SQL TASKS

```sql
CREATE TABLE employees (
employee_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
first_name VARCHAR(50),
last_name VARCHAR(50),
department_id INT
);

CREATE TABLE departments (
department_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
department_name VARCHAR(100)
);

CREATE DATABASE companydb;

USE companydb;

INSERT INTO employees VALUES
(1,'sreedev','dasappan',1),
(2,'yadhu','radhakrishnan',2),
(3,'unni','yeshudas',3);

INSERT INTO departments VALUES
(1,'it'),
(2,'design'),
(3,'hr');

SELECT e.first_name,e.last_name,d.department_name
FROM employees e INNER JOIN departments d ON
e.department_id=d.department_id;


--indendation

SELECT
       e.first_name,
       e.last_name,
       d.department_name
FROM
       employees e
INNER JOIN
       departments d
ON
       e.department_id=d.department_id
WHERE
       d.department_name='it';


SELECT * FROM
       employees
WHERE
       employee_id=1;
```

```sql
ALTER TABLE employees ADD salary DECIMAL(10,2);

UPDATE employees SET salary=10000.02 WHERE salary is null;

--Stored procedure

CREATE PROCEDURE UpdateEmployeeSalary(
@emp_id INT,
@new_salary DECIMAL)
AS
	BEGIN
		UPDATE employees SET salary=@new_salary WHERE employee_id=@emp_id;
	END;

EXEC UpdateEmployeeSalary @emp_id=1,@new_salary=25000.90;




CREATE PROCEDURE GetEmployeeDetails(@EmployeeID INT)
AS
BEGIN
SELECT * FROM employees WHERE employee_id = @EmployeeID;
END;

DROP PROCEDURE GetEmployeeDetails;


CREATE PROCEDURE GetEmployeeDetails(@EmployeeID INT)
AS
BEGIN
IF @EmployeeID IS NULL
BEGIN
RAISERROR('EmployeeID cannot be NULL', 16, 1);
RETURN;
END
ELSE
BEGIN
	SELECT * FROM employees WHERE employee_id=@EmployeeID;
END
END;


EXEC GetEmployeeDetails @EmployeeID=1;

--sp using try catch

DROP PROCEDURE UpdateEmployeeSalary;



EXEC UpdateEmployeeSalary @EmployeeID=null,@NewSalary=10000000000002344444;

SELECT * FROM employees;

SELECT e.first_name,e.last_name,d.department_name,e.salary
FROM employees e INNER JOIN departments d ON
```

```sql
e.department_id=d.department_id
WHERE e.salary>5000 AND e.salary<12000;


--schema

CREATE SCHEMA HR;

CREATE TABLE HR.employees (
employee_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
first_name VARCHAR(50),
last_name VARCHAR(50),
department_id INT,
FOREIGN KEY(department_id) REFERENCES HR.departments(department_id)
);

CREATE TABLE HR.departments (
department_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
department_name VARCHAR(100)
);

ALTER TABLE HR.employees
ADD email VARCHAR(200) UNIQUE,
dob DATE NOT NULL,
title VARCHAR(50);


SELECT * FROM HR.employees;

CREATE SCHEMA Finance;

CREATE TABLE Finance.Salaries(
SalaryID INT PRIMARY KEY,
employee_id INT,
MonthlySalary DECIMAL (10, 2),
PayDate DATE,
FOREIGN KEY (employee_id) REFERENCES HR.employees(employee_id)
);



INSERT INTO HR.departments(department_id, department_name)
VALUES (1, 'IT'),(2, 'HR');

SELECT * FROM Finance.Salaries;
SELECT * FROM HR.employees;

ALTER TABLE HR.employees
DROP COLUMN title;


INSERT INTO HR.employees (employee_id, first_name, last_name, department_id,email,dob)
VALUES (1, 'John', 'Doe', 1, 'john.doe@example.com','1990-01-01'),
(2, 'Jane', 'Smith', 2,'jane.smith@example.com','1985-05-05');

INSERT INTO Finance. Salaries (SalaryID, employee_id, MonthlySalary, PayDate)
VALUES(1, 1, 5000, '2023-01-01'),
(2, 2, 4000, '2023-01-01');
```

```sql
CREATE TABLE HR.JobTitles(
JobTitleID INT PRIMARY KEY, JobTitle VARCHAR (50));

--adding  job title reference to employee table


ALTER TABLE HR. Employees
ADD JobTitleID INT,
FOREIGN KEY (JobTitleID) REFERENCES HR.JobTitles(JobTitleID);


INSERT INTO HR.JobTitles(JobTitleID, JobTitle) VALUES (1, 'Developer'), (2, 'HR
Manager');

UPDATE HR.Employees
SET JobTitleID=1 WHERE employee_id = 1;

UPDATE HR.Employees
SET JobTitleID=2 WHERE employee_id= 2;

SELECT * FROM Finance.Salaries;
SELECT * FROM HR.employees;

--create a view

CREATE VIEW HR.EmployeeSalaryView AS
SELECT e.employee_id, e.first_name, e.last_name, jt.JobTitle,s.MonthlySalary
FROM HR.employees e
JOIN Finance.Salaries s ON e.employee_id= s.employee_id
JOIN HR.JobTitles jt ON e.JobTitleID = jt.JobTitleID;

SELECT * FROM EmployeeSalaryView;



SELECT *
FROM HR.EmployeeSalaryView;


--indexing

--clustered  index


CREATE TABLE Orders (
OrderID INT PRIMARY KEY,
CustomerID INT,
OrderDate DATETIME,
TotalAmount DECIMAL(10, 2)
);
INSERT INTO Orders (OrderID, CustomerID, OrderDate, TotalAmount)
VALUES (1, 101, '2024-01-15 10:30:00', 250.50),
 (2, 102, '2024-02-10 14:45:00', 480.00),
 (3, 103, '2024-03-05 16:20:00', 125.75),
 (4, 104, '2024-03-18 12:10:00', 890.25),
```

```
 (5, 105, '2024-04-01 09:15:00', 320.00);

SELECT OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount FROM Orders
WHERE CustomerID = 105;


CREATE TABLE Posts (
PostID INT PRIMARY KEY,
UserID INT,
PostDate DATETIME,
PostContent NVARCHAR (MAX)
);

SELECT * FROM Posts;

SELECT PostID, PostDate, PostContent
FROM Posts
WHERE UserID = 101
AND PostDate> DATEADD (MONTH, -1, GETDATE());

INSERT INTO Posts (PostID, UserID, PostDate, PostContent)
VALUES (1, 101, '2024-11-25 14:30:00', 'Excited for the holidays!');

INSERT INTO Posts (PostID, UserID, PostDate, PostContent)
VALUES (2, 102, '2024-11-15 09:45:00', 'Preparing for a big meeting.');

INSERT INTO Posts (PostID, UserID, PostDate, PostContent)
VALUES (3, 101, '2024-12-01 18:10:00', 'New project launched today!');

INSERT INTO Posts (PostID, UserID, PostDate, PostContent)
VALUES (4, 103, '2024-10-05 08:20:00', 'Autumn vibes everywhere!');

INSERT INTO Posts (PostID, UserID, PostDate, PostContent)
VALUES (5, 101, '2024-12-05 12:25:00', 'Attended a fantastic webinar.');
```