

Planning Logic

Date	31 January 2025
Team ID	LTVIP2025TMID60812
Project Name	Grain Palette - A Deep Learning Odyssey In Rice Type Classification Through Transfer Learning
Maximum Marks	4 Marks

Planning Logic

Planning logic refers to the structured, step-by-step approach used to guide the development, training, evaluation, and deployment of the rice classification system. It ensures that the project flows logically from problem identification to a working solution.

□ □ 1. Problem Understanding

- Define the objective: Automate rice grain variety classification using images.
 - Identify stakeholders: Farmers, rice millers, traders, quality inspectors.
 - Clarify constraints: Limited dataset, need for lightweight models, real-world deployment.
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□ □ 2. Data Strategy

- **Data Collection:**
 - Acquire images for multiple rice varieties under controlled and variable conditions.
 - Ensure class balance and diversity in the dataset.
 - **Data Annotation:**
 - Label each image with the correct rice type.
 - **Data Preprocessing Logic:**
 - Resize all images to 224x224 pixels (model input standard).
 - Normalize pixel values (0–1 range or using ImageNet mean/std).
 - Augment dataset (rotation, zoom, brightness) to improve generalization.
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□ 3. Model Selection & Training Logic

- **Model Choice:**
 - Select models based on accuracy, size, and speed (e.g., VGG16, ResNet50, EfficientNetB0).
 - **Transfer Learning Plan:**
 - Load pretrained weights (ImageNet).
 - Freeze base layers (initially) → fine-tune later layers → unfreeze for full training.
 - **Classifier Head Design:**
 - Add GlobalAveragePooling → Dense → Dropout → Softmax layers for classification.
 - **Training Loop Logic:**
 - Use early stopping, learning rate scheduler.
 - Evaluate on validation set after each epoch.
 - Save the best-performing model.
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□ 4. Evaluation Logic

- Split data: 70% training, 15% validation, 15% test.
 - Use metrics: Accuracy, Precision, Recall, F1-Score, Confusion Matrix.
 - Perform:
 - Cross-validation to test robustness.
 - Error analysis on misclassified images.
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□ □ 5. Deployment Logic

- Export the trained model to ONNX or TensorFlow Lite if needed.
 - Build a simple UI (desktop/web/mobile) for:
 - Image upload
 - Real-time prediction
 - Confidence score display
 - Optimize inference time (Quantization, Pruning if needed).
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□ 6. Reporting & Visualization Logic

- Export predictions and metrics.
 - Use **Power BI** or **Matplotlib/Seaborn** to visualize:
 - Model comparisons
 - Class-wise accuracy
 - Data distribution and performance trends
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✓7. Final Integration Logic

- Package the solution (model + UI + dataset link).
- Document dependencies, setup instructions, and test cases.
- Provide guidelines for retraining or updating the model with new rice varieties.