NumPy Exercises

Now that we've learned about NumPy let's test your knowledge. We'll start off with a few simple tasks, and then you'll be asked some more complicated questions.

```
Import NumPy as np
    import numpy as np
Create an array of 10 zeros
arr=np.zeros(10)
arr
array([0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.])
Create an array of 10 ones
arr=np.ones(10)
arr
array([1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.])
Create an array of 10 fives
arr=np.ones(10)*5
arr
array([5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5.])
Create an array of the integers from 10 to 50
arr=np.arange(10,51,1)
arr
array([10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25,
       27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42,
43,
       44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50])
Create an array of all the even integers from 10 to 50
arr=np.arange(10,51,2)
arr
array([10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40,
       44, 46, 48, 50])
```

```
Create a 3x3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8
arr=np.arange(0,9).reshape(3,3)
arr
array([[0, 1, 2],
       [3, 4, 5],
       [6, 7, 8]])
Create a 3x3 identity matrix
arr=np.identity(3)
arr
array([[1., 0., 0.],
       [0., 1., 0.],
       [0., 0., 1.]])
Use NumPy to generate a random number between 0 and 1
random no=np.random.normal(0,1,1)
random no
array([-0.33326122])
Use NumPy to generate an array of 25 random numbers sampled from a standard normal
distribution
random no=np.random.normal(0,1,25)
random no
array([-0.4605342 , -0.21524312, 0.43319183, -3.28785695, -
1.34225083,
        2.49520311, -0.18160468, 0.21094221, 0.97753167,
0.51618002,
       -0.02180436, 0.29187493, -1.22055107, -1.40691831,
1.6252357 ,
       -2.3845015 , -0.39813571, 0.63721372, -0.03462788,
1.52984246,
        0.70685126, -0.23750747, 0.44526755, -0.74513634, -
0.799178281)
Create the following matrix:
arr=np.arange(0.01, 1.01, 0.01).reshape(10, 10)
array([[0.01, 0.02, 0.03, 0.04, 0.05, 0.06, 0.07, 0.08, 0.09, 0.1],
       [0.11, 0.12, 0.13, 0.14, 0.15, 0.16, 0.17, 0.18, 0.19, 0.2],
       [0.21, 0.22, 0.23, 0.24, 0.25, 0.26, 0.27, 0.28, 0.29, 0.3],
       [0.31, 0.32, 0.33, 0.34, 0.35, 0.36, 0.37, 0.38, 0.39, 0.4],
       [0.41, 0.42, 0.43, 0.44, 0.45, 0.46, 0.47, 0.48, 0.49, 0.5],
```

[0.51, 0.52, 0.53, 0.54, 0.55, 0.56, 0.57, 0.58, 0.59, 0.6], [0.61, 0.62, 0.63, 0.64, 0.65, 0.66, 0.67, 0.68, 0.69, 0.7], [0.71, 0.72, 0.73, 0.74, 0.75, 0.76, 0.77, 0.78, 0.79, 0.8],

```
[0.81, 0.82, 0.83, 0.84, 0.85, 0.86, 0.87, 0.88, 0.89, 0.9], [0.91, 0.92, 0.93, 0.94, 0.95, 0.96, 0.97, 0.98, 0.99, 1. ]])
```

Create an array of 20 linearly spaced points between 0 and 1:

```
arr=np.linspace(0,1,20)
arr

array([0. , 0.05263158, 0.10526316, 0.15789474, 0.21052632, 0.26315789, 0.31578947, 0.36842105, 0.42105263, 0.47368421, 0.52631579, 0.57894737, 0.63157895, 0.68421053, 0.73684211, 0.78947368, 0.84210526, 0.89473684, 0.94736842, 1.
```

Numpy Indexing and Selection

Now you will be given a few matrices, and be asked to replicate the resulting matrix outputs:

```
mat = np.arange(1, 26).reshape(5, 5)
mat
array([[ 1, 2, 3, 4,
                         5],
                    9, 10],
       [ 6, 7, 8,
       [11, 12, 13, 14, 15],
       [16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
       [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
mat[2:,1:]
array([[12, 13, 14, 15],
       [17, 18, 19, 20],
       [22, 23, 24, 25]])
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
mat[3,4]
20
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
mat[0:3,1:2]
array([[ 2],
       [7],
       [12]])
```

```
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
mat[4:]
array([[21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
mat[3:]
array([[16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
       [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
Now do the following
Get the sum of all the values in mat
sum(sum(mat))
325
Get the standard deviation of the values in mat
np.std(mat)
7.211102550927978
Get the sum of all the columns in mat
sum(mat)
array([55, 60, 65, 70, 75])
```

Great Job!