ACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

DEPARTMENT OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE & MACHINE LEARNING

Acharya Dr Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan Rd, Soladevanahalli, Karnataka 560107



"MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT LAB MANUAL"

(18AIMP68)

As per VTU Revised Syllabus



PREPARED BY

PROF. Jovin Deglus

Asst. Professor,

Department of Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning Acharya Institute of Technology, Bengaluru

SYLLABUS

MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT

(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VI

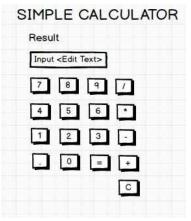
Course Code-18CSMP68, IA Marks 40, Exam Marks 60.

PART A

1. Create an application to design a Visiting Card. The Visiting card should have a company logo at the top right corner. The company name should be displayed in Capital letters, aligned to the centre. Information like the name of the employee, job title, phone number, address, email, fax and the website address is to be displayed. Insert a horizontal line between the job title and the phone number.

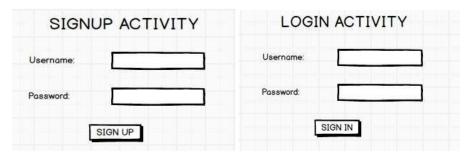


2. Develop an Android application using controls like Button, TextView, EditText for designing a calculator having basic functionality like Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, and Division.

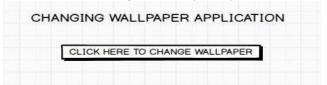


- 3. Create a SIGN Up activity with Username and Password. Validation of password should happen based on the following rules:
 - **a.** Password should contain uppercase and lowercase letters.
 - **b.** Password should contain letters and numbers.
 - c. Password should contain special characters.
 - **d.** Minimum length of the password (the default value is 8).

On successful SIGN UP proceed to the next Login activity. Here the user should SIGN IN using the Username and Password created during signup activity. If the Username and Password are matched then navigate to the next activity which displays a message saying "Successful Login" or else display a toast message saying "Login Failed". The user is given only two attempts and after that display a toast message saying "Failed Login Attempts" and disable the SIGN IN button. Use Bundle to transfer information from one activity to another.



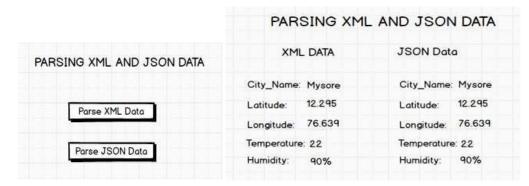
4. Develop an application to set an image as wallpaper. On click of a button, the wallpaper image should start to change randomly every 30 seconds.



5. Write a program to create an activity with two buttons START and STOP. On pressing of the START button, the activity must start the counter by displaying the numbers from One and the counter must keep on counting until the STOP button is pressed. Display the counter value in a TextView control.



6. Create two files of XML and JSON type with values for City_Name, Latitude, Longitude, Temperature, and Humidity. Develop an application to create an activity with two buttons to parse the XML and JSON files which when clicked should display the data in their respective layouts side by side.



7. Develop a simple application with one Edit Text so that the user can write some text in it. Create a button called "Convert Text to Speech" that converts the user input text into voice.



8. Create an activity like a phone dialer with CALL and SAVE buttons. On pressing the CALL button, it must call the phone number and on pressing the SAVE button it must save the number to the phone contacts.



PART B (Taken as mini project)

1. Write a program to enter Medicine Name, Date and Time of the Day as input from the user and store it in the SQLite database. Input for Time of the Day should be either Morning or Afternoon or Evening or Night. Trigger an alarm based on the Date and Time of the Day and display the Medicine Name. 2. Develop a content provider application with an activity called "Meeting Schedule" which takes Date, Time and Meeting Agenda as input from the user and store this information into the SQLite database. Create another application with an activity called "Meeting Info" having Date Picker control, which on the selection of a date should display

the Meeting Agenda information for that particular date, else it should display a toast message saying "No Meeting on this Date".

- Create an application to receive an incoming SMS which is notified to the user.
 On clicking this SMS notification, the message content and the number should be displayed on the screen. Use appropriate emulator control to send the SMS message to your application.
- 4. Write a program to create an activity having a Text box, and also Save, Open and Create buttons. The user has to write some text in the Text box. On pressing the Create button the text should be saved as a text file in MkSDcard. On subsequent changes to the text, the Save button should be pressed to store the latest content to the same file. On pressing the Open button, it should display the contents from the previously stored files in the Text box. If the user tries to save the contents in the Textbox to a file without creating it, then a toast message has to be displayed saying "First Create a File".
- Create an application to demonstrate a basic media player that allows the user to Forward, Backward, Play and Pause an audio. Also, make use of the indicator in the seek bar to move the audio forward or backward as required.
- 6. Develop an application to demonstrate the use of Asynchronous tasks in android. The asynchronous task should implement the functionality of a simple moving banner. On pressing the Start Task button, the banner message should scroll from right to left. On pressing the Stop Task button, the banner message should stop. Let the banner message be "Demonstration of Asynchronous Task".
- 7. Develop an application that makes use of the clipboard framework for copying and pasting of the text. The activity consists of two EditText controls and two Buttons to trigger the copy and paste functionality.
- 8. Create an AIDL service that calculates Car Loan EMI. The formula to calculate EMI is E = P * (r(1+r)n)/((1+r)n -1) where E = The EMI payable on the car loan amount P = The Car loan Principal Amount r = The interest rate value computed on a monthly basis n = The loan tenure in the form of months The down payment amount has to be deducted from the principal amount paid towards buying the Car. Develop an application that makes use of this AIDL service to calculate the EMI. This application should have four EditText to read the Principal Amount, Down Payment, Interest Rate, Loan Term (in months) and a button named as "Calculate Monthly EMI". On click of this button, the result should be shown in a TextView. Also, calculate the EMI by varying the Loan Term and Interest Rate values.

CONTENTS

SL.NO	PROGRAM NAME	PAGE NO.
PART-A		
1	Visiting Card	6
2	Design a Calculator	11
3	Create a SIGN Up activity with Username and Password.	16
4	Develop an application to set an image as wallpaper.	24
5	Write a program to create an activity with two buttons START and STOP	27
6	Create two files of XML and JSON type with values for City, Name, Latitude, Longitude, Temperature, and Humidity.	31
7	Develop a simple application with one Edit Text so that the user can write some text in it.	37
8	Create an activity like a phone dialer with CALL and SAVEbuttons.	40

Program-1:

Create an application to design a Visiting Card. The Visiting card should have a company logo at the top right corner. The company name should be displayed in Capital letters, aligned to the centre. Information like the name of the employee, job title, phone number, address, email, fax and the website address are to be displayed. Insert a horizontal line between the job title and the phone number.

- 1) Firstly, Create an Application by Name "VisitingCardApp"
- 2) Go to xml code of design change the layout to "RelativeLayout" 3) Add TextView component change the following properties:
 - Size: 38dpText: AITAlign left top
- 4) Add ImageView to design and in type choose "IC LAUNCHER FOREGROUND"
 - Download the logo & copy the same in res->drawable folder
 - In xml code of imageview change srcCompat="@drawable/logo"
 - Align right top
- 5) Add View component & change the following properties:
 - Height: 4dp
 - Background: "#4444" (black color)
- 6) Add TextView component change the following properties:
 - Size: 20dp
 - Text: Jovin Deglus
 - Style: Bold
 - Align center
- 7) Add TextView component change the following properties:
 - Size: 24sp
 - Text: Assistant Professor-AIML
 - Align center
- 8) Add TextView component change the following properties:
 - Size: 24dp
 - Text: Address: Acharya Institute of Technology, Soladevanahalli, | Bengaluru-560107
 - Align: center
- 9) Add TextView component change the following properties:
 - Size: 24sp
 - Text: Email: jovin2397@achrya.ac.in

Align: center

10) Add TextView component change the following properties:

• Size: 24sp

• Text: Phone-911234567890

XML-CODE

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
android:layout width="match parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
                                        android:background="#FFFFFF"
  tools:context=".MainActivity">
  <TextView
android:id="@+id/textView4"
android:layout_width="371dp"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_alignParentStart="true"
android:layout_alignParentLeft="true"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout alignParentRight="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout marginStart="28dp"
android:layout marginLeft="28dp"
android:layout_marginEnd="12dp"
android:layout_marginRight="12dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="219dp"
android:text="Address: Acharya Institute of Technology, Soladevanahalli, | Bengaluru-
             560107"
android:textAlignment="center"
    android:textSize="24sp" />
  <TextView
    android:id="@+id/textView5"
android:layout_width="250dp"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_alignParentStart="true"
android:layout_alignParentLeft="true"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentRight="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginStart="87dp"
android:layout_marginLeft="87dp"
android:layout_marginEnd="73dp"
```

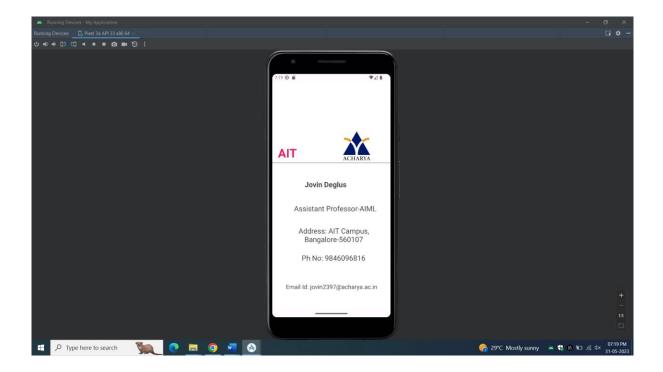
```
android:layout_marginRight="73dp"
android:layout marginBottom="157dp" android:text="Ph No:
911234567890"
    android:textAlignment="center"
android:textSize="24sp" />
  <TextView
                  android:id="@+id/textView6"
android:layout width="367dp"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout alignParentStart="true"
android:layout alignParentLeft="true"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout alignParentRight="true"
android:layout alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginStart="25dp"
android:layout marginLeft="25dp"
android:layout_marginEnd="19dp"
android:layout marginRight="19dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="64dp"
android:text="Email Id: jovin2397@achrya.ac.in"
android:textAlignment="center"
    android:textSize="24sp" />
  <TextView
android:id="@+id/textView3"
android:layout width="367dp"
android:layout_height="66dp"
android:layout_alignParentStart="true"
android:layout_alignParentLeft="true"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentRight="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginStart="32dp"
android:layout_marginLeft="32dp"
android:layout_marginEnd="12dp"
android:layout_marginRight="12dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="287dp"
android:text="Assistant Professor-AIML"
android:textAlignment="center"
    android:textSize="24sp" />
  <ImageView
android:id="@+id/imageView3"
android:layout_width="155dp"
android:layout height="98dp"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout alignParentRight="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
```

```
android:layout_marginEnd="12dp"
android:layout_marginRight="12dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="495dp"
    app:srcCompat="@drawable/aitlogo" />
  <View
              android:id="@+id/view"
android:layout width="wrap content"
android:layout_height="4dp"
android:layout alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginBottom="487dp"
    android:background="#4444" />
  <TextView
android:id="@+id/textView2"
android:layout width="176dp"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout alignParentStart="true"
android:layout_alignParentLeft="true"
android:layout alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout alignParentRight="true"
android:layout alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout marginStart="95dp"
android:layout marginLeft="95dp"
android:layout_marginEnd="140dp"
android:layout_marginRight="140dp"
android:layout marginBottom="401dp"
android:text="Uzma Sulthana"
android:textAlignment="center"
android:textSize="24sp"
    android:textStyle="bold" />
  <TextView
                  android:id="@+id/textView7"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="99dp"
android:layout_marginRight="99dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="495dp"
android:layout_toStartOf="@+id/imageView3"
android:layout_toLeftOf="@+id/imageView3"
    android:text="AIT"
    android:textColor="#E91E63"
    android:textSize="36sp"
    android:textStyle="bold" />
</RelativeLayout>
```

JAVA-CODE

```
package com.example.visitingcardapplication;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.os.Bundle;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
    @Override
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
    }
}
```

OUTPUT



Program-2:

Develop an Android application using controls like Button, TextView, EditText for designing a calculator having basic functionality like Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, and Division.

- 1) Firstly, Create an Application by Name "calciApplication" 2) Go to xml code of design change the layout to "RelativeLayout" 3) Add TextView component & change the following properties:
 - Size: 36sp
 - Text: Simple Calci
 - Center-Align
- 4) Add PlainText(EditText) component & change the following properties in XML Code:
 - Text: ""
 - Hint: "Enter the Number 1"
 - id: "@+id/editText1"
- 5) Add PlainText(EditText) component & change the following properties in XML Code:
 - Text: ""
 - Hint: "Enter the Number 2"
 - id: "@+id/editText2"
- 6) Add TextView component to display result & change the following properties:
 - Size: 40dp
 - Text: "0"
 - · Center-Align
 - id: "@+id/textView1"
- 7) Add 4 Buttons & rename the four buttons "Add", "Sub", "Mul" and "div" with following addition:
 - Onclick: "Add"(Add Button)
 - Onclick: "Sub"(Sub Button)
 - Onclick: "Mul"(Mul Button)
 - Onclick: "Div"(Div Button)

android:layout_marginRight="108dp"

XML-CODE

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
android:layout_width="match_parent" android:layout_height="match_parent"
tools:context=".MainActivity">

<TextView android:layout_width="209dp"
android:layout_height="60dp"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="108dp"</pre>
```

```
android:layout_marginBottom="530dp"
    android:text="Simple Calci"
    android:textSize="36sp"
    app:layout_constraintBottom_toBottomOf="parent"
app:layout constraintLeft toLeftOf="parent"
app:layout_constraintRight_toRightOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintTop toTopOf="parent" />
  <EditText
android:id="@+id/editText2"
android:layout width="wrap content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentRight="true"
android:layout alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout marginEnd="115dp"
android:layout marginRight="115dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="364dp"
                      android:hint="Enter
android:ems="10"
the Number 2"
android:inputType="textPersonName"
android:text=""
    android:textColorHighlight="#FFFFF" />
  <EditText
android:id="@+id/editText1"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout alignParentRight="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="110dp"
android:layout_marginRight="110dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="439dp"
android:ems="10"
                      android:hint="Enter
the Number 1"
android:inputType="textPersonName"
android:text=""
    android:textColorHighlight="#FFFFF" />
  <Button android:id="@+id/button"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
    android:layout_alignParentRight="true
    android:layout_alignParentBottom="tr
```

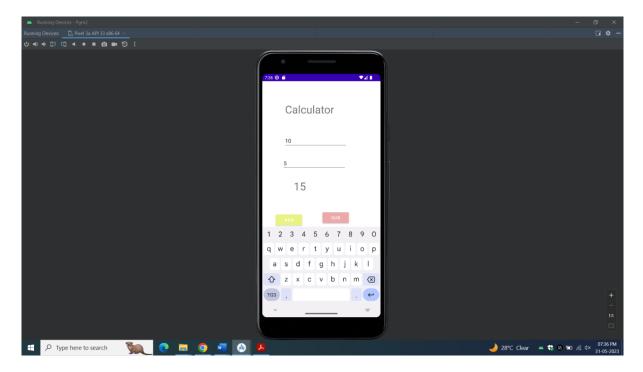
```
ue"
    android:layout_marginEnd="260dp"
    android:layout_marginRight="260dp"
    android:layout_marginBottom="175dp"
android:text="ADD"
                        android:textStyle="bold"
android:onClick="add"
    app:backgroundTint="#E8F381" />
  <Button
               android:id="@+id/button3"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout height="wrap content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout alignParentRight="true"
android:layout alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout marginEnd="266dp"
android:layout marginRight="266dp"
android:layout marginBottom="61dp"
android:text="MUL"
android:onClick="mul"
    app:backgroundTint="#A1FAA4" />
  <Button
               android:id="@+id/button4"
android:layout width="wrap content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout alignParentRight="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout marginEnd="108dp"
android:layout marginRight="108dp"
android:layout marginBottom="63dp"
android:text="DIV"
android:onClick="div"
    app:backgroundTint="#E6C28C" />
               android:id="@+id/button2"
  <Button
android:layout width="wrap content"
android:layout height="wrap content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout alignParentRight="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout marginEnd="105dp"
android:layout_marginRight="105dp"
android:layout marginBottom="182dp"
android:text="SUB" android:onClick="sub"
    app:backgroundTint="#ECA9A9" />
```

JAVA-CODE

```
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.os.Bundle; import
android.view.View; import
android.widget.Button; import
android.widget.EditText;
import android.widget.TextView;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
EditText e1,e2;
TextView tv;
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState)
      super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
                                              e1
=(EditText)findViewById(R.id.editText1);
                                                e2 =
(EditText)findViewById(R.id.editText2);
     tv= (TextView)findViewById(R.id.tv1);
  public void add(View v){
                                 int
a1=Integer.parseInt(e1.getText().toString());
                                                  int
a2= Integer.parseInt(e2.getText().toString());
int result=a1+a2;
     tv.setText(""+result);
  }
  public void sub(View v){
a1=Integer.parseInt(e1.getText().toString());
                                                 int
a2= Integer.parseInt(e2.getText().toString());
     int result=a1-a2;
    tv.setText(""+result);
```

```
public void mul(View v){     int
a1=Integer.parseInt(e1.getText().toString());     int
a2= Integer.parseInt(e2.getText().toString());
int result=a1*a2;
     tv.setText(""+result);
}
public void div(View v){     float
a1=Integer.parseInt(e1.getText().toString());
     float result=a1/a2;
     tv.setText(""+result);
}
```

OUTPUT:



Program-3:

Create a SIGNUp activity with Username and Password. Validation of password should happen based on the following rules:

- Password should contain uppercase and lowercase letters.
- · Password should contain letters and numbers.
- Password should contain special characters.
- Minimum length of the password (the default value is 8).

On successful SIGN UP proceed to the next Login activity. Here the user should SIGN IN using the Username and Password created during signup activity. If the Username and Password are matched then navigate to the next activity which displays a message saying "Successful Login" or else display a toast message saying "Login Failed". The user is given only two attempts and after that display a toast message saying "Failed Login Attempts" and disable the SIGN IN button. Use Bundle to transfer information from one activity to another.

- 1) Firstly Create an Application by Name "SignUpApplication"
- 2) Go to xml code of design change the layout to "RelativeLayout" 3) Add

TextView component & change the following properties:

- Size: 24sp
- Text: "Sign Up"
- Center-Align
- 4) Add Email (EditText) component & change the following properties in XML Code:
 - Hint: "Email-ID"
 - id: "@+id/emailEditText"
- 5) Add Password (EditText) component & change the following properties in XML Code:
 - Hint: "Password"
 - id: "@+id/passwordEditText"
- 6) Add Button component & change the following properties in XML
 - Id: "@+id/signBtn"
 - Text: "Sign Up"

XML-CODE

```
android:layout_marginEnd="168dp"
android:layout_marginRight="168dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="596dp"
    android:text="Sign Up"
android:textSize="24sp"
                            android:textStyle="bold"
app:layout constraintBottom toBottomOf="parent"
app:layout constraintLeft toLeftOf="parent"
app:layout_constraintRight_toRightOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintTop toTopOf="parent" />
  <EditText
android:id="@+id/SignUp_email"
android:layout width="wrap content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentRight="true"
android:layout alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout marginEnd="114dp"
android:layout marginRight="114dp"
android:layout marginBottom="464dp"
    android:ems="10"
android:hint="EmailId"
    android:inputType="textPersonName" />
  <Button
android:id="@+id/signUpBtn"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout height="wrap content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout alignParentRight="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout marginEnd="168dp"
android:layout_marginRight="168dp"
android:layout marginBottom="245dp"
android:text="Sign Up" />
  <EditText
android:id="@+id/SignUp_Password"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentRight="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="101dp"
android:layout_marginRight="101dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="385dp"
```

```
android:ems="10"
android:hint="Password"
android:inputType="textPassword" />
</RelativeLayout>
```

JAVA-CODE

```
package com.example.signupapplication; import
androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.os.Bundle; import
android.view.View; import
android.widget.Button; import
android.widget.EditText; import
android.widget.Toast;
import java.util.regex.Pattern;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  EditText email Sign, password Sign;
  Button signUp btn;
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
                                         setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
email_Sign=(EditText)findViewById(R.id.SignUp_email);
password_Sign=(EditText)findViewById(R.id.SignUp_Password);
signUp_btn =(Button)findViewById(R.id.signUpBtn);
signUp_btn.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(View v) {
         String email = email_Sign.getText().toString();
String password = password_Sign.getText().toString();
if(!isValidPassword(password)) {
            Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this,"Password doesn't match
rules", Toast. LENGTH_SHORT). show();
            return;
         Intent intent = new Intent(MainActivity.this,loginActivity.class);
intent.putExtra("email",email);
                                        intent.putExtra("password",password);
         startActivity(intent);
       }
     });
  Pattern lowerCase= Pattern.compile("^.*[a-z].*$");
  Pattern upperCase=Pattern.compile("^.*[A-Z].*$");
```

```
Pattern number = Pattern.compile("^.*[0-9].*$");
  Pattern special Chara = Pattern.compile("^.*[^a-zA-Z0-9].*$");
private Boolean isValidPassword(String password){
    if(password.length()<8) {
       return false;
    if(!lowerCase.matcher(password).matches()) {
return false;
    if(!upperCase.matcher(password).matches()) {
return false;
     }
    if(!number.matcher(password).matches()) {
return false;
     }
    if(!special_Chara.matcher(password).matches()) {
return false;
     }
     return true;
  }
```

- 1) Right click on Java folder-> new-> activity->empty activity-> name it as "LoginActivity"
- 2) Go to xml code of design change the layout to "RelativeLayout" 3) Add TextView component & change the following properties:
 - Size: 38dp
 - Text: "Login"
 - Center-Align
- 4) Add Email (EditText) component & change the following properties in XML Code:
 - Hint: "Email ID"
 - id: "@+id/emailEditText"
- 5) Add Password (EditText) component & change the following properties in XML Code:
 - · Hint: "Password"
 - id: "@+id/passwordEditText"
- 6) Add Button component & change the following properties in XML
 - Id: "@+id/loginBtn"
 - Text: "Login"

XML-CODE

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"</pre>
```

```
android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
                                        tools:context=".loginActivity">
  <TextView
android:id="@+id/loginTextView"
android:layout width="225dp"
android:layout_height="45dp"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentRight="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="113dp"
android:layout_marginRight="113dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="544dp"
    android:text="Login"
                              android:textSize="30sp"
android:textStyle="bold"
app:layout_constraintBottom_toBottomOf="parent"
tools:layout_editor_absoluteX="143dp" />
  <EditText
android:id="@+id/passEditText"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentRight="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="124dp"
android:layout_marginRight="124dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="380dp"
    android:ems="10"
android:hint="password"
    android:inputType="textPassword" />
  <Button
    android:id="@+id/loginBtn"
android:layout width="wrap content"
android:layout height="wrap content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentRight="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="218dp"
android:layout_marginRight="218dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="263dp"
    android:text="Login" />
  <EditText
android:id="@+id/EmaileditText"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
```

```
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentRight="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="127dp"
android:layout_marginRight="127dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="455dp"
    android:ems="10"
android:hint="Email ID"
    android:inputType="textPersonName" /> </RelativeLayout>
 JAVA-CODE
package com.example.signupapplication; import
androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.os.Bundle; import
android.view.View; import
android.widget.Button; import
android.widget.EditText; import
android.widget.Toast;
public class loginActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  EditText emailEditText,passwordEditText;
  Button login btn;
int counter=2;
@Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
setContentView(R.layout.activity_login2);
emailEditText=(EditText)findViewById(R.id.EmaileditText);
passwordEditText=(EditText)findViewById(R.id.passEditText);
login_btn=(Button)findViewById(R.id.loginBtn);
registeredEmail = getIntent().getStringExtra("email");
                                                          String
registeredPassword= getIntent().getStringExtra("password");
login_btn.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(View v) {
         String email = emailEditText.getText().toString();
String password = passwordEditText.getText().toString();
         if(registeredEmail.equals(email) && registeredPassword.equals(password))
            Intent intent= new Intent(loginActivity.this,loginsuccessActivity.class);
startActivity(intent);
else {
            Toast.makeText(loginActivity.this,"Invalid
Credentials", Toast. LENGTH_SHORT). show();
```

- 1) Right click on Java folder-> new-> activity->empty activity-> name it as "LoginSuccessful"
- 2) Go to xml code of design change the layout to "RelativeLayout" 3) Add TextView component & change the following properties:
 - Size: 38dp
 - Text: "Login Successful"
 - · Center-Align

XML-CODE

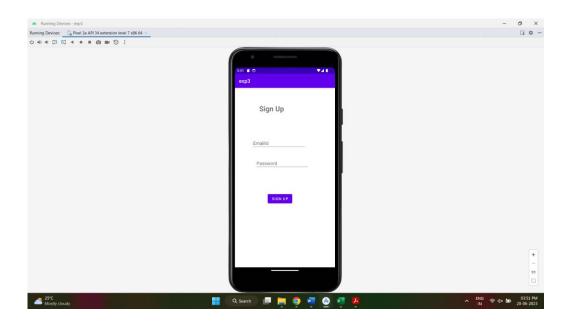
```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
                                        android:layout_height="match_parent"
tools:context=".loginsuccessActivity">
  <TextView
    android:id="@+id/textView"
android:layout width="match parent"
android:layout_height="121dp"
android:layout alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentRight="true"
android:layout alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout marginEnd="-11dp"
android:layout_marginRight="-11dp"
android:layout marginBottom="322dp"
                                           android:text="Login
Successful"
                android:textSize="36sp"
    android:textStyle="bold" />
</RelativeLayout>
```

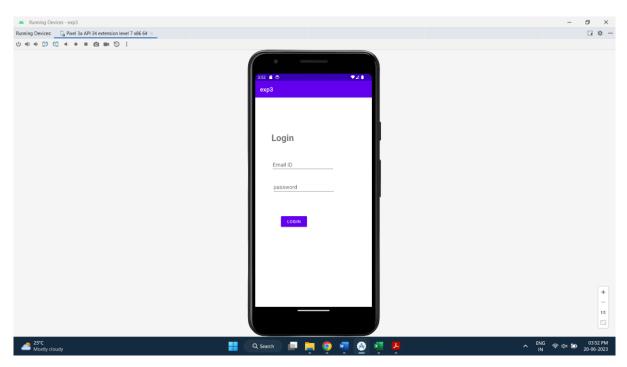
JAVA-CODE

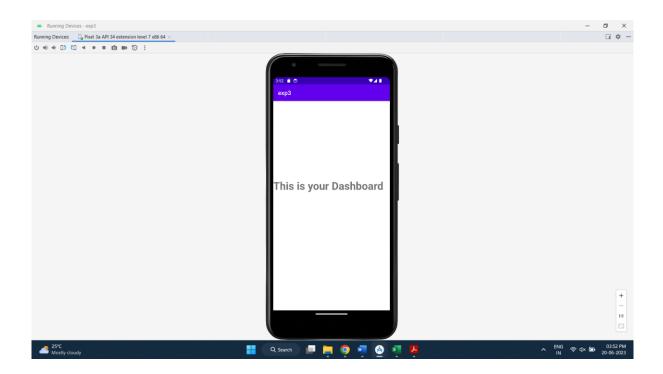
```
package com.example.signupapplication; import
androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.os.Bundle;
public class loginsuccessActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
```

```
@Override
protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
setContentView(R.layout.activity_loginsuccess);
}
}
```

OUTPUT







Program-4:

Develop an application to set an image as wallpaper. On click of a button, the wallpaper image should start to change randomly every 30 seconds.

- 1) Firstly Create an Application by Name "WallpaperActivity"
- 2) Go to xml code of design change the layout to "RelativeLayout" 3) Add TextView component & change the following properties:
 - Size: 38dp
 - Text: Wall Paper Change Application
 - · Center-Align
- 4) Add Button component & change the following properties:
 - Size: 38dp
 - Text: Click Here To Change Wall Paper
- 5) Save five images (jpg format) in the drawable folder. In this example one.jpg, two.jpg, three.jpg, four.jpg and five.jpg images are saved in drawable folder.

XML-CODE

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
tools:context=".MainActivity">
```

<Button

```
android:id="@+id/button1"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentRight="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="167dp"
android:layout_marginRight="167dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="409dp"
android:text="CLICK HERE" /> </RelativeLayout>
```

JAVA-CODE

```
package com.example.wallpaperchangeapplication; import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity; import android.app.WallpaperManager;
```

import android.graphics.Bitmap;

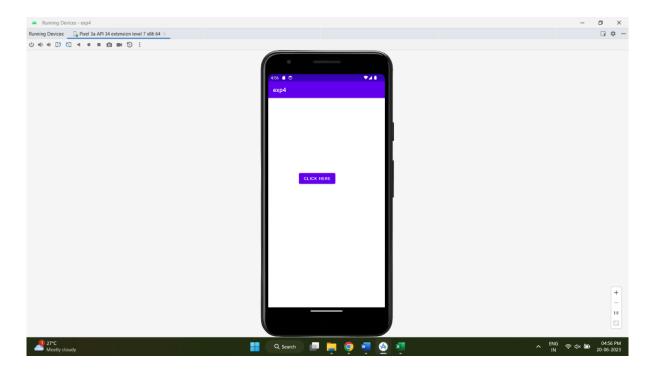
```
import android.graphics.BitmapFactory;
import android.graphics.drawable.BitmapDrawable;
import android.graphics.drawable.Drawable;
```

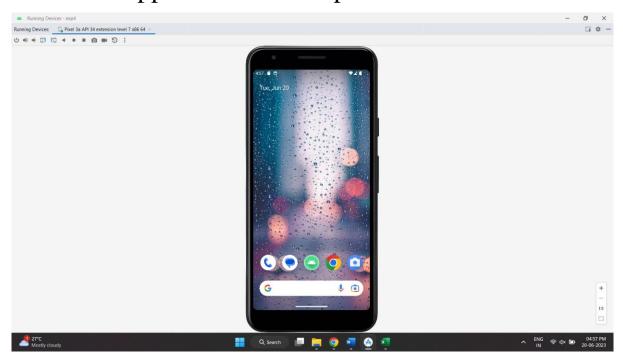
Department of Computer Science & Engineering, Acharya Institute of Technology

```
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.os.Handler;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.Toast;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.Timer;
import java.util.TimerTask;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  Button wallpaperChange;
  Timer mytimer;
  Drawable drawable;
WallpaperManager wpm;
Int prev=1;
     @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
  mytimer=newTimer();
    wpm = WallpaperManager.getInstance(this);
wallpaperChange=(Button)findViewById(R.id.button1);
    wallpaperChange.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override public void onClick(View view) {
setwallpaper();
     });
  private void setwallpaper() {
    Toast.makeText(this, "setting Wallpaper please wait.", Toast.LENGTH_LONG).show();
      mytimer.schedule(new TimerTask() {
        @Override
        public void run()
         if(prev==1) {
            drawable = getResources().getDrawable(R.drawable.one); prev = 2;
         else if(prev==2) {
            drawable = getResources().getDrawable(R.drawable.two); prev=3;
         else if(prev==3) {
            drawable = getResources().getDrawable(R.drawable.three); prev=4;
         else if(prev==4) {
```

```
drawable = getResources().getDrawable(R.drawable.four); prev=5;
}
else if(prev==5) {
    drawable = getResources().getDrawable(R.drawable.five); prev=1;
}
Bitmap wallpaper = ((BitmapDrawable)drawable).getBitmap(); try {
wpm.setBitmap(wallpaper);
}
catch (IOException e)
{ e.printStackTrace();
}
},0,30000);
}
},0,30000);
}
```

OUTPUT:





Program-5:

Write a program to create an activity with two buttons START and STOP. On pressing of the START button, the activity must start the counter by displaying the numbers from One and the counter must keep on counting until the STOP button is pressed. Display the counter value in a TextViewcontrol.

- 1) Firstly Create an Application by Name "CounterActivity"
- 2) Goto xml code of design change the layout to "RelativeLayout"
- 3) Add TextView component & change the following properties:
 - Size: 38dp
 - Text: "Counter Application"
 - Center-Align
- 4) Add TextView component & change the following properties:
 - Text: "Counter Value"
- 5) Add Button components & change the following properties:
 - Size: 38dp
 - Text: Start
 - id: "@+id/btn start"
- 6) Add Button components & change the following properties:
 - Size: 38dp
 - Text: Stop
 - id: "@+id/btn stop"

XML-CODE

```
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginStart="41dp"
android:layout_marginLeft="41dp"
android:layout_marginEnd="38dp"
android:layout_marginRight="38dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="516dp"
android:text="Counter Application"
android:textSize="36sp"
android:textStyle="bold" />
  <Button
  android:id="@+id/button1"
android:layout width="wrap content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentRight="true"
android:layout alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="236dp"
android:layout marginRight="236dp"
android:layout marginBottom="89dp"
    android:text="Start"
android:textSize="30sp"
    app:backgroundTint="#4CAF50" />
  <Button
  android:id="@+id/button2"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout height="wrap content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout alignParentRight="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout marginEnd="55dp"
android:layout_marginRight="55dp"
android:layout marginBottom="92dp"
android:text="STOP"
android:textSize="30sp"
    app:backgroundTint="#EC5449" />
  <TextView
android:id="@+id/textView2"
android:layout width="wrap content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentRight="true"
android:layout alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="165dp"
android:layout_marginRight="165dp"
android:layout marginBottom="434dp"
```

Department of Computer Science & Engineering, Acharya Institute of Technology

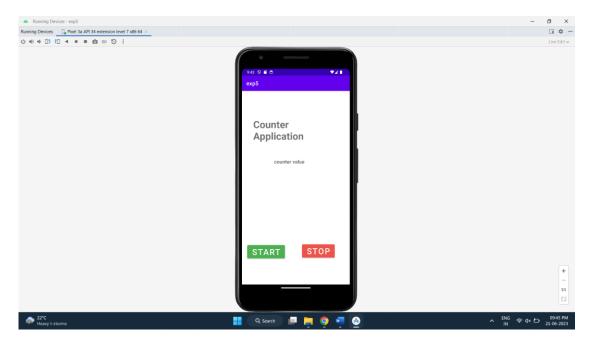
```
android:text="counter value"
android:textSize="18sp"
android:textStyle="bold" />
</RelativeLayout>
```

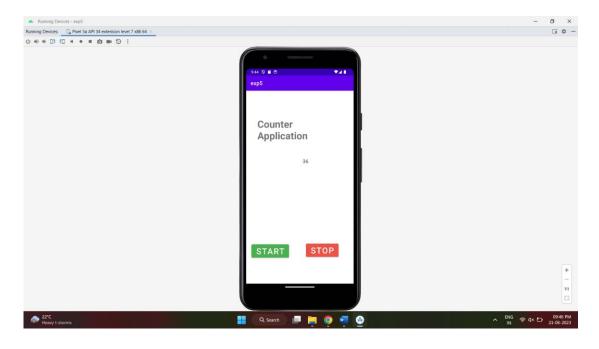
JAVA-CODE

```
package com.example.counterapplication;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.os.Bundle; import
android.os.Handler; import
android.view.View; import
android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.TextView;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  TextView txtCounter;
Button btn_start,btn_stop;
int count=0;
  Handler customHandler=new Handler();
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
setContentView(R.layout.activity main);
  txtCounter=(TextView)findViewById(R.id.textView2);
  btn_start=(Button)findViewById(R.id.button1);
btn stop=(Button)findViewById(R.id.button2);
btn_start.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener()
       @Override
       public void onClick(View v) {
       customHandler.postDelayed(updateTimerThread,0);
    });
    btn_stop.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(View v) {
         customHandler.removeCallbacks(updateTimerThread);
       }
     });
    private final Runnable updateTimerThread =new Runnable() {
       @Override
    public void run() {
```

Department of Computer Science & Engineering, Acharya Institute of Technology

OUTPUT:





Program-6:

Create two files of XML and JSON type with values for City_Name, Latitude, Longitude, Temperature, and Humidity. Develop an application to create an activity with two buttons to parse the XML and JSON files which when clicked should display the data in their respective layouts side by side.

- 1) Firstly, Create an Application by Name "JsonParser"
- 2) Go to xml code of design change the layout to "RelativeLayout" 3) Add

TextView component & change the following properties:

- 1) Size: 38dp
- 2) Text: XML and JSON Parser
- 3) Center-Align
- 4) Add Two Buttons to Design & change the name "ParseXml" & "ParseJson" with following onclick functions:
 - ParseXml-Button: parsexmlParseJson-Button: parsejson
- 5) Add TextView component & change the following properties:
 - Id: display
 - Text: ""
 - · Align: Center
- 6) Add Assets folder by following the given hierarchy: App->new->folder->Assests folder
- 7) Inside the assets folder create new files of xml and json using the following hierarchy: new->file->city.xml new->file->city.json

once created place the following details inside the "city.xml" and "city.json"

city.xml:

```
<temperature>25</temperature>
<humidity>74%</humidity>
</place>
</records>
```

city.json:

XML-CODE:

```
android:layout_marginEnd="74dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="453dp"
android:text="PARSER"
android:textSize="36sp"
tools:layout_editor_absoluteX="194dp"
    tools:layout_editor_absoluteY="126dp" />
  <Button
  android:id="@+id/button"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout height="wrap content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="260dp"
android:layout marginBottom="371dp"
android:backgroundTint="#F1B763"
android:onClick="parsexml"
android:text="XML"
    android:textAlignment="center" />
  <Button
  android:id="@+id/button2"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="118dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="373dp"
android:backgroundTint="#CDDC39"
android:onClick="parseison"
android:text="JSON"
    android:textAlignment="center" />
  <TextView
  android:id="@+id/display"
android:layout_width="402dp"
android:layout_height="332dp"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="9dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="11dp"
android:textAlignment="center"
android:textColor="#EF3A78" />
</RelativeLayout>
```

JAVA-CODE

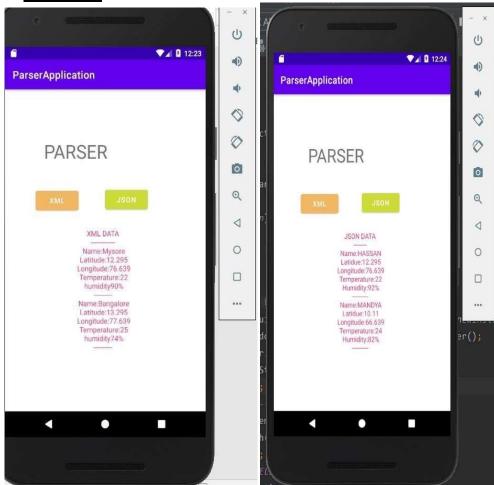
```
package com.example.parserapplication;
import
androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.TextView;
import android.widget.Toast;
import org.json.JSONArray;
import org.json.JSONObject;
import org.w3c.dom.Document;
import org.w3c.dom.Element;
import org.w3c.dom.Node; import
org.w3c.dom.NodeList;
import java.io.InputStream;
import java.nio.charset.StandardCharsets;
import javax.xml.parsers.DocumentBuilder;
import javax.xml.parsers.DocumentBuilderFactory;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity
  TextView display;
@Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
setContentView(R.layout.activity main);
    display=findViewById(R.id.display);
  public void parsexml(View v){
    try {
       InputStream is=getAssets().open("city.xml");
       DocumentBuilderFactory documentBuilderFactory =
DocumentBuilderFactory.newInstance();
       DocumentBuilder
documentBuilder=documentBuilderFactory.newDocumentBuilder();
       Document document=documentBuilder.parse(is);
StringBuilder stringBuilder=new StringBuilder();
       stringBuilder.append("XML DATA");
       stringBuilder.append("\n-----");
       NodeList nodeList=document.getElementsByTagName("place");
       for(int i=0; i<nodeList.getLength();i++){
Node node = nodeList.item(i);
         if(node.getNodeType()==Node.ELEMENT_NODE){
```

Department of Computer Science & Engineering, Acharya Institute of Technology

```
Elementelement = (Element)node;
             stringBuilder.append("\n Name:").append(getValue("name",element));
             stringBuilder.append("\n Latitude:").append(getValue("lat",element));
             stringBuilder.append("\n Longitude:").append(getValue("long",element));
        stringBuilder.append("\nTemperature:").append(getValue("temperature",e
   lement));
                stringBuilder.append("\n humidity").append(getValue("humidity",element));
   stringBuilder.append("\n -----");
           }
           display.setText(stringBuilder.toString());
        catch (Exception e){
           e.printStackTrace();
           Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this,"Error in reading XML
   FILE", Toast.LENGTH_LONG).show();
        }
      }
      public void parsejson(View V){
        String ison;
        StringBuilder stringBuilder = new StringBuilder();
   try {
           InputStream is = getAssets().open("city.json");
           int size=is.available();
   byte[] buffer=new byte[size];
           is.read(buffer);
           json = new
   String(buffer, Standard Charsets. UTF_8); ------
           JSONArray jsonArray = new JSONArray(json);
                     stringBuilder.append("JSON DATA");
                     stringBuilder.append("\n -----");
   for(int i=0;i<jsonArray.length();i++){
             JSONObject jsonObject = jsonArray.getJSONObject(i);
   stringBuilder.append("\n Name:").append(jsonObject.getString("name"));
   stringBuilder.append("\n Latidue:").append(jsonObject.getString("lat"));
   stringBuilder.append("\n Longitude:").append(jsonObject.getString("long"));
   stringBuilder.append("\nTemperature:").append(jsonObject.getString("tempera
   ture"));
             stringBuilder.append("\n Humidity:").append(jsonObject.getString("humidity"));
   stringBuilder.append("\n -----");
           display.setText(stringBuilder.toString());
   is.close();
Department of Computer Science & Engineering, Acharya Institute of Technology
```

```
catch (Exception e){
        e.printStackTrace();
        Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this,"Error in reading JSON
file",Toast.LENGTH_LONG).show();
     }
    private String getValue(String tag,Element element){
    return
element.getElementsByTagName(tag).item(0).getChildNodes().item(0).getNodeValue();
    }
}
```

OUTPUT:



Program-7:

Develop a simple application with one EditText so that the user can write some text in it. Create a button called "Convert Text to Speech" that converts the user input text into voice.

- 1) Firstly Create an Application by Name "TextToSpeech" 2) Go to xml code of design change the layout to "RelativeLayout" 3) Add TextView component & change the following properties:
- 4) Size: 38dp
- 5) Text: Text2Speech App
- 6) Center-Align
- 7) Add PlainText(EditText) component & change the following properties in XML Code:
 - Text: ""
 - Hint: "Enter the text to be converted"
 - id: "@+id/editText"
- 8) Add Button component & change the following properties in XML Code:
 - Name: Convert onClick: convert

XML-CODE:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
android:layout width="match parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
  tools:context=".MainActivity">
  <TextView
    android:id="@+id/textView"
android:layout width="335dp"
android:layout height="wrap content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="21dp"
android:layout marginBottom="486dp"
    android:text="Text2Speech"
    android:textSize="30sp" />
  <EditText
    android:id="@+id/editText"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout alignParentEnd="true"
```

```
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="142dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="377dp"
    android:ems="10"
android:hint="Enter text here"
    android:inputType="textPersonName" />
  <Button
    android:id="@+id/convert"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="196dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="236dp"
    android:onClick="convert"
android:background="#6CEC71"
    android:text="CONVERT" />
</RelativeLayout>
```

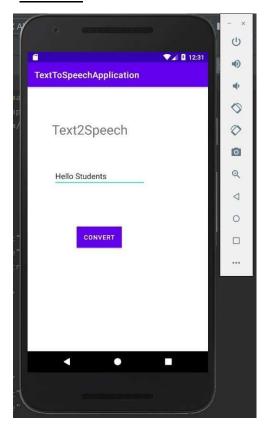
JAVA-CODE:

```
package com.example.texttospeechapplication;
import
androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.os.Bundle; import
android.speech.tts.TextToSpeech; import
android.view.View; import android.widget.EditText;
import java.util.Locale;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  EditText e1;
  TextToSpeech t1;
                      @Override
                                    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState)
                                                setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
       super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
e1=findViewById(R.id.editText);
                                        t1=new TextToSpeech(getApplicationContext(),
new TextToSpeech.OnInitListener() {
       @Override
                         public
void onInit(int status) {
if(status!=TextToSpeech.ERROR){
t1.setLanguage(Locale.UK);
```

```
}
}
});

public void convert(View V){
String tospeak=e1.getText().toString();
   t1.speak(tospeak,TextToSpeech.QUEUE_FLUSH,null);
}
```

OUTPUT:



Program-8:

Create an activity like a phone dialer with CALL and SAVE buttons. On pressing the CALL button, it must call the phone number and on pressing the SAVE button it must save the number to the phone contacts.

- 1) Firstly Create an Application by Name "CallActivity"
- 2) Go to xml code of design change the layout to "RelativeLayout" 3) Add TextView component & change the following properties:
 - Size: 38dp
 - Text: Call Activity
 - Center-Align
- 4) Add EditText component & change the following properties in XML Code:
 - id: "@+id/phoneNumberEditText"
- 5) Add PlainText(EditText) component & change the following properties in XML Code:
 - Text: ""
 - Hint: "Copied Text"
 - id: "@+id/editText2"
- 6) Add three buttons to the design & change the text of the Buttons to "Clear", "Call", "Save" and change the id as follows:
 - id:"@+id/clearBtn"
 - id:"@+id/callBtn"
 - id:"@+id/saveBtn"
- 7) Add twelve buttons to the design & change the text of the Buttons as 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,0,*,#

XML-CODE:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</p>
xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
android:id="@+id/Button11"
                               android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
android:backgroundTint="#4CAF50"
  tools:context=".MainActivity">
  <Button
    android:id="@+id/button8"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout height="wrap content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="169dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="201dp"
android:backgroundTint="#4CAF50"
android:onClick="inputNumber"
                                    android:text="8" />
```

Department of Computer Science & Engineering, Acharya Institute of Technology

```
<Button
               android:id="@+id/Button10"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout height="wrap content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout marginEnd="286dp"
android:layout marginBottom="115dp"
android:onClick="inputNumber"
android:backgroundTint="#4CAF50"
    android:text="*"/>
  <Button
               android:id="@+id/saveBtn"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="80dp"
android:layout marginBottom="38dp"
android:backgroundTint="#CDDC39"
    android:text="Save" />
  <Button
               android:id="@+id/callBtn"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout marginEnd="209dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="35dp"
android:backgroundTint="#F44336"
    android:text="Call" />
  <Button
android:id="@+id/clearBtn12"
android:layout width="wrap content"
android:layout height="wrap content"
android:layout alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout marginEnd="159dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="116dp"
android:backgroundTint="#4CAF50"
android:onClick="inputNumber"
    android:text="0" />
  <Button
    android:id="@+id/Button7"
```

android:layout_width="wrap_content"

Department of Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning, Acharya Institute of Technology

```
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="288dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="201dp"
android:onClick="inputNumber"
android:backgroundTint="#4CAF50"
    android:text="7" />
  <Button
               android:id="@+id/Button9"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="38dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="201dp"
android:onClick="inputNumber"
android:backgroundTint="#4CAF50"
    android:text="9" />
  <EditText
android:id="@+id/phoneNumberEditText"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="172dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="543dp"
android:onClick="inputNumber"
android:ems="10"
                      android:hint="Phone
Number"
    android:inputType="phone" />
               android:id="@+id/clearBtn"
  <Button
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="48dp"
android:layout_marginBottom="544dp"
android:backgroundTint="#E91E63"
    android:text="Clear" />
  <Button
android:id="@+id/Button12"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
```

```
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true" android:layout_alignParentBottom="tru e" android:layout_marginEnd="38dp" android:onClick="inputNumber" android:layout_marginBottom="108dp" android:backgroundTint="#4CAF50" android:text="#" />
```

<Button android:id="@+id/Button1"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="291dp"
android:onClick="inputNumber"
android:layout_marginBottom="380dp"
android:backgroundTint="#4CAF50"
 android:text="1" />

<Button android:id="@+id/Button4"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="289dp"
android:onClick="inputNumber"
android:layout_marginBottom="296dp"
android:backgroundTint="#4CAF50"
 android:text="4" />

<Button
android:id="@+id/Button6"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"</pre>

```
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true" android:layout_marginEnd="35dp" android:layout_marginBottom="290dp" android:onClick="inputNumber" android:backgroundTint="#4CAF50" android:text="6" />
```

<Button android:id="@+id/Button2"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_alignParentEnd="true"
android:layout_alignParentBottom="true"
android:layout_marginEnd="172dp"
android:onClick="inputNumber"
android:layout_marginBottom="380dp"
android:backgroundTint="#4CAF50"
android:text="2" />

JAVA-CODE:

package com.example.callsaveapplication; import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity; import android.content.Intent; import android.net.Uri; import android.os.Bundle; import android.provider.ContactsContract; import android.view.View; import android.widget.Button; import android.widget.EditText; import java.net.URI;

public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
 EditText phoneNumberEditText;
 Button clearBtn,saveBtn,callBtn;

Department of Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning, Acharya Institute of Technology

```
@Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
                                       setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
    phoneNumberEditText=findViewById(R.id.phoneNumberEditText);
    clearBtn=findViewById(R.id.clearBtn);
callBtn=findViewById(R.id.callBtn);
                                        saveBtn=findViewById(R.id.saveBtn);
    clearBtn.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
                         public void
onClick(View v) {
         phoneNumberEditText.setText("");
      }
    });
    callBtn.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
      public void onClick(View v) {
      String phoneNumber=phoneNumberEditText.getText().toString();
         Intent intent= new Intent(Intent.ACTION_DIAL);
intent.setData(Uri.parse("tel:"+phoneNumber));
         startActivity(intent);
      }
    });
    saveBtn.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
      public void onClick(View v) {
         String phoneNumber=phoneNumberEditText.getText().toString();
Intent intent=new Intent(Intent.ACTION_INSERT);
intent.setType(ContactsContract.Contacts.CONTENT TYPE);
         intent.putExtra(ContactsContract.Intents.Insert.PHONE,phoneNumber);
startActivity(intent);
      }
    });
  public void inputNumber(View v){
    Button btn=(Button)v;
    String digit=btn.getText().toString();
    String phoneNumber=phoneNumberEditText.getText().toString();
phoneNumberEditText.setText(phoneNumber+digit);
}
```

OUTPUT:

