EXPERIMENT 4

DML Commands using UPDATE, DELETE

```
mysql> -- Update one student's age
mysql> UPDATE Students
    -> SET Age = 19
    -> WHERE StudentID = 1;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql>
mysql> -- Update multiple columns
mysql> UPDATE Students
    -> SET Age = 18, Class = '12B'
-> WHERE Name = 'Anita';
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> SELECT * FROM Students;
| StudentID | Name
                     Age
                            Class
          1 Ravi
                              12A
                        19 I
            Anita
                        18 l
                             12B
                        16 l
          3 | Karan |
                             10A
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> -- Delete one record
mysql> DELETE FROM Students
    -> WHERE StudentID = 3;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
mysql>
mysql> -- Delete all records (be careful!)
mysql> DELETE FROM Students;
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> SELECT * FROM Students;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
mysql> INSERT INTO Students (StudentID, Name, Age, Class)
    -> VALUES
    -> (1, 'Ravi', 18, '12A'),
-> (2, 'Anita', 17, '11B'),

-> (3, 'Karan', 16, '10A'),

-> (4, 'Sita', 15, '9C');

Query OK, 4 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 4 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> SELECT * FROM Students;
| StudentID | Name
                       Age
                               Class
           1 | Ravi
                           18 | 12A
           2
                Anita
                           17
                                 11B
           3
                Karan
                           16
                                 10A
                           15
           4
                               9C
              Sita
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```