

PYTHON ASSIGNMENT

Problem Statement: Trade Reporting data Analysis

You have been given a dataset containing Regulatory trade reports for a financial institution.
malikjb35/pythonTest (github.com)

Problem 1

1. Exploratory Data Analysis and provide insight from the data: Conduct analysis on the dataset to gather insights and generate relevant statistics.
2. Data Visualization: Create visualizations to present the results of the data analysis.
3. Reporting: Generate a summary report that presents the findings from the data analysis and visualizations. Include key insights.

Problem 2

- Perform required data standardisation and normalization activities.
- Find Association, correlation among columns in above dataset.
- Find categorical features from this dataset for a classification model(use reporting status column as target vector if needed)
- Implement the encoding strategy for such identified columns.
- Group similar transaction together and identify no of such similar group.

Problem 1 Solution :

1. Exploratory Data Analysis and provide insight from the data: Conduct analysis on the dataset to gather insights and generate relevant statistics

```
In [95]: # Import the Libraries
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
In [96]: # Load the dataset
data = pd.read_csv("D:/USER/SREE/Jupyter Notebook Workspace/Assignments/Trade R
C:\Users\SREEPARNA\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\IPython\core\interactiveshell.
py:3444: DtypeWarning: Columns (15) have mixed types.Specify dtype option on
import or set low_memory=False.
exec(code_obj, self.user_global_ns, self.user_ns)
```

```
In [97]: # Check Dimension of the data
print(data.shape)
```

```
(50000, 26)
```

```
In [98]: # View the first few rows of the dataset
print(data.head())
```

```

tradeId regulator version assetClass clDateTime \
0      1      SEBI      1      FX 2023-07-18T11:47:26.075000Z
1      2      SEBI      9      FX 2023-08-02T03:12:48.207000Z
2      3      SEBI      8      FX 2023-05-09T07:42:36.475000Z
3      4      SEBI      1      FX 2023-10-01T05:02:54.209000Z
4      5      SEBI      1      FX 2023-01-23T20:53:01.076000Z

clStatus cflag eFlag cDateTime method ...
\
0      True  FULLY  False 2023-12-10T07:37:58.548000Z  NonElectronic ...
1      False FULLY  False 2023-10-03T22:32:10.991000Z  NotConfirmed ...
2      False FULLY  False 2023-03-09T20:32:31.302000Z  NonElectronic ...
3      False FULLY  True 2023-11-21T06:53:09.983000Z  Electronic ...
4      True  ONEWAY False 2023-08-05T17:06:08.895000Z  Electronic ...

seller endDate sType Product price \
0 Party1 2023-05-26T05:23:44.110000Z Cash Swap NaN
1 Party2 2023-07-23T23:43:15.460000Z Cash Swap NaN
2 Party2 2023-08-08T11:13:43.217000Z Physical Swap NaN
3 Party2 2023-07-31T19:30:37.266000Z Cash forward 91773.25433
4 Party1 2023-12-04T19:38:57.326000Z Cash Swap NaN

terminationDate party PartyId transactionType \
0 2023-07-02T04:01:17.940000Z PartyZ 1 EXIT
1 2023-08-15T13:25:45.442000Z PartyX 4 EXIT
2 2023-07-07T02:03:20.354000Z PartyX 4 TRADE
3 2023-08-02T04:55:34.632000Z PartyK 2 TRADE
4 2023-02-08T06:49:44.186000Z PartyX 4 TRADE

Reporting Status
0 Failed Ack
1 ACK
2 Processing Error
3 Acknowledged
4 Acknowledged

[5 rows x 26 columns]
```

```
In [99]: # Summary statistics
print(data.describe())
```

```

count tradeId version rate price PartyId
mean 25000.500000 4.991940 4985.640510 502292.898972 3.163600
std 14433.901067 2.593339 2892.605229 288205.734165 1.342919
min 1.000000 1.000000 0.630700 108.503208 1.000000
25% 12500.750000 3.000000 2473.364300 253646.139675 2.000000
50% 25000.500000 5.000000 4988.018500 501724.834200 3.000000
75% 37500.250000 7.000000 7484.013200 751081.198725 4.000000
max 50000.000000 9.000000 9999.865100 999940.821500 5.000000
```

```
In [100]: # Check for missing values
print(data.isnull().sum())
```

```
tradeId          0
regulator        0
version          0
assetClass       0
clDateTime       0
clStatus         0
cflag            0
eFlag            0
cDateTime        0
method           0
rate             0
expirationDate   0
eventT           0
mType            0
Timestamp        0
quantity         0
seller           0
endDate          0
sType            0
Product          0
price            34986
terminationDate  6209
party            0
PartyId          0
transactionType  0
Reporting Status  0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [101]: # Impute missing values for 'price' column with the median value
median_price = data['price'].median()
data['price'].fillna(median_price, inplace=True)
```

```
In [102]: # Impute missing values for terminationDate column with a placeholder value
data['terminationDate'].fillna(data['terminationDate'].mode()[0], inplace=True)
```

```
In [103]: # Check again for missing values
print(data.isnull().sum())
```

```
tradeId          0
regulator        0
version          0
assetClass       0
clDateTime       0
clStatus         0
cflag           0
eFlag           0
cDateTime       0
method          0
rate            0
expirationDate  0
eventT          0
mType           0
Timestamp       0
quantity        0
seller          0
endDate         0
sType           0
Product         0
price           0
terminationDate 0
party           0
PartyId         0
transactionType 0
Reporting Status 0
dtype: int64
```

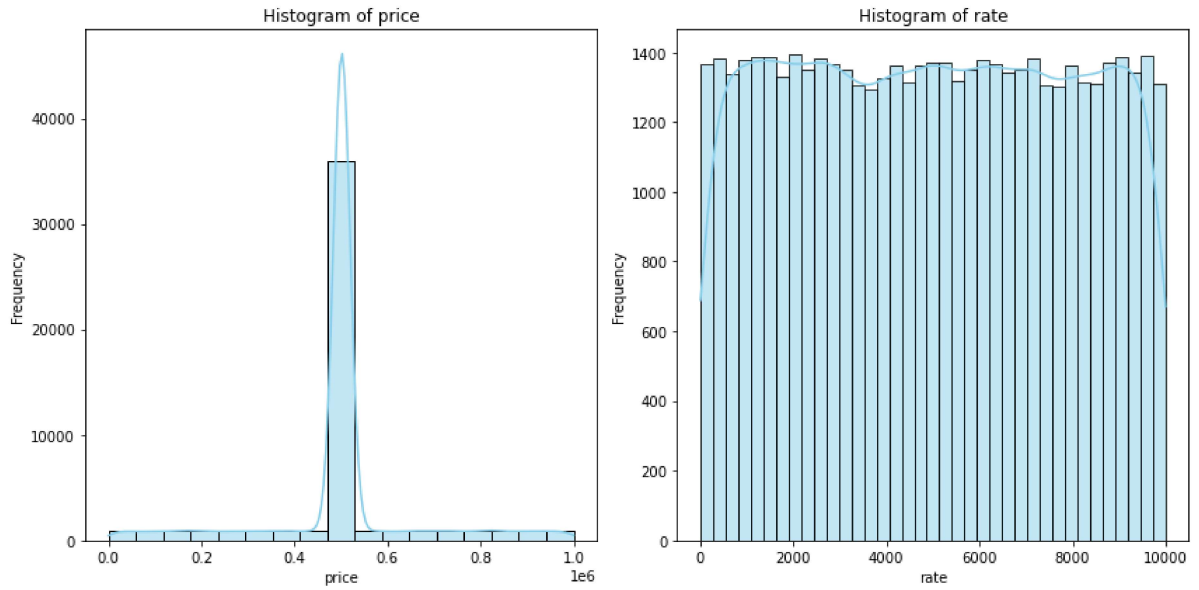
```
In [104]: # Again summarize the statistics
print(data.describe())
```

	tradeId	version	rate	price	PartyId
count	50000.000000	50000.000000	50000.000000	50000.000000	50000.000000
mean	25000.500000	4.991940	4985.640510	501895.412690	3.163600
std	14433.901067	2.593339	2892.605229	157926.965540	1.342919
min	1.000000	1.000000	0.630700	108.503208	1.000000
25%	12500.750000	3.000000	2473.364300	501724.834200	2.000000
50%	25000.500000	5.000000	4988.018500	501724.834200	3.000000
75%	37500.250000	7.000000	7484.013200	501724.834200	4.000000
max	50000.000000	9.000000	9999.865100	999940.821500	5.000000

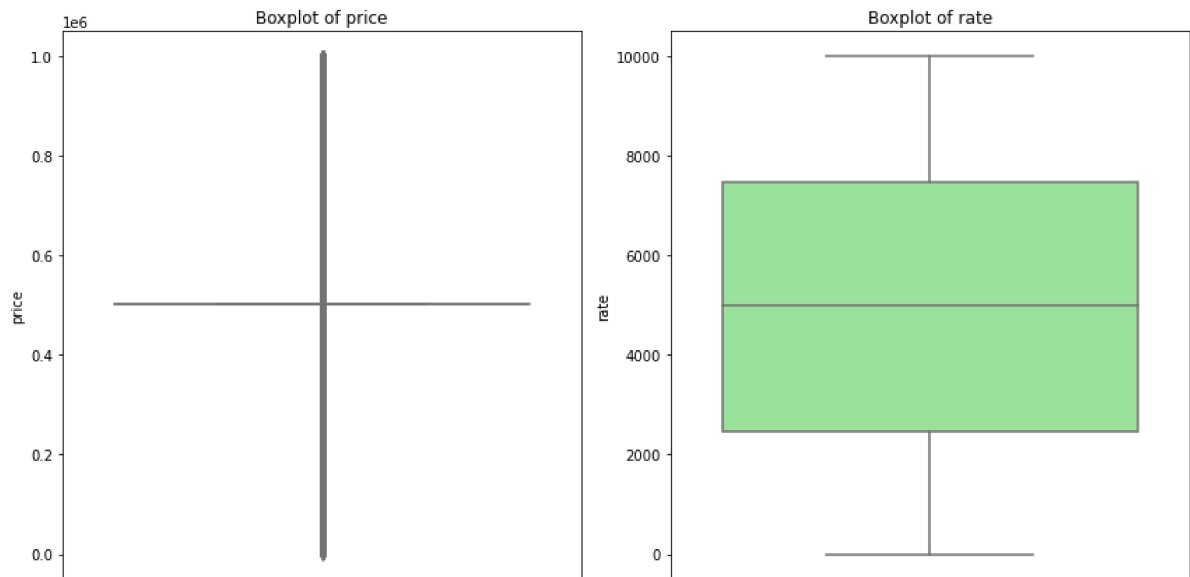
2. Data Visualization: Create visualizations to present the results of the data analysis.

```
In [105]: # Select numerical features for analysis
numerical_features = ['price', 'rate']
```

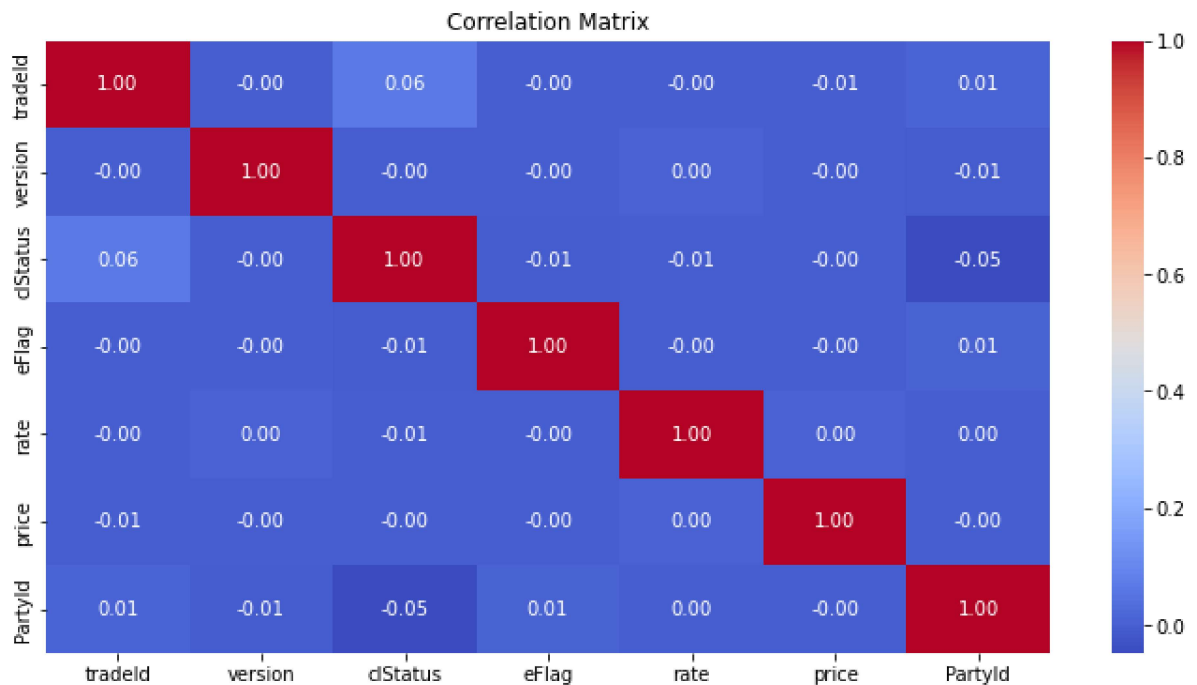
```
In [107]: # Visualization 1: Plot Histograms for numerical features
plt.figure(figsize=(12,6))
for i, feature in enumerate(numerical_features,1):
    plt.subplot(1,len(numerical_features),i)
    sns.histplot(data[feature], kde=True, color='skyblue')
    plt.title(f'Histogram of {feature}')
    plt.xlabel(feature)
    plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



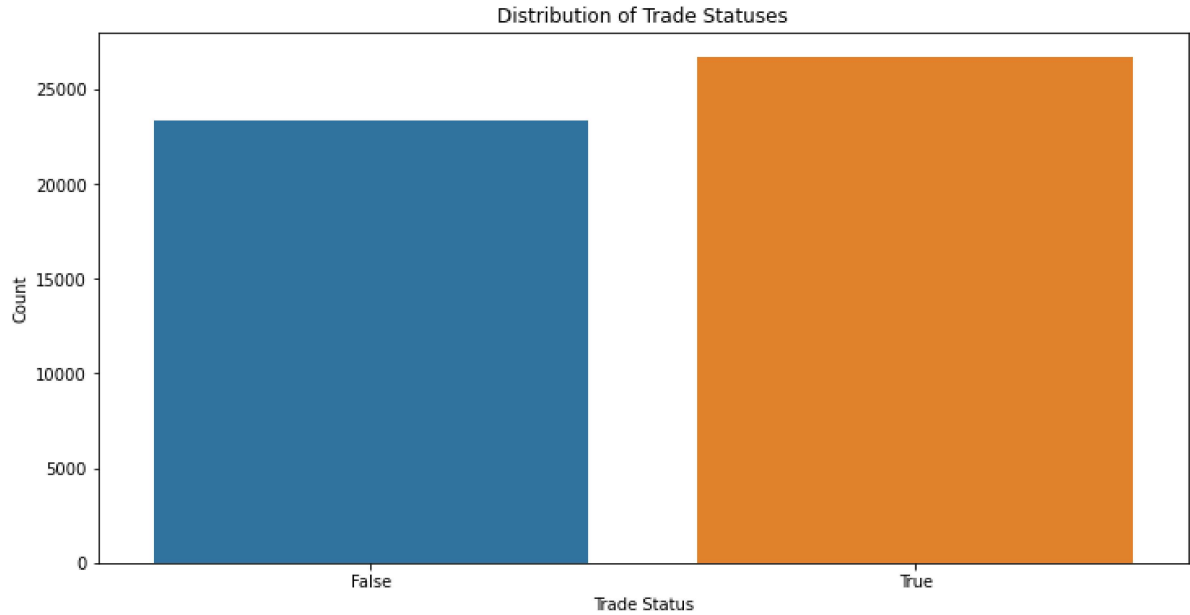
```
In [108]: # Visualization 2: Plot box plots for numerical features
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
for i, feature in enumerate(numerical_features, 1):
    plt.subplot(1, len(numerical_features), i)
    sns.boxplot(data=data, y=feature, color='lightgreen')
    plt.title(f'Boxplot of {feature}')
    plt.ylabel(feature)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
In [109]: # Visualization 3: Explore relationships between variables using correlation matrix
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.heatmap(data=data.corr(), annot=True, cmap='coolwarm', fmt=".2f")
plt.title("Correlation Matrix")
plt.show()
```



```
In [110]: # Visualization 4: Distribution of trade statuses
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.countplot(x='clStatus', data=data)
plt.title('Distribution of Trade Statuses')
plt.xlabel('Trade Status')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.show()
```



3. Reporting: Generate a summary report that presents the findings from the data analysis and visualizations. Include key insights.

```

In [94]: # Summary report
summary_report = """
Summary Report:

1. Asset Class Distribution:
   - Most common asset class: {asset_class_common}
   - Least common asset class: {asset_class_least}

2. Transaction Type Distribution:
   - Most common transaction type: {transaction_type_common}
   - Least common transaction type: {transaction_type_least}

3. Price Analysis:
   - Average price: ${average_price:.2f}
   - Maximum price: ${max_price:.2f}
   - Minimum price: ${min_price:.2f}

4. Missing Values Handling:
   - Price column: Filled missing values with median
   - TerminationDate column: Filled missing values with mode

5. Count of Transactions by Asset Class:
   {asset_class_counts}

6. Distribution of Trade Statuses:
   {trade_status_counts}

"""

# Calculate statistics
average_price = data['price'].mean()
max_price = data['price'].max()
min_price = data['price'].min()
asset_class_common = data['assetClass'].mode()[0]
asset_class_least = data['assetClass'].value_counts().idxmin()
transaction_type_common = data['transactionType'].mode()[0]
transaction_type_least = data['transactionType'].value_counts().idxmin()
asset_class_counts = data['assetClass'].value_counts()
trade_status_counts = data['clStatus'].value_counts()

# Print summary report
print(summary_report.format(
    asset_class_common=asset_class_common,
    asset_class_least=asset_class_least,
    transaction_type_common=transaction_type_common,
    transaction_type_least=transaction_type_least,
    average_price=average_price,
    max_price=max_price,
    min_price=min_price,
    asset_class_counts=asset_class_counts,
    trade_status_counts=trade_status_counts
))

```


Summary Report:

1. Asset Class Distribution:
 - Most common asset class: FX
 - Least common asset class: FX
2. Transaction Type Distribution:
 - Most common transaction type: TRADE
 - Least common transaction type: Exit
3. Price Analysis:
 - Average price: \$501895.41
 - Maximum price: \$999940.82
 - Minimum price: \$108.50
4. Missing Values Handling:
 - Price column: Filled missing values with median
 - TerminationDate column: Filled missing values with mode
5. Count of Transactions by Asset Class:

FX	50000
----	-------

 Name: assetClass, dtype: int64
6. Distribution of Trade Statuses:

True	26684
False	23316

 Name: clStatus, dtype: int64

Problem 2 Solution :

- Perform required data standardisation and normalization activities.
- Find Association, correlation among columns in above dataset.
- Find categorical features from this dataset for a classification model(use reporting status column as target vector if needed)
- Implement the encoding strategy for such identified columns.
- Group similar transaction together and identify no of such similar group.

```
In [119]: # Import the Libraries
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, MinMaxScaler, LabelEncoder
from sklearn.feature_selection import chi2
from itertools import combinations
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
import numpy as np
import category_encoders as ce
```

```
In [113]: # Data Standardization and Normalization
scaler = StandardScaler()
data_scaled = data.copy()
num_cols=data_scaled.select_dtypes(include=['float64','int64']).columns
data_scaled[num_cols]=scaler.fit_transform(data_scaled[num_cols])
```

```
In [134]: # Check data types of each column
print(data.select_dtypes(include=['object']).dtypes)
```

```
regulator          object
assetClass          object
clDateTime          object
cflag              object
cDateTime           object
method             object
expirationDate      object
eventT             object
mType              object
Timestamp           object
quantity            object
seller             object
endDate            object
sType              object
Product            object
terminationDate     object
party              object
transactionType     object
dtype: object
```

```
In [137]: # Association Analysis
association_matrix = np.zeros((len(data.columns), len(data.columns)))
for i, j in combinations(range(len(data.columns)), 2):
    if data.iloc[:, i].dtype == 'O' and data.iloc[:, j].dtype == 'O':
        chi2_stat, _ = chi2(data.iloc[:, i].fillna('NA').to_numpy().reshape(-1, 1),
                             data.iloc[:, j].fillna('NA').to_numpy().reshape(-1, 1))
        association_matrix[i, j] = chi2_stat
        association_matrix[j, i] = chi2_stat

print("Association Matrix:")
print(association_matrix)
```

```
In [149]: # Correlation Analysis
correlation_matrix = data_scaled.corr()

# Display result
print("\nCorrelation Matrix:")
print(correlation_matrix)
```

Correlation Matrix:

	tradeId	version	clStatus	eFlag	rate	price	PartyId
tradeId	1.000000	-0.002102	0.063872	-0.000457	-0.000581	-0.005098	0.010536
version	-0.002102	1.000000	-0.002921	-0.001846	0.003418	-0.002838	-0.009178
clStatus	0.063872	-0.002921	1.000000	-0.007996	-0.006058	-0.001147	-0.047483
eFlag	-0.000457	-0.001846	-0.007996	1.000000	-0.000535	-0.003193	0.009376
rate	-0.000581	0.003418	-0.006058	-0.000535	1.000000	0.003067	0.000781
price	-0.005098	-0.002838	-0.001147	-0.003193	0.003067	1.000000	-0.000467
PartyId	0.010536	-0.009178	-0.047483	0.009376	0.000781	-0.000467	1.000000

```
In [150]: # Categorical Feature Identification
categorical_features = data.select_dtypes(include=['object']).columns.tolist()

# Display Results
print("\nCategorical Features:", categorical_features)
```

Categorical Features: ['regulator', 'assetClass', 'clDateTime', 'cflag', 'clDateTime', 'method', 'expirationDate', 'eventT', 'mType', 'Timestamp', 'quantity', 'seller', 'endDate', 'sType', 'Product', 'terminationDate', 'party', 'transactionType']

```
In [151]: # Encoding Strategy Implementation
data_encoded = data.copy()
label_encoders = {}
for feature in categorical_features:
    le = LabelEncoder()
    data_encoded[feature] = le.fit_transform(data_encoded[feature])
    label_encoders[feature] = le

print("\nEncoded DataFrame:")
print(data_encoded)
```

Encoded DataFrame:

	tradeId	regulator	version	assetClass	clDateTime	clStatus	cflag
0	1	0	1	0	27209	True	1
1	2	0	9	0	29230	False	1
2	3	0	8	0	17571	False	1
3	4	0	1	0	37351	False	1
4	5	0	1	0	3196	True	2
...
49995	49996	0	8	0	25309	False	2
49996	49997	0	2	0	33429	False	1
49997	49998	0	8	0	40644	False	5
49998	49999	0	2	0	37216	True	2
49999	50000	0	5	0	40767	False	3

	eFlag	cDateTime	method	...	seller	endDate	sType	Product	\
0	False	46888	6	...	0	19837	0	2	
1	False	37735	7	...	1	27946	0	2	
2	False	9409	6	...	1	30000	1	2	
3	True	44258	1	...	1	28937	0	3	
4	False	29585	1	...	0	46069	0	2	
...	
49995	False	13678	1	...	0	48919	0	2	
49996	False	46436	1	...	0	19263	1	2	
49997	True	43033	6	...	1	2750	0	2	
49998	True	8555	1	...	0	3111	1	2	
49999	True	46806	3	...	0	39600	0	2	

	price	terminationDate	party	PartyId	transactionType	\
0	501724.83420	21943	4	1	0	
1	501724.83420	27234	2	4	0	
2	501724.83420	22535	2	4	2	
3	91773.25433	25685	0	2	2	
4	501724.83420	4572	2	4	2	
...	
49995	501724.83420	42982	2	4	0	
49996	501724.83420	18105	2	4	2	
49997	501724.83420	21609	4	1	0	
49998	501724.83420	19112	1	3	0	
49999	501724.83420	0	3	5	0	

	Reporting Status
0	3
1	0
2	6
3	1
4	1
...	...
49995	5
49996	5
49997	5
49998	0
49999	2

[50000 rows x 26 columns]

```
In [152]: # Grouping Similar Transactions
similar_groups = data.groupby(['assetClass', 'transactionType']).size().reset_

# Display results
print("\nSimilar Transaction Groups:")
print(similar_groups)
```

Similar Transaction Groups:

	assetClass	transactionType	count
0	FX	EXIT	24366
1	FX	Exit	1
2	FX	TRADE	25633

```

In [153]: # Summary report2
summary_report2 = """
Summary Report2 :

1. Association Matrix:
    {association_matrix}

2. Correlation Matrix:
    {correlation_matrix}

3. Categorical Feature:
    {categorical_features}

4. Encoded Dataframe:
    {data_encoded}

5. Similar Transaction Groups:
    {similar_groups}

"""

# Print summary report2
print(summary_report2.format(
    association_matrix=association_matrix,
    correlation_matrix=correlation_matrix,
    categorical_features=categorical_features,
    data_encoded=data_encoded,
    similar_groups=similar_groups
))

```

Summary Report2 :

```

1. Association Matrix:
[[0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
0.
0. 0.]
[0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
0. 0.]
[0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
0. 0.]
[0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
0. 0.]
[0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
0. 0.]
[0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
0. 0.]
[0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
0. 0.]
[0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
0. 0.]
[0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
0. 0.]
[0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
0. 0.]

```

In []:

