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Javascript Selectors

1. `getElementById`: Retrieves an element based on its unique identifier (ID).
2. `getElementsByTagName`: Returns a collection of elements with the specified tag name.
3. `getElementsByClassName`: Returns a collection of elements with the specified class name.
4. `getElementsByName`: Returns a collection of elements with the specified name attribute.

Examples

Suppose this is the common html:

```
<html>
<p id="uniqueElement">Sentence with an ID.</p>

<div>Sentence within a div.</div>

<p class="myClass">Sentence within a class.</p>

<input type="text" name="nameValue" value="Sentence with a name">

</html>
```

JavaScript:

```
<script>  
var elementById = document.getElementById("uniqueElement");  
console.log("getElementById:", elementById.textContent);
```

Output: Sentence with an ID.

```
var elementsByTagName = document.getElementsByTagName("div");  
console.log("getElementsByTagName:", elementsByTagName[0].textContent);
```

Output: Sentence within a div.

```
var elementsByClassName = document.getElementsByClassName("myClass");  
console.log("getElementsByClassName:", elementsByClassName[0].textContent);
```

Output: Sentence within a class.

```
var elementsByName = document.getElementsByName("nameValue");  
console.log("getElementsByName:", elementsByName[0].value);
```

Output: Sentence with a name.

```
</script>
```