of Sirius, but this must have been from early times in the Desert. In our maps it marks the right fore foot of the Dog.

The Chinese called it Kuen She, the Soldiers' Market.

 γ , 4.5, is Burritt's **Muliphen** that properly belongs to δ and to stars in Columba; but the *Century Atlas* has it **Mirzs**.

It is **Isis** with Bayer, which Ideler confirms, but Grotius applied the title to the adjacent μ , adding, however, *nisi potius quarta sit*, thus referring to γ .

Montanari said that it entirely disappeared in 1670, and was not again observed for twenty-three years, when it reappeared to Miraldi, and since has maintained a steady lustre, although faint for its lettering.

It marks the top of the Dog's head.

δ, 2.2, light yellow,

is the modern **Wezen**, from **Al Wazn**, Weight, "as the star seems to rise with difficulty from the horizon"; but Ideler justly calls this an astonishing star-name.

It also was one of the **Muhlifain** particularly described under Columba.

The Chinese knew η and κ of Canis Major, with stars in Argo, as **Hoo She**, the Bow and Arrow.

Gould thought δ variable. It lies near the Dog's hind quarter, and has a 7.5-magnitude companion 2' 45" away, readily seen with an opera-glass.

ε, Double, 2 and 9, pale orange and violet.

Adara, Adhara, Adard, Udara, and Udra are from Al 'Adhārā, the Virgins, applied to this star in connection with δ , η , and σ ; perhaps from the Arabic story of Suhail. It has also been designated Al Zara, with probably the same signification, although this form is erroneous.

The component stars are 7".5 apart, at a position angle of 160°.6.

ζ, 3, light orange.

Furud is either from **Al Furud**, the Bright Single Ones, or, perhaps by a transcriber's error, from **Al Kurūd**, the Apes, referring to the surrounding small stars with some of those of Columba; Ideler thought the latter derivation more probable. Al Sufi mentioned these as **Al Agribah**, the Ravens. ζ marks the toe of the right hind foot.