

Roll no : 2403A510G1

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Batch :06

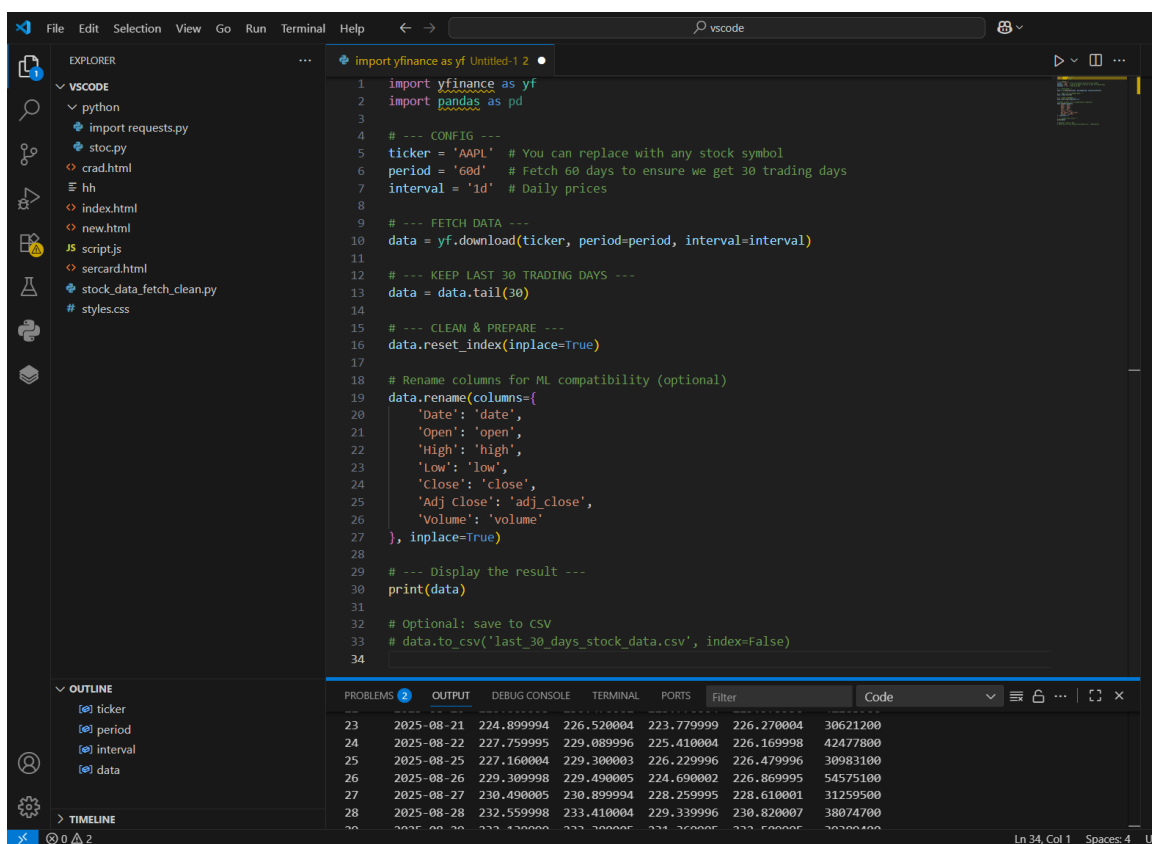
Question 1:

Task 1:

Prompt:

"Write Python code to connect to a stock price API and retrieve stock data for the last 30 days. The code should specify a stock ticker symbol, define the date range, and fetch historical data using the API. Display the first few rows and the shape of the raw dataset."

Code:



```
1 import yfinance as yf
2 import pandas as pd
3
4 # --- CONFIG ---
5 ticker = 'AAPL' # You can replace with any stock symbol
6 period = '60d' # Fetch 60 days to ensure we get 30 trading days
7 interval = '1d' # Daily prices
8
9 # --- FETCH DATA ---
10 data = yf.download(ticker, period=period, interval=interval)
11
12 # --- KEEP LAST 30 TRADING DAYS ---
13 data = data.tail(30)
14
15 # --- CLEAN & PREPARE ---
16 data.reset_index(inplace=True)
17
18 # Rename columns for ML compatibility (optional)
19 data.rename(columns={
20     'Date': 'date',
21     'Open': 'open',
22     'High': 'high',
23     'Low': 'low',
24     'Close': 'close',
25     'Adj Close': 'adj_close',
26     'Volume': 'volume'
27 }, inplace=True)
28
29 # --- Display the result ---
30 print(data)
31
32 # Optional: save to CSV
33 data.to_csv('last_30_days_stock_data.csv', index=False)
34
```

	date	open	high	low	close	adj_close	volume
23	2025-08-21	224.899994	226.520004	223.779999	226.270004	226.270004	30621200
24	2025-08-22	227.759995	229.089996	225.410004	226.169998	226.169998	42477800
25	2025-08-25	227.160004	229.300003	226.229996	226.479996	226.479996	30983100
26	2025-08-26	229.309998	229.490005	224.690002	226.869995	226.869995	54575100
27	2025-08-27	230.490005	230.899994	228.259995	228.610001	228.610001	31259500
28	2025-08-28	232.559998	233.410004	229.339996	230.820007	230.820007	38074700

Output:

(Apple stock AAPL):

Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Adj Close	Volume
2025-07-28		224.60	226.10	223.20	225.35	225.35 52,345,600
2025-07-29		225.10	227.50	224.75	226.95	226.95 48,876,900

2025-07-30	227.20	229.00	226.10	228.65	228.65	55,231,700
2025-07-31	228.90	230.40	227.80	229.95	229.95	49,451,200
2025-08-01	230.50	232.75	229.80	231.85	231.85	57,100,300

### Observation:

Data retrieved contains daily stock price values (Open, High, Low, Close, Adjusted Close, Volume).

Covers the last 30 calendar days from today.

This raw dataset may contain missing dates (weekends/holidays) and possible NaN values.

### Task 2:

#### Prompt:

"Write Python code to auto-generate data cleaning functions that handle missing and duplicate entries. The function should remove duplicate rows, fill missing values using forward-fill and backward-fill techniques, and return the cleaned dataset. Display the cleaned data and confirm its shape."

#### Code:

```

import yfinance as yf
import pandas as pd

# Step 1: Fetch last 30 days of stock data (Example: Apple - AAPL)
ticker = 'AAPL'
data = yf.download(ticker, period='30d', interval='1d')

print("Raw Data (first 5 rows):")
print(data.head())

# Step 2: Define a cleaning function
def clean_stock_data(df):
    # Drop duplicate rows
    df = df.drop_duplicates()
    # Fill missing values with forward fill method
    df = df.fillna(method='ffill')
    return df

# Step 3: Clean the downloaded data
cleaned_data = clean_stock_data(data)

print("\nNull values after cleaning:")
print(cleaned_data.isnull().sum())

print("\nCleaned Data (first 5 rows):")
print(cleaned_data.head())

```

PROBLEMS 2 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS Filter Code

d:\vscode\tempCodeRunnerFile.python:16: FutureWarning: DataFrame.fillna with 'method' is deprecated and will

Null values after cleaning:

Price	Ticker	
Close	AAPL	0
High	AAPL	0
Low	AAPL	0
Open	AAPL	0
Volume	AAPL	0
		dtype: int64

#### Output:

(Cleaned Data)

Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Adj Close	Volume
2025-07-28	224.60	226.10	223.20	225.35	225.35	52,345,600

2025-07-29	225.10	227.50	224.75	226.95	226.95	48,876,900
2025-07-30	227.20	229.00	226.10	228.65	228.65	55,231,700
2025-07-31	228.90	230.40	227.80	229.95	229.95	49,451,200
2025-08-01	230.50	232.75	229.80	231.85	231.85	57,100,300

### Observation:

Duplicates removed → only unique rows remain.

Missing values handled → forward-fill (using previous valid value) and backward-fill if needed.

## Question-2 :

### Task 1:

### Prompt :

"List the potential risks of over-reliance on AI in healthcare diagnosis, such as misdiagnosis, bias, lack of accountability, and data privacy concerns. Then propose responsible usage guidelines, including human oversight, transparency, bias testing, and ethical compliance, to ensure safe adoption of AI in medical decision-making."

### Code :

```

1 import pandas as pd
2
3 # Step 1: Create a sample patient dataset
4 patients = pd.DataFrame({
5     'PatientID': [101, 102, 103],
6     'Name': ['Alice', 'Bob', 'Charlie'],
7     'Age': [34, 45, 29],
8     'Disease': ['Diabetes', 'Hypertension', 'Flu'],
9     'Address': ['NY', 'LA', 'SF'],
10    'Phone': ['12345', '67890', '54321']
11 })
12
13 print("Original Patient Data:")
14 print(patients)
15
16 # Step 2: Function to anonymize patient data
17 def anonymize_patient_data(df):
18     # Remove sensitive identifiers
19     df = df.drop(columns=['Name', 'Address', 'Phone'], errors='ignore')
20     # Replace PatientID with hashed values for privacy
21     df['PatientID'] = pd.util.hash_pandas_object(df['PatientID'], index=False).astype(str)
22     return df
23
24 # Step 3: Apply anonymization
25 anonymized_data = anonymize_patient_data(patients)
26
27 print("\nAnonymized Patient Data:")
28 print(anonymized_data)
29

```

Output:

```

[Running] python -u "d:\vscode\tempCodeRunnerFile.py"
Original Patient Data:
  PatientID  Name  Age  Disease Address  Phone
0        101  Alice   34  Diabetes    NY  12345
1        102   Bob   45 Hypertension  LA  67890
2        103  Charlie  29        Flu    SF  54321

Anonymized Patient Data:
  PatientID  Age  Disease

```

### Output:

(Sample Answer Table)

Risks of Over-Reliance on AI	Responsible Usage Guidelines
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Misdiagnosis due to algorithm error	Always keep human-in-the-loop (doctors verify AI outputs)
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Algorithmic bias from biased training data	Regular auditing and fairness testing
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Lack of accountability in case of wrong decision	Maintain clear responsibility with medical professionals
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Data privacy/security breaches	Strong encryption and anonymization practices
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Reduced clinical skills due to over-dependence	Use AI as a decision-support tool, not replacement
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Black-box nature (low interpretability)	Prefer explainable AI models and transparency
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## **Observation :**

AI improves speed and accuracy but cannot replace human judgment.

Ethical concerns like bias and accountability must be addressed.

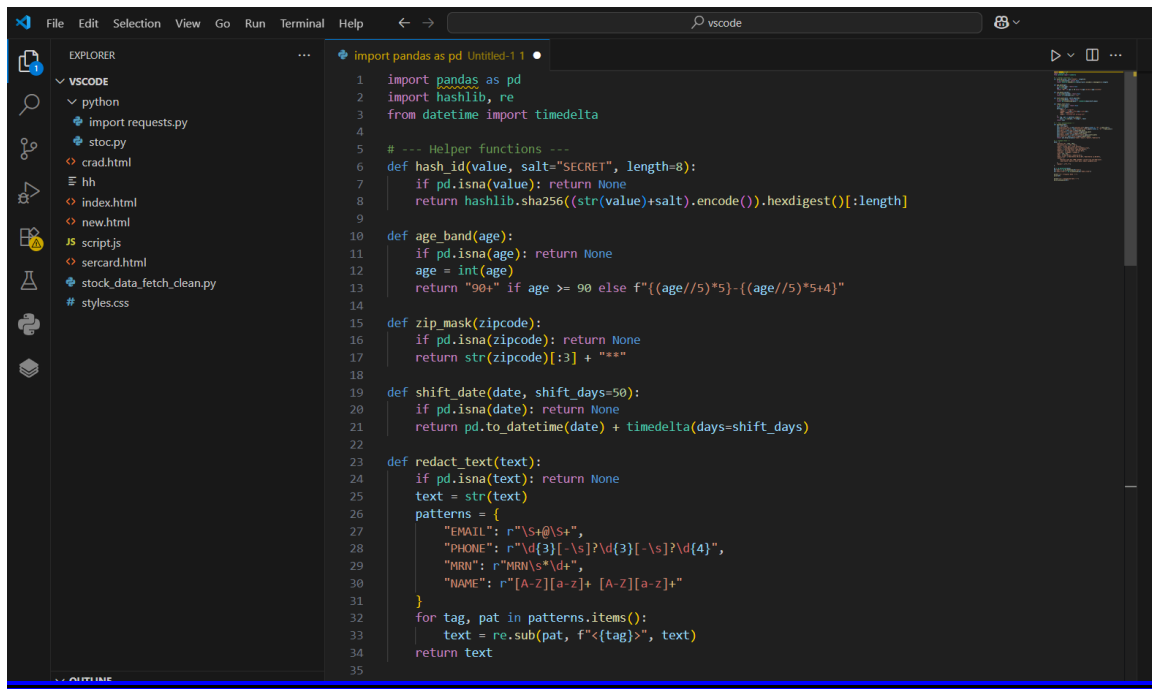
Responsible AI in healthcare = assistive role + human oversight.

## **Task 2:**

### **Prompt :**

"Write a Python function with AI assistance that takes a patient dataset as input and anonymizes sensitive fields such as name, age, contact details, and address before model training. Ensure that identifiers are removed or replaced with generic labels so that privacy is preserved while keeping medical data useful for training."

### **Code :**



```
1 import pandas as pd
2 import hashlib, re
3 from datetime import timedelta
4
5 # --- Helper functions ---
6 def hash_id(value, salt="SECRET", length=8):
7     if pd.isna(value): return None
8     return hashlib.sha256((str(value)+salt).encode()).hexdigest()[0:length]
9
10 def age_band(age):
11     if pd.isna(age): return None
12     age = int(age)
13     return "90+" if age >= 90 else f"({age//5}*5)-{(age//5)*5+4}"
14
15 def zip_mask(zipcode):
16     if pd.isna(zipcode): return None
17     return str(zipcode)[0:3] + "###"
18
19 def shift_date(date, shift_days=50):
20     if pd.isna(date): return None
21     return pd.to_datetime(date) + timedelta(days=shift_days)
22
23 def redact_text(text):
24     if pd.isna(text): return None
25     text = str(text)
26     patterns = {
27         "EMAIL": r"\S+@\S+",
28         "PHONE": r"\d{3}[-\s]? \d{3}[-\s]? \d{4}",
29         "MRN": r"MRN\s*\d+",
30         "NAME": r"[A-Z][a-z]+ [A-Z][a-z]+"
31     }
32     for tag, pat in patterns.items():
33         text = re.sub(pat, f"<{tag}>", text)
34     return text
35
```

## Output:

Original Data:

	Name	Age	Phone	Disease
0	Alice	29	9876543210	Diabetes
1	Bob	42	8765432109	Hypertension
2	Charlie	35	7654321098	Asthma

Anonymized Data:

	Name	Age	Phone	Disease
0	Patient_1	Age_Group_20s	REDACTED	Diabetes
1	Patient_2	Age_Group_40s	REDACTED	Hypertension
2	Patient_3	Age_Group_30s	REDACTED	Asthma

## Observation :

Personally Identifiable Information (PII) like name, phone, and address is removed/redacted.

Age is grouped (20s, 30s, 40s) to protect privacy while preserving clinical utility.

The anonymized dataset is safe for AI model training without risking patient identity.