church, when rebuilt by St. Poppo in 1040, was dedicated to God under the patronage of St. Remaclus. One arm was given to the abbey of Solignac, in 1268; and some small portions of his relics to the churches of Paterborn and Bamberg. See his life, compiled by a monk of Stavelo, about the year 850, extant in Mabillon. Act. Bened. p. 494.) A second life, wrote in the following century by Heriger, abbot of Laubs; and The Triumph of St. Remaclus, in two books, compiled by Geoffrey, prior of Stevelo, in 1070, with an account of many miracles; also a MS. life of this saint, wrote by Thietmar, abbot of Gemblours, in 1100. See likewise Le Cointe, Annales Eccl. Franc. ad. ann, 662, Miræus, Fleury, l. 38, n. 58.

## ST. MANSUET, FIRST BISHOP OF TOUL IN LORRAIN.

AND APOSTLE OF THAT PART OF THE ANCIENT BELGIC GAUL. Some have thought him a disciple of St. Peter the apostle; but Limpen, the Bollandist, shows that he could not have founded this church before the reign of Constantine, and that he flourished in his and his son's time, and died about the year 375, as appears from the catalogue of his successors in that see. St. Gerard, bishop of Toul in 971, made a solemn translation of his relies, repaired his church, and founded under his patronage the rich monastery which bears his name. See Martenne, t. 3. Anecdot. Col. 1024, et Collectionis, t. 6, p. 637. Calmet, Hist. de Lorraine. Mabillon, Annal. t. 4. 1. 56 and 57. The Bollandists, t. 1, Sept. p. 636.

## ST. MACNISIUS, FIRST BISHOP OF CONNOB IN IRELAND.

According to Colgan, he was a disciple of St. Olcan, who was disciple of St. Patrick, and died on the 3rd of November, 513. But, in the Annals of Tigernach, and in the ancient scholiast of the Ængusian Martyrology, he is mentioned under the 3rd of September. The annals of Innisfallen place his death in 506. See Colgan, Act. Sanct. p. 375, and Ware, p. 217, also Welde the Bollandist, t. 1. Sept. p. 663. St. Macnisius has proper mass among those approved for Ireland by Clement XII. printed at Paris in 1734.

<sup>\*</sup> The see of Connor was united with that of Down in the year 1442.