SRI KRISHNA ARTS AND SCIENCE COLLEGE

Coimbatore-641 008



RECORD NOTE

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PROGRAMME: <u>BSC INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY</u> CLASS: <u>II – BSC IT – B</u>

COURSE: PROGRAMMING LAB - SOFTWARE TESTING USING SELENIUM

SRI KRISHNA ARTS AND SCIENCE COLLEGE

Coimbatore-641 008



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Certified bonafide record of work done by AAKAASH.P during the year 2020 - 2021

Staff In-charge

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Submitted to the Sri Krishna Arts & Science College (Autonomous) end semester examination held on _____05/04/2021____

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DECLARATION

I <u>AAKAASH.P</u> hereby declare that this record of observations is based on the experiments carried out and recorded by me during the laboratory classes of "<u>PROGRAMMING LAB - SOFTWARE TESTING USING SELENIUM</u>" conducted by SRI KRISHNA ARTS AND SCIENCE COLLEGE, Coimbatore-641 008.

AA	KAA	AS.	H.P

Date: Signature of the Student

Name of the Student : **AAKAASH.P**

Roll Number : 19BIT101

Countersigned by Staff

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OPEN A CHROME BROWSER USING SELENIUM WEB

Date: 11/02/2021

DRIVER

AIM:

To write coding to develop a test to open a chrome browser using selenium web driver:

ALGORITHM:

STEP 1: Open Eclipse IDE

STEP 2: Create a new java project and followed by create a new class named as EX1

STEP 3: Sets the system property to value named webdriver.chrome.driver and the path is mentioned to get the chrome driver

STEP 4: Create an instance of the chromedriver.

WebDriver driver=new ChromeDriver ();

STEP 5: get () method automatically opens a new browser window and fetches the page that you specify inside its. parentheses

driver.get ("http://www.google.com");

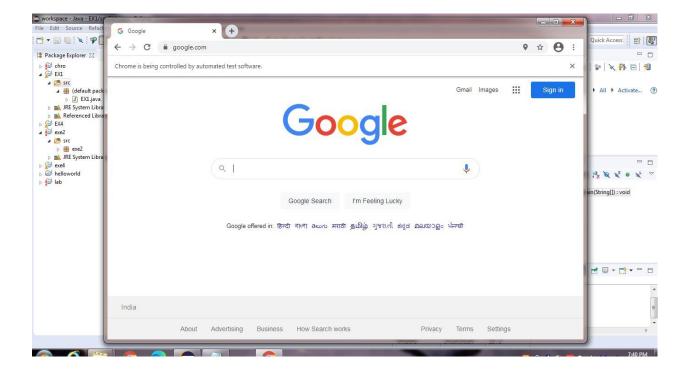
STEP 6: Importing Packages Such as:

- **org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver** contains the WebDriver class needed to instantiate a new browser loaded with a specific driver
- org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver contains the ChromeDriver class needed to instantiate a Chrome-specific driver onto the browser instantiated by the WebDriver class

STEP 7: Run the program and the new browser window automatically opened

CODING:

```
package selenium;
import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;
import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;
public class project1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
     {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver","C:\\Users\\Admin\\eclips e\\java-neon\\eclipse\\chromedriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
        driver.get("https://www.google.com");
    }
}
```



RESULT:

Thus the program has been successfully executed and hence the browser also opened successfully.

Date: 11/02/2021

DISPLAY THAT THE WEBSITE IS OPENED SUCCESSFULLY WAIT FOR 5 SECONDS

AIM:

To develop a test to open a chrome browser using selenium web driver.

ALGORITHM:

STEP 1: Open Eclipse IDE

STEP 2: Create a new java project and followed by create a new class named as EX2

STEP 3: Sets the system property to value named webdriver.chrome.driver and the path is mentioned to get the chrome driver

STEP 4: Create an instance of the chromedriver.

WebDriver driver=new ChromeDriver ();

STEP 5: get () method automatically opens a new browser window and fetches the page that you specify inside its. parentheses

driver.get ("http://www.google.com");

STEP 6: Importing Packages Such as:

 $\ \ \Box$ org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver - contains the WebDriver class needed to instantiate a new browser loaded with a specific driver

□ **org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver** - contains the ChromeDriver class needed to instantiate a Chrome-specific driver onto the browser instantiated by the WebDriver class

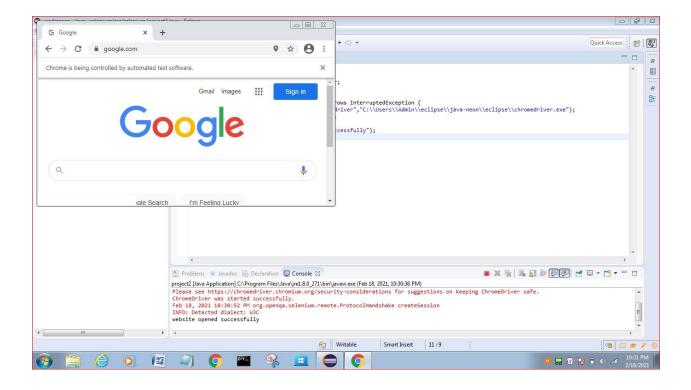
STEP 7: We have to display the message as opened successfully and need to auto close after 5 seconds

STEP 8: Then close the web driver. Web driver.close();

STEP 9: Run the program and the new browser window automatically opened

Coding:

```
package selenium;
import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;
import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;
public class project2 {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws
InterruptedException {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver","C:\\Users\\Admin\\e
        clipse\\java-neon\\eclipse\\chromedriver.exe");
            WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
            driver.get("https://www.google.com");
            System.out.println("website opened successfully");
        Thread.sleep(5000);
        driver.close();
    }
}
```



RESULT:

Thus the program has been executed successfully and hence the browser also opened successfully.

Ex.no.3

Date: 11/02/2021

UPLOAD A FILE WITH SEND KEYS METHOD BY WEB DRIVER

AIM:

To develop a test to upload a file with send keys method by web driver.

ALGORITHM:

STEP 1: Open Eclipse IDE

STEP 2: Create a new java project and followed by create a new class named as prg3.

STEP 3: Sets the system property to value named webdriver.chrome.driver and the path is mentioned to get the chrome driver

STEP 4: Create an instance of the chromedriver. WebDriver driver=new ChromeDriver ();

STEP 5: get () method automatically opens a new browser window and fetches the page that you specify inside its. parentheses driver.get("http://demo.guru99.com/test/upload/");

STEP 6: Importing Packages Such as:

- org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver contains the WebDriver class needed to instantiate a new browser loaded with a specific driver
- org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver contains the ChromeDriver class needed to instantiate a Chrome-specific driver onto the browser instantiated by the WebDriver class

STEP 7: the chosen file is uploaded with the help of uploadElement method.

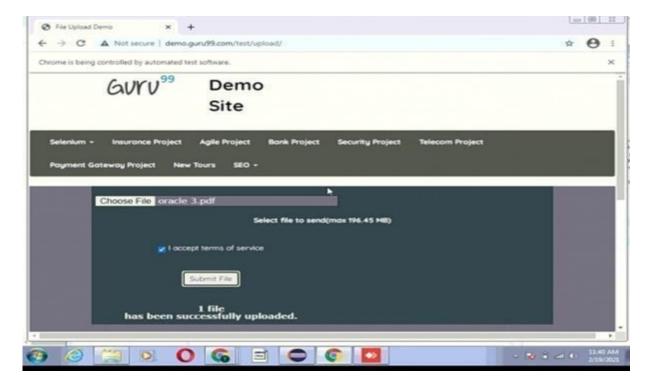
STEP 8: send keys method heps as to type the file name automatically in the editable field.

STEP 9: for checking the "I accept the terms of service" check box find element and click() methods are used.

STEP 10: finally send button is clicked to upload the file with the help of click() method

STEP 11: Program testes successfully.

```
CODING:
package selenium;
import org.openga.selenium.*;
import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;
public class project3A {
public static void main(String[] args) {
System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver","C:\\Users\\Admin\\eclips
e\\iava-neon\\eclipse\\chromedriver.exe"):
WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
driver.get("http://demo.guru99.com/test/upload/");
WebElement uploadElement = driver.findElement(By.id("uploadfile_0"));
// enter the file path onto the file-selection input field
uploadElement.sendKeys("C:\\Users\\Admin\\Documents\\weekend
assignment -6");
// check the " l accept the terms of service" check box
driver.findElement(By.id("terms")).click();
// click the "UploadFile" button
driver.findElement(By.name("send")).click();
}
}
```



RESULT:

Thus the program has been executed successfully and hence the browser also opened successfully.

Date: 18/02/2021

ACCESS A LINK IN SELENIUM WEB DRIVER

BY LINKTEXT() AND PARTIALLINKTEXT()

AIM:

Write a coding to automate to access a link in selenium web driver by linktext() and partiallinktext().

ALGORITHM:

STEP 1: Open Eclipse IDE

STEP 2: Create a new java project and followed by create a new class named as selenium4

STEP 3: Sets the system property to value named webdriver.chrome.driver and the path is mentioned to get the chrome driver

STEP 4: Create an instance of the chromedriver.

WebDriver driver=new ChromeDriver ();

STEP 5: get () method automatically opens a new browser window and fetches the page that you specify inside its parentheses.

driver.get ("http://www.google.com");

STEP 6: Importing all necessary packages.

STEP 7: Accessing links using their exact link text is done through the By.linkText() method.

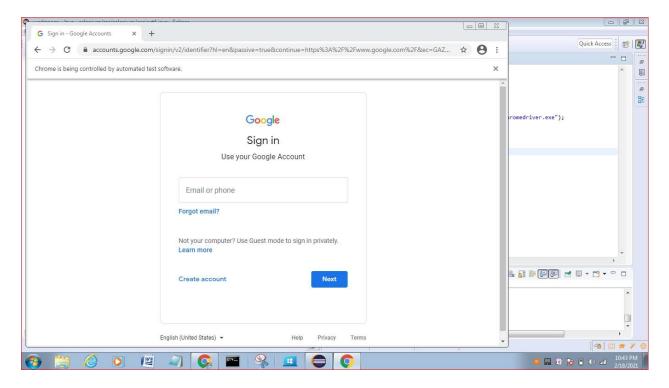
STEP 8: Specify a partial link text that has multiple matches, only the first match will be accessed.

STEP 9: Go to Google link - > Right click on the gmail signin text box -> Select Inspect option -> Select Element option - > Choose text box id "identifierId"

STEP 10: To find the element using the id of "identifierId" and the send emailed to login.

STEP 11: Program testes successfully.

```
CODING:
package selenium;
import org.openga.selenium.By;
import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;
import org.openga.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;
public class project4 {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
     System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver","C:\\Users\\Admin\\e
clipse\\java-neon\\eclipse\\chromedriver.exe");
           WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
           driver.get("https://www.google.com");
           driver.findElement(By.linkText("Sign in")).click();
           driver.findElement(By.partialLinkText("Sign")).click();
     driver.findElement(By.id("identifierId")).sendKeys("mithunganesh2
001@gmail.com");
     }
}
```



RESULT:

Thus the program has been successfully executed and hence the browser also opened successfully.

Date: 14/03/2021

LOCATE A LINK BY SELECTING MULTIPLE ITEMS IN DROPDOWN

AIM:

To Write coding for Locate a link by selecting multiple items in a dropdown.

ALGORITHM:

STEP 1: Open Eclipse IDE

STEP 2: Create a new java project and followed by create a new class named as selenium5

STEP 3: Sets the system property to value named **webdriver.chrome.driver** and the path is mentioned to get the chrome driver.

STEP 4: Create an instance of the chromedriver.

WebDriver driver=new Chrome Driver();

STEP 5: get () method automatically opens a new browser window and fetches the page that you specify inside its parentheses.

driver.get ("http://www.google.com");

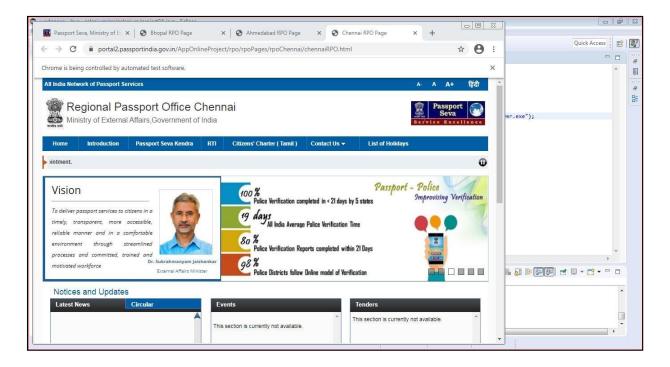
STEP 6: Importing all necessary Packages.

STEP 7: Accessing links using their exact link text is done through the By.name() method.

STEP 8: Specify the index, value and visible text.

CODING:

```
package selenium:
import org.openqa.selenium.By;
import org.openga.selenium.WebDriver;
import org.openga.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;
import org.openqa.selenium.support.ui.Select;
public class project5 {
      public static void main(String[] args) throws
InterruptedException {
           // TODO Auto-generated method stub
     System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver","C:\\Users\\Admin\\e
clipse\\java-neon\\eclipse\\chromedriver.exe");
           WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
     driver.get("https://portal2.passportindia.gov.in/AppOnlineProject
/user/RegistrationBaseAction"");
           driver.manage().window().maximize();
           Select passportoffice = new Select
(driver.findElement(By.name("dcdrLocation")));
           passportoffice.selectByIndex(5);
           Thread. sleep(2000);
           passportoffice.selectByValue("1");
           Thread.sleep(2000);
           passportoffice.selectByVisibleText("Chennai");
           Thread.sleep(2000);
     }
}
```



RESULT:

Thus the program has been successfully executed and hence the browser also opened successfully.

Date: 19/03/2021

DEVELOP A TEST TO LOCATE A FRAME USING

TAG NAME

AIM:

To develop a test to locate a frame using tag name.

ALGORITHM:

STEP 1: Open Eclipse IDE

STEP 2: Create a new java project and followed by create a new class named as selenium7

STEP 3: Sets the system property to value named webdriver.chrome.driver and the path is mentioned to get the chrome driver

STEP 4: Create an instance of the chromedriver.

WebDriver driver=new Chrome Driver();

STEP 5: get () method automatically opens a new browser window and fetches the page that you specify inside its parentheses.

driver.get

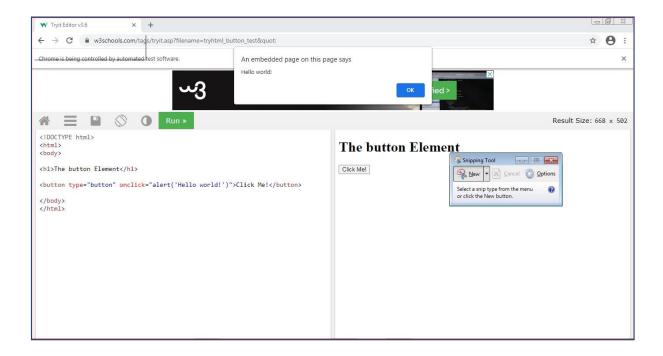
("https://www.w3schools.com/tags/tryit.asp?filename=tryhtml_button_test "");

STEP 6: Importing all necessary Packages.

STEP 7: Accessing links using their exact link text is done through the By.xpath() method.

STEP 8:frame();method is used to iframe results.

```
PROGRAM:
package selenium;
import org.openga.selenium.By;
import org.openga.selenium.WebDriver;
import org.openga.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;
public class project6 {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
           // TODO Auto-generated method stub
     System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver","C:\\Users\\Admin\\e
clipse\\java-neon\\eclipse\\chromedriver.exe");
           WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
     driver.get("https://www.w3schools.com/tags/tryit.asp?filename=try
html_button_test"");
           driver.manage().window().maximize();
driver.switchTo().frame("iframeResult");
           driver.findElement(By.xpath("/html/body/button")).click();
           driver.switchTo().defaultContent();
     }
}
```



RESULT:

Using the above code the program is successfully executed.

Date: 26/03/2021

TEST THE CASE TO SUBMIT A LOGIN FORM USING WEB

DRIVER

AIM:

To test the case to submit a login form using Web Driver.

ALGORITHM:

STEP 1: Open Eclipse IDE

STEP 2: Create a new java project and followed by create a new class named as selenium8

STEP 3: Sets the system property to value named webdriver.chrome.driver and the path is mentioned to get the chrome driver

STEP 4: Create an instance of the chromedriver.

WebDriver driver=new Chrome Driver();

STEP 5: get () method automatically opens a new browser window and fetches the page that you specify inside its parentheses.

driver.get ("https://www.linkedin.com/login");

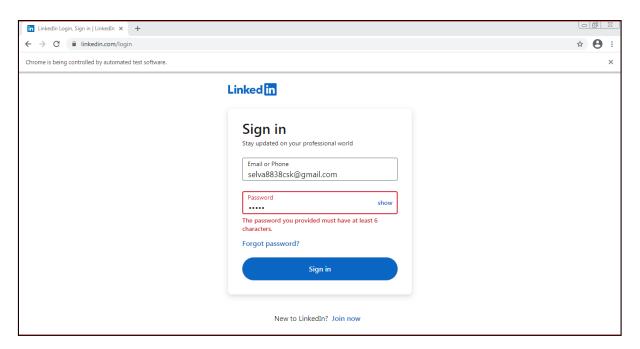
STEP 6: Importing all necessary Packages.

STEP 7: Accessing links using their exact link text is done through the By.xpath() method.

STEP 8:sendKeys()method is used to sign in into linked in website.

PROGRAM: package selenium; import org.openga.selenium.*; import org.openga.selenium.By; import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver; import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver; public class project7 { public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException { // TODO Auto-generated method stub System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver","C:\\Users\\Admin\\e clipse\\java-neon\\eclipse\\chromedriver.exe"); WebDriver driver=**new** ChromeDriver(); driver.manage().window().maximize(); driver.get("https://www.linkedin.com/login"); WebElement username=driver.findElement(By.id("username")); WebElement password=driver.findElement(By.id("password")): WebElement login=driver.findElement(By.xpath("//button[text()='Sign in']")); username.sendKeys("selva8838csk@gmail.com"); password.sendKeys("selva"); login.click(); }

}



RESULT:

Using the above code the program is successfully executed.

Date: 29/03/2021

SYNCHRONIZE WITH AN IMPLICIT WAIT

AIM:

To write program Develop a test to Synchronize with an implicit wait.

ALGORITHM:

STEP 1 : Open Eclipse IDE

STEP 2: Create a new java project and followed by create a new class named prg6

STEP 3 : Sets the system property to value Named Webdriver.chrome.driver and the path is Mentioned to get the chrome driver

STEP 4: create an instance of the Chromedriver.driver=new chromedriver();

STEP 5: get(); method automatically opens a new browser window and fetches the page that you Specify inside it's parenthesis.

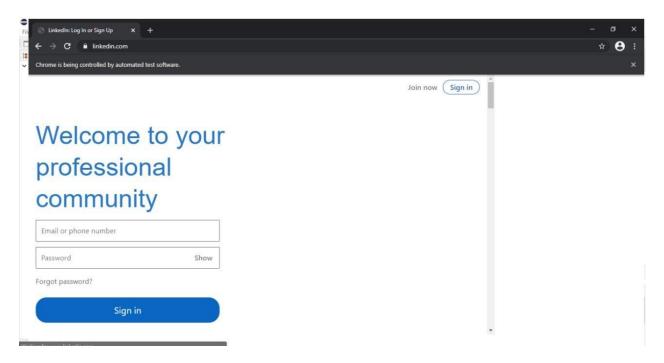
Driver.get(https://www.w3schools.com/tags/tryit.asp?filename=tryhtml_button_te st")

STEP 6: Importing all necessary packages.

STEP 7: implicit wait(); stays in place for entire duration for which the browser is open.

STEP 8 : close(); method automatically closes from the iopened output window.

```
CODING:
package selenium;
import org.openga.selenium.WebDriver;
import org.openga.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;
import java.util.concurrent.TimeUnit;
public class project8 {
     public static void main(String[] args) throws
InterruptedException{
           // TODO Auto-generated method stub
     System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver","C:\\Users\\Admin\\e
clipse\\java-neon\\eclipse\\chromedriver.exe");
           WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
           driver.get("https://www.linkedin.com/");
           driver.manage().window().maximize();
           driver.manage().timeouts().implicitlyWait(30,
TimeUnit. SECONDS);
           driver.close();
     }
}
```



RESULT:

Using the above code the program is successfully executed.

SYNCHRONIZE WITH AN EXPLICIT WAIT

Date: 29/03/2021

AIM:

To write a program Develop a test to Synchronize with an explicit wait.

ALGORITHM:

STEP 1 : Open Eclipse IDE

STEP 2: Create a new java project and followed by create a new class named prg6

STEP 3: Sets the system property to value Named Webdriver.chrome.driver and the path is Mentioned to get the chrome driver

STEP 4: create an instance of the Chromedriver.driver=new chromedriver();

STEP 5: get(); method automatically opens a new browser window and fetches the page that you Specify inside it's parenthesis.

Driver.get(https://www.w3schools.com/tags/tryit.asp?filename=tryhtml_button_te st")

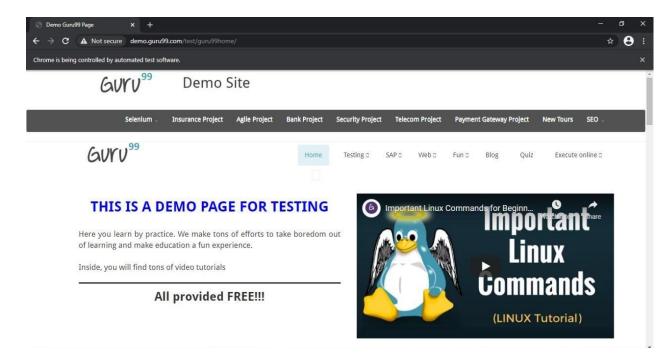
STEP 6: Importing all necessary packages.

STEP 7: explicit wait(); insists the webdriver to wait for certain conditions or maximum time before throwing exception.

STEP 8: Run the program and the new browser window automatically opened.

CODING:

```
package selenium;
import org.openga.selenium.WebDriver;
import org.openga.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;
import org.openqa.selenium.By;
import org.openqa.selenium.support.ui.ExpectedConditions;
import org.openqa.selenium.WebElement;
import org.openga.selenium.support.ui.WebDriverWait;
public class project9 {
public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException{
                // TODO Auto-generated method stub
     System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver","C:\\Users\\Admin\\e
clipse\\java-neon\\eclipse\\chromedriver.exe");
     WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
     WebDriverWait wait=new WebDriverWait(driver, 20);
     driver.get("http://demo.guru99.com/test/guru99home/");
                           //Maximizes the browser window
     driver.manage().window().maximize();
                           //get the actual value of the title
     WebElement guru99seleniumlink;
     guru99seleniumlink=
wait.until(ExpectedConditions.visibilityOfElementLocated
     (By.xpath("/html/body/div[1]/section/div[2]/div/div[1]/div/div[1]
/div/div/div/div[2]/div[2]/div/div/div/div/div[1]/div/div/a/i")));
                           guru99seleniumlink.click();
           }
     }
```



RESULT:

Using the above code the program is successfully executed.

Date: 01/04/2021

IDENTIFYING AND HANDLING A POP-UP WINDOW BY

ITS NAME

AIM:

To write a Test the case by Identifying and handling a pop-up window by its name.

ALGORITHM:

STEP 1: Open Eclipse IDE

STEP 2: Create a new java project and followed by create a new class named prg6

STEP 3 : Sets the system property to value Named Webdriver.chrome.driver and the path is Mentioned to get the chrome driver

STEP 4: create an instance of the Chromedriver.driver=new chromedriver();

STEP 5: get(); method automatically opens a new browser window and fetches the page that you Specify inside it's parenthesis.

Driver.get(https://www.w3schools.com/tags/tryit.asp?filename=tryhtml_button_te st")

STEP 6: Importing all necessary packages.

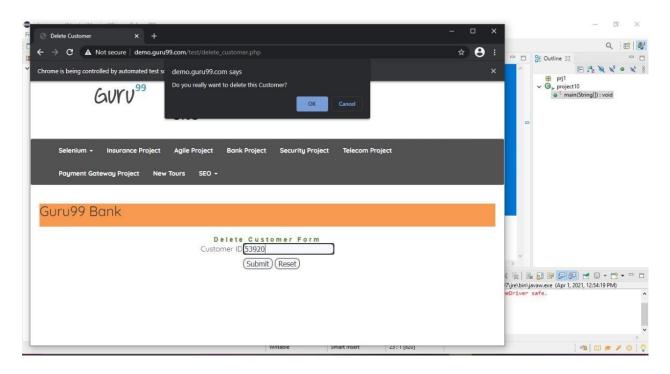
STEP 7: findelement() finds a single web element and returns as a webelement selenium objects

STEP 8: sendkeys() used to enter editable content in text fields during test execution.

STEP 9: alert() displays some information or warning on the screen.

CODING:

```
package selenium:
import org.openqa.selenium.By;
import org.openga.selenium.Alert;
import org.openga.selenium.WebDriver;
import org.openga.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;
public class project10 {
public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {
                 // TODO Auto-generated method stub
System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver","C:\\Users\\Admin\\eclips
e\\java-neon\\eclipse\\chromedriver.exe");
WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
driver.get("http://demo.guru99.com/test/delete_customer.php");
driver.findElement(By.name("cusid")).sendKeys("53920");
driver.findElement(By.name("submit")).submit();
Alert alert = driver.switchTo().alert();
String alertMessage= driver.switchTo().alert().getText();
System.out.println(alertMessage);
Thread.sleep(5000);
alert.accept();
}
}
```



RESULT:

Using the above code the program is successfully executed.

Date: 01/04/2021

USE LOCATORS WITH PARAMETERS TO SEARCH FOR KEYWORD

AIM:

To write a program Develop a test plan to use locators with parameters to search for keyword.

ALGORITHM:

STEP 1 : Open Eclipse IDE

STEP 2: Create a new java project and followed by create a new class named prg6

STEP 3: Sets the system property to value Named Webdriver.chrome.driver and the path is Mentioned to get the chrome driver

STEP 4: create an instance of the Chromedriver.driver=new chromedriver();

STEP 5 : get(); method automatically opens a new browser window and fetches the page that you Specify inside it's parenthesis.

Driver.get(https://www.w3schools.com/tags/tryit.asp?filename=tryhtml_button_te st")

STEP 6: Importing all necessary packages.

STEP 7 : findelement() finds a single web element and returns as a webelement seleniuim objects

STEP 8: sendkeys() used to enter editable content in text fields during test execution.

STEP 9 : action() method handles keyboard and mouse events.

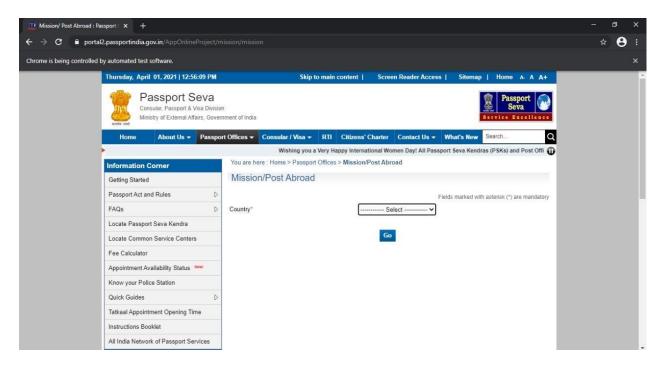
STEP 10: Run the program and the new browser window automatically opened.

```
CODING:
package selenium;
import org.openga.selenium.By;
import org.openga.selenium.Keys;
import org.openga.selenium.WebDriver;
import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;
import org.openga.selenium.interactions.Actions;
import org.openga.selenium.support.ui.Select:
public class project11 {
     public static void main(String[] args) throws
InterruptedException{
           // TODO Auto-generated method stub
     System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver","C:\\Users\\Admin\\e
clipse\\java-neon\\eclipse\\chromedriver.exe");
           WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
           driver.get("https://google.com");
           driver.findElement(By.name("q")).sendKeys("passport seva");
           driver.findElement(By.name("q")).sendKeys(Keys.ESCAPE);
     driver.get("https://portal2.passportindia.gov.in/AppOnlineProject
/user/RegistrationBaseAction");
           driver.manage().window().maximize();
           Select passportoffice = new
Select(driver.findElement(By.name("dcdrLocation")));
           passportoffice.selectByIndex(17);
           driver.findElement(By.id("emailloginSameyes")).click();
           driver.findElement(By.id("hintQues")).click();
           Select hintages = new Select
(driver.findElement(By.id("hintQues")));
           hintques.selectByVisibleText("Birth City");
           driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='passOffice']"));
           Actions actions = new Actions(driver);
     actions.moveToElement(driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='passO
ffice']"))).perform();
           Thread.sleep(1000);
     actions.moveToElement(driver.findElement(By.id("passportoffices2"
))).click();
```

actions.perform(); Thread.sleep(1000);

}

}



RESULT:

Using the above code the program is successfully executed.

DYNAMIC XPATH IN SELENIUM USING DOUBLE SLASH

Date: 03/04/2021

AIM:

To write a program Automate the test case by dynamic XPath in Selenium Using Double Slash.

ALGORITHM:

STEP 1 : Open Eclipse IDE

STEP 2: Create a new java project and followed by create a new class named prg6

STEP 3: Sets the system property to value Named Webdriver.chrome.driver and the path is Mentioned to get the chrome driver

STEP 4: create an instance of the Chromedriver.driver=new chromedriver();

STEP 5 : get(); method automatically opens a new browser window and fetches the page that you Specify inside it's parenthesis.

Driver.get(https://www.w3schools.com/tags/tryit.asp?filename=tryhtml_button_te st")

STEP 6: Importing all necessary packages.

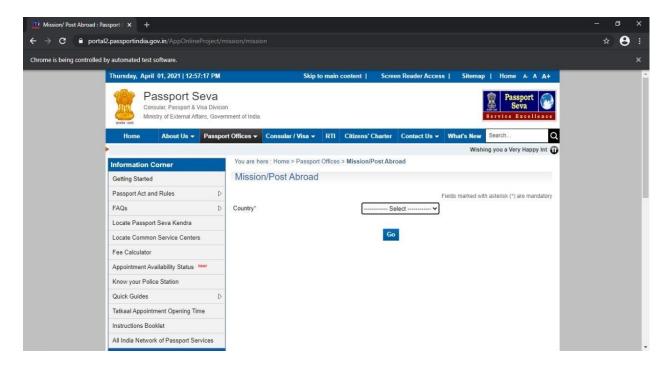
STEP 7 : findelement() finds a single web element and returns as a webelement seleniuim objects

STEP 8: sendkeys() used to enter editable content in text fields during test execution.

STEP 9 : action() method handles keyboard and mouse events.

STEP 10: Run the program and the new browser window automatically opened.

```
CODING:
package selenium;
import org.openga.selenium.By;
import org.openga.selenium.WebDriver;
import org.openga.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;
import org.openqa.selenium.interactions.Actions;
public class project12 {
     public static void main(String[] args) throws
InterruptedException {
           // TODO Auto-generated method stub
     System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver","C:\\Users\\Admin\\e
clipse\\java-neon\\eclipse\\chromedriver.exe");
                      WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
     driver.get("https://portal2.passportindia.gov.in/AppOnlineProject
/user/RegistrationBaseAction");
                      driver.manage().window().maximize();
                      Actions actions = new Actions(driver);
     actions.moveToElement(driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='passO
ffice']"))).perform();
                      Thread.sleep(1000);
     actions.moveToElement(driver.findElement(By.id("passportoffices2"
))).click();
                      actions.perform();
                      Thread.sleep(1000);
     }
}
```



RESULT:

Using the above code the program is successfully executed.

