

Status	Finished
Started	Monday, 3 November 2025, 5:48 PM
Completed	Monday, 3 November 2025, 7:05 PM
Duration	1 hour 16 mins

Question 1

Correct

The k-digit number N is an Armstrong number if and only if the k-th power of each digit sums to N.

Given a positive integer N, return true if and only if it is an Armstrong number.

Example 1:

Input:

153

Output:

true

Explanation:

153 is a 3-digit number, and $1^3 + 5^3 + 3^3 = 153$.

Example 2:

Input:

123

Output:

false

Explanation:

123 is a 3-digit number, and $1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 \neq 123$.

Example 3:

Input:

1634

Output:

true

Note:

$1 \leq N \leq 10^8$

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <math.h>
3 int main()
4 {
5     long long int num, sum = 0, nod = 0, rem,temp;
6     scanf("%lld", &num);
7     temp = num;
8     while(num>0)
9     {
10        nod++;
11        num = num/10;
12    }
13    num = temp;
14    while(num>0)
15    {
16        rem = num%10;
17        sum = sum + pow(rem, nod);
18        num = num/10;
19    }
20
21    if(sum == temp)
22        printf("true");
23    else
24        printf("false");
25    return 0;
26 }
```



	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	153	true	true	✓
✓	123	false	false	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Question 2

Incorrect

Take a number, reverse it and add it to the original number until the obtained number is a palindrome.

Constraints

$1 \leq \text{num} \leq 99999999$

Sample Input 1

32

Sample Output 1

55

For example:

Input	Result
32	55
1234	5555

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     long long int num,sum,revnum,tempnum,tempsum;
5
6     scanf(" %lld", &num);
7     while(1)
8     {
9         revnum = revnum*10 * (num%10);
10        num = num/10;
11    }
12    sum = tempnum + revnum;
13    tempsum = sum;
14    revnum = 0;
15
16    while(sum)
17    {
18        revnum = revnum*10 + (sum%10);
19        sum = sum/10;
20    }
21    if(tempsum == revnum)
22    break;
23    num=tempsum;
24 }
```

```
25 | printf("%lld", tempsum);  
26 | return 0;  
27 | }
```

[]

Syntax Error(s)

```
_tester_.c: In function 'main':  
_tester_.c:22:5: error: break statement not within loop or switch  
22 |     break;  
|     ^~~~~~  
_tester_.c: At top level:  
_tester_.c:25:8: error: expected declaration specifiers or '...' before string cc  
25 | printf("%lld", tempsum);  
|     ^~~~~~  
_tester_.c:25:17: error: unknown type name 'tempsum'  
25 | printf("%lld", tempsum);  
|     ^~~~~~  
_tester_.c:26:1: error: expected identifier or '(' before 'return'  
26 | return 0;  
|     ^~~~~~  
_tester_.c:27:1: error: expected identifier or '(' before ')' token  
27 | }  
| ^
```



Question 3

Incorrect

Maya, a student in an arts and crafts class, wants to create a pattern using stars (*) in a specific format. She plans to use a program to help her construct the pattern.

Write a program that takes an integer as input and constructs the following pattern using nested for loops.

Input: 5

Output:

```
*
```

```
**
```

```
***
```

```
****
```

```
*****
```

```
****
```

```
***
```

```
**
```

```
*
```

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     int i,j;
4     int num_rows = 5;
5
6     for (i = 1; i <= num_rows; i++) {
7         for (j = i; j<num_rows; j++){
8             printf(" ");
9
10        }
11        for(j = 1; j<=i; j++){
12            printf("*");
13
14        }
15        printf("\n");
16    }
17
18
19    for(i = num_rows - 1; i >= 1; i--){
20        for(j = num_rows; j > i; j--){
21            printf(" ");
22        }
23        for(j = 1; j <= i; j++){
24            printf("*");
25        }
26        printf("\n");
27    }
28
29}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✖	5	*	*	✖
		* *	**	
		* * *	***	
		* * * *	****	
		* * * * *	*****	
		* * * *	****	
		* * *	***	
		* *	**	
		*	*	

Some hidden test cases failed, too.

Your code must pass all tests to earn any marks. Try again.

Show differences