

1. Method Overloading

Question 1: Calculate Area of Shapes

```
class Shape {  
    // Overloaded method to calculate area of rectangle  
    public void area(int length, int breadth) {  
        System.out.println("Area of Rectangle: " + (length * breadth));  
    }  
  
    // Overloaded method to calculate area of square  
    public void area(int side) {  
        System.out.println("Area of Square: " + (side * side));  
    }  
  
    // Overloaded method to calculate area of circle  
    public void area(double radius) {  
        System.out.println("Area of Circle: " + (Math.PI * radius * radius));  
    }  
}  
  
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Shape shape = new Shape();  
        shape.area(5, 10); // Rectangle  
        shape.area(4); // Square  
        shape.area(7.0); // Circle  
    }  
}
```

2. Method Overriding

Question 2: Employee and Manager

```
class Employee {  
    public int calculateSalary() {  
        return 5000;  
    }  
}
```

```

class Manager extends Employee {
    @Override
    public int calculateSalary() {
        return 8000;
    }
}

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Employee emp = new Employee();
        Manager mgr = new Manager();

        System.out.println("Employee Salary: " + emp.calculateSalary());
        System.out.println("Manager Salary: " + mgr.calculateSalary());
    }
}

```

3. Types of Inheritance

Question 3: Multi-Level Inheritance

```

class Vehicle {
    public void startEngine() {
        System.out.println("Engine started.");
    }
}

class Car extends Vehicle {
    public void openTrunk() {
        System.out.println("Trunk is opened.");
    }
}

class ElectricCar extends Car {
    @Override
    public void startEngine() {
        System.out.println("Electric car starts silently.");
    }
}

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

```

```
ElectricCar tesla = new ElectricCar();
tesla.startEngine();      // Calls overridden method in ElectricCar
tesla.openTrunk();        // Calls method from Car class
}
}
```

Question 4: Hierarchical Inheritance

```
class Animal {
    public void makeSound() {
        System.out.println("Animal sound");
    }
}

class Dog extends Animal {
    @Override
    public void makeSound() {
        System.out.println("Bark");
    }
}

class Cat extends Animal {
    @Override
    public void makeSound() {
        System.out.println("Meow");
    }
}

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Animal dog = new Dog();
        Animal cat = new Cat();

        dog.makeSound(); // Dog sound
        cat.makeSound(); // Cat sound
    }
}
```

Question 5: Hybrid Inheritance

```

interface Employee {
    void work();
}

interface Student {
    void study();
}

class Person {
    public void displayInfo() {
        System.out.println("Person details.");
    }
}

class Intern extends Person implements Employee, Student {
    @Override
    public void work() {
        System.out.println("Working as an Employee.");
    }

    @Override
    public void study() {
        System.out.println("Studying as a Student.");
    }
}

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Intern intern = new Intern();
        intern.displayInfo();
        intern.work();
        intern.study();
    }
}

```

Question 6: Multiple Inheritance Using Interfaces

```

interface Flyable {
    void fly();
}

interface Swimmable {

```

```
void swim();  
}  
  
class Duck implements Flyable, Swimmable {  
    @Override  
    public void fly() {  
        System.out.println("Duck is flying.");  
    }  
  
    @Override  
    public void swim() {  
        System.out.println("Duck is swimming.");  
    }  
}  
  
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Duck duck = new Duck();  
        duck.fly();    // Calls fly method  
        duck.swim();  // Calls swim method  
    }  
}
```