

Loops : Loops are used to execute a block of code repeatedly as long as a certain condition is true or for a specific number of iterations.

Types :

- while
- for

while loop : The while loop executes a block of code as long as a specified condition is true. It continuously checks the condition before each iteration and stops when the condition becomes false.

Syntax :

while condition :

code block to be executed repeatedly.

Code :

candies = 10

while candies > 0 :

print ("Giving a candy to a friend!")

candies -= 1

print (candies)

OP :

Giving a candy to a friend!

for loop : A for loop is a way to repeat a block of code for each item in a collection (like a list) or for a specific range of numbers.

Syntax :

for variable in range (start, stop, step):

code block to be executed for each variable.

Code :

candies = 10

for i in range (0, candies):

print ("given to friend")

OP : 0-9
given to friend
end

for loop for sequence :

The for loop is used to iterate over a sequence (such as a list, tuple, string, or dictionary) and execute a block of code for each item in the sequence.

Syntax :

for item in sequence:
code block to be executed for each item

Code :

```
message = "Hello, world!"  
for i in message:  
    print(i)
```

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length →

```
length = len(message)  
for i in range(length):  
    print(i)
```

Nested loops :

Nested loops refer to the situation where one loop is placed inside another loop. This allows you to execute a set of instructions repeatedly.

Syntax :

```
for outer_var in outer_sequence:
```

```
# code block of the outer loop
```

```
for inner_var in inner_sequence:
```

```
# code block of the inner loop
```

Code : Nested loop to generate a multiplication table from 1 to 10.

```
for i in range(1, 6):
```

```
for j in range(1, 11):
```

```
    print(f"{i} * {j} = {i * j}")
```


Break :

If during the execution of the loop Python interpreter encounters break, it immediately stops the loop execution and exits out of it.

Syntax :

while condition :

code block inside the loop

if some-condition :

break # Exit the loop if the condition is met

Code :

```
candies = 10
for i in range (candies):
    print ("Giving a candy to a friend!")
    if candies - i == 5 :
        print ("only 5 candies left. stopping distribution")
        break
```

Continue :

Continue Statement is used to skip the rest of the current iteration in a loop and move to the next iteration immediately.

Syntax :

while condition : # code block inside the loop

if some-condition

continue # skip this iteration

Code :

```
candies = 10
for i in range (candies):
    if candies - i == 5 :
```

o/p Print ("Only 5 candies left, skipping this turn.")

Continue

Print ("Giving a candy to a friend!")