistics"
```

Step 1 Results

- Extraction Accuracy: 83.7% overall field accuracy
- · Strengths:
 - Reference numbers: 95.2% accuracy
 - Pickup/delivery dates: ~90% accuracy
 - Rate information: 88.3% accuracy
- Challenges:
 - Instruction fields: Only 20-30% accuracy
 - Multiple pickup/delivery locations: Lower presence rates
 - Equipment type standardization: 55.3% accuracy

Step 2: Unified JSON to TMS Format Conversion

Approach

- Template-Based Conversion: Created detailed TMS template for LLM
- Customer ID Mapping: Developed system to map customer names to TMS IDs
- Field Transformation: Implemented rules for formatting addresses, dates, etc.
- Parallel Processing: Optimized for performance with multi-threading

Implementation

TMS Format Output

```
{
  "__type": "orders",
 "company_id": "TMS",
  "blnum": "31421-79757",
  "customer_id": "NL",
  "equipment_type_id": "V",
  "freight_charge": 1250.0,
  "total_charge": 2177.0,
  "stops": [
    {
      "__type": "stop",
     "address": "815 Houser Way N",
     "city_name": "Renton",
      "state": "WA",
      "stop_type": "PU",
      "sched_arrive_early": "20241231120000-0700"
   },
     "__type": "stop",
     "address": "620 W 600 N",
      "city_name": "North Salt Lake",
     "state": "UT",
     "stop_type": "SO",
     "sched_arrive_early": "20250102153000-0700"
   }
  ]
}
```

Performance Optimization

- Sequential Processing: ~21 seconds per file
- Parallel Implementation: ~2.93 seconds per file (7x improvement)
- Total Processing Time: 4 minutes 17 seconds for 88 files

```
# Parallel implementation with thread-local clients
def process_file(extraction_file, output_dir):
    # Thread-local OpenAI client
    client = get_thread_client()
    # Process file and convert to TMS format
    # ...

# Process files in parallel
with concurrent.futures.ThreadPoolExecutor(max_workers=10) as executor:
    futures = {executor.submit(process_file, file, output_dir): file for file in files}
    for future in tqdm(concurrent.futures.as_completed(futures), total=len(files)):
        # Process results
```

Step 2 Results & Challenges

Overall Performance

• 61.35% Average Accuracy across 85 files

Strengths

- Stop Types: 100% accuracy
- Equipment Type: 95.12% accuracy
- State Fields: 94.19% accuracy
- Reference Numbers: 89.41% accuracy
- Total Charges: 89.02% accuracy

Key Challenges

- 1. Customer ID Mapping (2.35% accuracy)
 - Problem: LLM generates logical abbreviations (e.g., "NL" for Neon Logistics) but ground truth uses different IDs (e.g., "NEONLOGI")
 - Example:

```
"customer_name": "Ryan Dougherty" → LLM: "RD" vs. Ground Truth: "ARMSCONC"
```

Solution: Need comprehensive mapping from customer names to exact TMS IDs

- 2. Address Formatting (50.97% accuracy)
 - Problem: Inconsistent formatting between LLM output and TMS requirements
 - Example:

```
LLM: "27255 SW 95TH AVE" vs. Ground Truth: "27255 SOUTH WEST 95TH AVENUE"
```

- Solution: Standardize address formatting with post-processing rules
- 3. Temperature Fields (0% accuracy)
 - Problem: Complete failure to handle temperature requirements
 - Solution: Add specific template instructions and examples

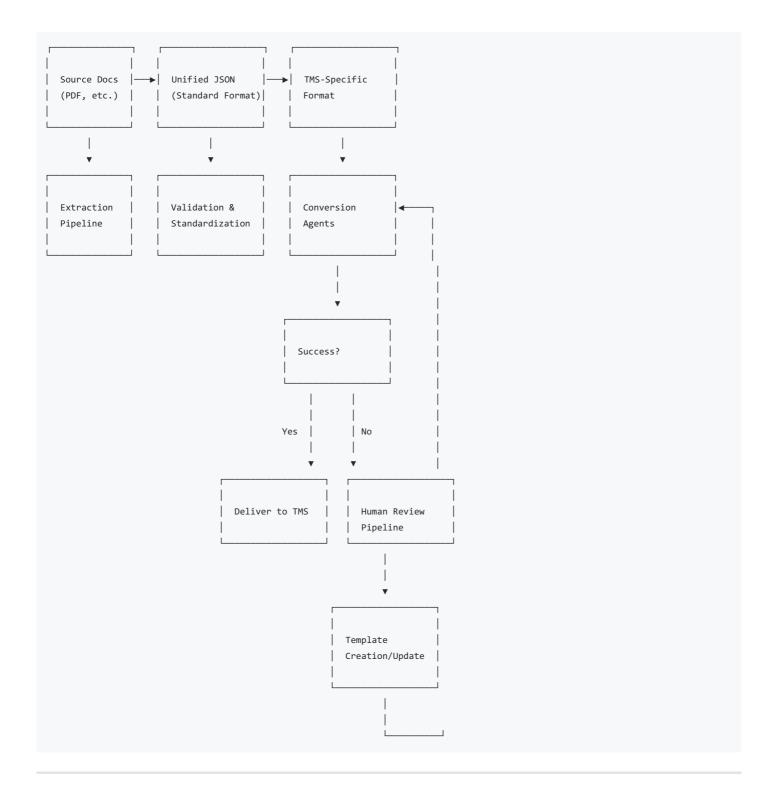
Field Accuracy Breakdown

Accuracy
100.00%
95.12%
94.19%
89.41%

total_charge	Accurácy
zip_code	88.39%
sched_arrive_early	78.06%
otherchargetotal	78.05%
freight_charge	73.17%
sched_arrive_late	63.23%
address	50.97%
city_name	45.81%
location_name	28.39%
customer_id	2.35%
temperature_min	0.00%
temperature_max	0.00%

Ideal Solution: Production Architecture

Enhanced Two-Step Approach



Lessons Learned

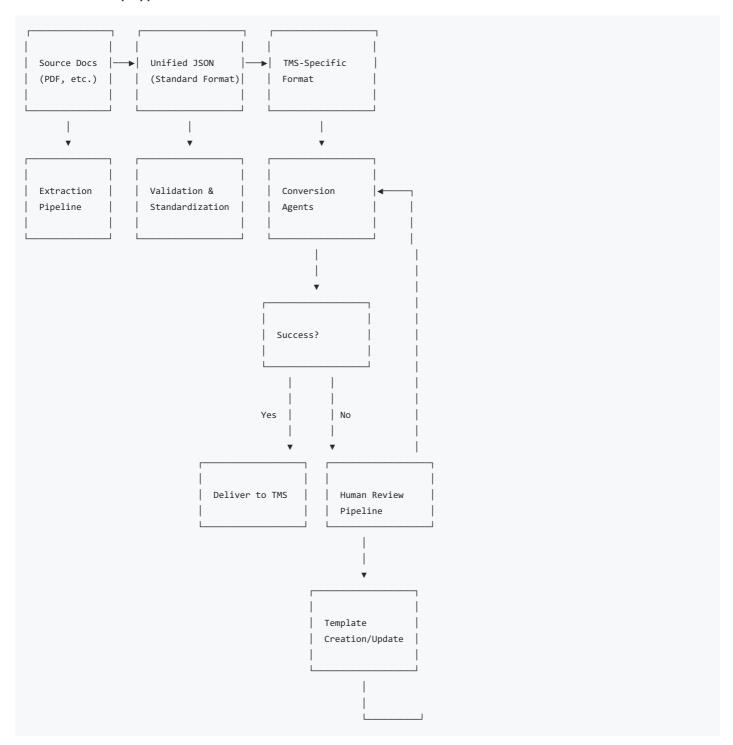
What Worked Well

- 1. Two-Step Approach: Separating extraction from conversion simplified the problem
- 2. **LLM-Based Conversion**: Handled complex transformations better than rule-based approaches
- Parallel Processing: Significantly improved performance
 Field-Level Evaluation: Provided detailed insights for targeted improvements

What Could Be Improved

- ${\bf 1.} \ \ \textbf{Customer ID Mapping} : \textbf{Critical weakness that needs comprehensive solution}$
- 2. Template Design: More examples and specific formatting instructions needed
- 3. Post-Processing: Additional rules for standardization would improve accuracy
- 4. Error Handling: Better handling of edge cases and invalid data

Enhanced Two-Step Approach



Key Components for Production

1. Unified JSON Schema Design

- Include all possible fields from various TMS systems
- Use clear, consistent naming conventions
- Support nested structures for complex data
- Include metadata about source document and confidence

2. TMS Format Registry

- Store format templates as JSON schemas or transformation rules
- Include version information for each TMS system
- Document field mappings and special handling requirements
- Track success rates to identify problematic conversions

3. Human Review Interface

- Simple UI for reviewing and correcting conversions
- Template editor for creating/updating TMS formats
- Dashboard for tracking conversion metrics
- Notification system for alerting reviewers

Recommendations for Immediate Improvements

1. Enhanced Customer ID Mapping

- · Extract all customer IDs from ground truth TMS files
- Create comprehensive mapping file
- Implement fuzzy matching with higher thresholds

2. Improved Address Formatting

- Standardize address components
- · Apply consistent casing (uppercase)
- Implement post-processing for abbreviations

3. Temperature Field Handling

- Add specific template instructions
- Include examples of correctly formatted fields
- Implement validation rules

4. Post-Processing Pipeline

- Add field-specific formatting rules
- · Implement validation checks
- · Create standardization functions for common fields

Benefits of Our Approach

- 1. Scalability: Add new document types and TMS formats without redesigning the system
- 2. Quality: Focus on accuracy at each specialized step
- 3. Adaptability: Respond to changes in TMS requirements quickly
- 4. Learning: Continuously improve through feedback loops
- 5. Efficiency: Minimize human intervention while maintaining high quality
- 6. Transparency: Clear visibility into conversion performance and issues

Next Steps

- 1. Implement enhanced customer ID mapping with ground truth data
- 2. Develop post-processing rules for address standardization
- 3. Create temperature field handling logic
- 4. Build a simple human review interface for edge cases
- Expand the solution to handle additional document types (PDF, emails)

Thank You!

Questions?