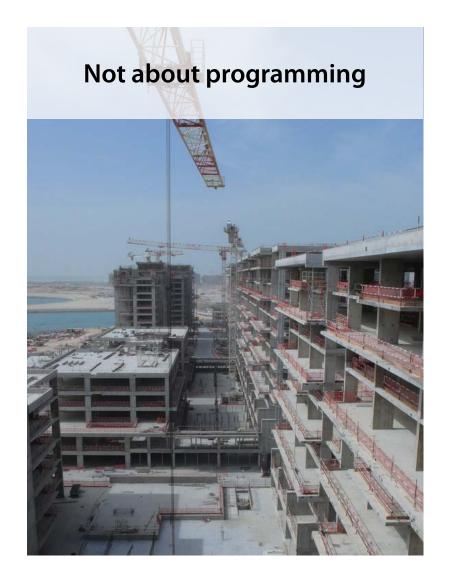
Building RESTful Systems: Introduction

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About This Course





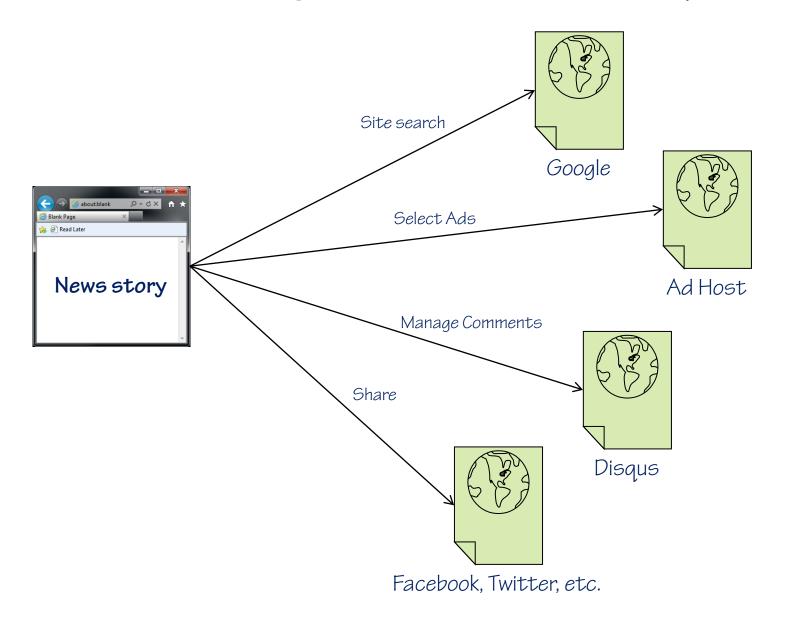
Overview

- REST Drivers
- REST Properties
- Definition of REST
- REST and Other Technologies/Architectural Styles
- REST and Richardson's Maturity Model

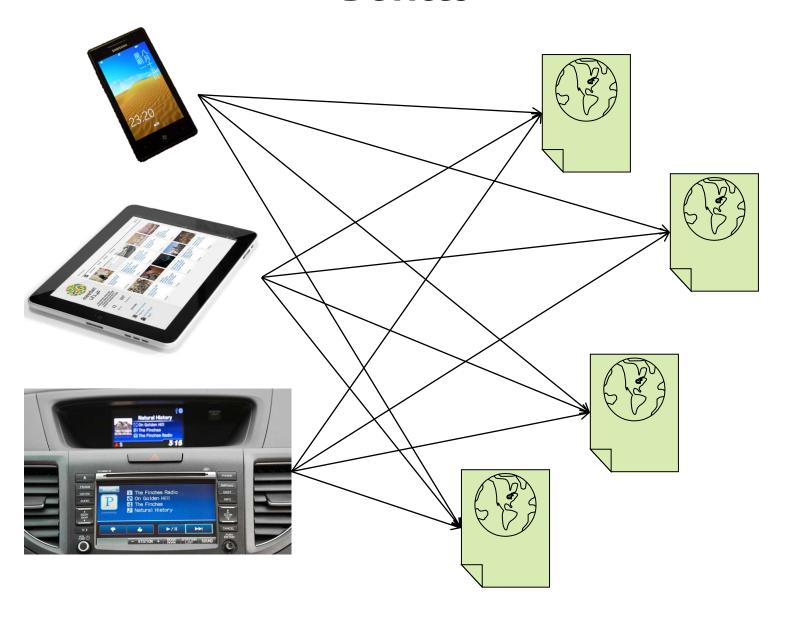
REST Drivers

- Heterogeneous Interoperability
- Devices
- The Cloud

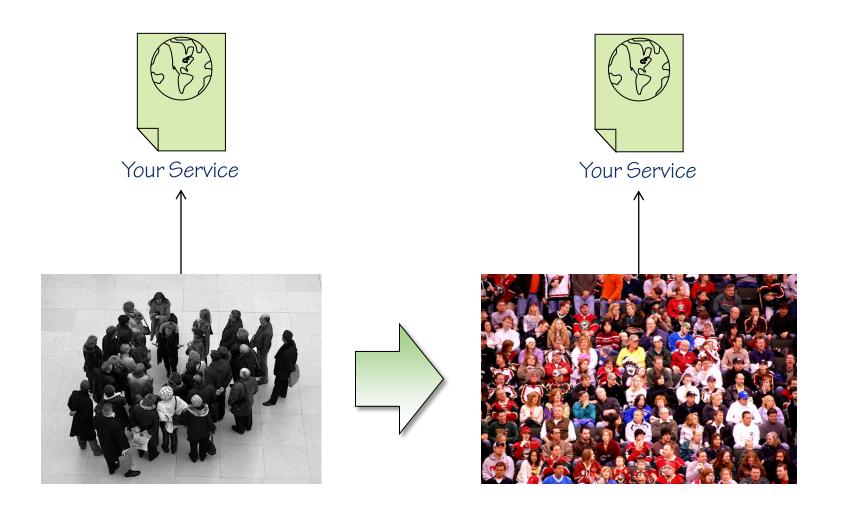
Heterogeneous Interoperability



Devices



The Cloud



"It is critical to build a <u>scalable architecture</u> in order to take advantage of a <u>scalable</u> <u>infrastructure</u>"

The Cloud

- Many companies do not and will not have Facebook-sized scale requirements
- The major appeal of the cloud is getting out of the business of maintaining infrastructure



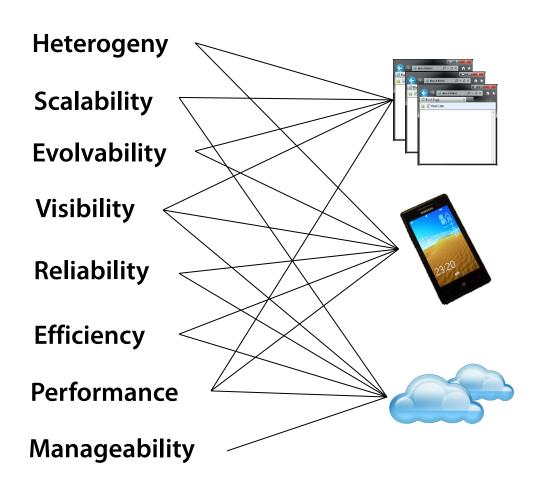




Properties of REST

- Heterogeny
- Scalability
- Evolvability
- Visibility
- Reliability
- Efficiency
- Performance
- Manageability

Properties of REST



What REST is NOT

RPC

 REST is not a way to call methods over a network without the overhead of SOAP and WSDL

HTTP

 While most current RESTful systems are built using HTTP, an architecture implemented on top of HTTP is not inherently RESTful

URIs

- Largely because of the frameworks on which they are built, many RESTful systems have clean URLs ("cool URLs"). However, this is not a requirement for REST
- Hyper-focus on URIs can actually make designs non-RESTful

What is REST?

Architectural Style

- Stands for "Representational state transfer"
- First introduced in 2000 by Roy Fielding as a part of his doctoral dissertation
- Intended for long-lived network-based applications

REST and SOAP

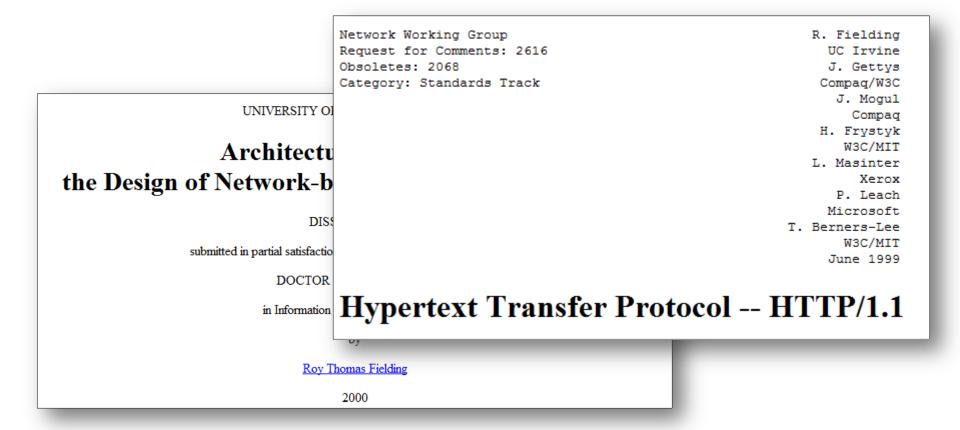
- Many people think of REST as "something that isn't SOAP"
- SOAP (and WSDL) is an implementation detail for RPC-style systems
- REST is juxtaposed with RPC

REST and RPC

RPC	REST
Contract is a service and its operations	Contract is the uniform interface
Action semantics are specified out of band	Actions semantics are specified by the uniform interface and state transitions are specified by hypermedia controls embedded in representations
Error semantics are specified out of band	Error semantics are specified by the uniform interface
Limited caching support	Caching supported by all intermediaries which understand the uniform interface
Client and server share ownership of the URL namespace	Server owns the URL namespace
Inputs and outputs are tied to underlying runtime types	Inputs and outputs are tied to the media type specification
Can tunnel through multiple protocols	Tied to the uniform interface of the supporting protocol

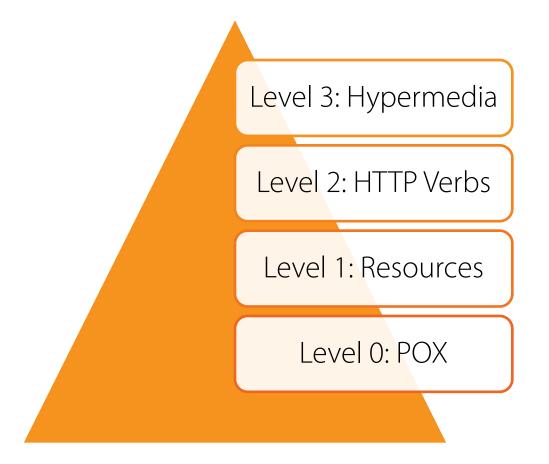
REST and HTTP

- Most RESTful systems in use today are built on top of HTTP
- HTTP provides the necessary controls to build RESTful systems
- This is not a coincidence...



Richardson's Maturity Model

- The path towards REST was described by Leonard Richardson and has been referenced in quite a few books blogs
- Only Level 3 in this model can actually be considered REST



Summary

- Why REST?
 - Drivers
 - Benefits
- Definition
- REST and Other Technologies/Architectural Styles

References

- Fielding, Roy Thomas. <u>Architectural Styles and the Design of Network-based Software Architectures</u>. Doctoral dissertation, University of California, Irvine, 2000.
- HTTP/1.1 Specification
 - http://www.w3.org/Protocols/rfc2616/rfc2616.html