



## **OpenStack Configuration Reference**

juno (2015-12-08)

Copyright © 2013, 2014 OpenStack Foundation All rights reserved.

This document is for system administrators who want to look up configuration options. It contains lists of configuration options available with OpenStack and uses auto-generation to generate options and the descriptions from the code for each project. It includes sample configuration files.

Licensed under the Apache License, Version 2.0 (the "License"); you may not use this file except in compliance with the License. You may obtain a copy of the License at

http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0

Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in writing, software distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS IS" BASIS, WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or implied. See the License for the specific language governing permissions and limitations under the License.

# **Table of Contents**

Op	enStack configuration overview	xix
	Conventions	xix
	Document change history	xx
	Configuration file format	xx
1.	Block Storage	1
	Introduction to the Block Storage service	1
	cinder.conf configuration file	2
	Volume drivers	
	Backup drivers	105
	Block Storage sample configuration files	
	Log files used by Block Storage	
	Fibre Channel Zone Manager	
	Volume encryption with static key	
	Additional options	
	New, updated and deprecated options in Juno for OpenStack Block Storage	
2.	Compute	
	Overview of nova.conf	
	Configure logging	
	Configure authentication and authorization	
	Configure resize	
	Database configuration	
	Configure the Oslo RPC messaging system	
	Configure the Compute API	
	Configure the EC2 API	
	Fibre Channel support in Compute	
	Hypervisors	
	Scheduling	
	Cells	
	Conductor	
	Example nova.conf configuration files	
	Compute log files	
	Compute sample configuration files	
	New, updated and deprecated options in Juno for OpenStack Compute	
2	Dashboard	
٥.	Configure the dashboard	
	Customize the dashboard	
	Additional sample configuration files  Dashboard log files	
1	Dashboard log files	
4.	Configure the database	
	Configure the database	
_		
	Data processing service	
Ο.	Identity service	
	Caching layer Identity service configuration file	
	, and the second se	
	Identity service sample configuration files	
7	New, updated and deprecated options in Juno for OpenStack Identity	
1.	Image Service	403

Configure the API	410
Configure the RPC messaging system	411
Support for ISO images	414
Configure back ends	
Image Service sample configuration files	420
New, updated and deprecated options in Juno for OpenStack Image Service	442
8. Networking	444
Networking configuration options	444
Log files used by Networking	483
Networking sample configuration files	483
New, updated and deprecated options in Juno for OpenStack Networking	504
9. Object Storage	513
Introduction to Object Storage	513
Object Storage general service configuration	513
Object server configuration	
Object expirer configuration	525
Container server configuration	529
Container sync realms configuration	536
Container reconciler configuration	538
Account server configuration	540
Proxy server configuration	547
Proxy server memcache configuration	564
Rsyncd configuration	
Configure Object Storage features	565
New, updated and deprecated options in Juno for OpenStack Object Storage	580
10. Orchestration	585
Configure APIs	590
Configure Clients	593
Configure the RPC messaging system	596
New, updated and deprecated options in Juno for Orchestration	600
11. Telemetry	602
Telemetry sample configuration files	614
New, updated and deprecated options in Juno for Telemetry	634
A. Firewalls and default ports	638
B. Community support	640
Documentation	640
ask.openstack.org	641
OpenStack mailing lists	641
The OpenStack wiki	642
The Launchpad Bugs area	
The OpenStack IRC channel	643
Documentation feedback	643
OpenStack distribution packages	643

# **List of Figures**

1.1.	Ceph architecture	3
	Repository Creation Plan screen	
	Local configuration	
	Remote configuration	
	VMware driver architecture	
2.2.	Filtering	232
	Weighting hosts	
	KVM, Flat, MySQL, and Glance, OpenStack or EC2 API	
	KVM, Flat, MySQL, and Glance, OpenStack or EC2 API	

# **List of Tables**

1.1. Description of Ceph storage configuration options	5
1.2. Description of Coraid AoE driver configuration options	
1.3. Description of Dell EqualLogic volume driver configuration options	11
1.4. Description of GlusterFS storage configuration options	30
1.5. Description of HDS HNAS iSCSI and NFS driver configuration options	
1.6. Configuration options	
1.7. Description of HDS HUS iSCSI driver configuration options	
1.8. Configuration options	
1.9. Description of Hitachi storage volume driver configuration options	
1.10. Huawei storage driver configuration options	
1.11. Description of GPFS storage configuration options	
1.12. Volume Create Options for GPFS Volume Drive	
1.13. List of configuration flags for Storwize storage and SVC driver	. 62
1.14. Description of IBM Storwise driver configuration options	63
1.15. Description of IBM XIV and DS8000 volume driver configuration options	
1.16. Description of LVM configuration options	
1.17. Description of NetApp cDOT iSCSI driver configuration options	
1.18. Description of NetApp cDOT NFS driver configuration options	
1.19. Description of extra specs options for NetApp Unified Driver with Clustered Data	70
ONTAP	73
1.20. Description of NetApp 7-Mode iSCSI driver configuration options	
1.21. Description of NetApp 7-Mode NFS driver configuration options	
1.22. Description of NetApp E-Series driver configuration options	
1.23. Description of Nexapp E-series driver configuration options	
1.24. Description of Nexenta NFS driver configuration options	
1.25. Description of NFS storage configuration options	02
1.26. Description of ProphetStor Fibre Channel and iSCSi drivers configuration options	96
1.27. Description of SolidFire driver configuration options	
1.28. Description of VMware configuration options	
1.29. Extra spec entry to VMDK disk file type mapping	
1.30. Extra spec entry to clone type mapping	
1.31. Description of Windows configuration options	
1.32. Description of Xen storage configuration options	
1.33. Description of Zadara Storage driver configuration options	
1.34. Description of ZFS Storage Appliance iSCSI driver configuration options	
1.35. Description of Ceph backup driver configuration options	106
1.36. Description of IBM Tivoli Storage Manager backup driver configuration options	400
1.27 Description of Cuift heading driver configuration autism	
1.37. Description of Swift backup driver configuration options	
1.38. Log files used by Block Storage services	
1.39. Description of zoning configuration options	
1.40. Description of zoning manager configuration options	
1.41. Description of zoning fabrics configuration options	
1.42. Description of cisco zoning manager configuration options	
1.43. Description of cisco zoning fabrics configuration options	
1.44. Description of authorization token configuration options	
1.45. Description of Huawei storage driver configuration options	167

1.46. Description of NAS configuration options	16/
1.47. Description of HP MSA Fiber Channel driver configuration options	167
1.48. Description of Nimble driver configuration options	167
1.49. Description of Pure Storage driver configuration options	167
1.50. Description of database configuration options	168
1.51. Description of key manager configuration options	
1.52. Description of storage configuration options	
1.53. Description of RPC configuration options	
1.54. Description of AMQP configuration options	
1.55. Description of Qpid configuration options	
1.56. Description of RabbitMQ configuration options	
1.57. Description of Redis configuration options	
1.58. Description of ZeroMQ configuration options	
1.59. Description of Solaris SAN configuration options	
1.60. Description of rootwrap configuration options	
1.61. Description of CA and SSL configuration options	
1.62. Description of images configuration options	
1.63. Description of swift configuration options	
1.64. Description of EMC configuration options	
1.65. Description of backups configuration options	
1.66. Description of HP 3PAR Fibre Channel and iSCSI drivers configuration options	
1.67. Description of API configuration options	
1.68. Description of HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual driver configuration options	
1.69. Description of Scality SOFS volume driver configuration options	
1.70. Description of block device configuration options	
·	
1.71. Description of Compute configuration options	
1.72. Description of SAN configuration options	
1.73. Description of zones configuration options	
1.74. Description of authorization configuration options	
1.75. Description of scheduler configuration options	
1.76. Description of quota configuration options	
1.77. Description of common configuration options	
1.78. Description of logging configuration options	
1.79. Description of logging configuration options	
1.80. Description of testing configuration options	
1.81. Description of profiler configuration options	
1.82. Description of Fusion-io driver configuration options	
1.83. Description of IBM NAS volume driver configuration options	
1.84. Description of Datera volume driver configuration options	
1.85. Description of Fujitsu ETERNUS DX volume driver configuration options	
1.86. Description of Samba volume driver configuration options	
1.87. New options	
1.88. New default values	
1.89. Deprecated options	
2.1. Description of RabbitMQ configuration options	193
2.2. Description of Qpid configuration options	
2.3. Description of ZeroMQ configuration options	
2.4. Description of AMQP configuration options	195
2.5. Description of RPC configuration options	195
2.6. Default API rate limits	
2.7. vCenter permissions tree	215

	ppenstack image service disk type settings	
	Host weighting options	
	Cell weighting options	
	Log files used by Compute services	
	Description of API configuration options	
2.13.	Description of API v3 configuration options	258
2.14.	Description of authentication configuration options	258
2.15.	Description of authorization token configuration options	258
2.16.	Description of availability zones configuration options	260
2.17.	Description of baremetal configuration options	260
2.18.	Description of CA configuration options	261
2.19.	Description of cell configuration options	262
2.20.	Description of common configuration options	262
2.21.	Description of Compute configuration options	263
2.22.	Description of conductor configuration options	265
2.23.	Description of config drive configuration options	265
2.24.	Description of console configuration options	265
2.25.	Description of database configuration options	265
2.26.	Description of logging configuration options	266
	Description of EC2 configuration options	
	Description of ephemeral storage encryption configuration options	
	Description of fping configuration options	
	Description of glance configuration options	
	Description of HyperV configuration options	
	Description of hypervisor configuration options	
	Description of bare metal configuration options	
	Description of IPv6 configuration options	
	Description of key manager configuration options	
	Description of LDAP configuration options	
	Description of Libvirt configuration options	
	Description of live migration configuration options	
	Description of logging configuration options	
	Description of metadata configuration options	
	Description of network configuration options	
	Description of neutron configuration options	
	Description of PCI configuration options	
	Description of periodic configuration options	
	Description of policy configuration options	
	Description of quota configuration options	
	Description of RDP configuration options	
	Description of Redis configuration options	
	Description of rootwrap configuration options	
	Description of 53 configuration options	
	Description of scheduler configuration options	
	Description of serial console configuration options	
	Description of SPICE configuration options	
	Description of testing configuration options	
	Description of Tilera configuration options	
	Description of trusted computing configuration options	
	Description of upgrade levels configuration options	
∠.⊃ŏ.	Description of VMware configuration options	2Ö3

2.59. Description of VNC configuration options	284
2.60. Description of volumes configuration options	284
2.61. Description of VPN configuration options	285
2.62. Description of Xen configuration options	285
2.63. Description of XCP VNC proxy configuration options	288
2.64. Description of Zookeeper configuration options	288
2.65. New options	297
2.66. New default values	
2.67. Deprecated options	301
3.1. Dashboard/httpd log files	
4.1. Description of API configuration options	
4.2. Description of authorization token configuration options	
4.3. Description of backup configuration options	
4.4. Description of CA and SSL configuration options	
4.5. Description of clients configuration options	
4.6. Description of cluster configuration options	
4.7. Description of common configuration options	
4.8. Description of Compute configuration options	
4.9. Description of logging configuration options	
4.10. Description of DNS configuration options	
4.11. Description of guest agent configuration options	
4.12. Description of Orchestration module configuration options	
4.13. Description of logging configuration options	
4.14. Description of network configuration options	
4.15. Description of nova configuration options	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
4.16. Description of quota configuration options	
4.17. Description of Redis configuration options	
4.18. Description of testing configuration options	
4.19. Description of swift configuration options	
4.20. Description of taskmanager configuration options	
4.21. Description of volume configuration options	
4.22. Description of database configuration options	
4.23. Description of Cassandra database configuration options	
4.24. Description of Couchbase database configuration options	
4.25. Description of MongoDB database configuration options	
4.26. Description of MySQL database configuration options	
4.27. Description of Percona database configuration options	
4.28. Description of PostgreSQL database configuration options	
4.29. Description of Redis database configuration options	
4.30. Description of RabbitMQ configuration options	
4.31. Description of Qpid configuration options	
4.32. Description of ZeroMQ configuration options	
4.33. Description of AMQP configuration options	
4.34. Description of RPC configuration options	
5.1. Description of AMQP configuration options	
5.2. Description of authorization token configuration options	
5.3. Description of common configuration options	339
5.4. Description of database configuration options	340
5.5. Description of domain configuration options	341
5.6. Description of logging configuration options	341
5.7. Description of logging configuration options	341

5.8. Description of Qpid configuration options	
5.9. Description of RabbitMQ configuration options	343
5.10. Description of Redis configuration options	
5.11. Description of RPC configuration options	
5.12. Description of testing configuration options	344
5.13. Description of ZeroMQ configuration options	344
6.1. Description of cache configuration options	
6.2. Description of API configuration options	347
6.3. Description of assignment configuration options	348
6.4. Description of authorization configuration options	
6.5. Description of authorization token configuration options	349
6.6. Description of CA and SSL configuration options	350
6.7. Description of catalog configuration options	351
6.8. Description of common configuration options	351
6.9. Description of credential configuration options	352
6.10. Description of database configuration options	352
6.11. Description of logging configuration options	352
6.12. Description of EC2 configuration options	353
6.13. Description of federation configuration options	353
6.14. Description of identity configuration options	353
6.15. Description of KVS configuration options	354
6.16. Description of LDAP configuration options	
6.17. Description of logging configuration options	
6.18. Description of mapping configuration options	
6.19. Description of memcache configuration options	
6.20. Description of OAuth configuration options	
6.21. Description of os_inherit configuration options	359
6.22. Description of policy configuration options	359
6.23. Description of revoke configuration options	359
6.24. Description of SAML configuration options	359
6.25. Description of security configuration options	360
6.26. Description of stats configuration options	360
6.27. Description of testing configuration options	360
6.28. Description of token configuration options	361
6.29. Description of trust configuration options	361
6.30. Description of RPC configuration options	361
6.31. Description of AMQP configuration options	362
6.32. Description of Qpid configuration options	362
6.33. Description of RabbitMQ configuration options	362
6.34. Description of ZeroMQ configuration options	363
6.35. Description of Redis configuration options	363
6.36. New options	398
6.37. New default values	401
6.38. Deprecated options	401
7.1. Description of authorization token configuration options	403
7.2. Description of common configuration options	405
7.3. Description of database configuration options	
7.4. Description of flagmappings configuration options	407
7.5. Description of logging configuration options	407
7.6. Description of policy configuration options	408
7.7. Description of profiler configuration options	408

7.8. Description of Redis configuration options	409
7.9. Description of registry configuration options	409
7.10. Description of testing configuration options	409
7.11. Description of API configuration options	410
7.12. Description of CA and SSL configuration options	411
7.13. Description of RabbitMQ configuration options	412
7.14. Description of Qpid configuration options	
7.15. Description of ZeroMQ configuration options	
7.16. Description of AMQP configuration options	
7.17. Description of RPC configuration options	
7.18. Description of cinder configuration options	
7.19. Description of filesystem configuration options	
7.20. Description of GridFS configuration options	
7.21. Description of RBD configuration options	
7.22. Description of S3 configuration options	
7.22. Description of Sheepdog configuration options	
7.24. Description of swift configuration options	
7.24. Description of SWIT Configuration options	
7.26. New options	
7.28. Deprecated options	
8.1. Description of common configuration options	
8.2. Description of BigSwitch configuration options	
8.3. Description of Brocade configuration options	
8.4. Description of Cisco configuration options	
8.5. Description of cfg agent configuration options	
8.6. Description of HyperV agent configuration options	
8.7. Description of Embrane configuration options	
8.8. Description of SDN-VE configuration options	
8.9. Description of Linux Bridge agent configuration options	
8.10. Description of Mellanox configuration options	
8.11. Description of meta configuration options	
8.12. Description of ML2 configuration options	
8.13. Description of ML2 Flat mechanism driver configuration options	454
8.14. Description of ML2 GRE configuration options	454
8.15. Description of ML2 VLAN configuration options	454
8.16. Description of ML2 VXLN configuration options	454
8.17. Description of ML2 Arista mechanism driver configuration options	454
8.18. Description of Arista layer-3 service plug-in configuration options	455
8.19. Description of ML2 BigSwitch mechanism driver configuration options	
8.20. Description of ML2 Brocade mechanism driver configuration options	
8.21. Description of ML2 Cisco mechanism driver configuration options	
8.22. Description of ML2 Freescale SDN mechanism driver configuration options	
8.23. Description of Mellanox ML2 mechanism driver configuration options	
8.24. Description of ML2 OpenDaylight mechanism driver configuration options	
8.25. Description of ML2 of agent mechanism driver configuration options	
8.26. Description of ML2 L2 population configuration options	
8.27. Description of ML2 NCS mechanism driver configuration options	
8.28. Description of ML2 ML2 SR-IOV driver configuration options	
8.29. Description of Midonet configuration options	
8.30. Description of Nec configuration options	400

8.31. Description of Nuage configuration options	
8.32. Description of NVSD driver configuration options	
8.33. Description of OpenContrail configuration options	
8.34. Description of Open vSwitch agent configuration options	
8.35. Description of PLUMgrid configuration options	
8.36. Description of RYU configuration options	
8.37. Description of SR-IOV configuration options	
8.38. Description of VMware configuration options	
8.39. Description of RabbitMQ configuration options	
8.40. Description of Qpid configuration options	
8.41. Description of ZeroMQ configuration options	
8.42. Description of RPC configuration options	
8.43. Description of Redis configuration options	
8.44. Description of AMQP configuration options	
8.45. Description of agent configuration options	
8.46. Description of API configuration options	
8.47. Description of authorization token configuration options	470
8.48. Description of Compute configuration options	472
8.49. Description of database configuration options	473
8.50. Description of logging configuration options	
8.51. Description of DHCP agent configuration options	474
8.52. Description of DVR configuration options	474
8.53. Description of Embrane LBaaS driver configuration options	474
8.54. Description of FwaaS configuration options	475
8.55. Description of IPv6 router advertisement configuration options	475
8.56. Description of L3 agent configuration options	475
8.57. Description of LBaaS configuration options	
8.58. Description of LBaaS haproxy configuration options	
8.59. Description of LBaaS Netscaler configuration options	476
8.60. Description of LBaaS Radware configuration options	
8.61. Description of logging configuration options	
8.62. Description of metadata configuration options	
8.63. Description of metering agent configuration options	
8.64. Description of policy configuration options	
8.65. Description of quotas configuration options	
8.66. Description of rootwrap configuration options	
8.67. Description of scheduler configuration options	
8.68. Description of security groups configuration options	
8.69. Description of CA and SSL configuration options	
8.70. Description of testing configuration options	
8.71. Description of vArmour configuration options	
8.72. Description of VPN configuration options	
8.73. Log files used by Networking services	
8.74. New options	
8.75. New default values	
8.76. Deprecated options	
9.1. Description of configuration options for [swift-hash] in swift.conf	
9.2. Description of configuration options for [DEFAULT] in object-server.conf	515
5.2. Description of configuration options for [DEFAOII1] in object. Server . confi	516
9.3. Description of configuration options for [app-object-server] in ob-	5.0
ject-server.conf	517
J000 201 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	٠.,

9.4. Description of configuration options for [pipeline-main] in ob-	
ject-server.conf	518
9.5. Description of configuration options for [object-replicator] in ob-	
ject-server.conf	518
9.6. Description of configuration options for [object-updater] in ob-	
ject-server.conf	518
9.7. Description of configuration options for [object-auditor] in ob-	
ject-server.conf	519
9.8. Description of configuration options for [filter-healthcheck] in ob-	
ject-server.conf	519
9.9. Description of configuration options for [filter-recon] in ob-	J.,
ject-server.conf	519
9.10. Description of configuration options for [filter-xprofile] in ob-	313
	F2(
ject-server.conf	520
9.11. Description of configuration options for [DEFAULT] in ob-	
ject-expirer.conf	525
9.12. Description of configuration options for [app-proxy-server] in ob-	
ject-expirer.conf	525
9.13. Description of configuration options for [filter-cache] in ob-	
ject-expirer.conf	526
9.14. Description of configuration options for [filter-catch_errors] in ob-	
ject-expirer.conf	526
9.15. Description of configuration options for [filter-proxy-logging] in ob-	
ject-expirer.conf	526
9.16. Description of configuration options for [object-expirer] in ob-	
ject-expirer.conf	526
9.17. Description of configuration options for [pipeline-main] in ob-	
ject-expirer.conf	527
9.18. Description of configuration options for [DEFAULT] in contain-	J_,
er-server.conf	529
9.19. Description of configuration options for [app-container-server] in con-	723
	530
tainer-server.conf	230
9.20. Description of configuration options for [pipeline-main] in contain-	F24
er-server.conf	531
9.21. Description of configuration options for [container-replicator] in con-	
tainer-server.conf	531
9.22. Description of configuration options for [container-updater] in contain-	
er-server.conf	531
9.23. Description of configuration options for [container-auditor] in contain-	
er-server.conf	531
9.24. Description of configuration options for [container-sync] in contain-	
er-server.conf	532
9.25. Description of configuration options for [filter-healthcheck] in con-	
tainer-server.conf	532
9.26. Description of configuration options for [filter-recon] in contain-	
er-server.conf	532
9.27. Description of configuration options for [filter-xprofile] in contain-	
er-server.conf	532
9.28. Description of configuration options for [DEFAULT] in container-sync-	
realms.conf	536

9.29. Description of configuration options for [realm1] in container-sync-	
realms.conf	536
9.30. Description of configuration options for [realm2] in container-sync-	<b>-</b> 22
realms.conf	537
9.31. Description of configuration options for [DEFAULT] in contain-	
er-reconciler.conf	538
9.32. Description of configuration options for [app-proxy-server] in contain-	
er-reconciler.conf	538
9.33. Description of configuration options for [container-reconciler] in con-	
tainer-reconciler.conf	538
9.34. Description of configuration options for [filter-cache] in contain-	
er-reconciler.conf	539
9.35. Description of configuration options for [filter-catch_errors] in con-	
tainer-reconciler.conf	539
9.36. Description of configuration options for [filter-proxy-logging] in con-	555
	539
tainer-reconciler.conf	559
9.37. Description of configuration options for [pipeline-main] in contain-	
er-reconciler.conf	539
9.38. Description of configuration options for [DEFAULT] in ac-	
count-server.conf	540
9.39. Description of configuration options for [app-account-server] in ac-	
count-server.conf	541
9.40. Description of configuration options for [pipeline-main] in ac-	
count-server.conf	542
9.41. Description of configuration options for [account-replicator] in ac-	
count-server.conf	542
9.42. Description of configuration options for [account-auditor] in ac-	
count-server.conf	542
9.43. Description of configuration options for [account-reaper] in ac-	J
count-server.conf	542
9.44. Description of configuration options for [filter-healthcheck] in ac-	J <del>4</del> 2
	E 4 2
count-server.conf	543
9.45. Description of configuration options for [filter-recon] in ac-	
count-server.conf	543
9.46. Description of configuration options for [filter-xprofile] in ac-	
count-server.conf	543
9.47. Description of configuration options for [DEFAULT] in proxy-server.conf	
	547
9.48. Description of configuration options for [app-proxy-server] in proxy-	
server.conf	548
9.49. Description of configuration options for [pipeline-main] in proxy-	
	549
9.50. Description of configuration options for [filter-account-quotas] in	5 .5
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	550
9.51. Description of configuration options for [filter-authtoken] in proxy-	550
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
server.conf	550
9.52. Description of configuration options for [filter-cache] in proxy-	
	550
9.53. Description of configuration options for [filter-catch_errors] in proxy-	
server.conf	550

9.54. Description of configuration options for [filter-container_sync] in	
proxy-server.conf	551
9.55. Description of configuration options for [filter-dlo] in proxy-	
server.conf	551
9.56. Description of configuration options for [filter-gatekeeper] in proxy-	
server.conf	551
9.57. Description of configuration options for [filter-healthcheck] in proxy-	
server.conf	551
9.58. Description of configuration options for [filter-keystoneauth] in proxy-	
server.conf	551
9.59. Description of configuration options for [filter-list-endpoints] in	
proxy-server.conf	552
9.60. Description of configuration options for [filter-proxy-logging] in	
proxy-server.conf	552
9.61. Description of configuration options for [filter-tempauth] in proxy-	
server.conf	552
9.62. Description of configuration options for [filter-xprofile] in proxy-	
server.conf	553
	564
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	564
	565
9.66. Description of configuration options for [object] in rsyncd.conf	565
9.67. Description of configuration options for [filter-ratelimit] in proxy-	303
server.conf	567
	568
9.69. Description of configuration options for [filter-healthcheck] in ac-	500
count-server.conf	568
9.70. Description of configuration options for [filter-domain_remap] in proxy-	500
server.conf	568
9.71. Description of configuration options for [filter-cname_lookup] in proxy-	300
	569
server.conf	509
9.72. Description of configuration options for [filter-tempurl] in proxy-	E71
server.conf	571
9.73. Description of configuration options for [filter-name_check] in proxy-	F74
server.conf	571
9.74. Description of configuration options for [swift-constraints] in	-74
swift.conf	5/1
9.75. Description of configuration options for [dispersion] in dispersion.conf	
	5/3
9.76. Description of configuration options for [filter-slo] in proxy-	
server.conf	574
9.77. Description of configuration options for [filter-container-quotas] in	
proxy-server.conf	575
9.78. Description of configuration options for [filter-bulk] in proxy-	
	576
9.79. Description of configuration options for [drive-audit] in drive-	
audit.conf	577
9.80. Description of configuration options for [filter-formpost] in proxy-	
	579
9.81. Description of configuration options for [filter-staticweb] in proxy-	
server.conf	579

9.82. New options	
9.83. New default values	
10.1. Description of authorization token configuration options	585
10.2. Description of common configuration options	
10.3. Description of crypt configuration options	587
10.4. Description of database configuration options	587
10.5. Description of logging configuration options	588
10.6. Description of load balancer configuration options	588
10.7. Description of logging configuration options	589
10.8. Description of quota configuration options	590
10.9. Description of Redis configuration options	590
10.10. Description of testing configuration options	590
10.11. Description of API configuration options	590
10.12. Description of Cloudformation-compatible API configuration options	592
10.13. Description of CloudWatch API configuration options	592
10.14. Description of metadata API configuration options	593
10.15. Description of waitcondition API configuration options	593
10.16. Description of clients configuration options	
10.17. Description of client backends configuration options	593
10.18. Description of ceilometer clients configuration options	
10.19. Description of cinder clients configuration options	594
10.20. Description of glance clients configuration options	
10.21. Description of heat clients configuration options	
10.22. Description of keystone clients configuration options	
10.23. Description of neutron clients configuration options	
10.24. Description of nova clients configuration options	
10.25. Description of swift clients configuration options	
10.26. Description of trove clients configuration options	
10.27. Description of RabbitMQ configuration options	
10.28. Description of Qpid configuration options	
10.29. Description of ZeroMQ configuration options	
10.30. Description of AMQP configuration options	
10.31. Description of RPC configuration options	
10.32. Description of notification configuration options	
10.33. New options	
10.34. New default values	
10.35. Deprecated options	
11.1. Description of alarm configuration options	
11.2. Description of AMQP configuration options	
11.3. Description of API configuration options	
11.4. Description of authorization configuration options	
11.5. Description of authorization token configuration options	
11.6. Description of collector configuration options	
11.7. Description of common configuration options	
11.8. Description of database configuration options	
11.9. Description of logging configuration options	
11.10. Description of events configuration options	
11.11. Description of exchange configuration options	
11.12. Description of glance configuration options	
11.13. Description of inspector configuration options	
11.14. Description of IPMI configuration options	
11.14. DESCRIPTION OF IFIVIT COMPACTATION OPTIONS	000

11.15. Description of logging configuration options	608
11.16. Description of nova configuration options	610
11.17. Description of nova cells configuration options	. 610
11.18. Description of Qpid configuration options	610
11.19. Description of RabbitMQ configuration options	. 61′
11.20. Description of Redis configuration options	61′
11.21. Description of rootwrap configuration options	612
11.22. Description of RPC configuration options	612
11.23. Description of service types configuration options	612
11.24. Description of swift configuration options	613
11.25. Description of testing configuration options	613
11.26. Description of TripleO configuration options	
11.27. Description of VMware configuration options	
11.28. Description of XenAPI configuration options	613
11.29. Description of ZeroMQ configuration options	. 614
11.30. New options	634
11.31. New default values	
11.32. Deprecated options	637
A.1. Default ports that OpenStack components use	638
A.2. Default ports that secondary services related to OpenStack components use	638

Juno - Juno

# **List of Examples**

1.1. Default (single-instance) configuration	11
3.1. Before	305
3.2. After	305

# ounf - ounf

# **OpenStack configuration overview**

OpenStack is a collection of open source project components that enable setting up cloud services. Each component uses similar configuration techniques and a common framework for INI file options.

This guide pulls together multiple references and configuration options for the following OpenStack components:

- OpenStack Block Storage
- OpenStack Compute
- OpenStack Dashboard
- Database Service
- OpenStack Identity
- OpenStack Image Service
- OpenStack Networking
- OpenStack Object Storage
- Telemetry
- Orchestration



## **Warning**

This guide documents the OpenStack Juno release. In accordance with the official OpenStack Juno end-of-life, this document is frozen and will receive no further updates from the OpenStack project. Check the OpenStack Documentation page for newer documents.

# **Conventions**

The OpenStack documentation uses several typesetting conventions.

## **Notices**

Notices take these forms:



#### Note

A handy tip or reminder.



#### **Important**

Something you must be aware of before proceeding.



#### Warning

Critical information about the risk of data loss or security issues.

# **Command prompts**

\$ prompt Any user, including the root user, can run commands that are prefixed with

the \$ prompt.

# prompt The root user must run commands that are prefixed with the # prompt. You

can also prefix these commands with the **sudo** command, if available, to run

them.

# **Document change history**

This version of the guide replaces and obsoletes all earlier versions.

The following table describes the most recent changes:

Revision Date	Summary of Changes	
October 15, 2014	Updates for Juno: updated all configuration tables, include sample configuration files, add chapter for Data processing service, update and enhance driver configuration.	
April 16, 2014	Update for Icehouse: Updated all configuration tables, include sample configuration files, add chapters for Database Service, Orchestration, and Telemetry.	
March 11, 2014	orted component listing. Moved procedures to the Cloud Administrator Guide	
January 9, 2014	Removes content addressed in installation, merges duplicated content, and revises legacy references.	
October 17, 2013	Havana release.	
August 16, 2013	Moves Block Storage driver configuration information from the Block Storage Administration Guide to this reference.	
June 10, 2013	Initial creation of Configuration Reference.	

# **Configuration file format**

OpenStack uses the *INI* file format for configuration files. An INI file is a simple text file that specifies options as key=value pairs, grouped into sections. The DEFAULT section contains most of the configuration options. Lines starting with a hash sign (#) are comment lines. For example:

```
[DEFAULT]
# Print debugging output (set logging level to DEBUG instead
# of default WARNING level). (boolean value)
debug = true
# Print more verbose output (set logging level to INFO instead
# of default WARNING level). (boolean value)
verbose = true

[database]
# The SQLAlchemy connection string used to connect to the
# database (string value)
connection = mysql://keystone:KEYSTONE_DBPASS@controller/keystone
```

\_

Options can have different types for values. The comments in the sample config files always mention these. The following types are used by OpenStack:

#### boolean value

Enables or disables an option. The allowed values are true and false.

```
# Enable the experimental use of database reconnect
on
# connection lost (boolean value)
use_db_reconnect = false
```

#### floating point value

A floating point number like 0.25 or 1000.

```
# Sleep time in seconds for polling an ongoing async
  task
# (floating point value)
task_poll_interval = 0.5
```

#### integer value

An integer number is a number without fractional components, like 0 or 42.

```
# The port which the OpenStack Compute service
listens on.
# (integer value)
compute_port = 8774
```

#### list value

Represents values of other types, separated by commas. As an example, the following sets

allowed\_rpc\_exception\_modules to a list containing the four elements oslo.messaging.exceptions, nova.exception, cinder.exception, and exceptions:

```
# Modules of exceptions that are permitted to be
recreated
# upon receiving exception data from an rpc call.
(list value)
allowed_rpc_exception_modules = oslo.messaging.
exceptions,nova.exception,cinder.exception,
exceptions
```

#### multi valued

A multi-valued option is a string value and can be given more than once, all values will be used.

```
# Driver or drivers to handle sending notifications.
  (multi
# valued)
notification_driver = nova.openstack.common.
notifier.rpc_notifier
notification_driver = ceilometer.compute.
nova_notifier
```

#### string value

Strings can be optionally enclosed with single or double quotes.

```
# onready allows you to send a notification when the
process
# is ready to serve. For example, to have it notify
using
# systemd, one could set shell command: "onready =
systemd-
# notify --ready" or a module with notify() method:
"onready =
# keystone.common.systemd". (string value)
onready = systemd-notify --ready
# If an instance is passed with the log message,
format it
# like this (string value)
instance_format = "[instance: %(uuid)s] "
```

## **Sections**

Configuration options are grouped by section. Most configuration files support at least the following sections:

[DEFAULT] Contains most configuration options. If the documentation for a configuration option does not specify its section, assume that it appears in this section.

[database] Configuration options for the database that stores the state of the Open-Stack service.

# **Substitution**

The configuration file supports variable substitution. After you set a configuration option, it can be referenced in later configuration values when you precede it with a \$, like \$OP-TION.

The following example uses the values of rabbit\_host and rabbit\_port to define the value of the rabbit\_hosts option, in this case as controller: 5672.

```
# The RabbitMQ broker address where a single node is used.
# (string value)
rabbit_host = controller

# The RabbitMQ broker port where a single node is used.
# (integer value)
rabbit_port = 5672

# RabbitMQ HA cluster host:port pairs. (list value)
rabbit_hosts = $rabbit_host:$rabbit_port
```

To avoid substitution, use \$\$, it is replaced by a single \$. For example, if your LDAP DNS password is \$xkj432, specify it, as follows:

```
ldap_dns_password = $$xkj432
```

The code uses the Python string. Template.safe\_substitute() method to implement variable substitution. For more details on how variable substitution is resolved, see http://docs.python.org/2/library/string.html#template-strings and PEP 292.

# Whitespace

To include whitespace in a configuration value, use a quoted string. For example:

ldap\_dns\_passsword='a password with spaces'

# Define an alternate location for a config file

Most services and the and the \*-manage command-line clients load the configuration file. To define an alternate location for the configuration file, pass the --config-file  $CONFIG_FILE$  parameter when you start a service or call a \*-manage command.

# 1. Block Storage

# **Table of Contents**

Introduction to the Block Storage service	1
cinder.conf configuration file	. 2
Volume drivers	
Backup drivers 1	05
Block Storage sample configuration files	07
Log files used by Block Storage 1	58
Fibre Channel Zone Manager 1	59
Volume encryption with static key 1	62
Additional options	65
New, updated and deprecated options in Juno for OpenStack Block Storage	83

The OpenStack Block Storage service works with many different storage drivers that you can configure by using these instructions.

# Introduction to the Block Storage service

The OpenStack Block Storage service provides persistent block storage resources that Open-Stack Compute instances can consume. This includes secondary attached storage similar to the Amazon Elastic Block Storage (EBS) offering. In addition, you can write images to a Block Storage device for Compute to use as a bootable persistent instance.

The Block Storage service differs slightly from the Amazon EBS offering. The Block Storage service does not provide a shared storage solution like NFS. With the Block Storage service, you can attach a device to only one instance.

The Block Storage service provides:

- cinder-api. A WSGI app that authenticates and routes requests throughout the Block Storage service. It supports the OpenStack APIs only, although there is a translation that can be done through Compute's EC2 interface, which calls in to the Block Storage client.
- cinder-scheduler. Schedules and routes requests to the appropriate volume service.
   Depending upon your configuration, this may be simple round-robin scheduling to the running volume services, or it can be more sophisticated through the use of the Filter Scheduler. The Filter Scheduler is the default and enables filters on things like Capacity, Availability Zone, Volume Types, and Capabilities as well as custom filters.
- cinder-volume. Manages Block Storage devices, specifically the back-end devices themselves.
- cinder-backup. Provides a means to back up a Block Storage volume to OpenStack Object Storage (swift).

The Block Storage service contains the following components:

• Back-end Storage Devices. The Block Storage service requires some form of back-end storage that the service is built on. The default implementation is to use LVM on a local

volume group named "cinder-volumes." In addition to the base driver implementation, the Block Storage service also provides the means to add support for other storage devices to be utilized such as external Raid Arrays or other storage appliances. These backend storage devices may have custom block sizes when using KVM or QEMU as the hypervisor.

• Users and Tenants (Projects). The Block Storage service can be used by many different cloud computing consumers or customers (tenants on a shared system), using role-based access assignments. Roles control the actions that a user is allowed to perform. In the default configuration, most actions do not require a particular role, but this can be configured by the system administrator in the appropriate policy. json file that maintains the rules. A user's access to particular volumes is limited by tenant, but the user name and password are assigned per user. Key pairs granting access to a volume are enabled per user, but quotas to control resource consumption across available hardware resources are per tenant.

For tenants, quota controls are available to limit:

- The number of volumes that can be created.
- The number of snapshots that can be created.
- The total number of GBs allowed per tenant (shared between snapshots and volumes).

You can revise the default quota values with the Block Storage CLI, so the limits placed by quotas are editable by admin users.

- Volumes, Snapshots, and Backups. The basic resources offered by the Block Storage service are volumes and snapshots which are derived from volumes and volume backups:
  - Volumes. Allocated block storage resources that can be attached to instances as secondary storage or they can be used as the root store to boot instances. Volumes are persistent R/W block storage devices most commonly attached to the compute node through iSCSI.
  - Snapshots. A read-only point in time copy of a volume. The snapshot can be created from a volume that is currently in use (through the use of --force True) or in an available state. The snapshot can then be used to create a new volume through create from snapshot.
  - **Backups**. An archived copy of a volume currently stored in OpenStack Object Storage (swift).

# cinder.conf configuration file

The cinder.conf file is installed in /etc/cinder by default. When you manually install the Block Storage service, the options in the cinder.conf file are set to default values.

This example shows a typical cinder.conf file:

```
[DEFAULT]
rootwrap_config=/etc/cinder/rootwrap.conf
sql_connection = mysql://cinder:openstack@192.168.127.130/cinder
```

ı

```
api_paste_config = /etc/cinder/api-paste.ini

iscsi_helper=tgtadm
volume_name_template = volume-%s
volume_group = cinder-volumes
verbose = True
auth_strategy = keystone
#osapi_volume_listen_port=5900

# Add these when not using the defaults.
rabbit_host = 10.10.10.10
rabbit_port = 5672
rabbit_userid = rabbit
rabbit_password = secure_password
rabbit_virtual_host = /nova
```

# **Volume drivers**

To use different volume drivers for the cinder-volume service, use the parameters described in these sections.

The volume drivers are included in the Block Storage repository (https://github.com/open-stack/cinder). To set a volume driver, use the volume\_driver flag. The default is:

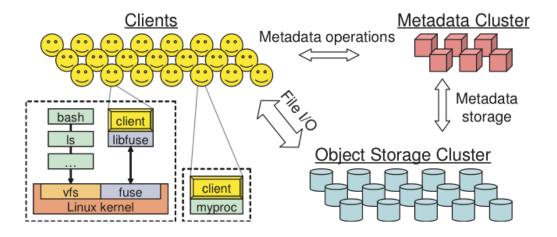
volume\_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.lvm.LVMISCSIDriver

# **Ceph RADOS Block Device (RBD)**

If you use KVM or QEMU as your hypervisor, you can configure the Compute service to use Ceph RADOS block devices (RBD) for volumes.

Ceph is a massively scalable, open source, distributed storage system. It is comprised of an object store, block store, and a POSIX-compliant distributed file system. The platform can auto-scale to the exabyte level and beyond. It runs on commodity hardware, is self-healing and self-managing, and has no single point of failure. Ceph is in the Linux kernel and is integrated with the OpenStack cloud operating system. Due to its open-source nature, you can install and use this portable storage platform in public or private clouds.

Figure 1.1. Ceph architecture



#### **RADOS**

Ceph is based on *RADOS: Reliable Autonomic Distributed Object Store*. RADOS distributes objects across the storage cluster and replicates objects for fault tolerance. RADOS contains the following major components:

• Object Storage Device (OSD) Daemon. The storage daemon for the RADOS service, which interacts with the OSD (physical or logical storage unit for your data).

You must run this daemon on each server in your cluster. For each OSD, you can have an associated hard drive disk. For performance purposes, pool your hard drive disk with raid arrays, logical volume management (LVM), or B-tree file system (Btrfs) pooling. By default, the following pools are created: data, metadata, and RBD.

- Meta-Data Server (MDS). Stores metadata. MDSs build a POSIX file system on top of objects for Ceph clients. However, if you do not use the Ceph file system, you do not need a metadata server.
- Monitor (MON). A lightweight daemon that handles all communications with external applications and clients. It also provides a consensus for distributed decision making in a Ceph/RADOS cluster. For instance, when you mount a Ceph shared on a client, you point to the address of a MON server. It checks the state and the consistency of the data. In an ideal setup, you must run at least three ceph-mon daemons on separate servers.

Ceph developers recommend that you use Btrfs as a file system for storage. XFS might be a better alternative for production environments; XFS is an excellent alternative to Btrfs. The ext4 file system is also compatible but does not exploit the power of Ceph.



#### **Note**

If using Btrfs, ensure that you use the correct version (see Ceph Dependencies).

For more information about usable file systems, see ceph.com/ceph-storage/file-system/.

# Ways to store, use, and expose data

To store and access your data, you can use the following storage systems:

- RADOS. Use as an object, default storage mechanism.
- RBD. Use as a block device. The Linux kernel RBD (RADOS block device) driver allows striping a Linux block device over multiple distributed object store data objects. It is compatible with the KVM RBD image.
- CephFS. Use as a file, POSIX-compliant file system.

Ceph exposes RADOS; you can access it through the following interfaces:

- RADOS Gateway. OpenStack Object Storage and Amazon-S3 compatible RESTful interface (see RADOS\_Gateway).
- librados, and its related C/C++ bindings.

• RBD and QEMU-RBD. Linux kernel and QEMU block devices that stripe data across multiple objects.

## **Driver options**

The following table contains the configuration options supported by the Ceph RADOS Block Device driver.

**Table 1.1. Description of Ceph storage configuration options** 

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	'
rados_connect_timeout = -1	(IntOpt) Timeout value (in seconds) used when connecting to ceph cluster. If value < 0, no timeout is set and default librados value is used.
rbd_ceph_conf =	(StrOpt) Path to the ceph configuration file
rbd_flatten_volume_from_snapshot = False	(BoolOpt) Flatten volumes created from snapshots to remove dependency from volume to snapshot
rbd_max_clone_depth = 5	(IntOpt) Maximum number of nested volume clones that are taken before a flatten occurs. Set to 0 to disable cloning.
rbd_pool = rbd	(StrOpt) The RADOS pool where rbd volumes are stored
rbd_secret_uuid = None	(StrOpt) The libvirt uuid of the secret for the rbd_user volumes
rbd_store_chunk_size = 4	(IntOpt) Volumes will be chunked into objects of this size (in megabytes).
rbd_user = None	(StrOpt) The RADOS client name for accessing rbd volumes - only set when using cephx authentication
volume_tmp_dir = None	(StrOpt) Directory where temporary image files are stored when the volume driver does not write them directly to the volume.

# **Coraid AoE driver configuration**

Coraid storage appliances can provide block-level storage to OpenStack instances. Coraid storage appliances use the low-latency ATA-over-Ethernet (ATA) protocol to provide high-bandwidth data transfer between hosts and data on the network.

#### **Supported operations**

- Create, delete, attach, and detach volumes.
- Create, list, and delete volume snapshots.
- Create a volume from a snapshot.
- Copy an image to a volume.
- Copy a volume to an image.
- · Clone a volume.
- · Get volume statistics.

This document describes how to configure the OpenStack Block Storage service for use with Coraid storage appliances.

# **Terminology**

These terms are used in this section:

Term	Definition
AoE	ATA-over-Ethernet protocol
EtherCloud Storage Manager (ESM)	ESM provides live monitoring and management of Ether- Drive appliances that use the AoE protocol, such as the SRX and VSX.
Fully-Qualified Repository Name (FQRN)	The FQRN is the full identifier of a storage profile. FQRN syntax is:  performance_class- availability_class:profile_name:repository_name
SAN	Storage Area Network
SRX	Coraid EtherDrive SRX block storage appliance
VSX	Coraid EtherDrive VSX storage virtualization appliance

## Requirements

To support the OpenStack Block Storage service, your SAN must include an SRX for physical storage, a VSX running at least CorOS v2.0.6 for snapshot support, and an ESM running at least v2.1.1 for storage repository orchestration. Ensure that all storage appliances are installed and connected to your network before you configure OpenStack volumes.

In order for the node to communicate with the SAN, you must install the Coraid AoE Linux driver on each Compute node on the network that runs an OpenStack instance.

#### **Overview**

To configure the OpenStack Block Storage for use with Coraid storage appliances, perform the following procedures:

- Download and install the Coraid Linux AoE driver.
- Create a storage profile by using the Coraid ESM GUI.
- Create a storage repository by using the ESM GUI and record the FQRN.
- Configure the cinder.conf file.
- Create and associate a block storage volume type.

#### **Install the Coraid AoE driver**

Install the Coraid AoE driver on every compute node that will require access to block storage.

The latest AoE drivers will always be located at http://support.coraid.com/support/linux/.

To download and install the AoE driver, follow the instructions below, replacing "aoeXXX" with the AoE driver file name:

Download the latest Coraid AoE driver.

\$ wget http://support.coraid.com/support/linux/aoeXXX.tar.gz

ounf - Juno - Juno

<u>'</u>

ounf -

- 2. Unpack the AoE driver.
- 3. Install the AoE driver.
  - \$ cd aoeXXX
  - \$ make
  - # make install
- 4. Initialize the AoE driver.
  - # modprobe aoe
- 5. Optionally, specify the Ethernet interfaces that the node can use to communicate with the SAN.

The AoE driver may use every Ethernet interface available to the node unless limited with the aoe\_iflist parameter. For more information about the aoe\_iflist parameter, see the aoe readme file included with the AoE driver.

# modprobe aoe\_iflist="eth1 eth2 ..."

## Create a storage profile

To create a storage profile using the ESM GUI:

- 1. Log in to the ESM.
- 2. Click Storage Profiles in the SAN Domain pane.
- Choose Menu > Create Storage Profile. If the option is unavailable, you might not
  have appropriate permissions. Make sure you are logged in to the ESM as the SAN administrator.
- 4. Use the storage class selector to select a storage class.

Each storage class includes performance and availability criteria (see the Storage Classes topic in the ESM Online Help for information on the different options).

- 5. Select a RAID type (if more than one is available) for the selected profile type.
- 6. Type a **Storage Profile** name.

The name is restricted to alphanumeric characters, underscore (\_), and hyphen (-), and cannot exceed 32 characters.

- 7. Select the drive size from the drop-down menu.
- 8. Select the number of drives to be initialized for each RAID (LUN) from the drop-down menu (if the selected RAID type requires multiple drives).
- 9. Type the number of RAID sets (LUNs) you want to create in the repository by using this profile.
- 10. Click Next.

1

## Create a storage repository and get the FQRN

Create a storage repository and get its fully qualified repository name (FQRN):

- 1. Access the Create Storage Repository dialog box.
- 2. Type a Storage Repository name.

The name is restricted to alphanumeric characters, underscore (\_), hyphen (-), and cannot exceed 32 characters.

3. Click Limited or Unlimited to indicate the maximum repository size.

**Limited** sets the amount of space that can be allocated to the repository. Specify the size in TB, GB, or MB.

When the difference between the reserved space and the space already allocated to LUNs is less than is required by a LUN allocation request, the reserved space is increased until the repository limit is reached.



#### Note

The reserved space does not include space used for parity or space used for mirrors. If parity and/or mirrors are required, the actual space allocated to the repository from the SAN is greater than that specified in reserved space.

**Unlimited**—Unlimited means that the amount of space allocated to the repository is unlimited and additional space is allocated to the repository automatically when space is required and available.



#### **Note**

Drives specified in the associated Storage Profile must be available on the SAN in order to allocate additional resources.

4. Check the Resizeable LUN box.

This is required for OpenStack volumes.



#### **Note**

If the Storage Profile associated with the repository has platinum availability, the Resizeable LUN box is automatically checked.

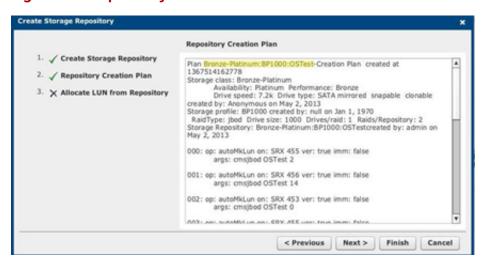
- 5. Check the Show Allocation Plan API calls box. Click Next.
- Record the FQRN and click Finish.

The FQRN is located in the first line of output following the Plan keyword in the **Repository Creation Plan** window. The FQRN syntax is performance\_class-

availability\_class:profile\_name:repository\_name.

In this example, the FQRN is Bronze-Platinum: BP1000: OSTest, and is highlighted.

Figure 1.2. Repository Creation Plan screen



Record the FQRN; it is a required parameter later in the configuration procedure.

## Configure options in the cinder.conf file

Edit or add the following lines to the file /etc/cinder/cinder.conf:

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.coraid.CoraidDriver
coraid_esm_address = ESM_IP_address
coraid_user = username
coraid_group = Access_Control_Group_name
coraid_password = password
coraid_repository_key = coraid_repository_key
```

Table 1.2. Description of Coraid AoE driver configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
coraid_esm_address =	(StrOpt) IP address of Coraid ESM	
coraid_group = admin	(StrOpt) Name of group on Coraid ESM to which coraid_user belongs (must have admin privilege)	
coraid_password = password	(StrOpt) Password to connect to Coraid ESM	
coraid_repository_key = coraid_repository	(StrOpt) Volume Type key name to store ESM Repository Name	
coraid_user = admin	(StrOpt) User name to connect to Coraid ESM	

Access to storage devices and storage repositories can be controlled using Access Control Groups configured in ESM. Configuring cinder.conf to log on to ESM as the SAN administrator (user name admin), will grant full access to the devices and repositories configured in ESM.

Optionally, you can configure an ESM Access Control Group and user. Then, use the cinder.conf file to configure access to the ESM through that group, and user limits ac-

<u>'</u>

cess from the OpenStack instance to devices and storage repositories that are defined in the group.

To manage access to the SAN by using Access Control Groups, you must enable the Use Access Control setting in the **ESM System Setup** > **Security** screen.

For more information, see the ESM Online Help.

## Create and associate a volume type

Create and associate a volume with the ESM storage repository.

- 1. Restart Cinder.
  - # service openstack-cinder-api restart
  - # service openstack-cinder-scheduler restart
  - # service openstack-cinder-volume restart
- 2. Create a volume.
  - \$ cinder type-create 'volume\_type\_name'

where  $volume\_type\_name$  is the name you assign the volume. You will see output similar to the following:

ID	-++   Name
7fa6b5ab-3e20-40f0-b773-dd9e16778722	JBOD-SAS600

Record the value in the ID field; you use this value in the next step.

3. Associate the volume type with the Storage Repository.

#### # cinder type-key UUID set coraid\_repository\_key='FQRN'

Variable	Description
UUID	The ID returned from the <b>cinder type-create</b> command. You can use the <b>cinder type-list</b> command to recover the ID.
coraid_repository_key	The key name used to associate the Cinder volume type with the ESM in the cinder.conf file. If no key name was defined, this is default value for coraid_repository.
FQRN	The FQRN recorded during the Create Storage Repository process.

# **Dell EqualLogic volume driver**

The Dell EqualLogic volume driver interacts with configured EqualLogic arrays and supports various operations.

#### **Supported operations**

• Create, delete, attach, and detach volumes.

<u>'</u>

- Create, list, and delete volume snapshots.
- · Clone a volume.

The OpenStack Block Storage service supports:

- Multiple instances of Dell EqualLogic Groups or Dell EqualLogic Group Storage Pools and multiple pools on a single array.
- Multiple instances of Dell EqualLogic Groups or Dell EqualLogic Group Storage Pools or multiple pools on a single array.

The Dell EqualLogic volume driver's ability to access the EqualLogic Group is dependent upon the generic block storage driver's SSH settings in the /etc/cinder/cinder.conf file (see the section called "Block Storage sample configuration files" [107] for reference).

Table 1.3. Description of Dell EqualLogic volume driver configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
eqlx_chap_login = admin	(StrOpt) Existing CHAP account name
eqlx_chap_password = password	(StrOpt) Password for specified CHAP account name
eqlx_cli_max_retries = 5	(IntOpt) Maximum retry count for reconnection
eqlx_cli_timeout = 30	(IntOpt) Timeout for the Group Manager cli command execution
eqlx_group_name = group-0	(StrOpt) Group name to use for creating volumes
eqlx_pool = default	(StrOpt) Pool in which volumes will be created
eqlx_use_chap = False	(BoolOpt) Use CHAP authentication for targets?

The following sample /etc/cinder/cinder.conf configuration lists the relevant settings for a typical Block Storage service using a single Dell EqualLogic Group:

#### **Example 1.1. Default (single-instance) configuration**

```
[DEFAULT]
#Required settings
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.eqlx.DellEQLSanISCSIDriver
san_{ip} = IP\_EQLX
san_login = SAN_UNAME
san_password = SAN_PW
eqlx_group_name = EQLX_GROUP
eqlx_pool = EQLX_POOL
#Optional settings
san_thin_provision = true/false
eqlx_use_chap = true/false
eqlx_chap_login = EQLX_UNAME
eqlx_chap_password = EQLX_PW
eqlx_cli_timeout = 30
eqlx_cli_max_retries = 5
san_ssh_port = 22
ssh_conn_timeout = 30
san_private_key = SAN_KEY_PATH
ssh_min_pool_conn = 1
ssh_max_pool_conn = 5
```

1

In this example, replace the following variables accordingly:

IP\_EQLX The IP address used to reach the Dell EqualLogic Group

through SSH. This field has no default value.

**SAN\_UNAME** The user name to login to the Group manager via SSH at

the san\_ip. Default user name is grpadmin.

**SAN\_PW** The corresponding password of SAN\_UNAME. Not used

when san\_private\_key is set. Default password is

password.

**EQLX\_GROUP** The group to be used for a pool where the Block Storage

service will create volumes and snapshots. Default group

is group-0.

**EQLX\_POOL** The pool where the Block Storage service will create vol-

umes and snapshots. Default pool is default. This option cannot be used for multiple pools utilized by the Block Storage service on a single Dell EqualLogic Group.

**EQLX\_UNAME** The CHAP login account for each volume in a pool, if

eqlx\_use\_chap is set to true. Default account name is

chapadmin.

**EQLX\_PW** The corresponding password of *EQLX\_UNAME*. The de-

fault password is randomly generated in hexadecimal, so

you must set this password manually.

SAN\_KEY\_PATH (optional) The filename of the private key used for SSH authentica-

tion. This provides password-less login to the EqualLogic Group. Not used when <code>san\_password</code> is set. There is no

default value.

# **EMC VMAX iSCSI and FC drivers**

The EMC VMAX drivers, EMCVMAXISCSIDriver and EMCVMAXFCDriver, support the use of EMC VMAX storage arrays under OpenStack Block Storage. They both provide equivalent functions and differ only in support for their respective host attachment methods.

The drivers perform volume operations by communicating with the backend VMAX storage. It uses a CIM client in Python called PyWBEM to perform CIM operations over HTTP.

The EMC CIM Object Manager (ECOM) is packaged with the EMC SMI-S provider. It is a CIM server that enables CIM clients to perform CIM operations over HTTP by using SMI-S in the back-end for VMAX storage operations.

The EMC SMI-S Provider supports the SNIA Storage Management Initiative (SMI), an ANSI standard for storage management. It supports the VMAX storage system.

# **System requirements**

EMC SMI-S Provider V4.6.2.8 and higher is required. You can download SMI-S from the EMC's support web site (login is required). See the EMC SMI-S Provider release notes for installation instructions.

uno - Juno - Juno

<u>'</u>

EMC storage VMAX Family is supported.

# **Supported operations**

VMAX drivers support these operations:

- Create, delete, attach, and detach volumes.
- Create, list, and delete volume snapshots.
- Copy an image to a volume.
- Copy a volume to an image.
- Clone a volume.
- Extend a volume.
- · Retype a volume.
- Create a volume from a snapshot.

VMAX drivers also support the following features:

- FAST automated storage tiering policy.
- Dynamic masking view creation.
- Striped volume creation.

## Set up the VMAX drivers

#### Procedure 1.1. To set up the EMC VMAX drivers

- 1. Install the python-pywbem package for your distribution. See the section called "Install the python-pywbem package" [13].
- 2. Download SMI-S from PowerLink and install it. Add your VMAX arrays to SMI-S.

For information, see the section called "Set up SMI-S" [14] and the SMI-S release notes.

- Change configuration files. See the section called "cinder.conf configuration file" [14] and the section called "cinder\_emc\_config\_CONF\_GROUP\_ISCSI.xml configuration file" [15].
- 4. Configure connectivity. For FC driver, see the section called "FC Zoning with VMAX" [16]. For iSCSI driver, see the section called "iSCSI with VMAX" [16].

#### Install the python-pywbem package

Install the python-pywbem package for your distribution, as follows:

• On Ubuntu:

```
# apt-get install python-pywbem
```

On openSUSE:

```
# zypper install python-pywbem
```

· On Fedora:

```
# yum install pywbem
```

### **Set up SMI-S**

You can install SMI-S on a non-OpenStack host. Supported platforms include different flavors of Windows, Red Hat, and SUSE Linux. SMI-S can be installed on a physical server or a VM hosted by an ESX server. Note that the supported hypervisor for a VM running SMI-S is ESX only. See the EMC SMI-S Provider release notes for more information on supported platforms and installation instructions.



#### Note

You must discover storage arrays on the SMI-S server before you can use the VMAX drivers. Follow instructions in the SMI-S release notes.

SMI-S is usually installed at /opt/emc/ECIM/ECOM/bin on Linux and C:\Program Files\EMC\ECIM\ECOM\bin on Windows. After you install and configure SMI-S, go to that directory and type TestSmiProvider.exe.

Use **addsys** in **TestSmiProvider.exe** to add an array. Use **dv** and examine the output after the array is added. Make sure that the arrays are recognized by the SMI-S server before using the EMC VMAX drivers.

#### cinder.conf configuration file

Make the following changes in /etc/cinder/cinder.conf.

Add the following entries, where 10.10.61.45 is the IP address of the VMAX iSCSI target:

```
enabled_backends = CONF_GROUP_ISCSI, CONF_GROUP_FC
[CONF_GROUP_ISCSI]
iscsi_ip_address = 10.10.61.45
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.emc.emc_vmax_iscsi.EMCVMAXISCSIDriver
cinder_emc_config_file = /etc/cinder/cinder_emc_config_CONF_GROUP_ISCSI.xml
volume_backend_name=ISCSI_backend
[CONF_GROUP_FC]
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.emc.emc_vmax_fc.EMCVMAXFCDriver
cinder_emc_config_file = /etc/cinder/cinder_emc_config_CONF_GROUP_FC.xml
volume_backend_name=FC_backend
```

In this example, two backend configuration groups are enabled: CONF\_GROUP\_ISCSI and CONF\_GROUP\_FC. Each configuration group has a section describing unique parameters for connections, drivers, the volume\_backend\_name, and the name of the EMC-specific configuration file containing additional settings. Note that the file name is in the format / etc/cinder/cinder\_emc\_config\_[confGroup].xml.

Once the cinder.conf and EMC-specific configuration files have been created, cinder commands need to be issued in order to create and associate OpenStack volume types with the declared volume\_backend\_names:

```
$ cinder type-create VMAX_ISCSI
$ cinder type-key VMAX_ISCSI set volume_backend_name=ISCSI_backend
```

```
$ cinder type-create VMAX_FC
$ cinder type-key VMAX_FC set volume_backend_name=FC_backend
```

By issuing these commands, the Block Storage volume type VMAX\_ISCSI is associated with the ISCSI\_backend, and the type VMAX\_FC is associated with the FC\_backend.

Restart the cinder-volume service.

```
cinder_emc_config_CONF_GROUP_ISCSI.xml configuration file
```

Create the /etc/cinder/cinder\_emc\_config\_CONF\_GROUP\_ISCSI.xml file. You do not need to restart the service for this change.

Add the following lines to the XML file:

#### Where:

- EcomServerIp and EcomServerPort are the IP address and port number of the ECOM server which is packaged with SMI-S.
- EcomUserName and EcomPassword are credentials for the ECOM server.
- PortGroups supplies the names of VMAX port groups that have been pre-configured to expose volumes managed by this backend. Each supplied port group should have sufficient number and distribution of ports (across directors and switches) as to ensure adequate bandwidth and failure protection for the volume connections. PortGroups can contain one or more port groups of either iSCSI or FC ports. When a dynamic masking view is created by the VMAX driver, the port group is chosen randomly from the PortGroup list, to evenly distribute load across the set of groups provided. Make sure that the PortGroups set contains either all FC or all iSCSI port groups (for a given backend), as appropriate for the configured driver (iSCSI or FC).
- The Array tag holds the unique VMAX array serial number.
- The Pool tag holds the unique pool name within a given array. For backends not using FAST automated tiering, the pool is a single pool that has been created by the administrator. For backends exposing FAST policy automated tiering, the pool is the bind pool to be used with the FAST policy.
- The FastPolicy tag conveys the name of the FAST Policy to be used. By including this tag, volumes managed by this backend are treated as under FAST control. Omitting the FastPolicy tag means FAST is not enabled on the provided storage pool.

### **FC Zoning with VMAX**

Zone Manager is recommended when using the VMAX FC driver, especially for larger configurations where pre-zoning would be too complex and open-zoning would raise security concerns.

#### iSCSI with VMAX

- Make sure the iscsi-initiator-utils package is installed on the host (use apt-get, zypper, or yum, depending on Linux flavor).
- Verify host is able to ping VMAX iSCSI target ports.

### VMAX masking view and group naming info

### **Masking view names**

Masking views are dynamically created by the VMAX FC and iSCSI drivers using the following naming conventions:

```
OS-[shortHostName][poolName]-I-MV (for Masking Views using iSCSI)
OS-[shortHostName][poolName]-F-MV (for Masking Views using FC)
```

#### **Initiator group names**

For each host that is attached to VMAX volumes using the drivers, an initiator group is created or re-used (per attachment type). All initiators of the appropriate type known for that host are included in the group. At each new attach volume operation, the VMAX driver retrieves the initiators (either WWNNs or IQNs) from OpenStack and adds or updates the contents of the Initiator Group as required. Names are of the following format:

```
OS-[shortHostName]-I-IG (for iSCSI initiators)
OS-[shortHostName]-F-IG (for Fibre Channel initiators)
```



#### Note

Hosts attaching to VMAX storage managed by the OpenStack environment cannot also be attached to storage on the same VMAX not being managed by OpenStack. This is due to limitations on VMAX Initiator Group membership.

#### **FA port groups**

VMAX array FA ports to be used in a new masking view are chosen from the list provided in the EMC configuration file.

### **Storage group names**

As volumes are attached to a host, they are either added to an existing storage group (if it exists) or a new storage group is created and the volume is then added. Storage groups contain volumes created from a pool (either single-pool or FAST-controlled), attached to a single host, over a single connection type (iSCSI or FC). Names are formed:

```
OS-[shortHostName][poolName]-I-SG (attached over iSCSI)
```

```
OS-[shortHostName][poolName]-F-SG (attached over Fibre Channel)
```

### **Concatenated or striped volumes**

In order to support later expansion of created volumes, the VMAX Block Storage drivers create concatenated volumes as the default layout. If later expansion is not required, users can opt to create striped volumes in order to optimize I/O performance.

Below is an example of how to create striped volumes. First, create a volume type. Then define the extra spec for the volume type storagetype:stripecount representing the number of meta members in the striped volume. The example below means that each volume created under the GoldStriped volume type will be striped and made up of 4 meta members.

```
$ cinder type-create GoldStriped
$ cinder type-key GoldStriped set volume_backend_name=GOLD_BACKEND
$ cinder type-key GoldStriped set storagetype:stripecount=4
```

### **EMC VNX direct driver**

EMC VNX direct driver (consists of EMCCLIISCSIDriver and EMCCLIFCDriver) supports both iSCSI and FC protocol. EMCCLIISCSIDriver (VNX iSCSI direct driver) and EMCCLIFCDriver (VNX FC direct driver) are separately based on the ISCSIDriver and FCDriver defined in Block Storage.

EMCCLIISCSIDriver and EMCCLIFCDriver perform the volume operations by executing Navisphere CLI (NaviSecCLI) which is a command line interface used for management, diagnostics and reporting functions for VNX.

### **Supported OpenStack release**

EMC VNX direct driver supports the Juno release.

### **System requirements**

- VNX Operational Environment for Block version 5.32 or higher.
- VNX Snapshot and Thin Provisioning license should be activated for VNX.
- Navisphere CLI v7.32 or higher is installed along with the driver.

### **Supported operations**

- Create, delete, attach, and detach volumes.
- Create, list, and delete volume snapshots.
- Create a volume from a snapshot.
- Copy an image to a volume.
- · Clone a volume.
- · Extend a volume.

- Migrate a volume.
- · Retype a volume.
- Get volume statistics.
- Create and delete consistency groups.
- Create, list, and delete consistency group snapshots.

### **Preparation**

This section contains instructions to prepare the Block Storage nodes to use the EMC VNX direct driver. You install the Navisphere CLI, install the driver, ensure you have correct zoning configurations, and register the driver.

#### **Install NaviSecCLI**

Navisphere CLI needs to be installed on all Block Storage nodes within an OpenStack deployment.

- For Ubuntu x64, DEB is available at EMC OpenStack Github.
- For all other variants of Linux, Navisphere CLI is available at Downloads for VNX2 Series or Downloads for VNX1 Series.
- After installation, set the security level of Navisphere CLI to low:

\$ /opt/Navisphere/bin/naviseccli security -certificate -setLevel low

#### **Install Block Storage driver**

Both EMCCLIISCSIDriver and EMCCLIFCDriver are provided in the installer package:

- emc\_vnx\_cli.py
- emc\_cli\_fc.py (for EMCCLIFCDriver)
- emc\_cli\_iscsi.py (for EMCCLIISCSIDriver)

Copy the files above to the cinder/volume/drivers/emc/ directory of the OpenStack node(s) where cinder-volume is running.

### FC zoning with VNX (EMCCLIFCDriver only)

A storage administrator must enable FC SAN auto zoning between all OpenStack nodes and VNX if FC SAN auto zoning is not enabled.

### **Register with VNX**

Register the compute nodes with VNX to access the storage in VNX or enable initiator auto registration.

To perform "Copy Image to Volume" and "Copy Volume to Image" operations, the nodes running the cinder-volume service(Block Storage nodes) must be registered with the VNX as well.

Steps mentioned below are for a compute node. Please follow the same steps for the Block Storage nodes also. The steps can be skipped if initiator auto registration is enabled.

#### **EMCCLIFCDriver**

Steps for EMCCLIFCDriver:

- 1. Assume 20:00:00:24:FF:48:BA:C2:21:00:00:24:FF:48:BA:C2 is the WWN of a FC initiator port name of the compute node whose hostname and IP are myhost1 and 10.10.61.1. Register 20:00:00:24:FF:48:BA:C2:21:00:00:24:FF:48:BA:C2 in Unisphere:
  - a. Login to Unisphere, go to FNM000000000->Hosts->Initiators.
  - b. Refresh and wait until the initiator 20:00:00:24:FF:48:BA:C2:21:00:00:24:FF:48:BA:C2 with SP Port A-1 appears.
  - c. Click the Register button, select CLARiiON/VNX and enter the hostname and IP address:
    - Hostname: myhost1
    - IP:10.10.61.1
    - Click Register
  - d. Then host 10.10.61.1 will appear under Hosts->Host List as well.
- 2. Register the wwn with more ports if needed.

#### **EMCCLIISCSIDriver**

Steps for EMCCLIISCSIDriver:

- 1. On the compute node with IP address 10.10.61.1 and hostname myhost1, execute the following commands (assuming 10.10.61.35 is the iSCSI target):
  - a. Start the iSCSI initiator service on the node
    - # /etc/init.d/open-iscsi start
  - b. Discover the iSCSI target portals on VNX
    - # iscsiadm -m discovery -t st -p 10.10.61.35
  - c. Enter /etc/iscsi
    - # cd /etc/iscsi
  - d. Find out the iqn of the node
    - # more initiatorname.iscsi
- 2. Login to VNX from the compute node using the target corresponding to the SPA port:

```
# iscsiadm -m node -T iqn.1992-04.com.emc:cx.apm01234567890.a0 -p 10.10.
61.35 -1
```

- 3. Assume iqn.1993-08.org.debian:01:1a2b3c4d5f6g is the initiator name of the compute node. Register iqn.1993-08.org.debian:01:1a2b3c4d5f6g in Unisphere:
  - a. Login to Unisphere, go to FNM000000000->Hosts->Initiators.
  - b. Refresh and wait until the initiator iqn.1993-08.org.debian:01:1a2b3c4d5f6g with SP Port A-8v0 appears.
  - Click the Register button, select CLARiiON/VNX and enter the hostname and IP address:
    - Hostname: myhost1
    - IP:10.10.61.1
    - Click Register
  - d. Then host 10.10.61.1 will appear under Hosts->Host List as well.
- 4. Logout iSCSI on the node:

```
# iscsiadm -m node -u
```

5. Login to VNX from the compute node using the target corresponding to the SPB port:

```
# iscsiadm -m node -T iqn.1992-04.com.emc:cx.apm01234567890.b8 -p 10.10.
61.36 -1
```

- 6. In Unisphere register the initiator with the SPB port.
- 7. Logout iSCSI on the node:

```
# iscsiadm -m node -u
```

8. Register the ign with more ports if needed.

# **Backend configuration**

Make the following changes in the /etc/cinder.conf:

```
storage_vnx_pool_name = Pool_01_SAS
san_{ip} = 10.10.72.41
san_secondary_ip = 10.10.72.42
#VNX user name
#san_login = username
#VNX user password
#san_password = password
#VNX user type. Valid values are: global(default), local and ldap.
#storage_vnx_authentication_type = ldap
#Directory path of the VNX security file. Make sure the security file is
generated first.
#VNX credentials are not necessary when using security file.
storage_vnx_security_file_dir = /etc/secfile/array1
naviseccli_path = /opt/Navisphere/bin/naviseccli
#timeout in minutes
default_timeout = 10
#If deploying EMCCLIISCSIDriver:
```

```
#volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.emc.emc_cli_iscsi.EMCCLIISCSIDriver
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.emc.emc_cli_fc.EMCCLIFCDriver
destroy_empty_storage_group = False
#"nodelhostname" and "node2hostname" shoule be the full hostnames of the
nodes(Try command 'hostname').
#This option is for EMCCLIISCSIDriver only.
iscsi_initiators = {"node1hostname":["10.0.0.1", "10.0.0.2"], "node2hostname":
["10.0.0.3"]}

[database]
max_pool_size = 20
max_overflow = 30
```

- where san\_ip is one of the SP IP addresses of the VNX array and san\_secondary\_ip is the other SP IP address of VNX array. san\_secondary\_ip is an optional field, and it serves the purpose of providing a high availability(HA) design. In case that one SP is down, the other SP can be connected automatically. san\_ip is a mandatory field, which provides the main connection.
- where Pool\_01\_SAS is the pool from which the user wants to create volumes. The pools can be created using Unisphere for VNX. Refer to the the section called "Multiple pools support" [25] on how to manage multiple pools.
- where storage\_vnx\_security\_file\_dir is the directory path of the VNX security file. Make sure the security file is generated following the steps in the section called "Authentication" [21].
- where iscsi\_initiators is a dictionary of IP addresses of the iSCSI initiator ports on all OpenStack nodes which want to connect to VNX via iSCSI. If this option is configured, the driver will leverage this information to find an accessible iSCSI target portal for the initiator when attaching volume. Otherwise, the iSCSI target portal will be chosen in a relative random way.
- Restart cinder-volume service to make the configuration change take effect.

#### **Authentication**

VNX credentials are necessary when the driver connects to the VNX system. Credentials in global, local and Idap scopes are supported. There are two approaches to provide the credentials.

The recommended one is using the Navisphere CLI security file to provide the credentials which can get rid of providing the plain text credentials in the configuration file. Following is the instruction on how to do this.

- 1. Find out the linux user id of the /usr/bin/cinder-volume processes. Assuming the service /usr/bin/cinder-volume is running by account cinder.
- 2. Switch to root account
- 3. Change cinder:x:113:120::/var/lib/cinder:/bin/false to cinder:x:113:120::/var/lib/cinder:/bin/bash in /etc/passwd (This temporary change is to make step 4 work).
- 4. Save the credentials on behalf of cinder user to a security file (assuming the array credentials are admin/admin in global scope). In below command, switch -sec-

filepath is used to specify the location to save the security file (assuming saving to directory /etc/secfile/array1).

```
# su -l cinder -c '/opt/Navisphere/bin/naviseccli -AddUserSecurity -user
admin -password admin -scope 0 -secfilepath /etc/secfile/array1'
```

Save the security file to the different locations for different arrays except where the same credentials are shared between all arrays managed by the host. Otherwise, the credentials in the security file will be overwritten. If <code>-secfilepath</code> is not specified in the command above, the security file will be saved to the default location which is the home directory of the executor.

- 5. Change cinder:x:113:120::/var/lib/cinder:/bin/bash back to cinder:x:113:120::/var/lib/cinder:/bin/false in/etc/passwd.
- 6. Remove the credentials options san\_login, san\_password and storage\_vnx\_authentication\_type from cinder.conf (normally it is /etc/cinder/cinder.conf). Add the option storage\_vnx\_security\_file\_dir and set its value to the directory path supplied with switch -secfilepath in step 4. Omit this option if -secfilepath is not used in step 4.

```
#Directory path that contains the VNX security file. Generate the security
file first
storage_vnx_security_file_dir = /etc/secfile/array1
```

7. Restart cinder-volume service to make the change take effect.

Alternatively, the credentials can be specified in /etc/cinder.conf through the three options below:

```
#VNX user name
san_login = username
#VNX user password
san_password = password
#VNX user type. Valid values are: global, local and ldap. global is the
default value
storage_vnx_authentication_type = ldap
```

# **Restriction of deployment**

It does not suggest to deploy the driver on a compute node if cinder upload-to-image --force True is used against an in-use volume. Otherwise, cinder upload-to-image --force True will terminate the vm instance's data access to the volume.

#### Restriction of volume extension

VNX does not support to extend the thick volume which has a snapshot. If the user tries to extend a volume which has a snapshot, the volume's status would change to error\_extending.

# Provisioning type (thin, thick, deduplicated and compressed)

User can specify extra spec key storagetype:provisioning in volume type to set the provisioning type of a volume. The provisioning type can be thick, thin, deduplicated or compressed.

- thick provisioning type means the volume is fully provisioned.
- thin provisioning type means the volume is virtually provisioned.
- deduplicated provisioning type means the volume is virtually provisioned and the
  deduplication is enabled on it. Administrator shall go to VNX to configure the system level deduplication settings. To create a deduplicated volume, the VNX deduplication license
  should be activated on VNX first, and use key deduplication\_support=True to let
  Block Storage scheduler find a volume backend which manages a VNX with deduplication license activated.
- compressed provisioning type means the volume is virtually provisioned and the
  compression is enabled on it. Administrator shall go to the VNX to configure the
  system level compression settings. To create a compressed volume, the VNX compression license should be activated on VNX first, and the user should specify key
  compression\_support=True to let Block Storage scheduler find a volume backend
  which manages a VNX with compression license activated. VNX does not support to create a snapshot on a compressed volume. If the user tries to create a snapshot on a compressed volume, the operation would fail and OpenStack would show the new snapshot
  in error state.

Here is an example about how to create a volume with provisioning type. Firstly create a volume type and specify storage pool in the extra spec, then create a volume with this volume type:

```
$ cinder type-create "ThickVolume"
$ cinder type-create "ThinVolume"
$ cinder type-create "DeduplicatedVolume"
$ cinder type-create "CompressedVolume"
$ cinder type-key "ThickVolume" set storagetype:provisioning=thick
$ cinder type-key "ThinVolume" set storagetype:provisioning=thin
$ cinder type-key "DeduplicatedVolume" set storagetype:provisioning=
deduplicated deduplication_support=True
$ cinder type-key "CompressedVolume" set storagetype:provisioning=compressed
compression_support=True
```

In the example above, four volume types are created: ThickVolume, ThinVolume, DeduplicatedVolume and CompressedVolume. For ThickVolume, storagetype:provisioning is set to thick. Similarly for other volume types. If storagetype:provisioning is not specified or an invalid value, the default value thick is adopted.

Volume type name, such as ThickVolume, is user-defined and can be any name. Extra spec key storagetype:provisioning shall be the exact name listed here. Extra spec value for storagetype:provisioning shall be thick, thin, deduplicated or compressed. During volume creation, if the driver finds storagetype:provisioning in the extra spec of the volume type, it will create the volume with the provisioning type accordingly. Otherwise, the volume will be thick as the default.

# Fully automated storage tiering support

VNX supports Fully automated storage tiering which requires the FAST license activated on the VNX. The OpenStack administrator can use the extra spec key storagetype:tiering to set the tiering policy of a volume and use the extra spec key

fast\_support=True to let Block Storage scheduler find a volume backend which manages a VNX with FAST license activated. Here are the five supported values for the extra spec key storagetype:tiering:

- StartHighThenAuto (Default option)
- Auto
- HighestAvailable
- LowestAvailable
- NoMovement

Tiering policy can not be set for a deduplicated volume. The user can check storage pool properties on VNX to know the tiering policy of a deduplicated volume.

Here is an example about how to create a volume with tiering policy:

```
$ cinder type-create "AutoTieringVolume"
$ cinder type-key "AutoTieringVolume" set storagetype:tiering=Auto
fast_support=True
$ cinder type-create "ThinVolumeOnLowestAvaibleTier"
$ cinder type-key "CompressedVolumeOnLowestAvaibleTier" set
storagetype:provisioning=thin storagetype:tiering=Auto fast_support=True
```

### **FAST Cache support**

VNX has FAST Cache feature which requires the FAST Cache license activated on the VNX. The OpenStack administrator can use the extra spec key fast\_cache\_enabled to choose whether to create a volume on the volume backend which manages a pool with FAST Cache enabled. This feature is only supported by pool-based backend (Refer to the section called "Multiple pools support" [25]). The value of the extra spec key fast\_cache\_enabled is either True or False. When creating a volume, if the key fast\_cache\_enabled is set to True in the volume type, the volume will be created by a pool-based backend which manages a pool with FAST Cache enabled.

# Storage group automatic deletion

For volume attaching, the driver has a storage group on VNX for each compute node hosting the vm instances that are going to consume VNX Block Storage (using the compute node's hostname as the storage group's name). All the volumes attched to the vm instances in a computer node will be put into the corresponding Storage Group. If destroy\_empty\_storage\_group=True, the driver will remove the empty storage group when its last volume is detached. For data safety, it does not suggest to set the option destroy\_empty\_storage\_group=True unless the VNX is exclusively managed by one Block Storage node because consistent lock\_path is required for operation synchronization for this behavior.

# **EMC storage-assisted volume migration**

EMC VNX direct driver supports storage-assisted volume migration, when the user starts migrating with cinder migrate --force-host-copy False volume\_id

host or cinder migrate volume\_id host, cinder will try to leverage the VNX's native volume migration functionality.

In the following scenarios, VNX native volume migration will not be triggered:

- Volume migration between backends with different storage protocol, ex, FC and iSCSI.
- Volume migration from pool-based backend to array-based backend.
- Volume is being migrated across arrays.

### **Initiator auto registration**

If initiator\_auto\_registration=True, the driver will automatically register iSCSI initiators with all working iSCSI target ports on the VNX array during volume attaching (The driver will skip those initiators that have already been registered).

If the user wants to register the initiators with some specific ports on VNX but not register with the other ports, this functionality should be disabled.

### **Read-only volumes**

OpenStack supports read-only volumes. Either of the following commands can be used to set a volume to read-only.

```
$ cinder metadata volume set 'attached_mode'='ro'
$ cinder metadata volume set 'readonly'='True'
```

After a volume is marked as read-only, the driver will forward the information when a hypervisor is attaching the volume and the hypervisor will have an implementation-specific way to make sure the volume is not written.

### Multiple pools support

Normally a storage pool is configured for a Block Storage backend (named as pool-based backend), so that only that storage pool will be used by that Block Storage backend.

If storage\_vnx\_pool\_name is not given in the configuration file, the driver will allow user to use the extra spec key storagetype:pool in the volume type to specify the storage pool for volume creation. If storagetype:pool is not specified in the volume type and storage\_vnx\_pool\_name is not found in the configuration file, the driver will randomly choose a pool to create the volume. This kind of Block Storage backend is named as array-based backend.

Here is an example about configuration of array-based backend:

```
san_ip = 10.10.72.41
#Directory path that contains the VNX security file. Make sure the security
file is generated first
storage_vnx_security_file_dir = /etc/secfile/array1
storage_vnx_authentication_type = global
naviseccli_path = /opt/Navisphere/bin/naviseccli
default_timeout = 10
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.emc.emc_cli_iscsi.EMCCLIISCSIDriver
destroy_empty_storage_group = False
volume_backend_name = vnx_41
```

In this configuration, if the user wants to create a volume on a certain storage pool, a volume type with a extra spec specified the storage pool should be created first, then the user can use this volume type to create the volume.

Here is an example about creating the volume type:

```
$ cinder type-create "HighPerf"
$ cinder type-key "HighPerf" set storagetype:pool=Pool_02_SASFLASH
volume_backend_name=vnx_41
```

Multiple pool support is still an experimental workaround before blueprint pool-aware-cinder-scheduler is introduced. It is NOT recommended to enable this feature since Juno just supports pool-aware-cinder-scheduler. In later driver update, the driver side change which cooperates with pool-aware-cinder-scheduler will be introduced.

### FC SAN auto zoning

EMC direct driver supports FC SAN auto zoning when ZoneManager is configured. Set zoning\_mode to fabric in backend configuration section to enable this feature. For ZoneManager configuration, please refer to the section called "Fibre Channel Zone Manager" [159].

# **Multi-backend configuration**

```
[DEFAULT]
enabled_backends = backendA, backendB
[backendA]
storage_vnx_pool_name = Pool_01_SAS
san_{ip} = 10.10.72.41
#Directory path that contains the VNX security file. Make sure the security
file is generated first.
storage_vnx_security_file_dir = /etc/secfile/array1
naviseccli_path = /opt/Navisphere/bin/naviseccli
#Timeout in Minutes
default_timeout = 10
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.emc.emc_cli_fc.EMCCLIFCDriver
destroy_empty_storage_group = False
initiator_auto_registration = True
[backendB]
storage_vnx_pool_name = Pool_02_SAS
san_{ip} = 10.10.26.101
san_login = username
san_password = password
naviseccli_path = /opt/Navisphere/bin/naviseccli
#Timeout in Minutes
default_timeout = 10
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.emc.emc_cli_fc.EMCCLIFCDriver
destroy_empty_storage_group = False
initiator_auto_registration = True
[database]
max_pool_size = 20
max_overflow = 30
```

For more details on multi-backend, see OpenStack Cloud Administration Guide.

# **EMC XtremIO OpenStack Block Storage driver guide**

The high performance XtremIO All Flash Array (AFA) offers Block Storage services to Open-Stack. Using the driver, OpenStack Block Storage hosts can connect to an XtermIO Storage cluster.

This section explains how to configure and connect an OpenStack Block Storage host to an XtremIO Storage Cluster

### **Support matrix**

• Xtremapp: Version 3.0 and above

### **Supported operations**

- Create, delete, clone, attach, and detach volumes
- Create and delete volume snapshots
- · Create a volume from a snapshot
- Copy an image to a volume
- Copy a volume to an image
- Extend a volume

### **Driver installation and configuration**

The following sections describe the installation and configuration of the EMC XtremIO OpenStack Block Storage driver.

The driver should be installed on the Block Storage host that has the cinder-volume component.

#### Installation

#### Procedure 1.2. To install the EMC XtremIO Block Storage driver

- 1. Configure the XtremIO Block Storage driver.
- 2. Restart cinder.
- 3. When CHAP initiator authentication is required, set the Cluster CHAP authentication mode to initiator.

# **Configuring the XtremIO Block Storage driver**

Edit the cinder.conf file by adding the configuration below under the [DEFAULT] section of the file in case of a single back end or under a separate section in case of multiple back ends (for example [XTREMIO]). The configuration file is usually located under the following path /etc/cinder/cinder.conf.

For a configuration example, refer to the configuration example.

#### **XtremIO driver name**

Configure the driver name by adding the following parameter:

- For iSCSI volume\_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.emc.xtremio.XtremIOIscsiDriver
- For Fibre Channel volume\_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.emc.xtremio.XtremIOFibreChannelDriver

### **XtremIO management IP**

To retrieve the management IP, use the**show-xms**CLI command.

Configure the management IP by adding the following parameter san\_ip = XMS Management IP

### **XtremIO** user credentials

OpenStack Block Storage requires an XtremIO XMS user with administrative privileges. XtremIO recommends creating a dedicated OpenStack user account that holds an administrative user role.

Refer to the XtremIO User Guide for details on user account management

Create an XMS account using either the XMS GUI or the add-user-accountCLI command.

Configure the user credentials by adding the following parameters:

```
san_login = XMS username
san_password = XMS username password
```

### Multiple back ends

Configuring multiple storage back ends enables you to create several back-end storage solutions that serve the same OpenStack Compute resources.

When a volume is created, the scheduler selects the appropriate back end to handle the request, according to the specified volume type.

#### **Procedure 1.3. To enable multiple storage back ends:**

1. Add the back end name to the XtremIO configuration group section as follows:

```
volume backend name = XtremIO back end name
```

2. Add the configuration group name to the <code>enabled\_backendsflag</code> in the <code>[DE-FAULT]</code> section of the <code>cinder.conffile</code>. This flag defines the names (separated by commas) of the configuration groups for different back ends. Each name is associated to one configuration group for a back end:

```
enabled backends = back end name1, back end name2...
```

3. Define a volume type (for examplegold) as Block Storage by running the following command:

```
$ cinder type-create gold
```

4. Create an extra-specification (for example XtremIOAFA) to link the volume type you defined to a back end name, by running the following command:

```
$ cinder type-key gold set
volume_backend_name = XtremIOAFA
```

5. When you create a volume (for example Vol1), specify the volume type. The volume type extra-specifications are used to determine the relevant back end.

```
$ cinder create --volume_type gold -display name Vol1 1
```

### Setting thin provisioning and multipathing parameters

To support thin provisioning and multipathing in the XtremIO Array, the following parameters from the Nova and Cinder configuration files should be modified as follows:

Thin Provisioning

The use\_cow\_images parameter in the nova.conffile should be set to False as follows:

```
use_cow_images = false
```

Multipathing

The use\_multipath\_for\_image\_xfer parameter in thecinder.conf file should be set to True as follows:

```
use_multipath_for_image_xfer = true
```

# **Restarting OpenStack Block Storage**

Save thecinder.conffile and restart cinder by running the following command:

```
$ openstack-service restart cinder-volume
```

# **Configuring CHAP**

The XtremIO Block Storage driver supports CHAP initiator authentication. If CHAP initiator authentication is required, set the CHAP Authentication mode to initiator.

To set the CHAP initiator mode using CLI, run the following CLI command:

```
$ modify-chap chap-authentication-mode=initiator
```

The CHAP initiator mode can also be set via the XMS GUI

Refer to XtremIO User Guide for details on CHAP configuration via GUI and CLI.

The CHAP initiator authentication credentials (username and password) are generated automatically by the Block Storage driver. Therefore, there is no need to configure the initial CHAP credentials manually in XMS.

### **Configuration example**

cinder.conf example file

You can update thecinder.conffile by editing the necessary parameters as follows:

```
[Default]
enabled_backends = XtremIO
[XtremIO]
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.emc.xtremio XtremIOFibreChannelDriver
san_ip = 10.10.10.20
san_login = admin
san_password = 223344
volume_backend_name = XtremIOAFA
```

### GlusterFS driver

GlusterFS is an open-source scalable distributed file system that is able to grow to petabytes and beyond in size. More information can be found on Gluster's homepage.

This driver enables the use of GlusterFS in a similar fashion as NFS. It supports basic volume operations, including snapshot/clone.



#### Note

You must use a Linux kernel of version 3.4 or greater (or version 2.6.32 or greater in Red Hat Enterprise Linux/CentOS 6.3+) when working with Gluster-based volumes. See Bug 1177103 for more information.

To use Block Storage with GlusterFS, first set the volume\_driver in cinder.conf:

volume\_driver=cinder.volume.drivers.glusterfs.GlusterfsDriver

The following table contains the configuration options supported by the GlusterFS driver.

Table 1.4. Description of GlusterFS storage configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description		
[DEFAULT]			
glusterfs_mount_point_base = \$state_path/mnt	(StrOpt) Base dir containing mount points for gluster shares.		
glusterfs_qcow2_volumes = False	(BoolOpt) Create volumes as QCOW2 files rather than raw files.		
glusterfs_shares_config = /etc/cinder/glusterfs_shares	(StrOpt) File with the list of available gluster shares		
glusterfs_sparsed_volumes = True	(BoolOpt) Create volumes as sparsed files which take no space. If set to False volume is created as regular file. In such case volume creation takes a lot of time.		

# **HDS HNAS iSCSI and NFS driver**

This Block Storage volume driver provides iSCSI and NFS support for HNAS (Hitachi Network-attached Storage) arrays such as, HNAS 3000 and 4000 family.

# **System requirements**

Use the HDS ssc command to communicate with an HNAS array. This utility package is available in the physical media distributed with the hardware or it can be copied from the SMU (/usr/local/bin/ssc).

Platform: Ubuntu 12.04 LTS or newer.

### **Supported operations**

The base NFS driver combined with the HNAS driver extensions support these operations:

- Create, delete, attach, and detach volumes.
- Create, list, and delete volume snapshots.
- Create a volume from a snapshot.
- Copy an image to a volume.
- Copy a volume to an image.
- · Clone a volume.
- Extend a volume.
- · Get volume statistics.

### **Configuration**

ounf - ounf

The HDS driver supports the concept of differentiated services (also referred to as quality of service) by mapping volume types to services provided through HNAS. HNAS supports a variety of storage options and file system capabilities which are selected through volume typing and the use of multiple back-ends. The HDS driver maps up to 4 volume types into separate exports/filesystems, and can support any number using multiple back-ends.

Configuration is read from an XML-formatted file (one per backend). Examples are shown for single and multi back-end cases.



#### **Note**

- Configuration is read from an XML file. This example shows the configuration for single back-end and for multi-back-end cases.
- The default volume type needs to be set in configuration file. If there is no default volume type, only matching volume types will work.

### Table 1.5. Description of HDS HNAS iSCSI and NFS driver configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
hds_hnas_iscsi_config_file = /opt/hds/hnas/ cinder_iscsi_conf.xml	(StrOpt) Configuration file for HDS iSCSI cinder plugin
hds_hnas_nfs_config_file = /opt/hds/hnas/cinder_nfs_conf.xml	(StrOpt) Configuration file for HDS NFS cinder plugin

### **HNAS** setup

Before using iSCSI and NFS services, use the HNAS Web Interface to create storage pool(s), filesystem(s), and assign an EVS. For NFS, NFS exports should be created. For iSCSI, a SCSI Domain needs to be set.

### Single back-end

In a single back-end deployment, only one OpenStack Block Storage instance runs on the OpenStack Block Storage server and controls one HNAS array: this deployment requires these configuration files:

Set the hds\_hnas\_iscsi\_config\_file option in the /etc/cin-der/cinder.conf file to use the HNAS iSCSI volume driver. Or hds\_hnas\_nfs\_config\_file to use HNAS NFS driver. This option points to a configuration file.<sup>1</sup>

#### For HNAS iSCSI driver:

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.hds.iscsi.HDSISCSIDriver
hds_hnas_iscsi_config_file = /opt/hds/hnas/cinder_iscsi_conf.xml
```

#### For HNAS NFS driver:

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.hds.nfs.HDSNFSDriver
hds_hnas_nfs_config_file = /opt/hds/hnas/cinder_nfs_conf.xml
```

2. For HNAS iSCSI, configure hds\_hnas\_iscsi\_config\_file at the location specified previously. For example, /opt/hds/hnas/cinder\_iscsi\_conf.xml:

For HNAS NFS, configure hds\_hnas\_nfs\_config\_file at the location specified previously. For example, /opt/hds/hnas/cinder\_nfs\_conf.xml:

Up to 4 service stanzas can be included in the XML file; named  $svc_0$ ,  $svc_1$ ,  $svc_2$  and  $svc_3$ . Additional services can be enabled using multi-backend as described below.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The configuration file location may differ.

#### Multi back-end

In a multi back-end deployment, more than one OpenStack Block Storage instance runs on the same server. In this example, two HNAS arrays are used, possibly providing different storage performance:

For HNAS iSCSI, configure /etc/cinder/cinder.conf: the hnas1 and hnas2 configuration blocks are created. Set the hds\_hnas\_iscsi\_config\_file option to point to an unique configuration file for each block. Set the volume\_driver option for each back-end to cinder.volume.drivers.hds.iscsi.HDSISCSIDriver.

```
enabled_backends=hnas1,hnas2

[hnas1]
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.hds.iscsi.HDSISCSIDriver
hds_hnas_iscsi_config_file = /opt/hds/hnas/cinder_iscsi1_conf.xml
volume_backend_name=hnas-1

[hnas2]
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.hds.iscsi.HDSISCSIDriver
hds_hnas_iscsi_config_file = /opt/hds/hnas/cinder_iscsi2_conf.xml
volume_backend_name=hnas-2
```

2. Configure the /opt/hds/hnas/cinder\_iscsi1\_conf.xml file:

3. Configure the /opt/hds/hnas/cinder\_iscsi2\_conf.xml file:

1. For NFS, configure /etc/cinder/cinder.conf: the hnas1 and hnas2 configuration blocks are created. Set the hds\_hnas\_nfs\_config\_file option to point to an unique configuration file for each block. Set the volume\_driver option for each back-end to cinder.volume.drivers.hds.nfs.HDSNFSDriver.

```
enabled_backends=hnas1,hnas2
[hnas1]
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.hds.nfs.HDSNFSDriver
hds_hnas_nfs_config_file = /opt/hds/hnas/cinder_nfs1_conf.xml
volume_backend_name=hnas-1
[hnas2]
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.hds.nfs.HDSNFSDriver
hds_hnas_nfs_config_file = /opt/hds/hnas/cinder_nfs2_conf.xml
volume_backend_name=hnas-2
```

2. Configure the /opt/hds/hnas/cinder\_nfs1\_conf.xml file:

3. Configure the /opt/hds/hnas/cinder\_nfs2\_conf.xml file:

#### Type extra specs: volume backend and volume type

If you use volume types, you must configure them in the configuration file and set the volume\_backend\_name option to the appropriate back-end. In the previous multi back-end example, the platinum volume type is served by hnas-2, and the regular volume type is served by hnas-1.

```
cinder type-key regular set volume_backend_name=hnas-1
cinder type-key platinum set volume_backend_name=hnas-2
```

#### Non-differentiated deployment of HNAS arrays

You can deploy multiple OpenStack HNAS drivers instances that each control a separate HNAS array. Each instance does not need to have a volume type associated with it. The OpenStack Block Storage filtering algorithm selects the HNAS array with the largest avail-

ounf - ounf

able free space. In each configuration file, you must define the default volume type in the service labels.

### **HDS HNAS volume driver configuration options**

These details apply to the XML format configuration file that is read by HDS volume driver. These differentiated service labels are predefined: svc 0, svc 1, svc 2 and svc 3<sup>2</sup>. Each respective service label associates with these parameters and tags:

volume\_type

A create\_volume call with a certain volume type shall be matched up with this tag. The value default is special in that any service associated with this type is used to create volume when no other labels match. Other labels are case sensitive and should exactly match. If no configured volume types match the incoming requested type, an error occurs in volume creation.

(iSCSI only) Virtual filesystem label associated with the service.

(NFS only) Path to the volume <ip\_address>:/<path> associated with the service. Additionally, this entry must be added in the file used to list available NFS shares. This file is located, by default, in / etc/cinder/nfs\_shares or you can specify the location in the nfs\_shares\_config option in the cinder configuration file.

(iSCSI only) An iSCSI IP address dedicated to the service.

Typically a OpenStack Block Storage volume instance has only one such service label. For example, any svc 0, svc 1, svc 2 or svc 3 can be associated with it. But any mix of these service labels can be used in the same instance <sup>3</sup>.

**Table 1.6. Configuration options** 

Option	Туре	Default	Description
mgmt_ip0	Required		Management Port 0 IP address. Should be the IP address of the 'Admin' EVS.
hnas_cmd	Optional	ssc	hnas_cmd is a command to communicate to HNAS array.
chap_enabled	Optional	True	(iSCSI only) chap_enabled is a boolean tag used to enable CHAP authentication protocol.
username	Required	supervisor	Username is always required on HNAS.
password	Required	supervisor	Password is always required on HNAS.
svc_0, svc_1, svc_2, svc_3	Optional	(at least one la- bel has to be de- fined)	Service labels: these four predefined names help four different sets of configuration options. Each can specify HDP and a unique volume type.
volume_type	Required	default	volume_type tag is used to match volume type. default meets any type of volume type, or if it is not specified. Any other volume type is selected if exactly matched during volume creation.
iscsi_ip	Required		(iSCSI only) iSCSI IP address where volume attaches for this volume type.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>There is no relative precedence or weight among these four labels.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The get\_volume\_stats() function always provides the available capacity based on the combined sum of all the HDPs that are used in these services labels.

Option	Туре	Default	Description
hdp	Required		HDP, for HNAS iSCSI is the virtual filesystem label or the path (for HNAS NFS) where volume, or snapshot should be created.

### **HDS HUS iSCSI driver**

This Block Storage volume driver provides iSCSI support for HUS (Hitachi Unified Storage) arrays such as, HUS-110, HUS-130, and HUS-150.

### **System requirements**

Use the HDS **hus-cmd** command to communicate with an HUS array. You can download this utility package from the HDS support site (https://hdssupport.hds.com/).

### **Supported operations**

- Create, delete, attach, and detach volumes.
- Create, list, and delete volume snapshots.
- Create a volume from a snapshot.
- Copy an image to a volume.
- Copy a volume to an image.
- · Clone a volume.
- · Extend a volume.
- Get volume statistics.

# **Configuration**

The HDS driver supports the concept of differentiated services, where a volume type can be associated with the fine-tuned performance characteristics of an HDP— the dynamic pool where volumes are created<sup>4</sup>. For instance, an HDP can consist of fast SSDs to provide speed. HDP can provide a certain reliability based on things like its RAID level characteristics. HDS driver maps volume type to the volume\_type option in its configuration file.

Configuration is read from an XML-format file. Examples are shown for single and multi back-end cases.



#### Note

- Configuration is read from an XML file. This example shows the configuration for single back-end and for multi-back-end cases.
- It is not recommended to manage an HUS array simultaneously from multiple OpenStack Block Storage instances or servers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Do not confuse differentiated services with the OpenStack Block Storage volume services.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>It is okay to manage multiple HUS arrays by using multiple OpenStack Block Storage instances (or servers).

### Table 1.7. Description of HDS HUS iSCSI driver configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
hds_cinder_config_file = /opt/hds/hus/ cinder_hus_conf.xml	(StrOpt) The configuration file for the Cinder HDS driver for HUS

### **HUS** setup

Before using iSCSI services, use the HUS UI to create an iSCSI domain for each EVS providing iSCSI services.

### Single back-end

In a single back-end deployment, only one OpenStack Block Storage instance runs on the OpenStack Block Storage server and controls one HUS array: this deployment requires these configuration files:

1. Set the hds\_cinder\_config\_file option in the /etc/cinder/cinder.conf file to use the HDS volume driver. This option points to a configuration file. 6

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.hds.hds.HUSDriver
hds_cinder_config_file = /opt/hds/hus/cinder_hds_conf.xml
```

2. Configure hds\_cinder\_config\_file at the location specified previously. For example, /opt/hds/hus/cinder\_hds\_conf.xml:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<config>
   <mgmt_ip0>172.17.44.16</mgmt_ip0>
    <mgmt_ip1>172.17.44.17</mgmt_ip1>
   <hus_cmd>hus-cmd</hus_cmd>
    <username>system</username>
    <password>manager</password>
    <svc_0>
        <volume_type>default</volume_type>
        <iscsi_ip>172.17.39.132</iscsi_ip>
        <hdp>9</hdp>
    </svc_0>
    <snapshot>
        <hdp>13</hdp>
    </snapshot>
    <lun_start>
        3000
    </lun_start>
    <lun end>
        4000
    </lun_end>
</config>
```

#### Multi back-end

In a multi back-end deployment, more than one OpenStack Block Storage instance runs on the same server. In this example, two HUS arrays are used, possibly providing different storage performance:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The configuration file location may differ.

 Configure /etc/cinder/cinder.conf: the hus1 hus2 configuration blocks are created. Set the hds\_cinder\_config\_file option to point to a unique configuration file for each block. Set the volume\_driver option for each back-end to cinder.volume.drivers.hds.hds.HUSDriver

```
enabled_backends=hus1,hus2

[hus1]
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.hds.hds.HUSDriver
hds_cinder_config_file = /opt/hds/hus/cinder_hus1_conf.xml
volume_backend_name=hus-1

[hus2]
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.hds.hds.HUSDriver
hds_cinder_config_file = /opt/hds/hus/cinder_hus2_conf.xml
volume_backend_name=hus-2
```

2. Configure /opt/hds/hus/cinder\_hus1\_conf.xml:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<config>
    <mgmt_ip0>172.17.44.16</mgmt_ip0>
    <mgmt_ip1>172.17.44.17</mgmt_ip1>
    <hus_cmd>hus-cmd</hus_cmd>
    <username>system</username>
    <password>manager</password>
    <svc_0>
        <volume_type>regular</volume_type>
        <iscsi_ip>172.17.39.132</iscsi_ip>
        <hdp>9</hdp>
    </svc_0>
    <snapshot>
        <hdp>13</hdp>
    </snapshot>
    <lun_start>
        3000
    </lun_start>
    <lun end>
        4000
    </lun_end>
</config>
```

3. Configure the /opt/hds/hus/cinder\_hus2\_conf.xml file:

### Type extra specs: volume\_backend and volume type

If you use volume types, you must configure them in the configuration file and set the volume\_backend\_name option to the appropriate back-end. In the previous multi back-end example, the platinum volume type is served by hus-2, and the regular volume type is served by hus-1.

```
cinder type-key regular set volume_backend_name=hus-1 cinder type-key platinum set volume_backend_name=hus-2
```

### Non differentiated deployment of HUS arrays

You can deploy multiple OpenStack Block Storage instances that each control a separate HUS array. Each instance has no volume type associated with it. The OpenStack Block Storage filtering algorithm selects the HUS array with the largest available free space. In each configuration file, you must define the default volume\_type in the service labels.

### **HDS iSCSI volume driver configuration options**

These details apply to the XML format configuration file that is read by HDS volume driver. These differentiated service labels are predefined:  $svc_0$ ,  $svc_1$ ,  $svc_2$ , and  $svc_3$ . Each respective service label associates with these parameters and tags:

- 1. volume-types: A create\_volume call with a certain volume type shall be matched up with this tag. default is special in that any service associated with this type is used to create volume when no other labels match. Other labels are case sensitive and should exactly match. If no configured volume\_types match the incoming requested type, an error occurs in volume creation.
- 2. HDP, the pool ID associated with the service.
- 3. An iSCSI port dedicated to the service.

Typically a OpenStack Block Storage volume instance has only one such service label. For example, any svc\_0, svc\_1, svc\_2, or svc\_3 can be associated with it. But any mix of these service labels can be used in the same instance <sup>8</sup>.

**Table 1.8. Configuration options** 

Option	Туре	Default	Description
mgmt_ip0	Required		Management Port 0 IP address
mgmt_ip1	Required		Management Port 1 IP address
hus_cmd	Optional		hus_cmd is the command used to communicate with the HUS array. If it is not set, the default value is <b>hus-cmd</b> .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Each of these four labels has no relative precedence or weight.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>The get\_volume\_stats() always provides the available capacity based on the combined sum of all the HDPs that are used in these services labels.

Option	Туре	Default	Description
username	Optional		Username is required only if secure mode is used
password	Optional		Password is required only if secure mode is used
svc_0, svc_1, svc_2, svc_3	Optional	(at least one la- bel has to be de- fined)	Service labels: these four predefined names help four different sets of configuration options – each can specify iSC-SI port address, HDP and a unique volume type.
snapshot	Required		A service label which helps specify configuration for snapshots, such as, HDP.
volume_type	Required		volume_type tag is used to match volume type. Default meets any type of volume_type, or if it is not specified. Any other volume_type is selected if exactly matched during create_volume.
iscsi_ip	Required		iSCSI port IP address where volume attaches for this volume type.
hdp	Required		HDP, the pool number where volume, or snapshot should be created.
lun_start	Optional	0	LUN allocation starts at this number.
lun_end	Optional	4096	LUN allocation is up to, but not including, this number.

# Hitachi storage volume driver

Hitachi storage volume driver provides iSCSI and Fibre Channel support for Hitachi storages.

### **System requirements**

Supported storages:

- Hitachi Virtual Storage Platform G1000 (VSP G1000)
- Hitachi Virtual Storage Platform (VSP)
- Hitachi Unified Storage VM (HUS VM)
- Hitachi Unified Storage 100 Family (HUS 100 Family)

Required software:

- RAID Manager Ver 01-32-03/01 or later for VSP G1000/VSP/HUS VM
- Hitachi Storage Navigator Modular 2 (HSNM2) Ver 27.50 or later for HUS 100 Family



#### Note

HSNM2 needs to be installed under /usr/stonavm.

#### Required licenses:

- Hitachi In-System Replication Software for VSP G1000/VSP/HUS VM
- (Mandatory) ShadowImage in-system replication for HUS 100 Family
- (Optional) Copy-on-Write Snapshot for HUS 100 Family

Additionaly, the pexpect package is required.

# **Supported operations**

- Create, delete, attach and detach volumes.
- Create, list and delete volume snapshots.
- Create a volume from a snapshot.
- Copy a volume to an image.
- Copy an image to a volume.
- · Clone a volume.
- Extend a volume.
- Get volume statistics.

### Configuration

### Set up Hitachi storage

You need to specify settings as described below. For details about each step, see the user's guide of the storage device. Use a storage administrative software such as Storage Navigator to set up the storage device so that LDEVs and host groups can be created and deleted, and LDEVs can be connected to the server and can be asynchronously copied.

- 1. Create a Dynamic Provisioning pool.
- 2. Connect the ports at the storage to the Controller node and Compute nodes.
- 3. For VSP G1000/VSP/HUS VM, set "port security" to "enable" for the ports at the storage.
- 4. For HUS 100 Family, set "Host Group security"/"iSCSI target security" to "ON" for the ports at the storage.
- 5. For the ports at the storage, create host groups (iSCSI targets) whose names begin with HBSD- for the Controller node and each Compute node. Then register a WWN (initiator IQN) for each of the Controller node and Compute nodes.
- 6. For VSP G1000/VSP/HUS VM, perform the following:
  - Create a storage device account belonging to the Administrator User Group. (To use multiple storage devices, create the same account name for all the target storage devices, and specify the same resource group and permissions.)
  - Create a command device (In-Band), and set user authentication to ON.
  - Register the created command device to the host group for the Controller node.
  - To use the Thin Image function, create a pool for Thin Image.
- 7. For HUS 100 Family, perform the following:

- Use the command **auunitaddauto** to register the unit name and controller of the storage device to HSNM2.
- When connecting via iSCSI, if you are using CHAP certification, specify the same user and password as that used for the storage port.

### Set up Hitachi Gigabit Fibre Channel adaptor

Change a parameter of the hfcldd driver and update the initram file if Hitachi Gigabit Fibre Channel adaptor is used.

```
# /opt/hitachi/drivers/hba/hfcmgr -E hfc_rport_lu_scan 1
# dracut -f initramfs-KERNEL_VERSION.img KERNEL_VERSION
# reboot
```

### Set up Hitachi storage volume driver

1. Create directory.

```
# mkdir /var/lock/hbsd
# chown cinder:cinder /var/lock/hbsd
```

2. Create "volume type" and "volume key".

This example shows that HUS100\_SAMPLE is created as "volume type" and hus100\_backend is registered as "volume key".

```
$ cinder type-create HUS100_SAMPLE
$ cinder type-key HUS100_SAMPLE set volume_backend_name=hus100_backend
```

Please specify any identical "volume type" name and "volume key".

To confirm the created "volume type", please execute the following command:

```
$ cinder extra-specs-list
```

3. Edit /etc/cinder/cinder.conf as follows.

If you use Fibre Channel:

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.hitachi.hbsd_fc.HBSDFCDriver
```

If you use iSCSI:

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.hitachi.hbsd_iscsi.HBSDISCSIDriver
```

Also, set volume\_backend\_name created by cinder type-key

```
volume_backend_name = hus100_backend
```

This table shows configuration options for Hitachi storage volume driver.

# Table 1.9. Description of Hitachi storage volume driver configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	

Configuration option = Default value	Description
hitachi_add_chap_user = False	(BoolOpt) Add CHAP user
hitachi_async_copy_check_interval = 10	(IntOpt) Interval to check copy asynchronously
hitachi_auth_method = None	(StrOpt) iSCSI authentication method
hitachi_auth_password = HBSD-CHAP-password	(StrOpt) iSCSI authentication password
hitachi_auth_user = HBSD-CHAP-user	(StrOpt) iSCSI authentication username
hitachi_copy_check_interval = 3	(IntOpt) Interval to check copy
hitachi_copy_speed = 3	(IntOpt) Copy speed of storage system
hitachi_default_copy_method = FULL	(StrOpt) Default copy method of storage system
hitachi_group_range = None	(StrOpt) Range of group number
hitachi_group_request = False	(BoolOpt) Request for creating HostGroup or iSCSI Target
hitachi_horcm_add_conf = True	(BoolOpt) Add to HORCM configuration
hitachi_horcm_numbers = 200,201	(StrOpt) Instance numbers for HORCM
hitachi_horcm_password = None	(StrOpt) Password of storage system for HORCM
hitachi_horcm_user = None	(StrOpt) Username of storage system for HORCM
hitachi_ldev_range = None	(StrOpt) Range of logical device of storage system
hitachi_pool_id = None	(IntOpt) Pool ID of storage system
hitachi_serial_number = None	(StrOpt) Serial number of storage system
hitachi_target_ports = None	(StrOpt) Control port names for HostGroup or iSCSI Target
hitachi_thin_pool_id = None	(IntOpt) Thin pool ID of storage system
hitachi_unit_name = None	(StrOpt) Name of an array unit
hitachi_zoning_request = False	(BoolOpt) Request for FC Zone creating HostGroup

When the startup is done, "MSGID0003-I: The storage backend can be used." is output into /var/log/cinder/volume.log as follows.

2014-09-01 10:34:14.169 28734 WARNING cinder.volume.drivers.hitachi. hbsd\_common [req-a0bb70b5-7c3f-422a-a29e-6a55d6508135 None None] MSGID0003-I: The storage backend can be used. (config\_group:

### **HP 3PAR Fibre Channel and iSCSI drivers**

The HP3PARFCDriver and HP3PARISCSIDriver drivers, which are based on the Block Storage service (Cinder) plug-in architecture, run volume operations by communicating with the HP 3PAR storage system over HTTP, HTTPS, and SSH connections. The HTTP and HTTPS communications use hp3parclient, which is part of the Python standard library.

For information about how to manage HP 3PAR storage systems, see the HP 3PAR user documentation.

# **System requirements**

To use the HP 3PAR drivers, install the following software and components on the HP 3PAR storage system:

• HP 3PAR Operating System software version 3.1.3 MU1 or higher

- HP 3PAR Web Services API Server must be enabled and running
- One Common Provisioning Group (CPG)
- Additionally, you must install the hp3parclient version 3.1.1 or newer from the Python standard library on the system with the enabled Block Storage service volume drivers.

# **Supported operations**

- Create, delete, attach, and detach volumes.
- Create, list, and delete volume snapshots.
- Create a volume from a snapshot.
- Copy an image to a volume.
- Copy a volume to an image.
- · Clone a volume.
- Extend a volume.
- Migrate a volume with back-end assistance.
- · Retype a volume.
- Manage and unmanage a volume.

Volume type support for both HP 3PAR drivers includes the ability to set the following capabilities in the OpenStack Block Storage API cinder.api.contrib.types\_extra\_specs volume type extra specs extension module:

• hp3par:cpg

- ounf - ounf

- hp3par:snap\_cpg
- hp3par:provisioning
- hp3par:persona
- hp3par:vvs

To work with the default filter scheduler, the key values are case sensitive and scoped with hp3par:. For information about how to set the key-value pairs and associate them with a volume type, run the following command:

\$ cinder help type-key



#### Note

Volumes that are cloned only support extra specs keys cpg, snap\_cpg, provisioning and vvs. The others are ignored. In addition the comments section of the cloned volume in the HP 3PAR StoreServ storage array is not populated.

If volume types are not used or a particular key is not set for a volume type, the following defaults are used:

- hp3par:cpg Defaults to the hp3par\_cpg setting in the cinder.conf file.
- hp3par:snap\_cpg Defaults to the hp3par\_snap setting in the cinder.conf file. If hp3par\_snap is not set, it defaults to the hp3par\_cpg setting.
- hp3par:provisioning Defaults to thin provisioning, the valid values are thin and full.
- hp3par:persona Defaults to the 2 Generic-ALUA persona. The valid values are,
   1 Generic, 2 Generic-ALUA, 6 Generic-legacy, 7 HPUX-legacy, 8
   AIX-legacy, 9 EGENERA, 10 ONTAP-legacy, 11 VMware, 12 Open-VMS, 13 HPUX, and 15 WindowsServer.

QoS support for both HP 3PAR drivers includes the ability to set the following capabilities in the OpenStack Block Storage API cinder.api.contrib.qos\_specs\_manage qos specs extension module:

- minBWS
- maxBWS
- minIOPS
- maxIOPS
- latency
- priority

The qos keys above no longer require to be scoped but must be created and associated to a volume type. For information about how to set the key-value pairs and associate them with a volume type, run the following commands:

- \$ cinder help qos-create
- \$ cinder help qos-key
- \$ cinder help qos-associate

The following keys require that the HP 3PAR StoreServ storage array has a Priority Optimization license installed.

- hp3par:vvs-The virtual volume set name that has been predefined by the Administrator with Quality of Service (QoS) rules associated to it. If you specify extra\_specs hp3par:vvs, the qos\_specs minIOPS, maxIOPS, minBWS, and maxBWS settings are ignored.
- minBWS The QoS I/O issue bandwidth minimum goal in MBs. If not set, the I/O issue bandwidth rate has no minimum goal.
- maxBWS The QoS I/O issue bandwidth rate limit in MBs. If not set, the I/O issue bandwidth rate has no limit.

[ - 0

Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

- Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno -

- minIOPS The QoS I/O issue count minimum goal. If not set, the I/O issue count has no minimum goal.
- maxIOPS The QoS I/O issue count rate limit. If not set, the I/O issue count rate has no limit.
- latency The latency goal in milliseconds.
- priority The priority of the QoS rule over other rules. If not set, the priority is normal, valid values are low, normal and high.



#### Note

Since the Icehouse release, minIOPS and maxIOPS must be used together to set I/O limits. Similarly, minBWS and maxBWS must be used together. If only one is set the other will be set to the same value.

### **Enable the HP 3PAR Fibre Channel and iSCSI drivers**

The HP3PARFCDriver and HP3PARISCSIDriver are installed with the OpenStack software.

Install the hp3parclient Python package on the OpenStack Block Storage system.

```
# pip install 'hp3parclient>=3.0,<4.0'</pre>
```

- 2. Verify that the HP 3PAR Web Services API server is enabled and running on the HP 3PAR storage system.
  - a. Log onto the HP 3PAR storage system with administrator access.

```
$ ssh 3paradm@<HP 3PAR IP Address>
```

b. View the current state of the Web Services API Server.

```
# showwsapi
-Service- -State- -HTTP_State- HTTP_Port -HTTPS_State- HTTPS_Port -
Version-
Enabled Active Enabled 8008 Enabled 8080
1.1
```

If the Web Services API Server is disabled, start it.

```
# startwsapi
```

3. If the HTTP or HTTPS state is disabled, enable one of them.

```
# setwsapi -http enable
```

or

# setwsapi -https enable



#### Note

To stop the Web Services API Server, use the stopwsapi command. For other options run the **setwsapi** –**h** command.

ence

4. If you are not using an existing CPG, create a CPG on the HP 3PAR storage system to be used as the default location for creating volumes.

December 8, 2015

5. Make the following changes in the /etc/cinder/cinder.conf file.

```
## REQUIRED SETTINGS
# 3PAR WS API Server URL
hp3par_api_url=https://10.10.0.141:8080/api/v1
# 3PAR Super user username
hp3par_username=3paradm
# 3PAR Super user password
hp3par_password=3parpass
# 3PAR CPG to use for volume creation
hp3par_cpg=OpenStackCPG_RAID5_NL
# IP address of SAN controller for SSH access to the array
san ip=10.10.22.241
# Username for SAN controller for SSH access to the array
san_login=3paradm
# Password for SAN controller for SSH access to the array
san_password=3parpass
# FIBRE CHANNEL(uncomment the next line to enable the FC driver)
# volume_driver=cinder.volume.drivers.san.hp.hp_3par_fc.HP3PARFCDriver
# iSCSI (uncomment the next line to enable the iSCSI driver and
# hp3par_iscsi_ips or iscsi_ip_address)
#volume_driver=cinder.volume.drivers.san.hp.hp_3par_iscsi.
HP3PARISCSIDriver
# iSCSI multiple port configuration
# hp3par_iscsi_ips=10.10.220.253:3261,10.10.222.234
# Still available for single port iSCSI configuration
#iscsi_ip_address=10.10.220.253
## OPTIONAL SETTINGS
# Enable HTTP debugging to 3PAR
hp3par_debug=False
# Enable CHAP authentication for iSCSI connections.
hp3par_iscsi_chap_enabled=false
# The CPG to use for Snapshots for volumes. If empty hp3par_cpg will be
hp3par_snap_cpg=OpenStackSNAP_CPG
# Time in hours to retain a snapshot. You can't delete it before this
expires.
hp3par_snapshot_retention=48
# Time in hours when a snapshot expires and is deleted. This must be
larger than retention.
hp3par_snapshot_expiration=72
```



#### Note

You can enable only one driver on each cinder instance unless you enable multiple back-end support. See the Cinder multiple back-end support instructions to enable this feature.



#### Note

You can configure one or more iSCSI addresses by using the hp3par\_iscsi\_ips option. When you configure multiple addresses, the driver selects the iSCSI port with the fewest active volumes at attach time. The IP address might include an IP port by using a colon (:) to separate the address from port. If you do not define an IP port, the default port 3260 is used. Separate IP addresses with a comma (,). The iscsi\_ip\_address/iscsi\_port options might be used as an alternative to hp3par\_iscsi\_ips for single port iSCSI configuration.

6. Save the changes to the cinder.conf file and restart the cinder-volume service.

The HP 3PAR Fibre Channel and iSCSI drivers are now enabled on your OpenStack system. If you experience problems, review the Block Storage service log files for errors.

# **HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual driver**

The HPLeftHandISCSIDriver is based on the Block Storage service (Cinder) plug-in architecture. Volume operations are run by communicating with the HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual system over HTTPS, or SSH connections. HTTPS communications use the hplefthandclient, which is part of the Python standard library.

The HPLeftHandISCSIDriver can be configured to run in one of two possible modes, legacy mode which uses SSH/CLIQ to communicate with the HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual array, or standard mode which uses a new REST client to communicate with the array. No new functionality has been, or will be, supported in legacy mode. For performance improvements and new functionality, the driver must be configured for standard mode, the hplefthandclient must be downloaded, and HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual Operating System software version 11.5 or higher is required on the array. To configure the driver in standard mode, see the section called "HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual REST driver standard mode" [48]. To configure the driver in legacy mode, see the section called "HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual CLIQ driver legacy mode" [51].

For information about how to manage HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual storage systems, see the HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual user documentation.

# **HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual REST driver standard mode**

This section describes how to configure the HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual Cinder driver in standard mode.

### **System requirements**

ounc - Juno - Juno

To use the HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual driver in standard mode, do the following:

- Install LeftHand/StoreVirtual Operating System software version 11.5 or higher on the HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual storage system.
- Create a cluster group.
- Install the hplefthandclient version 1.0.2 from the Python Package Index on the system with the enabled Block Storage service volume drivers.

### **Supported operations**

- Create, delete, attach, and detach volumes.
- Create, list, and delete volume snapshots.
- Create a volume from a snapshot.
- Copy an image to a volume.
- Copy a volume to an image.
- · Clone a volume.
- Extend a volume.
- Get volume statistics.
- Migrate a volume with back-end assistance.
- Retype a volume.

When you use back-end assisted volume migration, both source and destination clusters must be in the same HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual management group. The HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual array will use native LeftHand APIs to migrate the volume. The volume cannot be attached or have snapshots to migrate.

Volume type support for the driver includes the ability to set the following capabilities in the OpenStack Cinder API cinder.api.contrib.types\_extra\_specs volume type extra specs extension module.

- hplh:provisioning
- hplh:ao
- hplh:data\_pl

To work with the default filter scheduler, the key-value pairs are case-sensitive and scoped with 'hplh:'. For information about how to set the key-value pairs and associate them with a volume type, run the following command:

#### \$ cinder help type-key

• The following keys require the HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual storage array be configured for

OpenStack Configuration Refer- December 8, 2015 ence

hplh:ao The HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual storage array must be configured for

juno

Adaptive Optimization.

hplh:data\_pl The HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual storage array must be able to support

the Data Protection level specified by the extra spec.

• If volume types are not used or a particular key is not set for a volume type, the following defaults are used:

**hplh:provisioning** Defaults to thin provisioning, the valid values are, thin and

full

hplh:ao Defaults to true, the valid values are, true and false.

**hplh:data\_pl** Defaults to x-0, Network RAID-0 (None), the valid values are,

r-0, Network RAID-0 (None)

r–5, Network RAID-5 (Single Parity)

r-10-2, Network RAID-10 (2-Way Mirror)

r-10-3, Network RAID-10 (3-Way Mirror)

r-10-4, Network RAID-10 (4-Way Mirror)

r-6, Network RAID-6 (Dual Parity),

#### **Enable the HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual iSCSI driver in standard mode**

The HPLeftHandISCSIDriver is installed with the OpenStack software.

1. Install the hplefthandclient Python package on the OpenStack Block Storage system.

```
# pip install 'hplefthandclient>=1.0.2,<2.0'</pre>
```

- If you are not using an existing cluster, create a cluster on the HP LeftHand storage system to be used as the cluster for creating volumes.
- 3. Make the following changes in the /etc/cinder/cinder.conf file:

```
## REQUIRED SETTINGS

# LeftHand WS API Server URL
hplefthand_api_url=https://10.10.0.141:8081/lhos

# LeftHand Super user username
hplefthand_username=lhuser

# LeftHand Super user password
hplefthand_password=lhpass

# LeftHand cluster to use for volume creation
hplefthand_clustername=ClusterLefthand
```

ı

```
# LeftHand iSCSI driver
volume_driver=cinder.volume.drivers.san.hp.hp_lefthand_iscsi.
HPLeftHandISCSIDriver

## OPTIONAL SETTINGS

# Should CHAPS authentication be used (default=false)
hplefthand_iscsi_chap_enabled=false

# Enable HTTP debugging to LeftHand (default=false)
hplefthand_debug=false
```

You can enable only one driver on each cinder instance unless you enable multiple back-end support. See the Cinder multiple back-end support instructions to enable this feature.

If the hplefthand\_iscsi\_chap\_enabled is set to true, the driver will associate randomly-generated CHAP secrets with all hosts on the HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual system. OpenStack Compute nodes use these secrets when creating iSCSI connections.



# **Important**

CHAP secrets are passed from OpenStack Block Storage to Compute in clear text. This communication should be secured to ensure that CHAP secrets are not discovered.



#### Note

CHAP secrets are added to existing hosts as well as newly-created ones. If the CHAP option is enabled, hosts will not be able to access the storage without the generated secrets.

4. Save the changes to the cinder.conf file and restart the cinder-volume service.

The HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual driver is now enabled in standard mode on your OpenStack system. If you experience problems, review the Block Storage service log files for errors.

# HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual CLIQ driver legacy mode

This section describes how to configure the HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual Cinder driver in legacy mode.

The HPLeftHandISCSIDriver allows you to use a HP Lefthand/StoreVirtual SAN that supports the CLIQ interface. Every supported volume operation translates into a CLIQ call in the back-end.

# **Supported operations**

- Create, delete, attach, and detach volumes.
- Create, list, and delete volume snapshots.
- Create a volume from a snapshot.

\_

- · Copy an image to a volume.
- Copy a volume to an image.

### Enable the HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual iSCSI driver in legacy mode

The HPLeftHandISCSIDriver is installed with the OpenStack software.

- 1. If you are not using an existing cluster, create a cluster on the HP Lefthand storage system to be used as the cluster for creating volumes.
- 2. Make the following changes in the /etc/cinder/cinder.conf file.

```
## REQUIRED SETTINGS
# VIP of your Virtual Storage Appliance (VSA).
san_ip=10.10.0.141
# LeftHand Super user username
san_login=lhuser
# LeftHand Super user password
san_password=1hpass
# LeftHand ssh port, the default for the VSA is usually 16022.
san_ssh_port=16022
# LeftHand cluster to use for volume creation
san clustername=ClusterLefthand
# LeftHand iSCSI driver
volume_driver=cinder.volume.drivers.san.hp.hp_lefthand_iscsi.
HPLeftHandISCSIDriver
## OPTIONAL SETTINGS
# LeftHand provisioning, to disable thin provisioning, set to
# set to False.
san_thin_provision=True
# Typically, this parameter is set to False, for this driver.
# To configure the CLIQ commands to run locally instead of over ssh,
# set this parameter to True
san_is_local=False
```

3. Save the changes to the cinder.conf file and restart the cinder-volume service.

The HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual driver is now enabled in legacy mode on your OpenStack system. If you experience problems, review the Block Storage service log files for errors.

To configure the VSA

- 1. Configure CHAP on each of the nova-compute nodes.
- 2. Add server associations on the VSA with the associated CHAPS and initiator information. The name should correspond to the hostname of the nova-compute node. For

Xen, this is the hypervisor host name. To do this, use either CLIQ or the Centralized Management Console.

# **HP MSA Fibre Channel driver**

The HP MSA fiber channel driver runs volume operations on the storage array over HTTP.

A VDisk must be created on the HP MSA array first. This can be done using the web interface or the command-line interface of the array.

The following options must be defined in the cinder-volume configuration file (/etc/ cinder/cinder.conf):

- Set the volume\_driver option to cinder.volume.drivers.san.hp.hp\_msa\_fc.HPMSAFCDriver
- Set the san ip option to the hostname or IP address of your HP MSA array.
- Set the san\_login option to the login of an existing user of the HP MSA array.
- Set the san\_password option to the password for this user.

# **Huawei storage driver**

The Huawei driver supports the iSCSI and Fibre Channel connections and enables OceanStor T series unified storage and OceanStor 18000 high-end storage to provide block storage services for OpenStack.

# **Supported operations**

OceanStor T series unified storage supports these operations:

- Create, delete, attach, and detach volumes.
- Create, list, and delete volume snapshots.
- Create a volume from a snapshot.
- Copy an image to a volume.
- Copy a volume to an image.
- Clone a volume.

OceanStor 18000 supports these operations:

- Create, delete, attach, and detach volumes.
- Create, list, and delete volume snapshots.
- Copy an image to a volume.

- Copy a volume to an image.
- Create a volume from a snapshot.
- · Clone a volume.

# **Configure Block Storage nodes**

In /etc/cinder, create the driver configuration file named cinder\_huawei\_conf.xml.

You must configure Product and Protocol to specify a storage system and link type. The following uses the iSCSI driver as an example. The driver configuration file of OceanStor T series unified storage is shown as follows:

```
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>
<config>
    <Storage>
        <Product>T</Product>
        <Protocol>iSCSI</Protocol>
        <ControllerIP0>x.x.x.x/ControllerIP0>
        <ControllerIP1>x.x.x.x/ControllerIP1>
        <UserName>xxxxxxxxx</UserName>
        <UserPassword>xxxxxxxxx</UserPassword>
   </Storage>
    <LUN>
        <LUNType>Thick</LUNType>
        <StripUnitSize>64</StripUnitSize>
        <WriteType>1</WriteType>
        <MirrorSwitch>1</MirrorSwitch>
        <Prefetch Type="3" value="0"/>
        <StoragePool Name="xxxxxxxx"/>
        <StoragePool Name="xxxxxxxx"/>
    </LUN>
    <iSCSI>
        <DefaultTargetIP>x.x.x.x</pefaultTargetIP>
        <Initiator Name="xxxxxxxxx" TargetIP="x.x.x.x"/>
        <Initiator Name="xxxxxxxxx" TargetIP="x.x.x.x"/>
    </iSCSI>
    <Host OSType="Linux" HostIP="x.x.x.x, x.x.x.x"/>
</config>
```

The driver configuration file of OceanStor 18000 is shown as follows:



# **Note for Fibre Channel driver configuration**

You do not need to configure the iSCSI target IP address for the Fibre Channel driver. In the prior example, delete the iSCSI configuration:

To add volume\_driver and cinder\_huawei\_conf\_file items, you can modify the cinder.conf configuration file as follows:

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.huawei.HuaweiVolumeDriver
cinder_huawei_conf_file = /etc/cinder/cinder_huawei_conf.xml
```

You can configure multiple Huawei back-end storages as follows:

```
enabled_backends = t_iscsi, 18000_iscsi
[t_iscsi]
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.huawei.HuaweiVolumeDriver
cinder_huawei_conf_file = /etc/cinder/cinder_huawei_conf_t_iscsi.xml
volume_backend_name = HuaweiTISCSIDriver
[18000_iscsi]
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.huawei.HuaweiVolumeDriver
cinder_huawei_conf_file = /etc/cinder/cinder_huawei_conf_18000_iscsi.xml
volume_backend_name = Huawei18000ISCSIDriver
```

# **Configuration file details**

This table describes the Huawei storage driver configuration options:

Table 1.10. Huawei storage driver configuration options

Flag name	Туре	Default	Description
Product	Required		Type of a storage product. Valid values are Tor 18000.
Protocol	Required		Type of a protocol. Valid values are iSC-SI or FC.
ControllerIP0	Required		IP address of the primary controller (not required for the 18000)
ControllerIP1	Required		IP address of the secondary controller (not required for the 18000)
RestURL	Required		Access address of the Rest port (required only for the 18000)
UserName	Required		User name of an administrator
UserPassword	Required		Password of an administrator

Flag name	Туре	Default	Description
LUNType	Optional	Thin	Type of a created LUN. Valid values are Thick or Thin.
StripUnitSize	Optional	64	Stripe depth of a created LUN. The value is expressed in KB.  This flag is not valid for a thin LUN.
WriteType	Optional	1	Cache write method. The method can be write back, write through, or Required write back. The default value is 1, indicating write back.
MirrorSwitch	Optional	1	Cache mirroring policy. The default value is 1, indicating that a mirroring policy is used.
Prefetch Type	Optional	3	Cache prefetch strategy. The strategy can be constant prefetch, variable prefetch, or intelligent prefetch. Default value is 3, which indicates intelligent prefetch and is not required for the 18000.
Prefetch Value	Optional	0	Cache prefetch value.
StoragePool	Required		Name of a storage pool that you want to use.
DefaultTargetIP	Optional		Default IP address of the iSCSI port provided for compute nodes.
Initiator Name	Optional		Name of a compute node initiator.
Initiator TargetIP	Optional		IP address of the iSCSI port provided for compute nodes.
OSType	Optional	Linux	The OS type for a compute node.
HostIP	Optional		The IPs for compute nodes.



# Note for the configuration

- 1. You can configure one iSCSI target port for each or all compute nodes. The driver checks whether a target port IP address is configured for the current compute node. If not, select DefaultTargetIP.
- 2. You can configure multiple storage pools in one configuration file, which supports the use of multiple storage pools in a storage system. (The 18000 driver allows configuration of only one storage pool.)
- 3. For details about LUN configuration information, see the **createlun** command in the command-line interface (CLI) documentation or run the **help -c createlun** on the storage system CLI.
- 4. After the driver is loaded, the storage system obtains any modification of the driver configuration file in real time and you do not need to restart the cinder-volume service.
- 5. The driver does not support the iSCSI multipath scenarios.

# **IBM GPFS volume driver**

IBM General Parallel File System (GPFS) is a cluster file system that provides concurrent access to file systems from multiple nodes. The storage provided by these nodes can be direct

attached, network attached, SAN attached, or a combination of these methods. GPFS provides many features beyond common data access, including data replication, policy based storage management, and space efficient file snapshot and clone operations.

### How the GPFS driver works

The GPFS driver enables the use of GPFS in a fashion similar to that of the NFS driver. With the GPFS driver, instances do not actually access a storage device at the block level. Instead, volume backing files are created in a GPFS file system and mapped to instances, which emulate a block device.



#### Note

GPFS software must be installed and running on nodes where Block Storage and Compute services run in the OpenStack environment. A GPFS file system must also be created and mounted on these nodes before starting the cinder-volume service. The details of these GPFS specific steps are covered in GPFS: Concepts, Planning, and Installation Guide and GPFS: Administration and Programming Reference.

Optionally, the Image Service can be configured to store images on a GPFS file system. When a Block Storage volume is created from an image, if both image data and volume data reside in the same GPFS file system, the data from image file is moved efficiently to the volume file using copy-on-write optimization strategy.

#### **Enable the GPFS driver**

To use the Block Storage service with the GPFS driver, first set the volume\_driver in cinder.conf:

volume\_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.ibm.gpfs.GPFSDriver

The following table contains the configuration options supported by the GPFS driver.

#### **Table 1.11. Description of GPFS storage configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
gpfs_images_dir = None	(StrOpt) Specifies the path of the Image service repository in GPFS. Leave undefined if not storing images in GPFS.	
gpfs_images_share_mode = None	(StrOpt) Specifies the type of image copy to be used. Set this when the Image service repository also uses GPFS so that image files can be transferred efficiently from the Image service to the Block Storage service. There are two valid values: "copy" specifies that a full copy of the image is made; "copy_on_write" specifies that copy-on-write optimization strategy is used and unmodified blocks of the image file are shared efficiently.	
gpfs_max_clone_depth = 0	(IntOpt) Specifies an upper limit on the number of indirections required to reach a specific block due to snapshots or clones. A lengthy chain of copy-on-write snapshots or clones can have a negative impact on performance, but improves space utilization. 0 indicates unlimited clone depth.	

juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description
gpfs_mount_point_base = None	(StrOpt) Specifies the path of the GPFS directory where Block Storage volume and snapshot files are stored.
gpfs_sparse_volumes = True	(BoolOpt) Specifies that volumes are created as sparse files which initially consume no space. If set to False, the volume is created as a fully allocated file, in which case, creation may take a significantly longer time.
gpfs_storage_pool = system	(StrOpt) Specifies the storage pool that volumes are assigned to. By default, the system storage pool is used.



#### Note

The <code>gpfs\_images\_share\_mode</code> flag is only valid if the Image Service is configured to use GPFS with the <code>gpfs\_images\_dir</code> flag. When the value of this flag is <code>copy\_on\_write</code>, the paths specified by the <code>gpfs\_mount\_point\_base</code> and <code>gpfs\_images\_dir</code> flags must both reside in the same GPFS file system and in the same GPFS file set.

# **Volume creation options**

It is possible to specify additional volume configuration options on a per-volume basis by specifying volume metadata. The volume is created using the specified options. Changing the metadata after the volume is created has no effect. The following table lists the volume creation options supported by the GPFS volume driver.

**Table 1.12. Volume Create Options for GPFS Volume Drive** 

Metadata Item Name	Description
fstype	Specifies whether to create a file system or a swap area on the new volume. If fstype=swap is specified, the mkswap command is used to create a swap area. Otherwise the mkfs command is passed the specified file system type, for example ext3, ext4 or ntfs.
fslabel	Sets the file system label for the file system specified by fstype option. This value is only used if fstype is specified.
data_pool_name	Specifies the GPFS storage pool to which the volume is to be assigned. Note: The GPFS storage pool must already have been created.
replicas	Specifies how many copies of the volume file to create.  Valid values are 1, 2, and, for GPFS V3.5.0.7 and later, 3.  This value cannot be greater than the value of the Max- DataReplicas attribute of the file system.
dio	Enables or disables the Direct I/O caching policy for the volume file. Valid values are yes and no.
write_affinity_depth	Specifies the allocation policy to be used for the volume file. Note: This option only works if allow-write-affinity is set for the GPFS data pool.
block_group_factor	Specifies how many blocks are laid out sequentially in the volume file to behave as a single large block. Note: This option only works if allow-write-affinity is set for the GPFS data pool.
write_affinity_failure_group	Specifies the range of nodes (in GPFS shared nothing architecture) where replicas of blocks in the volume file are to be written. See <i>GPFS: Administration and Programming Reference</i> for more details on this option.

#### **Example: Volume creation options**

This example shows the creation of a 50GB volume with an ext4 file system labeled newfs and direct IO enabled:

\$ cinder create --metadata fstype=ext4 fslabel=newfs dio=yes --display-name
volume\_1 50

# **Operational notes for GPFS driver**

### **Snapshots and clones**

Volume snapshots are implemented using the GPFS file clone feature. Whenever a new snapshot is created, the snapshot file is efficiently created as a read-only clone parent of the volume, and the volume file uses copy-on-write optimization strategy to minimize data movement.

Similarly when a new volume is created from a snapshot or from an existing volume, the same approach is taken. The same approach is also used when a new volume is created from an Image Service image, if the source image is in raw format, and gpfs\_images\_share\_mode is set to copy\_on\_write.

# **IBM Storwize family and SVC volume driver**

The volume management driver for Storwize family and SAN Volume Controller (SVC) provides OpenStack Compute instances with access to IBM Storwize family or SVC storage systems.

# Configure the Storwize family and SVC system

# **Network configuration**

The Storwize family or SVC system must be configured for iSCSI, Fibre Channel, or both.

If using iSCSI, each Storwize family or SVC node should have at least one iSCSI IP address. The IBM Storwize/SVC driver uses an iSCSI IP address associated with the volume's preferred node (if available) to attach the volume to the instance, otherwise it uses the first available iSCSI IP address of the system. The driver obtains the iSCSI IP address directly from the storage system; you do not need to provide these iSCSI IP addresses directly to the driver.



#### **Note**

If using iSCSI, ensure that the compute nodes have iSCSI network access to the Storwize family or SVC system.



#### Note

OpenStack Nova's Grizzly version supports iSCSI multipath. Once this is configured on the Nova host (outside the scope of this documentation), multipath is enabled.

If using Fibre Channel (FC), each Storwize family or SVC node should have at least one WW-PN port configured. If the storwize\_svc\_multipath\_enabled flag is set to True in the

Cinder configuration file, the driver uses all available WWPNs to attach the volume to the instance (details about the configuration flags appear in the next section). If the flag is not set, the driver uses the WWPN associated with the volume's preferred node (if available), otherwise it uses the first available WWPN of the system. The driver obtains the WWPNs directly from the storage system; you do not need to provide these WWPNs directly to the driver.



#### Note

If using FC, ensure that the compute nodes have FC connectivity to the Storwize family or SVC system.

#### **iSCSI CHAP** authentication

If using iSCSI for data access and the storwize\_svc\_iscsi\_chap\_enabled is set to True, the driver will associate randomly-generated CHAP secrets with all hosts on the Storwize family system. OpenStack compute nodes use these secrets when creating iSCSI connections.



#### Note

CHAP secrets are added to existing hosts as well as newly-created ones. If the CHAP option is enabled, hosts will not be able to access the storage without the generated secrets.



#### **Note**

Not all OpenStack Compute drivers support CHAP authentication. Please check compatibility before using.



#### Note

CHAP secrets are passed from OpenStack Block Storage to Compute in clear text. This communication should be secured to ensure that CHAP secrets are not discovered.

#### **Configure storage pools**

Each instance of the IBM Storwize/SVC driver allocates all volumes in a single pool. The pool should be created in advance and be provided to the driver using the storwize\_svc\_volpool\_name configuration flag. Details about the configuration flags and how to provide the flags to the driver appear in the next section.

#### Configure user authentication for the driver

The driver requires access to the Storwize family or SVC system management interface. The driver communicates with the management using SSH. The driver should be provided with the Storwize family or SVC management IP using the <code>san\_ip</code> flag, and the management port should be provided by the <code>san\_ssh\_port</code> flag. By default, the port value is configured to be port 22 (SSH).



#### Note

Make sure the compute node running the cinder-volume management driver has SSH network access to the storage system.

To allow the driver to communicate with the Storwize family or SVC system, you must provide the driver with a user on the storage system. The driver has two authentication methods: password-based authentication and SSH key pair authentication. The user should have an Administrator role. It is suggested to create a new user for the management driver. Please consult with your storage and security administrator regarding the preferred authentication method and how passwords or SSH keys should be stored in a secure manner.



#### Note

When creating a new user on the Storwize or SVC system, make sure the user belongs to the Administrator group or to another group that has an Administrator role.

If using password authentication, assign a password to the user on the Storwize or SVC system. The driver configuration flags for the user and password are san\_login and san password, respectively.

If you are using the SSH key pair authentication, create SSH private and public keys using the instructions below or by any other method. Associate the public key with the user by uploading the public key: select the "choose file" option in the Storwize family or SVC management GUI under "SSH public key". Alternatively, you may associate the SSH public key using the command line interface; details can be found in the Storwize and SVC documentation. The private key should be provided to the driver using the san\_private\_key configuration flag.

#### Create a SSH key pair with OpenSSH

You can create an SSH key pair using OpenSSH, by running:

#### \$ ssh-keygen -t rsa

The command prompts for a file to save the key pair. For example, if you select 'key' as the filename, two files are created: key and key.pub. The key file holds the private SSH key and key.pub holds the public SSH key.

The command also prompts for a pass phrase, which should be empty.

The private key file should be provided to the driver using the san\_private\_key configuration flag. The public key should be uploaded to the Storwize family or SVC system using the storage management GUI or command line interface.



#### Note

Ensure that Cinder has read permissions on the private key file.

# **Configure the Storwize family and SVC driver**

### **Enable the Storwize family and SVC driver**

Set the volume driver to the Storwize family and SVC driver by setting the volume\_driver option in cinder.conf as follows:

volume\_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.ibm.storwize\_svc.StorwizeSVCDriver

### Storwize family and SVC driver options in cinder.conf

The following options specify default values for all volumes. Some can be over-ridden using volume types, which are described below.

Table 1.13. List of configuration flags for Storwize storage and SVC driver

Flag name	Туре	Default	Description
san_ip	Required		Management IP or host name
san_ssh_port	Optional	22	Management port
san_login	Required		Management login username
san_password	Required <sup>a</sup>		Management login password
san_private_key	Required <sup>a</sup>		Management login SSH private key
storwize_svc_volpool_name	Required		Default pool name for volumes
storwize_svc_vol_rsize	Optional	2	Initial physical allocation (percentage) b
storwize_svc_vol_warning	Optional	0 (disabled)	Space allocation warning threshold (percentage) <sup>b</sup>
storwize_svc_vol_autoexpand	Optional	True	Enable or disable volume auto expand <sup>c</sup>
storwize_svc_vol_grainsize	Optional	256	Volume grain size <sup>b</sup> in KB
storwize_svc_vol_compression	Optional	False	Enable or disable Real-time Compression d
storwize_svc_vol_easytier	Optional	True	Enable or disable Easy Tier <sup>e</sup>
storwize_svc_vol_iogrp	Optional	0	The I/O group in which to allocate vdisks
storwize_svc_flashcopy_timeout	Optional	120	FlashCopy timeout threshold <sup>f</sup> (seconds)
storwize_svc_connection_protocol	Optional	iSCSI	Connection protocol to use (currently supports 'iSCSI' or 'FC')
storwize_svc_iscsi_chap_enabled	Optional	True	Configure CHAP authentication for iSCSI connections
storwize_svc_multipath_enabled	Optional	False	Enable multipath for FC connections <sup>g</sup>
storwize_svc_multihost_enabled	Optional	True	Enable mapping vdisks to multiple hosts h

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>The authentication requires either a password (san\_password) or SSH private key (san\_private\_key). One must be specified. If both are specified, the driver uses only the SSH private key.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>The driver creates thin-provisioned volumes by default. The storwize\_svc\_vol\_rsize flag defines the initial physical allocation percentage for thin-provisioned volumes, or if set to -1, the driver creates full allocated volumes. More details about the available options are available in the Storwize family and SVC documentation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>Defines whether thin-provisioned volumes can be auto expanded by the storage system, a value of True means that auto expansion is enabled, a value of False disables auto expansion. Details about this option can be found in the -autoexpand flag of the Storwize family and SVC command line interface mkvdisk command.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>Defines whether Real-time Compression is used for the volumes created with OpenStack. Details on Real-time Compression can be found in the Storwize family and SVC documentation. The Storwize or SVC system must have compression enabled for this feature to work.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup>Defines whether Easy Tier is used for the volumes created with OpenStack. Details on EasyTier can be found in the Storwize family and SVC documentation. The Storwize or SVC system must have Easy Tier enabled for this feature to work.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>f</sup>The driver wait timeout threshold when creating an OpenStack snapshot. This is actually the maximum amount of time that the driver waits for the Storwize family or SVC system to prepare a new FlashCopy mapping. The driver accepts a maximum wait time of 600 seconds (10 minutes).

<sup>g</sup>Multipath for iSCSI connections requires no storage-side configuration and is enabled if the compute host has multipath configured.

<sup>h</sup>This option allows the driver to map a vdisk to more than one host at a time. This scenario occurs during migration of a virtual machine with an attached volume; the volume is simultaneously mapped to both the source and destination compute hosts. If your deployment does not require attaching vdisks to multiple hosts, setting this flag to False will provide added safety.

Table 1.14. Description of IBM Storwise driver configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
storwize_svc_allow_tenant_qos = False	(BoolOpt) Allow tenants to specify QOS on create	
storwize_svc_connection_protocol = iSCSI	(StrOpt) Connection protocol (iSCSI/FC)	
storwize_svc_flashcopy_timeout = 120	(IntOpt) Maximum number of seconds to wait for Flash- Copy to be prepared. Maximum value is 600 seconds (10 minutes)	
storwize_svc_iscsi_chap_enabled = True	(BoolOpt) Configure CHAP authentication for iSCSI connections (Default: Enabled)	
storwize_svc_multihostmap_enabled = True	(BoolOpt) Allows vdisk to multi host mapping	
storwize_svc_multipath_enabled = False	(BoolOpt) Connect with multipath (FC only; iSCSI multipath is controlled by Nova)	
storwize_svc_npiv_compatibility_mode = False	(BoolOpt) Indicate whether svc driver is compatible for NPIV setup. If it is compatible, it will allow no wwpns being returned on get_conn_fc_wwpns during initialize_connection	
storwize_svc_stretched_cluster_partner = None	(StrOpt) If operating in stretched cluster mode, specify the name of the pool in which mirrored copies are stored.Example: "pool2"	
storwize_svc_vol_autoexpand = True	(BoolOpt) Storage system autoexpand parameter for volumes (True/False)	
storwize_svc_vol_compression = False	(BoolOpt) Storage system compression option for volumes	
storwize_svc_vol_easytier = True	(BoolOpt) Enable Easy Tier for volumes	
storwize_svc_vol_grainsize = 256	(IntOpt) Storage system grain size parameter for volumes (32/64/128/256)	
storwize_svc_vol_iogrp = 0	(IntOpt) The I/O group in which to allocate volumes	
storwize_svc_vol_rsize = 2	(IntOpt) Storage system space-efficiency parameter for volumes (percentage)	
storwize_svc_vol_warning = 0	(IntOpt) Storage system threshold for volume capacity warnings (percentage)	
storwize_svc_volpool_name = volpool	(StrOpt) Storage system storage pool for volumes	

### Placement with volume types

The IBM Storwize/SVC driver exposes capabilities that can be added to the extra specs of volume types, and used by the filter scheduler to determine placement of new volumes. Make sure to prefix these keys with capabilities: to indicate that the scheduler should use them. The following extra specs are supported:

 capabilities:volume\_back-end\_name - Specify a specific back-end where the volume should be created. The back-end name is a concatenation of the name of the IBM Storwize/SVC storage system as shown in lssystem, an underscore, and the name of the pool (mdisk group). For example:

capabilities:volume\_back-end\_name=myV7000\_openstackpool

• capabilities:compression\_support - Specify a back-end according to compression support. A value of True should be used to request a back-end that supports compression, and a value of False will request a back-end that does not support compression. If you do not have constraints on compression support, do not set this key. Note that specifying True does not enable compression; it only requests that the volume be placed on a back-end that supports compression. Example syntax:

```
capabilities:compression_support='<is> True'
```

• capabilities:easytier\_support - Similar semantics as the compression\_support key, but for specifying according to support of the Easy Tier feature. Example syntax:

```
capabilities:easytier_support='<is> True'
```

• capabilities:storage\_protocol - Specifies the connection protocol used to attach volumes of this type to instances. Legal values are iSCSI and FC. This extra specs value is used for both placement and setting the protocol used for this volume. In the example syntax, note <in> is used as opposed to <is> used in the previous examples.

```
capabilities:storage_protocol='<in> FC'
```

#### **Configure per-volume creation options**

Volume types can also be used to pass options to the IBM Storwize/SVC driver, which override the default values set in the configuration file. Contrary to the previous examples where the "capabilities" scope was used to pass parameters to the Cinder scheduler, options can be passed to the IBM Storwize/SVC driver with the "drivers" scope.

The following extra specs keys are supported by the IBM Storwize/SVC driver:

- rsize
- warning
- autoexpand
- grainsize
- compression
- easytier
- multipath
- iogrp

These keys have the same semantics as their counterparts in the configuration file. They are set similarly; for example, rsize=2 or compression=False.

#### **Example: Volume types**

In the following example, we create a volume type to specify a controller that supports iSC-SI and compression, to use iSCSI when attaching the volume, and to enable compression:

```
$ cinder type-create compressed
$ cinder type-key compressed set capabilities:storage_protocol='<in> iSCSI'
capabilities:compression_support='<is> True' drivers:compression=True
```

OpenStack Configuration Reference

December 8, 2015

juno

We can then create a 50GB volume using this type:

\$ cinder create --display-name "compressed volume" --volume-type compressed 50

Volume types can be used, for example, to provide users with different

- performance levels (such as, allocating entirely on an HDD tier, using Easy Tier for an HDD-SDD mix, or allocating entirely on an SSD tier)
- resiliency levels (such as, allocating volumes in pools with different RAID levels)
- features (such as, enabling/disabling Real-time Compression)

# Operational notes for the Storwize family and SVC driver

### **Migrate volumes**

In the context of OpenStack Block Storage's volume migration feature, the IBM Storwize/SVC driver enables the storage's virtualization technology. When migrating a volume from one pool to another, the volume will appear in the destination pool almost immediately, while the storage moves the data in the background.



#### **Note**

To enable this feature, both pools involved in a given volume migration must have the same values for <code>extent\_size</code>. If the pools have different values for <code>extent\_size</code>, the data will still be moved directly between the pools (not host-side copy), but the operation will be synchronous.

#### **Extend volumes**

The IBM Storwize/SVC driver allows for extending a volume's size, but only for volumes without snapshots.

#### **Snapshots and clones**

Snapshots are implemented using FlashCopy with no background copy (space-efficient). Volume clones (volumes created from existing volumes) are implemented with FlashCopy, but with background copy enabled. This means that volume clones are independent, full copies. While this background copy is taking place, attempting to delete or extend the source volume will result in that operation waiting for the copy to complete.

#### **Volume retype**

The IBM Storwize/SVC driver enables you to modify volume types. When you modify volume types, you can also change these extra specs properties:

- rsize
- warning
- autoexpand
- grainsize

- compression
- · easytier
- iogrp



#### Note

When you change the rsize, grainsize or compression properties, volume copies are asynchronously synchronized on the array.



#### Note

To change the <code>iogrp</code> property, IBM Storwize/SVC firmware version 6.4.0 or later is required.

# IBM XIV and DS8000 volume driver

The IBM Storage Driver for OpenStack is a Block Storage driver that supports IBM XIV and IBM DS8000 storage systems over Fiber channel and iSCSI.

Set the following in your cinder.conf, and use the following options to configure it.

volume\_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.xiv\_ds8k.XIVDS8KDriver

# Table 1.15. Description of IBM XIV and DS8000 volume driver configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
san_clustername =	(StrOpt) Cluster name to use for creating volumes	
san_ip =	(StrOpt) IP address of SAN controller	
san_login = admin	(StrOpt) Username for SAN controller	
san_password =	(StrOpt) Password for SAN controller	
xiv_chap = disabled	(StrOpt) CHAP authentication mode, effective only for iscsi (disabled   enabled)	
xiv_ds8k_connection_type = iscsi	(StrOpt) Connection type to the IBM Storage Array (fibre_channel iscsi)	
xiv_ds8k_proxy = xiv_ds8k_openstack.nova_proxy.XIVDS8KNovaProxy	(StrOpt) Proxy driver that connects to the IBM Storage Array	



uno - Juno - Juno

#### **Note**

To use the IBM Storage Driver for OpenStack you must download and install the package available at: http://www.ibm.com/support/fixcentral/swg/selectFixes?parent=Enterprise%2BStorage%2BServers&product=ibm/Storage\_Disk/XIV+Storage+System+%282810, +2812%29&release=All&platform=All&function=all

For full documentation refer to IBM's online documentation available at http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/strhosts/ic/topic/com.ibm.help.strghosts.doc/no-va-homepage.html.

# **LVM**

The default volume back-end uses local volumes managed by LVM.

This driver supports different transport protocols to attach volumes, currently iSCSI and iS-ER.

Set the following in your cinder.conf, and use the following options to configure for iSCSI transport:

volume\_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.lvm.LVMISCSIDriver

and for the iSER transport:

volume\_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.lvm.LVMISERDriver

#### Table 1.16. Description of LVM configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
lvm_mirrors = 0	(IntOpt) If >0, create LVs with multiple mirrors. Note that this requires lvm_mirrors + 2 PVs with available space
lvm_type = default	(StrOpt) Type of LVM volumes to deploy; (default or thin)
volume_group = cinder-volumes	(StrOpt) Name for the VG that will contain exported volumes

# **NetApp unified driver**

The NetApp unified driver is a block storage driver that supports multiple storage families and protocols. A storage family corresponds to storage systems built on different NetApp technologies such as clustered Data ONTAP, Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode, and E-Series. The storage protocol refers to the protocol used to initiate data storage and access operations on those storage systems like iSCSI and NFS. The NetApp unified driver can be configured to provision and manage OpenStack volumes on a given storage family using a specified storage protocol. The OpenStack volumes can then be used for accessing and storing data using the storage protocol on the storage family system. The NetApp unified driver is an extensible interface that can support new storage families and protocols.



#### Note

With the Juno release of OpenStack, OpenStack Block Storage has introduced the concept of "storage pools", in which a single OpenStack Block Storage back end may present one or more logical storage resource pools from which OpenStack Block Storage will select as a storage location when provisioning volumes.

In releases prior to Juno, the NetApp unified driver contained some "scheduling" logic that determined which NetApp storage container (namely, a FlexVol volume for Data ONTAP, or a dynamic disk pool for E-Series) that a new Open-Stack Block Storage volume would be placed into.

With the introduction of pools, all scheduling logic is performed completely within the OpenStack Block Storage scheduler, as each NetApp storage container is directly exposed to the OpenStack Block Storage scheduler as a storage

pool; whereas previously, the NetApp unified driver presented an aggregated view to the scheduler and made a final placement decision as to which NetApp storage container the OpenStack Block Storage volume would be provisioned into.

# **NetApp clustered Data ONTAP storage family**

The NetApp clustered Data ONTAP storage family represents a configuration group which provides OpenStack compute instances access to clustered Data ONTAP storage systems. At present it can be configured in OpenStack Block Storage to work with iSCSI and NFS storage protocols.

### **NetApp iSCSI configuration for clustered Data ONTAP**

The NetApp iSCSI configuration for clustered Data ONTAP is an interface from OpenStack to clustered Data ONTAP storage systems for provisioning and managing the SAN block storage entity; that is, a NetApp LUN which can be accessed using the iSCSI protocol.

The iSCSI configuration for clustered Data ONTAP is a direct interface from OpenStack Block Storage to the clustered Data ONTAP instance and as such does not require additional management software to achieve the desired functionality. It uses NetApp APIs to interact with the clustered Data ONTAP instance.

#### Configuration options for clustered Data ONTAP family with iSCSI protocol

Configure the volume driver, storage family and storage protocol to the NetApp unified driver, clustered Data ONTAP, and iSCSI respectively by setting the volume\_driver, netapp\_storage\_family and netapp\_storage\_protocol options in cinder.conf as follows:

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.netapp.common.NetAppDriver
netapp_storage_family = ontap_cluster
netapp_storage_protocol = iscsi
netapp_vserver = openstack-vserver
netapp_server_hostname = myhostname
netapp_server_port = port
netapp_login = username
netapp_password = password
```



#### Note

To use the iSCSI protocol, you must override the default value of netapp storage protocol with iscsi.

### Table 1.17. Description of NetApp cDOT iSCSI driver configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
netapp_login = None	(StrOpt) Administrative user account name used to access the storage system or proxy server.	
netapp_password = None	(StrOpt) Password for the administrative user account specified in the netapp_login option.	
netapp_server_hostname = None	(StrOpt) The hostname (or IP address) for the storage system or proxy server.	

Configuration option = Default value	Description
netapp_server_port = None	(IntOpt) The TCP port to use for communication with the storage system or proxy server. If not specified, Data ON-TAP drivers will use 80 for HTTP and 443 for HTTPS; E-Series will use 8080 for HTTP and 8443 for HTTPS.
netapp_size_multiplier = 1.2	(FloatOpt) The quantity to be multiplied by the requested volume size to ensure enough space is available on the virtual storage server (Vserver) to fulfill the volume creation request.
netapp_storage_family = ontap_cluster	(StrOpt) The storage family type used on the storage system; valid values are ontap_7mode for using Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode, ontap_cluster for using clustered Data ONTAP, or eseries for using E-Series.
netapp_storage_protocol = None	(StrOpt) The storage protocol to be used on the data path with the storage system; valid values are iscsi or nfs.
netapp_transport_type = http	(StrOpt) The transport protocol used when communicating with the storage system or proxy server. Valid values are http or https.
netapp_vserver = None	(StrOpt) This option specifies the virtual storage server (Vserver) name on the storage cluster on which provisioning of block storage volumes should occur. If using the NFS storage protocol, this parameter is mandatory for storage service catalog support (utilized by Cinder volume type extra_specs support). If this option is specified, the exports belonging to the Vserver will only be used for provisioning in the future. Block storage volumes on exports not belonging to the Vserver specified by this option will continue to function normally.



#### Note

If you specify an account in the netapp\_login that only has virtual storage server (Vserver) administration privileges (rather than cluster-wide administration privileges), some advanced features of the NetApp unified driver will not work and you may see warnings in the OpenStack Block Storage logs.



### Tip

For more information on these options and other deployment and operational scenarios, visit the NetApp OpenStack Deployment and Operations Guide.

### **NetApp NFS configuration for clustered Data ONTAP**

The NetApp NFS configuration for clustered Data ONTAP is an interface from OpenStack to a clustered Data ONTAP system for provisioning and managing OpenStack volumes on NFS exports provided by the clustered Data ONTAP system that are accessed using the NFS protocol.

The NFS configuration for clustered Data ONTAP is a direct interface from OpenStack Block Storage to the clustered Data ONTAP instance and as such does not require any additional management software to achieve the desired functionality. It uses NetApp APIs to interact with the clustered Data ONTAP instance.

#### Configuration options for the clustered Data ONTAP family with NFS protocol

Configure the volume driver, storage family, and storage protocol to NetApp unified driver, clustered Data ONTAP, and NFS respectively by setting the volume\_driver,

netapp\_storage\_family and netapp\_storage\_protocol options in cinder.conf as follows:

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.netapp.common.NetAppDriver
netapp_storage_family = ontap_cluster
netapp_storage_protocol = nfs
netapp_vserver = openstack-vserver
netapp_server_hostname = myhostname
netapp_server_port = port
netapp_login = username
netapp_password = password
nfs_shares_config = /etc/cinder/nfs_shares
```

# Table 1.18. Description of NetApp cDOT NFS driver configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
expiry_thres_minutes = 720	(IntOpt) This option specifies the threshold for last access time for images in the NFS image cache. When a cache cleaning cycle begins, images in the cache that have not been accessed in the last M minutes, where M is the value of this parameter, will be deleted from the cache to create free space on the NFS share.	
netapp_copyoffload_tool_path = None	(StrOpt) This option specifies the path of the NetApp copy offload tool binary. Ensure that the binary has execute permissions set which allow the effective user of the cinder-volume process to execute the file.	
netapp_login = None	(StrOpt) Administrative user account name used to access the storage system or proxy server.	
netapp_password = None	(StrOpt) Password for the administrative user account specified in the netapp_login option.	
netapp_server_hostname = None	(StrOpt) The hostname (or IP address) for the storage system or proxy server.	
netapp_server_port = None	(IntOpt) The TCP port to use for communication with the storage system or proxy server. If not specified, Data ON-TAP drivers will use 80 for HTTP and 443 for HTTPS; E-Series will use 8080 for HTTP and 8443 for HTTPS.	
netapp_storage_family = ontap_cluster	(StrOpt) The storage family type used on the storage system; valid values are ontap_7mode for using Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode, ontap_cluster for using clustered Data ONTAP, or eseries for using E-Series.	
netapp_storage_protocol = None	(StrOpt) The storage protocol to be used on the data path with the storage system; valid values are iscsi or nfs.	
netapp_transport_type = http	(StrOpt) The transport protocol used when communicating with the storage system or proxy server. Valid values are http or https.	
netapp_vserver = None	(StrOpt) This option specifies the virtual storage server (Vserver) name on the storage cluster on which provisioning of block storage volumes should occur. If using the NFS storage protocol, this parameter is mandatory for storage service catalog support (utilized by Cinder volume type extra_specs support). If this option is specified, the exports belonging to the Vserver will only be used for provisioning in the future. Block storage volumes on exports not belonging to the Vserver specified by this option will continue to function normally.	
thres_avl_size_perc_start = 20	(IntOpt) If the percentage of available space for an NFS share has dropped below the value specified by this option, the NFS image cache will be cleaned.	

Configuration option = Default value	Description
thres_avl_size_perc_stop = 60	(IntOpt) When the percentage of available space on an NFS share has reached the percentage specified by this option, the driver will stop clearing files from the NFS image cache that have not been accessed in the last M minutes, where M is the value of the expiry_thres_minutes configuration option.

December 8, 2015



#### Note

Additional NetApp NFS configuration options are shared with the generic NFS driver. These options can be found here: Table 1.25, "Description of NFS storage configuration options" [82].



#### Note

If you specify an account in the netapp\_login that only has virtual storage server (Vserver) administration privileges (rather than cluster-wide administration privileges), some advanced features of the NetApp unified driver will not work and you may see warnings in the OpenStack Block Storage logs.

### **NetApp NFS Copy Offload client**

A feature was added in the Icehouse release of the NetApp unified driver that enables Image Service images to be efficiently copied to a destination Block Storage volume. When the Block Storage and Image Service are configured to use the NetApp NFS Copy Offload client, a controller-side copy will be attempted before reverting to downloading the image from the Image Service. This improves image provisioning times while reducing the consumption of bandwidth and CPU cycles on the host(s) running the Image and Block Storage services. This is due to the copy operation being performed completely within the storage cluster.

The NetApp NFS Copy Offload client can be used in either of the following scenarios:

- The Image Service is configured to store images in an NFS share that is exported from a NetApp FlexVol volume and the destination for the new Block Storage volume will be on an NFS share exported from a different FlexVol volume than the one used by the Image Service. Both FlexVols must be located within the same cluster.
- The source image from the Image Service has already been cached in an NFS image cache
  within a Block Storage backend. The cached image resides on a different FlexVol volume
  than the destination for the new Block Storage volume. Both FlexVols must be located
  within the same cluster.

To use this feature, you must configure the Image Service, as follows:

- Set the default\_store configuration option to file.
- Set the filesystem\_store\_datadir configuration option to the path to the Image Service NFS export.
- Set the show\_image\_direct\_url configuration option to True.
- Set the show\_multiple\_locations configuration option to True.

ı

• Set the filesystem\_store\_metadata\_file configuration option to a metadata file. The metadata file should contain a JSON object that contains the correct information about the NFS export used by the Image Service, similar to:

```
{
    "share_location": "nfs://192.168.0.1/myGlanceExport",
    "mount_point": "/var/lib/glance/images",
    "type": "nfs"
}
```

To use this feature, you must configure the Block Storage service, as follows:

- Set the netapp\_copyoffload\_tool\_path configuration option to the path to the NetApp Copy Offload binary.
- Set the glance\_api\_version configuration option to 2.



# **Important**

This feature requires that:

- The storage system must have Data ONTAP v8.2 or greater installed.
- The vStorage feature must be enabled on each storage virtual machine (SVM, also known as a Vserver) that is permitted to interact with the copy offload client.
- To configure the copy offload workflow, enable NFS v4.0 or greater and export it from the SVM.



# Tip

To download the NetApp copy offload binary to be utilized in conjunction with the netapp\_copyoffload\_tool\_path configuration option, please visit the Utility Toolchest page at the NetApp Support portal (login is required).



#### Tip

For more information on these options and other deployment and operational scenarios, visit the NetApp OpenStack Deployment and Operations Guide.

#### NetApp-supported extra specs for clustered Data ONTAP

Extra specs enable vendors to specify extra filter criteria that the Block Storage scheduler uses when it determines which volume node should fulfill a volume provisioning request. When you use the NetApp unified driver with a clustered Data ONTAP storage system, you can leverage extra specs with OpenStack Block Storage volume types to ensure that OpenStack Block Storage volumes are created on storage back ends that have certain properties. For example, when you configure QoS, mirroring, or compression for a storage back end.

Extra specs are associated with OpenStack Block Storage volume types, so that when users request volumes of a particular volume type, the volumes are created on storage back ends that meet the list of requirements. For example, the back ends have the available space or extra specs. You can use the specs in the following table when you define OpenStack Block Storage volume types by using the **cinder type-key** command.

# Table 1.19. Description of extra specs options for NetApp Unified Driver with Clustered Data ONTAP

Extra spec	Туре	Description
netapp_raid_type	String	Limit the candidate volume list based on one of the following raid types: raid4, raid_dp.
netapp_disk_type	String	Limit the candidate volume list based on one of the following disk types: ATA, BSAS, EATA, FCAL, FSAS, LUN, MSATA, SAS, SATA, SCSI, XATA, XSAS, or SSD.
netapp:qos_policy_group <sup>a</sup>	String	Specify the name of a QoS policy group, which defines measurable Service Level Objectives, that should be applied to the OpenStack Block Storage volume at the time of volume creation. Ensure that the QoS policy group object within Data ONTAP should be defined before an OpenStack Block Storage volume is created, and that the QoS policy group is not associated with the destination FlexVol volume.
netapp_mirrored	Boolean	Limit the candidate volume list to only the ones that are mirrored on the storage controller.
netapp_unmirrored <sup>b</sup>	Boolean	Limit the candidate volume list to only the ones that are not mirrored on the storage controller.
netapp_dedup	Boolean	Limit the candidate volume list to only the ones that have deduplication enabled on the storage controller.
netapp_nodedup <sup>b</sup>	Boolean	Limit the candidate volume list to only the ones that have deduplication disabled on the storage controller.
netapp_compression	Boolean	Limit the candidate volume list to only the ones that have compression enabled on the storage controller.
netapp_nocompression <sup>b</sup>	Boolean	Limit the candidate volume list to only the ones that have compression disabled on the storage controller.
netapp_thin_provisioned	Boolean	Limit the candidate volume list to only the ones that support thin provisioning on the storage controller.
netapp_thick_provisioned <sup>b</sup>	Boolean	Limit the candidate volume list to only the ones that support thick provisioning on the storage controller.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Please note that this extra spec has a colon (:) in its name because it is used by the driver to assign the QoS policy group to the OpenStack Block Storage volume after it has been provisioned.

# **NetApp Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode storage family**

The NetApp Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode storage family represents a configuration group which provides OpenStack compute instances access to 7-Mode storage systems. At present it can be configured in OpenStack Block Storage to work with iSCSI and NFS storage protocols.

# NetApp iSCSI configuration for Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode

The NetApp iSCSI configuration for Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode is an interface from OpenStack to Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode storage systems for provisioning and managing the SAN block storage entity, that is, a LUN which can be accessed using iSCSI protocol.

The iSCSI configuration for Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode is a direct interface from OpenStack to Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode storage system and it does not require additional management software to achieve the desired functionality. It uses NetApp ONTAPI to interact with the Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode storage system.

bIn the Juno release, these negative-assertion extra specs are formally deprecated by the NetApp unified driver. Instead of using the deprecated negative-assertion extra specs (for example, netapp\_unmirrored) with a value of true, use the corresponding positive-assertion extra spec (for example, netapp\_mirrored) with a value of false.

#### Configuration options for the Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode storage family with iSCSI protocol

Configure the volume driver, storage family and storage protocol to the NetApp unified driver, Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode, and iSCSI respectively by setting the volume\_driver, netapp\_storage\_family and netapp\_storage\_protocol options in cinder.conf as follows:

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.netapp.common.NetAppDriver
netapp_storage_family = ontap_7mode
netapp_storage_protocol = iscsi
netapp_server_hostname = myhostname
netapp_server_port = 80
netapp_login = username
netapp_password = password
```



#### Note

To use the iSCSI protocol, you must override the default value of netapp\_storage\_protocol with iscsi.

Table 1.20. Description of NetApp 7-Mode iSCSI driver configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
netapp_login = None	(StrOpt) Administrative user account name used to access the storage system or proxy server.
netapp_password = None	(StrOpt) Password for the administrative user account specified in the netapp_login option.
netapp_server_hostname = None	(StrOpt) The hostname (or IP address) for the storage system or proxy server.
netapp_server_port = None	(IntOpt) The TCP port to use for communication with the storage system or proxy server. If not specified, Data ON-TAP drivers will use 80 for HTTP and 443 for HTTPS; E-Series will use 8080 for HTTP and 8443 for HTTPS.
netapp_size_multiplier = 1.2	(FloatOpt) The quantity to be multiplied by the requested volume size to ensure enough space is available on the virtual storage server (Vserver) to fulfill the volume creation request.
netapp_storage_family = ontap_cluster	(StrOpt) The storage family type used on the storage system; valid values are ontap_7mode for using Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode, ontap_cluster for using clustered Data ONTAP, or eseries for using E-Series.
netapp_storage_protocol = None	(StrOpt) The storage protocol to be used on the data path with the storage system; valid values are iscsi or nfs.
netapp_transport_type = http	(StrOpt) The transport protocol used when communicating with the storage system or proxy server. Valid values are http or https.
netapp_vfiler = None	(StrOpt) The vFiler unit on which provisioning of block storage volumes will be done. This option is only used by the driver when connecting to an instance with a storage family of Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode and the storage protocol selected is iSCSI. Only use this option when utilizing the MultiStore feature on the NetApp storage system.
netapp_volume_list = None	(StrOpt) This option is only utilized when the storage protocol is configured to use iSCSI. This option is used to restrict provisioning to the specified controller volumes. Specify the value of this option to be a comma separated

Configuration option = Default value	Description
	list of NetApp controller volume names to be used for pro-
	visioning.



# Tip

For more information on these options and other deployment and operational scenarios, visit the NetApp OpenStack Deployment and Operations Guide.

### **NetApp NFS configuration for Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode**

The NetApp NFS configuration for Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode is an interface from OpenStack to Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode storage system for provisioning and managing OpenStack volumes on NFS exports provided by the Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode storage system which can then be accessed using NFS protocol.

The NFS configuration for Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode is a direct interface from OpenStack Block Storage to the Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode instance and as such does not require any additional management software to achieve the desired functionality. It uses NetApp ONTAPI to interact with the Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode storage system.

#### Configuration options for the Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode family with NFS protocol

Configure the volume driver, storage family, and storage protocol to the NetApp unified driver, Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode, and NFS respectively by setting the volume\_driver, netapp\_storage\_family and netapp\_storage\_protocol options in cinder.conf as follows:

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.netapp.common.NetAppDriver
netapp_storage_family = ontap_7mode
netapp_storage_protocol = nfs
netapp_server_hostname = myhostname
netapp_server_port = 80
netapp_login = username
netapp_password = password
nfs_shares_config = /etc/cinder/nfs_shares
```

# Table 1.21. Description of NetApp 7-Mode NFS driver configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
expiry_thres_minutes = 720	(IntOpt) This option specifies the threshold for last access time for images in the NFS image cache. When a cache cleaning cycle begins, images in the cache that have not been accessed in the last M minutes, where M is the value of this parameter, will be deleted from the cache to create free space on the NFS share.
netapp_login = None	(StrOpt) Administrative user account name used to access the storage system or proxy server.
netapp_password = None	(StrOpt) Password for the administrative user account specified in the netapp_login option.
netapp_server_hostname = None	(StrOpt) The hostname (or IP address) for the storage system or proxy server.
netapp_server_port = None	(IntOpt) The TCP port to use for communication with the storage system or proxy server. If not specified, Data ON-

Configuration option = Default value	Description
	TAP drivers will use 80 for HTTP and 443 for HTTPS; E-Series will use 8080 for HTTP and 8443 for HTTPS.
netapp_storage_family = ontap_cluster	(StrOpt) The storage family type used on the storage system; valid values are ontap_7mode for using Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode, ontap_cluster for using clustered Data ONTAP, or eseries for using E-Series.
netapp_storage_protocol = None	(StrOpt) The storage protocol to be used on the data path with the storage system; valid values are iscsi or nfs.
netapp_transport_type = http	(StrOpt) The transport protocol used when communicating with the storage system or proxy server. Valid values are http or https.
thres_avl_size_perc_start = 20	(IntOpt) If the percentage of available space for an NFS share has dropped below the value specified by this option, the NFS image cache will be cleaned.
thres_avl_size_perc_stop = 60	(IntOpt) When the percentage of available space on an NFS share has reached the percentage specified by this option, the driver will stop clearing files from the NFS image cache that have not been accessed in the last M minutes, where M is the value of the expiry_thres_minutes configuration option.



#### Note

Additional NetApp NFS configuration options are shared with the generic NFS driver. For a description of these, see Table 1.25, "Description of NFS storage configuration options" [82].



ounc - Juno - Juno

### Tip

For more information on these options and other deployment and operational scenarios, visit the NetApp OpenStack Deployment and Operations Guide.

# **NetApp E-Series storage family**

The NetApp E-Series storage family represents a configuration group which provides Open-Stack compute instances access to E-Series storage systems. At present it can be configured in OpenStack Block Storage to work with the iSCSI storage protocol.

### **NetApp iSCSI configuration for E-Series**

The NetApp iSCSI configuration for E-Series is an interface from OpenStack to E-Series storage systems for provisioning and managing the SAN block storage entity; that is, a NetApp LUN which can be accessed using the iSCSI protocol.

The iSCSI configuration for E-Series is an interface from OpenStack Block Storage to the E-Series proxy instance and as such requires the deployment of the proxy instance in order to achieve the desired functionality. The driver uses REST APIs to interact with the E-Series proxy instance, which in turn interacts directly with the E-Series controllers.

The use of multipath and DM-MP are required when using the OpenStack Block Storage driver for E-Series. In order for OpenStack Block Storage and OpenStack Compute to take advantage of multiple paths, the following configuration options must be correctly configured:

- The use\_multipath\_for\_image\_xfer option should be set to True in the cinder.conf file within the driver-specific stanza (for example, [myDriver]).
- The iscsi\_use\_multipath option should be set to True in the nova.conf file within the [libvirt] stanza.

### Configuration options for E-Series storage family with iSCSI protocol

Configure the volume driver, storage family, and storage protocol to the NetApp unified driver, E-Series, and iSCSI respectively by setting the volume\_driver, netapp\_storage\_family and netapp\_storage\_protocol options in cinder.conf as follows:

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.netapp.common.NetAppDriver
netapp_storage_family = eseries
netapp_storage_protocol = iscsi
netapp_server_hostname = myhostname
netapp_server_port = 80
netapp_login = username
netapp_password = password
netapp_controller_ips = 1.2.3.4,5.6.7.8
netapp_sa_password = arrayPassword
netapp_storage_pools = pool1,pool2
use_multipath_for_image_xfer = True
```



#### Note

To use the E-Series driver, you must override the default value of netapp\_storage\_family with eseries.



# Note

To use the iSCSI protocol, you must override the default value of netapp\_storage\_protocol with iscsi.

Table 1.22. Description of NetApp E-Series driver configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
netapp_controller_ips = None	(StrOpt) This option is only utilized when the storage family is configured to eseries. This option is used to restrict provisioning to the specified controllers. Specify the value of this option to be a comma separated list of controller hostnames or IP addresses to be used for provisioning.
netapp_eseries_host_type = linux_dm_mp	(StrOpt) This option is used to define how the controllers in the E-Series storage array will work with the particular operating system on the hosts that are connected to it.
netapp_login = None	(StrOpt) Administrative user account name used to access the storage system or proxy server.
netapp_password = None	(StrOpt) Password for the administrative user account specified in the netapp_login option.
netapp_sa_password = None	(StrOpt) Password for the NetApp E-Series storage array.
netapp_server_hostname = None	(StrOpt) The hostname (or IP address) for the storage system or proxy server.
netapp_server_port = None	(IntOpt) The TCP port to use for communication with the storage system or proxy server. If not specified, Data ON-

Configuration option = Default value	Description
	TAP drivers will use 80 for HTTP and 443 for HTTPS; E-Series will use 8080 for HTTP and 8443 for HTTPS.
netapp_storage_family = ontap_cluster	(StrOpt) The storage family type used on the storage system; valid values are ontap_7mode for using Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode, ontap_cluster for using clustered Data ONTAP, or eseries for using E-Series.
netapp_storage_pools = None	(StrOpt) This option is used to restrict provisioning to the specified storage pools. Only dynamic disk pools are currently supported. Specify the value of this option to be a comma separated list of disk pool names to be used for provisioning.
netapp_transport_type = http	(StrOpt) The transport protocol used when communicating with the storage system or proxy server. Valid values are http or https.
netapp_webservice_path = /devmgr/v2	(StrOpt) This option is used to specify the path to the E-Series proxy application on a proxy server. The value is combined with the value of the netapp_transport_type, netapp_server_hostname, and netapp_server_port options to create the URL used by the driver to connect to the proxy application.



# Tip

For more information on these options and other deployment and operational scenarios, visit the NetApp OpenStack Deployment and Operations Guide.

# Upgrading prior NetApp drivers to the NetApp unified driver

NetApp introduced a new unified block storage driver in Havana for configuring different storage families and storage protocols. This requires defining upgrade path for NetApp drivers which existed in releases prior to Havana. This section covers the upgrade configuration for NetApp drivers to the new unified configuration and a list of deprecated NetApp drivers.

#### **Upgraded NetApp drivers**

This section describes how to update OpenStack Block Storage configuration from a pre-Havana release to the unified driver format.

#### **Driver upgrade configuration**

1. NetApp iSCSI direct driver for Clustered Data ONTAP in Grizzly (or earlier).

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.netapp.iscsi.
NetAppDirectCmodeISCSIDriver
```

#### NetApp unified driver configuration.

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.netapp.common.NetAppDriver
netapp_storage_family = ontap_cluster
netapp_storage_protocol = iscsi
```

2. NetApp NFS direct driver for Clustered Data ONTAP in Grizzly (or earlier).

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.netapp.nfs.NetAppDirectCmodeNfsDriver
```

NetApp unified driver configuration.

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.netapp.common.NetAppDriver
netapp_storage_family = ontap_cluster
netapp_storage_protocol = nfs
```

NetApp iSCSI direct driver for Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode storage controller in Grizzly (or earlier)

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.netapp.iscsi.
NetAppDirect7modeISCSIDriver
```

#### NetApp unified driver configuration

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.netapp.common.NetAppDriver
netapp_storage_family = ontap_7mode
netapp_storage_protocol = iscsi
```

4. NetApp NFS direct driver for Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode storage controller in Grizzly (or earlier)

volume\_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.netapp.nfs.NetAppDirect7modeNfsDriver

#### NetApp unified driver configuration

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.netapp.common.NetAppDriver
netapp_storage_family = ontap_7mode
netapp_storage_protocol = nfs
```

### **Deprecated NetApp drivers**

This section lists the NetApp drivers in earlier releases that are deprecated in Havana.

1. NetApp iSCSI driver for clustered Data ONTAP.

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.netapp.iscsi.NetAppCmodeISCSIDriver
```

NetApp NFS driver for clustered Data ONTAP.

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.netapp.nfs.NetAppCmodeNfsDriver
```

3. NetApp iSCSI driver for Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode storage controller.

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.netapp.iscsi.NetAppISCSIDriver
```

4. NetApp NFS driver for Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode storage controller.

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.netapp.nfs.NetAppNFSDriver
```



#### Note

For support information on deprecated NetApp drivers in the Havana release, visit the NetApp OpenStack Deployment and Operations Guide.

# **Nexenta drivers**

NexentaStor Appliance is NAS/SAN software platform designed for building reliable and fast network storage arrays. The Nexenta Storage Appliance uses ZFS as a disk manage-

ment system. NexentaStor can serve as a storage node for the OpenStack and its virtual servers through iSCSI and NFS protocols.

With the NFS option, every Compute volume is represented by a directory designated to be its own file system in the ZFS file system. These file systems are exported using NFS.

With either option some minimal setup is required to tell OpenStack which NexentaStor servers are being used, whether they are supporting iSCSI and/or NFS and how to access each of the servers.

Typically the only operation required on the NexentaStor servers is to create the containing directory for the iSCSI or NFS exports. For NFS this containing directory must be explicitly exported via NFS. There is no software that must be installed on the NexentaStor servers; they are controlled using existing management plane interfaces.

#### Nexenta iSCSI driver

The Nexenta iSCSI driver allows you to use a NexentaStor appliance to store Compute volumes. Every Compute volume is represented by a single zvol in a predefined Nexenta namespace. For every new volume the driver creates a iSCSI target and iSCSI target group that are used to access it from compute hosts.

The Nexenta iSCSI volume driver should work with all versions of NexentaStor. The NexentaStor appliance must be installed and configured according to the relevant Nexenta documentation. A pool and an enclosing namespace must be created for all iSCSI volumes to be accessed through the volume driver. This should be done as specified in the release specific NexentaStor documentation.

The NexentaStor Appliance iSCSI driver is selected using the normal procedures for one or multiple back-end volume drivers. You must configure these items for each NexentaStor appliance that the iSCSI volume driver controls:

### **Enable the Nexenta iSCSI driver and related options**

This table contains the options supported by the Nexenta iSCSI driver.

Table 1.23. Description of Nexenta iSCSI driver configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
nexenta_blocksize =	(StrOpt) Block size for volumes (default=blank means 8KB)
nexenta_host =	(StrOpt) IP address of Nexenta SA
nexenta_iscsi_target_portal_port = 3260	(IntOpt) Nexenta target portal port
nexenta_password = nexenta	(StrOpt) Password to connect to Nexenta SA
nexenta_rest_port = 2000	(IntOpt) HTTP port to connect to Nexenta REST API server
nexenta_rest_protocol = auto	(StrOpt) Use http or https for REST connection (default auto)
nexenta_rrmgr_compression = 0	(IntOpt) Enable stream compression, level 19. 1 - gives best speed; 9 - gives best compression.
nexenta_rrmgr_connections = 2	(IntOpt) Number of TCP connections.
nexenta_rrmgr_tcp_buf_size = 4096	(IntOpt) TCP Buffer size in KiloBytes.

Configuration option = Default value	Description
nexenta_sparse = False	(BoolOpt) Enables or disables the creation of sparse volumes
nexenta_sparsed_volumes = True	(BoolOpt) Enables or disables the creation of volumes as sparsed files that take no space. If disabled (False), volume is created as a regular file, which takes a long time.
nexenta_target_group_prefix = cinder/	(StrOpt) Prefix for iSCSI target groups on SA
nexenta_target_prefix = iqn.1986-03.com.sun:02:cinder-	(StrOpt) IQN prefix for iSCSI targets
nexenta_user = admin	(StrOpt) User name to connect to Nexenta SA
nexenta_volume = cinder	(StrOpt) SA Pool that holds all volumes

To use Compute with the Nexenta iSCSI driver, first set the volume\_driver:

volume\_driver=cinder.volume.drivers.nexenta.iscsi.NexentaISCSIDriver

Then, set the nexenta\_host parameter and other parameters from the table, if needed.

#### **Nexenta NFS driver**

The Nexenta NFS driver allows you to use NexentaStor appliance to store Compute volumes via NFS. Every Compute volume is represented by a single NFS file within a shared directory.

While the NFS protocols standardize file access for users, they do not standardize administrative actions such as taking snapshots or replicating file systems. The OpenStack Volume Drivers bring a common interface to these operations. The Nexenta NFS driver implements these standard actions using the ZFS management plane that already is deployed on NexentaStor appliances.

The Nexenta NFS volume driver should work with all versions of NexentaStor. The NexentaStor appliance must be installed and configured according to the relevant Nexenta documentation. A single-parent file system must be created for all virtual disk directories supported for OpenStack. This directory must be created and exported on each NexentaStor appliance. This should be done as specified in the release specific NexentaStor documentation.

#### **Enable the Nexenta NFS driver and related options**

To use Compute with the Nexenta NFS driver, first set the volume driver:

volume\_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.nexenta.nfs.NexentaNfsDriver

The following table contains the options supported by the Nexenta NFS driver.

#### Table 1.24. Description of Nexenta NFS driver configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
nexenta_mount_point_base = \$state_path/mnt	(StrOpt) Base directory that contains NFS share mount points
nexenta_nms_cache_volroot = True	(BoolOpt) If set True cache NexentaStor appliance volroot option value.
nexenta_shares_config = /etc/cinder/nfs_shares	(StrOpt) File with the list of available nfs shares
nexenta_volume_compression = on	(StrOpt) Default compression value for new ZFS folders.

Add your list of Nexenta NFS servers to the file you specified with the nexenta\_shares\_config option. For example, if the value of this option was set to / etc/cinder/nfs\_shares, then:

```
# cat /etc/cinder/nfs_shares
192.168.1.200:/storage http://admin:nexenta@192.168.1.200:2000
192.168.1.201:/storage http://admin:nexenta@192.168.1.201:2000
192.168.1.202:/storage http://admin:nexenta@192.168.1.202:2000
```

Comments are allowed in this file. They begin with a #.

Each line in this file represents a NFS share. The first part of the line is the NFS share URL, the second is the connection URL to the NexentaStor Appliance.

# **NFS** driver

The Network File System (NFS) is a distributed file system protocol originally developed by Sun Microsystems in 1984. An NFS server *exports* one or more of its file systems, known as *shares*. An NFS client can mount these exported shares on its own file system. You can perform file actions on this mounted remote file system as if the file system were local.

### How the NFS driver works

The NFS driver, and other drivers based on it, work quite differently than a traditional block storage driver.

The NFS driver does not actually allow an instance to access a storage device at the block level. Instead, files are created on an NFS share and mapped to instances, which emulates a block device. This works in a similar way to QEMU, which stores instances in the /var/lib/nova/instances directory.

# **Enable the NFS driver and related options**

To use Cinder with the NFS driver, first set the volume\_driver in cinder.conf:

```
volume_driver=cinder.volume.drivers.nfs.NfsDriver
```

The following table contains the options supported by the NFS driver.

#### Table 1.25. Description of NFS storage configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
nfs_mount_options = None	(StrOpt) Mount options passed to the nfs client. See section of the nfs man page for details.
nfs_mount_point_base = \$state_path/mnt	(StrOpt) Base dir containing mount points for nfs shares.
nfs_oversub_ratio = 1.0	(FloatOpt) This will compare the allocated to available space on the volume destination. If the ratio exceeds this number, the destination will no longer be valid.
nfs_shares_config = /etc/cinder/nfs_shares	(StrOpt) File with the list of available nfs shares
nfs_sparsed_volumes = True	(BoolOpt) Create volumes as sparsed files which take no space. If set to False volume is created as regular file. In such case volume creation takes a lot of time.

Configuration option = Default value	Description
nfs_used_ratio = 0.95	(FloatOpt) Percent of ACTUAL usage of the underlying volume before no new volumes can be allocated to the volume destination.



#### Note

As of the Icehouse release, the NFS driver (and other drivers based off it) will attempt to mount shares using version 4.1 of the NFS protocol (including pN-FS). If the mount attempt is unsuccessful due to a lack of client or server support, a subsequent mount attempt that requests the default behavior of the mount.nfs command will be performed. On most distributions, the default behavior is to attempt mounting first with NFS v4.0, then silently fall back to NFS v3.0 if necessary. If the nfs\_mount\_options configuration option contains a request for a specific version of NFS to be used, or if specific options are specified in the shares configuration file specified by the nfs\_shares\_config configuration option, the mount will be attempted as requested with no subsequent attempts.

### How to use the NFS driver

- 1. Access to one or more NFS servers. Creating an NFS server is outside the scope of this document. This example assumes access to the following NFS servers and mount points:
  - 192.168.1.200:/storage
  - 192.168.1.201:/storage
  - 192.168.1.202:/storage

This example demonstrates the use of with this driver with multiple NFS servers. Multiple servers are not required. One is usually enough.

2. Add your list of NFS servers to the file you specified with the nfs\_shares\_config option. For example, if the value of this option was set to /etc/cin-der/shares.txt, then:

```
# cat /etc/cinder/shares.txt
192.168.1.200:/storage
192.168.1.201:/storage
192.168.1.202:/storage
```

Comments are allowed in this file. They begin with a #.

- 3. Configure the nfs\_mount\_point\_base option. This is a directory where cinder-volume mounts all NFS shares stored in shares.txt. For this example, /var/lib/cinder/nfs is used. You can, of course, use the default value of \$state path/mnt.
- 4. Start the cinder-volume service. /var/lib/cinder/nfs should now contain a directory for each NFS share specified in shares.txt. The name of each directory is a hashed name:

```
# ls /var/lib/cinder/nfs/
46c5db75dc3a3a50a10bfd1a456a9f3f
```

December 8, 2015

You can now create volumes as you normally would:

```
$ nova volume-create --display-name myvol 5
# ls /var/lib/cinder/nfs/46c5db75dc3a3a50a10bfd1a456a9f3f
volume-a8862558-e6d6-4648-b5df-bb84f31c8935
```

This volume can also be attached and deleted just like other volumes. However, snapshotting is *not* supported.

## NFS driver notes

ence

- cinder-volume manages the mounting of the NFS shares as well as volume creation on the shares. Keep this in mind when planning your OpenStack architecture. If you have one master NFS server, it might make sense to only have one cinder-volume service to handle all requests to that NFS server. However, if that single server is unable to handle all requests, more than one cinder-volume service is needed as well as potentially more than one NFS server.
- Because data is stored in a file and not actually on a block storage device, you might not see the same IO performance as you would with a traditional block storage driver. Please test accordingly.
- Despite possible IO performance loss, having volume data stored in a file might be beneficial. For example, backing up volumes can be as easy as copying the volume files.



#### Note

Regular IO flushing and syncing still stands.

# **ProphetStor Fibre Channel and iSCSI drivers**

ProhetStor Fibre Channel and iSCSI drivers add support for ProphetStor Flexvisor through OpenStack Block Storage. ProphetStor Flexvisor enables commodity x86 hardware as software-defined storage leveraging well-proven ZFS for disk management to provide enterprise grade storage services such as snapshots, data protection with different RAID levels, replication, and deduplication.

The DPLFCDriver and DPLISCSIDriver drivers run volume operations by communicating with the ProphetStor storage system over HTTPS.

# Supported operations

- Create, delete, attach, and detach volumes.
- Create, list, and delete volume snapshots.
- Create a volume from a snapshot.

\_

- Copy an image to a volume.
- Copy a volume to an image.
- · Clone a volume.
- · Extend a volume.

### **Enable the Fibre Channel or iSCSI drivers**

The DPLFCDriver and DPLISCSIDriver are installed with the OpenStack software.

- 1. Query storage pool id for configure dpl\_pool of the cinder.conf.
  - a. Logon onto the storage system with administrator access.

```
$ ssh root@STORAGE IP ADDRESS
```

b. View the current usable pool id.

```
$ flvcli show pool list
- d5bd40b58ea84e9da09dcf25a01fdc07 : default_pool_dc07
```

c. Use d5bd40b58ea84e9da09dcf25a01fdc07 to config the dpl\_pool of / etc/cinder/cinder.conf.



#### Note

Other management command can reference by command help flvcli -h.

2. Make the following changes on the volume node /etc/cinder.conf file.

```
# IP address of SAN controller (string value)
san_ip=STORAGE IP ADDRESS
# Username for SAN controller (string value)
san_login=USERNAME
# Password for SAN controller (string value)
san_password=PASSWORD
# Use thin provisioning for SAN volumes? (boolean value)
san_thin_provision=true
# The port that the iSCSI daemon is listening on. (integer value)
iscsi_port=3260
# DPL pool uuid in which DPL volumes are stored. (string value)
dpl_pool=d5bd40b58ea84e9da09dcf25a01fdc07
# DPL port number. (integer value)
dpl_port=8357
# Uncomment one of the next two option to enable Fibre channel or iSCSI
# FIBRE CHANNEL(uncomment the next line to enable the FC driver)
#volume_driver=cinder.volume.drivers.prophetstor.dpl_fc.DPLFCDriver
# iSCSI (uncomment the next line to enable the iSCSI driver)
```

#volume\_driver=cinder.volume.drivers.prophetstor.dpl\_iscsi.DPLISCSIDriver

3. Save the changes to the /etc/cinder/cinder.conf file and restart the cinder-volume service.

The ProphetStor Fibre Channel or iSCSI drivers are now enabled on your OpenStack system. If you experience problems, review the Block Storage service log files for errors.

The following table contains the options supported by the ProphetStor storage driver.

Table 1.26. Description of ProphetStor Fibre Channel and iSCSi drivers configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
dpl_pool =	(StrOpt) DPL pool uuid in which DPL volumes are stored.	
dpl_port = 8357	(IntOpt) DPL port number.	
iscsi_port = 3260	(IntOpt) The port that the iSCSI daemon is listening on	
san_ip =	(StrOpt) IP address of SAN controller	
san_login = admin	(StrOpt) Username for SAN controller	
san_password =	(StrOpt) Password for SAN controller	
san_thin_provision = True	(BoolOpt) Use thin provisioning for SAN volumes?	

# **Pure Storage volume driver**

The Pure Storage FlashArray volume driver for OpenStack Block Storage interacts with configured Pure Storage arrays and supports various operations.

This driver can be configured in OpenStack Block Storage to work with the iSCSI storage protocol.

This driver is compatible with Purity FlashArrays that support the REST API (Purity 3.4.0 and newer) and that are capable of iSCSI connectivity. This release supports installation with OpenStack clusters running the Juno version that use the KVM or QEMU hypervisors together with OpenStack Compute service's libvirt driver.

#### Limitations and known issues

If you do not set up the nodes hosting instances to use multipathing, all iSCSI connectivity will use a single physical 10-gigabit Ethernet port on the array. In addition to significantly limiting the available bandwidth, this means you do not have the high-availability and non-disruptive upgrade benefits provided by FlashArray.

Workaround: You must set up multipathing on your hosts.

In the default configuration, OpenStack Block Storage does not provision volumes on a backend whose available raw space is less than the logical size of the new volume. Due to Purity's data reduction technology, such a volume could actually fit in the backend, and thus OpenStack Block Storage default configuration does not take advantage of all available space.

Workaround: Turn off the CapacityFilter.

## **Supported operations**

- Create, delete, attach, detach, clone and extend volumes.
- Create a volume from snapshot.
- Create and delete volume snapshots.

## **Configure OpenStack and Purity**

You need to configure both your Purity array and your OpenStack cluster.



#### **Note**

These instructions assume that the cinder-api and cinder-scheduler services are installed and configured in your OpenStack cluster.

## 1. Configure the OpenStack Block Storage service

In these steps, you will edit the cinder.conf file to configure OpenStack Block Storage service to enable multipathing and to use the Pure Storage FlashArray as back-end storage.

#### a. Retrieve an API token from Purity

The OpenStack Block Storage service configuration requires an API token from Purity. Actions performed by the volume driver use this token for authorization. Also, Purity logs the volume driver's actions as being performed by the user who owns this API token.

If you created a Purity user account that is dedicated to managing your OpenStack Block Storage volumes, copy the API token from that user account.

Use the appropriate create or list command below to display and copy the Purity API token:

To create a new API token:

```
$ pureadmin create --api-token USER
```

The following is an example output:

```
$ pureadmin create --api-token pureuser

Name API Token Created

pureuser 902fdca3-7e3f-d2e4-d6a6-24c2285fe1d9 2014-08-04

14:50:30
```

• To list an existing API token:

```
$ pureadmin list --api-token --expose USER
```

The following is an example output:

```
$ pureadmin list --api-token --expose pureuser
```

ence

```
Name API Token Created pureuser 902fdca3-7e3f-d2e4-d6a6-24c2285fe1d9 2014-08-04 14:50:30
```

b. Copy the API token retrieved (902fdca3-7e3f-d2e4-d6a6-24c2285fe1d9 from the examples above) to use in the next step.

#### c. Edit the OpenStack Block Storage service configuration file

The following sample /etc/cinder/cinder.conf configuration lists the relevant settings for a typical Block Storage service using a single Pure Storage array:

```
[DEFAULT]
....
enabled_backends = puredriver-1
default_volume_type = puredriver-1
....

[puredriver-1]
volume_backend_name = puredriver-1
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.pure.PureISCSIDriver
san_ip = IP_PURE_MGMT
pure_api_token = PURE_API_TOKEN
use_multipath_for_image_xfer = True
```

Replace the following variables accordingly:

**IP\_PURE\_MGMT** The IP address of the Pure Storage array's management in-

terface or a domain name that resolves to that IP address.

**PURE\_API\_TOKEN** The Purity Authorization token that the volume driver uses

to perform volume management on the Pure Storage array.

#### 2. Create Purity host objects

Before using the volume driver, follow these steps to create a host in Purity for each OpenStack iSCSI initiator IQN that will connect to the FlashArray.

For every node that the driver runs on and every compute node that will connect to the FlashArray:

check the file /etc/iscsi/initiatorname.iscsi.

For each IQN in that file:

• copy the IQN string and run the following command to create a Purity host for an IQN:

```
\$ purehost create --iqnlist IQN HOST
```

Replace the following variables accordingly:

IQN The IQN retrieved from the /etc/iscsi/initiatorname.iscsi
file

**HOST** An unique friendly name for this entry.



#### Note

Do not specify multiple IQNs with the --iqnlist option. Each FlashArray host must be configured to a single OpenStack IQN.

# **Sheepdog driver**

Sheepdog is an open-source distributed storage system that provides a virtual storage pool utilizing internal disk of commodity servers.

Sheepdog scales to several hundred nodes, and has powerful virtual disk management features like snapshot, cloning, rollback, thin provisioning.

More information can be found on Sheepdog Project.

This driver enables use of Sheepdog through Qemu/KVM.

Set the following volume\_driver in cinder.conf:

volume\_driver=cinder.volume.drivers.sheepdog.SheepdogDriver

## **SolidFire**

The SolidFire Cluster is a high performance all SSD iSCSI storage device that provides massive scale out capability and extreme fault tolerance. A key feature of the SolidFire cluster is the ability to set and modify during operation specific QoS levels on a volume for volume basis. The SolidFire cluster offers this along with de-duplication, compression, and an architecture that takes full advantage of SSDs.

To configure the use of a SolidFire cluster with Block Storage, modify your cinder.conf file as follows:

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.solidfire.SolidFireDriver
san_ip = 172.17.1.182  # the address of your MVIP
san_login = sfadmin  # your cluster admin login
san_password = sfpassword  # your cluster admin password
sf_account_prefix = ''  # prefix for tenant account creation on
solidfire cluster (see warning below)
```



## Warning

The SolidFire driver creates a unique account prefixed with \$cinder-vol-ume-service-hostname-\$tenant-id on the SolidFire cluster for each tenant that accesses the cluster through the Volume API. Unfortunately, this account formation results in issues for High Availability (HA) installations and installations where the cinder-volume service can move to a new node. HA installations can return an Account Not Found error because the call to the Solid-Fire cluster is not always going to be sent from the same node. In installations where the cinder-volume service moves to a new node, the same issue can occur when you perform operations on existing volumes, such as clone, extend, delete, and so on.



#### Note

Set the sf\_account\_prefix option to an empty string (") in the cinder.conf file. This setting results in unique accounts being created on the SolidFire cluster, but the accounts are prefixed with the tenant-id or any unique identifier that you choose and are independent of the host where the cinder-volume service resides.

Table 1.27. Description of SolidFire driver configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
sf_account_prefix = None	(StrOpt) Create SolidFire accounts with this prefix. Any string can be used here, but the string "hostname" is special and will create a prefix using the cinder node host-sname (previous default behavior). The default is NO prefix.
sf_allow_tenant_qos = False	(BoolOpt) Allow tenants to specify QOS on create
sf_api_port = 443	(IntOpt) SolidFire API port. Useful if the device api is behind a proxy on a different port.
sf_emulate_512 = True	(BoolOpt) Set 512 byte emulation on volume creation;

## **VMware VMDK driver**

Use the VMware VMDK driver to enable management of the OpenStack Block Storage volumes on vCenter-managed data stores. Volumes are backed by VMDK files on data stores that use any VMware-compatible storage technology such as NFS, iSCSI, FiberChannel, and vSAN.



## **Warning**

The VMware ESX VMDK driver is deprecated as of the Icehouse release and might be removed in Juno or a subsequent release. The VMware vCenter VMDK driver continues to be fully supported.

### **Functional context**

The VMware VMDK driver connects to vCenter, through which it can dynamically access all the data stores visible from the ESX hosts in the managed cluster.

When you create a volume, the VMDK driver creates a VMDK file on demand. The VMDK file creation completes only when the volume is subsequently attached to an instance, because the set of data stores visible to the instance determines where to place the volume.

The running vSphere VM is automatically reconfigured to attach the VMDK file as an extra disk. Once attached, you can log in to the running vSphere VM to rescan and discover this extra disk.

# Configuration

The recommended volume driver for OpenStack Block Storage is the VMware vCenter VMDK driver. When you configure the driver, you must match it with the appropriate OpenStack Compute driver from VMware and both drivers must point to the same server.

In the nova.conf file, use this option to define the Compute driver:

compute\_driver=vmwareapi.VMwareVCDriver

In the cinder.conf file, use this option to define the volume driver:

volume\_driver=cinder.volume.drivers.vmware.vmdk.VMwareVcVmdkDriver

The following table lists various options that the drivers support for the OpenStack Block Storage configuration (cinder.conf):

Table 1.28. Description of VMware configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
vmware_api_retry_count = 10	(IntOpt) Number of times VMware ESX/VC server API must be retried upon connection related issues.
vmware_host_ip = None	(StrOpt) IP address for connecting to VMware ESX/VC server.
vmware_host_password = None	(StrOpt) Password for authenticating with VMware ESX/VC server.
vmware_host_username = None	(StrOpt) Username for authenticating with VMware ESX/VC server.
vmware_host_version = None	(StrOpt) Optional string specifying the VMware VC server version. The driver attempts to retrieve the version from VMware VC server. Set this configuration only if you want to override the VC server version.
vmware_image_transfer_timeout_secs = 7200	(IntOpt) Timeout in seconds for VMDK volume transfer between Cinder and Glance.
vmware_max_objects_retrieval = 100	(IntOpt) Max number of objects to be retrieved per batch. Query results will be obtained in batches from the server and not in one shot. Server may still limit the count to something less than the configured value.
vmware_task_poll_interval = 0.5	(FloatOpt) The interval (in seconds) for polling remote tasks invoked on VMware ESX/VC server.
vmware_tmp_dir = /tmp	(StrOpt) Directory where virtual disks are stored during volume backup and restore.
vmware_volume_folder = cinder-volumes	(StrOpt) Name for the folder in the VC datacenter that will contain cinder volumes.
vmware_wsdl_location = None	(StrOpt) Optional VIM service WSDL Location e.g http:// <server>/vimService.wsdl. Optional over-ride to default lo- cation for bug work-arounds.</server>

# VMDK disk type

The VMware VMDK drivers support the creation of VMDK disk files of type thin, lazyZeroedThick, or eagerZeroedThick. Use the vmware: vmdk\_type extra spec key with the appropriate value to specify the VMDK disk file type. The following table captures the mapping between the extra spec entry and the VMDK disk file type:

Table 1.29. Extra spec entry to VMDK disk file type mapping

Disk file type	Extra spec key	Extra spec value
thin	vmware:vmdk_type	thin
lazyZeroedThick	vmware:vmdk_type	thick

Disk file type	Extra spec key	Extra spec value
eagerZeroedThick	vmware:vmdk_type	eagerZeroedThick

If you do not specify a vmdk\_type extra spec entry, the default disk file type is thin.

The following example shows how to create a lazyZeroedThick VMDK volume by using the appropriate vmdk\_type:

```
$ cinder type-create thick_volume
$ cinder type-key thick_volume set vmware:vmdk_type=thick
$ cinder create --volume-type thick_volume --display-name volume1 1
```

## Clone type

With the VMware VMDK drivers, you can create a volume from another source volume or a snapshot point. The VMware vCenter VMDK driver supports the full and linked/fast clone types. Use the vmware:clone\_type extra spec key to specify the clone type. The following table captures the mapping for clone types:

Table 1.30. Extra spec entry to clone type mapping

Clone type	Extra spec key	Extra spec value
full	vmware:clone_type	full
linked/fast	vmware:clone_type	linked

If you do not specify the clone type, the default is full.

The following example shows linked cloning from another source volume:

```
$ cinder type-create fast_clone
$ cinder type-key fast_clone set vmware:clone_type=linked
$ cinder create --volume-type fast_clone --source-volid 25743b9d-3605-462b-b9eb-71459fe2bb35 --display-name volume1 1
```



#### Note

The VMware ESX VMDK driver ignores the extra spec entry and always creates a full clone.

## Use vCenter storage policies to specify back-end data stores

This section describes how to configure back-end data stores using storage policies. In vCenter, you can create one or more storage policies and expose them as a Block Storage volume-type to a vmdk volume. The storage policies are exposed to the vmdk driver through the extra spec property with the vmware:storage\_profile key.

For example, assume a storage policy in vCenter named <code>gold\_policy</code>. and a Block Storage volume type named <code>vol1</code> with the extra spec key <code>vmware:storage\_profile</code> set to the value <code>gold\_policy</code>. Any Block Storage volume creation that uses the <code>vol1</code> volume type places the volume only in data stores that match the <code>gold\_policy</code> storage policy.

The Block Storage back-end configuration for vSphere data stores is automatically determined based on the vCenter configuration. If you configure a connection to connect to

vCenter version 5.5 or later in the cinder.conf file, the use of storage policies to configure back-end data stores is automatically supported.



#### Note

You must configure any data stores that you configure for the Block Storage service for the Compute service.

## Procedure 1.4. To configure back-end data stores by using storage policies

1. In vCenter, tag the data stores to be used for the back end.

OpenStack also supports policies that are created by using vendor-specific capabilities; for example vSAN-specific storage policies.



#### Note

The tag value serves as the policy. For details, see the section called "Storage policy-based configuration in vCenter" [95].

- 2. Set the extra spec key vmware: storage\_profile in the desired Block Storage volume types to the policy name that you created in the previous step.
- 3. Optionally, for the *vmware\_host\_version* parameter, enter the version number of your vSphere platform. For example, 5.5.

This setting overrides the default location for the corresponding WSDL file. Among other scenarios, you can use this setting to prevent WSDL error messages during the development phase or to work with a newer version of vCenter.

4. Complete the other vCenter configuration parameters as appropriate.



no - Juno - Juno

## **Note**

The following considerations apply to configuring SPBM for the Block Storage service:

Any volume that is created without an associated policy (that is to say, without an associated volume type that specifies vmware:storage\_profile extra spec), there is no policy-based placement for that volume.

# **Supported operations**

The VMware vCenter and ESX VMDK drivers support these operations:

• Create, delete, attach, and detach volumes.



#### Note

When a volume is attached to an instance, a reconfigure operation is performed on the instance to add the volume's VMDK to it. The user must manually rescan and mount the device from within the guest operating system.

• Create, list, and delete volume snapshots.



#### **Note**

Allowed only if volume is not attached to an instance.

- Create a volume from a snapshot.
- Copy an image to a volume.



#### Note

Only images in vmdk disk format with bare container format are supported. The vmware\_disktype property of the image can be preallocated, sparse, streamOptimized or thin.

• Copy a volume to an image.



#### Note

- Allowed only if the volume is not attached to an instance.
- This operation creates a streamOptimized disk image.
- · Clone a volume.



ounf - ounf

#### Note

Supported only if the source volume is not attached to an instance.

• Backup a volume.



#### Note

This operation creates a backup of the volume in streamOptimized disk format.

• Restore backup to new or existing volume.



#### Note

Supported only if the existing volume doesn't contain snapshots.

• Change the type of a volume.



## **Note**

This operation is supported only if the volume state is available.



#### Note

Although the VMware ESX VMDK driver supports these operations, it has not been extensively tested.

juno

## Storage policy-based configuration in vCenter

You can configure Storage Policy-Based Management (SPBM) profiles for vCenter data stores supporting the Compute, Image Service, and Block Storage components of an Open-Stack implementation.

In a vSphere OpenStack deployment, SPBM enables you to delegate several data stores for storage, which reduces the risk of running out of storage space. The policy logic selects the data store based on accessibility and available storage space.

## **Prerequisites**

- Determine the data stores to be used by the SPBM policy.
- Determine the tag that identifies the data stores in the OpenStack component configuration.
- Create separate policies or sets of data stores for separate OpenStack components.

## **Create storage policies in vCenter**

## Procedure 1.5. To create storage policies in vCenter

- 1. In vCenter, create the tag that identifies the data stores:
  - a. From the Home screen, click Tags.
  - b. Specify a name for the tag.
  - c. Specify a tag category. For example, spbm-cinder.
- 2. Apply the tag to the data stores to be used by the SPBM policy.



## Note

For details about creating tags in vSphere, see the vSphere documentation.

3. In vCenter, create a tag-based storage policy that uses one or more tags to identify a set of data stores.



#### **Note**

You use this tag name and category when you configure the \*.conf file for the OpenStack component. For details about creating tags in vSphere, see the vSphere documentation.

## **Data store selection**

If storage policy is enabled, the driver initially selects all the data stores that match the associated storage policy.

If two or more data stores match the storage policy, the driver chooses a data store that is connected to the maximum number of hosts.

In case of ties, the driver chooses the data store with lowest space utilization, where space utilization is defined by the (1-freespace/totalspace) metric.

These actions reduce the number of volume migrations while attaching the volume to instances.

The volume must be migrated if the ESX host for the instance cannot access the data store that contains the volume.

## Windows iSCSI volume driver

Windows Server 2012 and Windows Storage Server 2012 offer an integrated iSCSI Target service that can be used with OpenStack Block Storage in your stack. Being entirely a software solution, consider it in particular for mid-sized networks where the costs of a SAN might be excessive.

The Windows cinder-volume driver works with OpenStack Compute on any hypervisor. It includes snapshotting support and the "boot from volume" feature.

This driver creates volumes backed by fixed-type VHD images on Windows Server 2012 and dynamic-type VHDX on Windows Server 2012 R2, stored locally on a user-specified path. The system uses those images as iSCSI disks and exports them through iSCSI targets. Each volume has its own iSCSI target.

This driver has been tested with Windows Server 2012 and Windows Server R2 using the Server and Storage Server distributions.

Install the cinder-volume service as well as the required Python components directly onto the Windows node.

You may install and configure cinder-volume and its dependencies manually using the following guide or you may use the Cinder Volume Installer, presented below.

## Installing using the OpenStack cinder volume installer

In case you want to avoid all the manual setup, you can use Cloudbase Solutions' installer. You can find it at <a href="https://www.cloudbase.it/downloads/CinderVolumeSetup\_Beta.msi">https://www.cloudbase.it/downloads/CinderVolumeSetup\_Beta.msi</a>. It installs an independent Python environment, in order to avoid conflicts with existing applications, dynamically generates a cinder.conf file based on the parameters provided by you.

cinder-volume will be configured to run as a Windows Service, which can be restarted using:

PS C:\> net stop cinder-volume ; net start cinder-volume

The installer can also be used in unattended mode. More details about how to use the installer and its features can be found at <a href="https://www.cloudbase.it">https://www.cloudbase.it</a>

## **Windows Server configuration**

The required service in order to run cinder-volume on Windows is wintarget. This will require the iSCSI Target Server Windows feature to be installed. You can install it by running the following command:

```
PS C:\> Add-WindowsFeature
FS-iSCSITarget-ServerAdd-WindowsFeatureFS-iSCSITarget-Server
```



#### Note

The Windows Server installation requires at least 16 GB of disk space. The volumes hosted by this node need the extra space.

For cinder-volume to work properly, you must configure NTP as explained in the section called "Configure NTP" [224].

Next, install the requirements as described in the section called "Requirements" [226].

## **Getting the code**

Git can be used to download the necessary source code. The installer to run Git on Windows can be downloaded here:

https://github.com/msysgit/msysgit/releases/download/Git-1.9.2-preview20140411/Git-1.9.2-preview20140411.exe

Once installed, run the following to clone the OpenStack Block Storage code.

PS C:\> git.exe clone https://github.com/openstack/cinder.git

## **Configure cinder-volume**

The cinder.conf file may be placed in C:\etc\cinder. Below is a config sample for using the Windows iSCSI Driver:

```
[DEFAULT]
auth_strategy = keystone
volume_name_template = volume-%s
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.windows.WindowsDriver
glance_api_servers = IP_ADDRESS:9292
rabbit_host = IP_ADDRESS
rabbit_port = 5672
sql_connection = mysql://root:PasswOrd@IP_ADDRESS/cinder
windows_iscsi_lun_path = C:\iSCSIVirtualDisks
verbose = True
rabbit_password = PasswOrd
logdir = C:\OpenStack\Log\
image_conversion_dir = C:\ImageConversionDir
debug = True
```

The following table contains a reference to the only driver specific option that will be used by the Block Storage Windows driver:

**Table 1.31. Description of Windows configuration options** 

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
windows_iscsi_lun_path = C:\iSCSIVirtualDisks	(StrOpt) Path to store VHD backed volumes

## **Running cinder-volume**

After configuring cinder-volume using the cinder.conf file, you may use the following commands to install and run the service (note that you must replace the variables with the proper paths):

```
PS C:\> python $CinderClonePath\setup.py install
PS C:\> cmd /c C:\python27\python.exe c:\python27\Scripts\cinder-volume" --
config-file $CinderConfPath
```

# **XenAPI Storage Manager volume driver**

The Xen Storage Manager volume driver (xensm) is a XenAPI hypervisor specific volume driver, and can be used to provide basic storage functionality, including volume creation and destruction, on a number of different storage back-ends. It also enables the capability of using more sophisticated storage back-ends for operations like cloning/snapshots, and so on. Some of the storage plug-ins that are already supported in Citrix XenServer and Xen Cloud Platform (XCP) are:

- 1. NFS VHD: Storage repository (SR) plug-in that stores disks as Virtual Hard Disk (VHD) files on a remote Network File System (NFS).
- 2. Local VHD on LVM: SR plug-in that represents disks as VHD disks on Logical Volumes (LVM) within a locally-attached Volume Group.
- 3. HBA LUN-per-VDI driver: SR plug-in that represents Logical Units (LUs) as Virtual Disk Images (VDIs) sourced by host bus adapters (HBAs). For example, hardware-based iSCSI or FC support.
- 4. NetApp: SR driver for mapping of LUNs to VDIs on a NETAPP server, providing use of fast snapshot and clone features on the filer.
- 5. LVHD over FC: SR plug-in that represents disks as VHDs on Logical Volumes within a Volume Group created on an HBA LUN. For example, hardware-based iSCSI or FC support.
- 6. iSCSI: Base ISCSI SR driver, provides a LUN-per-VDI. Does not support creation of VDIs but accesses existing LUNs on a target.
- 7. LVHD over iSCSI: SR plug-in that represents disks as Logical Volumes within a Volume Group created on an iSCSI LUN.
- 8. EqualLogic: SR driver for mapping of LUNs to VDIs on a EQUALLOGIC array group, providing use of fast snapshot and clone features on the array.

# **Design and operation**

#### **Definitions**

- Back-end: A term for a particular storage back-end. This could be iSCSI, NFS, NetApp, and so on.
- **Back-end-config:** All the parameters required to connect to a specific back-end. For example, for NFS, this would be the server, path, and so on.

• Flavor: This term is equivalent to volume "types". A user friendly term to specify some notion of quality of service. For example, "gold" might mean that the volumes use a backend where backups are possible. A flavor can be associated with multiple back-ends. The volume scheduler, with the help of the driver, decides which back-end is used to create a volume of a particular flavor. Currently, the driver uses a simple "first-fit" policy, where the first back-end that can successfully create this volume is the one that is used.

## **Operation**

The admin uses the nova-manage command detailed below to add flavors and back-ends.

One or more cinder-volume service instances are deployed for each availability zone. When an instance is started, it creates storage repositories (SRs) to connect to the backends available within that zone. All cinder-volume instances within a zone can see all the available back-ends. These instances are completely symmetric and hence should be able to service any create\_volume request within the zone.



## On XenServer, PV guests required

Note that when using XenServer you can only attach a volume to a PV guest.

## **Configure XenAPI Storage Manager**

## **Prerequisites**

- 1. xensm requires that you use either Citrix XenServer or XCP as the hypervisor. The NetApp and EqualLogic back-ends are not supported on XCP.
- 2. Ensure all **hosts** running volume and Compute services have connectivity to the storage system.

## **Configuration**

• Set the following configuration options for the nova volume service: (nova-compute also requires the volume\_driver configuration option.)

```
--volume_driver "nova.volume.xensm.XenSMDriver"
--use_local_volumes False
```

 You must create the back-end configurations that the volume driver uses before you start the volume service.

```
$ nova-manage sm flavor_create <label> <description>
$ nova-manage sm flavor_delete <label>
$ nova-manage sm backend_add <flavor label> <SR type> [config connection parameters]
```



### Note

SR type and configuration connection parameters are in keeping with the XenAPI Command Line Interface.

```
$ nova-manage sm backend_delete <back-end-id>
```

Example: For the NFS storage manager plug-in, run these commands:

```
$ nova-manage sm flavor_create gold "Not all that glitters"
$ nova-manage sm flavor_delete gold
$ nova-manage sm backend_add gold nfs name_label=myback-end server=myserver
serverpath=/local/scratch/myname
$ nova-manage sm backend_remove 1
```

• Start cinder-volume and nova-compute with the new configuration options.

#### Create and access the volumes from VMs

Currently, the flavors have not been tied to the volume types API. As a result, we simply end up creating volumes in a "first fit" order on the given back-ends.

Use the standard **euca-\*** or OpenStack API commands (such as volume extensions) to create, destroy, attach, or detach volumes.

## **XenAPINFS**

XenAPINFS is a Block Storage (Cinder) driver that uses an NFS share through the XenAPI Storage Manager to store virtual disk images and expose those virtual disks as volumes.

This driver does not access the NFS share directly. It accesses the share only through XenAPI Storage Manager. Consider this driver as a reference implementation for use of the XenAPI Storage Manager in OpenStack (present in XenServer and XCP).

## Requirements

- A XenServer/XCP installation that acts as Storage Controller. This hypervisor is known as the storage controller.
- Use XenServer/XCP as your hypervisor for Compute nodes.
- An NFS share that is configured for XenServer/XCP. For specific requirements and export
  options, see the administration guide for your specific XenServer version. The NFS share
  must be accessible by all XenServers components within your cloud.
- To create volumes from XenServer type images (vhd tgz files), XenServer Nova plug-ins are also required on the storage controller.



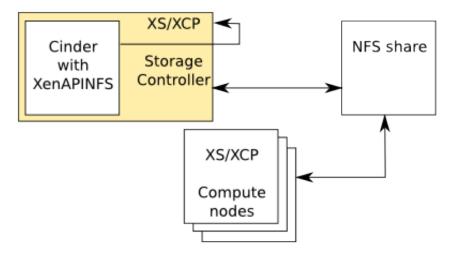
#### Note

You can use a XenServer as a storage controller and compute node at the same time. This minimal configuration consists of a XenServer/XCP box and an NFS share.

# **Configuration patterns**

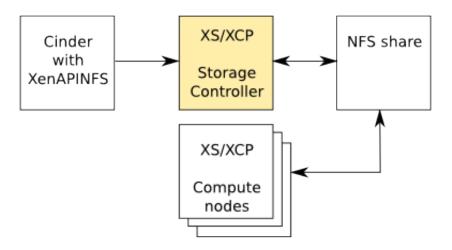
• Local configuration (Recommended): The driver runs in a virtual machine on top of the storage controller. With this configuration, you can create volumes from qemu-img-supported formats.

Figure 1.3. Local configuration



• Remote configuration: The driver is not a guest VM of the storage controller. With this configuration, you can only use XenServer vhd-type images to create volumes.

Figure 1.4. Remote configuration



# **Configuration options**

Assuming the following setup:

- XenServer box at 10.2.2.1
- XenServer password is r00tme
- NFS server is nfs.example.com
- NFS export is at /volumes

To use XenAPINFS as your cinder driver, set these configuration options in the cinder.conf file:

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.xenapi.sm.XenAPINFSDriver
xenapi_connection_url = http://10.2.2.1
xenapi_connection_username = root
xenapi_connection_password = r00tme
xenapi_nfs_server = nfs.example.com
xenapi_nfs_serverpath = /volumes
```

The following table shows the configuration options that the XenAPINFS driver supports:

Table 1.32. Description of Xen storage configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
xenapi_connection_password = None	(StrOpt) Password for XenAPI connection	
xenapi_connection_url = None	(StrOpt) URL for XenAPI connection	
xenapi_connection_username = root	(StrOpt) Username for XenAPI connection	
xenapi_nfs_server = None	(StrOpt) NFS server to be used by XenAPINFSDriver	
xenapi_nfs_serverpath = None	(StrOpt) Path of exported NFS, used by XenAPINFSDriver	
xenapi_sr_base_path = /var/run/sr-mount	(StrOpt) Base path to the storage repository	

## **Zadara**

There is a volume back-end for Zadara. Set the following in your cinder.conf, and use the following options to configure it.

volume\_driver=cinder.volume.drivers.zadara.ZadaraVPSAISCSIDriver

Table 1.33. Description of Zadara Storage driver configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
zadara_password = None	(StrOpt) Password for the VPSA	
zadara_user = None	(StrOpt) User name for the VPSA	
zadara_vol_encrypt = False	(BoolOpt) Default encryption policy for volumes	
zadara_vol_name_template = OS_%s	(StrOpt) Default template for VPSA volume names	
zadara_vol_thin = True	(BoolOpt) Default thin provisioning policy for volumes	
zadara_vpsa_allow_nonexistent_delete = True	(BoolOpt) Don't halt on deletion of non-existing volumes	
zadara_vpsa_auto_detach_on_delete = True	(BoolOpt) Automatically detach from servers on volume delete	
zadara_vpsa_ip = None	(StrOpt) Management IP of Zadara VPSA	
zadara_vpsa_poolname = None	(StrOpt) Name of VPSA storage pool for volumes	
zadara_vpsa_port = None	(StrOpt) Zadara VPSA port number	
zadara_vpsa_use_ssl = False	(BoolOpt) Use SSL connection	

# **Oracle ZFSSA iSCSI Driver**

Oracle ZFS Storage Appliances (ZFSSAs) provide advanced software to protect data, speed tuning and troubleshooting, and deliver high performance and high availability. Through the Oracle ZFSSA iSCSI Driver, OpenStack Block Storage can use an Oracle ZFSSA as a block

storage resource. The driver enables you to create iSCSI volumes that an OpenStack Block Storage server can allocate to any virtual machine running on a compute host. The Oracle ZFSSA iSCSI Driver, version 1.0.0, supports ZFSSA software release 2013.1.2.0 and later.

## **Configuration**

- 1. Enable RESTful service on the ZFSSA Storage Appliance.
- 2. Create a new user on the appliance with the following authorizations:
  - scope=stmf allow\_configure=true
  - scope=nas allow\_clone=true, allow\_createProject=true, allow\_createShare=true, allow\_changeSpaceProps=true, allow\_changeGeneralProps=true, allow\_destroy=true, allow\_rollback=true, allow\_takeSnap=true

You can create a role with authorizations as follows:

```
zfssa:> configuration roles
zfssa:configuration roles> role OpenStackRole
zfssa:configuration roles OpenStackRole (uncommitted)> set description=
"OpenStack Cinder Driver"
zfssa:configuration roles OpenStackRole (uncommitted)> commit
zfssa:configuration roles> select OpenStackRole
zfssa:configuration roles OpenStackRole> authorizations create
zfssa:configuration roles OpenStackRole auth (uncommitted)> set scope=stmf
zfssa:configuration roles OpenStackRole auth (uncommitted)> set
allow_configure=true
zfssa:configuration roles OpenStackRole auth (uncommitted)> commit
```

You can create a user with a specific role as follows:

```
zfssa:> configuration users
zfssa:configuration users> user cinder
zfssa:configuration users cinder (uncommitted)> set fullname="OpenStack
    Cinder Driver"
zfssa:configuration users cinder (uncommitted)> set initial_password=12345
zfssa:configuration users cinder (uncommitted)> commit
zfssa:configuration users> select cinder set roles=OpenStackRole
```



#### Note

You can also run this workflow to automate the above tasks.

B. Ensure that the ZFSSA iSCSI service is online. If the ZFSSA iSCSI service is not online, enable the service by using the BUI, CLI or REST API in the appliance.

```
zfssa:> configuration services iscsi
zfssa:configuration services iscsi> enable
zfssa:configuration services iscsi> show
Properties:
<status>= online
...
```

Define the following required properties in the cinder.conf file:

```
oun - Juno - Juno
```

```
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.zfssa.zfssaiscsi.ZFSSAISCSIDriver
san_ip = myhost
san_login = username
san_password = password
zfssa_pool = mypool
zfssa_project = myproject
zfssa_initiator_group = default
zfssa_target_portal = w.x.y.z:3260
zfssa_target_interfaces = e1000g0
```

Optionally, you can define additional properties.

Target interfaces can be seen as follows in the CLI:

```
zfssa:> configuration net interfaces
zfssa:configuration net interfaces> show
Interfaces:
INTERFACE STATE CLASS LINKS ADDRS LABEL
e1000g0 up ip e1000g0 1.10.20.30/24 Untitled Interface
...
```



#### Note

Do not use management interfaces for zfssa\_target\_interfaces.

## **Supported operations**

- Create and delete volumes
- Extend volume
- Create and delete snapshots
- Create volume from snapshot
- Delete volume snapshots
- · Attach and detach volumes
- · Get volume stats
- Clone volumes

## **Driver options**

The Oracle ZFSSA iSCSI Driver supports these options:

# **Table 1.34. Description of ZFS Storage Appliance iSCSI driver configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
zfssa_initiator =	(StrOpt) iSCSI initiator IQNs. (comma separated)
zfssa_initiator_group =	(StrOpt) iSCSI initiator group.
zfssa_initiator_password =	(StrOpt) iSCSI initiator CHAP password.
zfssa_initiator_user =	(StrOpt) iSCSI initiator CHAP user.

Configuration option = Default value	Description
zfssa_lun_compression =	(StrOpt) Data compression-off, Izjb, gzip-2, gzip, gzip-9.
zfssa_lun_logbias =	(StrOpt) Synchronous write bias-latency, throughput.
zfssa_lun_sparse = False	(BoolOpt) Flag to enable sparse (thin-provisioned): True, False.
zfssa_lun_volblocksize = 8k	(StrOpt) Block size: 512, 1k, 2k, 4k, 8k, 16k, 32k, 64k, 128k.
zfssa_pool = None	(StrOpt) Storage pool name.
zfssa_project = None	(StrOpt) Project name.
zfssa_rest_timeout = None	(IntOpt) REST connection timeout. (seconds)
zfssa_target_group = tgt-grp	(StrOpt) iSCSI target group name.
zfssa_target_interfaces = None	(StrOpt) Network interfaces of iSCSI targets. (comma separated)
zfssa_target_password =	(StrOpt) iSCSI target CHAP password.
zfssa_target_portal = None	(StrOpt) iSCSI target portal (Data-IP:Port, w.x.y.z:3260).
zfssa_target_user =	(StrOpt) iSCSI target CHAP user.

# **Backup drivers**

This section describes how to configure the cinder-backup service and its drivers.

The volume drivers are included with the Block Storage repository (https://github.com/openstack/cinder). To set a backup driver, use the backup\_driver flag. By default there is no backup driver enabled.

# Ceph backup driver

The Ceph backup driver backs up volumes of any type to a Ceph back-end store. The driver can also detect whether the volume to be backed up is a Ceph RBD volume, and if so, it tries to perform incremental and differential backups.

For source Ceph RBD volumes, you can perform backups within the same Ceph pool (not recommended). You can also perform backups between different Ceph pools and between different Ceph clusters.

At the time of writing, differential backup support in Ceph/librbd was quite new. This driver attempts a differential backup in the first instance. If the differential backup fails, the driver falls back to full backup/copy.

If incremental backups are used, multiple backups of the same volume are stored as snapshots so that minimal space is consumed in the backup store. It takes far less time to restore a volume than to take a full copy.



#### Note

Block Storage enables you to:

- Restore to a new volume, which is the default and recommended action.
- Restore to the original volume from which the backup was taken. The restore action takes a full copy because this is the safest action.

\_

To enable the Ceph backup driver, include the following option in the cinder.conf file:

```
backup_driver = cinder.backup.drivers.ceph
```

The following configuration options are available for the Ceph backup driver.

Table 1.35. Description of Ceph backup driver configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
backup_ceph_chunk_size = 134217728	(IntOpt) The chunk size, in bytes, that a backup is broken into before transfer to the Ceph object store.	
backup_ceph_conf = /etc/ceph/ceph.conf	(StrOpt) Ceph configuration file to use.	
backup_ceph_pool = backups	(StrOpt) The Ceph pool where volume backups are stored.	
backup_ceph_stripe_count = 0	(IntOpt) RBD stripe count to use when creating a backup image.	
backup_ceph_stripe_unit = 0	(IntOpt) RBD stripe unit to use when creating a backup image.	
backup_ceph_user = cinder	(StrOpt) The Ceph user to connect with. Default here is to use the same user as for Cinder volumes. If not using cephx this should be set to None.	
restore_discard_excess_bytes = True	(BoolOpt) If True, always discard excess bytes when restoring volumes i.e. pad with zeroes.	

This example shows the default options for the Ceph backup driver.

```
backup_ceph_conf=/etc/ceph/ceph.conf
backup_ceph_user = cinder
backup_ceph_chunk_size = 134217728
backup_ceph_pool = backups
backup_ceph_stripe_unit = 0
backup_ceph_stripe_count = 0
```

# **IBM Tivoli Storage Manager backup driver**

The IBM Tivoli Storage Manager (TSM) backup driver enables performing volume backups to a TSM server.

The TSM client should be installed and configured on the machine running the cinder-backup service. See the *IBM Tivoli Storage Manager Backup-Archive Client Installation and User's Guide* for details on installing the TSM client.

To enable the IBM TSM backup driver, include the following option in cinder.conf:

```
backup_driver = cinder.backup.drivers.tsm
```

The following configuration options are available for the TSM backup driver.

# Table 1.36. Description of IBM Tivoli Storage Manager backup driver configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
backup_tsm_compression = True	(BoolOpt) Enable or Disable compression for backups	
backup_tsm_password = password	(StrOpt) TSM password for the running username	

oun - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description
backup_tsm_volume_prefix = backup	(StrOpt) Volume prefix for the backup id when backing up to TSM

This example shows the default options for the TSM backup driver.

```
backup_tsm_volume_prefix = backup
backup_tsm_password = password
backup_tsm_compression = True
```

# Swift backup driver

The backup driver for Swift back-end performs a volume backup to a Swift object storage system.

To enable the Swift backup driver, include the following option in the cinder.conf file:

```
backup_driver = cinder.backup.drivers.swift
```

The following configuration options are available for the Swift back-end backup driver.

Table 1.37. Description of Swift backup driver configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
backup_swift_auth = per_user	(StrOpt) Swift authentication mechanism	
backup_swift_container = volumebackups	(StrOpt) The default Swift container to use	
backup_swift_key = None	(StrOpt) Swift key for authentication	
backup_swift_object_size = 52428800	(IntOpt) The size in bytes of Swift backup objects	
backup_swift_retry_attempts = 3	(IntOpt) The number of retries to make for Swift operations	
backup_swift_retry_backoff = 2	(IntOpt) The backoff time in seconds between Swift retries	
backup_swift_url = None	(StrOpt) The URL of the Swift endpoint	
backup_swift_user = None	(StrOpt) Swift user name	
swift_catalog_info = object-store:swift:publicURL	(StrOpt) Info to match when looking for swift in the service catalog. Format is: separated values of the form: <service_type>:<service_name>:<endpoint_type> - Only used if backup_swift_url is unset</endpoint_type></service_name></service_type>	

This example shows the default options for the Swift back-end backup driver.

```
backup_swift_url = http://localhost:8080/v1/AUTH
backup_swift_auth = per_user
backup_swift_user = <None>
backup_swift_key = <None>
backup_swift_container = volumebackups
backup_swift_object_size = 52428800
backup_swift_retry_attempts = 3
backup_swift_retry_backoff = 2
backup_compression_algorithm = zlib
```

# **Block Storage sample configuration files**

All the files in this section can be found in /etc/cinder.

oun - Juno - Juno

Use the cinder.conf file to configure the majority of the Block Storage service options.

```
[DEFAULT]
# Options defined in oslo.messaging
# Use durable queues in AMQP. (boolean value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/rabbit_durable_queues
#amqp_durable_queues=false
# Auto-delete queues in AMQP. (boolean value)
#amqp_auto_delete=false
# Size of RPC connection pool. (integer value)
#rpc_conn_pool_size=30
# Qpid broker hostname. (string value)
#qpid_hostname=localhost
# Qpid broker port. (integer value)
#qpid_port=5672
# Qpid HA cluster host:port pairs. (list value)
#qpid_hosts=$qpid_hostname:$qpid_port
# Username for Qpid connection. (string value)
#qpid_username=
# Password for Qpid connection. (string value)
#qpid_password=
# Space separated list of SASL mechanisms to use for auth.
# (string value)
#qpid_sasl_mechanisms=
# Seconds between connection keepalive heartbeats. (integer
# value)
#qpid_heartbeat=60
# Transport to use, either 'tcp' or 'ssl'. (string value)
#qpid_protocol=tcp
# Whether to disable the Nagle algorithm. (boolean value)
#qpid_tcp_nodelay=true
# The number of prefetched messages held by receiver. (integer
# value)
#qpid_receiver_capacity=1
# The qpid topology version to use. Version 1 is what was
# originally used by impl_qpid. Version 2 includes some
# backwards-incompatible changes that allow broker federation
# to work. Users should update to version 2 when they are
# able to take everything down, as it requires a clean break.
```

```
ound - Juno - Juno
```

```
# (integer value)
#qpid_topology_version=1
# SSL version to use (valid only if SSL enabled). valid values
# are TLSv1 and SSLv23. SSLv2 and SSLv3 may be available on
# some distributions. (string value)
#kombu_ssl_version=
# SSL key file (valid only if SSL enabled). (string value)
#kombu_ssl_keyfile=
# SSL cert file (valid only if SSL enabled). (string value)
#kombu_ssl_certfile=
# SSL certification authority file (valid only if SSL
# enabled). (string value)
#kombu_ssl_ca_certs=
# How long to wait before reconnecting in response to an AMQP
# consumer cancel notification. (floating point value)
#kombu_reconnect_delay=1.0
# The RabbitMQ broker address where a single node is used.
# (string value)
#rabbit_host=localhost
# The RabbitMQ broker port where a single node is used.
# (integer value)
#rabbit_port=5672
# RabbitMQ HA cluster host:port pairs. (list value)
#rabbit_hosts=$rabbit_host:$rabbit_port
# Connect over SSL for RabbitMQ. (boolean value)
#rabbit_use_ssl=false
# The RabbitMQ userid. (string value)
#rabbit_userid=guest
# The RabbitMQ password. (string value)
#rabbit_password=guest
# The RabbitMQ login method. (string value)
#rabbit_login_method=AMQPLAIN
# The RabbitMQ virtual host. (string value)
#rabbit_virtual_host=/
# How frequently to retry connecting with RabbitMQ. (integer
# value)
#rabbit_retry_interval=1
# How long to backoff for between retries when connecting to
# RabbitMQ. (integer value)
#rabbit_retry_backoff=2
# Maximum number of RabbitMQ connection retries. Default is 0
# (infinite retry count). (integer value)
#rabbit_max_retries=0
```

```
oun - Juno - Juno
```

```
# Use HA queues in RabbitMQ (x-ha-policy: all). If you change
# this option, you must wipe the RabbitMQ database. (boolean
# value)
#rabbit_ha_queues=false
# Deprecated, use rpc_backend=kombu+memory or rpc_backend=fake
# (boolean value)
#fake_rabbit=false
# ZeroMQ bind address. Should be a wildcard (*), an ethernet
# interface, or IP. The "host" option should point or resolve
# to this address. (string value)
#rpc_zmq_bind_address=*
# MatchMaker driver. (string value)
#rpc_zmq_matchmaker=oslo.messaging._drivers.matchmaker.MatchMakerLocalhost
# ZeroMQ receiver listening port. (integer value)
#rpc_zmq_port=9501
# Number of ZeroMQ contexts, defaults to 1. (integer value)
#rpc_zmq_contexts=1
# Maximum number of ingress messages to locally buffer per
# topic. Default is unlimited. (integer value)
#rpc_zmq_topic_backlog=<None>
# Directory for holding IPC sockets. (string value)
#rpc_zmq_ipc_dir=/var/run/openstack
# Name of this node. Must be a valid hostname, FQDN, or IP
# address. Must match "host" option, if running Nova. (string
# value)
#rpc_zmq_host=cinder
# Seconds to wait before a cast expires (TTL). Only supported
# by impl_zmq. (integer value)
#rpc_cast_timeout=30
# Heartbeat frequency. (integer value)
#matchmaker_heartbeat_freq=300
# Heartbeat time-to-live. (integer value)
#matchmaker_heartbeat_ttl=600
# Size of RPC greenthread pool. (integer value)
#rpc_thread_pool_size=64
# Driver or drivers to handle sending notifications. (multi
# valued)
#notification_driver=
# AMQP topic used for OpenStack notifications. (list value)
# Deprecated group/name - [rpc_notifier2]/topics
#notification_topics=notifications
# Seconds to wait for a response from a call. (integer value)
#rpc_response_timeout=60
# A URL representing the messaging driver to use and its full
```

```
ound - Juno - Juno
```

```
# configuration. If not set, we fall back to the rpc_backend
# option and driver specific configuration. (string value)
#transport_url=<None>
# The messaging driver to use, defaults to rabbit. Other
# drivers include qpid and zmq. (string value)
#rpc_backend=rabbit
# The default exchange under which topics are scoped. May be
# overridden by an exchange name specified in the
# transport_url option. (string value)
#control_exchange=openstack
# Options defined in cinder.exception
# Make exception message format errors fatal. (boolean value)
#fatal_exception_format_errors=false
# Options defined in cinder.quota
# Number of volumes allowed per project (integer value)
#quota_volumes=10
# Number of volume snapshots allowed per project (integer
#quota_snapshots=10
# Number of consistencygroups allowed per project (integer
# value)
#quota_consistencygroups=10
# Total amount of storage, in gigabytes, allowed for volumes
# and snapshots per project (integer value)
#quota_gigabytes=1000
# Number of volume backups allowed per project (integer value)
#quota_backups=10
# Total amount of storage, in gigabytes, allowed for backups
# per project (integer value)
#quota_backup_gigabytes=1000
# Number of seconds until a reservation expires (integer
# value)
#reservation_expire=86400
# Count of reservations until usage is refreshed (integer
# value)
#until_refresh=0
# Number of seconds between subsequent usage refreshes
# (integer value)
#max_age=0
```

ound - Juno - Juno

```
# Default driver to use for quota checks (string value)
#quota_driver=cinder.quota.DbQuotaDriver
# Enables or disables use of default quota class with default
# quota. (boolean value)
#use_default_quota_class=true
# Options defined in cinder.service
# Interval, in seconds, between nodes reporting state to
# datastore (integer value)
#report_interval=10
# Interval, in seconds, between running periodic tasks
# (integer value)
#periodic_interval=60
# Range, in seconds, to randomly delay when starting the
# periodic task scheduler to reduce stampeding. (Disable by
# setting to 0) (integer value)
#periodic_fuzzy_delay=60
# IP address on which OpenStack Volume API listens (string
# value)
#osapi_volume_listen=0.0.0.0
# Port on which OpenStack Volume API listens (integer value)
#osapi_volume_listen_port=8776
# Number of workers for OpenStack Volume API service. The
# default is equal to the number of CPUs available. (integer
# value)
#osapi_volume_workers=<None>
# Options defined in cinder.ssh_utils
# Option to enable strict host key checking. When set to
# "True" Cinder will only connect to systems with a host key
# present in the configured "ssh_hosts_key_file". When set to
# "False" the host key will be saved upon first connection and
# used for subsequent connections. Default=False (boolean
# value)
#strict_ssh_host_key_policy=false
# File containing SSH host keys for the systems with which
# Cinder needs to communicate. OPTIONAL:
# Default=$state_path/ssh_known_hosts (string value)
#ssh_hosts_key_file=$state_path/ssh_known_hosts
# Options defined in cinder.test
```

uno - Juno - Juno

```
# File name of clean sqlite db (string value)
#sqlite_clean_db=clean.sqlite
# Options defined in cinder.wsgi
# Maximum line size of message headers to be accepted.
# max_header_line may need to be increased when using large
# tokens (typically those generated by the Keystone v3 API
# with big service catalogs). (integer value)
#max_header_line=16384
# If False, closes the client socket connection explicitly.
# Setting it to True to maintain backward compatibility.
# Recommended setting is set it to False. (boolean value)
#wsgi_keep_alive=true
# Timeout for client connections' socket operations. If an
# incoming connection is idle for this number of seconds it
# will be closed. A value of '0' means wait forever. (integer
# value)
#client_socket_timeout=0
# Sets the value of TCP_KEEPALIVE (True/False) for each server
# socket. (boolean value)
#tcp_keepalive=true
# Sets the value of TCP_KEEPIDLE in seconds for each server
# socket. Not supported on OS X. (integer value)
#tcp_keepidle=600
# Sets the value of TCP_KEEPINTVL in seconds for each server
# socket. Not supported on OS X. (integer value)
#tcp_keepalive_interval=<None>
# Sets the value of TCP_KEEPCNT for each server socket. Not
# supported on OS X. (integer value)
#tcp_keepalive_count=<None>
# CA certificate file to use to verify connecting clients
# (string value)
#ssl_ca_file=<None>
# Certificate file to use when starting the server securely
# (string value)
#ssl_cert_file=<None>
# Private key file to use when starting the server securely
# (string value)
#ssl_key_file=<None>
# Options defined in cinder.api.common
# The maximum number of items that a collection resource
# returns in a single response (integer value)
```

```
ound - Juno - Juno
                 #osapi_max_limit=1000
                 # Base URL that will be presented to users in links to the
                 # OpenStack Volume API (string value)
                 # Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/osapi_compute_link_prefix
                 #osapi_volume_base_URL=<None>
                 # Options defined in cinder.api.middleware.auth
                 # Treat X-Forwarded-For as the canonical remote address. Only
                 # enable this if you have a sanitizing proxy. (boolean value)
                 #use_forwarded_for=false
                 # Options defined in cinder.api.middleware.sizelimit
                 # Max size for body of a request (integer value)
                 #osapi_max_request_body_size=114688
                 # Options defined in cinder.backup.driver
                 # Backup metadata version to be used when backing up volume
                 # metadata. If this number is bumped, make sure the service
                 # doing the restore supports the new version. (integer value)
                 #backup_metadata_version=1
                 # Options defined in cinder.backup.drivers.ceph
                 # Ceph configuration file to use. (string value)
                 #backup_ceph_conf=/etc/ceph/ceph.conf
                 # The Ceph user to connect with. Default here is to use the
                 # same user as for Cinder volumes. If not using cephx this
                 # should be set to None. (string value)
                 #backup_ceph_user=cinder
                 # The chunk size, in bytes, that a backup is broken into
                 # before transfer to the Ceph object store. (integer value)
                 #backup_ceph_chunk_size=134217728
                 # The Ceph pool where volume backups are stored. (string
                 # value)
                 #backup_ceph_pool=backups
                 # RBD stripe unit to use when creating a backup image.
                 # (integer value)
                 #backup_ceph_stripe_unit=0
                 # RBD stripe count to use when creating a backup image.
```

ound - Juno - Juno

```
# (integer value)
#backup_ceph_stripe_count=0
# If True, always discard excess bytes when restoring volumes
# i.e. pad with zeroes. (boolean value)
#restore_discard_excess_bytes=true
# Options defined in cinder.backup.drivers.swift
# The URL of the Swift endpoint (string value)
#backup_swift_url=<None>
# Info to match when looking for swift in the service catalog.
# Format is: separated values of the form:
# <service_type>:<service_name>:<endpoint_type> - Only used if
# backup_swift_url is unset (string value)
#swift_catalog_info=object-store:swift:publicURL
# Swift authentication mechanism (string value)
#backup_swift_auth=per_user
# Swift authentication version. Specify "1" for auth 1.0, or
# "2" for auth 2.0 (string value)
#backup_swift_auth_version=1
# Swift tenant/account name. Required when connecting to an
# auth 2.0 system (string value)
#backup_swift_tenant=<None>
# Swift user name (string value)
#backup_swift_user=<None>
# Swift key for authentication (string value)
#backup_swift_key=<None>
# The default Swift container to use (string value)
#backup_swift_container=volumebackups
# The size in bytes of Swift backup objects (integer value)
#backup_swift_object_size=52428800
# The number of retries to make for Swift operations (integer
# value)
#backup_swift_retry_attempts=3
# The backoff time in seconds between Swift retries (integer
# value)
#backup_swift_retry_backoff=2
# Compression algorithm (None to disable) (string value)
#backup_compression_algorithm=zlib
# Options defined in cinder.backup.drivers.tsm
```

```
ound - Juno - Juno
```

```
# Volume prefix for the backup id when backing up to TSM
# (string value)
#backup_tsm_volume_prefix=backup
# TSM password for the running username (string value)
#backup_tsm_password=password
# Enable or Disable compression for backups (boolean value)
#backup_tsm_compression=true
# Options defined in cinder.backup.manager
# Driver to use for backups. (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/backup_service
#backup_driver=cinder.backup.drivers.swift
# Options defined in cinder.common.config
# File name for the paste.deploy config for cinder-api (string
# value)
#api_paste_config=api-paste.ini
# Top-level directory for maintaining cinder's state (string
# value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/pybasedir
#state_path=/var/lib/cinder
# IP address of this host (string value)
#my_ip=10.0.0.1
# Default glance host name or IP (string value)
#glance_host=$my_ip
# Default glance port (integer value)
#glance_port=9292
# A list of the glance API servers available to cinder
# ([hostname|ip]:port) (list value)
#glance_api_servers=$glance_host:$glance_port
# Version of the glance API to use (integer value)
#glance_api_version=1
# Number retries when downloading an image from glance
# (integer value)
#glance_num_retries=0
# Allow to perform insecure SSL (https) requests to glance
# (boolean value)
#glance_api_insecure=false
# Enables or disables negotiation of SSL layer compression. In
# some cases disabling compression can improve data
# throughput, such as when high network bandwidth is available
```

```
# and you use compressed image formats like qcow2. (boolean
# value)
#glance_api_ssl_compression=false
# Location of ca certificates file to use for glance client
# requests. (string value)
#glance_ca_certificates_file=<None>
# http/https timeout value for glance operations. If no value
# (None) is supplied here, the glanceclient default value is
# used. (integer value)
#glance_request_timeout=<None>
# The topic that scheduler nodes listen on (string value)
#scheduler_topic=cinder-scheduler
# The topic that volume nodes listen on (string value)
#volume_topic=cinder-volume
# The topic that volume backup nodes listen on (string value)
#backup_topic=cinder-backup
# DEPRECATED: Deploy v1 of the Cinder API. (boolean value)
#enable_v1_api=true
# Deploy v2 of the Cinder API. (boolean value)
#enable_v2_api=true
# Enables or disables rate limit of the API. (boolean value)
#api_rate_limit=true
# Specify list of extensions to load when using
# osapi_volume_extension option with
# cinder.api.contrib.select_extensions (list value)
#osapi_volume_ext_list=
# osapi volume extension to load (multi valued)
#osapi_volume_extension=cinder.api.contrib.standard_extensions
# Full class name for the Manager for volume (string value)
#volume_manager=cinder.volume.manager.VolumeManager
# Full class name for the Manager for volume backup (string
# value)
#backup_manager=cinder.backup.manager.BackupManager
# Full class name for the Manager for scheduler (string value)
#scheduler_manager=cinder.scheduler.manager.SchedulerManager
# Name of this node. This can be an opaque identifier. It is
# not necessarily a host name, FQDN, or IP address. (string
# value)
#host=cinder
# Availability zone of this node (string value)
#storage_availability_zone=nova
# Default availability zone for new volumes. If not set, the
# storage_availability_zone option value is used as the
# default for new volumes. (string value)
```

```
#default_availability_zone=<None>
# Default volume type to use (string value)
#default_volume_type=<None>
# Time period for which to generate volume usages. The options
# are hour, day, month, or year. (string value)
#volume_usage_audit_period=month
# Path to the rootwrap configuration file to use for running
# commands as root (string value)
#rootwrap_config=/etc/cinder/rootwrap.conf
# Enable monkey patching (boolean value)
#monkey_patch=false
# List of modules/decorators to monkey patch (list value)
#monkey_patch_modules=
# Maximum time since last check-in for a service to be
# considered up (integer value)
#service_down_time=60
# The full class name of the volume API class to use (string
# value)
#volume_api_class=cinder.volume.api.API
# The full class name of the volume backup API class (string
# value)
#backup_api_class=cinder.backup.api.API
# The strategy to use for auth. Supports noauth, keystone, and
# deprecated. (string value)
#auth_strategy=noauth
# A list of backend names to use. These backend names should
# be backed by a unique [CONFIG] group with its options (list
# value)
#enabled_backends=<None>
# Whether snapshots count against GigaByte quota (boolean
# value)
#no_snapshot_gb_quota=false
# The full class name of the volume transfer API class (string
# value)
#transfer_api_class=cinder.transfer.api.API
# The full class name of the volume replication API class
# (string value)
#replication_api_class=cinder.replication.api.API
# The full class name of the consistencygroup API class
# (string value)
#consistencygroup_api_class=cinder.consistencygroup.api.API
# Options defined in cinder.compute
```

```
oun - Juno - Juno
                                                       # value)
                                                       # value)
                                                       # value)
                                                        # value)
```

```
# The full class name of the compute API class to use (string
#compute_api_class=cinder.compute.nova.API
# Options defined in cinder.compute.nova
# Match this value when searching for nova in the service
# catalog. Format is: separated values of the form:
# <service_type>:<service_name>:<endpoint_type> (string value)
#nova_catalog_info=compute:nova:publicURL
# Same as nova_catalog_info, but for admin endpoint. (string
#nova_catalog_admin_info=compute:nova:adminURL
# Override service catalog lookup with template for nova
# endpoint e.g. http://localhost:8774/v2/%(project_id)s
# (string value)
#nova_endpoint_template=<None>
# Same as nova_endpoint_template, but for admin endpoint.
# (string value)
#nova_endpoint_admin_template=<None>
# Region name of this node (string value)
#os_region_name=<None>
# Location of ca certificates file to use for nova client
# requests. (string value)
#nova_ca_certificates_file=<None>
# Allow to perform insecure SSL requests to nova (boolean
#nova_api_insecure=false
# Options defined in cinder.db.api
# The backend to use for db (string value)
#db_backend=sqlalchemy
# Services to be added to the available pool on create
# (boolean value)
#enable_new_services=true
# Template string to be used to generate volume names (string
#volume_name_template=volume-%s
# Template string to be used to generate snapshot names
# (string value)
#snapshot_name_template=snapshot-%s
# Template string to be used to generate backup names (string
```

ound - Juno - Juno

```
# value)
#backup_name_template=backup-%s
# Options defined in cinder.db.base
# Driver to use for database access (string value)
#db_driver=cinder.db
# Options defined in cinder.image.glance
# Default core properties of image (list value)
#glance_core_properties=checksum,container_format,disk_format,image_name,
image_id,min_disk,min_ram,name,size
# A list of url schemes that can be downloaded directly via
# the direct_url. Currently supported schemes: [file]. (list
# value)
#allowed_direct_url_schemes=
# Options defined in cinder.image.image_utils
# Directory used for temporary storage during image conversion
# (string value)
#image_conversion_dir=$state_path/conversion
# Options defined in cinder.openstack.common.eventlet_backdoor
# Enable eventlet backdoor. Acceptable values are 0, <port>,
# and <start>:<end>, where 0 results in listening on a random
# tcp port number; <port> results in listening on the
# specified port number (and not enabling backdoor if that
# port is in use); and <start>:<end> results in listening on
# the smallest unused port number within the specified range
# of port numbers. The chosen port is displayed in the
# service's log file. (string value)
#backdoor_port=<None>
# Options defined in cinder.openstack.common.lockutils
# Whether to disable inter-process locks (boolean value)
#disable_process_locking=false
# Directory to use for lock files. Default to a temp directory
# (string value)
#lock_path=<None>
```

December 8, 2015

```
# Options defined in cinder.openstack.common.log
# Print debugging output (set logging level to DEBUG instead
# of default WARNING level). (boolean value)
#debug=false
# Print more verbose output (set logging level to INFO instead
# of default WARNING level). (boolean value)
#verbose=false
# Log output to standard error. (boolean value)
#use_stderr=true
# Format string to use for log messages with context. (string
# value)
#logging_context_format_string=%(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d %(process)d
%(levelname)s %(name)s [%(request_id)s %(user_identity)s] %(instance)s
%(message)s
# Format string to use for log messages without context.
# (string value)
#logging_default_format_string=%(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d %(process)d
%(levelname)s %(name)s [-] %(instance)s%(message)s
# Data to append to log format when level is DEBUG. (string
# value)
#logging_debug_format_suffix=%(funcName)s %(pathname)s:%(lineno)d
# Prefix each line of exception output with this format.
# (string value)
#logging_exception_prefix=%(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d %(process)d TRACE %(name)s
%(instance)s
# List of logger=LEVEL pairs. (list value)
#default_log_levels=amqp=WARN,amqplib=WARN,boto=WARN,qpid=WARN,sqlalchemy=
WARN, suds=INFO, oslo.messaging=INFO, iso8601=WARN, requests.packages.
urllib3.connectionpool=WARN,urllib3.connectionpool=WARN,websocket=WARN,
keystonemiddleware=WARN,routes.middleware=WARN,stevedore=WARN
# Enables or disables publication of error events. (boolean
# value)
#publish_errors=false
# Enables or disables fatal status of deprecations. (boolean
# value)
#fatal_deprecations=false
# The format for an instance that is passed with the log
# message. (string value)
#instance_format="[instance: %(uuid)s] "
# The format for an instance UUID that is passed with the log
# message. (string value)
#instance_uuid_format="[instance: %(uuid)s] "
# The name of a logging configuration file. This file is
```

```
ound - Juno - Juno
                # appended to any existing logging configuration files. For
                # details about logging configuration files, see the Python
                # logging module documentation. (string value)
                # Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/log_config
                #log_config_append=<None>
                # DEPRECATED. A logging. Formatter log message format string
                # which may use any of the available logging.LogRecord
                # attributes. This option is deprecated. Please use
                # logging_context_format_string and
                # logging_default_format_string instead. (string value)
                #log_format=<None>
                # Format string for %%(asctime)s in log records. Default:
                # %(default)s . (string value)
                #log_date_format=%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S
                # (Optional) Name of log file to output to. If no default is
                # set, logging will go to stdout. (string value)
                # Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/logfile
                #log_file=<None>
                # (Optional) The base directory used for relative --log-file
                # paths. (string value)
                # Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/logdir
                #log_dir=<None>
                # Use syslog for logging. Existing syslog format is DEPRECATED
                # during I, and will change in J to honor RFC5424. (boolean
                # value)
                #use_syslog=false
                # (Optional) Enables or disables syslog rfc5424 format for
                # logging. If enabled, prefixes the MSG part of the syslog
                # message with APP-NAME (RFC5424). The format without the APP-
                # NAME is deprecated in I, and will be removed in J. (boolean
                # value)
                #use_syslog_rfc_format=false
                # Syslog facility to receive log lines. (string value)
                #syslog_log_facility=LOG_USER
                # Options defined in cinder.openstack.common.periodic_task
                # Some periodic tasks can be run in a separate process. Should
                # we run them here? (boolean value)
                #run_external_periodic_tasks=true
                # Options defined in cinder.openstack.common.policy
                # The JSON file that defines policies. (string value)
                #policy_file=policy.json
                # Default rule. Enforced when a requested rule is not found.
```

```
ound - Juno - Juno
                 # (string value)
                 #policy_default_rule=default
                 # Options defined in cinder.scheduler.driver
                 # The scheduler host manager class to use (string value)
                 #scheduler_host_manager=cinder.scheduler.host_manager.HostManager
                 # Maximum number of attempts to schedule an volume (integer
                 #scheduler_max_attempts=3
                 # Options defined in cinder.scheduler.host_manager
                 # Which filter class names to use for filtering hosts when not
                 # specified in the request. (list value)
                 #scheduler_default_filters=AvailabilityZoneFilter,CapacityFilter,
                 CapabilitiesFilter
                 # Which weigher class names to use for weighing hosts. (list
                 # value)
                 #scheduler_default_weighers=CapacityWeigher
                 # Options defined in cinder.scheduler.manager
                 # Default scheduler driver to use (string value)
                 #scheduler_driver=cinder.scheduler.filter_scheduler.FilterScheduler
                 # Options defined in cinder.scheduler.scheduler_options
                 # Absolute path to scheduler configuration JSON file. (string
                 # value)
                 #scheduler_json_config_location=
                 # Options defined in cinder.scheduler.simple
                 # This configure option has been deprecated along with the
                 # SimpleScheduler. New scheduler is able to gather capacity
                 # information for each host, thus setting the maximum number
                 # of volume gigabytes for host is no longer needed. It's safe
                 # to remove this configure from cinder.conf. (integer value)
                 #max_gigabytes=10000
```

```
ound - Juno - Juno
```

```
# Options defined in cinder.scheduler.weights.capacity
# Multiplier used for weighing volume capacity. Negative
# numbers mean to stack vs spread. (floating point value)
#capacity_weight_multiplier=1.0
# Multiplier used for weighing volume capacity. Negative
# numbers mean to stack vs spread. (floating point value)
#allocated_capacity_weight_multiplier=-1.0
# Options defined in cinder.scheduler.weights.volume_number
# Multiplier used for weighing volume number. Negative numbers
# mean to spread vs stack. (floating point value)
#volume_number_multiplier=-1.0
# Options defined in cinder.transfer.api
# The number of characters in the salt. (integer value)
#volume_transfer_salt_length=8
# The number of characters in the autogenerated auth key.
# (integer value)
#volume_transfer_key_length=16
# Options defined in cinder.volume.api
# Cache volume availability zones in memory for the provided
# duration in seconds (integer value)
#az_cache_duration=3600
# Create volume from snapshot at the host where snapshot
# resides (boolean value)
#snapshot_same_host=true
# Ensure that the new volumes are the same AZ as snapshot or
# source volume (boolean value)
#cloned_volume_same_az=true
# Options defined in cinder.volume.driver
# The maximum number of times to rescan iSER targetto find
# volume (integer value)
#num_iser_scan_tries=3
# The maximum number of iSER target IDs per host (integer
# value)
```

```
oun - Juno - Juno
                                              December 8, 2015
                 #iser_num_targets=100
                 # Prefix for iSER volumes (string value)
                 #iser_target_prefix=iqn.2010-10.org.iser.openstack:
                 # The IP address that the iSER daemon is listening on (string
                 # value)
                 #iser_ip_address=$my_ip
                 # The port that the iSER daemon is listening on (integer
                 # value)
                 #iser_port=3260
                 # The name of the iSER target user-land tool to use (string
                 #iser_helper=tgtadm
                 # Number of times to attempt to run flakey shell commands
                 # (integer value)
                 #num_shell_tries=3
                 # The percentage of backend capacity is reserved (integer
                 # value)
                 #reserved_percentage=0
                 # The maximum number of iSCSI target IDs per host (integer
                 # value)
                 #iscsi_num_targets=100
                 # Prefix for iSCSI volumes (string value)
                 #iscsi_target_prefix=iqn.2010-10.org.openstack:
                 # The IP address that the iSCSI daemon is listening on (string
                 # value)
                 #iscsi_ip_address=$my_ip
                 # The port that the iSCSI daemon is listening on (integer
                 # value)
                 #iscsi_port=3260
                 # The maximum number of times to rescan targets to find volume
                 # (integer value)
                 # Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/num_iscsi_scan_tries
                 #num_volume_device_scan_tries=3
                 # The backend name for a given driver implementation (string
                 # value)
                 #volume_backend_name=<None>
                 # Do we attach/detach volumes in cinder using multipath for
                 # volume to image and image to volume transfers? (boolean
                 # value)
                 #use_multipath_for_image_xfer=false
                 # Method used to wipe old volumes (valid options are: none,
                 # zero, shred) (string value)
                 #volume_clear=zero
                 # Size in MiB to wipe at start of old volumes. 0 => all
                 # (integer value)
                                                    125
```

```
uno - Juno - Juno
         OpenStack Configuration Refer-
         ence
                     #volume_clear_size=0
                     #volume_clear_ionice=<None>
                     #iscsi_helper=tgtadm
                     #lio_initiator_iqns=
                     #iscsi_iotype=fileio
                     # (string value)
                     #volume_dd_blocksize=1M
                     # (integer value)
                     #volume_copy_bps_limit=0
                     # value)
                     #iscsi_write_cache=on
                     #driver_client_cert=<None>
                     #available_devices=
```

```
# The flag to pass to ionice to alter the i/o priority of the
# process used to zero a volume after deletion, for example
# "-c3" for idle only priority. (string value)
# iSCSI target user-land tool to use. tgtadm is default, use
# lioadm for LIO iSCSI support, iseradm for the ISER protocol,
# or fake for testing. (string value)
# Volume configuration file storage directory (string value)
#volumes_dir=$state_path/volumes
# IET configuration file (string value)
#iet_conf=/etc/iet/ietd.conf
# Comma-separated list of initiator IQNs allowed to connect to
# the iSCSI target. (From Nova compute nodes.) (string value)
# Sets the behavior of the iSCSI target to either perform
# blockio or fileio optionally, auto can be set and Cinder
# will autodetect type of backing device (string value)
# The default block size used when copying/clearing volumes
# The blkio cgroup name to be used to limit bandwidth of
# volume copy (string value)
#volume_copy_blkio_cgroup_name=cinder-volume-copy
# The upper limit of bandwidth of volume copy. 0 => unlimited
# Sets the behavior of the iSCSI target to either perform
# write-back(on) or write-through(off). This parameter is
# valid if iscsi_helper is set to tgtadm or iseradm. (string
# The path to the client certificate key for verification, if
# the driver supports it. (string value)
#driver_client_cert_key=<None>
# The path to the client certificate for verification, if the
# driver supports it. (string value)
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.block_device
# List of all available devices (list value)
```

```
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.coraid
# IP address of Coraid ESM (string value)
#coraid_esm_address=
# User name to connect to Coraid ESM (string value)
#coraid_user=admin
# Name of group on Coraid ESM to which coraid_user belongs
# (must have admin privilege) (string value)
#coraid_group=admin
# Password to connect to Coraid ESM (string value)
#coraid_password=password
# Volume Type key name to store ESM Repository Name (string
# value)
#coraid_repository_key=coraid_repository
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.datera
# Datera API token. (string value)
#datera_api_token=<None>
# Datera API port. (string value)
#datera_api_port=7717
# Datera API version. (string value)
#datera_api_version=1
# Number of replicas to create of an inode. (string value)
#datera_num_replicas=3
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.emc.emc_vmax_common
# use this file for cinder emc plugin config data (string
# value)
#cinder_emc_config_file=/etc/cinder/cinder_emc_config.xml
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.emc.emc_vnx_cli
# VNX authentication scope type. (string value)
#storage_vnx_authentication_type=global
# Directory path that contains the VNX security file. Make
# sure the security file is generated first. (string value)
#storage_vnx_security_file_dir=<None>
```

ence

```
# Naviseccli Path. (string value)
#naviseccli_path=
# Storage pool name. (string value)
#storage_vnx_pool_name=<None>
# VNX secondary SP IP Address. (string value)
#san_secondary_ip=<None>
# Default timeout for CLI operations in minutes. For example,
# LUN migration is a typical long running operation, which
# depends on the LUN size and the load of the array. An upper
# bound in the specific deployment can be set to avoid
# unnecessary long wait. By default, it is 365 days long.
# (integer value)
#default_timeout=525600
# Default max number of LUNs in a storage group. By default,
# the value is 255. (integer value)
#max_luns_per_storage_group=255
# To destroy storage group when the last LUN is removed from
# it. By default, the value is False. (boolean value)
#destroy_empty_storage_group=false
# Mapping between hostname and its iSCSI initiator IP
# addresses. (string value)
#iscsi_initiators=
# Automatically register initiators. By default, the value is
# False. (boolean value)
#initiator_auto_registration=false
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.eqlx
# Group name to use for creating volumes (string value)
#eqlx_group_name=group-0
# Timeout for the Group Manager cli command execution (integer
# value)
#eqlx_cli_timeout=30
# Maximum retry count for reconnection (integer value)
#eqlx_cli_max_retries=5
# Use CHAP authentication for targets? (boolean value)
#eqlx_use_chap=false
# Existing CHAP account name (string value)
#eqlx_chap_login=admin
# Password for specified CHAP account name (string value)
#eqlx_chap_password=password
# Pool in which volumes will be created (string value)
#eqlx_pool=default
```

```
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.fujitsu_eternus_dx_common
# The configuration file for the Cinder SMI-S driver (string
# value)
#cinder_smis_config_file=/etc/cinder/cinder_fujitsu_eternus_dx.xml
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.fusionio.ioControl
# amount of time wait for iSCSI target to come online (integer
# value)
#fusionio_iocontrol_targetdelay=5
# number of retries for GET operations (integer value)
#fusionio_iocontrol_retry=3
# verify the array certificate on each transaction (boolean
# value)
#fusionio_iocontrol_verify_cert=true
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.glusterfs
# File with the list of available gluster shares (string
#glusterfs_shares_config=/etc/cinder/glusterfs_shares
# Create volumes as sparsed files which take no space. If set
# to False volume is created as regular file. In such case
# volume creation takes a lot of time. (boolean value)
#glusterfs_sparsed_volumes=true
# Create volumes as QCOW2 files rather than raw files.
# (boolean value)
#glusterfs_qcow2_volumes=false
# Base dir containing mount points for gluster shares. (string
# value)
#glusterfs_mount_point_base=$state_path/mnt
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.hds.hds
# The configuration file for the Cinder HDS driver for HUS
# (string value)
#hds_cinder_config_file=/opt/hds/hus/cinder_hus_conf.xml
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.hds.iscsi
```

```
uno - Juno - Juno
```

```
# Configuration file for HDS iSCSI cinder plugin (string
# value)
#hds_hnas_iscsi_config_file=/opt/hds/hnas/cinder_iscsi_conf.xml
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.hds.nfs
# Configuration file for HDS NFS cinder plugin (string value)
#hds_hnas_nfs_config_file=/opt/hds/hnas/cinder_nfs_conf.xml
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.hitachi.hbsd_common
# Serial number of storage system (string value)
#hitachi_serial_number=<None>
# Name of an array unit (string value)
#hitachi_unit_name=<None>
# Pool ID of storage system (integer value)
#hitachi_pool_id=<None>
# Thin pool ID of storage system (integer value)
#hitachi_thin_pool_id=<None>
# Range of logical device of storage system (string value)
#hitachi_ldev_range=<None>
# Default copy method of storage system (string value)
#hitachi_default_copy_method=FULL
# Copy speed of storage system (integer value)
#hitachi_copy_speed=3
# Interval to check copy (integer value)
#hitachi_copy_check_interval=3
# Interval to check copy asynchronously (integer value)
#hitachi_async_copy_check_interval=10
# Control port names for HostGroup or iSCSI Target (string
# value)
#hitachi_target_ports=<None>
# Range of group number (string value)
#hitachi_group_range=<None>
# Request for creating HostGroup or iSCSI Target (boolean
# value)
#hitachi_group_request=false
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.hitachi.hbsd_fc
```

```
# Request for FC Zone creating HostGroup (boolean value)
#hitachi_zoning_request=false
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.hitachi.hbsd_horcm
# Instance numbers for HORCM (string value)
#hitachi_horcm_numbers=200,201
# Username of storage system for HORCM (string value)
#hitachi_horcm_user=<None>
# Password of storage system for HORCM (string value)
#hitachi_horcm_password=<None>
# Add to HORCM configuration (boolean value)
#hitachi_horcm_add_conf=true
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.hitachi.hbsd_iscsi
# Add CHAP user (boolean value)
#hitachi_add_chap_user=false
# iSCSI authentication method (string value)
#hitachi_auth_method=<None>
# iSCSI authentication username (string value)
#hitachi_auth_user=HBSD-CHAP-user
# iSCSI authentication password (string value)
#hitachi_auth_password=HBSD-CHAP-password
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.huawei
# The configuration file for the Cinder Huawei driver (string
# value)
#cinder_huawei_conf_file=/etc/cinder/cinder_huawei_conf.xml
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.ibm.gpfs
# Specifies the path of the GPFS directory where Block Storage
# volume and snapshot files are stored. (string value)
#gpfs_mount_point_base=<None>
# Specifies the path of the Image service repository in GPFS.
# Leave undefined if not storing images in GPFS. (string
# value)
```

```
uno - Juno - Juno
```

```
#gpfs_images_dir=<None>
# Specifies the type of image copy to be used. Set this when
# the Image service repository also uses GPFS so that image
# files can be transferred efficiently from the Image service
# to the Block Storage service. There are two valid values:
# "copy" specifies that a full copy of the image is made;
# "copy_on_write" specifies that copy-on-write optimization
# strategy is used and unmodified blocks of the image file are
# shared efficiently. (string value)
#gpfs_images_share_mode=<None>
# Specifies an upper limit on the number of indirections
# required to reach a specific block due to snapshots or
# clones. A lengthy chain of copy-on-write snapshots or
# clones can have a negative impact on performance, but
# improves space utilization. O indicates unlimited clone
# depth. (integer value)
#gpfs_max_clone_depth=0
# Specifies that volumes are created as sparse files which
# initially consume no space. If set to False, the volume is
# created as a fully allocated file, in which case, creation
# may take a significantly longer time. (boolean value)
#gpfs_sparse_volumes=true
# Specifies the storage pool that volumes are assigned to. By
# default, the system storage pool is used. (string value)
#gpfs_storage_pool=system
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.ibm.ibmnas
# IP address or Hostname of NAS system. (string value)
#nas_ip=
# User name to connect to NAS system. (string value)
#nas_login=admin
# Password to connect to NAS system. (string value)
#nas_password=
# SSH port to use to connect to NAS system. (integer value)
#nas_ssh_port=22
# Filename of private key to use for SSH authentication.
# (string value)
#nas_private_key=
# IBMNAS platform type to be used as backend storage; valid
# values are - v7ku : for using IBM Storwize V7000 Unified,
# sonas : for using IBM Scale Out NAS, gpfs-nas : for using
# NFS based IBM GPFS deployments. (string value)
#ibmnas_platform_type=v7ku
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.ibm.storwize_svc
```

ence

```
# Storage system storage pool for volumes (string value)
#storwize_svc_volpool_name=volpool
# Storage system space-efficiency parameter for volumes
# (percentage) (integer value)
#storwize_svc_vol_rsize=2
# Storage system threshold for volume capacity warnings
# (percentage) (integer value)
#storwize_svc_vol_warning=0
# Storage system autoexpand parameter for volumes (True/False)
# (boolean value)
#storwize_svc_vol_autoexpand=true
# Storage system grain size parameter for volumes
# (32/64/128/256) (integer value)
#storwize_svc_vol_grainsize=256
# Storage system compression option for volumes (boolean
# value)
#storwize_svc_vol_compression=false
# Enable Easy Tier for volumes (boolean value)
#storwize_svc_vol_easytier=true
# The I/O group in which to allocate volumes (integer value)
#storwize_svc_vol_iogrp=0
# Maximum number of seconds to wait for FlashCopy to be
# prepared. Maximum value is 600 seconds (10 minutes) (integer
# value)
#storwize_svc_flashcopy_timeout=120
# Connection protocol (iSCSI/FC) (string value)
#storwize_svc_connection_protocol=iSCSI
# Configure CHAP authentication for iSCSI connections
# (Default: Enabled) (boolean value)
#storwize_svc_iscsi_chap_enabled=true
# Connect with multipath (FC only; iSCSI multipath is
# controlled by Nova) (boolean value)
#storwize_svc_multipath_enabled=false
# Allows vdisk to multi host mapping (boolean value)
#storwize_svc_multihostmap_enabled=true
# Indicate whether svc driver is compatible for NPIV setup. If
# it is compatible, it will allow no wwpns being returned on
# get_conn_fc_wwpns during initialize_connection (boolean
# value)
#storwize_svc_npiv_compatibility_mode=false
# Allow tenants to specify QOS on create (boolean value)
#storwize_svc_allow_tenant_qos=false
# If operating in stretched cluster mode, specify the name of
```

uno - Juno - Juno

juno

```
ound - Juno - Juno
```

```
# This option specifies the virtual storage server (Vserver)
# name on the storage cluster on which provisioning of block
# storage volumes should occur. If using the NFS storage
# protocol, this parameter is mandatory for storage service
# catalog support (utilized by Cinder volume type extra_specs
# support). If this option is specified, the exports belonging
# to the Vserver will only be used for provisioning in the
# future. Block storage volumes on exports not belonging to
# the Vserver specified by this option will continue to
# function normally. (string value)
#netapp_vserver=<None>
# The hostname (or IP address) for the storage system or proxy
# server. (string value)
#netapp_server_hostname=<None>
# The TCP port to use for communication with the storage
# system or proxy server. If not specified, Data ONTAP drivers
# will use 80 for HTTP and 443 for HTTPS; E-Series will use
# 8080 for HTTP and 8443 for HTTPS. (integer value)
#netapp_server_port=<None>
# This option is used to specify the path to the E-Series
# proxy application on a proxy server. The value is combined
# with the value of the netapp_transport_type,
# netapp_server_hostname, and netapp_server_port options to
# create the URL used by the driver to connect to the proxy
# application. (string value)
#netapp_webservice_path=/devmgr/v2
# This option is only utilized when the storage family is
# configured to eseries. This option is used to restrict
# provisioning to the specified controllers. Specify the value
# of this option to be a comma separated list of controller
# hostnames or IP addresses to be used for provisioning.
# (string value)
#netapp_controller_ips=<None>
# Password for the NetApp E-Series storage array. (string
# value)
#netapp_sa_password=<None>
# This option is used to restrict provisioning to the
# specified storage pools. Only dynamic disk pools are
# currently supported. Specify the value of this option to be
# a comma separated list of disk pool names to be used for
# provisioning. (string value)
#netapp_storage_pools=<None>
# This option is used to define how the controllers in the
# E-Series storage array will work with the particular
# operating system on the hosts that are connected to it.
# (string value)
#netapp_eseries_host_type=linux_dm_mp
# If the percentage of available space for an NFS share has
# dropped below the value specified by this option, the NFS
# image cache will be cleaned. (integer value)
#thres_avl_size_perc_start=20
```

```
# When the percentage of available space on an NFS share has
# reached the percentage specified by this option, the driver
# will stop clearing files from the NFS image cache that have
# not been accessed in the last M minutes, where M is the
# value of the expiry_thres_minutes configuration option.
# (integer value)
#thres_avl_size_perc_stop=60
# This option specifies the threshold for last access time for
# images in the NFS image cache. When a cache cleaning cycle
# begins, images in the cache that have not been accessed in
# the last M minutes, where M is the value of this parameter,
# will be deleted from the cache to create free space on the
# NFS share. (integer value)
#expiry_thres_minutes=720
# This option specifies the path of the NetApp copy offload
# tool binary. Ensure that the binary has execute permissions
# set which allow the effective user of the cinder-volume
# process to execute the file. (string value)
#netapp_copyoffload_tool_path=<None>
# The quantity to be multiplied by the requested volume size
# to ensure enough space is available on the virtual storage
# server (Vserver) to fulfill the volume creation request.
# (floating point value)
#netapp_size_multiplier=1.2
# This option is only utilized when the storage protocol is
# configured to use iSCSI. This option is used to restrict
# provisioning to the specified controller volumes. Specify
# the value of this option to be a comma separated list of
# NetApp controller volume names to be used for provisioning.
# (string value)
#netapp_volume_list=<None>
# The storage family type used on the storage system; valid
# values are ontap_7mode for using Data ONTAP operating in
# 7-Mode, ontap_cluster for using clustered Data ONTAP, or
# eseries for using E-Series. (string value)
#netapp_storage_family=ontap_cluster
# The storage protocol to be used on the data path with the
# storage system; valid values are iscsi or nfs. (string
# value)
#netapp_storage_protocol=<None>
# The transport protocol used when communicating with the
# storage system or proxy server. Valid values are http or
# https. (string value)
#netapp_transport_type=http
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.nexenta.options
# IP address of Nexenta SA (string value)
#nexenta_host=
```

```
# HTTP port to connect to Nexenta REST API server (integer
# value)
#nexenta_rest_port=2000
# Use http or https for REST connection (default auto) (string
# value)
#nexenta_rest_protocol=auto
# User name to connect to Nexenta SA (string value)
#nexenta_user=admin
# Password to connect to Nexenta SA (string value)
#nexenta_password=nexenta
# Nexenta target portal port (integer value)
#nexenta_iscsi_target_portal_port=3260
# SA Pool that holds all volumes (string value)
#nexenta_volume=cinder
# IQN prefix for iSCSI targets (string value)
#nexenta_target_prefix=iqn.1986-03.com.sun:02:cinder-
# Prefix for iSCSI target groups on SA (string value)
#nexenta_target_group_prefix=cinder/
# File with the list of available nfs shares (string value)
#nexenta_shares_config=/etc/cinder/nfs_shares
# Base directory that contains NFS share mount points (string
#nexenta_mount_point_base=$state_path/mnt
# Enables or disables the creation of volumes as sparsed files
# that take no space. If disabled (False), volume is created
# as a regular file, which takes a long time. (boolean value)
#nexenta_sparsed_volumes=true
# Default compression value for new ZFS folders. (string
# value)
#nexenta_volume_compression=on
# If set True cache NexentaStor appliance volroot option
# value. (boolean value)
#nexenta_nms_cache_volroot=true
# Enable stream compression, level 1..9. 1 - gives best speed;
# 9 - gives best compression. (integer value)
#nexenta_rrmgr_compression=0
# TCP Buffer size in KiloBytes. (integer value)
#nexenta_rrmgr_tcp_buf_size=4096
# Number of TCP connections. (integer value)
#nexenta_rrmgr_connections=2
# Block size for volumes (default=blank means 8KB) (string
# value)
#nexenta_blocksize=
```

```
# Enables or disables the creation of sparse volumes (boolean
# value)
#nexenta_sparse=false
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.nfs
# File with the list of available nfs shares (string value)
#nfs_shares_config=/etc/cinder/nfs_shares
# Create volumes as sparsed files which take no space. If set
# to False volume is created as regular file. In such case
# volume creation takes a lot of time. (boolean value)
#nfs_sparsed_volumes=true
# Percent of ACTUAL usage of the underlying volume before no
# new volumes can be allocated to the volume destination.
# (floating point value)
#nfs_used_ratio=0.95
# This will compare the allocated to available space on the
# volume destination. If the ratio exceeds this number, the
# destination will no longer be valid. (floating point value)
#nfs_oversub_ratio=1.0
# Base dir containing mount points for nfs shares. (string
# value)
#nfs_mount_point_base=$state_path/mnt
# Mount options passed to the nfs client. See section of the
# nfs man page for details. (string value)
#nfs_mount_options=<None>
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.nimble
# Nimble Controller pool name (string value)
#nimble_pool_name=default
# Nimble Subnet Label (string value)
#nimble_subnet_label=*
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.prophetstor.options
# DPL pool uuid in which DPL volumes are stored. (string
# value)
#dpl_pool=
# DPL port number. (integer value)
#dpl_port=8357
```

```
ound - Juno - Juno
                 # Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.pure
                 # REST API authorization token. (string value)
                 #pure_api_token=<None>
                 # Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.rbd
                 # The RADOS pool where rbd volumes are stored (string value)
                 #rbd_pool=rbd
                 # The RADOS client name for accessing rbd volumes - only set
                 # when using cephx authentication (string value)
                 #rbd_user=<None>
                 # Path to the ceph configuration file (string value)
                 #rbd_ceph_conf=
                 # Flatten volumes created from snapshots to remove dependency
                 # from volume to snapshot (boolean value)
                 #rbd_flatten_volume_from_snapshot=false
                 # The libvirt uuid of the secret for the rbd_user volumes
                 # (string value)
                 #rbd_secret_uuid=<None>
                 # Directory where temporary image files are stored when the
                 # volume driver does not write them directly to the volume.
                 # (string value)
                 #volume_tmp_dir=<None>
                 # Maximum number of nested volume clones that are taken before
                 # a flatten occurs. Set to 0 to disable cloning. (integer
                 # value)
                 #rbd_max_clone_depth=5
                 # Volumes will be chunked into objects of this size (in
                 # megabytes). (integer value)
                 #rbd_store_chunk_size=4
                 # Timeout value (in seconds) used when connecting to ceph
                 # cluster. If value < 0, no timeout is set and default
                 # librados value is used. (integer value)
                 #rados_connect_timeout=-1
                 # Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.remotefs
                 # IP address or Hostname of NAS system. (string value)
                 #nas_ip=
                 # User name to connect to NAS system. (string value)
                 #nas_login=admin
                 # Password to connect to NAS system. (string value)
```

ound - Juno - Juno

```
#nas_password=
# SSH port to use to connect to NAS system. (integer value)
#nas_ssh_port=22
# Filename of private key to use for SSH authentication.
# (string value)
#nas_private_key=
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.san.hp.hp_3par_common
# 3PAR WSAPI Server Url like https://<3par ip>:8080/api/v1
# (string value)
#hp3par_api_url=
# 3PAR Super user username (string value)
#hp3par_username=
# 3PAR Super user password (string value)
#hp3par_password=
# The CPG to use for volume creation (string value)
#hp3par_cpg=OpenStack
# The CPG to use for Snapshots for volumes. If empty
# hp3par_cpg will be used (string value)
#hp3par_cpg_snap=
# The time in hours to retain a snapshot. You can't delete it
# before this expires. (string value)
#hp3par_snapshot_retention=
# The time in hours when a snapshot expires and is deleted.
# This must be larger than expiration (string value)
#hp3par_snapshot_expiration=
# Enable HTTP debugging to 3PAR (boolean value)
#hp3par_debug=false
# List of target iSCSI addresses to use. (list value)
#hp3par_iscsi_ips=
# Enable CHAP authentication for iSCSI connections. (boolean
# value)
#hp3par_iscsi_chap_enabled=false
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.san.hp.hp_lefthand_rest_proxy
# HP LeftHand WSAPI Server Url like https://<LeftHand
# ip>:8081/lhos (string value)
#hplefthand_api_url=<None>
# HP LeftHand Super user username (string value)
#hplefthand_username=<None>
```

```
# HP LeftHand Super user password (string value)
#hplefthand_password=<None>
# HP LeftHand cluster name (string value)
#hplefthand_clustername=<None>
# Configure CHAP authentication for iSCSI connections
# (Default: Disabled) (boolean value)
#hplefthand_iscsi_chap_enabled=false
# Enable HTTP debugging to LeftHand (boolean value)
#hplefthand_debug=false
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.san.hp.hp_msa_common
# The VDisk to use for volume creation. (string value)
#msa_vdisk=OpenStack
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.san.san
# Use thin provisioning for SAN volumes? (boolean value)
#san_thin_provision=true
# IP address of SAN controller (string value)
# Username for SAN controller (string value)
#san_login=admin
# Password for SAN controller (string value)
#san_password=
# Filename of private key to use for SSH authentication
# (string value)
#san_private_key=
# Cluster name to use for creating volumes (string value)
#san_clustername=
# SSH port to use with SAN (integer value)
#san_ssh_port=22
# Execute commands locally instead of over SSH; use if the
# volume service is running on the SAN device (boolean value)
#san_is_local=false
# SSH connection timeout in seconds (integer value)
#ssh_conn_timeout=30
# Minimum ssh connections in the pool (integer value)
#ssh_min_pool_conn=1
# Maximum ssh connections in the pool (integer value)
```

```
#ssh_max_pool_conn=5
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.san.solaris
# The ZFS path under which to create zvols for volumes.
# (string value)
#san_zfs_volume_base=rpool/
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.scality
# Path or URL to Scality SOFS configuration file (string
# value)
#scality_sofs_config=<None>
# Base dir where Scality SOFS shall be mounted (string value)
#scality_sofs_mount_point=$state_path/scality
# Path from Scality SOFS root to volume dir (string value)
#scality_sofs_volume_dir=cinder/volumes
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.smbfs
# File with the list of available smbfs shares. (string value)
#smbfs_shares_config=/etc/cinder/smbfs_shares
# Default format that will be used when creating volumes if no
# volume format is specified. Can be set to: raw, qcow2, vhd
# or vhdx. (string value)
#smbfs_default_volume_format=qcow2
# Create volumes as sparsed files which take no space rather
# than regular files when using raw format, in which case
# volume creation takes lot of time. (boolean value)
#smbfs_sparsed_volumes=true
# Percent of ACTUAL usage of the underlying volume before no
# new volumes can be allocated to the volume destination.
# (floating point value)
#smbfs_used_ratio=0.95
# This will compare the allocated to available space on the
# volume destination. If the ratio exceeds this number, the
# destination will no longer be valid. (floating point value)
#smbfs_oversub_ratio=1.0
# Base dir containing mount points for smbfs shares. (string
# value)
#smbfs_mount_point_base=$state_path/mnt
# Mount options passed to the smbfs client. See mount.cifs man
# page for details. (string value)
```

```
ound - Juno - Juno
```

```
#smbfs_mount_options=noperm,file_mode=0775,dir_mode=0775
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.solidfire
# Set 512 byte emulation on volume creation; (boolean value)
#sf_emulate_512=true
# Allow tenants to specify QOS on create (boolean value)
#sf_allow_tenant_qos=false
# Create SolidFire accounts with this prefix. Any string can
# be used here, but the string "hostname" is special and will
# create a prefix using the cinder node hostsname (previous
# default behavior). The default is NO prefix. (string value)
#sf_account_prefix=<None>
# SolidFire API port. Useful if the device api is behind a
# proxy on a different port. (integer value)
#sf_api_port=443
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.vmware.vmdk
# IP address for connecting to VMware ESX/VC server. (string
# value)
#vmware_host_ip=<None>
# Username for authenticating with VMware ESX/VC server.
# (string value)
#vmware_host_username=<None>
# Password for authenticating with VMware ESX/VC server.
# (string value)
#vmware_host_password=<None>
# Optional VIM service WSDL Location e.g
# http://<server>/vimService.wsdl. Optional over-ride to
# default location for bug work-arounds. (string value)
#vmware_wsdl_location=<None>
# Number of times VMware ESX/VC server API must be retried
# upon connection related issues. (integer value)
#vmware_api_retry_count=10
# The interval (in seconds) for polling remote tasks invoked
# on VMware ESX/VC server. (floating point value)
#vmware_task_poll_interval=0.5
# Name for the folder in the VC datacenter that will contain
# cinder volumes. (string value)
#vmware_volume_folder=cinder-volumes
# Timeout in seconds for VMDK volume transfer between Cinder
# and Glance. (integer value)
#vmware_image_transfer_timeout_secs=7200
```

```
uno - Juno - Juno
```

```
# Max number of objects to be retrieved per batch. Query
# results will be obtained in batches from the server and not
# in one shot. Server may still limit the count to something
# less than the configured value. (integer value)
#vmware_max_objects_retrieval=100
# Optional string specifying the VMware VC server version. The
# driver attempts to retrieve the version from VMware VC
# server. Set this configuration only if you want to override
# the VC server version. (string value)
#vmware_host_version=<None>
# Directory where virtual disks are stored during volume
# backup and restore. (string value)
#vmware_tmp_dir=/tmp
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.windows.windows
# Path to store VHD backed volumes (string value)
#windows_iscsi_lun_path=C:\iSCSIVirtualDisks
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.zadara
# Management IP of Zadara VPSA (string value)
#zadara_vpsa_ip=<None>
# Zadara VPSA port number (string value)
#zadara_vpsa_port=<None>
# Use SSL connection (boolean value)
#zadara_vpsa_use_ssl=false
# User name for the VPSA (string value)
#zadara_user=<None>
# Password for the VPSA (string value)
#zadara_password=<None>
# Name of VPSA storage pool for volumes (string value)
#zadara_vpsa_poolname=<None>
# Default thin provisioning policy for volumes (boolean value)
#zadara_vol_thin=true
# Default encryption policy for volumes (boolean value)
#zadara_vol_encrypt=false
# Default template for VPSA volume names (string value)
#zadara_vol_name_template=OS_%s
# Automatically detach from servers on volume delete (boolean
# value)
#zadara_vpsa_auto_detach_on_delete=true
```

oun - Juno - Juno

```
# Don't halt on deletion of non-existing volumes (boolean
# value)
#zadara_vpsa_allow_nonexistent_delete=true
# Options defined in cinder.volume.drivers.zfssa.zfssaiscsi
# Storage pool name. (string value)
#zfssa_pool=<None>
# Project name. (string value)
#zfssa_project=<None>
# Block size: 512, 1k, 2k, 4k, 8k, 16k, 32k, 64k, 128k.
# (string value)
#zfssa_lun_volblocksize=8k
# Flag to enable sparse (thin-provisioned): True, False.
# (boolean value)
#zfssa_lun_sparse=false
# Data compression-off, lzjb, gzip-2, gzip, gzip-9. (string
# value)
#zfssa_lun_compression=
# Synchronous write bias-latency, throughput. (string value)
#zfssa_lun_logbias=
# iSCSI initiator group. (string value)
#zfssa_initiator_group=
# iSCSI initiator IQNs. (comma separated) (string value)
#zfssa_initiator=
# iSCSI initiator CHAP user. (string value)
#zfssa_initiator_user=
# iSCSI initiator CHAP password. (string value)
#zfssa_initiator_password=
# iSCSI target group name. (string value)
#zfssa_target_group=tgt-grp
# iSCSI target CHAP user. (string value)
#zfssa_target_user=
# iSCSI target CHAP password. (string value)
#zfssa_target_password=
# iSCSI target portal (Data-IP:Port, w.x.y.z:3260). (string
# value)
#zfssa_target_portal=<None>
# Network interfaces of iSCSI targets. (comma separated)
# (string value)
#zfssa_target_interfaces=<None>
```

uno - Juno - Juno

```
# REST connection timeout. (seconds) (integer value)
#zfssa_rest_timeout=<None>
# Options defined in cinder.volume.manager
# Driver to use for volume creation (string value)
#volume_driver=cinder.volume.drivers.lvm.LVMISCSIDriver
# Timeout for creating the volume to migrate to when
# performing volume migration (seconds) (integer value)
#migration_create_volume_timeout_secs=300
# Offload pending volume delete during volume service startup
# (boolean value)
#volume_service_inithost_offload=false
# FC Zoning mode configured (string value)
#zoning_mode=none
# User defined capabilities, a JSON formatted string
# specifying key/value pairs. (string value)
#extra_capabilities={}
[BRCD_FABRIC_EXAMPLE]
# Options defined in cinder.zonemanager.drivers.brocade.brcd_fabric_opts
# Management IP of fabric (string value)
#fc_fabric_address=
# Fabric user ID (string value)
#fc_fabric_user=
# Password for user (string value)
#fc_fabric_password=
# Connecting port (integer value)
#fc_fabric_port=22
# overridden zoning policy (string value)
#zoning_policy=initiator-target
# overridden zoning activation state (boolean value)
#zone_activate=true
# overridden zone name prefix (string value)
#zone_name_prefix=<None>
# Principal switch WWN of the fabric (string value)
#principal_switch_wwn=<None>
[CISCO_FABRIC_EXAMPLE]
```

```
# Options defined in cinder.zonemanager.drivers.cisco.cisco_fabric_opts
# Management IP of fabric (string value)
#cisco_fc_fabric_address=
# Fabric user ID (string value)
#cisco_fc_fabric_user=
# Password for user (string value)
#cisco_fc_fabric_password=
# Connecting port (integer value)
#cisco_fc_fabric_port=22
# overridden zoning policy (string value)
#cisco_zoning_policy=initiator-target
# overridden zoning activation state (boolean value)
#cisco_zone_activate=true
# overridden zone name prefix (string value)
#cisco_zone_name_prefix=<None>
# VSAN of the Fabric (string value)
#cisco_zoning_vsan=<None>
[database]
# Options defined in oslo.db
# The file name to use with SQLite. (string value)
#sqlite_db=oslo.sqlite
# If True, SQLite uses synchronous mode. (boolean value)
#sqlite_synchronous=true
# The back end to use for the database. (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/db_backend
#backend=sqlalchemy
# The SQLAlchemy connection string to use to connect to the
# database. (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_connection
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sql_connection
# Deprecated group/name - [sql]/connection
#connection=<None>
# The SQLAlchemy connection string to use to connect to the
# slave database. (string value)
#slave_connection=<None>
# The SQL mode to be used for MySQL sessions. This option,
# including the default, overrides any server-set SQL mode. To
# use whatever SQL mode is set by the server configuration,
# set this to no value. Example: mysql_sql_mode= (string
```

```
oun - Juno - Juno
       OpenStack Configuration Refer-
                                             December 8, 2015
                # value)
                #mysql_sql_mode=TRADITIONAL
                # Timeout before idle SQL connections are reaped. (integer
                # Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_idle_timeout
                # Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sql_idle_timeout
                # Deprecated group/name - [sql]/idle_timeout
                #idle_timeout=3600
                # Minimum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool.
                # (integer value)
                # Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_min_pool_size
                # Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sql_min_pool_size
                #min_pool_size=1
                # Maximum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool.
                # (integer value)
                # Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_max_pool_size
                # Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sql_max_pool_size
                #max_pool_size=<None>
                # Maximum number of database connection retries during
                # startup. Set to -1 to specify an infinite retry count.
                # (integer value)
                # Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_max_retries
                # Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sql_max_retries
                #max_retries=10
                # Interval between retries of opening a SQL connection.
                # (integer value)
                # Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_retry_interval
                # Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/reconnect_interval
                #retry_interval=10
                # If set, use this value for max_overflow with SQLAlchemy.
                # (integer value)
                # Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_max_overflow
                # Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sqlalchemy_max_overflow
                #max_overflow=<None>
                # Verbosity of SQL debugging information: 0=None,
                # 100=Everything. (integer value)
                # Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_connection_debug
                #connection_debug=0
                # Add Python stack traces to SQL as comment strings. (boolean
                # value)
                # Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_connection_trace
                #connection_trace=false
                # If set, use this value for pool_timeout with SQLAlchemy.
                 # (integer value)
                # Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sqlalchemy_pool_timeout
                #pool_timeout=<None>
                # Enable the experimental use of database reconnect on
                # connection lost. (boolean value)
                #use_db_reconnect=false
                                                    148
```

```
uno - Juno - Juno
       OpenStack Configuration Refer-
                                             December 8, 2015
                 # Seconds between database connection retries. (integer value)
                 #db_retry_interval=1
                 # If True, increases the interval between database connection
                 # retries up to db_max_retry_interval. (boolean value)
                 #db_inc_retry_interval=true
                 # If db_inc_retry_interval is set, the maximum seconds between
                 # database connection retries. (integer value)
                 #db_max_retry_interval=10
                 # Maximum database connection retries before error is raised.
                 # Set to -1 to specify an infinite retry count. (integer
                 # value)
                 #db_max_retries=20
                 # Options defined in oslo.db.concurrency
                 # Enable the experimental use of thread pooling for all DB API
                 # calls (boolean value)
                 # Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/dbapi_use_tpool
                 #use_tpool=false
                 [fc-zone-manager]
                 # Options defined in cinder.zonemanager.drivers.brocade.brcd_fc_zone_driver
                 # Southbound connector for zoning operation (string value)
                 #brcd_sb_connector=cinder.zonemanager.drivers.brocade.brcd_fc_zone_client_cli.
                 BrcdFCZoneClientCLI
                 # Options defined in cinder.zonemanager.drivers.cisco.cisco_fc_zone_driver
                 # Southbound connector for zoning operation (string value)
                 #cisco_sb_connector=cinder.zonemanager.drivers.cisco.cisco_fc_zone_client_cli.
                 CiscoFCZoneClientCLI
                 # Options defined in cinder.zonemanager.fc_zone_manager
                 # FC Zone Driver responsible for zone management (string
                 # value)
                 #zone_driver=cinder.zonemanager.drivers.brocade.brcd_fc_zone_driver.
                 BrcdFCZoneDriver
                 # Zoning policy configured by user (string value)
                 #zoning_policy=initiator-target
                 # Comma separated list of fibre channel fabric names. This
                                                    149
```

```
ound - Juno - Juno
                                              December 8, 2015
                 # list of names is used to retrieve other SAN credentials for
                 # connecting to each SAN fabric (string value)
                 #fc_fabric_names=<None>
                 # FC San Lookup Service (string value)
                 #fc_san_lookup_service=cinder.zonemanager.drivers.brocade.
                 brcd_fc_san_lookup_service.BrcdFCSanLookupService
                 [keymgr]
                 # Options defined in cinder.keymgr
                 # The full class name of the key manager API class (string
                 #api_class=cinder.keymgr.conf_key_mgr.ConfKeyManager
                 # Options defined in cinder.keymgr.conf_key_mgr
                 # Fixed key returned by key manager, specified in hex (string
                 # value)
                 #fixed_key=<None>
                 # Options defined in cinder.keymgr.key_mgr
                 # Authentication url for encryption service. (string value)
                 #encryption_auth_url=http://localhost:5000/v2.0
                 # Url for encryption service. (string value)
                 #encryption_api_url=http://localhost:9311/v1
                 [keystone_authtoken]
                 # Options defined in keystonemiddleware.auth_token
                 # Prefix to prepend at the beginning of the path. Deprecated,
                 # use identity_uri. (string value)
                 #auth_admin_prefix=
                 # Host providing the admin Identity API endpoint. Deprecated,
                 # use identity_uri. (string value)
                 #auth_host=127.0.0.1
                 # Port of the admin Identity API endpoint. Deprecated, use
                 # identity_uri. (integer value)
                 #auth_port=35357
                 # Protocol of the admin Identity API endpoint (http or https).
                 # Deprecated, use identity_uri. (string value)
                                                     150
```

December 8, 2015

```
#auth_protocol=https
# Complete public Identity API endpoint (string value)
#auth_uri=<None>
# Complete admin Identity API endpoint. This should specify
# the unversioned root endpoint e.g. https://localhost:35357/
# (string value)
#identity_uri=<None>
# API version of the admin Identity API endpoint (string
# value)
#auth_version=<None>
# Do not handle authorization requests within the middleware,
# but delegate the authorization decision to downstream WSGI
# components (boolean value)
#delay_auth_decision=false
# Request timeout value for communicating with Identity API
# server. (boolean value)
#http_connect_timeout=<None>
# How many times are we trying to reconnect when communicating
# with Identity API Server. (integer value)
#http_request_max_retries=3
# This option is deprecated and may be removed in a future
# release. Single shared secret with the Keystone
# configuration used for bootstrapping a Keystone
# installation, or otherwise bypassing the normal
# authentication process. This option should not be used, use
# `admin_user` and `admin_password` instead. (string value)
#admin_token=<None>
# Keystone account username (string value)
#admin_user=<None>
# Keystone account password (string value)
#admin_password=<None>
# Keystone service account tenant name to validate user tokens
# (string value)
#admin_tenant_name=admin
# Env key for the swift cache (string value)
#cache=<None>
# Required if Keystone server requires client certificate
# (string value)
#certfile=<None>
# Required if Keystone server requires client certificate
# (string value)
#keyfile=<None>
# A PEM encoded Certificate Authority to use when verifying
# HTTPs connections. Defaults to system CAs. (string value)
#cafile=<None>
```

December 8, 2015

```
# Verify HTTPS connections. (boolean value)
#insecure=false
# Directory used to cache files related to PKI tokens (string
# value)
#signing_dir=<None>
# Optionally specify a list of memcached server(s) to use for
# caching. If left undefined, tokens will instead be cached
# in-process. (list value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/memcache_servers
#memcached_servers=<None>
# In order to prevent excessive effort spent validating
# tokens, the middleware caches previously-seen tokens for a
# configurable duration (in seconds). Set to -1 to disable
# caching completely. (integer value)
#token_cache_time=300
# Determines the frequency at which the list of revoked tokens
# is retrieved from the Identity service (in seconds). A high
# number of revocation events combined with a low cache
# duration may significantly reduce performance. (integer
# value)
#revocation_cache_time=10
# (optional) if defined, indicate whether token data should be
# authenticated or authenticated and encrypted. Acceptable
# values are MAC or ENCRYPT. If MAC, token data is
# authenticated (with HMAC) in the cache. If ENCRYPT, token
# data is encrypted and authenticated in the cache. If the
# value is not one of these options or empty, auth_token will
# raise an exception on initialization. (string value)
#memcache_security_strategy=<None>
# (optional, mandatory if memcache_security_strategy is
# defined) this string is used for key derivation. (string
# value)
#memcache_secret_key=<None>
# (optional) number of seconds memcached server is considered
# dead before it is tried again. (integer value)
#memcache_pool_dead_retry=300
# (optional) max total number of open connections to every
# memcached server. (integer value)
#memcache_pool_maxsize=10
# (optional) socket timeout in seconds for communicating with
# a memcache server. (integer value)
#memcache_pool_socket_timeout=3
# (optional) number of seconds a connection to memcached is
# held unused in the pool before it is closed. (integer value)
#memcache_pool_unused_timeout=60
# (optional) number of seconds that an operation will wait to
# get a memcache client connection from the pool. (integer
# value)
#memcache_pool_conn_get_timeout=10
```

December 8, 2015

```
uno - Juno - Juno
```

```
# (optional) use the advanced (eventlet safe) memcache client
# pool. The advanced pool will only work under python 2.x.
# (boolean value)
#memcache_use_advanced_pool=false
# (optional) indicate whether to set the X-Service-Catalog
# header. If False, middleware will not ask for service
# catalog on token validation and will not set the X-Service-
# Catalog header. (boolean value)
#include_service_catalog=true
# Used to control the use and type of token binding. Can be
# set to: "disabled" to not check token binding. "permissive"
# (default) to validate binding information if the bind type
# is of a form known to the server and ignore it if not.
# "strict" like "permissive" but if the bind type is unknown
# the token will be rejected. "required" any form of token
# binding is needed to be allowed. Finally the name of a
# binding method that must be present in tokens. (string
# value)
#enforce_token_bind=permissive
# If true, the revocation list will be checked for cached
# tokens. This requires that PKI tokens are configured on the
# Keystone server. (boolean value)
#check_revocations_for_cached=false
# Hash algorithms to use for hashing PKI tokens. This may be a
# single algorithm or multiple. The algorithms are those
# supported by Python standard hashlib.new(). The hashes will
# be tried in the order given, so put the preferred one first
# for performance. The result of the first hash will be stored
# in the cache. This will typically be set to multiple values
# only while migrating from a less secure algorithm to a more
# secure one. Once all the old tokens are expired this option
# should be set to a single value for better performance.
# (list value)
#hash_algorithms=md5
[matchmaker_redis]
# Options defined in oslo.messaging
# Host to locate redis. (string value)
#host=127.0.0.1
# Use this port to connect to redis host. (integer value)
# Password for Redis server (optional). (string value)
#password=<None>
[matchmaker_ring]
```

```
# Options defined in oslo.messaging
# Matchmaker ring file (JSON). (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/matchmaker_ringfile
#ringfile=/etc/oslo/matchmaker_ring.json
[oslo_messaging_amqp]
# Options defined in oslo.messaging
# NOTE: Options in this group are supported when using oslo.messaging >=1.5.0.
# address prefix used when sending to a specific server
# (string value)
#server_request_prefix=exclusive
# address prefix used when broadcasting to all servers (string
# value)
#broadcast_prefix=broadcast
# address prefix when sending to any server in group (string
# value)
#group_request_prefix=unicast
# Name for the AMQP container (string value)
#container_name=<None>
# Timeout for inactive connections (in seconds) (integer
# value)
#idle_timeout=0
# Debug: dump AMQP frames to stdout (boolean value)
#trace=false
# CA certificate PEM file for verifing server certificate
# (string value)
#ssl_ca_file=
# Identifying certificate PEM file to present to clients
# (string value)
#ssl_cert_file=
# Private key PEM file used to sign cert_file certificate
# (string value)
#ssl_key_file=
# Password for decrypting ssl_key_file (if encrypted) (string
# value)
#ssl_key_password=<None>
# Accept clients using either SSL or plain TCP (boolean value)
#allow_insecure_clients=false
[profiler]
```

```
# Options defined in cinder.service
# If False fully disable profiling feature. (boolean value)
#profiler_enabled=false
# If False doesn't trace SQL requests. (boolean value)
#trace_sqlalchemy=false
[ssl]
# Options defined in cinder.openstack.common.sslutils
# CA certificate file to use to verify connecting clients
# (string value)
#ca_file=<None>
# Certificate file to use when starting the server securely
# (string value)
#cert_file=<None>
# Private key file to use when starting the server securely
# (string value)
#key_file=<None>
```

## api-paste.ini

Use the api-paste.ini file to configure the Block Storage API service.

```
#############
# OpenStack #
#############
[composite:osapi_volume]
use = call:cinder.api:root_app_factory
/: apiversions
/v1: openstack_volume_api_v1
/v2: openstack_volume_api_v2
[composite:openstack_volume_api_v1]
use = call:cinder.api.middleware.auth:pipeline_factory
noauth = request id faultwrap sizelimit osprofiler noauth apiv1
keystone = request id faultwrap sizelimit osprofiler authtoken keystonecontext
keystone_nolimit = request_id faultwrap sizelimit osprofiler authtoken
keystonecontext apiv1
[composite:openstack_volume_api_v2]
use = call:cinder.api.middleware.auth:pipeline_factory
noauth = request_id faultwrap sizelimit osprofiler noauth apiv2
keystone = request_id faultwrap sizelimit osprofiler authtoken keystonecontext
apiv2
```

```
keystone_nolimit = request_id faultwrap sizelimit osprofiler authtoken
 keystonecontext apiv2
[filter:request_id]
paste.filter_factory = cinder.openstack.common.middleware.
request_id:RequestIdMiddleware.factory
[filter:faultwrap]
paste.filter_factory = cinder.api.middleware.fault:FaultWrapper.factory
[filter:osprofiler]
paste.filter_factory = osprofiler.web:WsgiMiddleware.factory
hmac_keys = SECRET_KEY
enabled = yes
[filter:noauth]
paste.filter_factory = cinder.api.middleware.auth:NoAuthMiddleware.factory
[filter:sizelimit]
paste.filter_factory = cinder.api.middleware.sizelimit:RequestBodySizeLimiter.
factory
[app:apiv1]
paste.app_factory = cinder.api.v1.router:APIRouter.factory
[app:apiv2]
paste.app_factory = cinder.api.v2.router:APIRouter.factory
[pipeline:apiversions]
pipeline = faultwrap osvolumeversionapp
[app:osvolumeversionapp]
paste.app_factory = cinder.api.versions:Versions.factory
##########
# Shared #
#########
[filter:keystonecontext]
paste.filter_factory = cinder.api.middleware.auth:CinderKeystoneContext.
factory
[filter:authtoken]
paste.filter_factory = keystonemiddleware.auth_token:filter_factory
```

## policy.json

The policy. json file defines additional access controls that apply to the Block Storage service.

```
{
   "context_is_admin": "role:admin",
   "admin_or_owner": "is_admin:True or project_id:%(project_id)s",
   "default": "rule:admin_or_owner",

"admin_api": "is_admin:True",
```

```
"volume:create": "",
   "volume:get_all": "",
   "volume:get_volume_metadata": "",
   "volume:get_volume_admin_metadata": "rule:admin_api",
   "volume:delete_volume_admin_metadata": "rule:admin_api",
   "volume:update_volume_admin_metadata": "rule:admin_api",
   "volume:get_snapshot": "",
   "volume:get_all_snapshots": "",
   "volume:extend": "",
   "volume:update_readonly_flag": "",
   "volume:retype": "",
   "volume_extension:types_manage": "rule:admin_api",
   "volume_extension:types_extra_specs": "rule:admin_api",
   "volume_extension:volume_type_encryption": "rule:admin_api",
   "volume_extension:volume_encryption_metadata": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "volume_extension:extended_snapshot_attributes": "",
   "volume_extension:volume_image_metadata": "",
   "volume_extension:quotas:show": "",
   "volume_extension:quotas:update": "rule:admin_api",
   "volume_extension:quota_classes": "",
   "volume_extension:volume_admin_actions:reset_status": "rule:admin_api",
   "volume_extension:snapshot_admin_actions:reset_status": "rule:admin_api",
   "volume_extension:backup_admin_actions:reset_status": "rule:admin_api",
   "volume_extension:volume_admin_actions:force_delete": "rule:admin_api",
   "volume_extension:volume_admin_actions:force_detach": "rule:admin_api",
   "volume_extension:snapshot_admin_actions:force_delete": "rule:admin_api",
   "volume_extension:volume_admin_actions:migrate_volume": "rule:admin_api",
   "volume_extension:volume_admin_actions:migrate_volume_completion":
"rule:admin_api",
   "volume_extension:volume_host_attribute": "rule:admin_api",
   "volume_extension:volume_tenant_attribute": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "volume_extension:volume_mig_status_attribute": "rule:admin_api",
   "volume_extension:hosts": "rule:admin_api",
   "volume_extension:services": "rule:admin_api",
   "volume_extension:volume_manage": "rule:admin_api",
   "volume_extension:volume_unmanage": "rule:admin_api",
   "volume:services": "rule:admin_api",
   "volume:create_transfer": "",
   "volume:accept_transfer": "",
   "volume:delete_transfer": ""
   "volume:get_all_transfers": "",
   "volume_extension:replication:promote": "rule:admin_api",
   "volume_extension:replication:reenable": "rule:admin_api",
   "backup:create" : "",
   "backup:delete": "",
   "backup:get": "",
   "backup:get_all": "",
   "backup:restore": "",
   "backup:backup-import": "rule:admin_api",
   "backup:backup-export": "rule:admin_api",
```

```
"snapshot_extension:snapshot_actions:update_snapshot_status": "",

"consistencygroup:create": "group:nobody",
"consistencygroup:get": "group:nobody",
"consistencygroup:get_all": "group:nobody",

"consistencygroup:get_all": "group:nobody",

"consistencygroup:create_cgsnapshot": "",
"consistencygroup:delete_cgsnapshot": "",
"consistencygroup:get_cgsnapshot": "",
"consistencygroup:get_cgsnapshots": "",
"scheduler_extension:scheduler_stats:get_pools": "rule:admin_api"
}
```

### rootwrap.conf

The rootwrap.conf file defines configuration values used by the rootwrap script when the Block Storage service must escalate its privileges to those of the root user.

```
# Configuration for cinder-rootwrap
# This file should be owned by (and only-writeable by) the root user
[DEFAULT]
# List of directories to load filter definitions from (separated by ',').
# These directories MUST all be only writeable by root!
filters_path=/etc/cinder/rootwrap.d,/usr/share/cinder/rootwrap
# List of directories to search executables in, in case filters do not
# explicitely specify a full path (separated by ',')
# If not specified, defaults to system PATH environment variable.
# These directories MUST all be only writeable by root!
exec_dirs=/sbin,/usr/sbin,/bin,/usr/bin
# Enable logging to syslog
# Default value is False
use_syslog=False
# Which syslog facility to use.
# Valid values include auth, authpriv, syslog, local0, local1...
# Default value is 'syslog'
syslog_log_facility=syslog
# Which messages to log.
# INFO means log all usage
# ERROR means only log unsuccessful attempts
syslog_log_level=ERROR
```

# Log files used by Block Storage

The corresponding log file of each Block Storage service is stored in the /var/log/cin-der/directory of the host on which each service runs.

#### Table 1.38. Log files used by Block Storage services

Log file	Service/interface (for CentOS, Fedora, openSUSE, Red Hat Enterprise Linux, and SUSE Linux Enterprise)	Service/interface (for Ubuntu and Debian)
api.log	openstack-cinder-api	cinder-api
cinder-manage.log	cinder-manage	cinder-manage
scheduler.log	openstack-cinder-scheduler	cinder-scheduler
volume.log	openstack-cinder-volume	cinder-volume

December 8, 2015

# Fibre Channel Zone Manager

The Fibre Channel Zone Manager allows FC SAN Zone/Access control management in conjunction with Fibre Channel block storage. The configuration of Fibre Channel Zone Manager and various zone drivers are described in this section.

### **Configure Block Storage to use Fibre Channel Zone Manager**

If Block Storage is configured to use a Fibre Channel volume driver that supports Zone Manager, update <code>cinder.conf</code> to add the following configuration options to enable Fibre Channel Zone Manager.

Make the following changes in the /etc/cinder/cinder.conf file.

#### **Table 1.39. Description of zoning configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
zoning_mode = none	(StrOpt) FC Zoning mode configured	
[fc-zone-manager]		
fc_fabric_names = None	(StrOpt) Comma separated list of fibre channel fabric names. This list of names is used to retrieve other SAN cre- dentials for connecting to each SAN fabric	
zoning_policy = initiator-target	(StrOpt) Zoning policy configured by user	

To use different Fibre Channel Zone Drivers, use the parameters described in this section.



#### Note

When multi backend configuration is used, provide the zoning\_mode configuration option as part of the volume driver configuration where volume\_driver option is specified.



#### Note

Default value of zoning\_mode is None and this needs to be changed to fabric to allow fabric zoning.



#### **Note**

zoning\_policy can be configured as initiator-target or initiator

1

### **Brocade Fibre Channel Zone Driver**

Brocade Fibre Channel Zone Driver performs zoning operations via SSH. Configure Brocade Zone Driver and lookup service by specifying the following parameters:

Table 1.40. Description of zoning manager configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[fc-zone-manager]		
brcd_sb_connector = cinder.zonemanager.drivers.brocade.brcd_fc_zone_client_c	(StrOpt) Southbound connector for zoning operation i.BrcdFCZoneClientCLI	
cisco_sb_connector = cinder.zonemanager.drivers.cisco.cisco_fc_zone_client_cli.C	(StrOpt) Southbound connector for zoning operation scoFCZoneClientCLI	
fc_san_lookup_service = cinder.zonemanager.drivers.brocade.brcd_fc_san_lookup_s	(StrOpt) FC San Lookup Service ervice.BrcdFCSanLookupService	
zone_driver = cinder.zonemanager.drivers.brocade.brcd_fc_zone_driver.E	(StrOpt) FC Zone Driver responsible for zone management rcdFCZoneDriver	

Configure SAN fabric parameters in the form of fabric groups as described in the example below:

Table 1.41. Description of zoning fabrics configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[BRCD_FABRIC_EXAMPLE]		
fc_fabric_address =	(StrOpt) Management IP of fabric	
fc_fabric_password =	(StrOpt) Password for user	
fc_fabric_port = 22	(IntOpt) Connecting port	
fc_fabric_user =	(StrOpt) Fabric user ID	
principal_switch_wwn = None	(StrOpt) Principal switch WWN of the fabric	
zone_activate = True	(BoolOpt) overridden zoning activation state	
zone_name_prefix = None	(StrOpt) overridden zone name prefix	
zoning_policy = initiator-target	(StrOpt) overridden zoning policy	
[CISCO_FABRIC_EXAMPLE]		
cisco_fc_fabric_address =	(StrOpt) Management IP of fabric	
cisco_fc_fabric_password =	(StrOpt) Password for user	
cisco_fc_fabric_port = 22	(IntOpt) Connecting port	
cisco_fc_fabric_user =	(StrOpt) Fabric user ID	
cisco_zone_activate = True	(BoolOpt) overridden zoning activation state	
cisco_zone_name_prefix = None	(StrOpt) overridden zone name prefix	
cisco_zoning_policy = initiator-target	(StrOpt) overridden zoning policy	
cisco_zoning_vsan = None	(StrOpt) VSAN of the Fabric	



#### **Note**

Define a fabric group for each fabric using the fabric names used in fc\_fabric\_names configuration option as group name.

#### **System requirements**

Brocade Fibre Channel Zone Driver requires firmware version FOS v6.4 or higher.

As a best practice for zone management, use a user account with zoneadmin role. Users with admin role (including the default admin user account) are limited to a maximum of two concurrent SSH sessions.

For information about how to manage Brocade Fibre Channel switches, see the Brocade Fabric OS user documentation.

#### **Cisco Fibre Channel Zone Driver**

Cisco Fibre Channel Zone Driver performs zoning operations via SSH. Configure Cisco Zone Driver and lookup service by specifying the following parameters:

Table 1.42. Description of cisco zoning manager configuration options

Description	
[fc-zone-manager]	
(StrOpt) Southbound connector for zoning operation	
(	

Configure SAN fabric parameters in the form of fabric groups as described in the example below:

Table 1.43. Description of cisco zoning fabrics configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[CISCO_FABRIC_EXAMPLE]	
cisco_fc_fabric_address =	(StrOpt) Management IP of fabric
cisco_fc_fabric_password =	(StrOpt) Password for user
cisco_fc_fabric_port = 22	(IntOpt) Connecting port
cisco_fc_fabric_user =	(StrOpt) Fabric user ID
cisco_zone_activate = True	(BoolOpt) overridden zoning activation state
cisco_zone_name_prefix = None	(StrOpt) overridden zone name prefix
cisco_zoning_policy = initiator-target	(StrOpt) overridden zoning policy
cisco_zoning_vsan = None	(StrOpt) VSAN of the Fabric



#### Note

Define a fabric group for each fabric using the fabric names used in fc\_fabric\_names configuration option as group name.

The Cisco Fibre Channel Zone Driver supports basic and enhanced zoning modes. The zoning VSAN must exist with an active zone set name which is same as the fc\_fabric\_names parameter.

### **System requirements**

Cisco MDS 9000 Family Switches.

Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 6.2(9) or later.

For information about how to manage Cisco Fibre Channel switches, see the Cisco MDS 9000 user documentation.

ounf - ounf

# Volume encryption with static key

This is an implementation of a key manager that reads its key from the project's configuration options.

This key manager implementation provides limited security, assuming that the key remains secret. Volume encryption provides protection against a lost or stolen disk, assuming that the configuration file that contains the key is not stored on the disk. Encryption also protects the confidentiality of data as it is transmitted via iSCSI from the compute host to the storage host as long as an attacker who intercepts the data does not know the secret key.

Because this implementation uses a single, fixed key, it does not provide protection if that key is compromised. In particular, different volumes encrypted with a key provided by this key manager actually share the same encryption key so *any* volume can be decrypted once the fixed key is known.

Updates are in the pipeline which will provide true key manager support via the key management service. This will provide much better security once complete.

### **Initial configuration**

Configuration changes need to be made to any nodes running the cinder-volume or nova-compute services.

Update cinder-volume servers:

1. Edit the /etc/cinder/cinder.conf file and add or update the value of the option fixed\_key in the [keymgr] section:

2. Restart cinder-volume.

Update nova-compute servers:

1. Edit the /etc/nova/nova.conf file and add or update the value of the option fixed\_key in the [keymgr] section (add a keymgr section as shown if needed):

2. Restart nova-compute.

### Create encrypted volume type

Block Storage volume type assignment provides a mechanism to provide scheduling to a specific back-end, and also can be used to specify specific information for a back-end storage device to act upon.

In this case we are creating a volume type called LUKS and providing configuration information that will tell the storage system to encrypt or decrypt the volume.

1. Source your admin credentials:

```
$ source admin-openrc.sh
```

2. Create the volume type:

3. Mark the volume type as encrypted and provide the necessary details:

Support for creating the volume type in the OpenStack dashboard (horizon) exists today, however support for tagging the type as encrypted and providing the additional information needed is still in review.

### Create an encrypted volume

Use the OpenStack dashboard (horizon), or the **cinder** command to create volumes just as you normally would. For an encrypted volume use the LUKS tag, for unencrypted leave the LUKS tag off.

1. Source your admin credentials:

```
$ source admin-openrc.sh
```

Create an unencrypted 1 GB test volume:

\$ cinder createdisplay-name 'unencrypted volume' 1		
Property	Value	
attachments availability_zone	[] nova	
bootable	false	

ounf - ounf

#### 3. Create an encrypted 1 GB test volume:

\$ cinder createdisplay-name 'en	ncrypted volume'volume-type LUKS 1
Property	Value
attachments availability_zone	[]   nova
bootable   created_at	false   2014-08-10T01:24:24.000000
description encrypted	None True
id   metadata	86060306-6f43-4c92-9ab8-ddcd83acd973   {}
name os-vol-host-attr:host	encrypted volume controller
os-vol-mig-status-attr:migstat os-vol-mig-status-attr:name_id	None None
os-vol-tenant-attr:tenant_id size	08fdea76c760475f82087a45dbe94918   1
snapshot_id source_volid	None None
status user_id	creating
volume_type	LUKS

Notice the encrypted parameter; it will show True/False. The option volume\_type is also shown for easy review.

### **Testing volume encryption**

This is a simple test scenario to help validate your encryption. It assumes an LVM based Block Storage server.

Perform these steps after completing the volume encryption setup and creating the volume-type for LUKS as described in the preceding sections.

#### 1. Create a VM:

```
$ nova boot --flavor m1.tiny --image cirros-0.3.1-x86_64-disk vm-test
```

2. Create two volumes, one encrypted and one not encrypted then attach them to your VM:

```
$ cinder create --display-name 'unencrypted volume' 1
$ cinder create --display-name 'encrypted volume' --volume-type LUKS 1
$ cinder list
       ID Status Name
Size | Volume Type | Bootable | Attached to |
+-----
1 | None | false |
| db50b71c-bf97-47cb-a5cf-b4b43a0edab6 | available | encrypted volume |
1 | LUKS | false |
$ nova volume-attach vm-test 64b48a79-5686-4542-9b52-d649b51c10a2 /dev/vdb
$ nova volume-attach vm-test db50b71c-bf97-47cb-a5cf-b4b43a0edab6 /dev/vdc
```

3. On the VM, send some text to the newly attached volumes and synchronize them:

```
# echo "Hello, world (unencrypted /dev/vdb)" >> /dev/vdb
# echo "Hello, world (encrypted /dev/vdc)" >> /dev/vdc
# sync && sleep 2
# sync && sleep 2
```

4. On the system hosting cinder volume services, synchronize to flush the I/O cache then test to see if your strings can be found:

```
# sync && sleep 2
# sync && sleep 2
# strings /dev/stack-volumes/volume-* | grep "Hello"
Hello, world (unencrypted /dev/vdb)
```

In the above example you see that the search returns the string written to the unencrypted volume, but not the encrypted one.

# **Additional options**

These options can also be set in the cinder.conf file.

Table 1.44. Description of authorization token configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[keystone_authtoken]	
admin_password = None	(StrOpt) Keystone account password
admin_tenant_name = admin	(StrOpt) Keystone service account tenant name to validate user tokens
admin_token = None	(StrOpt) This option is deprecated and may be removed in a future release. Single shared secret with the Keystone configuration used for bootstrapping a Keystone installation, or otherwise bypassing the normal authentication process. This option should not be used, use `admin_user` and `admin_password` instead.
admin_user = None	(StrOpt) Keystone account username

Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description
auth_admin_prefix =	(StrOpt) Prefix to prepend at the beginning of the Deprecated, use identity_uri.
auth_host = 127.0.0.1	(StrOpt) Host providing the admin Identity API e Deprecated, use identity_uri.
auth_port = 35357	(IntOpt) Port of the admin Identity API endpoint cated, use identity_uri.
auth_protocol = https	(StrOpt) Protocol of the admin Identity API endpor https). Deprecated, use identity_uri.
auth_uri = None	(StrOpt) Complete public Identity API endpoint
auth_version = None	(StrOpt) API version of the admin Identity API er
cache = None	(StrOpt) Env key for the swift cache
cafile = None	(StrOpt) A PEM encoded Certificate Authority to verifying HTTPs connections. Defaults to system (
certfile = None	(StrOpt) Required if Keystone server requires clie cate
check_revocations_for_cached = False	(BoolOpt) If true, the revocation list will be check cached tokens. This requires that PKI tokens are ured on the Keystone server.
delay_auth_decision = False	(BoolOpt) Do not handle authorization requests the middleware, but delegate the authorization to downstream WSGI components
enforce_token_bind = permissive	(StrOpt) Used to control the use and type of toking. Can be set to: "disabled" to not check token "permissive" (default) to validate binding informathe bind type is of a form known to the server are it if not. "strict" like "permissive" but if the bind tyknown the token will be rejected. "required" any token binding is needed to be allowed. Finally the a binding method that must be present in token
hash_algorithms = md5	(ListOpt) Hash algorithms to use for hashing PKI This may be a single algorithm or multiple. The a are those supported by Python standard hashlib. The hashes will be tried in the order given, so pu ferred one first for performance. The result of th hash will be stored in the cache. This will typically multiple values only while migrating from a less significant to a more secure one. Once all the old to expired this option should be set to a single value ter performance.
http_connect_timeout = None	(BoolOpt) Request timeout value for communication in the server.
http_request_max_retries = 3	(IntOpt) How many times are we trying to recon when communicating with Identity API Server.
identity_uri = None	(StrOpt) Complete admin Identity API endpoint. should specify the unversioned root endpoint e.g localhost:35357/
include_service_catalog = True	(BoolOpt) (optional) indicate whether to set the vice-Catalog header. If False, middleware will not service catalog on token validation and will not service-Catalog header.
insecure = False	(BoolOpt) Verify HTTPS connections.
keyfile = None	(StrOpt) Required if Keystone server requires clie cate
memcache_secret_key = None	(StrOpt) (optional, mandatory if memcache_security_strategy is defined) this strir for key derivation.

uno - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description
memcache_security_strategy = None	(StrOpt) (optional) if defined, indicate whether token data should be authenticated or authenticated and encrypted. Acceptable values are MAC or ENCRYPT. If MAC, token data is authenticated (with HMAC) in the cache. If ENCRYPT, token data is encrypted and authenticated in the cache. If the value is not one of these options or empty, auth_token will raise an exception on initialization.
revocation_cache_time = 10	(IntOpt) Determines the frequency at which the list of revoked tokens is retrieved from the Identity service (in seconds). A high number of revocation events combined with a low cache duration may significantly reduce performance.
signing_dir = None	(StrOpt) Directory used to cache files related to PKI tokens
token_cache_time = 300	(IntOpt) In order to prevent excessive effort spent validating tokens, the middleware caches previously-seen tokens for a configurable duration (in seconds). Set to -1 to disable caching completely.

#### Table 1.45. Description of Huawei storage driver configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
cinder_huawei_conf_file = /etc/cin- der/cinder_huawei_conf.xml	(StrOpt) The configuration file for the Cinder Huawei driver

#### **Table 1.46. Description of NAS configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
nas_ip =	(StrOpt) IP address or Hostname of NAS system.
nas_login = admin	(StrOpt) User name to connect to NAS system.
nas_password =	(StrOpt) Password to connect to NAS system.
nas_private_key =	(StrOpt) Filename of private key to use for SSH authentication.
nas_ssh_port = 22	(IntOpt) SSH port to use to connect to NAS system.

#### **Table 1.47. Description of HP MSA Fiber Channel driver configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
msa_vdisk = OpenStack	(StrOpt) The VDisk to use for volume creation.

#### **Table 1.48. Description of Nimble driver configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
nimble_pool_name = default	(StrOpt) Nimble Controller pool name
nimble_subnet_label = *	(StrOpt) Nimble Subnet Label

#### **Table 1.49. Description of Pure Storage driver configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
pure_api_token = None	(StrOpt) REST API authorization token.

Juno - Juno

#### **Table 1.50. Description of database configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
db_backend = sqlalchemy	(StrOpt) The backend to use for db	
db_driver = cinder.db	(StrOpt) Driver to use for database access	
[database]		
backend = sqlalchemy	(StrOpt) The back end to use for the database.	
connection = None	(StrOpt) The SQLAlchemy connection string to use to connect to the database.	
connection_debug = 0	(IntOpt) Verbosity of SQL debugging information: 0=None, 100=Everything.	
connection_trace = False	(BoolOpt) Add Python stack traces to SQL as comment strings.	
db_inc_retry_interval = True	(BoolOpt) If True, increases the interval between database connection retries up to db_max_retry_interval.	
db_max_retries = 20	(IntOpt) Maximum database connection retries before error is raised. Set to -1 to specify an infinite retry count.	
db_max_retry_interval = 10	(IntOpt) If db_inc_retry_interval is set, the maximum seconds between database connection retries.	
db_retry_interval = 1	(IntOpt) Seconds between database connection retries.	
idle_timeout = 3600	(IntOpt) Timeout before idle SQL connections are reaped.	
max_overflow = None	(IntOpt) If set, use this value for max_overflow with SQLAlchemy.	
max_pool_size = None	(IntOpt) Maximum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool.	
max_retries = 10	(IntOpt) Maximum db connection retries during startup. Set to -1 to specify an infinite retry count.	
min_pool_size = 1	(IntOpt) Minimum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool.	
mysql_sql_mode = TRADITIONAL	(StrOpt) The SQL mode to be used for MySQL sessions. This option, including the default, overrides any server-set SQL mode. To use whatever SQL mode is set by the server configuration, set this to no value. Example: mysql_sql_mode=	
pool_timeout = None	(IntOpt) If set, use this value for pool_timeout with SQLAlchemy.	
retry_interval = 10	(IntOpt) Interval between retries of opening a SQL connection.	
slave_connection = None	(StrOpt) The SQLAlchemy connection string to use to connect to the slave database.	
sqlite_db = oslo.sqlite	(StrOpt) The file name to use with SQLite.	
sqlite_synchronous = True	(BoolOpt) If True, SQLite uses synchronous mode.	
use_db_reconnect = False	(BoolOpt) Enable the experimental use of database reconnect on connection lost.	
use_tpool = False	(BoolOpt) Enable the experimental use of thread pooling for all DB API calls	

### Table 1.51. Description of key manager configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[keymgr]	
api_class = cinder.keymgr.conf_key_mgr.ConfKeyManager	(StrOpt) The full class name of the key manager API class

Configuration option = Default value	Description
encryption_api_url = http://localhost:9311/v1	(StrOpt) Url for encryption service.
encryption_auth_url = http://localhost:5000/v2.0	(StrOpt) Authentication url for encryption service.
fixed_key = None	(StrOpt) Fixed key returned by key manager, specified in hex

### **Table 1.52. Description of storage configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	·
allocated_capacity_weight_multiplier = -1.0	(FloatOpt) Multiplier used for weighing volume capacity.  Negative numbers mean to stack vs spread.
capacity_weight_multiplier = 1.0	(FloatOpt) Multiplier used for weighing volume capacity.  Negative numbers mean to stack vs spread.
enabled_backends = None	(ListOpt) A list of backend names to use. These backend names should be backed by a unique [CONFIG] group with its options
iscsi_helper = tgtadm	(StrOpt) iSCSI target user-land tool to use. tgtadm is default, use lioadm for LIO iSCSI support, iseradm for the ISER protocol, or fake for testing.
iscsi_iotype = fileio	(StrOpt) Sets the behavior of the iSCSI target to either perform blockio or fileio optionally, auto can be set and Cinder will autodetect type of backing device
iscsi_ip_address = \$my_ip	(StrOpt) The IP address that the iSCSI daemon is listening on
iscsi_num_targets = 100	(IntOpt) The maximum number of iSCSI target IDs per host
iscsi_port = 3260	(IntOpt) The port that the iSCSI daemon is listening on
iscsi_target_prefix = iqn.2010-10.org.openstack:	(StrOpt) Prefix for iSCSI volumes
iscsi_write_cache = on	(StrOpt) Sets the behavior of the iSCSI target to either perform write-back(on) or write-through(off). This parameter is valid if iscsi_helper is set to tgtadm or iseradm.
iser_helper = tgtadm	(StrOpt) The name of the iSER target user-land tool to use
iser_ip_address = \$my_ip	(StrOpt) The IP address that the iSER daemon is listening on
iser_num_targets = 100	(IntOpt) The maximum number of iSER target IDs per host
iser_port = 3260	(IntOpt) The port that the iSER daemon is listening on
iser_target_prefix = iqn.2010-10.org.iser.openstack:	(StrOpt) Prefix for iSER volumes
max_gigabytes = 10000	(IntOpt) This configure option has been deprecated along with the SimpleScheduler. New scheduler is able to gather capacity information for each host, thus setting the maximum number of volume gigabytes for host is no longer needed. It's safe to remove this configure from cinder.conf.
migration_create_volume_timeout_secs = 300	(IntOpt) Timeout for creating the volume to migrate to when performing volume migration (seconds)
num_iser_scan_tries = 3	(IntOpt) The maximum number of times to rescan iSER targetto find volume
num_volume_device_scan_tries = 3	(IntOpt) The maximum number of times to rescan targets to find volume
volume_backend_name = None	(StrOpt) The backend name for a given driver implementation
volume_clear = zero	(StrOpt) Method used to wipe old volumes (valid options are: none, zero, shred)

Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description
volume_clear_ionice = None	(StrOpt) The flag to pass to ionice to alter the i/o priority of the process used to zero a volume after deletion, for example "-c3" for idle only priority.
volume_clear_size = 0	(IntOpt) Size in MiB to wipe at start of old volumes. 0 => all
volume_copy_blkio_cgroup_name = cinder-volume-copy	(StrOpt) The blkio cgroup name to be used to limit bandwidth of volume copy
volume_copy_bps_limit = 0	(IntOpt) The upper limit of bandwidth of volume copy. 0 => unlimited
volume_dd_blocksize = 1M	(StrOpt) The default block size used when copying/clearing volumes
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.lvm.LVMISCSIDriver	(StrOpt) Driver to use for volume creation
volume_manager = cinder.volume.manager.VolumeManager	(StrOpt) Full class name for the Manager for volume
volume_service_inithost_offload = False	(BoolOpt) Offload pending volume delete during volume service startup
volume_usage_audit_period = month	(StrOpt) Time period for which to generate volume usages. The options are hour, day, month, or year.
volumes_dir = \$state_path/volumes	(StrOpt) Volume configuration file storage directory

### **Table 1.53. Description of RPC configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
matchmaker_heartbeat_freq = 300	(IntOpt) Heartbeat frequency.
matchmaker_heartbeat_ttl = 600	(IntOpt) Heartbeat time-to-live.
rpc_backend = rabbit	(StrOpt) The messaging driver to use, defaults to rabbit. Other drivers include qpid and zmq.
rpc_cast_timeout = 30	(IntOpt) Seconds to wait before a cast expires (TTL). Only supported by impl_zmq.
rpc_conn_pool_size = 30	(IntOpt) Size of RPC connection pool.
rpc_response_timeout = 60	(IntOpt) Seconds to wait for a response from a call.
rpc_thread_pool_size = 64	(IntOpt) Size of RPC greenthread pool.
volume_topic = cinder-volume	(StrOpt) The topic that volume nodes listen on

#### Table 1.54. Description of AMQP configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
amqp_auto_delete = False	(BoolOpt) Auto-delete queues in amqp.
amqp_durable_queues = False	(BoolOpt) Use durable queues in amqp.
control_exchange = openstack	(StrOpt) The default exchange under which topics are scoped. May be overridden by an exchange name specified in the transport_url option.
notification_driver = []	(MultiStrOpt) Driver or drivers to handle sending notifications.
notification_topics = notifications	(ListOpt) AMQP topic used for OpenStack notifications.
transport_url = None	(StrOpt) A URL representing the messaging driver to use and its full configuration. If not set, we fall back to the rpc_backend option and driver specific configuration.

Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
qpid_heartbeat = 60	(IntOpt) Seconds between connection keepalive heart- beats.
qpid_hostname = localhost	(StrOpt) Qpid broker hostname.
qpid_hosts = \$qpid_hostname:\$qpid_port	(ListOpt) Qpid HA cluster host:port pairs.
qpid_password =	(StrOpt) Password for Qpid connection.
qpid_port = 5672	(IntOpt) Qpid broker port.
qpid_protocol = tcp	(StrOpt) Transport to use, either 'tcp' or 'ssl'.
qpid_receiver_capacity = 1	(IntOpt) The number of prefetched messages held by receiver.
qpid_sasl_mechanisms =	(StrOpt) Space separated list of SASL mechanisms to use for auth.
qpid_tcp_nodelay = True	(BoolOpt) Whether to disable the Nagle algorithm.
<pre>qpid_topology_version = 1</pre>	(IntOpt) The qpid topology version to use. Version 1 is what was originally used by impl_qpid. Version 2 includes some backwards-incompatible changes that allow broker federation to work. Users should update to version 2 when they are able to take everything down, as it requires a clean break.
qpid_username =	(StrOpt) Username for Qpid connection.

### Table 1.56. Description of RabbitMQ configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
kombu_reconnect_delay = 1.0	(FloatOpt) How long to wait before reconnecting in response to an AMQP consumer cancel notification.	
kombu_ssl_ca_certs =	(StrOpt) SSL certification authority file (valid only if SSL enabled).	
kombu_ssl_certfile =	(StrOpt) SSL cert file (valid only if SSL enabled).	
kombu_ssl_keyfile =	(StrOpt) SSL key file (valid only if SSL enabled).	
kombu_ssl_version =	(StrOpt) SSL version to use (valid only if SSL enabled). valid values are TLSv1, SSLv23 and SSLv3. SSLv2 may be available on some distributions.	
rabbit_ha_queues = False	(BoolOpt) Use HA queues in RabbitMQ (x-ha-policy: all). If you change this option, you must wipe the RabbitMQ database.	
rabbit_host = localhost	(StrOpt) The RabbitMQ broker address where a single node is used.	
rabbit_hosts = \$rabbit_host:\$rabbit_port	(ListOpt) RabbitMQ HA cluster host:port pairs.	
rabbit_login_method = AMQPLAIN	(StrOpt) the RabbitMQ login method	
rabbit_max_retries = 0	(IntOpt) Maximum number of RabbitMQ connection retries. Default is 0 (infinite retry count).	
rabbit_password = guest	(StrOpt) The RabbitMQ password.	
rabbit_port = 5672	(IntOpt) The RabbitMQ broker port where a single node is used.	
rabbit_retry_backoff = 2	(IntOpt) How long to backoff for between retries when connecting to RabbitMQ.	
rabbit_retry_interval = 1	(IntOpt) How frequently to retry connecting with Rabbit-MQ.	

uno - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description
rabbit_use_ssl = False	(BoolOpt) Connect over SSL for RabbitMQ.
rabbit_userid = guest	(StrOpt) The RabbitMQ userid.
rabbit_virtual_host = /	(StrOpt) The RabbitMQ virtual host.

#### **Table 1.57. Description of Redis configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[matchmaker_redis]	
host = 127.0.0.1	(StrOpt) Host to locate redis.
password = None	(StrOpt) Password for Redis server (optional).
port = 6379	(IntOpt) Use this port to connect to redis host.
[matchmaker_ring]	
ringfile = /etc/oslo/matchmaker_ring.json	(StrOpt) Matchmaker ring file (JSON).

#### Table 1.58. Description of ZeroMQ configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
rpc_zmq_bind_address = *	(StrOpt) ZeroMQ bind address. Should be a wildcard (*), an ethernet interface, or IP. The "host" option should point or resolve to this address.
rpc_zmq_contexts = 1	(IntOpt) Number of ZeroMQ contexts, defaults to 1.
rpc_zmq_host = localhost	(StrOpt) Name of this node. Must be a valid hostname, FQDN, or IP address. Must match "host" option, if running Nova.
rpc_zmq_ipc_dir = /var/run/openstack	(StrOpt) Directory for holding IPC sockets.
rpc_zmq_matchmaker = oslo.messagingdrivers.matchmaker.MatchMakerLocalhos	(StrOpt) MatchMaker driver.
rpc_zmq_port = 9501	(IntOpt) ZeroMQ receiver listening port.
rpc_zmq_topic_backlog = None	(IntOpt) Maximum number of ingress messages to locally buffer per topic. Default is unlimited.

#### **Table 1.59. Description of Solaris SAN configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
san_zfs_volume_base = rpool/	(StrOpt) The ZFS path under which to create zvols for volumes.

### **Table 1.60. Description of rootwrap configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
filters_path = /etc/cinder/rootwrap.d,/usr/share/cinder/rootwrap	List of directories to load filter definitions from (separated by ','). These directories MUST all be only writeable by root!
exec_dirs = /sbin,/usr/sbin,/bin,/usr/bin	List of directories to search executables in, in case filters do not explicitely specify a full path (separated by ',') If not specified, defaults to system PATH environment variable. These directories MUST all be only writeable by root!

Configuration option = Default value	Description
use_syslog = False	Enable logging to syslog Default value is False
syslog_log_facility = syslog	Which syslog facility to use. Valid values include auth, authoriv, syslog, local0, local1 Default value is 'syslog'
syslog_log_level = ERROR	Which messages to log. INFO means log all usage ERROR means only log unsuccessful attempts

### Table 1.61. Description of CA and SSL configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
ssl_ca_file = None	(StrOpt) CA certificate file to use to verify connecting clients	
ssl_cert_file = None	(StrOpt) Certificate file to use when starting the server securely	
ssl_key_file = None	(StrOpt) Private key file to use when starting the server securely	
[ssl]		
ca_file = None	(StrOpt) CA certificate file to use to verify connecting clients	
cert_file = None	(StrOpt) Certificate file to use when starting the server securely	
key_file = None	(StrOpt) Private key file to use when starting the server securely	

#### **Table 1.62. Description of images configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
allowed_direct_url_schemes =	(ListOpt) A list of url schemes that can be downloaded directly via the direct_url. Currently supported schemes: [file].
glance_api_insecure = False	(BoolOpt) Allow to perform insecure SSL (https) requests to glance
glance_api_servers = \$glance_host:\$glance_port	(ListOpt) A list of the glance API servers available to cinder ([hostname ip]:port)
glance_api_ssl_compression = False	(BoolOpt) Enables or disables negotiation of SSL layer compression. In some cases disabling compression can improve data throughput, such as when high network bandwidth is available and you use compressed image formats like qcow2.
glance_api_version = 1	(IntOpt) Version of the glance API to use
glance_ca_certificates_file = None	(StrOpt) Location of ca certificates file to use for glance client requests.
glance_core_properties = checksum, container_format, disk_format, image_name, image_id, min_disk, min_ram, name, size	(ListOpt) Default core properties of image
glance_host = \$my_ip	(StrOpt) Default glance host name or IP
glance_num_retries = 0	(IntOpt) Number retries when downloading an image from glance
glance_port = 9292	(IntOpt) Default glance port
glance_request_timeout = None	(IntOpt) http/https timeout value for glance operations. If no value (None) is supplied here, the glanceclient default value is used.

uno - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
backup_swift_auth_version = 1	(StrOpt) Swift authentication version. Specify "1" for auth 1.0, or "2" for auth 2.0
backup_swift_tenant = None	(StrOpt) Swift tenant/account name. Required when connecting to an auth 2.0 system

#### Table 1.64. Description of EMC configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
cinder_emc_config_file = /etc/cin- der/cinder_emc_config.xml	(StrOpt) use this file for cinder emc plugin config data
destroy_empty_storage_group = False	(BoolOpt) To destroy storage group when the last LUN is removed from it. By default, the value is False.
initiator_auto_registration = False	(BoolOpt) Automatically register initiators. By default, the value is False.
iscsi_initiators =	(StrOpt) Mapping between hostname and its iSCSI initiator IP addresses.
max_luns_per_storage_group = 255	(IntOpt) Default max number of LUNs in a storage group. By default, the value is 255.
naviseccli_path =	(StrOpt) Naviseccli Path.
storage_vnx_authentication_type = global	(StrOpt) VNX authentication scope type.
storage_vnx_pool_name = None	(StrOpt) Storage pool name.
storage_vnx_security_file_dir = None	(StrOpt) Directory path that contains the VNX security file. Make sure the security file is generated first.

#### Table 1.65. Description of backups configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
backup_api_class = cinder.backup.api.API	(StrOpt) The full class name of the volume backup API class
backup_compression_algorithm = zlib	(StrOpt) Compression algorithm (None to disable)
backup_driver = cinder.backup.drivers.swift	(StrOpt) Driver to use for backups.
backup_manager = cinder.backup.manager.BackupManager	(StrOpt) Full class name for the Manager for volume back- up
backup_metadata_version = 1	(IntOpt) Backup metadata version to be used when backing up volume metadata. If this number is bumped, make sure the service doing the restore supports the new version.
backup_name_template = backup-%s	(StrOpt) Template string to be used to generate backup names
backup_topic = cinder-backup	(StrOpt) The topic that volume backup nodes listen on

Configuration option = Default value	Description
snapshot_name_template = snapshot-%s	(StrOpt) Template string to be used to generate snapshot names
snapshot_same_host = True	(BoolOpt) Create volume from snapshot at the host where snapshot resides

#### Table 1.66. Description of HP 3PAR Fibre Channel and iSCSI drivers configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
hp3par_api_url =	(StrOpt) 3PAR WSAPI Server Url like https://<3par ip>:8080/api/v1
hp3par_cpg = OpenStack	(StrOpt) The CPG to use for volume creation
hp3par_cpg_snap =	(StrOpt) The CPG to use for Snapshots for volumes. If empty hp3par_cpg will be used
hp3par_debug = False	(BoolOpt) Enable HTTP debugging to 3PAR
hp3par_iscsi_chap_enabled = False	(BoolOpt) Enable CHAP authentication for iSCSI connections.
hp3par_iscsi_ips =	(ListOpt) List of target iSCSI addresses to use.
hp3par_password =	(StrOpt) 3PAR Super user password
hp3par_snapshot_expiration =	(StrOpt) The time in hours when a snapshot expires and is deleted. This must be larger than expiration
hp3par_snapshot_retention =	(StrOpt) The time in hours to retain a snapshot. You can't delete it before this expires.
hp3par_username =	(StrOpt) 3PAR Super user username

#### **Table 1.67. Description of API configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
api_paste_config = api-paste.ini	(StrOpt) File name for the paste.deploy config for cin- der-api
api_rate_limit = True	(BoolOpt) Enables or disables rate limit of the API.
az_cache_duration = 3600	(IntOpt) Cache volume availability zones in memory for the provided duration in seconds
default_timeout = 525600	(IntOpt) Default timeout for CLI operations in minutes. For example, LUN migration is a typical long running operation, which depends on the LUN size and the load of the array. An upper bound in the specific deployment can be set to avoid unnecessary long wait. By default, it is 365 days long.
enable_v1_api = True	(BoolOpt) DEPRECATED: Deploy v1 of the Cinder API.
enable_v2_api = True	(BoolOpt) Deploy v2 of the Cinder API.
extra_capabilities = {}	(StrOpt) User defined capabilities, a JSON formatted string specifying key/value pairs.
max_header_line = 16384	(IntOpt) Maximum line size of message headers to be accepted. max_header_line may need to be increased when using large tokens (typically those generated by the Keystone v3 API with big service catalogs).
osapi_max_limit = 1000	(IntOpt) The maximum number of items that a collection resource returns in a single response
osapi_max_request_body_size = 114688	(IntOpt) Max size for body of a request

uno - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description
osapi_volume_base_URL = None	(StrOpt) Base URL that will be presented to users in links to the OpenStack Volume API
osapi_volume_ext_list =	(ListOpt) Specify list of extensions to load when using osapi_volume_extension option with cinder.api.contrib.select_extensions
osapi_volume_extension = ['cinder.api.contrib.standard_extensions']	(MultiStrOpt) osapi volume extension to load
osapi_volume_listen = 0.0.0.0	(StrOpt) IP address on which OpenStack Volume API listens
osapi_volume_listen_port = 8776	(IntOpt) Port on which OpenStack Volume API listens
osapi_volume_workers = None	(IntOpt) Number of workers for OpenStack Volume API service. The default is equal to the number of CPUs available.
transfer_api_class = cinder.transfer.api.API	(StrOpt) The full class name of the volume transfer API class
volume_api_class = cinder.volume.api.API	(StrOpt) The full class name of the volume API class to use
volume_name_template = volume-%s	(StrOpt) Template string to be used to generate volume names
volume_number_multiplier = -1.0	(FloatOpt) Multiplier used for weighing volume number. Negative numbers mean to spread vs stack.
volume_transfer_key_length = 16	(IntOpt) The number of characters in the autogenerated auth key.
volume_transfer_salt_length = 8	(IntOpt) The number of characters in the salt.

# Table 1.68. Description of HP LeftHand/StoreVirtual driver configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
hplefthand_api_url = None	(StrOpt) HP LeftHand WSAPI Server Url like https:// <left- Hand ip&gt;:8081/lhos</left- 
hplefthand_clustername = None	(StrOpt) HP LeftHand cluster name
hplefthand_debug = False	(BoolOpt) Enable HTTP debugging to LeftHand
hplefthand_iscsi_chap_enabled = False	(BoolOpt) Configure CHAP authentication for iSCSI connections (Default: Disabled)
hplefthand_password = None	(StrOpt) HP LeftHand Super user password
hplefthand_username = None	(StrOpt) HP LeftHand Super user username

### **Table 1.69. Description of Scality SOFS volume driver configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
scality_sofs_config = None	(StrOpt) Path or URL to Scality SOFS configuration file
scality_sofs_mount_point = \$state_path/scality	(StrOpt) Base dir where Scality SOFS shall be mounted
scality_sofs_volume_dir = cinder/volumes	(StrOpt) Path from Scality SOFS root to volume dir

#### Table 1.70. Description of block device configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
available_devices =	(ListOpt) List of all available devices

0
$\equiv$
1
0
$\overline{\mathcal{C}}$
$\supset$
_
1
no
$\supset$
Jur
ī
0
$\equiv$
$\equiv$
1
0
Ē
Juno
1
0
)
Jul
1
0
n
_
_
1
0
- 0[
- 0[
- 0[
- ounf
- 0[
- Juno -
- Juno -
- Juno -
- ounf - oun
- Juno -
- ounf - oun
- Juno - Juno -
- ounf - ounf - o
- ounf - ounf - ou
- ounf - ounf - ou
- ounf - ounf - o
- ounf - ounf - ou
- Juno - Juno - Juno -
- ounf - ounf - o
- ounf - ounf - o
- ounf - ounf - our
- ounf - ounf - our
- ounc - Juno - Juno -
- Juno - Juno - Juno -
- ounf - ounf - ounf - o
- ounf - ounf - ounf - o
- ounf - ounf - ounf - ou
- ounf - ounf - ounf - oun
- ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf
- Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno -
- ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - o
- ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - o
- ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ou
- ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - our
- ounf - oune - Juno - Juno - Juno -
- ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - our
- Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno -
- ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - o
- Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno -

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
nova_api_insecure = False	(BoolOpt) Allow to perform insecure SSL requests to nova
nova_ca_certificates_file = None	(StrOpt) Location of ca certificates file to use for nova client requests.
nova_catalog_admin_info = compute:nova:adminURL	(StrOpt) Same as nova_catalog_info, but for admin endpoint.
nova_catalog_info = compute:nova:publicURL	(StrOpt) Match this value when searching for nova in the service catalog. Format is: separated values of the form: <service_type>:<service_name>:<endpoint_type></endpoint_type></service_name></service_type>
nova_endpoint_admin_template = None	(StrOpt) Same as nova_endpoint_template, but for admin endpoint.
nova_endpoint_template = None	(StrOpt) Override service catalog lookup with template for nova endpoint e.g. http://localhost:8774/v2/%(project_id)s
os_region_name = None	(StrOpt) Region name of this node

#### **Table 1.72. Description of SAN configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
san_clustername =	(StrOpt) Cluster name to use for creating volumes
san_ip =	(StrOpt) IP address of SAN controller
san_is_local = False	(BoolOpt) Execute commands locally instead of over SSH; use if the volume service is running on the SAN device
san_login = admin	(StrOpt) Username for SAN controller
san_password =	(StrOpt) Password for SAN controller
san_private_key =	(StrOpt) Filename of private key to use for SSH authentication
san_secondary_ip = None	(StrOpt) VNX secondary SP IP Address.
san_ssh_port = 22	(IntOpt) SSH port to use with SAN
san_thin_provision = True	(BoolOpt) Use thin provisioning for SAN volumes?
ssh_conn_timeout = 30	(IntOpt) SSH connection timeout in seconds
ssh_max_pool_conn = 5	(IntOpt) Maximum ssh connections in the pool
ssh_min_pool_conn = 1	(IntOpt) Minimum ssh connections in the pool

### Table 1.73. Description of zones configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
cloned_volume_same_az = True	(BoolOpt) Ensure that the new volumes are the same AZ as snapshot or source volume

### Table 1.74. Description of authorization configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
auth_strategy = noauth	(StrOpt) The strategy to use for auth. Supports noauth, keystone, and deprecated.

#### **Table 1.75. Description of scheduler configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
scheduler_default_filters = AvailabilityZoneFilter, Capacity- Filter, CapabilitiesFilter	(ListOpt) Which filter class names to use for filtering hosts when not specified in the request.
scheduler_default_weighers = CapacityWeigher	(ListOpt) Which weigher class names to use for weighing hosts.
scheduler_driver = cinder.scheduler.filter_scheduler	(StrOpt) Default scheduler driver to use
scheduler_host_manager = cinder.scheduler.host_manager.HostManager	(StrOpt) The scheduler host manager class to use
scheduler_json_config_location =	(StrOpt) Absolute path to scheduler configuration JSON file.
scheduler_manager = cinder.scheduler.manager.SchedulerManager	(StrOpt) Full class name for the Manager for scheduler
scheduler_max_attempts = 3	(IntOpt) Maximum number of attempts to schedule an volume
scheduler_topic = cinder-scheduler	(StrOpt) The topic that scheduler nodes listen on

#### Table 1.76. Description of quota configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
max_age = 0	(IntOpt) Number of seconds between subsequent usage refreshes
quota_backup_gigabytes = 1000	(IntOpt) Total amount of storage, in gigabytes, allowed for backups per project
quota_backups = 10	(IntOpt) Number of volume backups allowed per project
quota_consistencygroups = 10	(IntOpt) Number of consistencygroups allowed per project
quota_driver = cinder.quota.DbQuotaDriver	(StrOpt) Default driver to use for quota checks
quota_gigabytes = 1000	(IntOpt) Total amount of storage, in gigabytes, allowed for volumes and snapshots per project
quota_snapshots = 10	(IntOpt) Number of volume snapshots allowed per project
quota_volumes = 10	(IntOpt) Number of volumes allowed per project
reservation_expire = 86400	(IntOpt) Number of seconds until a reservation expires
use_default_quota_class = True	(BoolOpt) Enables or disables use of default quota class with default quota.

#### **Table 1.77. Description of common configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
compute_api_class = cinder.compute.nova.API	(StrOpt) The full class name of the compute API class to use
consistencygroup_api_class = cinder.consistencygroup.api.API	(StrOpt) The full class name of the consistencygroup API class
default_availability_zone = None	(StrOpt) Default availability zone for new volumes. If not set, the storage_availability_zone option value is used as the default for new volumes.
default_volume_type = None	(StrOpt) Default volume type to use
enable_new_services = True	(BoolOpt) Services to be added to the available pool on create

ound - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description
host = localhost	(StrOpt) Name of this node. This can be an opaque identifier. It is not necessarily a host name, FQDN, or IP address.
iet_conf = /etc/iet/ietd.conf	(StrOpt) IET configuration file
lio_initiator_iqns =	(StrOpt) Comma-separated list of initiator IQNs allowed to connect to the iSCSI target. (From Nova compute nodes.)
lock_path = None	(StrOpt) Directory to use for lock files. Default to a temp directory
memcached_servers = None	(ListOpt) Memcached servers or None for in process cache.
monkey_patch = False	(BoolOpt) Enable monkey patching
monkey_patch_modules =	(ListOpt) List of modules/decorators to monkey patch
my_ip = 10.0.0.1	(StrOpt) IP address of this host
no_snapshot_gb_quota = False	(BoolOpt) Whether snapshots count against GigaByte quo ta
num_shell_tries = 3	(IntOpt) Number of times to attempt to run flakey shell commands
periodic_fuzzy_delay = 60	(IntOpt) Range, in seconds, to randomly delay when starting the periodic task scheduler to reduce stampeding. (Disable by setting to 0)
periodic_interval = 60	(IntOpt) Interval, in seconds, between running periodic tasks
policy_default_rule = default	(StrOpt) Default rule. Enforced when a requested rule is not found.
policy_file = policy.json	(StrOpt) The JSON file that defines policies.
replication_api_class = cinder.replication.api.API	(StrOpt) The full class name of the volume replication API class
report_interval = 10	(IntOpt) Interval, in seconds, between nodes reporting state to datastore
reserved_percentage = 0	(IntOpt) The percentage of backend capacity is reserved
rootwrap_config = /etc/cinder/rootwrap.conf	(StrOpt) Path to the rootwrap configuration file to use for running commands as root
run_external_periodic_tasks = True	(BoolOpt) Some periodic tasks can be run in a separate process. Should we run them here?
service_down_time = 60	(IntOpt) Maximum time since last check-in for a service to be considered up
ssh_hosts_key_file = \$state_path/ssh_known_hosts	(StrOpt) File containing SSH host keys for the systems with which Cinder needs to communicate. OPTIONAL: Default=\$state_path/ssh_known_hosts
state_path = /var/lib/cinder	(StrOpt) Top-level directory for maintaining cinder's state
storage_availability_zone = nova	(StrOpt) Availability zone of this node
strict_ssh_host_key_policy = False	(BoolOpt) Option to enable strict host key checking. When set to "True" Cinder will only connect to systems with a host key present in the configured "ssh_hosts_key_file". When set to "False" the host key will be saved upon first connection and used for subsequent connections. Default=False
tcp_keepalive = True	(BoolOpt) Sets the value of TCP_KEEPALIVE (True/False) for each server socket.
tcp_keepalive_count = None	(IntOpt) Sets the value of TCP_KEEPCNT for each server socket. Not supported on OS X.
tcp_keepalive_interval = None	(IntOpt) Sets the value of TCP_KEEPINTVL in seconds for each server socket. Not supported on OS X.

uno - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
debug = False	(BoolOpt) Print debugging output (set logging level to DE-BUG instead of default WARNING level).
default_log_levels = amqp=WARN, amqplib=WARN, boto=WARN, qpid=WARN, sqlalchemy=WARN, suds=INFO, oslo.messaging=INFO, iso8601=WARN, requests.packages.urllib3.connectionpool=WARN, urllib3.connectionpool=WARN, websocket=WARN, keystonemiddleware=WARN, routes.middleware=WARN, stevedore=WARN	(ListOpt) List of logger=LEVEL pairs.
fatal_deprecations = False	(BoolOpt) Enables or disables fatal status of deprecations.
fatal_exception_format_errors = False	(BoolOpt) Make exception message format errors fatal.
instance_format = "[instance: %(uuid)s] "	(StrOpt) The format for an instance that is passed with the log message.
instance_uuid_format = "[instance: %(uuid)s] "	(StrOpt) The format for an instance UUID that is passed with the log message.
log_config_append = None	(StrOpt) The name of a logging configuration file. This file is appended to any existing logging configuration files. For details about logging configuration files, see the Python logging module documentation.
log_date_format = %Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S	(StrOpt) Format string for %%(asctime)s in log records. Default: %(default)s .
log_dir = None	(StrOpt) (Optional) The base directory used for relative – log-file paths.
log_file = None	(StrOpt) (Optional) Name of log file to output to. If no default is set, logging will go to stdout.
log_format = None	(StrOpt) DEPRECATED. A logging.Formatter log message format string which may use any of the available logging.LogRecord attributes. This option is deprecated. Please use logging_context_format_string and logging_default_format_string instead.
logging_context_format_string = %(asctime)s. %(msecs)03d %(process)d %(levelname)s %(name)s [%(request_id)s %(user_identity)s] %(instance)s %(message)s	(StrOpt) Format string to use for log messages with context.
logging_debug_format_suffix = %(funcName)s %(pathname)s:%(lineno)d	(StrOpt) Data to append to log format when level is DE-BUG.
logging_default_format_string = %(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d %(process)d %(levelname)s %(name)s [-] %(instance)s %(message)s	(StrOpt) Format string to use for log messages without context.
logging_exception_prefix = %(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d %(process)d TRACE %(name)s %(instance)s	(StrOpt) Prefix each line of exception output with this format.

Configuration option = Default value	Description
publish_errors = False	(BoolOpt) Enables or disables publication of error events.
syslog_log_facility = LOG_USER	(StrOpt) Syslog facility to receive log lines.
use_stderr = True	(BoolOpt) Log output to standard error.
use_syslog = False	(BoolOpt) Use syslog for logging. Existing syslog format is DEPRECATED during I, and will change in J to honor RFC5424.
use_syslog_rfc_format = False	(BoolOpt) (Optional) Enables or disables syslog rfc5424 format for logging. If enabled, prefixes the MSG part of the syslog message with APP-NAME (RFC5424). The format without the APP-NAME is deprecated in I, and will be removed in J.
verbose = False	(BoolOpt) Print more verbose output (set logging level to INFO instead of default WARNING level).

#### Table 1.79. Description of logging configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
backdoor_port = None	(StrOpt) Enable eventlet backdoor. Acceptable values are 0, <port>, and <start>:<end>, where 0 results in listening on a random tcp port number; <port> results in listening on the specified port number (and not enabling backdoor if that port is in use); and <start>:<end> results in listening on the smallest unused port number within the specified range of port numbers. The chosen port is displayed in the service's log file.</end></start></port></end></start></port>
disable_process_locking = False	(BoolOpt) Whether to disable inter-process locks

#### Table 1.80. Description of testing configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
fake_rabbit = False	(BoolOpt) If passed, use a fake RabbitMQ provider.

#### Table 1.81. Description of profiler configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[profiler]	
profiler_enabled = False (BoolOpt) If False fully disable profiling feature.	
trace_sqlalchemy = False	(BoolOpt) If False doesn't trace SQL requests.

#### Table 1.82. Description of Fusion-io driver configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
fusionio_iocontrol_retry = 3	(IntOpt) number of retries for GET operations
fusionio_iocontrol_targetdelay = 5	(IntOpt) amount of time wait for iSCSI target to come on-
fusionio_iocontrol_verify_cert = True	(BoolOpt) verify the array certificate on each transaction

#### Table 1.83. Description of IBM NAS volume driver configuration options

•	Configuration option = Default value	Description	
I	DEFAULT]		

Configuration option = Default value	Description
ibmnas_platform_type = v7ku	(StrOpt) IBMNAS platform type to be used as backend storage; valid values are - v7ku : for using IBM Storwize V7000 Unified, sonas : for using IBM Scale Out NAS, gpfsnas : for using NFS based IBM GPFS deployments.

#### Table 1.84. Description of Datera volume driver configuration options

December 8, 2015

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	·
datera_api_port = 7717	(StrOpt) Datera API port.
datera_api_token = None	(StrOpt) Datera API token.
datera_api_version = 1	(StrOpt) Datera API version.
datera_num_replicas = 3	(StrOpt) Number of replicas to create of an inode.
driver_client_cert = None	(StrOpt) The path to the client certificate for verification, if the driver supports it.
driver_client_cert_key = None	(StrOpt) The path to the client certificate key for verification, if the driver supports it.

# Table 1.85. Description of Fujitsu ETERNUS DX volume driver configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
cinder_smis_config_file = /etc/cin- der/cinder_fujitsu_eternus_dx.xml	(StrOpt) The configuration file for the Cinder SMI-S driver

#### Table 1.86. Description of Samba volume driver configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
smbfs_default_volume_format = qcow2	(StrOpt) Default format that will be used when creating volumes if no volume format is specified. Can be set to: raw, qcow2, vhd or vhdx.
smbfs_mount_options = noperm,file_mode=0775,dir_mode=0775	(StrOpt) Mount options passed to the smbfs client. See mount.cifs man page for details.
smbfs_mount_point_base = \$state_path/mnt	(StrOpt) Base dir containing mount points for smbfs shares.
smbfs_oversub_ratio = 1.0	(FloatOpt) This will compare the allocated to available space on the volume destination. If the ratio exceeds this number, the destination will no longer be valid.
smbfs_shares_config = /etc/cinder/smbfs_shares	(StrOpt) File with the list of available smbfs shares.
smbfs_sparsed_volumes = True	(BoolOpt) Create volumes as sparsed files which take no space rather than regular files when using raw format, in which case volume creation takes lot of time.
smbfs_used_ratio = 0.95	(FloatOpt) Percent of ACTUAL usage of the underlying volume before no new volumes can be allocated to the volume destination.

# New, updated and deprecated options in Juno for OpenStack Block Storage

#### **Table 1.87. New options**

Option = default value	(Type) Help string
[DEFAULT] az_cache_duration = 3600	(IntOpt) Cache volume availability zones in memory for the provided duration in seconds
[DEFAULT] backup_swift_auth_version = 1	(StrOpt) Swift authentication version. Specify "1" for auth 1.0, or "2" for auth 2.0
[DEFAULT] backup_swift_tenant = None	(StrOpt) Swift tenant/account name. Required when connecting to an auth 2.0 system
[DEFAULT] cinder_smis_config_file = /etc/cin- der/cinder_fujitsu_eternus_dx.xml	(StrOpt) The configuration file for the Cinder SMI-S driver
[DEFAULT] consistencygroup_api_class = cinder.consistencygroup.api.API	(StrOpt) The full class name of the consistencygroup API class
[DEFAULT] datera_api_port = 7717	(StrOpt) Datera API port.
[DEFAULT] datera_api_token = None	(StrOpt) Datera API token.
[DEFAULT] datera_api_version = 1	(StrOpt) Datera API version.
[DEFAULT] datera_num_replicas = 3	(StrOpt) Number of replicas to create of an inode.
[DEFAULT] destroy_empty_storage_group = False	(BoolOpt) To destroy storage group when the last LUN is removed from it. By default, the value is False.
[DEFAULT] dpl_pool =	(StrOpt) DPL pool uuid in which DPL volumes are stored.
[DEFAULT] dpl_port = 8357	(IntOpt) DPL port number.
[DEFAULT] driver_client_cert = None	(StrOpt) The path to the client certificate for verification, if the driver supports it.
[DEFAULT] driver_client_cert_key = None	(StrOpt) The path to the client certificate key for verification, if the driver supports it.
[DEFAULT] fusionio_iocontrol_retry = 3	(IntOpt) number of retries for GET operations
[DEFAULT] fusionio_iocontrol_targetdelay = 5	(IntOpt) amount of time wait for iSCSI target to come on- line
[DEFAULT] fusionio_iocontrol_verify_cert = True	(BoolOpt) verify the array certificate on each transaction
[DEFAULT] glance_ca_certificates_file = None	(StrOpt) Location of ca certificates file to use for glance client requests.
[DEFAULT] glance_core_properties = checksum, container_format, disk_format, image_name, image_id, min_disk, min_ram, name, size	(ListOpt) Default core properties of image
[DEFAULT] hds_hnas_iscsi_config_file = /opt/hds/hnas/cinder_iscsi_conf.xml	(StrOpt) Configuration file for HDS iSCSI cinder plugin
[DEFAULT] hds_hnas_nfs_config_file = /opt/hds/hnas/cinder_nfs_conf.xml	(StrOpt) Configuration file for HDS NFS cinder plugin
[DEFAULT] hitachi_add_chap_user = False	(BoolOpt) Add CHAP user
[DEFAULT] hitachi_async_copy_check_interval = 10	(IntOpt) Interval to check copy asynchronously
[DEFAULT] hitachi_auth_method = None	(StrOpt) iSCSI authentication method
[DEFAULT] hitachi_auth_password = HBSD-CHAP-pass- word	(StrOpt) iSCSI authentication password
[DEFAULT] hitachi_auth_user = HBSD-CHAP-user	(StrOpt) iSCSI authentication username
[DEFAULT] hitachi_copy_check_interval = 3	(IntOpt) Interval to check copy
[DEFAULT] hitachi_copy_speed = 3	(IntOpt) Copy speed of storage system
[DEFAULT] hitachi_default_copy_method = FULL	(StrOpt) Default copy method of storage system

- oun	OpenSta	ack Configu
n	ence	
1		Option = c
oun		[DEFAULT
$\supset$		[DEFAULT
_		[DEFAULT
0		[DEFAULT
L		[DEFAULT
Jun		[DEFAULT
		[DEFAULT
		[DEFAULT
Ī		[DEFAULT
Juno		[DEFAULT
ı.		[DEFAULT
0		[DEFAULT
		[DEFAULT
Juno		[DEFAULT
Juno -		[DEFAULT
'n		
_		[DEFAULT
N O		[DEFAULT
ounf -		[DEFAULT
		[DEFAULT
Juno		[DEFAULT
7		[DEFAULT
1		[DEFAULT
Juno		[DEFAULT
ח		compute:r
,		[DEFAULT
nno		[DEFAULT
_		[DEFAULT
пo		[DEFAULT
nn		[DEFAULT
		[DEFAULT
0		[DEFAULT
Jun		[DEFAULT
		[DEFAULT
0		
Juno		
0		

Oution defends and a	(Tour a) Halo stations
Option = default value	(Type) Help string
[DEFAULT] hitachi_group_range = None	(StrOpt) Range of group number
[DEFAULT] hitachi_group_request = False	(BoolOpt) Request for creating HostGroup or iSCSI Target
[DEFAULT] hitachi_horcm_add_conf = True	(BoolOpt) Add to HORCM configuration
[DEFAULT] hitachi_horcm_numbers = 200,201	(StrOpt) Instance numbers for HORCM
[DEFAULT] hitachi_horcm_password = None	(StrOpt) Password of storage system for HORCM
[DEFAULT] hitachi_horcm_user = None	(StrOpt) Username of storage system for HORCM
[DEFAULT] hitachi_ldev_range = None	(StrOpt) Range of logical device of storage system
[DEFAULT] hitachi_pool_id = None	(IntOpt) Pool ID of storage system
[DEFAULT] hitachi_serial_number = None	(StrOpt) Serial number of storage system
[DEFAULT] hitachi_target_ports = None	(StrOpt) Control port names for HostGroup or iSCSI Target
[DEFAULT] hitachi_thin_pool_id = None	(IntOpt) Thin pool ID of storage system
[DEFAULT] hitachi_unit_name = None	(StrOpt) Name of an array unit
[DEFAULT] hitachi_zoning_request = False	(BoolOpt) Request for FC Zone creating HostGroup
[DEFAULT] hp3par_iscsi_chap_enabled = False	(BoolOpt) Enable CHAP authentication for iSCSI connections.
[DEFAULT] ibmnas_platform_type = v7ku	(StrOpt) IBMNAS platform type to be used as backend storage; valid values are - v7ku : for using IBM Storwize V7000 Unified, sonas : for using IBM Scale Out NAS, gpfsnas : for using NFS based IBM GPFS deployments.
[DEFAULT] initiator_auto_registration = False	(BoolOpt) Automatically register initiators. By default, the value is False.
[DEFAULT] iscsi_initiators =	(StrOpt) Mapping between hostname and its iSCSI initiator IP addresses.
[DEFAULT] iscsi_write_cache = on	(StrOpt) Sets the behavior of the iSCSI target to either perform write-back(on) or write-through(off). This parameter is valid if iscsi_helper is set to tgtadm or iseradm.
[DEFAULT] nimble_pool_name = default	(StrOpt) Nimble Controller pool name
[DEFAULT] nimble_subnet_label = *	(StrOpt) Nimble Subnet Label
[DEFAULT] nova_api_insecure = False	(BoolOpt) Allow to perform insecure SSL requests to nova
[DEFAULT] nova_ca_certificates_file = None	(StrOpt) Location of ca certificates file to use for nova client requests.
[DEFAULT] nova_catalog_admin_info = compute:nova:adminURL	(StrOpt) Same as nova_catalog_info, but for admin endpoint.
[DEFAULT] nova_catalog_info = compute:nova:publicURL	(StrOpt) Match this value when searching for nova in the service catalog. Format is: separated values of the form: <service_type>:<service_name>:<endpoint_type></endpoint_type></service_name></service_type>
[DEFAULT] nova_endpoint_admin_template = None	(StrOpt) Same as nova_endpoint_template, but for admin endpoint.
[DEFAULT] nova_endpoint_template = None	(StrOpt) Override service catalog lookup with template for nova endpoint e.g. http://localhost:8774/v2/%(project_id)s
[DEFAULT] os_region_name = None	(StrOpt) Region name of this node
[DEFAULT] pure_api_token = None	(StrOpt) REST API authorization token.
[DEFAULT] quota_backup_gigabytes = 1000	(IntOpt) Total amount of storage, in gigabytes, allowed for backups per project
[DEFAULT] quota_backups = 10	(IntOpt) Number of volume backups allowed per project
[DEFAULT] quota_consistencygroups = 10	(IntOpt) Number of consistencygroups allowed per project
[DEFAULT] rados_connect_timeout = -1	(IntOpt) Timeout value (in seconds) used when connecting to ceph cluster. If value < 0, no timeout is set and default librados value is used.

ound - Juno - Juno

Option = default value	(Type) Help string
[DEFAULT] rbd_store_chunk_size = 4	(IntOpt) Volumes will be chunked into objects of this size (in megabytes).
[DEFAULT] replication_api_class = cinder.replication.api.API	(StrOpt) The full class name of the volume replication API class
[DEFAULT] san_secondary_ip = None	(StrOpt) VNX secondary SP IP Address.
[DEFAULT] smbfs_default_volume_format = qcow2	(StrOpt) Default format that will be used when creating volumes if no volume format is specified. Can be set to: raw, qcow2, vhd or vhdx.
[DEFAULT] smbfs_mount_options = noperm,file_mode=0775,dir_mode=0775	(StrOpt) Mount options passed to the smbfs client. See mount.cifs man page for details.
[DEFAULT] smbfs_mount_point_base = \$state_path/mnt	(StrOpt) Base dir containing mount points for smbfs shares.
[DEFAULT] smbfs_oversub_ratio = 1.0	(FloatOpt) This will compare the allocated to available space on the volume destination. If the ratio exceeds this number, the destination will no longer be valid.
[DEFAULT] smbfs_shares_config = /etc/cin- der/smbfs_shares	(StrOpt) File with the list of available smbfs shares.
[DEFAULT] smbfs_sparsed_volumes = True	(BoolOpt) Create volumes as sparsed files which take no space rather than regular files when using raw format, in which case volume creation takes lot of time.
[DEFAULT] smbfs_used_ratio = 0.95	(FloatOpt) Percent of ACTUAL usage of the underlying volume before no new volumes can be allocated to the volume destination.
[DEFAULT] ssh_hosts_key_file = \$state_path/ ssh_known_hosts	(StrOpt) File containing SSH host keys for the systems with which Cinder needs to communicate. OPTIONAL: Default=\$state_path/ssh_known_hosts
[DEFAULT] storage_vnx_authentication_type = global	(StrOpt) VNX authentication scope type.
[DEFAULT] storage_vnx_security_file_dir = None	(StrOpt) Directory path that contains the VNX security file Make sure the security file is generated first.
[DEFAULT] storwize_svc_allow_tenant_qos = False	(BoolOpt) Allow tenants to specify QOS on create
[DEFAULT] storwize_svc_npiv_compatibility_mode = False	(BoolOpt) Indicate whether svc driver is compatible for NPIV setup. If it is compatible, it will allow no ww- pns being returned on get_conn_fc_wwpns during initialize_connection
[DEFAULT] storwize_svc_stretched_cluster_partner = None	(StrOpt) If operating in stretched cluster mode, specify the name of the pool in which mirrored copies are stored.Example: "pool2"
[DEFAULT] strict_ssh_host_key_policy = False	(BoolOpt) Option to enable strict host key checking. Wher set to "True" Cinder will only connect to systems with a host key present in the configured "ssh_hosts_key_file". When set to "False" the host key will be saved upon first connection and used for subsequent connections. Default=False
[DEFAULT] swift_catalog_info = ob- ject-store:swift:publicURL	(StrOpt) Info to match when looking for swift in the service catalog. Format is: separated values of the form: <service_type>:<service_name>:<endpoint_type> - Only used if backup_swift_url is unset</endpoint_type></service_name></service_type>
[DEFAULT] tcp_keepalive = True	(BoolOpt) Sets the value of TCP_KEEPALIVE (True/False) for each server socket.
[DEFAULT] tcp_keepalive_count = None	(IntOpt) Sets the value of TCP_KEEPCNT for each server socket. Not supported on OS X.
[DEFAULT] tcp_keepalive_interval = None	(IntOpt) Sets the value of TCP_KEEPINTVL in seconds for each server socket. Not supported on OS X.
[DEFAULT] vmware_tmp_dir = /tmp	(StrOpt) Directory where virtual disks are stored during volume backup and restore.

Option = default value	(Type) Help string
[DEFAULT] volume_copy_blkio_cgroup_name = cinder-vol- ume-copy	(StrOpt) The blkio cgroup name to be used to limit bandwidth of volume copy
[DEFAULT] volume_copy_bps_limit = 0	(IntOpt) The upper limit of bandwidth of volume copy. 0 => unlimited
[DEFAULT] volume_number_multiplier = -1.0	(FloatOpt) Multiplier used for weighing volume number. Negative numbers mean to spread vs stack.
[DEFAULT] zfssa_initiator =	(StrOpt) iSCSI initiator IQNs. (comma separated)
[DEFAULT] zfssa_initiator_group =	(StrOpt) iSCSI initiator group.
[DEFAULT] zfssa_initiator_password =	(StrOpt) iSCSI initiator CHAP password.
[DEFAULT] zfssa_initiator_user =	(StrOpt) iSCSI initiator CHAP user.
[DEFAULT] zfssa_lun_compression =	(StrOpt) Data compression-off, Izjb, gzip-2, gzip, gzip-9.
[DEFAULT] zfssa_lun_logbias =	(StrOpt) Synchronous write bias-latency, throughput.
[DEFAULT] zfssa_lun_sparse = False	(BoolOpt) Flag to enable sparse (thin-provisioned): True, False.
[DEFAULT] zfssa_lun_volblocksize = 8k	(StrOpt) Block size: 512, 1k, 2k, 4k, 8k, 16k, 32k, 64k, 128k.
[DEFAULT] zfssa_pool = None	(StrOpt) Storage pool name.
[DEFAULT] zfssa_project = None	(StrOpt) Project name.
[DEFAULT] zfssa_rest_timeout = None	(IntOpt) REST connection timeout. (seconds)
[DEFAULT] zfssa_target_group = tgt-grp	(StrOpt) iSCSI target group name.
[DEFAULT] zfssa_target_interfaces = None	(StrOpt) Network interfaces of iSCSI targets. (comma separated)
[DEFAULT] zfssa_target_password =	(StrOpt) iSCSI target CHAP password.
[DEFAULT] zfssa_target_portal = None	(StrOpt) iSCSI target portal (Data-IP:Port, w.x.y.z:3260).
[DEFAULT] zfssa_target_user =	(StrOpt) iSCSI target CHAP user.
[CISCO_FABRIC_EXAMPLE] cisco_fc_fabric_address =	(StrOpt) Management IP of fabric
[CISCO_FABRIC_EXAMPLE] cisco_fc_fabric_password =	(StrOpt) Password for user
[CISCO_FABRIC_EXAMPLE] cisco_fc_fabric_port = 22	(IntOpt) Connecting port
[CISCO_FABRIC_EXAMPLE] cisco_fc_fabric_user =	(StrOpt) Fabric user ID
[CISCO_FABRIC_EXAMPLE] cisco_zone_activate = True	(BoolOpt) overridden zoning activation state
[CISCO_FABRIC_EXAMPLE] cisco_zone_name_prefix = None	(StrOpt) overridden zone name prefix
[CISCO_FABRIC_EXAMPLE] cisco_zoning_policy = initia- tor-target	(StrOpt) overridden zoning policy
[CISCO_FABRIC_EXAMPLE] cisco_zoning_vsan = None	(StrOpt) VSAN of the Fabric
[database] db_inc_retry_interval = True	(BoolOpt) If True, increases the interval between database connection retries up to db_max_retry_interval.
[database] db_max_retries = 20	(IntOpt) Maximum database connection retries before error is raised. Set to -1 to specify an infinite retry count.
[database] db_max_retry_interval = 10	(IntOpt) If db_inc_retry_interval is set, the maximum seconds between database connection retries.
[database] db_retry_interval = 1	(IntOpt) Seconds between database connection retries.
[database] mysql_sql_mode = TRADITIONAL	(StrOpt) The SQL mode to be used for MySQL sessions. This option, including the default, overrides any server-set SQL mode. To use whatever SQL mode is set by the server configuration, set this to no value. Example: mysql_sql_mode=
[database] pool_timeout = None	(IntOpt) If set, use this value for pool_timeout with SQLAlchemy.

ounc - Juno - Juno

#### Table 1.88. New default values

Option	Previous default value	New default value	
[DEFAULT] backup_swift_url	http://localhost:8080/v1/AUTH_	None	
[DEFAULT] default_log_levels	amqp=WARN, amqplib=WARN, boto=WARN, qpid=WARN, sqlalchemy=WARN, suds=INFO, oslo.messaging=INFO, iso8601=WARN, requests.packages.urllib3.connectionpo	amqp=WARN, amqplib=WARN, boto=WARN, qpid=WARN, sqlalchemy=WARN, suds=INFO, oslo.messaging=INFO, iso8601=WARN, oote\@ARN\packages.urllib3.connectionpoolurllib3.connectionpool=WARN, websocket=WARN, keystonemiddleware=WARN, routes.middleware=WARN, stevedore=WARN	ol=WARI
[DEFAULT] default_timeout	20	525600	
[DEFAULT] gpfs_storage_pool	None	system	
[DEFAULT] max_luns_per_storage_group	256	255	
[DEFAULT] vmware_task_poll_interval	5	0.5	
[database] connection	sqlite:///\$state_path/\$sqlite_db	None	
[database] max_pool_size	5	None	
[keystone_authtoken] revocation_cache_time	300	10	

Juno - Juno

### **Table 1.89. Deprecated options**

Deprecated option	New Option
[DEFAULT] db_backend	[database] backend

# 2. Compute

### **Table of Contents**

Overview of nova.conf	189
Configure logging	191
Configure authentication and authorization	191
Configure resize	191
Database configuration	192
Configure the Oslo RPC messaging system	
Configure the Compute API	196
Configure the EC2 API	198
Fibre Channel support in Compute	198
Hypervisors	
Scheduling	231
Cells	247
Conductor	251
Example nova.conf configuration files	252
•	
Compute sample configuration files	
New, updated and deprecated options in Juno for OpenStack Compute	

The OpenStack Compute service is a cloud computing fabric controller, which is the main part of an IaaS system. You can use OpenStack Compute to host and manage cloud computing systems. This section describes the OpenStack Compute configuration options.

To configure your Compute installation, you must define configuration options in these files:

- nova.conf. Contains most of the Compute configuration options. Resides in the /etc/nova directory.
- api-paste.ini. Defines Compute limits. Resides in the /etc/nova directory.
- Related Image Service and Identity service management configuration files.

### Overview of nova.conf

The nova.conf configuration file is an INI file format as explained in the section called "Configuration file format" [xx].

You can use a particular configuration option file by using the <code>option</code> (nova.conf) parameter when you run one of the <code>nova-\*</code> services. This parameter inserts configuration option definitions from the specified configuration file name, which might be useful for debugging or performance tuning.

For a list of configuration options, see the tables in this guide.

To learn more about the nova.conf configuration file, review the general purpose configuration options documented in Table 2.20, "Description of common configuration options" [262].



#### **Important**

Do not specify quotes around Nova options.

#### **Sections**

Configuration options are grouped by section. The Compute configuration file supports the following sections:

[DEFAULT] Contains most configuration options. If the documentation

for a configuration option does not specify its section, assume

that it appears in this section.

[baremetal] Configures the baremetal hypervisor driver.

[cells] Configures cells functionality. For details, see the section

called "Cells" [247].

[conductor] Configures the nova-conductor service.

[database] Configures the database that Compute uses.

[glance] Configures how to access the Image Service.

[hyperv] Configures the Hyper-V hypervisor driver.

[image\_file\_url] Configures additional filesystems to access the Image Service.

[keymgr] Configures the key manager.

[keystone\_authtoken] Configures authorization via Identity service.

[libvirt] Configures the hypervisor drivers using the Libvirt library:

KVM, LXC, Qemu, UML, Xen.

[matchmaker\_redis] Configures a Redis server.

[matchmaker\_ring] Configures a matchmaker ring.

[metrics] Configures weights for the metrics weighter.

[neutron] Configures Networking specific options.

[osapi\_v3] Configures the OpenStack Compute API v3.

[rdp] Configures RDP proxying.

[serial\_console] Configures serial console.

[spice]	Configures virtual consoles using SPICE.
[ss1]	Configures certificate authority using SSL.
[trusted_computing]	Configures the trusted computing pools functionality and how to connect to a remote attestation service.
[upgrade_levels]	Configures version locking on the RPC (message queue) communications between the various Compute services to allow live upgrading an OpenStack installation.
[vmware]	Configures the VMware hypervisor driver.
[xenserver]	Configures the XenServer hypervisor driver.
[zookeeper]	Configures the ZooKeeper ServiceGroup driver.

December 8, 2015

juno

# **Configure logging**

OpenStack Configuration Refer-

You can use nova.conf file to configure where Compute logs events, the level of logging, and log formats.

To customize log formats for OpenStack Compute, use the configuration option settings documented in Table 2.39, "Description of logging configuration options" [272].

# Configure authentication and authorization

There are different methods of authentication for the OpenStack Compute project, including no authentication. The preferred system is the OpenStack Identity service, code-named Keystone.

To customize authorization settings for Compute, use the configuration options documented in Table 2.14, "Description of authentication configuration options" [258].

To customize certificate authority settings for Compute, use the configuration options documented in Table 2.18, "Description of CA configuration options" [261].

To customize Compute and the Identity service to use LDAP as a backend, refer to the configuration options documented in Table 2.36, "Description of LDAP configuration options" [270].

# **Configure resize**

Resize (or Server resize) is the ability to change the flavor of a server, thus allowing it to upscale or downscale according to user needs. For this feature to work properly, you might need to configure some underlying virt layers.

#### **KVM**

Resize on KVM is implemented currently by transferring the images between compute nodes over ssh. For KVM you need hostnames to resolve properly and passwordless ssh ac-

cess between your compute hosts. Direct access from one compute host to another is needed to copy the VM file across.

Cloud end users can find out how to resize a server by reading the OpenStack End User Guide.

#### **XenServer**

To get resize to work with XenServer (and XCP), you need to establish a root trust between all hypervisor nodes and provide an /image mount point to your hypervisors dom0.

# **Database configuration**

You can configure OpenStack Compute to use any SQLAlchemy-compatible database. The database name is nova. The nova-conductor service is the only service that writes to the database. The other Compute services access the database through the nova-conductor service.

To ensure that the database schema is current, run the following command:

#### # nova-manage db sync

If nova-conductor is not used, entries to the database are mostly written by the nova-scheduler service, although all services must be able to update entries in the database.

In either case, use the configuration option settings documented in Table 2.25, "Description of database configuration options" [265] to configure the connection string for the nova database.

# Configure the Oslo RPC messaging system

OpenStack projects use AMQP, an open standard for messaging middleware. OpenStack services that run on multiple servers to talk to each other. OpenStack Oslo RPC supports three implementations of AMQP: RabbitMQ, Qpid, and ZeroMQ.

### **Configure RabbitMQ**

OpenStack Oslo RPC uses RabbitMQ by default. Use these options to configure the RabbitMQ message system. The  $rpc\_backend$  option is not required as long as RabbitMQ is the default messaging system. However, if it is included the configuration, you must set it to  $nova.openstack.common.rpc.impl\_kombu$ .

```
rpc_backend=nova.openstack.common.rpc.impl_kombu
```

You can use these additional options to configure the RabbitMQ messaging system. You can configure messaging communication for different installation scenarios, tune retries for RabbitMQ, and define the size of the RPC thread pool. To monitor notifications through RabbitMQ, you must set the notification\_driver option to nova.openstack.common.notifier.rpc\_notifier in the nova.conf file. The de-

1

ound - Juno - Juno

fault for sending usage data is sixty seconds plus a random number of seconds from zero to sixty.

**Table 2.1. Description of RabbitMQ configuration options** 

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
kombu_reconnect_delay = 1.0	(FloatOpt) How long to wait before reconnecting in response to an AMQP consumer cancel notification.
kombu_ssl_ca_certs =	(StrOpt) SSL certification authority file (valid only if SSL enabled).
kombu_ssl_certfile =	(StrOpt) SSL cert file (valid only if SSL enabled).
kombu_ssl_keyfile =	(StrOpt) SSL key file (valid only if SSL enabled).
kombu_ssl_version =	(StrOpt) SSL version to use (valid only if SSL enabled). valid values are TLSv1, SSLv23 and SSLv3. SSLv2 may be available on some distributions.
rabbit_ha_queues = False	(BoolOpt) Use HA queues in RabbitMQ (x-ha-policy: all). If you change this option, you must wipe the RabbitMQ database.
rabbit_host = localhost	(StrOpt) The RabbitMQ broker address where a single node is used.
rabbit_hosts = \$rabbit_host:\$rabbit_port	(ListOpt) RabbitMQ HA cluster host:port pairs.
rabbit_login_method = AMQPLAIN	(StrOpt) the RabbitMQ login method
rabbit_max_retries = 0	(IntOpt) Maximum number of RabbitMQ connection retries. Default is 0 (infinite retry count).
rabbit_password = guest	(StrOpt) The RabbitMQ password.
rabbit_port = 5672	(IntOpt) The RabbitMQ broker port where a single node is used.
rabbit_retry_backoff = 2	(IntOpt) How long to backoff for between retries when connecting to RabbitMQ.
rabbit_retry_interval = 1	(IntOpt) How frequently to retry connecting with Rabbit-MQ.
rabbit_use_ssl = False	(BoolOpt) Connect over SSL for RabbitMQ.
rabbit_userid = guest	(StrOpt) The RabbitMQ userid.
rabbit_virtual_host = /	(StrOpt) The RabbitMQ virtual host.

### **Configure Qpid**

Use these options to configure the Qpid messaging system for OpenStack Oslo RPC. Qpid is not the default messaging system, so you must enable it by setting the rpc\_backend option in the nova.conf file.

rpc\_backend=nova.openstack.common.rpc.impl\_qpid

This critical option points the compute nodes to the Qpid broker (server). Set qpid\_hostname to the host name where the broker runs in the nova.conf file.



#### Note

The --qpid\_hostname option accepts a host name or IP address value.

qpid\_hostname=hostname.example.com

If the Qpid broker listens on a port other than the AMQP default of 5672, you must set the qpid\_port option to that value:

```
qpid_port=12345
```

If you configure the Qpid broker to require authentication, you must add a user name and password to the configuration:

```
qpid_username=username
qpid_password=password
```

By default, TCP is used as the transport. To enable SSL, set the <code>qpid\_protocol</code> option:

```
qpid_protocol=ssl
```

This table lists additional options that you use to configure the Qpid messaging driver for OpenStack Oslo RPC. These options are used infrequently.

Table 2.2. Description of Qpid configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	,
qpid_heartbeat = 60	(IntOpt) Seconds between connection keepalive heart- beats.
qpid_hostname = localhost	(StrOpt) Qpid broker hostname.
qpid_hosts = \$qpid_hostname:\$qpid_port	(ListOpt) Qpid HA cluster host:port pairs.
qpid_password =	(StrOpt) Password for Qpid connection.
qpid_port = 5672	(IntOpt) Qpid broker port.
qpid_protocol = tcp	(StrOpt) Transport to use, either 'tcp' or 'ssl'.
qpid_receiver_capacity = 1	(IntOpt) The number of prefetched messages held by receiver.
qpid_sasl_mechanisms =	(StrOpt) Space separated list of SASL mechanisms to use for auth.
qpid_tcp_nodelay = True	(BoolOpt) Whether to disable the Nagle algorithm.
qpid_topology_version = 1	(IntOpt) The qpid topology version to use. Version 1 is what was originally used by impl_qpid. Version 2 includes some backwards-incompatible changes that allow broker federation to work. Users should update to version 2 when they are able to take everything down, as it requires a clean break.
qpid_username =	(StrOpt) Username for Qpid connection.

# **Configure ZeroMQ**

Use these options to configure the ZeroMQ messaging system for OpenStack Oslo RPC. ZeroMQ is not the default messaging system, so you must enable it by setting the rpc\_backend option in the nova.conf file.

Table 2.3. Description of ZeroMQ configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
rpc_zmq_bind_address = *	(StrOpt) ZeroMQ bind address. Should be a wildcard (*), an ethernet interface, or IP. The "host" option should point or resolve to this address.

Configuration option = Default value	Description
rpc_zmq_contexts = 1	(IntOpt) Number of ZeroMQ contexts, defaults to 1.
rpc_zmq_host = localhost	(StrOpt) Name of this node. Must be a valid hostname, FQDN, or IP address. Must match "host" option, if running Nova.
rpc_zmq_ipc_dir = /var/run/openstack	(StrOpt) Directory for holding IPC sockets.
rpc_zmq_matchmaker = oslo.messagingdrivers.matchmaker.MatchMakerLocalhos	(StrOpt) MatchMaker driver.
rpc_zmq_port = 9501	(IntOpt) ZeroMQ receiver listening port.
rpc_zmq_topic_backlog = None	(IntOpt) Maximum number of ingress messages to locally buffer per topic. Default is unlimited.

# **Config**

ound - Juno - Juno

Use these options to configure the RabbitMQ and Qpid messaging drivers.

Table 2.4. Description of AMQP configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	,
amqp_auto_delete = False (BoolOpt) Auto-delete queues in amqp.	
amqp_durable_queues = False	(BoolOpt) Use durable queues in amqp.
control_exchange = openstack	(StrOpt) The default exchange under which topics are scoped. May be overridden by an exchange name specified in the transport_url option.
default_publisher_id = None	(StrOpt) Default publisher_id for outgoing notifications
notification_driver = []	(MultiStrOpt) Driver or drivers to handle sending notifications.
notification_topics = notifications	(ListOpt) AMQP topic used for OpenStack notifications.
transport_url = None	(StrOpt) A URL representing the messaging driver to use and its full configuration. If not set, we fall back to the rpc_backend option and driver specific configuration.

## **Table 2.5. Description of RPC configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
matchmaker_heartbeat_freq = 300	(IntOpt) Heartbeat frequency.	
matchmaker_heartbeat_ttl = 600	(IntOpt) Heartbeat time-to-live.	
rpc_backend = rabbit	(StrOpt) The messaging driver to use, defaults to rabbit. Other drivers include qpid and zmq.	
rpc_cast_timeout = 30	(IntOpt) Seconds to wait before a cast expires (TTL). Only supported by impl_zmq.	
rpc_conn_pool_size = 30	(IntOpt) Size of RPC connection pool.	
rpc_response_timeout = 60	(IntOpt) Seconds to wait for a response from a call.	
rpc_thread_pool_size = 64	(IntOpt) Size of RPC greenthread pool.	
[cells]		
rpc_driver_queue_base = cells.intercell	(StrOpt) Base queue name to use when communicating between cells. Various topics by message type will be appended to this.	
[upgrade_levels]		

Configuration option = Default value	Description
baseapi = None	(StrOpt) Set a version cap for messages sent to the base
	api in any service

# **Configure the Compute API**

The Compute API, run by the nova-api daemon, is the component of OpenStack Compute that receives and responds to user requests, whether they be direct API calls, or via the CLI tools or dashboard.

# **Configure Compute API password handling**

The OpenStack Compute API enables users to specify an administrative password when they create or rebuild a server instance. If the user does not specify a password, a random password is generated and returned in the API response.

In practice, how the admin password is handled depends on the hypervisor in use and might require additional configuration of the instance. For example, you might have to install an agent to handle the password setting. If the hypervisor and instance configuration do not support setting a password at server create time, the password that is returned by the create API call is misleading because it was ignored.

To prevent this confusion, use the <code>enable\_instance\_password</code> configuration option to disable the return of the admin password for installations that do not support setting instance passwords.

# **Configure Compute API rate limiting**

OpenStack Compute supports API rate limiting for the OpenStack API. The rate limiting allows an administrator to configure limits on the type and number of API calls that can be made in a specific time interval.

When API rate limits are exceeded, HTTP requests return an error with a status code of 403 Forbidden.

Rate limiting is not available for the EC2 API.

# **Define limits**

To define limits, set these values:

- The HTTP method used in the API call, typically one of GET, PUT, POST, or DELETE.
- A human readable URI that is used as a friendly description of where the limit is applied.
- A **regular expression**. The limit is applied to all URIs that match the regular expression and HTTP method.
- A **limit value** that specifies the maximum count of units before the limit takes effect.

• An **interval** that specifies time frame to which the limit is applied. The interval can be SECOND, MINUTE, HOUR, or DAY.

Rate limits are applied in relative order to the HTTP method, going from least to most specific.

# **Default limits**

Normally, you install OpenStack Compute with the following limits enabled:

**Table 2.6. Default API rate limits** 

HTTP method	API URI	API regular expression	Limit
POST	any URI (*)	.*	120 per minute
POST	/servers	^/servers	120 per minute
PUT	any URI (*)	.*	120 per minute
GET	*changes-since*	.*changes-since.*	120 per minute
DELETE	any URI (*)	.*	120 per minute
GET	*/os-fping	^/os-fping	12 per minute

# **Configure and change limits**

As part of the WSGI pipeline, the etc/nova/api-paste.ini file defines the actual limits.

To enable limits, include the ratelimit' filter in the API pipeline specification. If the ratelimit filter is removed from the pipeline, limiting is disabled. You must also define the rate limit filter. The lines appear as follows:

```
[pipeline:openstack_compute_api_v2]
pipeline = faultwrap authtoken keystonecontext ratelimit osapi_compute_app_v2

[pipeline:openstack_volume_api_v1]
pipeline = faultwrap authtoken keystonecontext ratelimit osapi_volume_app_v1

[filter:ratelimit]
paste.filter_factory = nova.api.openstack.compute.
limits:RateLimitingMiddleware.factory
```

To modify the limits, add a limits specification to the [filter:ratelimit] section of the file. Specify the limits in this order:

- 1. HTTP method
- 2. friendly URI
- 3. regex
- 4. limit
- 5. interval

The following example shows the default rate-limiting values:

```
[filter:ratelimit]
paste.filter_factory = nova.api.openstack.compute.
limits:RateLimitingMiddleware.factory
limits = (POST, "*", .*, 120, MINUTE);(POST, "*/servers", ^/servers, 120,
MINUTE);(PUT, "*", .*, 120, MINUTE);(GET, "*changes-since*", .*changes-since.
*, 120, MINUTE);(DELETE, "*", .*, 120, MINUTE);(GET, "*/os-fping", ^/os-fping,
12, MINUTE)
```

# **Configuration reference**

The Compute API configuration options are documented in Table 2.12, "Description of API configuration options" [257].

# **Configure the EC2 API**

You can set options in the nova.conf configuration file to control which network address and port the EC2 API listens on, the formatting of some API responses, and authentication related options.

To customize these options for OpenStack EC2 API, use the configuration option settings documented in Table 2.27, "Description of EC2 configuration options" [267].

# **Fibre Channel support in Compute**

Fibre Channel support in OpenStack Compute is remote block storage attached to compute nodes for VMs.

In the Grizzly release, Fibre Channel supported only the KVM hypervisor.

Compute and Block Storage for Fibre Channel do not support automatic zoning. Fibre Channel arrays must be pre-zoned or directly attached to the KVM hosts.

# **KVM** host requirements

You must install these packages on the KVM host:

- sysfsutils Nova uses the systool application in this package.
- sg3-utils Nova uses the sg\_scan and sginfo applications.

Installing the multipath-tools package is optional.

# **Install required packages**

Use these commands to install the system packages:

• For systems running openSUSE or SUSE Linux Enterprise Server:

```
# zypper install sysfsutils sg3_utils multipath-tools
```

• For systems running Red Hat:

- # yum install sysfsutils sg3\_utils multipath-tools
- For systems running Ubuntu:

# apt-get install sysfsutils sg3-utils multipath-tools

# **Hypervisors**

OpenStack Compute supports many hypervisors, which might make it difficult for you to choose one. Most installations use only one hypervisor. However, you can use the section called "ComputeFilter" [235] and the section called "ImagePropertiesFilter" [237] to schedule different hypervisors within the same installation. The following links help you choose a hypervisor. See <a href="http://wiki.openstack.org/HypervisorSupportMatrix">http://wiki.openstack.org/HypervisorSupportMatrix</a> for a detailed list of features and support across the hypervisors.

The following hypervisors are supported:

- KVM Kernel-based Virtual Machine. The virtual disk formats that it supports is inherited from QEMU since it uses a modified QEMU program to launch the virtual machine. The supported formats include raw images, the qcow2, and VMware formats.
- LXC Linux Containers (through libvirt), use to run Linux-based virtual machines.
- QEMU Quick EMUlator, generally only used for development purposes.
- UML User Mode Linux, generally only used for development purposes.
- VMware vSphere 4.1 update 1 and newer, runs VMware-based Linux and Windows images through a connection with a vCenter server or directly with an ESXi host.
- Xen XenServer, Xen Cloud Platform (XCP), use to run Linux or Windows virtual machines. You must install the nova-compute service in a para-virtualized VM.
- Hyper-V Server virtualization with Microsoft's Hyper-V, use to run Windows, Linux, and FreeBSD virtual machines. Runs nova-compute natively on the Windows virtualization platform.
- Bare Metal Not a hypervisor in the traditional sense, this driver provisions physical hardware through pluggable sub-drivers (for example, PXE for image deployment, and IPMI for power management).

# **Hypervisor configuration basics**

The node where the nova-compute service is installed and operates on the same node that runs all of the virtual machines. This is referred to as the compute node in this guide.

By default, the selected hypervisor is KVM. To change to another hypervisor, change the virt\_type option in the [libvirt] section of nova.conf and restart the nova-compute service.

Here are the general nova.conf options that are used to configure the compute node's hypervisor: Table 2.32, "Description of hypervisor configuration options" [269].

Specific options for particular hypervisors can be found in the following sections.

### **KVM**

KVM is configured as the default hypervisor for Compute.



#### Note

This document contains several sections about hypervisor selection. If you are reading this document linearly, you do not want to load the KVM module before you install nova-compute. The nova-compute service depends on qemu-kvm, which installs /lib/udev/rules.d/45-qemu-kvm.rules, which sets the correct permissions on the /dev/kvm device node.

To enable KVM explicitly, add the following configuration options to the /etc/no-va/nova.conf file:

```
compute_driver = libvirt.LibvirtDriver
[libvirt]
virt_type = kvm
```

The KVM hypervisor supports the following virtual machine image formats:

- Raw
- QEMU Copy-on-write (qcow2)
- QED Qemu Enhanced Disk
- VMware virtual machine disk format (vmdk)

This section describes how to enable KVM on your system. For more information, see the following distribution-specific documentation:

- Fedora: Getting started with virtualization from the Fedora project wiki.
- Ubuntu: KVM/Installation from the Community Ubuntu documentation.
- Debian: Virtualization with KVM from the Debian handbook.
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux: Installing virtualization packages on an existing Red Hat Enterprise Linux system from the Red Hat Enterprise Linux Virtualization Host Configuration and Guest Installation Guide.
- openSUSE: Installing KVM from the openSUSE Virtualization with KVM manual.
- SLES: Installing KVM from the SUSE Linux Enterprise Server Virtualization with KVM manual.

### **Enable KVM**

The following sections outline how to enable KVM based hardware virtualisation on different architectures and platforms. To perform these steps, you must be logged in as the root user.

ı

### For x86 based systems

1. To determine whether the svm or vmx CPU extensions are present, run this command:

```
# grep -E 'svm vmx' /proc/cpuinfo
```

This command generates output if the CPU is capable of hardware-virtualization. Even if output is shown, you might still need to enable virtualization in the system BIOS for full support.

If no output appears, consult your system documentation to ensure that your CPU and motherboard support hardware virtualization. Verify that any relevant hardware virtualization options are enabled in the system BIOS.

The BIOS for each manufacturer is different. If you must enable virtualization in the BIOS, look for an option containing the words virtualization, VT, VMX, or SVM.

2. To list the loaded kernel modules and verify that the kvm modules are loaded, run this command:

```
# lsmod | grep kvm
```

If the output includes kvm\_intel or kvm\_amd, the kvm hardware virtualization modules are loaded and your kernel meets the module requirements for OpenStack Compute.

If the output does not show that the kvm module is loaded, run this command to load it:

```
# modprobe -a kvm
```

Run the command for your CPU. For Intel, run this command:

```
# modprobe -a kvm-intel
```

For AMD, run this command:

```
# modprobe -a kvm-amd
```

Because a KVM installation can change user group membership, you might need to log in again for changes to take effect.

If the kernel modules do not load automatically, use the procedures listed in these subsections.

If the checks indicate that required hardware virtualization support or kernel modules are disabled or unavailable, you must either enable this support on the system or find a system with this support.



#### Note

Some systems require that you enable VT support in the system BIOS. If you believe your processor supports hardware acceleration but the previous command did not produce output, reboot your machine, enter the system BIOS, and enable the VT option.

OpenStack Configuration Reference

December 8, 2015

juno

If KVM acceleration is not supported, configure Compute to use a different hypervisor, such as QEMU or Xen.

These procedures help you load the kernel modules for Intel-based and AMD-based processors if they do not load automatically during KVM installation.

### **Intel-based processors**

If your compute host is Intel-based, run these commands as root to load the kernel modules:

```
# modprobe kvm
# modprobe kvm-intel
```

Add these lines to the /etc/modules file so that these modules load on reboot:

```
kvm
kvm-intel
```

#### **AMD-based processors**

If your compute host is AMD-based, run these commands as root to load the kernel modules:

```
# modprobe kvm
# modprobe kvm-amd
```

Add these lines to /etc/modules file so that these modules load on reboot:

```
kvm
kvm-amd
```

### For POWER based systems

KVM as a hypervisor is supported on POWER system's PowerNV platform.

 To determine if your POWER platform supports KVM based virtualization run the following command:

```
#cat /proc/cpuinfo | grep PowerNV
```

If the previous command generates the following output, then CPU supports KVM based virtualization

```
platform: PowerNV
```

If no output is displayed, then your POWER platform does not support KVM based hardware virtualization.

2. To list the loaded kernel modules and verify that the kvm modules are loaded, run the following command:

```
# lsmod | grep kvm
```

If the output includes  $kvm_hv$ , the kvm hardware virtualization modules are loaded and your kernel meets the module requirements for OpenStack Compute.

If the output does not show that the kvm module is loaded, run the following command to load it:

```
# modprobe -a kvm
```

For PowerNV platform, run the following command:

```
# modprobe -a kvm-hv
```

Because a KVM installation can change user group membership, you might need to log in again for changes to take effect.

### Specify the CPU model of KVM guests

The Compute service enables you to control the guest CPU model that is exposed to KVM virtual machines. Use cases include:

- To maximize performance of virtual machines by exposing new host CPU features to the quest
- To ensure a consistent default CPU across all machines, removing reliance of variable QE-MU defaults

In libvirt, the CPU is specified by providing a base CPU model name (which is a short-hand for a set of feature flags), a set of additional feature flags, and the topology (sockets/cores/threads). The libvirt KVM driver provides a number of standard CPU model names. These models are defined in the /usr/share/libvirt/cpu\_map.xml file. Check this file to determine which models are supported by your local installation.

Two Compute configuration options in the [libvirt] group of nova.conf define which type of CPU model is exposed to the hypervisor when using KVM: cpu\_mode and cpu\_model.

The cpu\_mode option can take one of the following values: none, host-passthrough, host-model, and custom.

### **Host model (default for KVM & QEMU)**

If your nova.conf file contains <code>cpu\_mode=host-mode1</code>, libvirt identifies the CPU model in <code>/usr/share/libvirt/cpu\_map.xml</code> file that most closely matches the host, and requests additional CPU flags to complete the match. This configuration provides the maximum functionality and performance and maintains good reliability and compatibility if the guest is migrated to another host with slightly different host CPUs.

### Host pass through

If your nova.conf file contains <code>cpu\_mode=host-passthrough</code>, libvirt tells KVM to pass through the host CPU with no modifications. The difference to host-model, instead of just matching feature flags, every last detail of the host CPU is matched. This gives the best performance, and can be important to some apps which check low level CPU details, but it comes at a cost with respect to migration. The guest can only be migrated to a matching host CPU.

#### Custom

If your nova.conf file contains <code>cpu\_mode=custom</code>, you can explicitly specify one of the supported named models using the <code>cpu\_model</code> configuration option. For example, to configure the KVM guests to expose Nehalem CPUs, your <code>nova.conf</code> file should contain:

```
[libvirt]
cpu_mode = custom
cpu_model = Nehalem
```

### None (default for all libvirt-driven hypervisors other than KVM & QEMU)

If your nova.conf file contains cpu\_mode=none, libvirt does not specify a CPU model. Instead, the hypervisor chooses the default model.

# **Guest agent support**

Use guest agents to enable optional access between compute nodes and guests through a socket, using the QMP protocol.

To enable this feature, you must set  $hw_qemu_guest_agent=yes$  as a metadata parameter on the image you wish to use to create the guest-agent-capable instances from. You can explicitly disable the feature by setting  $hw_qemu_guest_agent=no$  in the image metadata

# **KVM** performance tweaks

The VHostNet kernel module improves network performance. To load the kernel module, run the following command as root:

```
# modprobe vhost_net
```

### **Troubleshoot KVM**

Trying to launch a new virtual machine instance fails with the ERRORstate, and the following error appears in the /var/log/nova/nova-compute.log file:

```
libvirtError: internal error no supported architecture for os type 'hvm'
```

This message indicates that the KVM kernel modules were not loaded.

If you cannot start VMs after installation without rebooting, the permissions might not be set correctly. This can happen if you load the KVM module before you install nova-com-pute. To check whether the group is set to kvm, run:

```
# ls -1 /dev/kvm
```

If it is not set to kvm, run:

```
# udevadm trigger
```

# **QEMU**

From the perspective of the Compute service, the QEMU hypervisor is very similar to the KVM hypervisor. Both are controlled through libvirt, both support the same feature set,

and all virtual machine images that are compatible with KVM are also compatible with QE-MU. The main difference is that QEMU does not support native virtualization. Consequently, QEMU has worse performance than KVM and is a poor choice for a production deployment.

The typical uses cases for QEMU are

- Running on older hardware that lacks virtualization support.
- Running the Compute service inside of a virtual machine for development or testing purposes, where the hypervisor does not support native virtualization for guests.

To enable QEMU, add these settings to nova.conf:

```
compute_driver = libvirt.LibvirtDriver
[libvirt]
virt_type = qemu
```

For some operations you may also have to install the **guestmount** utility:

On Ubuntu:

```
# apt-get install guestmount
```

On Red Hat Enterprise Linux, Fedora, or CentOS:

```
# yum install libguestfs-tools
```

On openSUSE:

```
# zypper install guestfs-tools
```

The QEMU hypervisor supports the following virtual machine image formats:

- Raw
- QEMU Copy-on-write (qcow2)
- VMware virtual machine disk format (vmdk)

# Tips and fixes for QEMU on RHEL

If you are testing OpenStack in a virtual machine, you must configure Compute to use qemu without KVM and hardware virtualization. The second command relaxes SELinux rules to allow this mode of operation ( <a href="https://bugzilla.redhat.com/show\_bug.cgi?id=753589">https://bugzilla.redhat.com/show\_bug.cgi?id=753589</a>). The last two commands here work around a libvirt issue fixed in Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6.4. Nested virtualization will be the much slower TCG variety, and you should provide lots of memory to the top-level guest, because the OpenStack-created guests default to 2GM RAM with no overcommit.



#### Note

The second command, **setsebool**, may take a while.

```
# openstack-config --set /etc/nova/nova.conf libvirt virt_type qemu
# setsebool -P virt_use_execmem on
# ln -s /usr/libexec/qemu-kvm /usr/bin/qemu-system-x86_64
# service libvirtd restart
```

# Xen, XAPI, XenServer

This section describes XAPI managed hypervisors, and how to use them with OpenStack.

# **Terminology**

### Xen

A hypervisor that provides the fundamental isolation between virtual machines. Xen is open source (GPLv2) and is managed by Xen.org, a cross-industry organization and a Linux Foundation Collaborative project.

Xen is a component of many different products and projects. The hypervisor itself is very similar across all these projects, but the way that it is managed can be different, which can cause confusion if you're not clear which toolstack you are using. Make sure you know what toolstack you want before you get started.

### **XAPI**

XAPI is one of the toolstacks that could control a Xen based hypervisor. XAPI's role is similar to libvirt's in the KVM world. The API provided by XAPI is called XenAPI. To learn more about the provided interface, look at XenAPI Object Model Overview for definitions of XAPI specific terms such as SR, VDI, VIF and PIF.

OpenStack has a compute driver which talks to XAPI, therefore all XAPI managed servers could be used with OpenStack.

### **XenAPI**

XenAPI is the API provided by XAPI. This name is also used by the python library that is a client for XAPI.

### XenServer

An Open Source virtualization software which includes the Xen hypervisor and XAPI for the management. For more information and product downloads, visit xenserver.org.

### Privileged and unprivileged domains

A Xen host runs a number of virtual machines, VMs, or domains (the terms are synonymous on Xen). One of these is in charge of running the rest of the system, and is known as domain 0, or dom0. It is the first domain to boot after Xen, and owns the storage and networking hardware, the device drivers, and the primary control software. Any other VM is unprivileged, and is known as a domU or guest. All customer VMs are unprivileged, but you should note that on Xen, the OpenStack Compute service (nova-compute) also runs in a domU. This gives a level of security isolation between the privileged system software and

the OpenStack software (much of which is customer-facing). This architecture is described in more detail later.

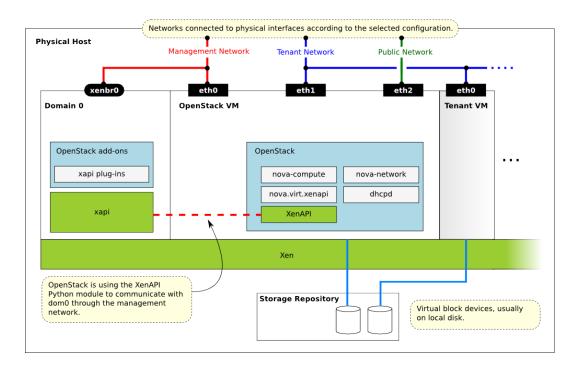
### Paravirtualized versus hardware virtualized domains

A Xen virtual machine can be paravirtualized (PV) or hardware virtualized (HVM). This refers to the interaction between Xen, domain 0, and the guest VM's kernel. PV guests are aware of the fact that they are virtualized and will co-operate with Xen and domain 0; this gives them better performance characteristics. HVM guests are not aware of their environment, and the hardware has to pretend that they are running on an unvirtualized machine. HVM guests do not need to modify the guest operating system, which is essential when running Windows.

In OpenStack, customer VMs may run in either PV or HVM mode. However, the OpenStack domU (that's the one running nova-compute) must be running in PV mode.

## XenAPI deployment architecture

A basic OpenStack deployment on a XAPI-managed server, assuming that the network provider is nova-network, looks like this:



#### Key things to note:

- The hypervisor: Xen
- Domain 0: runs XAPI and some small pieces from OpenStack, the XAPI plug-ins.
- OpenStack VM: The Compute service runs in a paravirtualized virtual machine, on the host under management. Each host runs a local instance of Compute. It is also running an instance of nova-network.

• OpenStack Compute uses the XenAPI Python library to talk to XAPI, and it uses the Management Network to reach from the OpenStack VM to Domain 0.

Some notes on the networking:

- The above diagram assumes FlatDHCP networking.
- There are three main OpenStack networks:
  - Management network: RabbitMQ, MySQL, inter-host communication, and compute-XAPI communication. Please note that the VM images are downloaded by the XenAPI plug-ins, so make sure that the OpenStack Image Service is accessible through this network. It usually means binding those services to the management interface.
  - Tenant network: controlled by nova-network, this is used for tenant traffic.
  - Public network: floating IPs, public API endpoints.
- The networks shown here must be connected to the corresponding physical networks within the data center. In the simplest case, three individual physical network cards could be used. It is also possible to use VLANs to separate these networks. Please note, that the selected configuration must be in line with the networking model selected for the cloud. (In case of VLAN networking, the physical channels have to be able to forward the tagged traffic.)

## **Further reading**

Here are some of the resources available to learn more about Xen:

- Citrix XenServer official documentation: http://docs.vmd.citrix.com/XenServer
- What is Xen? by Xen.org: http://xen.org/files/Marketing/WhatisXen.pdf
- Xen Hypervisor project: http://www.xenproject.org/developers/teams/hypervisor.html
- Xapi project: http://www.xenproject.org/developers/teams/xapi.html
- Further XenServer and OpenStack information: <a href="http://wiki.openstack.org/XenServer">http://wiki.openstack.org/XenServer</a>

### Install XenServer

Before you can run OpenStack with XenServer, you must install the hypervisor on an appropriate server .



#### Note

Xen is a type 1 hypervisor: When your server starts, Xen is the first software that runs. Consequently, you must install XenServer before you install the operating system where you want to run OpenStack code. You then install nova-compute into a dedicated virtual machine on the host.

Use the following link to download XenServer's installation media:

• http://xenserver.org/open-source-virtualization-download.html

When you install many servers, you might find it easier to perform PXE boot installations . You can also package any post-installation changes that you want to make to your XenServer by following the instructions of creating your own XenServer supplemental pack



## **Important**

Make sure you use the EXT type of storage repository (SR). Features that require access to VHD files (such as copy on write, snapshot and migration) do not work when you use the LVM SR. Storage repository (SR) is a XAPI-specific term relating to the physical storage where virtual disks are stored.

On the XenServer installation screen, choose the **XenDesktop Optimized** option. If you use an answer file, make sure you use <code>srtype="ext"</code> in the <code>in-stallation</code> tag of the answer file.

### **Post-installation steps**

The following steps need to be completed after the hypervisor's installation:

- 1. For resize and migrate functionality, enable password-less SSH authentication and set up the /images directory on dom0.
- 2. Install the XAPI plug-ins.
- 3. To support AMI type images, you must set up /boot/guest symlink/directory in dom0.
- 4. Create a Paravirtualized virtual machine that can run nova-compute.
- 5. Install and configure nova-compute in the above virtual machine.

### **Install XAPI plug-ins**

When you use a XAPI managed hypervisor, you can install a Python script (or any executable) on the host side, and execute that through XenAPI. These scripts are called plugins. The OpenStack related XAPI plugins live in OpenStack Compute's code repository. These plugins have to be copied to dom0's filesystem, to the appropriate directory, where XAPI can find them. It is important to ensure that the version of the plugins are in line with the OpenStack Compute installation you are using.

The plugins should typically be copied from the Nova installation running in the Compute's DomU, but if you want to download the latest version the following procedure can be used.

### Manually installing the plug-ins

1. Create temporary files/directories:

```
$ NOVA_ZIPBALL=$(mktemp)
$ NOVA_SOURCES=$(mktemp -d)
```

2. Get the source from GitHub. The example assumes the master branch is used, and the XenServer host is accessible as xenserver. Match those parameters to your setup.

```
$ NOVA_URL=https://github.com/openstack/nova/archive/master.zip
$ wget -qO "$NOVA_ZIPBALL" "$NOVA_URL"
$ unzip "$NOVA_ZIPBALL" -d "$NOVA_SOURCES"
```

3. Copy the plug-ins to the hypervisor:

```
$ PLUGINPATH=$(find $NOVA_SOURCES -path '*/xapi.d/plugins' -type d -print)
$ tar -czf - -C "$PLUGINPATH" ./ |
> ssh root@xenserver tar -xozf - -C /etc/xapi.d/plugins/
```

4. Remove temporary files/directories:

```
$ rm "$NOVA_ZIPBALL"
$ rm -rf "$NOVA_SOURCES"
```

### **Prepare for AMI type images**

To support AMI type images in your OpenStack installation, you must create the /boot/guest directory on dom0. One of the OpenStack XAPI plugins will extract the kernel and ramdisk from AKI and ARI images and put them to that directory.

OpenStack maintains the contents of this directory and its size should not increase during normal operation. However, in case of power failures or accidental shutdowns, some files might be left over. To prevent these files from filling up dom0's filesystem, set up this directory as a symlink that points to a subdirectory of the local SR.

Run these commands in dom0 to achieve this setup:

```
# LOCAL_SR=$(xe sr-list name-label="Local storage" --minimal)
# LOCALPATH="/var/run/sr-mount/$LOCAL_SR/os-guest-kernels"
# mkdir -p "$LOCALPATH"
# ln -s "$LOCALPATH" /boot/guest
```

#### Modify dom0 for resize/migration support

To resize servers with XenServer you must:

• Establish a root trust between all hypervisor nodes of your deployment:

To do so, generate an ssh key-pair with the ssh-keygen command. Ensure that each of your dom0's authorized\_keys file (located in /root/.ssh/authorized\_keys) contains the public key fingerprint (located in /root/.ssh/id\_rsa.pub).

Provide a /images mount point to the dom0 for your hypervisor:

dom0 space is at a premium so creating a directory in dom0 is potentially dangerous and likely to fail especially when you resize large servers. The least you can do is to symlink / images to your local storage SR. The following instructions work for an English-based installation of XenServer and in the case of ext3-based SR (with which the resize functionality is known to work correctly).

```
# LOCAL_SR=$(xe sr-list name-label="Local storage" --minimal)
# IMG_DIR="/var/run/sr-mount/$LOCAL_SR/images"
# mkdir -p "$IMG_DIR"
```

```
# ln -s "$IMG_DIR" /images
```

# Xen configuration reference

The following section discusses some commonly changed options when using the XenAPI driver. The table below provides a complete reference of all configuration options available for configuring XAPI with OpenStack.

The recommended way to use XAPI with OpenStack is through the XenAPI driver. To enable the XenAPI driver, add the following configuration options to /etc/no-va/nova.conf and restart OpenStack Compute:

```
compute_driver = xenapi.XenAPIDriver
[xenserver]
connection_url = http://your_xenapi_management_ip_address
connection_username = root
connection_password = your_password
```

These connection details are used by OpenStack Compute service to contact your hypervisor and are the same details you use to connect XenCenter, the XenServer management console, to your XenServer node.



#### Note

The connection\_url is generally the management network IP address of the XenServer.

### **Agent**

The agent is a piece of software that runs on the instances, and communicates with Open-Stack. In case of the XenAPI driver, the agent communicates with OpenStack through Xen-Store (see the Xen Wiki for more information on XenStore).

If you don't have the guest agent on your VMs, it takes a long time for OpenStack Compute to detect that the VM has successfully started. Generally a large timeout is required for Windows instances, but you may want to adjust: agent\_version\_timeout within the [xenserver] section.

### **VNC** proxy address

Assuming you are talking to XAPI through a management network, and XenServer is on the address: 10.10.1.34 specify the same address for the vnc proxy address: vncserver\_proxyclient\_address=10.10.1.34

### **Storage**

You can specify which Storage Repository to use with nova by editing the following flag. To use the local-storage setup by the default installer:

```
sr_matching_filter = "other-config:i18n-key=local-storage"
```

Another alternative is to use the "default" storage (for example if you have attached NFS or any other shared storage):

```
sr_matching_filter = "default-sr:true"
```

### XenAPI configuration reference

To customize the XenAPI driver, use the configuration option settings documented in Table 2.62, "Description of Xen configuration options" [285].

# LXC (Linux containers)

LXC (also known as Linux containers) is a virtualization technology that works at the operating system level. This is different from hardware virtualization, the approach used by other hypervisors such as KVM, Xen, and VMware. LXC (as currently implemented using libvirt in the Compute service) is not a secure virtualization technology for multi-tenant environments (specifically, containers may affect resource quotas for other containers hosted on the same machine). Additional containment technologies, such as AppArmor, may be used to provide better isolation between containers, although this is not the case by default. For all these reasons, the choice of this virtualization technology is not recommended in production.

If your compute hosts do not have hardware support for virtualization, LXC will likely provide better performance than QEMU. In addition, if your guests must access specialized hardware, such as GPUs, this might be easier to achieve with LXC than other hypervisors.



#### Note

Some OpenStack Compute features might be missing when running with LXC as the hypervisor. See the hypervisor support matrix for details.

To enable LXC, ensure the following options are set in /etc/nova/nova.conf on all hosts running the nova-compute service.

```
compute_driver = libvirt.LibvirtDriver
[libvirt]
virt_type = lxc
```

On Ubuntu, enable LXC support in OpenStack by installing the nova-compute-lxc package.

# VMware vSphere

### **Introduction**

OpenStack Compute supports the VMware vSphere product family and enables access to advanced features such as vMotion, High Availability, and Dynamic Resource Scheduling (DRS).

This section describes how to configure VMware-based virtual machine images for launch. vSphere versions 4.1 and later are supported.

The VMware vCenter driver enables the nova-compute service to communicate with a VMware vCenter server that manages one or more ESX host clusters. The driver aggregates the ESX hosts in each cluster to present one large hypervisor entity for each cluster to the Compute scheduler. Because individual ESX hosts are not exposed to the scheduler, Compute schedules to the granularity of clusters and vCenter uses DRS to select the actual ESX

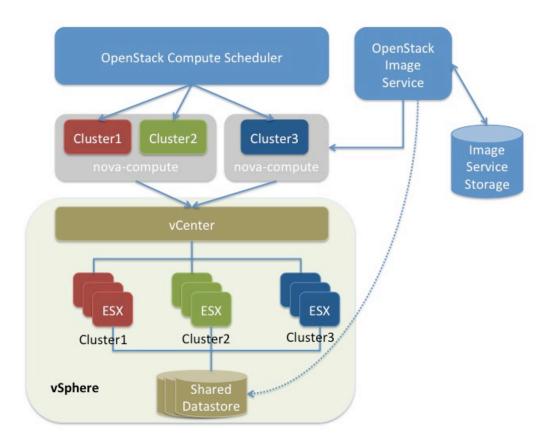
host within the cluster. When a virtual machine makes its way into a vCenter cluster, it can use all vSphere features.

The following sections describe how to configure the VMware vCenter driver.

# **High-level architecture**

The following diagram shows a high-level view of the VMware driver architecture:

Figure 2.1. VMware driver architecture



As the figure shows, the OpenStack Compute Scheduler sees three hypervisors that each correspond to a cluster in vCenter. Nova-compute contains the VMware driver. You can run with multiple nova-compute services. While Compute schedules at the granularity of a cluster, the VMware driver inside nova-compute interacts with the vCenter APIs to select an appropriate ESX host within the cluster. Internally, vCenter uses DRS for placement.

The VMware vCenter driver also interacts with the OpenStack Image Service to copy VMDK images from the Image Service back end store. The dotted line in the figure represents VMDK images being copied from the OpenStack Image Service to the vSphere data store. VMDK images are cached in the data store so the copy operation is only required the first time that the VMDK image is used.

After OpenStack boots a VM into a vSphere cluster, the VM becomes visible in vCenter and can access vSphere advanced features. At the same time, the VM is visible in the OpenStack dashboard and you can manage it as you would any other OpenStack VM. You can per-

form advanced vSphere operations in vCenter while you configure OpenStack resources such as VMs through the OpenStack dashboard.

The figure does not show how networking fits into the architecture. Both nova-network and the OpenStack Networking Service are supported. For details, see the section called "Networking with VMware vSphere" [221].

## **Configuration overview**

To get started with the VMware vCenter driver, complete the following high-level steps:

- 1. Configure vCenter. See the section called "Prerequisites and limitations" [214].
- 2. Configure the VMware vCenter driver in the nova . conf file. See the section called "VMware vCenter driver" [217].
- 3. Load desired VMDK images into the OpenStack Image Service. See the section called "Images with VMware vSphere" [218].
- 4. Configure networking with either nova-network or the OpenStack Networking Service. See the section called "Networking with VMware vSphere" [221].

### **Prerequisites and limitations**

Use the following list to prepare a vSphere environment that runs with the VMware vCenter driver:

- Copying VMDK files (vSphere 5.1 only). In vSphere 5.1, copying large image files (for example, 12 GB and greater) from Glance can take a long time. To improve performance, VMware recommends that you upgrade to VMware vCenter Server 5.1 Update 1 or later. For more information, see the Release Notes.
- 2. **DRS**. For any cluster that contains multiple ESX hosts, enable DRS and enable fully automated placement.
- 3. **Shared storage**. Only shared storage is supported and data stores must be shared among all hosts in a cluster. It is recommended to remove data stores not intended for OpenStack from clusters being configured for OpenStack.
- 4. **Clusters and data stores**. Do not use OpenStack clusters and data stores for other purposes. If you do, OpenStack displays incorrect usage information.
- 5. **Networking**. The networking configuration depends on the desired networking model. See the section called "Networking with VMware vSphere" [221].
- 6. **Security groups**. If you use the VMware driver with OpenStack Networking and the NSX plug-in, security groups are supported. If you use nova-network, security groups are not supported.



#### Note

The NSX plug-in is the only plug-in that is validated for vSphere.

7. **VNC**. The port range 5900 - 6105 (inclusive) is automatically enabled for VNC connections on every ESX host in all clusters under OpenStack control. For more information

about using a VNC client to connect to virtual machine, see http://kb.vmware.com/self-service/microsites/search.do?language=en\_US&cmd=displayKC&externalId=1246.



### **Note**

In addition to the default VNC port numbers (5900 to 6000) specified in the above document, the following ports are also used: 6101, 6102, and 6105.

You must modify the ESXi firewall configuration to allow the VNC ports. Additionally, for the firewall modifications to persist after a reboot, you must create a custom vSphere Installation Bundle (VIB) which is then installed onto the running ESXi host or added to a custom image profile used to install ESXi hosts. For details about how to create a VIB for persisting the firewall configuration modifications, see <a href="http://kb.vmware.com/selfser-vice/microsites/search.do?language=en\_US&cmd=displayKC&externalId=2007381">http://kb.vmware.com/selfser-vice/microsites/search.do?language=en\_US&cmd=displayKC&externalId=2007381</a>.



ounf - Juno - Juno

### **Note**

The VIB can be downloaded from https://github.com/open-stack-vmwareapi-team/Tools.

- 8. **Ephemeral Disks**. Ephemeral disks are not supported. A future major release will address this limitation.
- 9. Injection of SSH keys into compute instances hosted by vCenter is not currently supported
- 10.To use multiple vCenter installations with OpenStack, each vCenter must be assigned to a separate availability zone. This is required as the OpenStack Block Storage VMDK driver does not currently work across multiple vCenter installations.

### VMware vCenter service account

OpenStack integration requires a vCenter service account with the following minimum permissions. Apply the permissions to the Datacenter root object, and select the **Propagate** to Child Objects option.

Table 2.7. vCenter permissions tree

All Privileges		
	Datastore	
		Allocate space
		Browse datastore
		Low level file operation
		Remove file
	Folder	
		Create folder
	Host	
		Configuration

Network	
	Assign network
Resource	
	Assign virtual machine to resource pool
	Migrate powered off virtual machine
	Migrate powered on virtual machine
 Virtual Machine	
 	Configuration
	•
	0
	l l
	1
	1
	9
	Interaction
	Inventory
	Provisioning
	Sessions
	Snapshot management
vApp	
	Export
	Import

### VMware vCenter driver

Use the VMware vCenter driver (VMwareVCDriver) to connect OpenStack Compute with vCenter. This recommended configuration enables access through vCenter to advanced vSphere features like vMotion, High Availability, and Dynamic Resource Scheduling (DRS).

### **VMwareVCDriver configuration options**

When you use the VMwareVCDriver (vCenter versions 5.1 and later) with OpenStack Compute, add the following VMware-specific configuration options to the nova.conf file:

```
[DEFAULT]

compute_driver=vmwareapi.VMwareVCDriver

[vmware]

host_ip=<vCenter host IP>
host_username=<vCenter username>
host_password=<vCenter password>
cluster_name=<vCenter cluster name>
datastore_regex=<optional datastore regex>
```



### **Note**

- vSphere vCenter versions 5.0 and earlier: You must specify the location of the WSDL files by adding the wsdl\_location=http://127.0.0.1:8080/ vmware/SDK/wsdl/vim25/vimService.wsdl setting to the above configuration. For more information, see vSphere 5.0 and earlier additional set up.
- Clusters: The vCenter driver can support multiple clusters. To use more than
  one cluster, simply add multiple cluster\_name lines in nova.conf with
  the appropriate cluster name. Clusters and data stores used by the vCenter
  driver should not contain any VMs other than those created by the driver.
- Data stores: The datastore\_regex setting specifies the data stores to use with Compute. For example, datastore\_regex="nas.\*" selects all the data stores that have a name starting with "nas". If this line is omitted, Compute uses the first data store returned by the vSphere API. It is recommended not to use this field and instead remove data stores that are not intended for OpenStack.
- Reserved host memory: The reserved\_host\_memory\_mb option value is 512 MB by default. However, VMware recommends that you set this option to 0 MB because the vCenter driver reports the effective memory available to the virtual machines.

A nova-compute service can control one or more clusters containing multiple ESX hosts, making nova-compute a critical service from a high availability perspective. Because the host that runs nova-compute can fail while the vCenter and ESX still run, you must protect the nova-compute service against host failures.



#### Note

Many nova.conf options are relevant to libvirt but do not apply to this driver.

You must complete additional configuration for environments that use vSphere 5.0 and earlier. See the section called "vSphere 5.0 and earlier additional set up" [222].

# **Images with VMware vSphere**

The vCenter driver supports images in the VMDK format. Disks in this format can be obtained from VMware Fusion or from an ESX environment. It is also possible to convert other formats, such as qcow2, to the VMDK format using the qemu-img utility. After a VMDK disk is available, load it into the OpenStack Image Service. Then, you can use it with the VMware vCenter driver. The following sections provide additional details on the supported disks and the commands used for conversion and upload.

## **Supported image types**

Upload images to the OpenStack Image Service in VMDK format. The following VMDK disk types are supported:

- VMFS Flat Disks (includes thin, thick, zeroedthick, and eagerzeroedthick). Note that once
  a VMFS thin disk is exported from VMFS to a non-VMFS location, like the OpenStack Image Service, it becomes a preallocated flat disk. This impacts the transfer time from the
  OpenStack Image Service to the data store when the full preallocated flat disk, rather
  than the thin disk, must be transferred.
- Monolithic Sparse disks. Sparse disks get imported from the OpenStack Image Service into ESX as thin provisioned disks. Monolithic Sparse disks can be obtained from VMware Fusion or can be created by converting from other virtual disk formats using the qemu-img utility.

The following table shows the <code>vmware\_disktype</code> property that applies to each of the supported VMDK disk types:

Table 2.8. OpenStack Image Service disk type settings

vmware_disktype property	VMDK disk type
sparse	Monolithic Sparse
thin	VMFS flat, thin provisioned
preallocated (default)	VMFS flat, thick/zeroedthick/eagerzeroedthick

The <code>vmware\_disktype</code> property is set when an image is loaded into the OpenStack Image Service. For example, the following command creates a Monolithic Sparse image by setting <code>vmware\_disktype</code> to <code>sparse</code>:

```
$ glance image-create --name "ubuntu-sparse" --disk-format vmdk \
--container-format bare \
--property vmware_disktype="sparse" \
--property vmware_ostype="ubuntu64Guest" < ubuntuLTS-sparse.vmdk</pre>
```



#### Note

Specifying thin does not provide any advantage over preallocated with the current version of the driver. Future versions might restore the thin properties of the disk after it is downloaded to a vSphere data store.

### **Convert and load images**

Using the <code>qemu-img</code> utility, disk images in several formats (such as, qcow2) can be converted to the VMDK format.

For example, the following command can be used to convert a qcow2 Ubuntu Trusty cloud image:

```
$ qemu-img convert -f qcow2 ~/Downloads/trusty-server-cloudimg-amd64-disk1.img
\
-0 vmdk trusty-server-cloudimg-amd64-disk1.vmdk
```

VMDK disks converted through <code>qemu-img</code> are always monolithic sparse VMDK disks with an IDE adapter type. Using the previous example of the Ubuntu Trusty image after the <code>qe-mu-img</code> conversion, the command to upload the VMDK disk should be something like:

```
$ glance image-create --name trusty-cloud --is-public False \
--container-format bare --disk-format vmdk \
--property vmware_disktype="sparse" \
--property vmware_adaptertype="ide" < \
trusty-server-cloudimg-amd64-disk1.vmdk</pre>
```

Note that the <code>vmware\_disktype</code> is set to sparse and the <code>vmware\_adaptertype</code> is set to ide in the previous command.

If the image did not come from the <code>qemu-img</code> utility, the <code>vmware\_disktype</code> and <code>vmware\_adaptertype</code> might be different. To determine the image adapter type from an image file, use the following command and look for the <code>ddb.adapterType=line</code>:

```
$ head -20 <vmdk file name>
```

Assuming a preallocated disk type and an iSCSI IsiLogic adapter type, the following command uploads the VMDK disk:

```
$ glance image-create --name "ubuntu-thick-scsi" --disk-format vmdk \
--container-format bare \
--property vmware_adaptertype="lsiLogic" \
--property vmware_disktype="preallocated" \
--property vmware_ostype="ubuntu64Guest" < ubuntuLTS-flat.vmdk</pre>
```

Currently, OS boot VMDK disks with an IDE adapter type cannot be attached to a virtual SCSI controller and likewise disks with one of the SCSI adapter types (such as, busLogic, IsiLogic) cannot be attached to the IDE controller. Therefore, as the previous examples show, it is important to set the <code>vmware\_adaptertype</code> property correctly. The default adapter type is IsiLogic, which is SCSI, so you can omit the <code>vmware\_adaptertype</code> property if you are certain that the image adapter type is IsiLogic.

### **Tag VMware images**

In a mixed hypervisor environment, OpenStack Compute uses the hypervisor\_type tag to match images to the correct hypervisor type. For VMware images, set the hypervisor type to vmware. Other valid hypervisor types include: xen, qemu, lxc, uml, and hyperv. Note that qemu is used for both QEMU and KVM hypervisor types.

```
$ glance image-create --name "ubuntu-thick-scsi" --disk-format vmdk \
--container-format bare \
--property vmware_adaptertype="lsiLogic" \
--property vmware_disktype="preallocated" \
```

```
--property hypervisor_type="vmware" \
--property vmware_ostype="ubuntu64Guest" < ubuntuLTS-flat.vmdk
```

### **Optimize images**

Monolithic Sparse disks are considerably faster to download but have the overhead of an additional conversion step. When imported into ESX, sparse disks get converted to VMFS flat thin provisioned disks. The download and conversion steps only affect the first launched instance that uses the sparse disk image. The converted disk image is cached, so subsequent instances that use this disk image can simply use the cached version.

To avoid the conversion step (at the cost of longer download times) consider converting sparse disks to thin provisioned or preallocated disks before loading them into the Open-Stack Image Service.

Use one of the following tools to pre-convert sparse disks.

#### vSphere CLI tools

Sometimes called the remote CLI or rCLI.

Assuming that the sparse disk is made available on a data store accessible by an ESX host, the following command converts it to preallocated format:

vmkfstools --server=ip\_of\_some\_ESX\_host -i /
vmfs/volumes/datastore1/sparse.vmdk /vmfs/
volumes/datastore1/converted.vmdk

Note that the vifs tool from the same CLI package can be used to upload the disk to be converted. The vifs tool can also be used to download the converted disk if necessary.

# vmkfstools directly on the ESX host

If the SSH service is enabled on an ESX host, the sparse disk can be uploaded to the ESX data store through scp and the vmkfstools local to the ESX host can use used to perform the conversion. After you log in to the host through ssh, run this command:

vmkfstools -i /vmfs/volumes/datastore1/sparse.
vmdk /vmfs/volumes/datastore1/converted.vmdk

#### vmware-vdiskmanager

vmware-vdiskmanager is a utility that comes bundled with VMware Fusion and VMware Workstation. The following example converts a sparse disk to preallocated format:

'/Applications/VMware Fusion.app/Contents/ Library/vmware-vdiskmanager' -r sparse.vmdk -t 4 converted.vmdk

In the previous cases, the converted vmdk is actually a pair of files:

- The descriptor file *converted.vmdk*.
- The actual virtual disk data file converted-flat.vmdk.

The file to be uploaded to the OpenStack Image Service is *converted-flat.vmdk*.

### **Image handling**

The ESX hypervisor requires a copy of the VMDK file in order to boot up a virtual machine. As a result, the vCenter OpenStack Compute driver must download the VMDK via HTTP from the OpenStack Image Service to a data store that is visible to the hypervisor. To optimize this process, the first time a VMDK file is used, it gets cached in the data store. Subsequent virtual machines that need the VMDK use the cached version and don't have to copy the file again from the OpenStack Image Service.

Even with a cached VMDK, there is still a copy operation from the cache location to the hypervisor file directory in the shared data store. To avoid this copy, boot the image in linked\_clone mode. To learn how to enable this mode, see the section called "Configuration reference" [223].



### **Note**

You can also use the <code>vmware\_linked\_clone</code> property in the OpenStack Image Service to override the linked\_clone mode on a per-image basis.

You can automatically purge unused images after a specified period of time. To configure this action, set these options in the DEFAULT section in the nova.conf file:

remove\_unused\_base\_images Set this parameter to True to specify that unused images should be removed after the duration specified in the remove\_unused\_original\_minimum\_age\_seconds parameter. The default is True.

remove\_unused\_original\_minsipecifies@lecatinalsin seconds after which an unused image is purged from the cache. The default is 86400 (24 hours).

# **Networking with VMware vSphere**

The VMware driver supports networking with the nova-network service or the Open-Stack Networking Service. Depending on your installation, complete these configuration steps before you provision VMs:

• The nova-network service with the FlatManager or FlatDHCPManager. Create a port group with the same name as the flat\_network\_bridge value in the nova.conf file. The default value is br100. If you specify another value, the new value must be a valid Linux bridge identifier that adheres to Linux bridge naming conventions.

All VM NICs are attached to this port group.

Ensure that the flat interface of the node that runs the nova-network service has a path to this network.



#### Note

When configuring the port binding for this port group in vCenter, specify ephemeral for the port binding type. For more information, see Choosing a port binding type in ESX/ESXi in the VMware Knowledge Base.

• The nova-network service with the VlanManager. Set the vlan\_interface configuration option to match the ESX host interface that handles VLAN-tagged VM traffic.

OpenStack Compute automatically creates the corresponding port groups.

• If you are using the OpenStack Networking Service: Before provisioning VMs, create a port group with the same name as the vmware.integration\_bridge value in nova.conf (default is br-int). All VM NICs are attached to this port group for management by the OpenStack Networking plug-in.

## **Volumes with VMware vSphere**

The VMware driver supports attaching volumes from the OpenStack Block Storage service. The VMware VMDK driver for OpenStack Block Storage is recommended and should be used for managing volumes based on vSphere data stores. For more information about the VMware VMDK driver, see VMware VMDK Driver. Also an iSCSI volume driver provides limited support and can be used only for attachments.

# vSphere 5.0 and earlier additional set up

Users of vSphere 5.0 or earlier must host their WSDL files locally. These steps are applicable for vCenter 5.0 or ESXi 5.0 and you can either mirror the WSDL from the vCenter or ESXi server that you intend to use or you can download the SDK directly from VMware. These workaround steps fix a known issue with the WSDL that was resolved in later versions.

When setting the VMwareVCDriver configuration options, you must include the wsdl\_location option. For more information, see VMwareVCDriver configuration options above.

### Procedure 2.1. To mirror WSDL from vCenter (or ESXi)

1. Set the VMWAREAPI\_IP shell variable to the IP address for your vCenter or ESXi host from where you plan to mirror files. For example:

```
$ export VMWAREAPI_IP=<your_vsphere_host_ip>
```

2. Create a local file system directory to hold the WSDL files:

```
$ mkdir -p /opt/stack/vmware/wsdl/5.0
```

3. Change into the new directory.

```
$ cd /opt/stack/vmware/wsd1/5.0
```

- 4. Use your OS-specific tools to install a command-line tool that can download files like **wget**.
- 5. Download the files to the local file cache:

```
wget --no-check-certificate https://$VMWAREAPI_IP/sdk/vimService.wsdl
wget --no-check-certificate https://$VMWAREAPI_IP/sdk/vim.wsdl
wget --no-check-certificate https://$VMWAREAPI_IP/sdk/core-types.xsd
wget --no-check-certificate https://$VMWAREAPI_IP/sdk/query-messagetypes.
xsd
wget --no-check-certificate https://$VMWAREAPI_IP/sdk/query-types.xsd
wget --no-check-certificate https://$VMWAREAPI_IP/sdk/vim-messagetypes.
xsd
wget --no-check-certificate https://$VMWAREAPI_IP/sdk/vim-types.xsd
wget --no-check-certificate https://$VMWAREAPI_IP/sdk/reflect-
messagetypes.xsd
wget --no-check-certificate https://$VMWAREAPI_IP/sdk/reflect-
messagetypes.xsd
wget --no-check-certificate https://$VMWAREAPI_IP/sdk/reflect-types.xsd
```

Because the reflect-types.xsd and reflect-messagetypes.xsd files do not fetch properly, you must stub out these files. Use the following XML listing to replace the missing file content. The XML parser underneath Python can be very particular and if you put a space in the wrong place, it can break the parser. Copy the following contents and formatting carefully.

6. Now that the files are locally present, tell the driver to look for the SOAP service WSDLs in the local file system and not on the remote vSphere server. Add the following setting to the nova.conf file for your nova-compute node:

```
[vmware]
wsdl_location=file:///opt/stack/vmware/wsdl/5.0/vimService.wsdl
```

Alternatively, download the version appropriate SDK from http://www.vmware.com/support/developer/vc-sdk/ and copy it to the /opt/stack/vmware file. Make sure that the WSDL is available, in for example /opt/stack/vmware/SDK/wsdl/vim25/vimService.wsdl. You must point nova.conf to fetch this WSDL file from the local file system by using a URL.

When using the VMwareVCDriver (vCenter) with OpenStack Compute with vSphere version 5.0 or earlier, nova.conf must include the following extra config option:

```
[vmware]
wsdl_location=file:///opt/stack/vmware/SDK/wsdl/vim25/vimService.wsdl
```

# **Configuration reference**

To customize the VMware driver, use the configuration option settings documented in Table 2.58, "Description of VMware configuration options" [283].

# **Hyper-V virtualization platform**

It is possible to use Hyper-V as a compute node within an OpenStack Deployment. The no-va-compute service runs as "openstack-compute," a 32-bit service directly upon the Windows platform with the Hyper-V role enabled. The necessary Python components as well

as the nova-compute service are installed directly onto the Windows platform. Windows Clustering Services are not needed for functionality within the OpenStack infrastructure. The use of the Windows Server 2012 platform is recommend for the best experience and is the platform for active development. The following Windows platforms have been tested as compute nodes:

#### Windows Server 2008 R2

Both Server and Server Core with the Hyper-V role enabled (Shared Nothing Live migration is not supported using 2008 R2)

#### Windows Server 2012 and Windows Server 2012 R2

Server and Core (with the Hyper-V role enabled), and Hyper-V Server

### **Hyper-V configuration**

The only OpenStack services required on a Hyper-V node are nova-compute and neutron-hyperv-agent. Regarding the resources needed for this host you have to consider that Hyper-V will require 16 GB - 20 GB of disk space for the OS itself, including updates. Two NICs are required, one connected to the management network and one to the guest data network.

The following sections discuss how to prepare the Windows Hyper-V node for operation as an OpenStack compute node. Unless stated otherwise, any configuration information should work for the Windows 2008 R2, 2012 and 2012 R2 platforms.

### **Local storage considerations**

The Hyper-V compute node needs to have ample storage for storing the virtual machine images running on the compute nodes. You may use a single volume for all, or partition it into an OS volume and VM volume. It is up to the individual deploying to decide.

### **Configure NTP**

Network time services must be configured to ensure proper operation of the OpenStack nodes. To set network time on your Windows host you must run the following commands:

```
C:\>net stop w32time
C:\>w32tm /config /manualpeerlist:pool.ntp.org,0x8 /syncfromflags:MANUAL
C:\>net start w32time
```

Keep in mind that the node will have to be time synchronized with the other nodes of your OpenStack environment, so it is important to use the same NTP server. Note that in case of an Active Directory environment, you may do this only for the AD Domain Controller.

### **Configure Hyper-V virtual switching**

Information regarding the Hyper-V virtual Switch can be located here: http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh831823.aspx

To quickly enable an interface to be used as a Virtual Interface the following PowerShell may be used:

```
PS C:\>$if = Get-NetIPAddress -IPAddress 192* | Get-NetIPInterface
```

PS C:\>New-VMSwitch -NetAdapterName \$if.ifAlias -Name YOUR\_BRIDGE\_NAME -AllowManagementOS \$false



### Note

It is very important to make sure that when you are using an Hyper-V node with only 1 NIC the -AllowManagementOS option is set on True, otherwise you will lose connectivity to the Hyper-V node.

#### **Enable iSCSI initiator service**

To prepare the Hyper-V node to be able to attach to volumes provided by cinder you must first make sure the Windows iSCSI initiator service is running and started automatically.

```
PS C:\>Set-Service -Name MSiSCSI -StartupType Automatic
PS C:\>Start-Service MSiSCSI
```

### **Configure shared nothing live migration**

Detailed information on the configuration of live migration can be found here: http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj134199.aspx

The following outlines the steps of shared nothing live migration.

- 1. The target hosts ensures that live migration is enabled and properly configured in Hyper-V.
- 2. The target hosts checks if the image to be migrated requires a base VHD and pulls it from the Image Service if not already available on the target host.
- 3. The source hosts ensures that live migration is enabled and properly configured in Hyper-V.
- 4. The source hosts initiates a Hyper-V live migration.
- 5. The source hosts communicates to the manager the outcome of the operation.

The following two configuration options/flags are needed in order to support Hyper-V live migration and must be added to your nova.conf on the Hyper-V compute node:

• instances\_shared\_storage = False

This needed to support "shared nothing" Hyper-V live migrations. It is used in nova/compute/manager.py

• limit\_cpu\_features = True

This flag is needed to support live migration to hosts with different CPU features. This flag is checked during instance creation in order to limit the CPU features used by the VM.

• instances\_path = DRIVELETTER:\PATH\TO\YOUR\INSTANCES

Additional Requirements:

• Hyper-V 2012 R2 or Windows Server 2012 R2 with Hyper-V role enabled

- A Windows domain controller with the Hyper-V compute nodes as domain members
- The instances\_path command-line option/flag needs to be the same on all hosts.
- The openstack-compute service deployed with the setup must run with domain credentials. You can set the service credentials with:

C:\>sc config openstack-compute obj="DOMAIN\username" password="password"

### How to setup live migration on Hyper-V

To enable 'shared nothing live' migration, run the 3 PowerShell instructions below on each Hyper-V host:

```
PS C:\>Enable-VMMigration
PS C:\>Set-VMMigrationNetwork IP_ADDRESS
PS C:\>Set-VMHost -VirtualMachineMigrationAuthenticationTypeKerberos
```



### Note

Please replace the  $\it{IP\_ADDRESS}$  with the address of the interface which will provide live migration.

### **Additional Reading**

Here's an article that clarifies the various live migration options in Hyper-V:

http://ariessysadmin.blogspot.ro/2012/04/hyper-v-live-migration-of-windows.html

### Install nova-compute using OpenStack Hyper-V installer

In case you want to avoid all the manual setup, you can use Cloudbase Solutions' installer. You can find it here:

https://www.cloudbase.it/downloads/HyperVNovaCompute\_Beta.msi

It installs an independent Python environment, in order to avoid conflicts with existing applications, generates dynamically a nova.conf file based on the parameters provided by you.

The installer can also be used for an automated and unattended mode for deployments on a massive number of servers. More details about how to use the installer and its features can be found here:

https://www.cloudbase.it

# Requirements

### **Python**

Python 2.7 32bit must be installed as most of the libraries are not working properly on the 64bit version.

### **Procedure 2.2. Setting up Python prerequisites**

1. Download and then install it using the MSI installer from here:

ı

### http://www.python.org/ftp/python/2.7.3/python-2.7.3.msi

```
PS C:\> $src = "http://www.python.org/ftp/python/2.7.3/python-2.7.3.msi"
PS C:\> $dest = "$env:temp\python-2.7.3.msi"
PS C:\> Invoke-WebRequest -Uri $src -OutFile $dest
PS C:\> Unblock-File $dest
PS C:\> Start-Process $dest
```

2. Make sure that the Python and Python\Scripts paths are set up in the PATH environment variable.

```
PS C:\>$oldPath = [System.Environment]::GetEnvironmentVariable("Path")
PS C:\>$newPath = $oldPath + ";C:\python27\;C:\python27\Scripts\"
PS C:\>[System.Environment]::SetEnvironmentVariable("Path", $newPath,
[System.EnvironmentVariableTarget]::User
```

### **Python dependencies**

The following packages need to be downloaded and manually installed:

setuptools http://pypi.python.org/packages/2.7/s/setup-

tools/setuptools-0.6c11.win32-py2.7.exel

pip http://pip.readthedocs.org/en/latest/installing.html

MySQL-python http://codegood.com/download/10/

PyWin32 http://sourceforge.net/projects/pywin32/files/pywin32/Build%20217/

pywin32-217.win32-py2.7.exe

Greenlet http://www.lfd.uci.edu/~gohlke/pythonlibs/#greenlet

PyCryto http://www.voidspace.org.uk/downloads/pycryp-

to26/pycrypto-2.6.win32-py2.7.exe

The following packages must be installed with pip:

- ecdsa
- amqp
- wmi

```
PS C:\> pip install ecdsa
PS C:\> pip install amqp
PS C:\> pip install wmi
```

### Other dependencies

<code>qemu-img</code> is required for some of the image related operations. You can get it from here: <a href="http://qemu.weilnetz.de/">http://qemu.weilnetz.de/</a>. You must make sure that the <code>qemu-img</code> path is set in the PATH environment variable.

Some Python packages need to be compiled, so you may use MinGW or Visual Studio. You can get MinGW from here: <a href="http://sourceforge.net/projects/mingw/">http://sourceforge.net/projects/mingw/</a>. You must configure which compiler to be used for this purpose by using the distutils.cfg file in \$Python27\Lib\distutils, which can contain:

```
[build]
compiler = mingw32
```

As a last step for setting up MinGW, make sure that the MinGW binaries' directories are set up in PATH.

### **Install Nova-compute**

### Download the nova code

1. Use Git to download the necessary source code. The installer to run Git on Windows can be downloaded here:

https://github.com/msysgit/msysgit/releases/download/Git-1.9.2-preview20140411/Git-1.9.2-preview20140411.exe

2. Download the installer. Once the download is complete, run the installer and follow the prompts in the installation wizard. The default should be acceptable for the needs of the document.

```
PS C:\>$src = "https://github.com/msysgit/msysgit/releases/download/Git-1.
9.2-preview20140411/Git-1.9.2-preview20140411.exe"

PS C:\>$dest = "$env:temp\Git-1.9.2-preview20140411.exe"

PS C:\>Invoke-WebRequest -Uri $src -OutFile $dest

PS C:\>Unblock-File $dest

PS C:\>Start-Process $dest
```

3. Run the following to clone the Nova code.

```
PS C:\>git.exe clone https://github.com/openstack/nova.git
```

### **Install nova-compute service**

To install Nova-compute, run:

```
PS C:\>cd c:\Nova
PS C:\>python setup.py install
```

### **Configure nova-compute**

The nova.conf file must be placed in C:\etc\nova for running OpenStack on Hyper-V. Below is a sample nova.conf for Windows:

```
[DEFAULT]
[DEFAULT]
auth_strategy = keystone
image_service = nova.image.glance.GlanceImageService
compute_driver = nova.virt.hyperv.driver.HyperVDriver
volume_api_class = nova.volume.cinder.API
fake_network = true
instances_path = C:\Program Files (x86)\OpenStack\Instances
glance_api_servers = IP_ADDRESS:9292
use_cow_images = true
force_config_drive = false
injected_network_template = C:\Program Files (x86)\OpenStack\Nova\etc\
interfaces.template
policy_file = C:\Program Files (x86)\OpenStack\Nova\etc\policy.json
mkisofs_cmd = C:\Program Files (x86)\OpenStack\Nova\bin\mkisofs.exe
verbose = false
```

```
allow_resize_to_same_host = true
running_deleted_instance_action = reap
running_deleted_instance_poll_interval = 120
resize_confirm_window = 5
resume_guests_state_on_host_boot = true
rpc_response_timeout = 1800
lock_path = C:\Program Files (x86)\OpenStack\Log\
rpc_backend = nova.openstack.common.rpc.impl_kombu
rabbit_host = IP_ADDRESS
rabbit_port = 5672
rabbit_userid = guest
rabbit_password = Passw0rd
logdir = C:\Program Files (x86)\OpenStack\Log\
logfile = nova-compute.log
instance_usage_audit = true
instance_usage_audit_period = hour
network_api_class = nova.network.neutronv2.api.API
neutron_url = http://IP_ADDRESS:9696
neutron_auth_strategy = keystone
neutron_admin_tenant_name = service
neutron_admin_username = neutron
neutron_admin_password = Passw0rd
neutron_admin_auth_url = http://IP_ADDRESS:35357/v2.0
[hyperv]
vswitch_name = newVSwitch0
limit_cpu_features = false
config_drive_inject_password = false
qemu_img_cmd = C:\Program Files (x86)\OpenStack\Nova\bin\qemu-img.exe
config_drive_cdrom = true
dynamic_memory_ratio = 1
enable_instance_metrics_collection = true
[rdp]
html5_proxy_base_url = https://IP_ADDRESS:4430
```

Table 2.31, "Description of HyperV configuration options" [268] contains a reference of all options for hyper-v.

### Prepare images for use with Hyper-V

Hyper-V currently supports only the VHD and VHDX file format for virtual machine instances. Detailed instructions for installing virtual machines on Hyper-V can be found here:

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc772480.aspx

Once you have successfully created a virtual machine, you can then upload the image to glance using the native glance-client:

```
PS C:\>glance image-create --name "VM_IMAGE_NAME" --is-public False --
container-format bare --disk-format vhd
```



#### Note

VHD and VHDX files sizes can be bigger than their maximum internal size, as such you need to boot instances using a flavor with a slightly bigger disk size than the internal size of the disk file. To create VHDs, use the following Power-Shell cmdlet:

PS C:\>New-VHD DISK\_NAME.vhd -SizeBytes VHD\_SIZE

### **Run Compute with Hyper-V**

To start the nova-compute service, run this command from a console in the Windows server:

PS C:\>C:\Python27\python.exe c:\Python27\Scripts\nova-compute --config-file c:\etc\nova\nova.conf

# **Troubleshoot Hyper-V configuration**

• I ran the **nova-manage service list** command from my controller; however, I'm not seeing smiley faces for Hyper-V compute nodes, what do I do?

Verify that you are synchronized with a network time source. For instructions about how to configure NTP on your Hyper-V compute node, see the section called "Configure NTP" [224].

• How do I restart the compute service?

PS C:\>net stop nova-compute && net start nova-compute

• How do I restart the iSCSI initiator service?

PS C:\>net stop msiscsi && net start msiscsi

### **Baremetal driver**

The baremetal driver is a hypervisor driver for OpenStack Nova Compute. Within the Open-Stack framework, it has the same role as the drivers for other hypervisors (libvirt, xen, etc), and yet it is presently unique in that the hardware is not virtualized - there is no hypervisor between the tenants and the physical hardware. It exposes hardware through the Open-Stack APIs, using pluggable sub-drivers to deliver machine imaging (PXE) and power control (IPMI). With this, provisioning and management of physical hardware is accomplished by using common cloud APIs and tools, such as the Orchestration module (heat) or salt-cloud. However, due to this unique situation, using the baremetal driver requires some additional preparation of its environment, the details of which are beyond the scope of this guide.



### Note

Some OpenStack Compute features are not implemented by the baremetal hypervisor driver. See the hypervisor support matrix for details.

For the Baremetal driver to be loaded and function properly, ensure that the following options are set in /etc/nova/nova.conf on your nova-compute hosts.

```
[default]
compute_driver=nova.virt.baremetal.driver.BareMetalDriver
firewall_driver = nova.virt.firewall.NoopFirewallDriver
scheduler_host_manager=nova.scheduler.baremetal_host_manager.
BaremetalHostManager
ram_allocation_ratio=1.0
reserved_host_memory_mb=0
```

Many configuration options are specific to the Baremetal driver. Also, some additional steps are required, such as building the baremetal deploy ramdisk. See the main wiki page for details and implementation suggestions.

To customize the Baremetal driver, use the configuration option settings documented in Table 2.17, "Description of baremetal configuration options" [260].

# **Scheduling**

Compute uses the nova-scheduler service to determine how to dispatch compute and volume requests. For example, the nova-scheduler service determines on which host a VM should launch. In the context of filters, the term *host* means a physical node that has a nova-compute service running on it. You can configure the scheduler through a variety of options.

Compute is configured with the following default scheduler options in the /etc/no-va/nova.conf file:

```
scheduler_driver=nova.scheduler.multi.MultiScheduler
scheduler_driver_task_period = 60
scheduler_driver = nova.scheduler.filter_scheduler.FilterScheduler
scheduler_available_filters = nova.scheduler.filters.all_filters
scheduler_default_filters = RetryFilter, AvailabilityZoneFilter, RamFilter,
ComputeFilter, ComputeCapabilitiesFilter, ImagePropertiesFilter,
ServerGroupAntiAffinityFilter, ServerGroupAffinityFilter
```

By default, the  $scheduler\_driver$  is configured as a filter scheduler, as described in the next section. In the default configuration, this scheduler considers hosts that meet all the following criteria:

- Have not been attempted for scheduling purposes (RetryFilter).
- Are in the requested availability zone (AvailabilityZoneFilter).
- Have sufficient RAM available (RamFilter).
- Can service the request (ComputeFilter).
- Satisfy the extra specs associated with the instance type (ComputeCapabilitiesFilter).
- Satisfy any architecture, hypervisor type, or virtual machine mode properties specified on the instance's image properties (ImagePropertiesFilter).
- Are on a different host than other instances of a group (if requested) (Server-GroupAntiAffinityFilter).
- Are in a set of group hosts (if requested) (ServerGroupAffinityFilter).

The scheduler caches its list of available hosts; use the scheduler\_driver\_task\_period option to specify how often the list is updated.



### Note

Do not configure service\_down\_time to be much smaller than scheduler\_driver\_task\_period; otherwise, hosts appear to be dead while the host list is being cached.

For information about the volume scheduler, see the Block Storage section of *OpenStack Cloud Administrator Guide*.

The scheduler chooses a new host when an instance is migrated.

When evacuating instances from a host, the scheduler service does not pick the next host. Instances are evacuated to the host explicitly defined by the administrator. For information about instance evacuation, see Evacuate instances section of the OpenStack Cloud Administrator Guide.

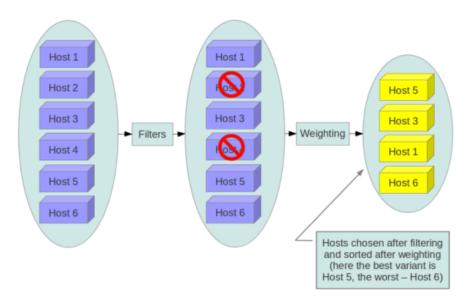
# Filter scheduler

The filter scheduler (nova.scheduler.filter\_scheduler.FilterScheduler) is the default scheduler for scheduling virtual machine instances. It supports filtering and weighting to make informed decisions on where a new instance should be created.

# **Filters**

When the filter scheduler receives a request for a resource, it first applies filters to determine which hosts are eligible for consideration when dispatching a resource. Filters are binary: either a host is accepted by the filter, or it is rejected. Hosts that are accepted by the filter are then processed by a different algorithm to decide which hosts to use for that request, described in the Weights section.

Figure 2.2. Filtering



The scheduler\_available\_filters configuration option in nova.conf provides the Compute service with the list of the filters that are used by the scheduler. The default setting specifies all of the filter that are included with the Compute service:

scheduler\_available\_filters = nova.scheduler.filters.all\_filters

<u>'</u>

This configuration option can be specified multiple times. For example, if you implemented your own custom filter in Python called myfilter.MyFilter and you wanted to use both the built-in filters and your custom filter, your nova.conf file would contain:

```
scheduler_available_filters = nova.scheduler.filters.all_filters
scheduler_available_filters = myfilter.MyFilter
```

The scheduler\_default\_filters configuration option in nova.conf defines the list of filters that are applied by the nova-scheduler service. The default filters are:

```
scheduler_default_filters = RetryFilter, AvailabilityZoneFilter, RamFilter,
ComputeFilter, ComputeCapabilitiesFilter, ImagePropertiesFilter,
ServerGroupAntiAffinityFilter, ServerGroupAffinityFilter
```

The following sections describe the available filters.

# **AggregateCoreFilter**

Filters host by CPU core numbers with a per-aggregate <code>cpu\_allocation\_ratio</code> value. If the per-aggregate value is not found, the value falls back to the global setting. If the host is in more than one aggregate and more than one value is found, the minimum value will be used. For information about how to use this filter, see the section called "Host aggregates" [244]. See also the section called "CoreFilter" [235].

# AggregateDiskFilter

Filters host by disk allocation with a per-aggregate disk\_allocation\_ratio value. If the per-aggregate value is not found, the value falls back to the global setting. If the host is in more than one aggregate and more than one value is found, the minimum value will be used. For information about how to use this filter, see the section called "Host aggregates" [244]. See also the section called "DiskFilter" [236].

# **AggregateImagePropertiesIsolation**

Matches properties defined in an image's metadata against those of aggregates to determine host matches:

- If a host belongs to an aggregate and the aggregate defines one or more metadata that matches an image's properties, that host is a candidate to boot the image's instance.
- If a host does not belong to any aggregate, it can boot instances from all images.

For example, the following aggregate myWinAgg has the Windows operating system as metadata (named 'windows'):

Id   Name	<pre>\$ nova aggregate-details MyWinAgg ++</pre>				
1   MyWinAgg   None   'sf-devel'   'os=windows'	Id	Name	Availability Zone		
	1	MyWinAgg	None		

In this example, because the following Win-2012 image has the windows property, it boots on the sf-devel host (all other filters being equal):

```
$ glance image-show Win-2012
```

You can configure the AggregateImagePropertiesIsolation filter by using the following options in the nova.conf file:

```
# Considers only keys matching the given namespace (string).
aggregate_image_properties_isolation_namespace = <None>
# Separator used between the namespace and keys (string).
aggregate_image_properties_isolation_separator = .
```

# AggregateInstanceExtraSpecsFilter

Matches properties defined in extra specs for an instance type against admin-defined properties on a host aggregate. Works with specifications that are scoped with aggregate\_instance\_extra\_specs. For backward compatibility, also works with non-scoped specifications; this action is highly discouraged because it conflicts with ComputeCapabilitiesFilter filter when you enable both filters. For information about how to use this filter, see the host aggregates section.

# **AggregateIoOpsFilter**

Filters host by disk allocation with a per-aggregate max\_io\_ops\_per\_host value. If the per-aggregate value is not found, the value falls back to the global setting. If the host is in more than one aggregate and more than one value is found, the minimum value will be used. For information about how to use this filter, see the section called "Host aggregates" [244]. See also the section called "loOpsFilter" [238].

# **AggregateMultiTenancyIsolation**

Isolates tenants to specific host aggregates. If a host is in an aggregate that has the filter\_tenant\_id metadata key, the host creates instances from only that tenant or list of tenants. A host can be in different aggregates. If a host does not belong to an aggregate with the metadata key, the host can create instances from all tenants.

# AggregateNumInstancesFilter

Filters host by number of instances with a per-aggregate max\_instances\_per\_host value. If the per-aggregate value is not found, the value falls back to the global setting. If the host is in more than one aggregate and thus more than one value is found, the minimum value will be used. For information about how to use this filter, see the section called "Host aggregates" [244]. See also the section called "NumInstancesFilter" [239].

# AggregateRamFilter

Filters host by RAM allocation of instances with a per-aggregate ram\_allocation\_ratio value. If the per-aggregate value is not found, the value falls

back to the global setting. If the host is in more than one aggregate and thus more than one value is found, the minimum value will be used. For information about how to use this filter, see the section called "Host aggregates" [244]. See also the section called "RamFilter" [239].

# **AggregateTypeAffinityFilter**

Filters host by per-aggregate instance\_type value. For information about how to use this filter, see the section called "Host aggregates" [244]. See also the section called "TypeAffinityFilter" [241].

### **AllHostsFilter**

This is a no-op filter. It does not eliminate any of the available hosts.

# **AvailabilityZoneFilter**

Filters hosts by availability zone. You must enable this filter for the scheduler to respect availability zones in requests.

# ComputeCapabilitiesFilter

Matches properties defined in extra specs for an instance type against compute capabilities.

If an extra specs key contains a colon (:), anything before the colon is treated as a namespace and anything after the colon is treated as the key to be matched. If a namespace is present and is not capabilities, the filter ignores the namespace. For backward compatibility, also treats the extra specs key as the key to be matched if no namespace is present; this action is highly discouraged because it conflicts with AggregateInstanceExtraSpecsFilter filter when you enable both filters.

# ComputeFilter

Passes all hosts that are operational and enabled.

In general, you should always enable this filter.

### CoreFilter

Only schedules instances on hosts if sufficient CPU cores are available. If this filter is not set, the scheduler might over-provision a host based on cores. For example, the virtual cores running on an instance may exceed the physical cores.

You can configure this filter to enable a fixed amount of vCPU overcommitment by using the <code>cpu\_allocation\_ratio</code> configuration option in <code>nova.conf</code>. The default setting is:

```
cpu_allocation_ratio = 16.0
```

With this setting, if 8 vCPUs are on a node, the scheduler allows instances up to 128 vCPU to be run on that node.

To disallow vCPU overcommitment set:

```
cpu_allocation_ratio = 1.0
```

ı



### Note

The Compute API always returns the actual number of CPU cores available on a compute node regardless of the value of the <code>cpu\_allocation\_ratio</code> configuration key. As a result changes to the <code>cpu\_allocation\_ratio</code> are not reflected via the command line clients or the dashboard. Changes to this configuration key are only taken into account internally in the scheduler.

### **DifferentHostFilter**

Schedules the instance on a different host from a set of instances. To take advantage of this filter, the requester must pass a scheduler hint, using different\_host as the key and a list of instance UUIDs as the value. This filter is the opposite of the SameHostFilter. Using the nova command-line tool, use the --hint flag. For example:

```
$ nova boot --image cedef40a-ed67-4d10-800e-17455edce175 --flavor 1 \
    --hint different_host=a0cf03a5-d921-4877-bb5c-86d26cf818e1 \
    --hint different_host=8c19174f-4220-44f0-824a-cd1eeef10287 server-1
```

With the API, use the os:scheduler\_hints key. For example:

### DiskFilter

Only schedules instances on hosts if there is sufficient disk space available for root and ephemeral storage.

You can configure this filter to enable a fixed amount of disk overcommitment by using the disk\_allocation\_ratio configuration option in nova.conf. The default setting is:

```
disk_allocation_ratio = 1.0
```

Adjusting this value to greater than 1.0 enables scheduling instances while over committing disk resources on the node. This might be desirable if you use an image format that is sparse or copy on write so that each virtual instance does not require a 1:1 allocation of virtual disk to physical storage.

# **GroupAffinityFilter**



### Note

This filter is deprecated in favor of ServerGroupAffinityFilter.

The GroupAffinityFilter ensures that an instance is scheduled on to a host from a set of group hosts. To take advantage of this filter, the requester must pass a scheduler hint, using group as the key and an arbitrary name as the value. Using the **nova** command-line tool, use the --hint flag. For example:

```
$ nova boot --image IMAGE_ID --flavor 1 --hint group=foo server-1
```

This filter should not be enabled at the same time as GroupAntiAffinityFilter or neither filter will work properly.

# **GroupAntiAffinityFilter**



### Note

This filter is deprecated in favor of ServerGroupAntiAffinityFilter.

The GroupAntiAffinityFilter ensures that each instance in a group is on a different host. To take advantage of this filter, the requester must pass a scheduler hint, using group as the key and an arbitrary name as the value. Using the **nova** command-line tool, use the --hint flag. For example:

```
$ nova boot --image IMAGE_ID --flavor 1 --hint group=foo server-1
```

This filter should not be enabled at the same time as GroupAffinityFilter or neither filter will work properly.

# **ImagePropertiesFilter**

Filters hosts based on properties defined on the instance's image. It passes hosts that can support the specified image properties contained in the instance. Properties include the architecture, hypervisor type, and virtual machine mode. for example, an instance might require a host that runs an ARM-based processor and QEMU as the hypervisor. An image can be decorated with these properties by using:

```
$ glance image-update img-uuid --property architecture=arm --property
hypervisor_type=qemu
```

The image properties that the filter checks for are:

- architecture: Architecture describes the machine architecture required by the image. Examples are i686, x86\_64, arm, and ppc64.
- hypervisor\_type: Hypervisor type describes the hypervisor required by the image. Examples are xen, qemu, and xenapi. Note that qemu is used for both QEMU and KVM hypervisor types.
- vm\_mode: Virtual machine mode describes the hypervisor application binary interface
   (ABI) required by the image. Examples are 'xen' for Xen 3.0 paravirtual ABI, 'hvm' for native ABI, 'uml' for User Mode Linux paravirtual ABI, exe for container virt executable ABI.

### **IsolatedHostsFilter**

Allows the admin to define a special (isolated) set of images and a special (isolated) set of hosts, such that the isolated images can only run on the iso-

lated hosts, and the isolated hosts can only run isolated images. The flag restrict\_isolated\_hosts\_to\_isolated\_images can be used to force isolated hosts to only run isolated images.

The admin must specify the isolated set of images and hosts in the nova.conf file using the isolated\_hosts and isolated\_images configuration options. For example:

```
isolated_hosts = server1, server2
isolated_images = 342b492c-128f-4a42-8d3a-c5088cf27d13, ebd267a6-
ca86-4d6c-9a0e-bd132d6b7d09
```

# **IoOpsFilter**

The IoOpsFilter filters hosts by concurrent I/O operations on it. Hosts with too many concurrent I/O operations will be filtered out. The max\_io\_ops\_per\_host option specifies the maximum number of I/O intensive instances allowed to run on a host. A host will be ignored by the scheduler if more than max\_io\_ops\_per\_host instances in build, resize, snapshot, migrate, rescue or unshelve task states are running on it.

### **JsonFilter**

The JsonFilter allows a user to construct a custom filter by passing a scheduler hint in JSON format. The following operators are supported:

- =
- <
- >
- in
- <=
- >=
- not
- or
- and

The filter supports the following variables:

- \$free\_ram\_mb
- \$free\_disk\_mb
- \$total\_usable\_ram\_mb
- \$vcpus\_total
- \$vcpus\_used

Using the nova command-line tool, use the --hint flag:

```
$ nova boot --image 827d564a-e636-4fc4-a376-d36f7ebe1747 \
    --flavor 1 --hint query='[">=","$free_ram_mb",1024]' server1
```

With the API, use the os:scheduler\_hints key:

```
{
    "server": {
        "name": "server-1",
        "imageRef": "cedef40a-ed67-4d10-800e-17455edce175",
        "flavorRef": "1"
    },
    "os:scheduler_hints": {
        "query": "[>=,$free_ram_mb,1024]"
    }
}
```

### MetricsFilter

Filters hosts based on metrics weight\_setting. Only hosts with the available metrics are passed so that the metrics weigher will not fail due to these hosts.

### **NumInstancesFilter**

Hosts that have more instances running than specified by the max\_instances\_per\_host option are filtered out when this filter is in place.

# **PciPassthroughFilter**

The filter schedules instances on a host if the host has devices that meet the device requests in the <code>extra\_specs</code> attribute for the flavor.

### RamFilter

Only schedules instances on hosts that have sufficient RAM available. If this filter is not set, the scheduler may over provision a host based on RAM (for example, the RAM allocated by virtual machine instances may exceed the physical RAM).

You can configure this filter to enable a fixed amount of RAM overcommitment by using the ram\_allocation\_ratio configuration option in nova.conf. The default setting is:

```
ram_allocation_ratio = 1.5
```

This setting enables 1.5 GB instances to run on any compute node with 1 GB of free RAM.

# **RetryFilter**

Filters out hosts that have already been attempted for scheduling purposes. If the scheduler selects a host to respond to a service request, and the host fails to respond to the request, this filter prevents the scheduler from retrying that host for the service request.

This filter is only useful if the scheduler\_max\_attempts configuration option is set to a value greater than zero.

### **SameHostFilter**

Schedules the instance on the same host as another instance in a set of instances. To take advantage of this filter, the requester must pass a scheduler hint, using <code>same\_host</code> as the key and a list of instance UUIDs as the value. This filter is the opposite of the <code>Differen-tHostFilter</code>. Using the nova command-line tool, use the <code>--hint</code> flag:

```
$ nova boot --image cedef40a-ed67-4d10-800e-17455edce175 --flavor 1 \
    --hint same_host=a0cf03a5-d921-4877-bb5c-86d26cf818e1 \
    --hint same_host=8c19174f-4220-44f0-824a-cd1eeef10287 server-1
```

With the API, use the os:scheduler\_hints key:

# ServerGroupAffinityFilter

The ServerGroupAffinityFilter ensures that an instance is scheduled on to a host from a set of group hosts. To take advantage of this filter, the requester must create a server group with an affinity policy, and pass a scheduler hint, using group as the key and the server group UUID as the value. Using the **nova** command-line tool, use the --hint flag. For example:

```
$ nova server-group-create --policy affinity group-1
$ nova boot --image IMAGE_ID --flavor 1 --hint group=SERVER_GROUP_UUID
server-1
```

# **ServerGroupAntiAffinityFilter**

The ServerGroupAntiAffinityFilter ensures that each instance in a group is on a different host. To take advantage of this filter, the requester must create a server group with an anti-affinity policy, and pass a scheduler hint, using group as the key and the server group UUID as the value. Using the **nova** command-line tool, use the --hint flag. For example:

```
$ nova server-group-create --policy anti-affinity group-1
$ nova boot --image IMAGE_ID --flavor 1 --hint group=SERVER_GROUP_UUID
server-1
```

# **SimpleCIDRAffinityFilter**

Schedules the instance based on host IP subnet range. To take advantage of this filter, the requester must specify a range of valid IP address in CIDR format, by passing two scheduler hints:

\_

juno

```
build_near_host_ip The first IP address in the subnet (for example, 192.168.1.1)
```

cidr

The CIDR that corresponds to the subnet (for example, /24)

Using the **nova** command-line tool, use the --hint flag. For example, to specify the IP subnet 192.168.1.1/24

```
$ nova boot --image cedef40a-ed67-4d10-800e-17455edce175 --flavor 1 \
--hint build_near_host_ip=192.168.1.1 --hint cidr=/24 server-1
```

With the API, use the os:scheduler\_hints key:

### **TrustedFilter**

Filters hosts based on their trust. Only passes hosts that meet the trust requirements specified in the instance properties.

# **TypeAffinityFilter**

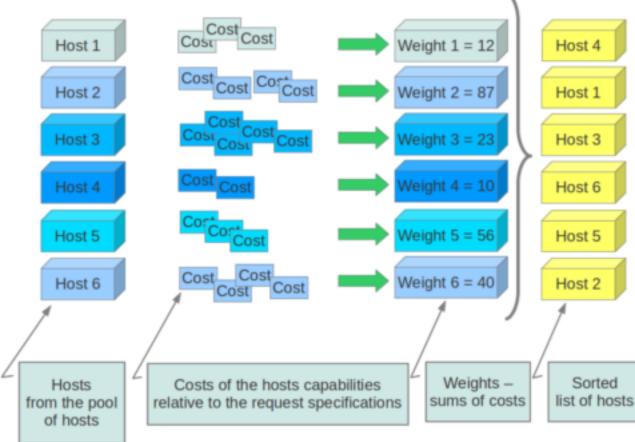
Dynamically limits hosts to one instance type. An instance can only be launched on a host, if no instance with different instances types are running on it, or if the host has no running instances at all.

# Weights

When resourcing instances, the filter scheduler filters and weights each host in the list of acceptable hosts. Each time the scheduler selects a host, it virtually consumes resources on it, and subsequent selections are adjusted accordingly. This process is useful when the customer asks for the same large amount of instances, because weight is computed for each requested instance.

All weights are normalized before being summed up; the host with the largest weight is given the highest priority.

Figure 2.3. Weighting hosts



If cells are used, cells are weighted by the scheduler in the same manner as hosts.

Hosts and cells are weighted based on the following options in the /etc/nova/nova.conf file:

**Table 2.9. Host weighting options** 

Section	Option	Description
[DE- FAULT]	ram_weight_multiplier	By default, the scheduler spreads instances across all hosts evenly. Set the ram_weight_multiplier option to a negative number if you prefer stacking instead of spreading. Use a floating-point value.
[DE- FAULT]	scheduler_host_subset	Neweinstances are scheduled on a host that is chosen randomly from a subset of the N best hosts. This property defines the subset size from which a host is chosen. A value of 1 chooses the first host returned by the weighting functions. This value must be at least 1. A value less than 1 is ignored, and 1 is used instead. Use an integer value.
[DE- FAULT]	scheduler_weight_class	Befaults to nova.scheduler.weights.all_weighers, which selects the RamWeigher. Hosts are then weighted and sorted with the largest weight winning.
[metrics]	weight_multiplier	Multiplier for weighting metrics. Use a floating-point value.

Section	Option	Description
[metrics]	weight_setting	Determines how metrics are weighted. Use a comma-separated list of metricName=ratio. For example: "name1=1.0, name2=-1.0" results in: name1.value * 1.0 + name2.value * -1.0
[metrics]	required	Specifies how to treat unavailable metrics:
		True—Raises an exception. To avoid the raised exception, you should use the scheduler filter MetricFilter to filter out hosts with unavailable metrics.
		False—Treated as a negative factor in the weighting process (uses the weight_of_unavailable option).
[metrics]	weight_of_unavailable	If required is set to False, and any one of the metrics set by weight_setting is unavailable, the weight_of_unavailable value is returned to the scheduler.

### For example:

```
[DEFAULT]
scheduler_host_subset_size = 1
scheduler_weight_classes = nova.scheduler.weights.all_weighers
ram_weight_multiplier = 1.0
[metrics]
weight_multiplier = 1.0
weight_setting = name1=1.0, name2=-1.0
required = false
weight_of_unavailable = -10000.0
```

### **Table 2.10. Cell weighting options**

Section	Option	Description
[cells]	mute_weight_multiplie	Multiplier to weight mute children (hosts which have not sent capacity or capacity updates for some time). Use a negative, floating-point value.
[cells]	mute_weight_value	Weight value assigned to mute children. Use a positive, floating-point value with a maximum of '1.0'.
[cells]	offset_weight_multipl	Multiplier to weight cells, so you can specify a preferred cell. Use a floating point value.
[cells]	ram_weight_multiplier	By default, the scheduler spreads instances across all cells evenly. Set the ram_weight_multiplier option to a negative number if you prefer stacking instead of spreading. Use a floating-point value.
[cells]	scheduler_weight_class	Befaults to nova.cells.weights.all_weighers, which maps to all cell weighters included with Compute. Cells are then weighted and sorted with the largest weight winning.

### For example:

```
[cells]
scheduler_weight_classes = nova.cells.weights.all_weighers
mute_weight_multiplier = -10.0
mute_weight_value = 1000.0
ram_weight_multiplier = 1.0
offset_weight_multiplier = 1.0
```

# **Chance scheduler**

As an administrator, you work with the filter scheduler. However, the Compute service also uses the Chance Scheduler, nova.scheduler.chance.ChanceScheduler, which randomly selects from lists of filtered hosts.

# ound - Juno - Juno

# **Host aggregates**

Host aggregates are a mechanism to further partition an availability zone; while availability zones are visible to users, host aggregates are only visible to administrators. Host Aggregates provide a mechanism to allow administrators to assign key-value pairs to groups of machines. Each node can have multiple aggregates, each aggregate can have multiple key-value pairs, and the same key-value pair can be assigned to multiple aggregates. This information can be used in the scheduler to enable advanced scheduling, to set up hypervisor resource pools or to define logical groups for migration.

# **Command-line interface**

The **nova** command-line tool supports the following aggregate-related commands.

nova aggregate-list	Print a list of all aggregates.
nova aggregate-create <name> <availability-zone></availability-zone></name>	Create a new aggregate named <name> in availability zone <availability-zone>. Returns the ID of the newly created aggregate. Hosts can be made available to multiple availability zones, but administrators should be careful when adding the host to a different host aggregate within the same availability zone and pay attention when using the aggregate-set-metadata and aggregate-update commands to avoid user confusion when they boot instances in different availability zones. An error occurs if you cannot add a particular host to an aggregate zone for which it is not intended.</availability-zone></name>
nova aggregate-delete <id></id>	Delete an aggregate with id $< id >$ .
nova aggregate-details <id></id>	Show details of the aggregate with id $>$ .
nova aggregate-add-host <id><host></host></id>	Add host with name $< host >$ to aggregate with id $< id >$ .
nova aggregate-remove-host <id>&lt; host&gt;</id>	Remove the host with name $< host >$ from the aggregate with id $< id >$ .
nova aggregate-set-meta- data <id> <key=value> [<key=value>]</key=value></key=value></id>	Add or update metadata (key-value pairs) associated with the aggregate with id $>$ .
nova aggregate-up- date <id> <name> [<availability_zone>]</availability_zone></name></id>	Update the name and availability zone (optional) for the aggregate.
nova host-list	List all hosts by service.
nova host-update –mainte- nance [enable   disable]	Put/resume host into/from maintenance.



### Note

Only administrators can access these commands. If you try to use these commands and the user name and tenant that you use to access the Compute service do not have the admin role or the appropriate privileges, these errors occur:

```
ERROR: Policy doesn't allow compute_extension:aggregates to be
  performed. (HTTP 403) (Request-ID: req-299fbff6-6729-4cef-93b2-
e7e1f96b4864)
```

ERROR: Policy doesn't allow compute\_extension:hosts to be performed. (HTTP 403) (Request-ID: req-ef2400f6-6776-4ea3-b6f1-7704085c27d1)

# Configure scheduler to support host aggregates

One common use case for host aggregates is when you want to support scheduling instances to a subset of compute hosts because they have a specific capability. For example, you may want to allow users to request compute hosts that have SSD drives if they need access to faster disk I/O, or access to compute hosts that have GPU cards to take advantage of GPU-accelerated code.

To configure the scheduler to support host aggregates, the scheduler\_default\_filters configuration option must contain the AggregateIn-stanceExtraSpecsFilter in addition to the other filters used by the scheduler. Add the following line to /etc/nova/nova.conf on the host that runs the nova-scheduler service to enable host aggregates filtering, as well as the other filters that are typically enabled:

scheduler\_default\_filters=AggregateInstanceExtraSpecsFilter,RetryFilter,
AvailabilityZoneFilter,RamFilter,ComputeFilter,ComputeCapabilitiesFilter,
ImagePropertiesFilter,ServerGroupAntiAffinityFilter,ServerGroupAffinityFilter

# **Example: Specify compute hosts with SSDs**

This example configures the Compute service to enable users to request nodes that have solid-state drives (SSDs). You create a fast-io host aggregate in the nova availability zone and you add the ssd=true key-value pair to the aggregate. Then, you add the node1, and node2 compute nodes to it.

\$ nova aggregate-create fast-io nova				
Id	Name	Availability Zone	Hosts	Metadata
	fast-io	nova	İ	i İ
+++  \$ nova aggregate-set-metadata 1 ssd=true ++				
Id	Name	Availability Zone	Hosts	Metadata
:	fast-io	nova	[]	{u'ssd': u'true'}
nova aggregate-add-host 1 node1				

- Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

Use the **nova flavor-create** command to create the ssd.large flavor called with an ID of 6, 8 GB of RAM, 80 GB root disk, and four vCPUs.

Once the flavor is created, specify one or more key-value pairs that match the key-value pairs on the host aggregates. In this case, that is the ssd=true key-value pair. Setting a key-value pair on a flavor is done using the **nova flavor-key** command.

### \$ nova flavor-key ssd.large set ssd=true

Once it is set, you should see the extra\_specs property of the ssd.large flavor populated with a key of ssd and a corresponding value of true.

```
$ nova flavor-show ssd.large
Property
 OS-FLV-DISABLED:disabled
                         False
 OS-FLV-EXT-DATA:ephemeral 0
 disk
                         | {u'ssd': u'true'}
 extra_specs
 id
                        | 6
 name
                         ssd.large
 os-flavor-access:is_public | True
                          8192
                         1.0
 rxtx_factor
 swap
vcpus
```

Now, when a user requests an instance with the ssd.large flavor, the scheduler only considers hosts with the ssd=true key-value pair. In this example, these are node1 and node2.

# XenServer hypervisor pools to support live migration

When using the XenAPI-based hypervisor, the Compute service uses host aggregates to manage XenServer Resource pools, which are used in supporting live migration.

# **Configuration reference**

To customize the Compute scheduler, use the configuration option settings documented in Table 2.51, "Description of scheduler configuration options" [279].

# **Cells**

*Cells* functionality enables you to scale an OpenStack Compute cloud in a more distributed fashion without having to use complicated technologies like database and message queue clustering. It supports very large deployments.

When this functionality is enabled, the hosts in an OpenStack Compute cloud are partitioned into groups called cells. Cells are configured as a tree. The top-level cell should have a host that runs a nova-api service, but no nova-compute services. Each child cell should run all of the typical nova-\* services in a regular Compute cloud except for nova-api. You can think of cells as a normal Compute deployment in that each cell has its own database server and message queue broker.

The nova-cells service handles communication between cells and selects cells for new instances. This service is required for every cell. Communication between cells is pluggable, and currently the only option is communication through RPC.

Cells scheduling is separate from host scheduling. nova-cells first picks a cell. Once a cell is selected and the new build request reaches its nova-cells service, it is sent over to the host scheduler in that cell and the build proceeds as it would have without cells.



# Warning

Cell functionality is currently considered experimental.

# **Cell configuration options**

Cells are disabled by default. All cell-related configuration options appear in the [cells] section in nova.conf. The following cell-related options are currently supported:

enable	Set to True to turn on cell functionality. Default is false.
name	Name of the current cell. Must be unique for each cell.
capabilities	List of arbitrary key=value pairs defining capabilities of the current cell. Values include hypervisor=xenserver; kvm, os=linux; windows.
call_timeout	How long in seconds to wait for replies from calls be-

tween cells.

\_

scheduler\_filter\_classes Filter classes that the cells scheduler should use. By de-

fault, uses "nova.cells.filters.all\_filters" to

map to all cells filters included with Compute.

scheduler\_weight\_classes Weight classes that the scheduler for cells uses. By de-

fault, uses nova.cells.weights.all\_weighers to map to all cells weight algorithms included with Com-

pute.

dicate that Compute should stack VMs on one host instead of spreading out new VMs to more hosts in the

cell. The default value is 10.0.

# Configure the API (top-level) cell

The compute API class must be changed in the API cell so that requests can be proxied through nova-cells down to the correct cell properly. Add the following line to nova. conf in the API cell:

```
[DEFAULT]
compute_api_class=nova.compute.cells_api.ComputeCellsAPI
...
[cells]
enable=True
name=api
```

# Configure the child cells

Add the following lines to nova. conf in the child cells, replacing cell1 with the name of each cell:

```
[DEFAULT]
# Disable quota checking in child cells. Let API cell do it exclusively.
quota_driver=nova.quota.NoopQuotaDriver

[cells]
enable=True
name=cell1
```

# Configure the database in each cell

Before bringing the services online, the database in each cell needs to be configured with information about related cells. In particular, the API cell needs to know about its immediate children, and the child cells must know about their immediate agents. The information needed is the RabbitMQ server credentials for the particular cell.

Use the **nova-manage cell create** command to add this information to the database in each cell.

```
Whether the cell is a parent or child
 --username=<username>
                       Username for the message broker in this cell
 --password=<password>
                       Password for the message broker in this cell
 --hostname=<hostname>
                       Address of the message broker in this cell
 --port=<number>
                       Port number of the message broker in this cell
 --virtual_host=<virtual_host>
                       The virtual host of the message broker in this cell
 --woffset=<float>
                       (weight offset) It might be used by some cell
scheduling code in the future
 --wscale=<float>
                       (weight scale) It might be used by some cell
scheduling code in the future
```

As an example, assume an API cell named api and a child cell named cell1.

Within the api cell, specify the following RabbitMQ server information:

```
rabbit_host=10.0.0.10
rabbit_port=5672
rabbit_username=api_user
rabbit_password=api_passwd
rabbit_virtual_host=api_vhost
```

Within the cell1 child cell, specify the following RabbitMQ server information:

```
rabbit_host=10.0.1.10
rabbit_port=5673
rabbit_username=cell1_user
rabbit_password=cell1_passwd
rabbit_virtual_host=cell1_vhost
```

You can run this in the API cell as root:

```
# nova-manage cell create --name cell1 --cell_type child \
   --username cell1_user --password cell1_passwd --hostname 10.0.1.10 \
   --port 5673 --virtual_host cell1_vhost --woffset 1.0 --wscale 1.0
```

Repeat the previous steps for all child cells.

In the child cell, run the following, as root:

```
# nova-manage cell create --name api --cell_type parent \
    --username api_user --password api_passwd --hostname 10.0.0.10 \
    --port 5672 --virtual_host api_vhost --woffset 1.0 --wscale 1.0
```

To customize the Compute cells, use the configuration option settings documented in Table 2.19, "Description of cell configuration options" [262].

# **Cell scheduling configuration**

To determine the best cell to use to launch a new instance, Compute uses a set of filters and weights defined in the /etc/nova/nova.conf file. The following options are available to prioritize cells for scheduling:

```
scheduler_filter_classes List of filter classes. By default nova.cells.filters.all_filters is specified,
```

which maps to all cells filters included with Compute (see the section called "Filters" [232]).

scheduler\_weight\_classes List of weight classes. By default nova.cells.weights.all\_weighers is specified, which maps to all cell weight algorithms included with Compute. The following modules are available:

- mute child. Downgrades the likelihood of child cells being chosen for scheduling requests, which haven't sent capacity or capability updates in a while. Options include mute\_weight\_multiplier (multiplier for mute children; value should be negative) and mute\_weight\_value (assigned to mute children; should be a positive value).
- ram\_by\_instance\_type. Select cells with the most RAM capacity for the instance type being requested. Because higher weights win, Compute returns the number of available units for the instance type requested. The ram\_weight\_multiplier option defaults to 10.0 that adds to the weight by a factor of 10. Use a negative number to stack VMs on one host instead of spreading out new VMs to more hosts in the cell.
- weight offset. Allows modifying the database to weight a particular cell. You can use this when you want to disable a cell (for example, '0'), or to set a default cell by making its weight offset very high (for be the first cell to be scheduled for launching an instance.

Additionally, the following options are available for the cell scheduler:

scheduler retries

Specifies how many times the scheduler tries to launch a new instance when no cells are available (default=10).

As an admin user, you can also add a filter that directs builds to a particular cell. The policy. json file must have a line with "cells\_scheduler\_filter:TargetCellFilter" : "is\_admin:True" to let an admin user specify a scheduler hint to direct a build to a particular cell.

# Optional cell configuration

Cells store all inter-cell communication data, including user names and passwords, in the database. Because the cells data is not updated very frequently, use the [cells]cells\_config option to specify a JSON file to store cells data. With this configuration, the database is no longer consulted when reloading the cells data. The file must have columns present in the Cell model (excluding common database fields and the id column). You must specify the queue connection information through a transport\_url field, instead of username, password, and so on. The transport\_url has the following form:

```
rabbit://USERNAME:PASSWORD@HOSTNAME:PORT/VIRTUAL_HOST
```

The scheme can be either qpid or rabbit, as shown previously. The following sample shows this optional configuration:

```
"parent": {
    "name": "parent",
    "api_url": "http://api.example.com:8774",
    "transport_url": "rabbit://rabbit.example.com",
    "weight_offset": 0.0,
    "weight_scale": 1.0,
    "is_parent": true
},
"cell1": {
    "name": "cell1",
    "api_url": "http://api.example.com:8774",
    "transport_url": "rabbit://rabbit1.example.com",
    "weight_offset": 0.0,
    "weight_scale": 1.0,
    "is_parent": false
},
"cell2": {
    "name": "cell2",
    "api_url": "http://api.example.com:8774",
    "transport_url": "rabbit://rabbit2.example.com",
    "weight_offset": 0.0,
    "weight_scale": 1.0,
    "is_parent": false
```

# **Conductor**

The nova-conductor service enables OpenStack to function without compute nodes accessing the database. Conceptually, it implements a new layer on top of nova-compute. It should not be deployed on compute nodes, or else the security benefits of removing database access from nova-compute are negated. Just like other nova services such as nova-api or nova-scheduler, it can be scaled horizontally. You can run multiple instances of nova-conductor on different machines as needed for scaling purposes.

The methods exposed by nova-conductor are relatively simple methods used by nova-compute to offload its database operations. Places where nova-compute previously performed database access are now talking to nova-conductor. However, we have plans in the medium to long term to move more and more of what is currently in nova-compute up to the nova-conductor layer. The Compute service will start to look like a less intelligent slave service to nova-conductor. The conductor service will implement long running complex operations, ensuring forward progress and graceful error handling. This will be especially beneficial for operations that cross multiple compute nodes, such as migrations or resizes.

To customize the Conductor, use the configuration option settings documented in Table 2.22, "Description of conductor configuration options" [265].

# Example nova.conf configuration files

The following sections describe the configuration options in the nova.conf file. You must copy the nova.conf file to each compute node. The sample nova.conf files show examples of specific configurations.

# Small, private cloud

This example nova.conf file configures a small private cloud with cloud controller services, database server, and messaging server on the same server. In this case, CONTROLLER\_IP represents the IP address of a central server, BRIDGE\_INTERFACE represents the bridge such as br100, the NETWORK\_INTERFACE represents an interface to your VLAN setup, and passwords are represented as DB\_PASSWORD\_COMPUTE for your Compute (nova) database password, and RABBIT PASSWORD represents the password to your message queue installation.

```
[DEFAULT]
# LOGS/STATE
verbose=True
logdir=/var/log/nova
state_path=/var/lib/nova
lock_path=/var/lock/nova
rootwrap_config=/etc/nova/rootwrap.conf
# SCHEDULER
compute_scheduler_driver=nova.scheduler.filter_scheduler.FilterScheduler
# configured in cinder.conf
# COMPUTE
compute_driver=libvirt.LibvirtDriver
instance_name_template=instance-%08x
api_paste_config=/etc/nova/api-paste.ini
# COMPUTE/APIS: if you have separate configs for separate services
# this flag is required for both nova-api and nova-compute
allow_resize_to_same_host=True
osapi_compute_extension=nova.api.openstack.compute.contrib.standard_extensions
ec2_dmz_host=192.168.206.130
s3_host=192.168.206.130
# RABBITMO
rabbit_host=192.168.206.130
image_service=nova.image.glance.GlanceImageService
# NETWORK
network_manager=nova.network.manager.FlatDHCPManager
force_dhcp_release=True
dhcpbridge_flagfile=/etc/nova/nova.conf
firewall_driver=nova.virt.libvirt.firewall.IptablesFirewallDriver
# Change my_ip to match each host
```

ounf - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

```
my_ip=192.168.206.130
public_interface=eth0
vlan_interface=eth0
flat_network_bridge=br100
flat_interface=eth0
# NOVNC CONSOLE
novncproxy_base_url=http://192.168.206.130:6080/vnc_auto.html
# Change vncserver_proxyclient_address and vncserver_listen to match each
compute host
vncserver_proxyclient_address=192.168.206.130
vncserver_listen=192.168.206.130
# AUTHENTICATION
auth_strategy=keystone
[keystone_authtoken]
auth_host = 127.0.0.1
auth\_port = 35357
auth_protocol = http
admin_tenant_name = service
admin_user = nova
admin_password = nova
signing_dirname = /tmp/keystone-signing-nova
# GLANCE
[glance]
api_servers=192.168.206.130:9292
# DATABASE
[database]
connection=mysq1://nova:yourpassword@192.168.206.130/nova
# LIBVIRT
[libvirt]
virt_type=qemu
```

# KVM, Flat, MySQL, and Glance, OpenStack or EC2 API

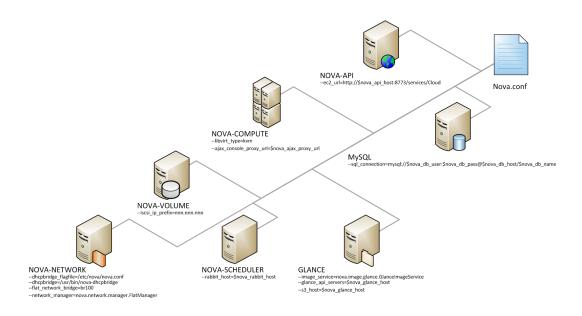
This example nova.conf file, from an internal Rackspace test system, is used for demonstrations.

```
# LOGS/STATE
verbose=True
logdir=/var/log/nova
state_path=/var/lib/nova
lock_path=/var/lock/nova
rootwrap_config=/etc/nova/rootwrap.conf

# SCHEDULER
compute_scheduler_driver=nova.scheduler.filter_scheduler.FilterScheduler
# VOLUMES
# configured in cinder.conf
# COMPUTE
compute_driver=libvirt.LibvirtDriver
instance_name_template=instance-%08x
```

```
api_paste_config=/etc/nova/api-paste.ini
# COMPUTE/APIS: if you have separate configs for separate services
# this flag is required for both nova-api and nova-compute
allow_resize_to_same_host=True
# APIS
osapi_compute_extension=nova.api.openstack.compute.contrib.standard_extensions
ec2_dmz_host=192.168.206.130
s3_host=192.168.206.130
# RABBITMQ
rabbit_host=192.168.206.130
image_service=nova.image.glance.GlanceImageService
# NETWORK
network_manager=nova.network.manager.FlatDHCPManager
force_dhcp_release=True
dhcpbridge_flagfile=/etc/nova/nova.conf
firewall_driver=nova.virt.libvirt.firewall.IptablesFirewallDriver
# Change my_ip to match each host
my_ip=192.168.206.130
public_interface=eth0
vlan_interface=eth0
flat_network_bridge=br100
flat_interface=eth0
# NOVNC CONSOLE
novncproxy_base_url=http://192.168.206.130:6080/vnc_auto.html
# Change vncserver_proxyclient_address and vncserver_listen to match each
compute host
vncserver_proxyclient_address=192.168.206.130
vncserver_listen=192.168.206.130
# AUTHENTICATION
auth_strategy=keystone
[keystone_authtoken]
auth_host = 127.0.0.1
auth_port = 35357
auth_protocol = http
admin_tenant_name = service
admin_user = nova
admin_password = nova
signing_dirname = /tmp/keystone-signing-nova
# GLANCE
api_servers=192.168.206.130:9292
# DATABASE
[database]
connection=mysql://nova:yourpassword@192.168.206.130/nova
# LIBVIRT
[libvirt]
virt_type=qemu
```

Figure 2.4. KVM, Flat, MySQL, and Glance, OpenStack or EC2 API

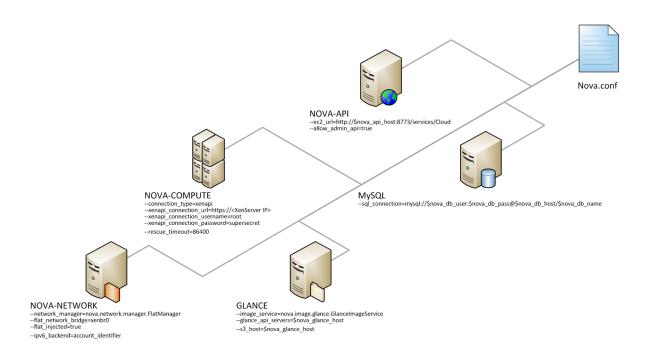


# XenServer, Flat networking, MySQL, and Glance, OpenStack API

This example nova.conf file is from an internal Rackspace test system.

```
verbose
nodaemon
network_manager=nova.network.manager.FlatManager
image_service=nova.image.glance.GlanceImageService
flat_network_bridge=xenbr0
compute_driver=xenapi.XenAPIDriver
xenapi_connection_url=https://<XenServer IP>
xenapi_connection_username=root
xenapi_connection_password=supersecret
xenapi_image_upload_handler=nova.virt.xenapi.image.glance.GlanceStore
rescue_timeout=86400
use_ipv6=true
# To enable flat_injected, currently only works on Debian-based systems
flat_injected=true
ipv6_backend=account_identifier
ca_path=./nova/CA
# Add the following to your conf file if you're running on Ubuntu Maverick
xenapi_remap_vbd_dev=true
[database]
connection=mysql://root:<password>@127.0.0.1/nova
```

Figure 2.5. KVM, Flat, MySQL, and Glance, OpenStack or EC2 API



# **Compute log files**

The corresponding log file of each Compute service is stored in the  $\sqrt{\sqrt{\log/\log nova}}$  directory of the host on which each service runs.

Table 2.11. Log files used by Compute services

Log file	Service name (CentOS/Fedora/open- SUSE/Red Hat Enterprise Linux/SUSE Linux Enterprise)	Service name (Ubuntu/Debian)
api.log	openstack-nova-api	nova-api
cert.log <sup>a</sup>	openstack-nova-cert	nova-cert
compute.log	openstack-nova-compute	nova-compute
conductor.log	openstack-nova-conductor	nova-conductor
consoleauth.log	openstack-nova-consoleauth	nova-consoleauth
network.log <sup>b</sup>	openstack-nova-network	nova-network
nova-manage.log	nova-manage	nova-manage
scheduler.log	openstack-nova-scheduler	nova-scheduler

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>The X509 certificate service (openstack-nova-cert/nova-cert) is only required by the EC2 API to the Compute service.

<sup>b</sup>The nova network service (openstack-nova-network/nova-network) only runs in deployments that are not configured to use the Networking service (neutron).

# **Compute sample configuration files**

# nova.conf - configuration options

For a complete list of all available configuration options for each OpenStack Compute service, run bin/nova-<servicename> –help.

**Table 2.12. Description of API configuration options** 

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
api_paste_config = api-paste.ini	(StrOpt) File name for the paste.deploy config for nova-api
api_rate_limit = False	(BoolOpt) Whether to use per-user rate limiting for the api. This option is only used by v2 api. Rate limiting is removed from v3 api.
client_socket_timeout = 0	(IntOpt) Timeout for client connections' socket operations. If an incoming connection is idle for this number of seconds it will be closed. A value of '0' means wait forever.
enable_new_services = True	(BoolOpt) Services to be added to the available pool on create
enabled_apis = ec2, osapi_compute, metadata	(ListOpt) A list of APIs to enable by default
enabled_ssl_apis =	(ListOpt) A list of APIs with enabled SSL
instance_name_template = instance-%08x	(StrOpt) Template string to be used to generate instance names
max_header_line = 16384	(IntOpt) Maximum line size of message headers to be accepted. max_header_line may need to be increased when using large tokens (typically those generated by the Keystone v3 API with big service catalogs).
multi_instance_display_name_template = %(name)s-%(uuid)s	(StrOpt) When creating multiple instances with a single request using the os-multiple-create API extension, this template will be used to build the display name for each instance. The benefit is that the instances end up with different hostnames. To restore legacy behavior of every instance having the same name, set this option to "%(name)s". Valid keys for the template are: name, uuid, count.
non_inheritable_image_properties = cache_in_nova, bit-torrent	(ListOpt) These are image properties which a snapshot should not inherit from an instance
null_kernel = nokernel	(StrOpt) Kernel image that indicates not to use a kernel, but to use a raw disk image instead
osapi_compute_ext_list =	(ListOpt) Specify list of extensions to load when using osapi_compute_extension option with nova.api.openstack.compute.contrib.select_extensions
osapi_compute_extension = ['nova.api.openstack.compute.contrib.standard_extension	(MultiStrOpt) osapi compute extension to load
osapi_compute_link_prefix = None	(StrOpt) Base URL that will be presented to users in links to the OpenStack Compute API
osapi_compute_listen = 0.0.0.0	(StrOpt) The IP address on which the OpenStack API will listen.
osapi_compute_listen_port = 8774	(IntOpt) The port on which the OpenStack API will listen.
osapi_compute_workers = None	(IntOpt) Number of workers for OpenStack API service. The default will be the number of CPUs available.

Configuration option = Default value	Description
osapi_hide_server_address_states = building	(ListOpt) List of instance states that should hide network info
servicegroup_driver = db	(StrOpt) The driver for servicegroup service (valid options are: db, zk, mc)
snapshot_name_template = snapshot-%s	(StrOpt) Template string to be used to generate snapshot names
tcp_keepidle = 600	(IntOpt) Sets the value of TCP_KEEPIDLE in seconds for each server socket. Not supported on OS X.
use_forwarded_for = False	(BoolOpt) Treat X-Forwarded-For as the canonical remote address. Only enable this if you have a sanitizing proxy.
wsgi_default_pool_size = 1000	(IntOpt) Size of the pool of greenthreads used by wsgi
wsgi_keep_alive = True	(BoolOpt) If False, closes the client socket connection explicitly.
wsgi_log_format = %(client_ip)s "%(request_line)s" status: %(status_code)s len: %(body_length)s time: %(wall_seconds).7f	(StrOpt) A python format string that is used as the template to generate log lines. The following values can be formatted into it: client_ip, date_time, request_line, status_code, body_length, wall_seconds.

# Table 2.13. Description of API v3 configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[osapi_v3]	
enabled = False	(BoolOpt) Whether the V3 API is enabled or not
extensions_blacklist =	(ListOpt) A list of v3 API extensions to never load. Specify the extension aliases here.
extensions_whitelist =	(ListOpt) If the list is not empty then a v3 API extension will only be loaded if it exists in this list. Specify the extension aliases here.

# Table 2.14. Description of authentication configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
auth_strategy = keystone	(StrOpt) The strategy to use for auth: noauth or keystone.

# Table 2.15. Description of authorization token configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[keystone_authtoken]	
admin_password = None	(StrOpt) Keystone account password
admin_tenant_name = admin	(StrOpt) Keystone service account tenant name to validate user tokens
admin_token = None	(StrOpt) This option is deprecated and may be removed in a future release. Single shared secret with the Keystone configuration used for bootstrapping a Keystone installation, or otherwise bypassing the normal authentication process. This option should not be used, use `admin_user` and `admin_password` instead.
admin_user = None	(StrOpt) Keystone account username
auth_admin_prefix =	(StrOpt) Prefix to prepend at the beginning of the path. Deprecated, use identity_uri.
auth_host = 127.0.0.1	(StrOpt) Host providing the admin Identity API endpoint. Deprecated, use identity_uri.

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description
auth_port = 35357	(IntOpt) Port of the admin Identity API endpoint. Deprecated, use identity_uri.
auth_protocol = https	(StrOpt) Protocol of the admin Identity API endpoint (http or https). Deprecated, use identity_uri.
auth_uri = None	(StrOpt) Complete public Identity API endpoint
auth_version = None	(StrOpt) API version of the admin Identity API endpoint
cache = None	(StrOpt) Env key for the swift cache
cafile = None	(StrOpt) A PEM encoded Certificate Authority to use wher verifying HTTPs connections. Defaults to system CAs.
certfile = None	(StrOpt) Required if Keystone server requires client certificate
check_revocations_for_cached = False	(BoolOpt) If true, the revocation list will be checked for cached tokens. This requires that PKI tokens are configured on the Keystone server.
delay_auth_decision = False	(BoolOpt) Do not handle authorization requests within the middleware, but delegate the authorization decision to downstream WSGI components
enforce_token_bind = permissive	(StrOpt) Used to control the use and type of token binding. Can be set to: "disabled" to not check token binding. "permissive" (default) to validate binding information if the bind type is of a form known to the server and ignore it if not. "strict" like "permissive" but if the bind type is unknown the token will be rejected. "required" any form of token binding is needed to be allowed. Finally the name of a binding method that must be present in tokens.
hash_algorithms = md5	(ListOpt) Hash algorithms to use for hashing PKI tokens. This may be a single algorithm or multiple. The algorithms are those supported by Python standard hashlib.new(). The hashes will be tried in the order given, so put the preferred one first for performance. The result of the first hash will be stored in the cache. This will typically be set to multiple values only while migrating from a less secure algorithm to a more secure one. Once all the old tokens are expired this option should be set to a single value for better performance.
http_connect_timeout = None	(BoolOpt) Request timeout value for communicating with Identity API server.
http_request_max_retries = 3	(IntOpt) How many times are we trying to reconnect when communicating with Identity API Server.
identity_uri = None	(StrOpt) Complete admin Identity API endpoint. This should specify the unversioned root endpoint e.g. https://localhost:35357/
include_service_catalog = True	(BoolOpt) (optional) indicate whether to set the X-Service-Catalog header. If False, middleware will not ask for service catalog on token validation and will not set the X-Service-Catalog header.
insecure = False	(BoolOpt) Verify HTTPS connections.
keyfile = None	(StrOpt) Required if Keystone server requires client certificate
memcache_secret_key = None	(StrOpt) (optional, mandatory if memcache_security_strategy is defined) this string is used for key derivation.
memcache_security_strategy = None	(StrOpt) (optional) if defined, indicate whether token data should be authenticated or authenticated and encrypted. Acceptable values are MAC or ENCRYPT. If MAC, token data is authenticated (with HMAC) in the cache. If ENCRYPT, token data is encrypted and authenticated in the

Configuration option = Default value	Description
	cache. If the value is not one of these options or empty, auth_token will raise an exception on initialization.
revocation_cache_time = 10	(IntOpt) Determines the frequency at which the list of revoked tokens is retrieved from the Identity service (in seconds). A high number of revocation events combined with a low cache duration may significantly reduce performance.
signing_dir = None	(StrOpt) Directory used to cache files related to PKI tokens
token_cache_time = 300	(IntOpt) In order to prevent excessive effort spent validating tokens, the middleware caches previously-seen tokens for a configurable duration (in seconds). Set to -1 to disable caching completely.

# Table 2.16. Description of availability zones configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	·
default_availability_zone = nova	(StrOpt) Default compute node availability_zone
default_schedule_zone = None	(StrOpt) Availability zone to use when user doesn't specify one
internal_service_availability_zone = internal	(StrOpt) The availability_zone to show internal services under

# **Table 2.17. Description of baremetal configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[baremetal]	
db_backend = sqlalchemy	(StrOpt) The backend to use for bare-metal database
deploy_kernel = None	(StrOpt) Default kernel image ID used in deployment phase
deploy_ramdisk = None	(StrOpt) Default ramdisk image ID used in deployment phase
driver = nova.virt.baremetal.pxe.PXE	(StrOpt) Baremetal driver back-end (pxe or tilera)
flavor_extra_specs =	(ListOpt) A list of additional capabilities corresponding to flavor_extra_specs for this compute host to advertise. Valid entries are name=value, pairs For example, "key1:val1, key2:val2"
ipmi_power_retry = 10	(IntOpt) Maximal number of retries for IPMI operations
net_config_template = \$pybasedir/nova/virt/baremet- al/net-dhcp.ubuntu.template	(StrOpt) Template file for injected network config
power_manager = nova.virt.baremetal.ipmi.IPMI	(StrOpt) Baremetal power management method
pxe_append_params = nofb nomodeset vga=normal	(StrOpt) Additional append parameters for baremetal PXE boot
pxe_bootfile_name = pxelinux.0	(StrOpt) This gets passed to Neutron as the bootfile dhcp parameter.
pxe_config_template = \$pybasedir/nova/virt/baremet- al/pxe_config.template	(StrOpt) Template file for PXE configuration
pxe_deploy_timeout = 0	(IntOpt) Timeout for PXE deployments. Default: 0 (unlimited)
pxe_network_config = False	(BoolOpt) If set, pass the network configuration details to the initramfs via cmdline.
sql_connection = sqlite:///\$state_path/ baremetal_nova.sqlite	(StrOpt) The SQLAlchemy connection string used to connect to the bare-metal database

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
ca_file = cacert.pem	(StrOpt) Filename of root CA	
ca_path = \$state_path/CA	(StrOpt) Where we keep our root CA	
cert_manager = nova.cert.manager.CertManager	(StrOpt) Full class name for the Manager for cert	
cert_topic = cert	(StrOpt) The topic cert nodes listen on	
crl_file = crl.pem	(StrOpt) Filename of root Certificate Revocation List	
key_file = private/cakey.pem	(StrOpt) Filename of private key	
keys_path = \$state_path/keys	(StrOpt) Where we keep our keys	
project_cert_subject = /C=US/ST=California/O=OpenStack/OU=NovaDev/CN=project-ca-%.16s-%s	(StrOpt) Subject for certificate for projects, %s for project, timestamp	
ssl_ca_file = None	(StrOpt) CA certificate file to use to verify connecting clients	
ssl_cert_file = None	(StrOpt) SSL certificate of API server	
ssl_key_file = None	(StrOpt) SSL private key of API server	
use_project_ca = False	(BoolOpt) Should we use a CA for each project?	
user_cert_subject = /C=US/ST=California/O=OpenStack/ OU=NovaDev/CN=%.16s-%s	(StrOpt) Subject for certificate for users, %s for project, user, timestamp	
[ssl]		
ca_file = None	(StrOpt) CA certificate file to use to verify connecting clients.	
cert_file = None	(StrOpt) Certificate file to use when starting the server securely.	
key_file = None	(StrOpt) Private key file to use when starting the server securely.	

ence

# **Table 2.19. Description of cell configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[cells]	
call_timeout = 60	(IntOpt) Seconds to wait for response from a call to a cell.
capabilities = hypervisor=xenserver;kvm, os=linux;windows	(ListOpt) Key/Multi-value list with the capabilities of the cell
cell_type = compute	(StrOpt) Type of cell: api or compute
cells_config = None	(StrOpt) Configuration file from which to read cells configuration. If given, overrides reading cells from the database.
db_check_interval = 60	(IntOpt) Interval, in seconds, for getting fresh cell information from the database.
driver = nova.cells.rpc_driver.CellsRPCDriver	(StrOpt) Cells communication driver to use
enable = False	(BoolOpt) Enable cell functionality
instance_update_num_instances = 1	(IntOpt) Number of instances to update per periodic task run
instance_updated_at_threshold = 3600	(IntOpt) Number of seconds after an instance was updated or deleted to continue to update cells
manager = nova.cells.manager.CellsManager	(StrOpt) Manager for cells
max_hop_count = 10	(IntOpt) Maximum number of hops for cells routing.
mute_child_interval = 300	(IntOpt) Number of seconds after which a lack of capability and capacity updates signals the child cell is to be treated as a mute.
mute_weight_multiplier = -10.0	(FloatOpt) Multiplier used to weigh mute children. (The value should be negative.)
mute_weight_value = 1000.0	(FloatOpt) Weight value assigned to mute children. (The value should be positive.)
name = nova	(StrOpt) Name of this cell
offset_weight_multiplier = 1.0	(FloatOpt) Multiplier used to weigh offset weigher.
reserve_percent = 10.0	(FloatOpt) Percentage of cell capacity to hold in reserve. Affects both memory and disk utilization
topic = cells	(StrOpt) The topic cells nodes listen on

# **Table 2.20. Description of common configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
bindir = /usr/local/bin	(StrOpt) Directory where nova binaries are installed
compute_topic = compute	(StrOpt) The topic compute nodes listen on
console_topic = console	(StrOpt) The topic console proxy nodes listen on
consoleauth_topic = consoleauth	(StrOpt) The topic console auth proxy nodes listen on
host = localhost	(StrOpt) Name of this node. This can be an opaque identifier. It is not necessarily a hostname, FQDN, or IP address. However, the node name must be valid within an AMQP key, and if using ZeroMQ, a valid hostname, FQDN, or IP address
lock_path = None	(StrOpt) Directory to use for lock files.
memcached_servers = None	(ListOpt) Memcached servers or None for in process cache.
my_ip = 10.0.0.1	(StrOpt) IP address of this host
notify_api_faults = False	(BoolOpt) If set, send api.fault notifications on caught exceptions in the API service.

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

### **Table 2.21. Description of Compute configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
compute_available_monitors = ['nova.compute.monitors.all_monitors']	(MultiStrOpt) Monitor classes available to the compute which may be specified more than once.
compute_driver = None	(StrOpt) Driver to use for controlling virtualization. Options include: libvirt.LibvirtDriver, xenapi.XenAPIDriver, fake.FakeDriver, baremetal.BareMetalDriver, vmwareapi.VMwareVCDriver, hyperv.HyperVDriver
compute_manager = nova.compute.manager.ComputeManager	(StrOpt) Full class name for the Manager for compute
compute_monitors =	(ListOpt) A list of monitors that can be used for getting compute metrics.
compute_resources = vcpu	(ListOpt) The names of the extra resources to track.
compute_stats_class = nova.compute.stats.Stats	(StrOpt) Class that will manage stats for the local compute host
console_host = localhost	(StrOpt) Console proxy host to use to connect to instances on this host.
console_manager = nova.console.manager.ConsoleProxyManager	(StrOpt) Full class name for the Manager for console proxy
default_flavor = m1.small	(StrOpt) Default flavor to use for the EC2 API only. The Nova API does not support a default flavor.
default_notification_level = INFO	(StrOpt) Default notification level for outgoing notifications
enable_instance_password = True	(BoolOpt) Enables returning of the instance password by the relevant server API calls such as create, rebuild or res- cue, If the hypervisor does not support password injection then the password returned will not be correct
heal_instance_info_cache_interval = 60	(IntOpt) Number of seconds between instance info_cache self healing updates
image_cache_manager_interval = 2400	(IntOpt) Number of seconds to wait between runs of the image cache manager. Set to -1 to disable. Setting this to 0 will disable, but this will change in the K release to mean "run at the default rate".

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description
image_cache_subdirectory_name = _base	(StrOpt) Where cached images are stored under \$instances_path. This is NOT the full path - just a folder name. For per-compute-host cached images, set to _base_ \$my_ip
instance_build_timeout = 0	(IntOpt) Amount of time in seconds an instance can be in BUILD before going into ERROR status. Set to 0 to disable.
instance_delete_interval = 300	(IntOpt) Interval in seconds for retrying failed instance file deletes
instance_usage_audit = False	(BoolOpt) Generate periodic compute.instance.exists notifications
instance_usage_audit_period = month	(StrOpt) Time period to generate instance usages for. Time period must be hour, day, month or year
instances_path = \$state_path/instances	(StrOpt) Where instances are stored on disk
maximum_instance_delete_attempts = 5	(IntOpt) The number of times to attempt to reap an instance's files.
reboot_timeout = 0	(IntOpt) Automatically hard reboot an instance if it has been stuck in a rebooting state longer than N seconds. Set to 0 to disable.
reclaim_instance_interval = 0	(IntOpt) Interval in seconds for reclaiming deleted instances
rescue_timeout = 0	(IntOpt) Automatically unrescue an instance after N seconds. Set to 0 to disable.
resize_confirm_window = 0	(IntOpt) Automatically confirm resizes after N seconds. Set to 0 to disable.
resume_guests_state_on_host_boot = False	(BoolOpt) Whether to start guests that were running before the host rebooted
running_deleted_instance_action = reap	(StrOpt) Action to take if a running deleted instance is detected. Valid options are 'noop', 'log', 'shutdown', or 'reap'. Set to 'noop' to take no action.
running_deleted_instance_poll_interval = 1800	(IntOpt) Number of seconds to wait between runs of the cleanup task.
running_deleted_instance_timeout = 0	(IntOpt) Number of seconds after being deleted when a running instance should be considered eligible for cleanup.
shelved_offload_time = 0	(IntOpt) Time in seconds before a shelved instance is eligible for removing from a host1 never offload, 0 offload when shelved
shelved_poll_interval = 3600	(IntOpt) Interval in seconds for polling shelved instances to offload. Set to -1 to disable. Setting this to 0 will disable, but this will change in Juno to mean "run at the default rate".
shutdown_timeout = 60	(IntOpt) Total amount of time to wait in seconds for an instance to perform a clean shutdown.
sync_power_state_interval = 600	(IntOpt) Interval to sync power states between the database and the hypervisor. Set to -1 to disable. Setting this to 0 will disable, but this will change in Juno to mean "run at the default rate".
vif_plugging_is_fatal = True	(BoolOpt) Fail instance boot if vif plugging fails
vif_plugging_timeout = 300	(IntOpt) Number of seconds to wait for neutron vif plugging events to arrive before continuing or failing (see vif_plugging_is_fatal). If this is set to zero and vif_plugging_is_fatal is False, events should not be expected to arrive at all.

juno

# **Table 2.22. Description of conductor configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
migrate_max_retries = -1	(IntOpt) Number of times to retry live-migration before failing. If == -1, try until out of hosts. If == 0, only try once, no retries.	
[conductor]		
manager = nova.conductor.manager.ConductorManager	(StrOpt) Full class name for the Manager for conductor	
topic = conductor	(StrOpt) The topic on which conductor nodes listen	
use_local = False	(BoolOpt) Perform nova-conductor operations locally	
workers = None	(IntOpt) Number of workers for OpenStack Conductor service. The default will be the number of CPUs available.	

# Table 2.23. Description of config drive configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
config_drive_format = iso9660	(StrOpt) Config drive format. One of iso9660 (default) or vfat	
config_drive_skip_versions = 1.0 2007-01-19 2007-03-01 2007-08-29 2007-10-10 2007-12-15 2008-02-01 2008-09-01	(StrOpt) List of metadata versions to skip placing into the config drive	
config_drive_tempdir = None	(StrOpt) DEPRECATED (not needed any more): Where to put temporary files associated with config drive creation	
force_config_drive = None	(StrOpt) Set to force injection to take place on a config drive (if set, valid options are: always)	
mkisofs_cmd = genisoimage	(StrOpt) Name and optionally path of the tool used for ISO image creation	
[hyperv]		
config_drive_cdrom = False	(BoolOpt) Attaches the Config Drive image as a cdrom drive instead of a disk drive	
config_drive_inject_password = False	(BoolOpt) Sets the admin password in the config drive image	

# **Table 2.24. Description of console configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
console_public_hostname = localhost	(StrOpt) Publicly visible name for this console host
console_token_ttl = 600	(IntOpt) How many seconds before deleting tokens
consoleauth_manager = nova.consoleauth.manager.ConsoleAuthManager	(StrOpt) Manager for console auth

# **Table 2.25. Description of database configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
db_driver = nova.db	(StrOpt) The driver to use for database access
[database]	
backend = sqlalchemy	(StrOpt) The back end to use for the database.
connection = None	(StrOpt) The SQLAlchemy connection string to use to connect to the database.

ounc - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

## Table 2.26. Description of logging configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
backdoor_port = None	(StrOpt) Enable eventlet backdoor. Acceptable values are 0, <port>, and <start>:<end>, where 0 results in listening on a random tcp port number; <port> results in listening on the specified port number (and not enabling backdoor if that port is in use); and <start>:<end> results in listening on the smallest unused port number within the specified range of port numbers. The chosen port is displayed in the service's log file.</end></start></port></end></start></port>
disable_process_locking = False	(BoolOpt) Enables or disables inter-process locks.

# Table 2.27. Description of EC2 configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
ec2_dmz_host = \$my_ip	(StrOpt) The internal IP address of the EC2 API server	
ec2_host = \$my_ip	(StrOpt) The IP address of the EC2 API server	
ec2_listen = 0.0.0.0	(StrOpt) The IP address on which the EC2 API will listen.	
ec2_listen_port = 8773	(IntOpt) The port on which the EC2 API will listen.	
ec2_path = /services/Cloud	(StrOpt) The path prefix used to call the ec2 API server	
ec2_port = 8773	(IntOpt) The port of the EC2 API server	
ec2_private_dns_show_ip = False	(BoolOpt) Return the IP address as private dns hostname in describe instances	
ec2_scheme = http	(StrOpt) The protocol to use when connecting to the EC2 API server (http, https)	
ec2_strict_validation = True	(BoolOpt) Validate security group names according to EC2 specification	
ec2_timestamp_expiry = 300	(IntOpt) Time in seconds before ec2 timestamp expires	
ec2_workers = None	(IntOpt) Number of workers for EC2 API service. The default will be equal to the number of CPUs available.	
keystone_ec2_url = http://localhost:5000/v2.0/ec2tokens	(StrOpt) URL to get token from ec2 request.	
lockout_attempts = 5	(IntOpt) Number of failed auths before lockout.	
lockout_minutes = 15	(IntOpt) Number of minutes to lockout if triggered.	
lockout_window = 15	(IntOpt) Number of minutes for lockout window.	
region_list =	(ListOpt) List of region=fqdn pairs separated by commas	

# Table 2.28. Description of ephemeral storage encryption configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[ephemeral_storage_encryption]	
cipher = aes-xts-plain64	(StrOpt) The cipher and mode to be used to encrypt ephemeral storage. Which ciphers are available ciphers depends on kernel support. See /proc/crypto for the list of available options.
enabled = False	(BoolOpt) Whether to encrypt ephemeral storage
key_size = 512	(IntOpt) The bit length of the encryption key to be used to encrypt ephemeral storage (in XTS mode only half of the bits are used for encryption key)

# **Table 2.29. Description of fping configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
fping_path = /usr/sbin/fping	(StrOpt) Full path to fping.

# **Table 2.30. Description of glance configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
osapi_glance_link_prefix = None	(StrOpt) Base URL that will be presented to users in links to glance resources

uno - Juno 
Configuration option = Default value	Description
[hyperv]	
dynamic_memory_ratio = 1.0	(FloatOpt) Enables dynamic memory allocation (ballooning) when set to a value greater than 1. The value expresses the ratio between the total RAM assigned to an instance and its startup RAM amount. For example a ratio of 2.0 for an instance with 1024MB of RAM implies 512MB of RAM allocated at startup
enable_instance_metrics_collection = False	(BoolOpt) Enables metrics collections for an instance by using Hyper-V's metric APIs. Collected data can by retrieved by other apps and services, e.g.: Ceilometer. Requires Hyper-V / Windows Server 2012 and above
force_hyperv_utils_v1 = False	(BoolOpt) Force V1 WMI utility classes
instances_path_share =	(StrOpt) The name of a Windows share name mapped to the "instances_path" dir and used by the resize feature to copy files to the target host. If left blank, an administrative share will be used, looking for the same "instances_path" used locally
limit_cpu_features = False	(BoolOpt) Required for live migration among hosts with different CPU features
mounted_disk_query_retry_count = 10	(IntOpt) The number of times to retry checking for a disk mounted via iSCSI.
mounted_disk_query_retry_interval = 5	(IntOpt) Interval between checks for a mounted iSCSI disk, in seconds.
qemu_img_cmd = qemu-img.exe	(StrOpt) Path of qemu-img command which is used to convert between different image types
vswitch_name = None	(StrOpt) External virtual switch Name, if not provided, the first external virtual switch is used
wait_soft_reboot_seconds = 60	(IntOpt) Number of seconds to wait for instance to shut down after soft reboot request is made. We fall back to hard reboot if instance does not shutdown within this win- dow.

# Table 2.32. Description of hypervisor configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
default_ephemeral_format = None	(StrOpt) The default format an ephemeral_volume will be formatted with on creation.
force_raw_images = True	(BoolOpt) Force backing images to raw format
preallocate_images = none	(StrOpt) VM image preallocation mode: "none" => no storage provisioning is done up front, "space" => storage is fully allocated at instance start
timeout_nbd = 10	(IntOpt) Amount of time, in seconds, to wait for NBD device start up.
use_cow_images = True	(BoolOpt) Whether to use cow images
vcpu_pin_set = None	(StrOpt) Defines which pcpus that instance vcpus can use. For example, "4-12,^8,15"
virt_mkfs = []	(MultiStrOpt) Name of the mkfs commands for ephemeral device. The format is <os_type>=<mkfs command=""></mkfs></os_type>

# Table 2.33. Description of bare metal configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[ironic]		
admin_auth_token = None	(StrOpt) Ironic keystone auth token.	
admin_password = None	(StrOpt) Ironic keystone admin password.	
admin_tenant_name = None	(StrOpt) Ironic keystone tenant name.	
admin_url = None	(StrOpt) Keystone public API endpoint.	
admin_username = None	(StrOpt) Ironic keystone admin name	
api_endpoint = None	(StrOpt) URL for Ironic API endpoint.	
api_max_retries = 60	(IntOpt) How many retries when a request does conflict.	
api_retry_interval = 2	(IntOpt) How often to retry in seconds when a request does conflict	
api_version = 1	(IntOpt) Version of Ironic API service endpoint.	
client_log_level = None	(StrOpt) Log level override for ironicclient. Set this in order to override the global "default_log_levels", "verbose", and "debug" settings.	

# Table 2.34. Description of IPv6 configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
fixed_range_v6 = fd00::/48	(StrOpt) Fixed IPv6 address block
gateway_v6 = None	(StrOpt) Default IPv6 gateway
ipv6_backend = rfc2462	(StrOpt) Backend to use for IPv6 generation
use_ipv6 = False	(BoolOpt) Use IPv6

# Table 2.35. Description of key manager configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[keymgr]	
api_class = nova.keymgr.conf_key_mgr.ConfKeyManager	(StrOpt) The full class name of the key manager API class
fixed_key = None	(StrOpt) Fixed key returned by key manager, specified in hex

Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

# Table 2.36. Description of LDAP configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
ldap_dns_base_dn = ou=hosts,dc=example,dc=org	(StrOpt) Base DN for DNS entries in LDAP
Idap_dns_password = password	(StrOpt) Password for LDAP DNS
Idap_dns_servers = ['dns.example.org']	(MultiStrOpt) DNS Servers for LDAP DNS driver
Idap_dns_soa_expiry = 86400	(StrOpt) Expiry interval (in seconds) for LDAP DNS driver Statement of Authority
ldap_dns_soa_hostmaster = hostmaster@example.org	(StrOpt) Hostmaster for LDAP DNS driver Statement of Authority
Idap_dns_soa_minimum = 7200	(StrOpt) Minimum interval (in seconds) for LDAP DNS driver Statement of Authority
ldap_dns_soa_refresh = 1800	(StrOpt) Refresh interval (in seconds) for LDAP DNS driver Statement of Authority
Idap_dns_soa_retry = 3600	(StrOpt) Retry interval (in seconds) for LDAP DNS driver Statement of Authority
Idap_dns_url = Idap://Idap.example.com:389	(StrOpt) URL for LDAP server which will store DNS entries
ldap_dns_user = uid=admin,ou=people,dc=example,dc=org	(StrOpt) User for LDAP DNS

# Table 2.37. Description of Libvirt configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
remove_unused_base_images = True	(BoolOpt) Should unused base images be removed?	
remove_unused_original_minimum_age_seconds = 86400	(IntOpt) Unused unresized base images younger than this will not be removed	
[libvirt]		
block_migration_flag = VIR_MIGRATE_UNDEFINE_SOURCE, VIR_MIGRATE_PEER2PEER, VIR_MIGRATE_LIVE, VIR_MIGRATE_TUNNELLED, VIR_MIGRATE_NON_SHARED_INC	(StrOpt) Migration flags to be set for block migration	
checksum_base_images = False	(BoolOpt) Write a checksum for files in _base to disk	
checksum_interval_seconds = 3600	(IntOpt) How frequently to checksum base images	
connection_uri =	(StrOpt) Override the default libvirt URI (which is dependent on virt_type)	
cpu_mode = None	(StrOpt) Set to "host-model" to clone the host CPU feature flags; to "host-passthrough" to use the host CPU model exactly; to "custom" to use a named CPU model; to "none" to not set any CPU model. If virt_type="kvm qemu", it will default to "host-model", otherwise it will default to "none"	
cpu_model = None	(StrOpt) Set to a named libvirt CPU model (see names listed in /usr/share/libvirt/cpu_map.xml). Only has effect if cpu_mode="custom" and virt_type="kvm qemu"	
disk_cachemodes =	(ListOpt) Specific cachemodes to use for different disk types e.g: file=directsync,block=none	
disk_prefix = None	(StrOpt) Override the default disk prefix for the devices attached to a server, which is dependent on virt_type. (valid options are: sd, xvd, uvd, vd)	
gid_maps =	(ListOpt) List of guid targets and ranges.Syntax is guest-gid:host-gid:countMaximum of 5 allowed.	

Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description
hw_disk_discard = None	(StrOpt) Discard option for nova managed disks (valid options are: ignore, unmap). Need Libvirt(1.0.6) Qemu1.5 (raw format) Qemu1.6(qcow2 format)
hw_machine_type = None	(ListOpt) For qemu or KVM guests, set this option to specify a default machine type per host architecture. You can find a list of supported machine types in your environment by checking the output of the "virsh capabilities" command. The format of the value for this config option is host-arch=machine-type. For example: x86_64=machinetype1,armv7l=machinetype2
image_info_filename_pattern = \$instances_path/ \$image_cache_subdirectory_name/%(image)s.info	(StrOpt) Allows image information files to be stored in non-standard locations
images_rbd_ceph_conf =	(StrOpt) Path to the ceph configuration file to use
images_rbd_pool = rbd	(StrOpt) The RADOS pool in which rbd volumes are stored
images_type = default	(StrOpt) VM Images format. Acceptable values are: raw, qcow2, lvm, rbd, default. If default is specified, then use_cow_images flag is used instead of this one.
images_volume_group = None	(StrOpt) LVM Volume Group that is used for VM images, when you specify images_type=lvm.
inject_key = False	(BoolOpt) Inject the ssh public key at boot time
inject_partition = -2	(IntOpt) The partition to inject to : -2 => disable, -1 => inspect (libguestfs only), 0 => not partitioned, >0 => partition number
inject_password = False	(BoolOpt) Inject the admin password at boot time, without an agent.
iscsi_use_multipath = False	(BoolOpt) Use multipath connection of the iSCSI volume
iser_use_multipath = False	(BoolOpt) Use multipath connection of the iSER volume
mem_stats_period_seconds = 10	(IntOpt) A number of seconds to memory usage statistics period. Zero or negative value mean to disable memory usage statistics.
remove_unused_kernels = False	(BoolOpt) Should unused kernel images be removed? This is only safe to enable if all compute nodes have been updated to support this option. This will be enabled by default in future.
remove_unused_resized_minimum_age_seconds = 3600	(IntOpt) Unused resized base images younger than this will not be removed
rescue_image_id = None	(StrOpt) Rescue ami image. This will not be used if an image id is provided by the user.
rescue_kernel_id = None	(StrOpt) Rescue aki image
rescue_ramdisk_id = None	(StrOpt) Rescue ari image
rng_dev_path = None	(StrOpt) A path to a device that will be used as source of entropy on the host. Permitted options are: /dev/random or /dev/hwrng
snapshot_compression = False	(BoolOpt) Compress snapshot images when possible. This currently applies exclusively to qcow2 images
snapshot_image_format = None	(StrOpt) Snapshot image format (valid options are : raw, qcow2, vmdk, vdi). Defaults to same as source image
snapshots_directory = \$instances_path/snapshots	(StrOpt) Location where libvirt driver will store snapshots before uploading them to image service
sparse_logical_volumes = False	(BoolOpt) Create sparse logical volumes (with virtualsize) if this flag is set to True.
sysinfo_serial = auto	(StrOpt) The data source used to the populate the host "serial" UUID exposed to guest in the virtual BIOS.

Configuration option = Default value	Description
	Permitted options are "hardware", "os", "none" or "auto" (default).
uid_maps =	(ListOpt) List of uid targets and ranges. Syntax is guest-uid: host-uid: countMaximum of 5 allowed.
use_usb_tablet = True	(BoolOpt) Sync virtual and real mouse cursors in Windows VMs
use_virtio_for_bridges = True	(BoolOpt) Use virtio for bridge interfaces with KVM/QE-MU
virt_type = kvm	(StrOpt) Libvirt domain type (valid options are: kvm, lxc, qemu, uml, xen)
volume_clear = zero	(StrOpt) Method used to wipe old volumes (valid options are: none, zero, shred)
volume_clear_size = 0	(IntOpt) Size in MiB to wipe at start of old volumes. 0 => all
volume_drivers = iscsi=nova.virt.libvirt.volume.LibvirtISCSIVolumeDriver, iser=nova.virt.libvirt.volume.LibvirtISERVolumeDriver, local=nova.virt.libvirt.volume.LibvirtVolumeDriver, fake=nova.virt.libvirt.volume.LibvirtFakeVolumeDriver, rbd=nova.virt.libvirt.volume.LibvirtNetVolumeDriver, sheepdog=nova.virt.libvirt.volume.LibvirtNetVolumeDriver, nfs=nova.virt.libvirt.volume.LibvirtNFSVolumeDriver, aoe=nova.virt.libvirt.volume.LibvirtAOEVolumeDriver, glusterfs=nova.virt.libvirt.volume.LibvirtGlusterfsVolumeDrifibre_channel=nova.virt.libvirt.volume.LibvirtScalityVolumeDriver	ver,
wait_soft_reboot_seconds = 120	(IntOpt) Number of seconds to wait for instance to shut down after soft reboot request is made. We fall back to hard reboot if instance does not shutdown within this window.

# Table 2.38. Description of live migration configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
live_migration_retry_count = 30	(IntOpt) Number of 1 second retries needed in live_migration	
[libvirt]		
live_migration_bandwidth = 0	(IntOpt) Maximum bandwidth to be used during migration, in Mbps	
live_migration_flag = VIR_MIGRATE_UNDEFINE_SOURCE, VIR_MIGRATE_PEER2PEER, VIR_MIGRATE_LIVE, VIR_MIGRATE_TUNNELLED	(StrOpt) Migration flags to be set for live migration	
live_migration_uri = qemu+tcp://%s/system	(StrOpt) Migration target URI (any included "%s" is replaced with the migration target hostname)	

# Table 2.39. Description of logging configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
debug = False	(BoolOpt) Print debugging output (set logging level to DE-BUG instead of default WARNING level).
default_log_levels = amqp=WARN, amqplib=WARN, boto=WARN, qpid=WARN, sqlalchemy=WARN, suds=INFO, oslo.messaging=INFO, iso8601=WARN, requests.packages.urllib3.connectionpool=WARN,	(ListOpt) List of logger=LEVEL pairs.

Configuration option = Default value	Description
urllib3.connectionpool=WARN, websocket=WARN, keystonemiddleware=WARN, routes.middleware=WARN, stevedore=WARN	
fatal_deprecations = False	(BoolOpt) Enables or disables fatal status of deprecations.
fatal_exception_format_errors = False	(BoolOpt) Make exception message format errors fatal
instance_format = "[instance: %(uuid)s] "	(StrOpt) The format for an instance that is passed with the log message.
instance_uuid_format = "[instance: %(uuid)s] "	(StrOpt) The format for an instance UUID that is passed with the log message.
log_config_append = None	(StrOpt) The name of a logging configuration file. This file is appended to any existing logging configuration files. For details about logging configuration files, see the Python logging module documentation.
log_date_format = %Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S	(StrOpt) Format string for %%(asctime)s in log records. Default: %(default)s .
log_dir = None	(StrOpt) (Optional) The base directory used for relative – log-file paths.
log_file = None	(StrOpt) (Optional) Name of log file to output to. If no default is set, logging will go to stdout.
log_format = None	(StrOpt) DEPRECATED. A logging.Formatter log message format string which may use any of the available logging.LogRecord attributes. This option is deprecated. Please use logging_context_format_string and logging_default_format_string instead.
logging_context_format_string = %(asctime)s. %(msecs)03d %(process)d %(levelname)s %(name)s [%(request_id)s %(user_identity)s] %(instance)s %(message)s	(StrOpt) Format string to use for log messages with context.
logging_debug_format_suffix = %(funcName)s %(pathname)s:%(lineno)d	(StrOpt) Data to append to log format when level is DE-BUG.
logging_default_format_string = %(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d %(process)d %(levelname)s %(name)s [-] %(instance)s %(message)s	(StrOpt) Format string to use for log messages without context.
logging_exception_prefix = %(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d %(process)d TRACE %(name)s %(instance)s	(StrOpt) Prefix each line of exception output with this format.
publish_errors = False	(BoolOpt) Enables or disables publication of error events.
syslog_log_facility = LOG_USER	(StrOpt) Syslog facility to receive log lines.
use_stderr = True	(BoolOpt) Log output to standard error.
use_syslog = False	(BoolOpt) Use syslog for logging. Existing syslog format is DEPRECATED during I, and will change in J to honor RFC5424.
use_syslog_rfc_format = False	(BoolOpt) (Optional) Enables or disables syslog rfc5424 format for logging. If enabled, prefixes the MSG part of the syslog message with APP-NAME (RFC5424). The format without the APP-NAME is deprecated in I, and will be removed in J.
verbose = False	(BoolOpt) Print more verbose output (set logging level to INFO instead of default WARNING level).

# **Table 2.40. Description of metadata configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
metadata_host = \$my_ip	(StrOpt) The IP address for the metadata API server

Configuration option = Default value	Description
metadata_listen = 0.0.0.0	(StrOpt) The IP address on which the metadata API will listen.
metadata_listen_port = 8775	(IntOpt) The port on which the metadata API will listen.
metadata_manager = nova.api.manager.MetadataManager	(StrOpt) OpenStack metadata service manager
metadata_port = 8775	(IntOpt) The port for the metadata API port
metadata_workers = None	(IntOpt) Number of workers for metadata service. The default will be the number of CPUs available.
vendordata_driver = nova.api.metadata.vendordata_json.JsonFileVendorData	(StrOpt) Driver to use for vendor data
vendordata_jsonfile_path = None	(StrOpt) File to load JSON formatted vendor data from

# Table 2.41. Description of network configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
allow_same_net_traffic = True	(BoolOpt) Whether to allow network traffic from same network
auto_assign_floating_ip = False	(BoolOpt) Autoassigning floating IP to VM
cnt_vpn_clients = 0	(IntOpt) Number of addresses reserved for vpn clients
create_unique_mac_address_attempts = 5	(IntOpt) Number of attempts to create unique mac address
default_access_ip_network_name = None	(StrOpt) Name of network to use to set access IPs for instances
default_floating_pool = nova	(StrOpt) Default pool for floating IPs
defer_iptables_apply = False	(BoolOpt) Whether to batch up the application of IPTables rules during a host restart and apply all at the end of the init phase
dhcp_domain = novalocal	(StrOpt) Domain to use for building the hostnames
dhcp_lease_time = 86400	(IntOpt) Lifetime of a DHCP lease in seconds
dhcpbridge = \$bindir/nova-dhcpbridge	(StrOpt) Location of nova-dhcpbridge
dhcpbridge_flagfile = ['/etc/nova/nova-dhcpbridge.conf']	(MultiStrOpt) Location of flagfiles for dhcpbridge
dns_server = []	(MultiStrOpt) If set, uses specific DNS server for dnsmasq. Can be specified multiple times.
dns_update_periodic_interval = -1	(IntOpt) Number of seconds to wait between runs of updates to DNS entries.
dnsmasq_config_file =	(StrOpt) Override the default dnsmasq settings with this file
firewall_driver = None	(StrOpt) Firewall driver (defaults to hypervisor specific iptables driver)
fixed_ip_disassociate_timeout = 600	(IntOpt) Seconds after which a deallocated IP is disassociated
flat_injected = False	(BoolOpt) Whether to attempt to inject network setup into guest
flat_interface = None	(StrOpt) FlatDhcp will bridge into this interface if set
flat_network_bridge = None	(StrOpt) Bridge for simple network instances
flat_network_dns = 8.8.4.4	(StrOpt) DNS server for simple network
floating_ip_dns_manager = nova.network.noop_dns_driver.NoopDNSDriver	(StrOpt) Full class name for the DNS Manager for floating IPs
force_dhcp_release = True	(BoolOpt) If True, send a dhcp release on instance termination

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description
force_snat_range = []	(MultiStrOpt) Traffic to this range will always be snatted to the fallback ip, even if it would normally be bridged out of the node. Can be specified multiple times.
forward_bridge_interface = ['all']	(MultiStrOpt) An interface that bridges can forward to. If this is set to all then all traffic will be forwarded. Can be specified multiple times.
gateway = None	(StrOpt) Default IPv4 gateway
injected_network_template = \$pybasedir/nova/virt/ interfaces.template	(StrOpt) Template file for injected network
instance_dns_domain =	(StrOpt) Full class name for the DNS Zone for instance IPs
instance_dns_manager = nova.network.noop_dns_driver.NoopDNSDriver	(StrOpt) Full class name for the DNS Manager for instance IPs
iptables_bottom_regex =	(StrOpt) Regular expression to match iptables rule that should always be on the bottom.
iptables_drop_action = DROP	(StrOpt) The table that iptables to jump to when a packet is to be dropped.
iptables_top_regex =	(StrOpt) Regular expression to match iptables rule that should always be on the top.
l3_lib = nova.network.l3.LinuxNetL3	(StrOpt) Indicates underlying L3 management library
linuxnet_interface_driver = nova.network.linux_net.LinuxBridgeInterfaceDriver	(StrOpt) Driver used to create ethernet devices.
linuxnet_ovs_integration_bridge = br-int	(StrOpt) Name of Open vSwitch bridge used with linuxnet
multi_host = False	(BoolOpt) Default value for multi_host in networks. Also, if set, some rpc network calls will be sent directly to host.
network_allocate_retries = 0	(IntOpt) Number of times to retry network allocation on failures
network_api_class = nova.network.api.API	(StrOpt) The full class name of the network API class to use
network_device_mtu = None	(IntOpt) DEPRECATED: THIS VALUE SHOULD BE SET WHEN CREATING THE NETWORK. MTU setting for network interface.
network_driver = nova.network.linux_net	(StrOpt) Driver to use for network creation
network_manager = nova.network.manager.Vlan Manager	(StrOpt) Full class name for the Manager for network
network_size = 256	(IntOpt) Number of addresses in each private subnet
network_topic = network	(StrOpt) The topic network nodes listen on
networks_path = \$state_path/networks	(StrOpt) Location to keep network config files
num_networks = 1	(IntOpt) Number of networks to support
ovs_vsctl_timeout = 120	(IntOpt) Amount of time, in seconds, that ovs_vsctl should wait for a response from the database. 0 is to wait forever.
public_interface = eth0	(StrOpt) Interface for public IP addresses
routing_source_ip = \$my_ip	(StrOpt) Public IP of network host
security_group_api = nova	(StrOpt) The full class name of the security API class
send_arp_for_ha = False	(BoolOpt) Send gratuitous ARPs for HA setup
send_arp_for_ha_count = 3	(IntOpt) Send this many gratuitous ARPs for HA setup
share_dhcp_address = False	(BoolOpt) DEPRECATED: THIS VALUE SHOULD BE SET WHEN CREATING THE NETWORK. If True in multi_host mode, all compute hosts share the same dhcp address. Th same IP address used for DHCP will be added on each nova-network node which is only visible to the vms on the same host.

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	'
neutron_default_tenant_id = default	(StrOpt) Default tenant id when creating neutron networks
[neutron]	
admin_auth_url = http://localhost:5000/v2.0	(StrOpt) Authorization URL for connecting to neutron in admin context
admin_password = None	(StrOpt) Password for connecting to neutron in admin context
admin_tenant_id = None	(StrOpt) Tenant id for connecting to neutron in admin context
admin_tenant_name = None	(StrOpt) Tenant name for connecting to neutron in admin context. This option will be ignored if neutron_admin_tenant_id is set. Note that with Keystone V3 tenant names are only unique within a domain.
admin_user_id = None	(StrOpt) User id for connecting to neutron in admin context
admin_username = None	(StrOpt) Username for connecting to neutron in admin context
allow_duplicate_networks = False	(BoolOpt) Allow an instance to have multiple vNICs attached to the same Neutron network.
api_insecure = False	(BoolOpt) If set, ignore any SSL validation issues
auth_strategy = keystone	(StrOpt) Authorization strategy for connecting to neutron in admin context
ca_certificates_file = None	(StrOpt) Location of CA certificates file to use for neutron client requests.
extension_sync_interval = 600	(IntOpt) Number of seconds before querying neutron for extensions
metadata_proxy_shared_secret =	(StrOpt) Shared secret to validate proxies Neutron metadata requests
ovs_bridge = br-int	(StrOpt) Name of Integration Bridge used by Open vSwitch
region_name = None	(StrOpt) Region name for connecting to neutron in admin context

uno - Juno 
Configuration option = Default value	Description
service_metadata_proxy = False	(BoolOpt) Set flag to indicate Neutron will proxy metadata requests and resolve instance ids.
url = http://127.0.0.1:9696	(StrOpt) URL for connecting to neutron
url_timeout = 30	(IntOpt) Timeout value for connecting to neutron in seconds

# **Table 2.43. Description of PCI configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	·
pci_alias = []	(MultiStrOpt) An alias for a PCI passthrough device requirement. This allows users to specify the alias in the extra_spec for a flavor, without needing to repeat all the PCI property requirements. For example: pci_alias = { "name": "QuicAssist", "product_id": "0443", "vendor_id": "8086", "device_type": "ACCEL" } defines an alias for the Intel QuickAssist card. (multi valued)
pci_passthrough_whitelist = []	(MultiStrOpt) White list of PCI devices available to VMs. For example: pci_passthrough_whitelist = [{"vendor_id": "8086", "product_id": "0443"}]

# **Table 2.44. Description of periodic configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
periodic_enable = True	(BoolOpt) Enable periodic tasks
periodic_fuzzy_delay = 60	(IntOpt) Range of seconds to randomly delay when starting the periodic task scheduler to reduce stampeding. (Disable by setting to 0)
run_external_periodic_tasks = True	(BoolOpt) Some periodic tasks can be run in a separate process. Should we run them here?

# Table 2.45. Description of policy configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
allow_instance_snapshots = True	(BoolOpt) Permit instance snapshot operations.	
allow_migrate_to_same_host = False	(BoolOpt) Allow migrate machine to the same host. Useful when testing in single-host environments.	
allow_resize_to_same_host = False	(BoolOpt) Allow destination machine to match source for resize. Useful when testing in single-host environments.	
max_age = 0	(IntOpt) Number of seconds between subsequent usage refreshes	
max_local_block_devices = 3	(IntOpt) Maximum number of devices that will result in a local image being created on the hypervisor node. Setting this to 0 means nova will allow only boot from volume. A negative number means unlimited.	
osapi_compute_unique_server_name_scope =	(StrOpt) When set, compute API will consider duplicate hostnames invalid within the specified scope, regardless of case. Should be empty, "project" or "global".	
osapi_max_limit = 1000	(IntOpt) The maximum number of items returned in a single response from a collection resource	
osapi_max_request_body_size = 114688	(IntOpt) The maximum body size per each osapi request(bytes)	

Configuration option = Default value	Description
password_length = 12	(IntOpt) Length of generated instance admin passwords
policy_default_rule = default	(StrOpt) Default rule. Enforced when a requested rule is not found.
policy_file = policy.json	(StrOpt) The JSON file that defines policies.
reservation_expire = 86400	(IntOpt) Number of seconds until a reservation expires
resize_fs_using_block_device = False	(BoolOpt) Attempt to resize the filesystem by accessing the image over a block device. This is done by the host and may not be necessary if the image contains a recent version of cloud-init. Possible mechanisms require the nbd driver (for qcow and raw), or loop (for raw).
until_refresh = 0	(IntOpt) Count of reservations until usage is refreshed

# Table 2.46. Description of quota configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	·
bandwidth_poll_interval = 600	(IntOpt) Interval to pull network bandwidth usage info. Not supported on all hypervisors. Set to -1 to disable. Setting this to 0 will disable, but this will change in the K release to mean "run at the default rate".
enable_network_quota = False	(BoolOpt) Enables or disables quota checking for tenant networks
quota_cores = 20	(IntOpt) Number of instance cores allowed per project
quota_driver = nova.quota.DbQuotaDriver	(StrOpt) Default driver to use for quota checks
quota_fixed_ips = -1	(IntOpt) Number of fixed IPs allowed per project (this should be at least the number of instances allowed)
quota_floating_ips = 10	(IntOpt) Number of floating IPs allowed per project
quota_injected_file_content_bytes = 10240	(IntOpt) Number of bytes allowed per injected file
quota_injected_file_path_length = 255	(IntOpt) Length of injected file path
quota_injected_files = 5	(IntOpt) Number of injected files allowed
quota_instances = 10	(IntOpt) Number of instances allowed per project
quota_key_pairs = 100	(IntOpt) Number of key pairs per user
quota_metadata_items = 128	(IntOpt) Number of metadata items allowed per instance
quota_ram = 51200	(IntOpt) Megabytes of instance RAM allowed per project
quota_security_group_rules = 20	(IntOpt) Number of security rules per security group
quota_security_groups = 10	(IntOpt) Number of security groups per project
quota_server_group_members = 10	(IntOpt) Number of servers per server group
quota_server_groups = 10	(IntOpt) Number of server groups per project
[cells]	
bandwidth_update_interval = 600	(IntOpt) Seconds between bandwidth updates for cells.

# **Table 2.47. Description of RDP configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[rdp]	
enabled = False	(BoolOpt) Enable RDP related features
html5_proxy_base_url = http://127.0.0.1:6083/	(StrOpt) Location of RDP html5 console proxy, in the form "http://127.0.0.1:6083/"

ence

# Table 2.48. Description of Redis configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[matchmaker_redis]		
host = 127.0.0.1	(StrOpt) Host to locate redis.	
password = None	(StrOpt) Password for Redis server (optional).	
port = 6379	(IntOpt) Use this port to connect to redis host.	
[matchmaker_ring]		
ringfile = /etc/oslo/matchmaker_ring.json	(StrOpt) Matchmaker ring file (JSON).	

# Table 2.49. Description of rootwrap configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
filters_path = /etc/nova/rootwrap.d,/usr/share/no- va/rootwrap	List of directories to load filter definitions from (separated by ','). These directories MUST all be only writeable by root!
exec_dirs = /sbin,/usr/sbin,/bin,/usr/bin	List of directories to search executables in, in case filters do not explicitely specify a full path (separated by ',') If not specified, defaults to system PATH environment variable. These directories MUST all be only writeable by root!
use_syslog = False	Enable logging to syslog Default value is False
syslog_log_facility = syslog	Which syslog facility to use. Valid values include auth, authoriv, syslog, local0, local1 Default value is 'syslog'
syslog_log_level = ERROR	Which messages to log. INFO means log all usage ERROR means only log unsuccessful attempts

# Table 2.50. Description of S3 configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
buckets_path = \$state_path/buckets	(StrOpt) Path to S3 buckets	
image_decryption_dir = /tmp	(StrOpt) Parent directory for tempdir used for image de- cryption	
s3_access_key = notchecked	(StrOpt) Access key to use for S3 server for images	
s3_affix_tenant = False	(BoolOpt) Whether to affix the tenant id to the access key when downloading from S3	
s3_host = \$my_ip	(StrOpt) Hostname or IP for OpenStack to use when accessing the S3 api	
s3_listen = 0.0.0.0	(StrOpt) IP address for S3 API to listen	
s3_listen_port = 3333	(IntOpt) Port for S3 API to listen	
s3_port = 3333	(IntOpt) Port used when accessing the S3 api	
s3_secret_key = notchecked	(StrOpt) Secret key to use for S3 server for images	
s3_use_ssl = False	(BoolOpt) Whether to use SSL when talking to S3	

# **Table 2.51. Description of scheduler configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
aggregate_image_properties_isolation_namespace = None	(StrOpt) Force the filter to consider only keys matching the given namespace.
aggregate_image_properties_isolation_separator = .	(StrOpt) The separator used between the namespace and keys

Configuration option = Default value	Description
baremetal_scheduler_default_filters = RetryFilter, Avail- abilityZoneFilter, ComputeFilter, ComputeCapabilitiesFil- ter, ImagePropertiesFilter, ExactRamFilter, ExactDiskFilter, ExactCoreFilter	(ListOpt) Which filter class names to use for filtering baremetal hosts when not specified in the request.
cpu_allocation_ratio = 16.0	(FloatOpt) Virtual CPU to physical CPU allocation ratio which affects all CPU filters. This configuration specifies a global ratio for CoreFilter. For AggregateCoreFilter, it will fall back to this configuration value if no per-aggregate setting found.
disk_allocation_ratio = 1.0	(FloatOpt) Virtual disk to physical disk allocation ratio
isolated_hosts =	(ListOpt) Host reserved for specific images
isolated_images =	(ListOpt) Images to run on isolated host
max_instances_per_host = 50	(IntOpt) Ignore hosts that have too many instances
max_io_ops_per_host = 8	(IntOpt) Tells filters to ignore hosts that have this many or more instances currently in build, resize, snapshot, mi- grate, rescue or unshelve task states
ram_allocation_ratio = 1.5	(FloatOpt) Virtual ram to physical ram allocation ratio which affects all ram filters. This configuration specifies a global ratio for RamFilter. For AggregateRamFilter, it will fall back to this configuration value if no per-aggregate setting found.
ram_weight_multiplier = 1.0	(FloatOpt) Multiplier used for weighing ram. Negative numbers mean to stack vs spread.
reserved_host_disk_mb = 0	(IntOpt) Amount of disk in MB to reserve for the host
reserved_host_memory_mb = 512	(IntOpt) Amount of memory in MB to reserve for the host
restrict_isolated_hosts_to_isolated_images = True	(BoolOpt) Whether to force isolated hosts to run only isolated images
scheduler_available_filters = ['nova.scheduler.filters.all_filters']	(MultiStrOpt) Filter classes available to the scheduler which may be specified more than once. An entry of "nova.scheduler.filters.standard_filters" maps to all filters included with nova.
scheduler_default_filters = RetryFilter, AvailabilityZone- Filter, RamFilter, ComputeFilter, ComputeCapabilitiesFil- ter, ImagePropertiesFilter, ServerGroupAntiAffinityFilter, ServerGroupAffinityFilter	(ListOpt) Which filter class names to use for filtering hosts when not specified in the request.
scheduler_driver = nova.scheduler.filter_scheduler	(StrOpt) Default driver to use for the scheduler
scheduler_driver_task_period = 60	(IntOpt) How often (in seconds) to run periodic tasks in the scheduler driver of your choice. Please note this is likely to interact with the value of service_down_time, but exactly how they interact will depend on your choice of scheduler driver.
scheduler_host_manager = nova.scheduler.host_manager.HostManager	(StrOpt) The scheduler host manager class to use
scheduler_host_subset_size = 1	(IntOpt) New instances will be scheduled on a host chosen randomly from a subset of the N best hosts. This property defines the subset size that a host is chosen from. A value of 1 chooses the first host returned by the weighing functions. This value must be at least 1. Any value less than 1 will be ignored, and 1 will be used instead
scheduler_json_config_location =	(StrOpt) Absolute path to scheduler configuration JSON file.
scheduler_manager = nova.scheduler.manager.SchedulerManager	(StrOpt) Full class name for the Manager for scheduler
scheduler_max_attempts = 3	(IntOpt) Maximum number of attempts to schedule an instance

Configuration option = Default value	Description
scheduler_topic = scheduler	(StrOpt) The topic scheduler nodes listen on
scheduler_use_baremetal_filters = False	(BoolOpt) Flag to decide whether to use baremetal_scheduler_default_filters or not.
scheduler_weight_classes = nova.scheduler.weights.all_weighers	(ListOpt) Which weight class names to use for weighing hosts
[cells]	
ram_weight_multiplier = 10.0	(FloatOpt) Multiplier used for weighing ram. Negative numbers mean to stack vs spread.
scheduler_filter_classes = nova.cells.filters.all_filters	(ListOpt) Filter classes the cells scheduler should use. An entry of "nova.cells.filters.all_filters" maps to all cells filters included with nova.
scheduler_retries = 10	(IntOpt) How many retries when no cells are available.
scheduler_retry_delay = 2	(IntOpt) How often to retry in seconds when no cells are available.
scheduler_weight_classes = nova.cells.weights.all_weighers	(ListOpt) Weigher classes the cells scheduler should use. An entry of "nova.cells.weights.all_weighers" maps to all cell weighers included with nova.
[metrics]	
required = True	(BoolOpt) How to treat the unavailable metrics. When a metric is NOT available for a host, if it is set to be True, it would raise an exception, so it is recommended to use the scheduler filter MetricFilter to filter out those hosts. If it is set to be False, the unavailable metric would be treated as a negative factor in weighing process, the returned value would be set by the option weight_of_unavailable.
weight_multiplier = 1.0	(FloatOpt) Multiplier used for weighing metrics.
weight_of_unavailable = -10000.0	(FloatOpt) The final weight value to be returned if required is set to False and any one of the metrics set by weight_setting is unavailable.
weight_setting =	(ListOpt) How the metrics are going to be weighed. This should be in the form of " <name1>=<ratio1>, <name2>=<ratio2>,", where <namex> is one of the metrics to be weighed, and <ratiox> is the corresponding ratio. So for "name1=1.0, name2=-1.0" The final weight would be name1.value * 1.0 + name2.value * -1.0.</ratiox></namex></ratio2></name2></ratio1></name1>

# Table 2.52. Description of serial console configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[serial_console]	
base_url = ws://127.0.0.1:6083/	(StrOpt) Location of serial console proxy.
enabled = False	(BoolOpt) Enable serial console related features
listen = 127.0.0.1	(StrOpt) IP address on which instance serial console should listen
port_range = 10000:20000	(StrOpt) Range of TCP ports to use for serial ports on compute hosts
proxyclient_address = 127.0.0.1	(StrOpt) The address to which proxy clients (like nova-serialproxy) should connect

# **Table 2.53. Description of SPICE configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[spice]	
agent_enabled = True	(BoolOpt) Enable spice guest agent support

ence

Configuration option = Default value	Description
enabled = False	(BoolOpt) Enable spice related features
html5proxy_base_url = http://127.0.0.1:6082/ spice_auto.html	(StrOpt) Location of spice HTML5 console proxy, in the form "http://127.0.0.1:6082/spice_auto.html"
keymap = en-us	(StrOpt) Keymap for spice
server_listen = 127.0.0.1	(StrOpt) IP address on which instance spice server should listen
server_proxyclient_address = 127.0.0.1	(StrOpt) The address to which proxy clients (like no- va-spicehtml5proxy) should connect

# Table 2.54. Description of testing configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
fake_call = False	(BoolOpt) If True, skip using the queue and make local calls
fake_network = False	(BoolOpt) If passed, use fake network devices and addresses
fake_rabbit = False	(BoolOpt) If passed, use a fake RabbitMQ provider.
monkey_patch = False	(BoolOpt) Whether to log monkey patching
monkey_patch_modules = nova.api.ec2.cloud:nova.notifications.notify_decorator, nova.compute.api:nova.notifications.notify_decorator	(ListOpt) List of modules/decorators to monkey patch

# **Table 2.55. Description of Tilera configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[baremetal]	
tile_pdu_ip = 10.0.100.1	(StrOpt) IP address of tilera pdu
tile_pdu_mgr = /tftpboot/pdu_mgr	(StrOpt) Management script for tilera pdu
tile_pdu_off = 2	(IntOpt) Power status of tilera PDU is OFF
tile_pdu_on = 1	(IntOpt) Power status of tilera PDU is ON
tile_pdu_status = 9	(IntOpt) Power status of tilera PDU
tile_power_wait = 9	(IntOpt) Wait time in seconds until check the result after tilera power operations

# Table 2.56. Description of trusted computing configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[trusted_computing]	
attestation_api_url = /OpenAttestationWebServices/V1.0	(StrOpt) Attestation web API URL
attestation_auth_blob = None	(StrOpt) Attestation authorization blob - must change
attestation_auth_timeout = 60	(IntOpt) Attestation status cache valid period length
attestation_insecure_ssl = False	(BoolOpt) Disable SSL cert verification for Attestation service
attestation_port = 8443	(StrOpt) Attestation server port
attestation_server = None	(StrOpt) Attestation server HTTP
attestation_server_ca_file = None	(StrOpt) Attestation server Cert file for Identity verification

# Table 2.57. Description of upgrade levels configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[cells]		
scheduler = nova.cells.scheduler.CellsScheduler	(StrOpt) Cells scheduler to use	
[upgrade_levels]		
cells = None	(StrOpt) Set a version cap for messages sent to local cells services	
cert = None	(StrOpt) Set a version cap for messages sent to cert services	
compute = None	(StrOpt) Set a version cap for messages sent to compute services. If you plan to do a live upgrade from havana to icehouse, you should set this option to "icehouse-compat" before beginning the live upgrade procedure.	
conductor = None	(StrOpt) Set a version cap for messages sent to conductor services	
console = None	(StrOpt) Set a version cap for messages sent to console services	
consoleauth = None	(StrOpt) Set a version cap for messages sent to consoleauth services	
intercell = None	(StrOpt) Set a version cap for messages sent between cells services	
network = None	(StrOpt) Set a version cap for messages sent to network services	
scheduler = None	(StrOpt) Set a version cap for messages sent to scheduler services	

# Table 2.58. Description of VMware configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[vmware]	
api_retry_count = 10	(IntOpt) The number of times we retry on failures, e.g., socket error, etc.
cluster_name = None	(MultiStrOpt) Name of a VMware Cluster ComputeResource.
datastore_regex = None	(StrOpt) Regex to match the name of a datastore.
host_ip = None	(StrOpt) Hostname or IP address for connection to VMware VC host.
host_password = None	(StrOpt) Password for connection to VMware VC host.
host_port = 443	(IntOpt) Port for connection to VMware VC host.
host_username = None	(StrOpt) Username for connection to VMware VC host.
integration_bridge = br-int	(StrOpt) Name of Integration Bridge
maximum_objects = 100	(IntOpt) The maximum number of ObjectContent data objects that should be returned in a single result. A positive value will cause the operation to suspend the retrieval when the count of objects reaches the specified maximum. The server may still limit the count to something less than the configured value. Any remaining objects may be retrieved with additional requests.
task_poll_interval = 0.5	(FloatOpt) The interval used for polling of remote tasks.
use_linked_clone = True	(BoolOpt) Whether to use linked clone
wsdl_location = None	(StrOpt) Optional VIM Service WSDL Location e.g http:// <server>/vimService.wsdl. Optional over-ride to default lo- cation for bug work-arounds</server>

Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
novncproxy_base_url = http://127.0.0.1:6080/ vnc_auto.html	(StrOpt) Location of VNC console proxy, in the form "http://127.0.0.1:6080/vnc_auto.html"	
vnc_enabled = True	(BoolOpt) Enable VNC related features	
vnc_keymap = en-us	(StrOpt) Keymap for VNC	
vncserver_listen = 127.0.0.1	(StrOpt) IP address on which instance vncservers should listen	
vncserver_proxyclient_address = 127.0.0.1	(StrOpt) The address to which proxy clients (like no- va-xvpvncproxy) should connect	
[vmware]		
vnc_port = 5900	(IntOpt) VNC starting port	
vnc_port_total = 10000	(IntOpt) Total number of VNC ports	

# **Table 2.60. Description of volumes configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
block_device_allocate_retries = 60	(IntOpt) Number of times to retry block device allocation on failures	
block_device_allocate_retries_interval = 3	(IntOpt) Waiting time interval (seconds) between block device allocation retries on failures	
volume_api_class = nova.volume.cinder.API	(StrOpt) The full class name of the volume API class to use	
volume_usage_poll_interval = 0	(IntOpt) Interval in seconds for gathering volume usages	
[baremetal]		
iscsi_iqn_prefix = iqn.2010-10.org.openstack.baremetal	(StrOpt) The iSCSI IQN prefix used in baremetal volume connections.	
volume_driver = nova.virt.baremetal.volume_driver.LibvirtVolumeDriver	(StrOpt) Baremetal volume driver.	
[cinder]		
api_insecure = False	(BoolOpt) Allow to perform insecure SSL requests to cinder	
ca_certificates_file = None	(StrOpt) Location of ca certificates file to use for cinder client requests.	
catalog_info = volume:cinder:publicURL	(StrOpt) Info to match when looking for cinder in the service catalog. Format is: separated values of the form: <service_type>:<service_name>:<endpoint_type></endpoint_type></service_name></service_type>	
cross_az_attach = True	(BoolOpt) Allow attach between instance and volume in different availability zones.	
endpoint_template = None	(StrOpt) Override service catalog lookup with template for cinder endpoint e.g. http://localhost:8776/v1/%(project_id)s	
http_retries = 3	(IntOpt) Number of cinderclient retries on failed http calls	
http_timeout = None	(IntOpt) HTTP inactivity timeout (in seconds)	
os_region_name = None	(StrOpt) Region name of this node	
[hyperv]		
force_volumeutils_v1 = False	(BoolOpt) Force V1 volume utility class	
volume_attach_retry_count = 10	(IntOpt) The number of times to retry to attach a volume	
volume_attach_retry_interval = 5	(IntOpt) Interval between volume attachment attempts, in seconds	

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[libvirt]		
glusterfs_mount_point_base = \$state_path/mnt	(StrOpt) Directory where the glusterfs volume is mounted on the compute node	
nfs_mount_options = None	(StrOpt) Mount options passedf to the NFS client. See section of the nfs man page for details	
nfs_mount_point_base = \$state_path/mnt	(StrOpt) Directory where the NFS volume is mounted on the compute node	
num_aoe_discover_tries = 3	(IntOpt) Number of times to rediscover AoE target to find volume	
num_iscsi_scan_tries = 5	(IntOpt) Number of times to rescan iSCSI target to find volume	
num_iser_scan_tries = 5	(IntOpt) Number of times to rescan iSER target to find volume	
qemu_allowed_storage_drivers =	(ListOpt) Protocols listed here will be accessed directly from QEMU. Currently supported protocols: [gluster]	
rbd_secret_uuid = None	(StrOpt) The libvirt UUID of the secret for the rbd_uservolumes	
rbd_user = None	(StrOpt) The RADOS client name for accessing rbd volumes	
scality_sofs_config = None	(StrOpt) Path or URL to Scality SOFS configuration file	
scality_sofs_mount_point = \$state_path/scality	(StrOpt) Base dir where Scality SOFS shall be mounted	
[xenserver]		
block_device_creation_timeout = 10	(IntOpt) Time to wait for a block device to be created	

# **Table 2.61. Description of VPN configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
boot_script_template = \$pybasedir/nova/cloud- pipe/bootscript.template	(StrOpt) Template for cloudpipe instance boot script
dmz_cidr =	(ListOpt) A list of dmz range that should be accepted
dmz_mask = 255.255.255.0	(StrOpt) Netmask to push into openvpn config
dmz_net = 10.0.0.0	(StrOpt) Network to push into openvpn config
vpn_flavor = m1.tiny	(StrOpt) Flavor for vpn instances
vpn_image_id = 0	(StrOpt) Image ID used when starting up a cloudpipe vpn server
vpn_ip = \$my_ip	(StrOpt) Public IP for the cloudpipe VPN servers
vpn_key_suffix = -vpn	(StrOpt) Suffix to add to project name for vpn key and sec- groups
vpn_start = 1000	(IntOpt) First Vpn port for private networks

# **Table 2.62. Description of Xen configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
console_driver = nova.console.xvp.XVPConsoleProxy	(StrOpt) Driver to use for the console proxy
console_vmrc_error_retries = 10	(IntOpt) DEPRECATED. Number of retries for retrieving VMRC information
console_vmrc_port = 443	(IntOpt) DEPRECATED. Port for VMware VMRC connections
console_xvp_conf = /etc/xvp.conf	(StrOpt) Generated XVP conf file

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
console_xvp_conf_template = \$pybasedir/nova/console/xvp.conf.template	(StrOpt) XVP conf template	
console_xvp_log = /var/log/xvp.log	(StrOpt) XVP log file	
console_xvp_multiplex_port = 5900	(IntOpt) Port for XVP to multiplex VNC connections on	
console_xvp_pid = /var/run/xvp.pid	(StrOpt) XVP master process pid file	
stub_compute = False	(BoolOpt) Stub calls to compute worker for tests	
[libvirt]	'	
xen_hvmloader_path = /usr/lib/xen/boot/hvmloader	(StrOpt) Location where the Xen hymloader is kept	
[xenserver]		
agent_path = usr/sbin/xe-update-networking	(StrOpt) Specifies the path in which the XenAPI guest agent should be located. If the agent is present, network configuration is not injected into the image. Used if compute_driver=xenapi.XenAPIDriver and flat_injected=True	
agent_resetnetwork_timeout = 60	(IntOpt) Number of seconds to wait for agent reply to resetnetwork request	
agent_timeout = 30	(IntOpt) Number of seconds to wait for agent reply	
agent_version_timeout = 300	(IntOpt) Number of seconds to wait for agent to be fully operational	
cache_images = all	(StrOpt) Cache glance images locally. `all` will cache all images, `some` will only cache images that have the image_property `cache_in_nova=True`, and `none` turns off caching entirely	
check_host = True	(BoolOpt) Ensure compute service is running on host XenAPI connects to.	
connection_concurrent = 5	(IntOpt) Maximum number of concurrent XenAPI connections. Used only if compute_driver=xenapi.XenAPIDriver	
connection_password = None	(StrOpt) Password for connection to XenServer/Xen Cloud Platform. Used only if compute_driver=xenapi.XenAPIDriver	
connection_url = None	(StrOpt) URL for connection to XenServer/Xen Cloud Platform. A special value of unix://local can be used to connect to the local unix socket. Required if compute_driver=xenapi.XenAPIDriver	
connection_username = root	(StrOpt) Username for connection to XenServer/Xen Cloud Platform. Used only if compute_driver=xenapi.XenAPIDriver	
default_os_type = linux	(StrOpt) Default OS type	
disable_agent = False	(BoolOpt) Disables the use of the XenAPI agent in any image regardless of what image properties are present.	
image_compression_level = None	(IntOpt) Compression level for images, e.g., 9 for gzip -9. Range is 1-9, 9 being most compressed but most CPU intensive on dom0.	
image_upload_handler = nova.virt.xenapi.image.glance.GlanceStore	(StrOpt) Dom0 plugin driver used to handle image uploads.	
introduce_vdi_retry_wait = 20	(IntOpt) Number of seconds to wait for an SR to settle if the VDI does not exist when first introduced	
ipxe_boot_menu_url = None	(StrOpt) URL to the iPXE boot menu	
ipxe_mkisofs_cmd = mkisofs	(StrOpt) Name and optionally path of the tool used for ISO image creation	
ipxe_network_name = None	(StrOpt) Name of network to use for booting iPXE ISOs	
ign_prefix = ign.2010-10.org.openstack	(StrOpt) IQN Prefix	

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
login_timeout = 10	(IntOpt) Timeout in seconds for XenAPI login.	
max_kernel_ramdisk_size = 16777216	(IntOpt) Maximum size in bytes of kernel or ramdisk images	
num_vbd_unplug_retries = 10	(IntOpt) Maximum number of retries to unplug VBD	
ovs_integration_bridge = xapi1	(StrOpt) Name of Integration Bridge used by Open vSwitch	
remap_vbd_dev = False	(BoolOpt) Used to enable the remapping of VBD dev (Works around an issue in Ubuntu Maverick)	
remap_vbd_dev_prefix = sd	(StrOpt) Specify prefix to remap VBD dev to (ex. /dev/xvdb -> /dev/sdb)	
running_timeout = 60	(IntOpt) Number of seconds to wait for instance to go to running state	
sparse_copy = True	(BoolOpt) Whether to use sparse_copy for copying data on a resize down (False will use standard dd). This speeds up resizes down considerably since large runs of zeros won't have to be rsynced	
sr_base_path = /var/run/sr-mount	(StrOpt) Base path to the storage repository	
sr_matching_filter = default-sr:true	(StrOpt) Filter for finding the SR to be used to install guest instances on. To use the Local Storage in default XenServer/XCP installations set this flag to other-config:i18n-key=local-storage. To select an SR with a different matching criteria, you could set it to other-config:my_favorite_sr=true. On the other hand, to fall back on the Default SR, as displayed by XenCenter, set this flag to: default-sr:true	
target_host = None	(StrOpt) The iSCSI Target Host	
target_port = 3260	(StrOpt) The iSCSI Target Port, default is port 3260	
torrent_base_url = None	(StrOpt) Base URL for torrent files.	
torrent_download_stall_cutoff = 600	(IntOpt) Number of seconds a download can remain at the same progress percentage w/o being considered a stall	
torrent_images = none	(StrOpt) Whether or not to download images via Bit Torrent (all some none).	
torrent_listen_port_end = 6891	(IntOpt) End of port range to listen on	
torrent_listen_port_start = 6881	(IntOpt) Beginning of port range to listen on	
torrent_max_last_accessed = 86400	(IntOpt) Cached torrent files not accessed within this number of seconds can be reaped	
torrent_max_seeder_processes_per_host = 1	(IntOpt) Maximum number of seeder processes to run con- currently within a given dom0. (-1 = no limit)	
torrent_seed_chance = 1.0	(FloatOpt) Probability that peer will become a seeder. (1.0 = 100%)	
torrent_seed_duration = 3600	(IntOpt) Number of seconds after downloading an image via BitTorrent that it should be seeded for other peers.	
use_agent_default = False	(BoolOpt) Determines if the XenAPI agent should be used when the image used does not contain a hint to declare if the agent is present or not. The hint is a glance property "xenapi_use_agent" that has the value "True" or "False". Note that waiting for the agent when it is not present will significantly increase server boot times.	
use_join_force = True	(BoolOpt) To use for hosts with different CPUs	
vhd_coalesce_max_attempts = 20	(IntOpt) Max number of times to poll for VHD to coalesce. Used only if compute_driver=xenapi.XenAPIDriver	
vhd_coalesce_poll_interval = 5.0	(FloatOpt) The interval used for polling of coalescing vhds. Used only if compute_driver=xenapi.XenAPIDriver	

## Table 2.63. Description of XCP VNC proxy configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
xvpvncproxy_base_url = http://127.0.0.1:6081/console	(StrOpt) Location of nova xvp VNC console proxy, in the form "http://127.0.0.1:6081/console"
xvpvncproxy_host = 0.0.0.0	(StrOpt) Address that the XCP VNC proxy should bind to
xvpvncproxy_port = 6081	(IntOpt) Port that the XCP VNC proxy should bind to

# Table 2.64. Description of Zookeeper configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[zookeeper]	
address = None	(StrOpt) The ZooKeeper addresses for servicegroup service in the format of host1:port,host2:port,host3:port
recv_timeout = 4000	(IntOpt) The recv_timeout parameter for the zk session
sg_prefix = /servicegroups	(StrOpt) The prefix used in ZooKeeper to store ephemeral nodes
sg_retry_interval = 5	(IntOpt) Number of seconds to wait until retrying to join the session

# Additional sample configuration files

Files in this section can be found in /etc/nova.

# api-paste.ini

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

The Compute service stores its API configuration settings in the api-paste.ini file.

```
############
# Metadata #
############
[composite:metadata]
use = egg:Paste#urlmap
/: meta
[pipeline:meta]
pipeline = ec2faultwrap logrequest metaapp
[app:metaapp]
paste.app_factory = nova.api.metadata.handler:MetadataRequestHandler.factory
######
# EC2 #
######
[composite:ec2]
use = egg:Paste#urlmap
/services/Cloud: ec2cloud
[composite:ec2cloud]
```

```
use = call:nova.api.auth:pipeline_factory
noauth = ec2faultwrap logrequest ec2noauth cloudrequest validator ec2executor
keystone = ec2faultwrap logrequest ec2keystoneauth cloudrequest validator
ec2executor
[filter:ec2faultwrap]
paste.filter_factory = nova.api.ec2:FaultWrapper.factory
[filter:logrequest]
paste.filter_factory = nova.api.ec2:RequestLogging.factory
[filter:ec2lockout]
paste.filter_factory = nova.api.ec2:Lockout.factory
[filter:ec2keystoneauth]
paste.filter_factory = nova.api.ec2:EC2KeystoneAuth.factory
[filter:ec2noauth]
paste.filter_factory = nova.api.ec2:NoAuth.factory
[filter:cloudrequest]
controller = nova.api.ec2.cloud.CloudController
paste.filter_factory = nova.api.ec2:Requestify.factory
[filter:authorizer]
paste.filter_factory = nova.api.ec2:Authorizer.factory
[filter:validator]
paste.filter_factory = nova.api.ec2:Validator.factory
[app:ec2executor]
paste.app_factory = nova.api.ec2:Executor.factory
#############
# OpenStack #
#############
[composite:osapi_compute]
use = call:nova.api.openstack.urlmap:urlmap_factory
/: oscomputeversions
/v1.1: openstack_compute_api_v2
/v2: openstack_compute_api_v2
/v2.1: openstack_compute_api_v21
/v3: openstack_compute_api_v3
[composite:openstack_compute_api_v2]
use = call:nova.api.auth:pipeline_factory
noauth = compute_req_id faultwrap sizelimit noauth ratelimit
osapi_compute_app_v2
keystone = compute_req_id faultwrap sizelimit authtoken keystonecontext
ratelimit osapi_compute_app_v2
keystone_nolimit = compute_req_id faultwrap sizelimit authtoken
keystonecontext osapi_compute_app_v2
[composite:openstack_compute_api_v21]
use = call:nova.api.auth:pipeline_factory_v21
noauth = request_id faultwrap sizelimit noauth osapi_compute_app_v21
keystone = request_id faultwrap sizelimit authtoken keystonecontext
osapi_compute_app_v21
```

```
[composite:openstack_compute_api_v3]
use = call:nova.api.auth:pipeline_factory_v21
noauth = request_id faultwrap sizelimit noauth_v3 osapi_compute_app_v3
keystone = request_id faultwrap sizelimit authtoken keystonecontext
osapi_compute_app_v3
[filter:request_id]
paste.filter_factory = nova.openstack.common.middleware.
request_id:RequestIdMiddleware.factory
[filter:compute_req_id]
paste.filter_factory = nova.api.compute_req_id:ComputeReqIdMiddleware.factory
[filter:faultwrap]
paste.filter_factory = nova.api.openstack:FaultWrapper.factory
[filter:noauth]
paste.filter_factory = nova.api.openstack.auth:NoAuthMiddleware.factory
[filter:noauth v3]
paste.filter_factory = nova.api.openstack.auth:NoAuthMiddlewareV3.factory
[filter:ratelimit]
paste.filter_factory = nova.api.openstack.compute.
limits:RateLimitingMiddleware.factory
[filter:sizelimit]
paste.filter_factory = nova.api.sizelimit:RequestBodySizeLimiter.factory
[app:osapi_compute_app_v2]
paste.app_factory = nova.api.openstack.compute:APIRouter.factory
[app:osapi_compute_app_v21]
paste.app_factory = nova.api.openstack.compute:APIRouterV21.factory
[app:osapi_compute_app_v3]
paste.app_factory = nova.api.openstack.compute:APIRouterV3.factory
[pipeline:oscomputeversions]
pipeline = faultwrap oscomputeversionapp
[app:oscomputeversionapp]
paste.app_factory = nova.api.openstack.compute.versions:Versions.factory
##########
# Shared #
#########
[filter:keystonecontext]
paste.filter_factory = nova.api.auth:NovaKeystoneContext.factory
[filter:authtoken]
paste.filter_factory = keystonemiddleware.auth_token:filter_factory
```

# policy.json

The policy. json file defines additional access controls that apply to the Compute service.

```
"context_is_admin": "role:admin",
   "admin_or_owner": "is_admin:True or project_id:%(project_id)s",
   "default": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "cells_scheduler_filter:TargetCellFilter": "is_admin:True",
   "compute:create": "",
   "compute:create:attach_network": "",
   "compute:create:attach_volume": "",
   "compute:create:forced_host": "is_admin:True",
   "compute:get_all": "",
   "compute:get_all_tenants": "",
   "compute:start": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute:stop": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute:unlock_override": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute:shelve": "",
   "compute:shelve_offload": "",
   "compute:unshelve": "",
   "compute:volume_snapshot_create": "",
   "compute:volume_snapshot_delete": "",
  "admin_api": "is_admin:True",
   "compute:v3:servers:start": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute:v3:servers:stop": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-access-ips:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-access-ips": "",
   "compute_extension:accounts": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:admin_actions": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:admin_actions:pause": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute_extension:admin_actions:unpause": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute_extension:admin_actions:suspend": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute_extension:admin_actions:resume": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute_extension:admin_actions:lock": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute_extension:admin_actions:unlock": "rule:admin_or_owner"
   "compute_extension:admin_actions:resetNetwork": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:admin_actions:injectNetworkInfo": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:admin_actions:createBackup": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute_extension:admin_actions:migrateLive": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:admin_actions:resetState": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:admin_actions:migrate": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-admin-actions": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-admin-actions:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-admin-actions:reset_network": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-admin-actions:inject_network_info":
"rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-admin-actions:reset_state": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-admin-password": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-admin-password:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:aggregates": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-aggregates:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-aggregates:index": "rule:admin_api",
```

```
"compute_extension:v3:os-aggregates:create": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-aggregates:show": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-aggregates:update": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-aggregates:delete": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-aggregates:add_host": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-aggregates:remove_host": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-aggregates:set_metadata": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:agents": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-agents": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-agents:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:attach_interfaces": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-attach-interfaces": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-attach-interfaces:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:baremetal_nodes": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-block-device-mapping-v1:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:cells": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:cells:create": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:cells:delete": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:cells:update": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:cells:sync_instances": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-cells": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-cells:create": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-cells:delete": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-cells:update": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-cells:sync_instances": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-cells:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:certificates": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-certificates:create": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-certificates:show": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-certificates:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:cloudpipe": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:cloudpipe_update": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:console_output": "",
"compute_extension:v3:consoles:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-console-output:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-console-output": "",
"compute_extension:consoles": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-remote-consoles": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-remote-consoles:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:createserverext": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-create-backup:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-create-backup": "rule:admin_or_owner",
"compute_extension:deferred_delete": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-deferred-delete": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-deferred-delete:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:disk_config": "",
"compute_extension:evacuate": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-evacuate": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-evacuate:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:extended_server_attributes": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-extended-server-attributes": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-extended-server-attributes:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:extended_status": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-extended-status": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-extended-status:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:extended_availability_zone": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-extended-availability-zone": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-extended-availability-zone:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:extended_ips": "",
"compute_extension:extended_ips_mac": "",
```

```
"compute_extension:extended_vif_net": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:extension_info:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:extended_volumes": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-extended-volumes": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-extended-volumes:swap": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-extended-volumes:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-extended-volumes:attach": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-extended-volumes:detach": "",
   "compute_extension:fixed_ips": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:flavor_access": "",
   "compute_extension:flavor_access:addTenantAccess": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:flavor_access:removeTenantAccess": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-flavor-access": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-flavor-access:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-flavor-access:remove_tenant_access":
"rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-flavor-access:add_tenant_access":
"rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:flavor_disabled": "",
   "compute_extension:flavor_rxtx": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-flavor-rxtx": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-flavor-rxtx:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:flavor_swap": "",
  "compute_extension:flavorextradata": "",
   "compute_extension:flavorextraspecs:index": "",
  "compute_extension:flavorextraspecs:show": "",
   "compute_extension:flavorextraspecs:create": "rule:admin_api",
  "compute_extension:flavorextraspecs:update": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:flavorextraspecs:delete": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:flavors:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:flavor-extra-specs:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:flavor-extra-specs:index": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:flavor-extra-specs:show": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:flavor-extra-specs:create": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:flavor-extra-specs:update": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:flavor-extra-specs:delete": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:flavormanage": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:flavor-manage:discoverable": ""
   "compute_extension:v3:flavor-manage": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:floating_ip_dns": "",
   "compute_extension:floating_ip_pools": "",
   "compute_extension:floating_ips": "",
   "compute_extension:floating_ips_bulk": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:fping": "",
   "compute_extension:fping:all_tenants": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:hide_server_addresses": "is_admin:False",
   compute_extension:v3:os-hide-server-addresses": "is_admin:False",
   compute_extension:v3:os-hide-server-addresses:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:hosts": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-hosts": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-hosts:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:hypervisors": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-hypervisors": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-hypervisors:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:image_size": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:images:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:image-size": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:image-size:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:instance_actions": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-instance-actions": "",
```

```
"compute_extension:v3:os-instance-actions:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:instance_actions:events": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-instance-actions:events": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:instance_usage_audit_log": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:ips:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:keypairs": "",
"compute_extension:keypairs:index": "",
"compute_extension:keypairs:show": ""
"compute_extension:keypairs:create": "",
"compute_extension:keypairs:delete": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-keypairs:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-keypairs": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-keypairs:index": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-keypairs:show": ""
"compute_extension:v3:os-keypairs:create": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-keypairs:delete": "",
"compute_extension:v3:limits:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-lock-server:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-lock-server:lock": "rule:admin_or_owner",
"compute_extension:v3:os-lock-server:unlock": "rule:admin_or_owner",
"compute_extension:v3:os-migrate-server:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-migrate-server:migrate": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-migrate-server:migrate_live": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:multinic": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-multinic": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-multinic:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:networks": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:networks:view": "",
"compute_extension:networks_associate": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-pause-server:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-pause-server:pause": "rule:admin_or_owner",
"compute_extension:v3:os-pause-server:unpause": "rule:admin_or_owner",
"compute_extension:v3:os-pci:pci_servers": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-pci:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-pci:index": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-pci:detail": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-pci:show": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:quotas:show": "",
"compute_extension:quotas:update": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:quotas:delete": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-quota-sets:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-quota-sets:show": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-quota-sets:update": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-quota-sets:delete": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-quota-sets:detail": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:quota_classes": "",
"compute_extension:rescue": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-rescue": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-rescue:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-scheduler-hints:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:security_group_default_rules": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:security_groups": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-security-groups": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-security-groups:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:server_diagnostics": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-server-diagnostics": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-server-diagnostics:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:server_groups": "",
"compute_extension:server_password": ""
"compute_extension:v3:os-server-password": "",
```

```
"compute_extension:v3:os-server-password:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:server_usage": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-server-usage": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-server-usage:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-server-groups": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-server-groups:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:services": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-services": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-services:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:server-metadata:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:servers:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:shelve": "",
   "compute_extension:shelveOffload": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-shelve:shelve": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-shelve:shelve:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-shelve:shelve_offload": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:simple_tenant_usage:show": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute_extension::v3:os-simple-tenant-usage:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension::v3:os-simple-tenant-usage:show":
"rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute_extension::v3:os-simple-tenant-usage:list": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-suspend-server:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-suspend-server:suspend": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-suspend-server:resume": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute_extension:simple_tenant_usage:list": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:unshelve": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-shelve:unshelve": "",
   "compute_extension:users": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-user-data:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:virtual_interfaces": "",
   "compute_extension:virtual_storage_arrays": "",
   "compute_extension:volumes": "",
   "compute_extension:volume_attachments:index": "",
   "compute_extension:volume_attachments:show": "",
   "compute_extension:volume_attachments:create": "",
   "compute_extension:volume_attachments:update": "",
   "compute_extension:volume_attachments:delete": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-volumes": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-volumes:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:volumetypes": "",
   "compute_extension:availability_zone:list": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-availability-zone:list": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-availability-zone:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:availability_zone:detail": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-availability-zone:detail": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:used_limits_for_admin": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-used-limits": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-used-limits:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:migrations:index": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-migrations:index": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-migrations:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:os-assisted-volume-snapshots:create": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:os-assisted-volume-snapshots:delete": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:console_auth_tokens": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-console-auth-tokens": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:os-server-external-events:create": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-server-external-events:create": "rule:admin_api",
   "volume:create": "",
   "volume:get_all": "",
```

```
"volume:get_volume_metadata": "",
"volume:get_snapshot": "",
"volume:get_all_snapshots": "",
"volume_extension:types_manage": "rule:admin_api",
"volume_extension:types_extra_specs": "rule:admin_api",
"volume_extension:volume_admin_actions:reset_status": "rule:admin_api",
"volume_extension:snapshot_admin_actions:reset_status": "rule:admin_api",
"volume_extension:volume_admin_actions:force_delete": "rule:admin_api",
"network:get_all": "",
"network:get": "",
"network:create": "",
"network:delete": ""
"network:associate": ""
"network:disassociate": "",
"network:get_vifs_by_instance": "",
"network:allocate_for_instance": "",
"network:deallocate_for_instance": "",
"network:validate_networks": "",
"network:get_instance_uuids_by_ip_filter": "",
"network:get_instance_id_by_floating_address": "",
"network:setup_networks_on_host": "",
"network:get_backdoor_port": "",
"network:get_floating_ip": "",
"network:get_floating_ip_pools": "",
"network:get_floating_ip_by_address": "",
"network:get_floating_ips_by_project": "",
"network:get_floating_ips_by_fixed_address": "",
"network:allocate_floating_ip": "",
"network:deallocate_floating_ip": "",
"network:associate_floating_ip": "",
"network:disassociate_floating_ip": "",
"network:release_floating_ip": "",
"network:migrate_instance_start": "",
"network:migrate_instance_finish": "",
"network:get_fixed_ip": "",
"network:get_fixed_ip_by_address": "",
"network:add_fixed_ip_to_instance": "",
"network:remove_fixed_ip_from_instance": "",
"network:add_network_to_project": "",
"network:get_instance_nw_info": "",
"network:get_dns_domains": "",
"network:add_dns_entry": "",
"network:modify_dns_entry": "",
"network:delete_dns_entry": "",
"network:get_dns_entries_by_address": "",
"network:get_dns_entries_by_name": "",
"network:create_private_dns_domain": "",
"network:create_public_dns_domain": "",
"network:delete_dns_domain": "",
"network:attach_external_network": "rule:admin_api"
```

# uno - Juno 
# rootwrap.conf

The rootwrap.conf file defines configuration values used by the rootwrap script when the Compute service needs to escalate its privileges to those of the root user.

```
# Configuration for nova-rootwrap
# This file should be owned by (and only-writeable by) the root user
[DEFAULT]
# List of directories to load filter definitions from (separated by ',').
# These directories MUST all be only writeable by root!
filters_path=/etc/nova/rootwrap.d,/usr/share/nova/rootwrap
# List of directories to search executables in, in case filters do not
# explicitely specify a full path (separated by ',')
# If not specified, defaults to system PATH environment variable.
# These directories MUST all be only writeable by root!
exec_dirs=/sbin,/usr/sbin,/bin,/usr/bin
# Enable logging to syslog
# Default value is False
use_syslog=False
# Which syslog facility to use.
# Valid values include auth, authpriv, syslog, local0, local1...
# Default value is 'syslog'
syslog_log_facility=syslog
# Which messages to log.
# INFO means log all usage
# ERROR means only log unsuccessful attempts
syslog_log_level=ERROR
```

# New, updated and deprecated options in Juno for OpenStack Compute

### **Table 2.65. New options**

Option = default value	(Type) Help string
[DEFAULT] baremetal_scheduler_default_filters = RetryFilter, AvailabilityZoneFilter, ComputeFilter, ComputeCapabilitiesFilter, ImagePropertiesFilter, ExactRamFilter, ExactDiskFilter, ExactCoreFilter	(ListOpt) Which filter class names to use for filtering baremetal hosts when not specified in the request.
[DEFAULT] block_device_allocate_retries = 60	(IntOpt) Number of times to retry block device allocation on failures
[DEFAULT] block_device_allocate_retries_interval = 3	(IntOpt) Waiting time interval (seconds) between block device allocation retries on failures
[DEFAULT] compute_resources = vcpu	(ListOpt) The names of the extra resources to track.
[DEFAULT] quota_injected_file_path_length = 255	(IntOpt) Length of injected file path
[DEFAULT] quota_server_group_members = 10	(IntOpt) Number of servers per server group
[DEFAULT] quota_server_groups = 10	(IntOpt) Number of server groups per project

Option = default value	(Type) Help string	
[DEFAULT] scheduler_use_baremetal_filters = False	(BoolOpt) Flag to decide whether to use baremetal_scheduler_default_filters or not.	
[DEFAULT] shutdown_timeout = 60	(IntOpt) Total amount of time to wait in seconds for an in stance to perform a clean shutdown.	
[cinder] api_insecure = False	(BoolOpt) Allow to perform insecure SSL requests to cinder	
[cinder] ca_certificates_file = None	(StrOpt) Location of ca certificates file to use for cinder client requests.	
[cinder] catalog_info = volume:cinder:publicURL	(StrOpt) Info to match when looking for cinder in the service catalog. Format is: separated values of the form: <service_type>:<service_name>:<endpoint_type></endpoint_type></service_name></service_type>	
[cinder] cross_az_attach = True	(BoolOpt) Allow attach between instance and volume in different availability zones.	
[cinder] endpoint_template = None	(StrOpt) Override service catalog lookup with template for cinder endpoint e.g. http://localhost:8776/v1/%(project_id)s	
[cinder] http_retries = 3	(IntOpt) Number of cinderclient retries on failed http calls	
[cinder] http_timeout = None	(IntOpt) HTTP inactivity timeout (in seconds)	
[cinder] os_region_name = None	(StrOpt) Region name of this node	
[database] use_tpool = False	(BoolOpt) Enable the experimental use of thread pooling for all DB API calls	
[ephemeral_storage_encryption] cipher = aes-xts-plain64	(StrOpt) The cipher and mode to be used to encrypt ephemeral storage. Which ciphers are available ciphers depends on kernel support. See /proc/crypto for the list of available options.	
[ephemeral_storage_encryption] enabled = False	(BoolOpt) Whether to encrypt ephemeral storage	
[ephemeral_storage_encryption] key_size = 512	(IntOpt) The bit length of the encryption key to be used to encrypt ephemeral storage (in XTS mode only half of the bits are used for encryption key)	
[glance] allowed_direct_url_schemes =	(ListOpt) A list of url scheme that can be downloaded directly via the direct_url. Currently supported schemes: [file].	
[glance] api_insecure = False	(BoolOpt) Allow to perform insecure SSL (https) requests to glance	
[glance] api_servers = None	(ListOpt) A list of the glance api servers available to nova. Prefix with https:// for ssl-based glance api servers. ([hostname ip]:port)	
[glance] host = \$my_ip	(StrOpt) Default glance hostname or IP address	
[glance] num_retries = 0	(IntOpt) Number of retries when downloading an image from glance	
[glance] port = 9292	(IntOpt) Default glance port	
[glance] protocol = http	(StrOpt) Default protocol to use when connecting to glance. Set to https for SSL.	
[hyperv] wait_soft_reboot_seconds = 60	(IntOpt) Number of seconds to wait for instance to shut down after soft reboot request is made. We fall back to hard reboot if instance does not shutdown within this win- dow.	
[ironic] admin_auth_token = None	(StrOpt) Ironic keystone auth token.	
[ironic] admin_password = None	(StrOpt) Ironic keystone admin password.	
[ironic] admin_tenant_name = None	(StrOpt) Ironic keystone tenant name.	
[ironic] admin_url = None	(StrOpt) Keystone public API endpoint.	
[ironic] admin_username = None	(StrOpt) Ironic keystone admin name	

Option = default value	(Type) Help string	
[ironic] api_endpoint = None	(StrOpt) URL for Ironic API endpoint.	
[ironic] api_max_retries = 60	(IntOpt) How many retries when a request does conflict.	
[ironic] api_retry_interval = 2	(IntOpt) How often to retry in seconds when a request does conflict	
[ironic] api_version = 1	(IntOpt) Version of Ironic API service endpoint.	
[ironic] client_log_level = None	(StrOpt) Log level override for ironicclient. Set this in order to override the global "default_log_levels", "verbose", and "debug" settings.	
[keystone_authtoken] check_revocations_for_cached = False	(BoolOpt) If true, the revocation list will be checked for cached tokens. This requires that PKI tokens are configured on the Keystone server.	
[keystone_authtoken] hash_algorithms = md5	(ListOpt) Hash algorithms to use for hashing PKI tokens. This may be a single algorithm or multiple. The algorithms are those supported by Python standard hashlib.new(). The hashes will be tried in the order given, so put the preferred one first for performance. The result of the first hash will be stored in the cache. This will typically be set to multiple values only while migrating from a less secure algorithm to a more secure one. Once all the old tokens are expired this option should be set to a single value for better performance.	
[keystone_authtoken] identity_uri = None	(StrOpt) Complete admin Identity API endpoint. This should specify the unversioned root endpoint e.g. https://localhost:35357/	
[libvirt] gid_maps =	(ListOpt) List of guid targets and ranges. Syntax is guest-gid:host-gid:countMaximum of 5 allowed.	
[libvirt] hw_disk_discard = None	(StrOpt) Discard option for nova managed disks (valid o tions are: ignore, unmap). Need Libvirt(1.0.6) Qemu1.5 (raw format) Qemu1.6(qcow2 format)	
[libvirt] hw_machine_type = None	(ListOpt) For qemu or KVM guests, set this option to specify a default machine type per host architecture. You can find a list of supported machine types in your environment by checking the output of the "virsh capabilities" command. The format of the value for this config option is host-arch=machine-type. For example: x86_64=machinetype1,armv7l=machinetype2	
[libvirt] mem_stats_period_seconds = 10	(IntOpt) A number of seconds to memory usage statistics period. Zero or negative value mean to disable memory us age statistics.	
[libvirt] sysinfo_serial = auto	(StrOpt) The data source used to the populate the host "serial" UUID exposed to guest in the virtual BIOS. Permitted options are "hardware", "os", "none" or "auto" (default).	
[libvirt] uid_maps =	(ListOpt) List of uid targets and ranges. Syntax is guest- uid:host-uid:countMaximum of 5 allowed.	
[neutron] admin_auth_url = http://localhost:5000/v2.0	(StrOpt) Authorization URL for connecting to neutron in admin context	
[neutron] admin_password = None	(StrOpt) Password for connecting to neutron in admin context	
[neutron] admin_tenant_id = None	(StrOpt) Tenant id for connecting to neutron in admin context	
[neutron] admin_tenant_name = None	(StrOpt) Tenant name for connecting to neutron in admin context. This option will be ignored if neutron_admin_tenant_id is set. Note that with Keystone V3 tenant names are only unique within a domain.	
[neutron] admin_user_id = None	(StrOpt) User id for connecting to neutron in admin context	

ounf - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

Option	Previous default value	New default value	
[DEFAULT] auth_strategy	noauth	keystone	
[DEFAULT] default_log_levels	amqp=WARN, amqplib=WARN, boto=WARN, qpid=WARN, sqlalchemy=WARN, suds=INFO, oslo.messaging=INFO, iso8601=WARN	amqp=WARN, amqplib=WARN, boto=WARN, qpid=WARN, sqlalchemy=WARN, suds=INFO, oslo.messaging=INFO, iso8601=WARN, requests.packages.urllib3.connectionpool=urllib3.connectionpool=WARN, websocket=WARN, keystonemiddleware=WARN, routes.middleware=WARN, stevedore=WARN	l=WARN
[DEFAULT] dhcp_lease_time	120	86400	
[DEFAULT] logging_context_format_string	%(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d %(process)d %(levelname)s %(name)s [%(request_id)s %(user)s %(tenant)s] %(instance)s%(message)s	%(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d %(process)d %(levelname)s %(name)s [%(request_id)s %(user_identity)s] %(instance)s%(message)s	

Option	Previous default value	New default value
[database] mysql_sql_mode	None	TRADITIONAL
[database] sqlite_db	nova.sqlite	oslo.sqlite
[keystone_authtoken] revocation_cache_time	300	10
[libvirt] block_migration_flag	VIR_MIGRATE_UNDEFINE_SOURCE, VIR_MIGRATE_PEER2PEER, VIR_MIGRATE_NON_SHARED_INC	VIR_MIGRATE_UNDEFINE_SOURCE, VIR_MIGRATE_PEER2PEER, VIR_MIGRATE_LIVE, VIR_MIGRATE_TUNNELLED, VIR_MIGRATE_NON_SHARED_INC
[libvirt] live_migration_flag	VIR_MIGRATE_UNDEFINE_SOURCE, VIR_MIGRATE_PEER2PEER	VIR_MIGRATE_UNDEFINE_SOURCE, VIR_MIGRATE_PEER2PEER, VIR_MIGRATE_LIVE, VIR_MIGRATE_TUNNELLED

# **Table 2.67. Deprecated options**

Deprecated option	New Option
[DEFAULT] quota_injected_file_path_bytes	[DEFAULT] quota_injected_file_path_length
[DEFAULT] neutron_url	[neutron] url
[DEFAULT] neutron_ca_certificates_file	[neutron] ca_certificates_file
[DEFAULT] neutron_api_insecure	[neutron] api_insecure
[DEFAULT] neutron_admin_username	[neutron] admin_username
[DEFAULT] neutron_auth_strategy	[neutron] auth_strategy
[DEFAULT] glance_api_servers	[glance] api_servers
[DEFAULT] neutron_admin_tenant_id	[neutron] admin_tenant_id
[DEFAULT] neutron_admin_tenant_name	[neutron] admin_tenant_name
[DEFAULT] neutron_metadata_proxy_shared_secret	[neutron] metadata_proxy_shared_secret
[DEFAULT] glance_port	[glance] port
[DEFAULT] neutron_region_name	[neutron] region_name
[DEFAULT] neutron_admin_password	[neutron] admin_password
[DEFAULT] glance_num_retries	[glance] num_retries
[DEFAULT] service_neutron_metadata_proxy	[neutron] service_metadata_proxy
[DEFAULT] glance_protocol	[glance] protocol
[DEFAULT] neutron_ovs_bridge	[neutron] ovs_bridge
[DEFAULT] glance_api_insecure	[glance] api_insecure
[DEFAULT] glance_host	[glance] host
[DEFAULT] neutron_admin_auth_url	[neutron] admin_auth_url
[DEFAULT] neutron_extension_sync_interval	[neutron] extension_sync_interval
[DEFAULT] neutron_url_timeout	[neutron] url_timeout

- Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno -

# 3. Dashboard

# **Table of Contents**

Configure the dashboard	302
Customize the dashboard	306
Additional sample configuration files	307
Dashboard log files	318

This chapter describes how to configure the OpenStack dashboard with Apache web server.

# Configure the dashboard

You can configure the dashboard for a simple HTTP deployment.

You can configure the dashboard for a secured HTTPS deployment. While the standard installation uses a non-encrypted HTTP channel, you can enable SSL support for the dashboard.

Also, you can configure the size of the VNC window in the dashboard.

# **Configure the dashboard for HTTP**

You can configure the dashboard for a simple HTTP deployment. The standard installation uses a non-encrypted HTTP channel.

Specify the host for your OpenStack Identity Service endpoint in the /etc/openstack-dashboard/local\_settings.py file with the OPENSTACK\_HOST setting.

The following example shows this setting:

```
from django.utils.translation import ugettext_lazy as _
DEBUG = False
TEMPLATE_DEBUG = DEBUG
PROD = True
USE_SSL = False
SITE_BRANDING = 'OpenStack Dashboard'
# Ubuntu-specific: Enables an extra panel in the 'Settings' section
# that easily generates a Juju environments.yaml for download,
# preconfigured with endpoints and credentials required for bootstrap
# and service deployment.
ENABLE_JUJU_PANEL = True
# Note: You should change this value
SECRET_KEY = 'eljlIWiLoWHgryYxFT6j7cM5fGOOxWY0'
# Specify a regular expression to validate user passwords.
# HORIZON_CONFIG = {
      "password validator": {
          "regex": '.*'
          "help_text": _("Your password does not meet the requirements.")
LOCAL_PATH = os.path.dirname(os.path.abspath(__file__))
```

```
'default': {
  'BACKEND' : 'django.core.cache.backends.memcached.MemcachedCache',
  'LOCATION' : '127.0.0.1:11211'
# Send email to the console by default
EMAIL_BACKEND = 'django.core.mail.backends.console.EmailBackend'
# Or send them to /dev/null
#EMAIL_BACKEND = 'django.core.mail.backends.dummy.EmailBackend'
# Configure these for your outgoing email host
# EMAIL_HOST = 'smtp.my-company.com'
# EMAIL_PORT = 25
# EMAIL_HOST_USER = 'djangomail'
# EMAIL HOST PASSWORD = 'top-secret!'
# For multiple regions uncomment this configuration, and add (endpoint, title).
# AVAILABLE_REGIONS = [
      ('http://cluster1.example.com:5000/v2.0', 'cluster1'),
      ('http://cluster2.example.com:5000/v2.0', 'cluster2'),
# 1
OPENSTACK_HOST = "127.0.0.1"
OPENSTACK KEYSTONE URL = "http://%s:5000/v2.0" % OPENSTACK HOST
OPENSTACK_KEYSTONE_DEFAULT_ROLE = "Member"
# The OPENSTACK_KEYSTONE_BACKEND settings can be used to identify the
# capabilities of the auth backend for Keystone.
# If Keystone has been configured to use LDAP as the auth backend then set
# can_edit_user to False and name to 'ldap'.
# TODO(tres): Remove these once Keystone has an API to identify auth backend.
OPENSTACK_KEYSTONE_BACKEND = {
    'name': 'native'
    'can_edit_user': True
# OPENSTACK_ENDPOINT_TYPE specifies the endpoint type to use for the endpoints
# in the Keystone service catalog. Use this setting when Horizon is running
# external to the OpenStack environment. The default is 'internalURL'.
#OPENSTACK_ENDPOINT_TYPE = "publicURL"
# The number of Swift containers and objects to display on a single page before
# providing a paging element (a "more" link) to paginate results.
API_RESULT_LIMIT = 1000
# If you have external monitoring links, eg:
# EXTERNAL_MONITORING =
     ['Nagios','http://foo.com'],
['Ganglia','http://bar.com'],
# ]
LOGGING = {
        'version': 1.
        # When set to True this will disable all logging except
        \ensuremath{\mathtt{\#}} for loggers specified in this configuration dictionary. Note that
        # if nothing is specified here and disable_existing_loggers is True,
        # django.db.backends will still log unless it is disabled explicitly.
        'disable_existing_loggers': False,
        'handlers': {
            'null': {
                'level': 'DEBUG',
                'class': 'django.utils.log.NullHandler',
                },
            'console': {
                'level': 'INFO',
                'class': 'logging.StreamHandler',
                },
           },
        'loggers': {
            # Logging from django.db.backends is VERY verbose, send to null
            # by default.
            'django.db.backends': {
                'handlers': ['null'],
                'propagate': False,
```

The service catalog configuration in the Identity Service determines whether a service appears in the dashboard. For the full listing, see Horizon Settings and Configuration.

2. Restart Apache http server. For Ubuntu/Debian/SUSE:

```
# service apache2 restart
or for Fedora/RHEL/CentOS:
# service httpd restart
```

Next, restart memcached:

# service memcached restart

# **Configure the dashboard for HTTPS**

You can configure the dashboard for a secured HTTPS deployment. While the standard installation uses a non-encrypted HTTP channel, you can enable SSL support for the dashboard.

This example uses the http://openstack.example.com domain. Use a domain that fits your current setup.

 In the /etc/openstack-dashboard/local\_settings.py file, update the following options:

```
USE_SSL = True

CSRF_COOKIE_SECURE = True

SESSION_COOKIE_SECURE = True

SESSION_COOKIE_HTTPONLY = True
```

To enable HTTPS, the USE\_SSL = True option is required.

The other options require that HTTPS is enabled; these options defend against cross-site scripting.

2. Edit the /etc/apache2/ports.conf file and add the following line:

```
NameVirtualHost *:443
```

3. Edit the /etc/apache2/conf.d/openstack-dashboard.conf file as shown in Example 3.2, "After" [305]:

### **Example 3.1. Before**

```
WSGIScriptAlias / /usr/share/openstack-dashboard/openstack_dashboard/wsgi/django.wsgi
WSGIDaemonProcess horizon user=www-data group=www-data processes=3 threads=10
Alias /static /usr/share/openstack-dashboard/openstack_dashboard/static/
<Directory /usr/share/openstack-dashboard/openstack_dashboard/wsgi>
# For Apache http server 2.2 and earlier:
Order allow,deny
Allow from all
# For Apache http server 2.4 and later:
# Require all granted
</Directory>
```

### **Example 3.2. After**

```
<VirtualHost *:80>
ServerName openstack.example.com
<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
RewriteEngine On
RewriteCond %{HTTPS} off
RewriteRule (.*) https://%{HTTP_HOST}%{REQUEST_URI}
</IfModule>
<IfModule !mod rewrite.c>
RedirectPermanent / https://openstack.example.com
</IfModule>
</VirtualHost>
<VirtualHost *:443>
ServerName openstack.example.com
SSLEngine On
# Remember to replace certificates and keys with valid paths in your environment
SSLCertificateFile /etc/apache2/SSL/openstack.example.com.crt
SSLCACertificateFile /etc/apache2/SSL/openstack.example.com.crt
SSLCertificateKeyFile /etc/apache2/SSL/openstack.example.com.key
SetEnvIf User-Agent ".*MSIE.*" nokeepalive ssl-unclean-shutdown
# HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS) enforces that all communications
# with a server go over SSL. This mitigates the threat from attacks such
# as SSL-Strip which replaces links on the wire, stripping away https prefixes
# and potentially allowing an attacker to view confidential information on the
Header add Strict-Transport-Security "max-age=15768000"
WSGIScriptAlias / /usr/share/openstack-dashboard/openstack_dashboard/wsgi/django.wsgi
WSGIDaemonProcess horizon user=www-data group=www-data processes=3 threads=10
Alias /static /usr/share/openstack-dashboard/openstack_dashboard/static/
<Directory /usr/share/openstack-dashboard/openstack_dashboard/wsgi>
# For Apache http server 2.2 and earlier:
Order allow, deny
Allow from all
# For Apache http server 2.4 and later:
# Require all granted
</Directory>
</VirtualHost>
```

In this configuration, the Apache HTTP server listens on port 443 and redirects all non-secure requests to the HTTPS protocol. The secured section defines the private key, public key, and certificate to use.

4. Restart the Apache HTTP server.

For Debian, Ubuntu, or SUSE distributions:

```
# service apache2 restart
```

For Fedora, RHEL, or CentOS distributions:

```
# service httpd restart
```

5. Restart memcached:

```
# service memcached restart
```

If you try to access the dashboard through HTTP, the browser redirects you to the HTTPS page.

# Change the size of the dashboard VNC window

The \_detail\_vnc.html file defines the size of the VNC window. To change the window size, edit this file.

- Edit /usr/share/pyshared/horizon/dashboards/nova/instances/templates/instances/\_detail\_vnc.html.
- 2. Modify the width and height parameters, as follows:

```
<iframe src="{{ vnc_url }}" width="720" height="430"></iframe>
```

### **Customize the dashboard**

Adapted from How To Custom Brand The OpenStack "Horizon" Dashboard.

You install the OpenStack dashboard through the openstack-dashboard package. You can customize the dashboard with your own colors, logo, and site title through a CSS file.

Canonical also provides an openstack-dashboard-ubuntu-theme package that brands the Python-based Django interface.

Create a graphical logo with a transparent background. The text TGen Cloud in this
example is rendered through .png files of multiple sizes created with a graphics program.

Use a 200×27 for the logged-in banner graphic, and 365×50 for the login screen graphic.

2. Set the HTML title, which appears at the top of the browser window, by adding the following line to /etc/openstack-dashboard/local\_settings.py:

```
SITE_BRANDING = "Example, Inc. Cloud"
```

- 3. Upload your new graphic files to the following location: /usr/share/open-stack-dashboard/openstack\_dashboard/static/dashboard/img/
- **4. Create a CSS style sheet in the following directory:** /usr/share/openstack-dash-board/openstack\_dashboard/static/dashboard/css/
- 5. Edit your CSS file to override the Ubuntu customizations in the ubuntu.css file.

Change the colors and image file names as appropriate, though the relative directory paths should be the same. The following example file shows you how to customize your CSS file:

no - Juno 
```
* New theme colors for dashboard that override the defaults:
  dark blue: #355796 / rgb(53, 87, 150)
  light blue: #BAD3E1 / rgb(186, 211, 225)
* By Preston Lee <plee@tgen.org>
h1.brand {
background: #355796 repeat-x top left;
border-bottom: 2px solid #BAD3E1;
h1.brand a {
background: url(../img/my_cloud_logo_small.png) top left no-repeat;
#splash .login {
background: #355796 url(../img/my_cloud_logo_medium.png) no-repeat center 35px;
#splash .login .modal-header {
border-top: 1px solid #BAD3E1;
.btn-primary {
background-image: none !important;
background-color: #355796 !important;
border: none !important;
box-shadow: none;
.btn-primary:hover,
.btn-primary:active {
border: none;
box-shadow: none;
background-color: #BAD3E1 !important;
text-decoration: none;
```

- 6. Open the following HTML template in an editor: /usr/share/openstack-dash-board/openstack\_dashboard/templates/\_stylesheets.html
- 7. Add a line to include your custom. css file:

```
...
<link href='{{ STATIC_URL }}bootstrap/css/bootstrap.min.css' media='screen' rel='stylesheet' />
<link href='{{ STATIC_URL }}dashboard/css/{% choose_css %}' media='screen' rel='stylesheet' />
<link href='{{ STATIC_URL }}dashboard/css/custom.css' media='screen' rel='stylesheet' />
...
```

8. Restart Apache:

On Ubuntu:

# service apache2 restart

On Fedora, RHEL, CentOS:

# service httpd restart

On openSUSE:

# service apache2 restart

9. Reload the dashboard in your browser to view your changes.

Modify your CSS file as appropriate.

# Additional sample configuration files

Find the following files in /etc/openstack-dashboard.

ounf - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

# keystone\_policy.json

The keystone\_policy.json file defines additional access controls for the dashboard that apply to the Identity service.



### **Note**

The keystone\_policy.json file must match the Identity service /etc/keystone/policy.json policy file.

```
"admin_required": [
    [
         "role:admin"
    ],
        "is_admin:1"
    ]
],
"service_role": [
        "role:service"
],
"service_or_admin": [
        "rule:admin_required"
    ],
         "rule:service_role"
],
"owner": [
         "user_id:%(user_id)s"
],
"admin_or_owner": [
         "rule:admin_required"
    ],
    [
         "rule:owner"
],
"default": [
         "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:get_service": [
         "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:list_services": [
         "rule:admin_required"
```

- ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno -

```
],
"identity:create_service": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:update_service": [
        "rule:admin_required"
"identity:delete_service": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:get_endpoint": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:list_endpoints": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:create_endpoint": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:update_endpoint": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:delete_endpoint": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:get_domain": [
        "rule:admin_required"
"identity:list_domains": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:create_domain": [
        "rule:admin_required"
"identity:update_domain": [
        "rule:admin_required"
```

- ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno -

```
],
"identity:delete_domain": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:get_project": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:list_projects": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:list_user_projects": [
        "rule:admin_or_owner"
],
"identity:create_project": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:update_project": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:delete_project": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:get_user": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:list_users": [
        "rule:admin_required"
"identity:create_user": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:update_user": [
        "rule:admin_or_owner"
"identity:delete_user": [
        "rule:admin_required"
```

```
],
"identity:get_group": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:list_groups": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:list_groups_for_user": [
        "rule:admin_or_owner"
],
"identity:create_group": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:update_group": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:delete_group": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:list_users_in_group": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:remove_user_from_group": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:check_user_in_group": [
        "rule:admin_required"
"identity:add_user_to_group": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:get_credential": [
        "rule:admin_required"
"identity:list_credentials": [
        "rule:admin_required"
```

- ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno -

```
],
"identity:create_credential": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:update_credential": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:delete_credential": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:get_role": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:list_roles": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:create_role": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:update_role": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:delete_role": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:check_grant": [
        "rule:admin_required"
"identity:list_grants": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:create_grant": [
        "rule:admin_required"
"identity:revoke_grant": [
        "rule:admin_required"
```

- ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf

```
],
"identity:list_role_assignments": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:get_policy": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:list_policies": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:create_policy": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:update_policy": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:delete_policy": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:check_token": [
        "rule:admin_required"
],
"identity:validate_token": [
        "rule:service_or_admin"
],
"identity:validate_token_head": [
        "rule:service_or_admin"
"identity:revocation_list": [
        "rule:service_or_admin"
],
"identity:revoke_token": [
        "rule:admin_or_owner"
],
"identity:create_trust": [
        "user_id:%(trust.trustor_user_id)s"
```

```
],
"identity:get_trust": [
         "rule:admin_or_owner"
],
"identity:list_trusts": [
         "@"
    ]
"identity:list_roles_for_trust": [
         "@"
    ]
],
"identity:check_role_for_trust": [
         "@"
    ]
],
"identity:get_role_for_trust": [
         "@"
    ]
],
"identity:delete_trust": [
         "@"
    ]
]
```

# nova\_policy.json

The  $nova\_policy.json$  file defines additional access controls for the dashboard that apply to the Compute service.



### Note

The nova\_policy.json file must match the Compute /etc/no-va/policy.json policy file.

```
{
    "context_is_admin": "role:admin",
    "admin_or_owner": "is_admin:True or project_id:%(project_id)s",
    "default": "rule:admin_or_owner",
    "cells_scheduler_filter:TargetCellFilter": "is_admin:True",
    "compute:create": "",
    "compute:create:attach_network": "",
    "compute:create:attach_volume": "",
    "compute:create:forced_host": "is_admin:True",
    "compute:get_all": "",
    "compute:get_all_tenants": "",
    "compute:unlock_override": "rule:admin_api",
    "compute:shelve": "",
    "compute:shelve": "",
    "compute:shelve": "",
    "compute:unshelve": "",
```

```
"admin_api": "is_admin:True",
   "compute_extension:accounts": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:admin_actions": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:admin_actions:pause": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute_extension:admin_actions:unpause": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute_extension:admin_actions:suspend": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute_extension:admin_actions:resume": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute_extension:admin_actions:lock": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute_extension:admin_actions:unlock": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute_extension:admin_actions:resetNetwork": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:admin_actions:injectNetworkInfo": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:admin_actions:createBackup": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute_extension:admin_actions:migrateLive": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:admin_actions:resetState": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:admin_actions:migrate": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-admin-actions": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-admin-actions:pause": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-admin-actions:unpause": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-admin-actions:suspend": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-admin-actions:resume": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-admin-actions:lock": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-admin-actions:unlock": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-admin-actions:reset_network": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-admin-actions:inject_network_info":
"rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-admin-actions:create_backup":
"rule:admin_or_owner",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-admin-actions:migrate_live": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-admin-actions:reset_state": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-admin-actions:migrate": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-admin-password": "",
   "compute_extension:aggregates": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-aggregates": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:agents": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-agents": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:attach_interfaces": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-attach-interfaces": "",
   "compute_extension:baremetal_nodes": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-baremetal-nodes": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:cells": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-cells": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:certificates": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-certificates": "",
   "compute_extension:cloudpipe": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:cloudpipe_update": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:console_output": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:consoles:discoverable": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-console-output": "",
   "compute_extension:consoles": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-remote-consoles": "",
   "compute_extension:coverage_ext": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-coverage": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:createserverext": "",
   "compute_extension:deferred_delete": "",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-deferred-delete": "",
   "compute_extension:disk_config": "",
   "compute_extension:evacuate": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-evacuate": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:extended_server_attributes": "rule:admin_api",
   "compute_extension:v3:os-extended-server-attributes": "rule:admin_api",
```

```
"compute_extension:extended_status": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-extended-status": "",
"compute_extension:extended_availability_zone": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-extended-availability-zone": "",
"compute_extension:extended_ips": "",
"compute_extension:extended_ips_mac": "",
"compute_extension:extended_vif_net": "",
"compute_extension:v3:extension_info:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:extended_volumes": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-extended-volumes": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-extended-volumes:attach": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-extended-volumes:detach": "",
"compute_extension:fixed_ips": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-fixed-ips:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-fixed-ips": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:flavor_access": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-flavor-access": "",
"compute_extension:flavor_disabled": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-flavor-disabled": "",
"compute_extension:flavor_rxtx": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-flavor-rxtx": "",
"compute_extension:flavor_swap": "",
"compute_extension:flavorextradata": "",
"compute_extension:flavorextraspecs:index": "",
"compute_extension:flavorextraspecs:show": "",
"compute_extension:flavorextraspecs:create": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:flavorextraspecs:update": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:flavorextraspecs:delete": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:flavor-extra-specs:index": "",
"compute_extension:v3:flavor-extra-specs:show": "",
"compute_extension:v3:flavor-extra-specs:create": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:flavor-extra-specs:update": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:flavor-extra-specs:delete": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:flavormanage": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:floating_ip_dns": "",
"compute_extension:floating_ip_pools": "",
"compute_extension:floating_ips": "",
"compute_extension:floating_ips_bulk": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:fping": "",
"compute_extension:fping:all_tenants": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:hide_server_addresses": "is_admin:False",
"compute_extension:v3:os-hide-server-addresses": "is_admin:False",
"compute_extension:hosts": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-hosts": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:hypervisors": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-hypervisors": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:image_size": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-image-metadata": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-images": "",
"compute_extension:instance_actions": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-instance-actions": "",
"compute_extension:instance_actions:events": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-instance-actions:events": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:instance_usage_audit_log": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-instance-usage-audit-log": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:ips:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:keypairs": "",
"compute_extension:keypairs:index": "",
"compute_extension:keypairs:show": "",
"compute_extension:keypairs:create": "",
```

```
"compute_extension:keypairs:delete": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-keypairs:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-keypairs": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-keypairs:index": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-keypairs:show": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-keypairs:create": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-keypairs:delete": "",
"compute_extension:multinic": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-multinic": "",
"compute_extension:networks": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:networks:view": "",
"compute_extension:networks_associate": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:quotas:show": "",
"compute_extension:quotas:update": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:quotas:delete": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-quota-sets:show": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-quota-sets:update": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-quota-sets:delete": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:quota_classes": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-quota-class-sets": "",
"compute_extension:rescue": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-rescue": "",
"compute_extension:security_group_default_rules": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:security_groups": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-security-groups": "",
"compute_extension:server_diagnostics": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-server-diagnostics": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:server_password": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-server-password": "",
"compute_extension:server_usage": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-server-usage": "",
"compute_extension:services": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-services": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:servers:discoverable": "",
"compute_extension:shelve": "",
"compute_extension:shelveOffload": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-shelve:shelve": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-shelve:shelve_offload": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:simple_tenant_usage:show": "rule:admin_or_owner",
"compute_extension:v3:os-simple-tenant-usage:show": "rule:admin_or_owner",
"compute_extension:simple_tenant_usage:list": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-simple-tenant-usage:list": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:unshelve": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-shelve:unshelve": "",
"compute_extension:users": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:virtual_interfaces": "",
"compute_extension:virtual_storage_arrays": "",
"compute_extension:volumes": "",
"compute_extension:volume_attachments:index": "",
"compute_extension:volume_attachments:show": "",
"compute_extension:volume_attachments:create": "",
"compute_extension:volume_attachments:update": "",
"compute_extension:volume_attachments:delete": "",
"compute_extension:volumetypes": "",
"compute_extension:availability_zone:list": "",
"compute_extension:v3:os-availability-zone:list": "",
"compute_extension:availability_zone:detail": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-availability-zone:detail": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:used_limits_for_admin": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-used-limits": "",
```

```
"compute_extension:v3:os-used-limits:tenant": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:migrations:index": "rule:admin_api",
"compute_extension:v3:os-migrations:index": "rule:admin_api",
"volume:create": "",
"volume:get_all": "",
"volume:get_volume_metadata": "",
"volume:get_snapshot": "",
"volume:get_all_snapshots": "",
"volume_extension:types_manage": "rule:admin_api",
"volume_extension:types_extra_specs": "rule:admin_api",
"volume_extension:volume_admin_actions:reset_status": "rule:admin_api",
"volume_extension:snapshot_admin_actions:reset_status": "rule:admin_api",
"volume_extension:volume_admin_actions:force_delete": "rule:admin_api",
"network:get_all": "",
"network:get": "",
"network:create": "",
"network:delete": ""
"network:associate": ""
"network:disassociate": "",
"network:get_vifs_by_instance": "",
"network:allocate_for_instance": "",
"network:deallocate_for_instance": "",
"network:validate_networks": "",
"network:get_instance_uuids_by_ip_filter": "",
"network:get_instance_id_by_floating_address": "",
"network:setup_networks_on_host": "",
"network:get_backdoor_port": "",
"network:get_floating_ip": "",
"network:get_floating_ip_pools": "",
"network:get_floating_ip_by_address": "",
"network:get_floating_ips_by_project": "",
"network:get_floating_ips_by_fixed_address": "",
"network:allocate_floating_ip": "",
"network:deallocate_floating_ip": "",
"network:associate_floating_ip": "",
"network:disassociate_floating_ip": "",
"network:release_floating_ip": "",
"network:migrate_instance_start": ""
"network:migrate_instance_finish": "",
"network:get_fixed_ip": "",
"network:get_fixed_ip_by_address": "",
"network:add_fixed_ip_to_instance": "",
"network:remove_fixed_ip_from_instance": "",
"network:add_network_to_project": "",
"network:get_instance_nw_info": "",
"network:get_dns_domains": "",
"network:add_dns_entry": "",
"network:modify_dns_entry": "",
"network:delete_dns_entry": "",
"network:get_dns_entries_by_address": "",
"network:get_dns_entries_by_name": "",
"network:create_private_dns_domain": "",
"network:create_public_dns_domain": "",
"network:delete_dns_domain": ""
```

# **Dashboard log files**

The dashboard is served to users through the Apache web server (httpd).

As a result, dashboard-related logs appear in files in the  $\sqrt{\sqrt{\log/\hbar t_{pd}}}$  or  $\sqrt{\sqrt{\log/\hbar t_{pd}}}$  apache2 directory on the system where the dashboard is hosted. The following table describes these files:

**Table 3.1. Dashboard/httpd log files** 

Log file	Description
access_log	Logs all attempts to access the web server.
error_log	Logs all unsuccessful attempts to access the web server, along with the reason that each attempt failed.

# ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

# 4. Database Service

# **Table of Contents**

Configure the database	329
Configure the RPC messaging system	334

The Database Service provides a scalable and reliable Cloud Database-as-a-Service functionality for both relational and non-relational database engines.

The following tables provide a comprehensive list of the Database Service configuration options.

### **Table 4.1. Description of API configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
admin_roles = admin	(ListOpt) Roles to add to an admin user.
api_paste_config = api-paste.ini	(StrOpt) File name for the paste.deploy config for troveapi.
bind_host = 0.0.0.0	(StrOpt) IP address the API server will listen on.
bind_port = 8779	(IntOpt) Port the API server will listen on.
black_list_regex = None	(StrOpt) Exclude IP addresses that match this regular expression.
db_api_implementation = trove.db.sqlalchemy.api	(StrOpt) API Implementation for Trove database access.
hostname_require_valid_ip = True	(BoolOpt) Require user hostnames to be valid IP addresses.
http_delete_rate = 200	(IntOpt) Maximum number of HTTP 'DELETE' requests (per minute).
http_get_rate = 200	(IntOpt) Maximum number of HTTP 'GET' requests (per minute).
http_mgmt_post_rate = 200	(IntOpt) Maximum number of management HTTP 'POST' requests (per minute).
http_post_rate = 200	(IntOpt) Maximum number of HTTP 'POST' requests (per minute).
http_put_rate = 200	(IntOpt) Maximum number of HTTP 'PUT' requests (per minute).
instances_page_size = 20	(IntOpt) Page size for listing instances.
max_header_line = 16384	(IntOpt) Maximum line size of message headers to be accepted. max_header_line may need to be increased when using large tokens (typically those generated by the Keystone v3 API with big service catalogs).
os_region_name = None	(StrOpt) Region name of this node. Used when searching catalog.
region = LOCAL_DEV	(StrOpt) The region this service is located.
tcp_keepidle = 600	(IntOpt) Sets the value of TCP_KEEPIDLE in seconds for each server socket. Not supported on OS X.
trove_api_workers = None	(IntOpt) Number of workers for the API service. The default will be the number of CPUs available.

Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description
trove_auth_url = http://0.0.0.0:5000/v2.0	(StrOpt) Trove authentication URL.
trove_conductor_workers = None	(IntOpt) Number of workers for the Conductor service. The default will be the number of CPUs available.
trove_security_group_name_prefix = SecGroup	(StrOpt) Prefix to use when creating Security Groups.
trove_security_group_rule_cidr = 0.0.0.0/0	(StrOpt) CIDR to use when creating Security Group Rules.
trove_security_groups_support = True	(BoolOpt) Whether Trove should add Security Groups on create.
users_page_size = 20	(IntOpt) Page size for listing users.

### Table 4.2. Description of authorization token configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[keystone_authtoken]	
admin_password = None	(StrOpt) Keystone account password
admin_tenant_name = admin	(StrOpt) Keystone service account tenant name to validate user tokens
admin_token = None	(StrOpt) This option is deprecated and may be removed in a future release. Single shared secret with the Keystone configuration used for bootstrapping a Keystone installation, or otherwise bypassing the normal authentication process. This option should not be used, use `admin_user` and `admin_password` instead.
admin_user = None	(StrOpt) Keystone account username
auth_admin_prefix =	(StrOpt) Prefix to prepend at the beginning of the path. Deprecated, use identity_uri.
auth_host = 127.0.0.1	(StrOpt) Host providing the admin Identity API endpoint.  Deprecated, use identity_uri.
auth_port = 35357	(IntOpt) Port of the admin Identity API endpoint. Deprecated, use identity_uri.
auth_protocol = https	(StrOpt) Protocol of the admin Identity API endpoint (http or https). Deprecated, use identity_uri.
auth_uri = None	(StrOpt) Complete public Identity API endpoint
auth_version = None	(StrOpt) API version of the admin Identity API endpoint
cache = None	(StrOpt) Env key for the swift cache
cafile = None	(StrOpt) A PEM encoded Certificate Authority to use when verifying HTTPs connections. Defaults to system CAs.
certfile = None	(StrOpt) Required if Keystone server requires client certificate
check_revocations_for_cached = False	(BoolOpt) If true, the revocation list will be checked for cached tokens. This requires that PKI tokens are configured on the Keystone server.
delay_auth_decision = False	(BoolOpt) Do not handle authorization requests within the middleware, but delegate the authorization decision to downstream WSGI components
enforce_token_bind = permissive	(StrOpt) Used to control the use and type of token binding. Can be set to: "disabled" to not check token binding. "permissive" (default) to validate binding information if the bind type is of a form known to the server and ignore it if not. "strict" like "permissive" but if the bind type is unknown the token will be rejected. "required" any form of token binding is needed to be allowed. Finally the name of a binding method that must be present in tokens.
hash_algorithms = md5	(ListOpt) Hash algorithms to use for hashing PKI tokens. This may be a single algorithm or multiple. The algorithms

Configuration option = Default value	Description
	are those supported by Python standard hashlib.new(). The hashes will be tried in the order given, so put the preferred one first for performance. The result of the first hash will be stored in the cache. This will typically be set to multiple values only while migrating from a less secure algorithm to a more secure one. Once all the old tokens are expired this option should be set to a single value for better performance.
http_connect_timeout = None	(BoolOpt) Request timeout value for communicating with Identity API server.
http_request_max_retries = 3	(IntOpt) How many times are we trying to reconnect when communicating with Identity API Server.
identity_uri = None	(StrOpt) Complete admin Identity API endpoint. This should specify the unversioned root endpoint e.g. https://localhost:35357/
include_service_catalog = True	(BoolOpt) (optional) indicate whether to set the X-Service-Catalog header. If False, middleware will not ask for service catalog on token validation and will not set the X-Service-Catalog header.
insecure = False	(BoolOpt) Verify HTTPS connections.
keyfile = None	(StrOpt) Required if Keystone server requires client certificate
memcache_secret_key = None	(StrOpt) (optional, mandatory if memcache_security_strategy is defined) this string is used for key derivation.
memcache_security_strategy = None	(StrOpt) (optional) if defined, indicate whether token data should be authenticated or authenticated and encrypted. Acceptable values are MAC or ENCRYPT. If MAC, token data is authenticated (with HMAC) in the cache. If ENCRYPT, token data is encrypted and authenticated in the cache. If the value is not one of these options or empty, auth_token will raise an exception on initialization.
revocation_cache_time = 10	(IntOpt) Determines the frequency at which the list of revoked tokens is retrieved from the Identity service (in seconds). A high number of revocation events combined with a low cache duration may significantly reduce performance.
signing_dir = None	(StrOpt) Directory used to cache files related to PKI tokens
token_cache_time = 300	(IntOpt) In order to prevent excessive effort spent validating tokens, the middleware caches previously-seen tokens for a configurable duration (in seconds). Set to -1 to disable caching completely.

### **Table 4.3. Description of backup configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
backup_aes_cbc_key = default_aes_cbc_key	(StrOpt) Default OpenSSL aes_cbc key.
backup_chunk_size = 65536	(IntOpt) Chunk size (in bytes) to stream to the Swift container. This should be in multiples of 128 bytes, since this is the size of an md5 digest block allowing the process to update the file checksum during streaming. See: http://stackoverflow.com/questions/1131220/
backup_runner = trove.guestagent.backup_backup_types.InnoBackupEx	(StrOpt) Runner to use for backups.
backup_runner_options = {}	(DictOpt) Additional options to be passed to the backup runner.

Configuration option = Default value	Description
backup_segment_max_size = 2147483648	(IntOpt) Maximum size (in bytes) of each segment of the backup file.
backup_swift_container = database_backups	(StrOpt) Swift container to put backups in.
backup_use_gzip_compression = True	(BoolOpt) Compress backups using gzip.
backup_use_openssl_encryption = True	(BoolOpt) Encrypt backups using OpenSSL.
backup_use_snet = False	(BoolOpt) Send backup files over snet.
backups_page_size = 20	(IntOpt) Page size for listing backups.

### Table 4.4. Description of CA and SSL configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[ssl]	
ca_file = None	(StrOpt) CA certificate file to use to verify connecting clients
cert_file = None	(StrOpt) Certificate file to use when starting the server securely
key_file = None	(StrOpt) Private key file to use when starting the server securely

### **Table 4.5. Description of clients configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
remote_cinder_client = trove.common.remote.cinder_client	(StrOpt) Client to send Cinder calls to.
remote_dns_client = trove.common.remote.dns_client	(StrOpt) Client to send DNS calls to.
remote_guest_client = trove.common.remote.guest_client	(StrOpt) Client to send Guest Agent calls to.
remote_heat_client = trove.common.remote.heat_client	(StrOpt) Client to send Heat calls to.
remote_neutron_client = trove.common.remote.neutron_client	(StrOpt) Client to send Neutron calls to.
remote_nova_client = trove.common.remote.nova_client	(StrOpt) Client to send Nova calls to.
remote_swift_client = trove.common.remote.swift_client	(StrOpt) Client to send Swift calls to.

### **Table 4.6. Description of cluster configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
cluster_delete_time_out = 180	(IntOpt) Maximum time (in seconds) to wait for a cluster delete.
cluster_usage_timeout = 675	(IntOpt) Maximum time (in seconds) to wait for a cluster to become active.
clusters_page_size = 20	(IntOpt) Page size for listing clusters.

### **Table 4.7. Description of common configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
configurations_page_size = 20	(IntOpt) Page size for listing configurations.
databases_page_size = 20	(IntOpt) Page size for listing databases.

Configuration option = Default value	Description
default_datastore = None	(StrOpt) The default datastore id or name to use if one is not provided by the user. If the default value is None, the field becomes required in the instance create request.
default_neutron_networks =	(ListOpt) List of IDs for management networks which should be attached to the instance regardless of what NICs are specified in the create API call.
default_notification_level = INFO	(StrOpt) Default notification level for outgoing notifications
default_password_length = 36	(IntOpt) Character length of generated passwords.
expected_filetype_suffixes = json	(ListOpt) Filetype endings not to be reattached to an ID by the utils method correct_id_with_req.
host = 0.0.0.0	(StrOpt) Host to listen for RPC messages.
lock_path = None	(StrOpt) Directory to use for lock files.
memcached_servers = None	(ListOpt) Memcached servers or None for in process cache.
pybasedir = /usr/lib/python/site-packages/trove/trove	(StrOpt) Directory where the Trove python module is installed.
pydev_path = None	(StrOpt) Set path to pydevd library, used if pydevd is not found in python sys.path.
taskmanager_queue = taskmanager	(StrOpt) Message queue name the Taskmanager will listen to.
template_path = /etc/trove/templates/	(StrOpt) Path which leads to datastore templates.
usage_timeout = 600	(IntOpt) Maximum time (in seconds) to wait for a Guest to become active.
[keystone_authtoken]	
memcached_servers = None	(ListOpt) Optionally specify a list of memcached server(s) to use for caching. If left undefined, tokens will instead be cached in-process.

### **Table 4.8. Description of Compute configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
ip_regex = None	(StrOpt) List IP addresses that match this regular expression.
nova_compute_service_type = compute	(StrOpt) Service type to use when searching catalog.
nova_compute_url = None	(StrOpt) URL without the tenant segment.
root_grant = ALL	(ListOpt) Permissions to grant to the 'root' user.
root_grant_option = True	(BoolOpt) Assign the 'root' user GRANT permissions.

### **Table 4.9. Description of logging configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
backdoor_port = None	(StrOpt) Enable eventlet backdoor. Acceptable values are 0, <pre> 0, <port>, and <start>:<end>, where 0 results in listening on a random tcp port number; <port> results in listening on the specified port number (and not enabling backdoor if that port is in use); and <start>:<end> results in listening on the smallest unused port number within the specified range of port numbers. The chosen port is displayed in the service's log file. </end></start></port></end></start></port></pre>
backlog = 4096	(IntOpt) Number of backlog requests to configure the socket with

Configuration option = Default value	Description
disable_process_locking = False	(BoolOpt) Whether to disable inter-process locks
pydev_debug = disabled	(StrOpt) Enable or disable pydev remote debugging. If value is 'auto' tries to connect to remote debugger server, but in case of error continues running with debugging disabled.
pydev_debug_host = None	(StrOpt) Pydev debug server host (localhost by default).
pydev_debug_port = None	(IntOpt) Pydev debug server port (5678 by default).

### **Table 4.10. Description of DNS configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
dns_account_id =	(StrOpt) Tenant ID for DNSaaS.
dns_auth_url =	(StrOpt) Authentication URL for DNSaaS.
dns_domain_id =	(StrOpt) Domain ID used for adding DNS entries.
dns_domain_name =	(StrOpt) Domain name used for adding DNS entries.
dns_driver = trove.dns.driver.DnsDriver	(StrOpt) Driver for DNSaaS.
dns_endpoint_url = 0.0.0.0	(StrOpt) Endpoint URL for DNSaaS.
dns_hostname =	(StrOpt) Hostname used for adding DNS entries.
dns_instance_entry_factory = trove.dns.driver.DnsInstanceEntryFactory	(StrOpt) Factory for adding DNS entries.
dns_management_base_url =	(StrOpt) Management URL for DNSaaS.
dns_passkey =	(StrOpt) Passkey for DNSaaS.
dns_region =	(StrOpt) Region name for DNSaaS.
dns_service_type =	(StrOpt) Service Type for DNSaaS.
dns_time_out = 120	(IntOpt) Maximum time (in seconds) to wait for a DNS entry add.
dns_ttl = 300	(IntOpt) Time (in seconds) before a refresh of DNS information occurs.
dns_username =	(StrOpt) Username for DNSaaS.
trove_dns_support = False	(BoolOpt) Whether Trove should add DNS entries on create (using Designate DNSaaS).

### Table 4.11. Description of guest agent configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
agent_call_high_timeout = 60	(IntOpt) Maximum time (in seconds) to wait for Guest Agent 'slow' requests (such as restarting the database).
agent_call_low_timeout = 5	(IntOpt) Maximum time (in seconds) to wait for Guest Agent 'quick'requests (such as retrieving a list of users or databases).
agent_heartbeat_time = 10	(IntOpt) Maximum time (in seconds) for the Guest Agent to reply to a heartbeat request.
agent_replication_snapshot_timeout = 36000	(IntOpt) Maximum time (in seconds) to wait for taking a Guest Agent replication snapshot.
guest_config = \$pybasedir/etc/trove/trove- guestagent.conf.sample	(StrOpt) Path to the Guest Agent config file.
guest_id = None	(StrOpt) ID of the Guest Instance.
ignore_dbs = lost+found, mysql, information_schema	(ListOpt) Databases to exclude when listing databases.
ignore_users = os_admin, root	(ListOpt) Users to exclude when listing users.

uno - Juno 
Configuration option = Default value	Description
mount_options = defaults, noatime	(StrOpt) Options to use when mounting a volume.
storage_namespace = trove.guestagent.strategies.storage.swift	(StrOpt) Namespace to load the default storage strategy from.
storage_strategy = SwiftStorage	(StrOpt) Default strategy to store backups.
usage_sleep_time = 5	(IntOpt) Time to sleep during the check for an active Guest.

### Table 4.12. Description of Orchestration module configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
heat_service_type = orchestration	(StrOpt) Service type to use when searching catalog.
heat_time_out = 60	(IntOpt) Maximum time (in seconds) to wait for a Heat request to complete.
heat_url = None	(StrOpt) URL without the tenant segment.

### **Table 4.13. Description of logging configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
debug = False	(BoolOpt) Print debugging output (set logging level to DE-BUG instead of default WARNING level).
default_log_levels = amqp=WARN, amqplib=WARN, boto=WARN, qpid=WARN, sqlalchemy=WARN, suds=INFO, oslo.messaging=INFO, iso8601=WARN, requests.packages.urllib3.connectionpool=WARN, urllib3.connectionpool=WARN, websocket=WARN	(ListOpt) List of logger=LEVEL pairs.
fatal_deprecations = False	(BoolOpt) Enables or disables fatal status of deprecations.
format_options = -m 5	(StrOpt) Options to use when formatting a volume.
instance_format = "[instance: %(uuid)s] "	(StrOpt) The format for an instance that is passed with the log message.
instance_uuid_format = "[instance: %(uuid)s] "	(StrOpt) The format for an instance UUID that is passed with the log message.
log_config_append = None	(StrOpt) The name of a logging configuration file. This file is appended to any existing logging configuration files. For details about logging configuration files, see the Python logging module documentation.
log_date_format = %Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S	(StrOpt) Format string for %%(asctime)s in log records. Default: %(default)s .
log_dir = None	(StrOpt) (Optional) The base directory used for relative – log-file paths.
log_file = None	(StrOpt) (Optional) Name of log file to output to. If no default is set, logging will go to stdout.
log_format = None	(StrOpt) DEPRECATED. A logging.Formatter log message format string which may use any of the available logging.LogRecord attributes. This option is deprecated. Please use logging_context_format_string and logging_default_format_string instead.
logging_context_format_string = %(asctime)s. %(msecs)03d %(process)d %(levelname)s %(name)s [%(request_id)s %(user_identity)s] %(instance)s %(message)s	(StrOpt) Format string to use for log messages with context.
logging_debug_format_suffix = %(funcName)s %(pathname)s:%(lineno)d	(StrOpt) Data to append to log format when level is DEBUG.

Configuration option = Default value	Description
logging_default_format_string = %(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d %(process)d %(levelname)s %(name)s [-] %(instance)s %(message)s	(StrOpt) Format string to use for log messages without context.
logging_exception_prefix = %(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d %(process)d TRACE %(name)s %(instance)s	(StrOpt) Prefix each line of exception output with this format.
network_label_regex = ^private\$	(StrOpt) Regular expression to match Trove network labels.
publish_errors = False	(BoolOpt) Enables or disables publication of error events.
syslog_log_facility = LOG_USER	(StrOpt) Syslog facility to receive log lines.
use_stderr = True	(BoolOpt) Log output to standard error.
use_syslog = False	(BoolOpt) Use syslog for logging. Existing syslog format is DEPRECATED during I, and will change in J to honor RFC5424.
use_syslog_rfc_format = False	(BoolOpt) (Optional) Enables or disables syslog rfc5424 format for logging. If enabled, prefixes the MSG part of the syslog message with APP-NAME (RFC5424). The format without the APP-NAME is deprecated in I, and will be removed in J.
verbose = False	(BoolOpt) Print more verbose output (set logging level to INFO instead of default WARNING level).

### Table 4.14. Description of network configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
network_driver = trove.network.nova.NovaNetwork	(StrOpt) Describes the actual network manager used for the management of network attributes (security groups, floating IPs, etc.).
neutron_service_type = network	(StrOpt) Service type to use when searching catalog.
neutron_url = None	(StrOpt) URL without the tenant segment.

### Table 4.15. Description of nova configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
nova_proxy_admin_pass =	(StrOpt) Admin password used to connect to Nova.
nova_proxy_admin_tenant_name =	(StrOpt) Admin tenant used to connect to Nova.
nova_proxy_admin_user =	(StrOpt) Admin username used to connect to Nova.

### Table 4.16. Description of quota configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
max_accepted_volume_size = 5	(IntOpt) Default maximum volume size (in GB) for an instance.
max_backups_per_user = 50	(IntOpt) Default maximum number of backups created by a tenant.
max_instances_per_user = 5	(IntOpt) Default maximum number of instances per tenant.
max_volumes_per_user = 20	(IntOpt) Default maximum volume capacity (in GB) spanning across all Trove volumes per tenant.
quota_driver = trove.quota.quota.DbQuotaDriver	(StrOpt) Default driver to use for quota checks.

uno - Juno 
Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[matchmaker_redis]		
host = 127.0.0.1	(StrOpt) Host to locate redis	
password = None	(StrOpt) Password for Redis server. (optional)	
port = 6379	(IntOpt) Use this port to connect to redis host.	
[matchmaker_ring]		
ringfile = /etc/oslo/matchmaker_ring.json	(StrOpt) Matchmaker ring file (JSON)	

### **Table 4.18. Description of testing configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
fake_rabbit = False	(BoolOpt) If passed, use a fake RabbitMQ provider

### Table 4.19. Description of swift configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
swift_service_type = object-store	(StrOpt) Service type to use when searching catalog.
swift_url = None	(StrOpt) URL ending in AUTH

### Table 4.20. Description of taskmanager configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
cloudinit_location = /etc/trove/cloudinit	(StrOpt) Path to folder with cloudinit scripts.	
datastore_manager = None	(StrOpt) Manager class in the Guest Agent, set up by the Taskmanager on instance provision.	
datastore_registry_ext = {}	(DictOpt) Extension for default datastore managers. Allows the use of custom managers for each of the datastores supported by Trove.	
exists_notification_ticks = 360	(IntOpt) Number of report_intervals to wait between pushing events (see report_interval).	
exists_notification_transformer = None	(StrOpt) Transformer for exists notifications.	
reboot_time_out = 120	(IntOpt) Maximum time (in seconds) to wait for a server reboot.	
resize_time_out = 600	(IntOpt) Maximum time (in seconds) to wait for a server resize.	
restore_usage_timeout = 36000	(IntOpt) Maximum time (in seconds) to wait for a Guest instance restored from a backup to become active.	
revert_time_out = 600	(IntOpt) Maximum time (in seconds) to wait for a server resize revert.	
server_delete_time_out = 60	(IntOpt) Maximum time (in seconds) to wait for a server delete.	
state_change_wait_time = 180	(IntOpt) Maximum time (in seconds) to wait for a state change.	
update_status_on_fail = True	(BoolOpt) Set the service and instance task statuses to ER-ROR when an instance fails to become active within the configured usage_timeout.	
usage_sleep_time = 5	(IntOpt) Time to sleep during the check for an active Guest.	

Configuration option = Default value	Description
use_heat = False	(BoolOpt) Use Heat for provisioning.
use_nova_server_config_drive = False	(BoolOpt) Use config drive for file injection when booting instance.
use_nova_server_volume = False	(BoolOpt) Whether to provision a Cinder volume for the Nova instance.
verify_swift_checksum_on_restore = True	(BoolOpt) Enable verification of Swift checksum before starting restore. Makes sure the checksum of original back-up matches the checksum of the Swift backup file.

### Table 4.21. Description of volume configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
block_device_mapping = vdb	(StrOpt) Block device to map onto the created instance.	
cinder_service_type = volumev2	(StrOpt) Service type to use when searching catalog.	
cinder_url = None	(StrOpt) URL without the tenant segment.	
cinder_volume_type = None	(StrOpt) Volume type to use when provisioning a Cinder volume.	
device_path = /dev/vdb	(StrOpt) Device path for volume if volume support is enabled.	
trove_volume_support = True	(BoolOpt) Whether to provision a Cinder volume for datadir.	
volume_format_timeout = 120	(IntOpt) Maximum time (in seconds) to wait for a volume format.	
volume_fstype = ext3	(StrOpt) File system type used to format a volume.	
volume_time_out = 60	(IntOpt) Maximum time (in seconds) to wait for a volume attach.	

# **Configure the database**

Use the options to configure the used databases:

### Table 4.22. Description of database configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
sql_connection = sqlite:///trove_test.sqlite	(StrOpt) SQL Connection.	
sql_idle_timeout = 3600	(IntOpt) Idle time (in seconds) after which the connection to the database is reestablished. Some databases will drop connections after a specific amount of idle time. Setting sql_idle_timeout to a lower value than this will ensure that a reconnect occurs before the database can drop the connection.	
sql_query_log = False	(BoolOpt) Write all SQL queries to a log.	
sql_query_logging = False	(BoolOpt) Allow insecure logging while executing queries through SQLAlchemy.	

### Table 4.23. Description of Cassandra database configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[cassandra]	

Configuration option = Default value	Description
backup_incremental_strategy = {}	(DictOpt) Incremental Backup Runner based on the default strategy. For strategies that do not implement an incremental, the runner will use the default full backup.
backup_namespace = None	(StrOpt) Namespace to load backup strategies from.
backup_strategy = None	(StrOpt) Default strategy to perform backups.
device_path = /dev/vdb	(StrOpt) Device path for volume if volume support is enabled.
mount_point = /var/lib/cassandra	(StrOpt) Filesystem path for mounting volumes if volume support is enabled.
replication_strategy = None	(StrOpt) Default strategy for replication.
restore_namespace = None	(StrOpt) Namespace to load restore strategies from.
tcp_ports = 7000, 7001, 9042, 9160	(ListOpt) List of TCP ports and/or port ranges to open in the security group (only applicable if trove_security_groups_support is True).
udp_ports =	(ListOpt) List of UDP ports and/or port ranges to open in the security group (only applicable if trove_security_groups_support is True).
volume_support = True	(BoolOpt) Whether to provision a Cinder volume for datadir.

### Table 4.24. Description of Couchbase database configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[couchbase]	
backup_incremental_strategy = {}	(DictOpt) Incremental Backup Runner based on the default strategy. For strategies that do not implement an incremental, the runner will use the default full backup.
backup_namespace = trove.guestagent.strategies.backup.couchbase_impl	(StrOpt) Namespace to load backup strategies from.
backup_strategy = CbBackup	(StrOpt) Default strategy to perform backups.
device_path = /dev/vdb	(StrOpt) Device path for volume if volume support is enabled.
mount_point = /var/lib/couchbase	(StrOpt) Filesystem path for mounting volumes if volume support is enabled.
replication_strategy = None	(StrOpt) Default strategy for replication.
restore_namespace = trove.guestagent.strategies.restore.couchbase_impl	(StrOpt) Namespace to load restore strategies from.
root_on_create = True	(BoolOpt) Enable the automatic creation of the root user for the service during instance-create. The generated pass- word for the root user is immediately returned in the re- sponse of instance-create as the 'password' field.
tcp_ports = 8091, 8092, 4369, 11209-11211, 21100-21199	(ListOpt) List of TCP ports and/or port ranges to open in the security group (only applicable if trove_security_groups_support is True).
udp_ports =	(ListOpt) List of UDP ports and/or port ranges to open in the security group (only applicable if trove_security_groups_support is True).
volume_support = True	(BoolOpt) Whether to provision a Cinder volume for datadir.

### Table 4.25. Description of MongoDB database configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[mongodb]	

ounc - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[mysql]	
backup_incremental_strategy = {'InnoBackupEx': 'In- noBackupExIncremental'}	(DictOpt) Incremental Backup Runner based on the default strategy. For strategies that do not implement an incremental backup, the runner will use the default full backup.
backup_namespace = trove.guestagent.strategies.backup.mysql_impl	(StrOpt) Namespace to load backup strategies from.
backup_strategy = InnoBackupEx	(StrOpt) Default strategy to perform backups.
device_path = /dev/vdb	(StrOpt) Device path for volume if volume support is enabled.
mount_point = /var/lib/mysql	(StrOpt) Filesystem path for mounting volumes if volume support is enabled.
replication_namespace = trove.guestagent.strategies.replication.mysql_binlog	(StrOpt) Namespace to load replication strategies from.
replication_strategy = MysqlBinlogReplication	(StrOpt) Default strategy for replication.
restore_namespace = trove.guestagent.strategies.restore.mysql_impl	(StrOpt) Namespace to load restore strategies from.
root_on_create = False	(BoolOpt) Enable the automatic creation of the root user for the service during instance-create. The generated pass-

Configuration option = Default value	Description
	word for the root user is immediately returned in the response of instance-create as the 'password' field.
tcp_ports = 3306	(ListOpt) List of TCP ports and/or port ranges to open in the security group (only applicable if trove_security_groups_support is True).
udp_ports =	(ListOpt) List of UDP ports and/or port ranges to open in the security group (only applicable if trove_security_groups_support is True).
usage_timeout = 400	(IntOpt) Maximum time (in seconds) to wait for a Guest to become active.
volume_support = True	(BoolOpt) Whether to provision a Cinder volume for datadir.

### **Table 4.27. Description of Percona database configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[percona]	1
backup_incremental_strategy = {'InnoBackupEx': 'InnoBackupExIncremental'}	(DictOpt) Incremental Backup Runner based on the default strategy. For strategies that do not implement an incremental backup, the runner will use the default full backup.
backup_namespace = trove.guestagent.strategies.backup.mysql_impl	(StrOpt) Namespace to load backup strategies from.
backup_strategy = InnoBackupEx	(StrOpt) Default strategy to perform backups.
device_path = /dev/vdb	(StrOpt) Device path for volume if volume support is enabled.
mount_point = /var/lib/mysql	(StrOpt) Filesystem path for mounting volumes if volume support is enabled.
replication_namespace = trove.guestagent.strategies.replication.mysql_binlog	(StrOpt) Namespace to load replication strategies from.
replication_password = NETOU7897NNLOU	(StrOpt) Password for replication slave user.
replication_strategy = MysqlBinlogReplication	(StrOpt) Default strategy for replication.
replication_user = slave_user	(StrOpt) Userid for replication slave.
restore_namespace = trove.guestagent.strategies.restore.mysql_impl	(StrOpt) Namespace to load restore strategies from.
root_on_create = False	(BoolOpt) Enable the automatic creation of the root user for the service during instance-create. The generated pass- word for the root user is immediately returned in the re- sponse of instance-create as the 'password' field.
tcp_ports = 3306	(ListOpt) List of TCP ports and/or port ranges to open in the security group (only applicable if trove_security_groups_support is True).
udp_ports =	(ListOpt) List of UDP ports and/or port ranges to open in the security group (only applicable if trove_security_groups_support is True).
usage_timeout = 450	(IntOpt) Maximum time (in seconds) to wait for a Guest to become active.
volume_support = True	(BoolOpt) Whether to provision a Cinder volume for datadir.

### Table 4.28. Description of PostgreSQL database configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[postgresql]	

ounc - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

### Table 4.29. Description of Redis database configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[redis]	
backup_incremental_strategy = {}	(DictOpt) Incremental Backup Runner based on the default strategy. For strategies that do not implement an incremental, the runner will use the default full backup.
backup_namespace = None	(StrOpt) Namespace to load backup strategies from.
backup_strategy = None	(StrOpt) Default strategy to perform backups.
device_path = None	(StrOpt) Device path for volume if volume support is enabled.
mount_point = /var/lib/redis	(StrOpt) Filesystem path for mounting volumes if volume support is enabled.
replication_strategy = None	(StrOpt) Default strategy for replication.
restore_namespace = None	(StrOpt) Namespace to load restore strategies from.
tcp_ports = 6379	(ListOpt) List of TCP ports and/or port ranges to open in the security group (only applicable if trove_security_groups_support is True).
udp_ports =	(ListOpt) List of UDP ports and/or port ranges to open in the security group (only applicable if trove_security_groups_support is True).
volume_support = False	(BoolOpt) Whether to provision a Cinder volume for datadir.

# **Configure the RPC messaging system**

OpenStack projects use an open standard for messaging middleware known as AMQP. This messaging middleware enables the OpenStack services that run on multiple servers to talk to each other. OpenStack Trove RPC supports three implementations of AMQP: RabbitMQ, Qpid, and ZeroMQ.

# **Configure RabbitMQ**

Use these options to configure the RabbitMQ messaging system:

Table 4.30. Description of RabbitMQ configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
kombu_ssl_ca_certs =	(StrOpt) SSL certification authority file (valid only if SSL enabled)
kombu_ssl_certfile =	(StrOpt) SSL cert file (valid only if SSL enabled)
kombu_ssl_keyfile =	(StrOpt) SSL key file (valid only if SSL enabled)
kombu_ssl_version =	(StrOpt) SSL version to use (valid only if SSL enabled). valid values are TLSv1, SSLv23 and SSLv3. SSLv2 may be available on some distributions
rabbit_ha_queues = False	(BoolOpt) use H/A queues in RabbitMQ (x-ha-policy: all). You need to wipe RabbitMQ database when changing this option.
rabbit_host = localhost	(StrOpt) The RabbitMQ broker address where a single node is used
rabbit_hosts = \$rabbit_host:\$rabbit_port	(ListOpt) RabbitMQ HA cluster host:port pairs
rabbit_max_retries = 0	(IntOpt) maximum retries with trying to connect to Rabbit- MQ (the default of 0 implies an infinite retry count)
rabbit_password = guest	(StrOpt) the RabbitMQ password
rabbit_port = 5672	(IntOpt) The RabbitMQ broker port where a single node is used
rabbit_retry_backoff = 2	(IntOpt) how long to backoff for between retries when connecting to RabbitMQ
rabbit_retry_interval = 1	(IntOpt) how frequently to retry connecting with Rabbit-MQ
rabbit_use_ssl = False	(BoolOpt) connect over SSL for RabbitMQ
rabbit_userid = guest	(StrOpt) the RabbitMQ userid
rabbit_virtual_host = /	(StrOpt) the RabbitMQ virtual host

### **Configure Qpid**

Use these options to configure the Qpid messaging system:

**Table 4.31. Description of Qpid configuration options** 

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
qpid_heartbeat = 60	(IntOpt) Seconds between connection keepalive heart- beats

Configuration option = Default value	Description
qpid_hostname = localhost	(StrOpt) Qpid broker hostname
qpid_hosts = \$qpid_hostname:\$qpid_port	(ListOpt) Qpid HA cluster host:port pairs
qpid_password =	(StrOpt) Password for qpid connection
qpid_port = 5672	(IntOpt) Qpid broker port
qpid_protocol = tcp	(StrOpt) Transport to use, either 'tcp' or 'ssl'
qpid_sasl_mechanisms =	(StrOpt) Space separated list of SASL mechanisms to use for auth
qpid_tcp_nodelay = True	(BoolOpt) Disable Nagle algorithm
qpid_username =	(StrOpt) Username for qpid connection

# **Configure ZeroMq**

Use these options to configure the ZeroMq messaging system:

**Table 4.32. Description of ZeroMQ configuration options** 

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
rpc_zmq_bind_address = *	(StrOpt) ZeroMQ bind address. Should be a wildcard (*), an ethernet interface, or IP. The "host" option should point or resolve to this address.
rpc_zmq_contexts = 1	(IntOpt) Number of ZeroMQ contexts, defaults to 1
rpc_zmq_host = localhost	(StrOpt) Name of this node. Must be a valid hostname, FQDN, or IP address. Must match "host" option, if running Nova.
rpc_zmq_ipc_dir = /var/run/openstack	(StrOpt) Directory for holding IPC sockets
rpc_zmq_matchmaker = trove.openstack.common.rpc.matchmaker.MatchMakerLoc	(StrOpt) MatchMaker driver alhost
rpc_zmq_port = 9501	(IntOpt) ZeroMQ receiver listening port
rpc_zmq_topic_backlog = None	(IntOpt) Maximum number of ingress messages to locally buffer per topic. Default is unlimited.

# **Configure messaging**

Use these common options to configure the RabbitMQ, Qpid, and ZeroMq messaging drivers:

Table 4.33. Description of AMQP configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
amqp_auto_delete = False	(BoolOpt) Auto-delete queues in amqp.
amqp_durable_queues = False	(BoolOpt) Use durable queues in amqp.
conductor_manager = trove.conductor.manager.Manager	(StrOpt) Qualified class name to use for conductor manager.
conductor_queue = trove-conductor	(StrOpt) Message queue name the Conductor will listen on.
control_exchange = openstack	(StrOpt) AMQP exchange to connect to if using RabbitMQ or Qpid
default_publisher_id = \$host	(StrOpt) Default publisher_id for outgoing notifications

Configuration option = Default value	Description
notification_driver = []	(MultiStrOpt) Driver or drivers to handle sending notifications
notification_service_id = {'postgresql': 'ac277e0d-4f21-40aa-b347-1ea31e571720', 'couch- base': 'fa62fe68-74d9-4779-a24e-36f19602c415', 'mon- godb': 'c8c907af-7375-456f-b929-b637ff9209ee', 're- dis': 'b216ffc5-1947-456c-a4cf-70f94c05f7d0', 'mysql': '2f3ff068-2bfb-4f70-9a9d-a6bb65bc084b', 'cassandra': '459a230d-4e97-4344-9067-2a54a310b0ed'}	(DictOpt) Unique ID to tag notification events.
notification_topics = notifications	(ListOpt) AMQP topic used for openstack notifications

### **Table 4.34. Description of RPC configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
allowed_rpc_exception_modules = nova.exception, cinder.exception, exceptions	(ListOpt) Modules of exceptions that are permitted to be recreatedupon receiving exception data from an rpc call.
matchmaker_heartbeat_freq = 300	(IntOpt) Heartbeat frequency
matchmaker_heartbeat_ttl = 600	(IntOpt) Heartbeat time-to-live.
num_tries = 3	(IntOpt) Number of times to check if a volume exists.
report_interval = 10	(IntOpt) The interval (in seconds) which periodic tasks are run.
rpc_backend = trove.openstack.common.rpc.impl_kombu	(StrOpt) The messaging module to use, defaults to kombu.
rpc_cast_timeout = 30	(IntOpt) Seconds to wait before a cast expires (TTL). Only supported by impl_zmq.
rpc_conn_pool_size = 30	(IntOpt) Size of RPC connection pool
rpc_response_timeout = 60	(IntOpt) Seconds to wait for a response from call or multi- call
rpc_thread_pool_size = 64	(IntOpt) Size of RPC thread pool
[rpc_notifier2]	
topics = notifications	(ListOpt) AMQP topic(s) used for openstack notifications
[secure_messages]	
enabled = True	(BoolOpt) Whether Secure Messaging (Signing) is enabled, defaults to enabled
encrypt = False	(BoolOpt) Whether Secure Messaging (Encryption) is enabled, defaults to not enabled
enforced = False	(BoolOpt) Whether Secure Messaging (Signing) is enforced, defaults to not enforced
kds_endpoint = None	(StrOpt) KDS endpoint (ex: http://kds.example.com:35357/v3)
secret_key = None	(MultiStrOpt) A list of keys: (ex: name: <base64 encoded="" key="">), ignored if secret_keys_file is set</base64>
secret_keys_file = None	(StrOpt) Path to the file containing the keys, takes precedence over secret_key

# 5. Data processing service

The Data processing service (sahara) provides a scalable data-processing stack and associated management interfaces.

The following tables provide a comprehensive list of the Data processing service configuration options.

**Table 5.1. Description of AMQP configuration options** 

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
amqp_auto_delete = False	(BoolOpt) Auto-delete queues in amqp.	
amqp_durable_queues = False	(BoolOpt) Use durable queues in amqp.	
control_exchange = openstack	(StrOpt) The default exchange under which topics are scoped. May be overridden by an exchange name specified in the transport_url option.	
notification_driver = []	(MultiStrOpt) Driver or drivers to handle sending notifications.	
notification_level = INFO	(StrOpt) Notification level for outgoing notifications	
notification_publisher_id = None	(StrOpt) Notification publisher_id for outgoing notifications	
notification_topics = notifications	(ListOpt) AMQP topic used for OpenStack notifications.	
transport_url = None	(StrOpt) A URL representing the messaging driver to use and its full configuration. If not set, we fall back to the rpc_backend option and driver specific configuration.	

Table 5.2. Description of authorization token configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[keystone_authtoken]	
admin_password = None	(StrOpt) Keystone account password
admin_tenant_name = admin	(StrOpt) Keystone service account tenant name to validate user tokens
admin_token = None	(StrOpt) This option is deprecated and may be removed in a future release. Single shared secret with the Keystone configuration used for bootstrapping a Keystone installation, or otherwise bypassing the normal authentication process. This option should not be used, use `admin_user` and `admin_password` instead.
admin_user = None	(StrOpt) Keystone account username
auth_admin_prefix =	(StrOpt) Prefix to prepend at the beginning of the path. Deprecated, use identity_uri.
auth_host = 127.0.0.1	(StrOpt) Host providing the admin Identity API endpoint. Deprecated, use identity_uri.
auth_port = 35357	(IntOpt) Port of the admin Identity API endpoint. Deprecated, use identity_uri.
auth_protocol = https	(StrOpt) Protocol of the admin Identity API endpoint (http or https). Deprecated, use identity_uri.
auth_uri = None	(StrOpt) Complete public Identity API endpoint
auth_version = None	(StrOpt) API version of the admin Identity API endpoint
cache = None	(StrOpt) Env key for the swift cache

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description
cafile = None	(StrOpt) A PEM encoded Certificate Authority to use when verifying HTTPs connections. Defaults to system CAs.
certfile = None	(StrOpt) Required if Keystone server requires client certificate
check_revocations_for_cached = False	(BoolOpt) If true, the revocation list will be checked for cached tokens. This requires that PKI tokens are configured on the Keystone server.
delay_auth_decision = False	(BoolOpt) Do not handle authorization requests within the middleware, but delegate the authorization decision to downstream WSGI components
enforce_token_bind = permissive	(StrOpt) Used to control the use and type of token binding. Can be set to: "disabled" to not check token binding. "permissive" (default) to validate binding information if the bind type is of a form known to the server and ignore it if not. "strict" like "permissive" but if the bind type is unknown the token will be rejected. "required" any form of token binding is needed to be allowed. Finally the name of a binding method that must be present in tokens.
hash_algorithms = md5	(ListOpt) Hash algorithms to use for hashing PKI tokens. This may be a single algorithm or multiple. The algorithms are those supported by Python standard hashlib.new(). The hashes will be tried in the order given, so put the preferred one first for performance. The result of the first hash will be stored in the cache. This will typically be set to multiple values only while migrating from a less secure algorithm to a more secure one. Once all the old tokens are expired this option should be set to a single value for better performance.
http_connect_timeout = None	(BoolOpt) Request timeout value for communicating with Identity API server.
http_request_max_retries = 3	(IntOpt) How many times are we trying to reconnect when communicating with Identity API Server.
identity_uri = None	(StrOpt) Complete admin Identity API endpoint. This should specify the unversioned root endpoint e.g. https://localhost:35357/
include_service_catalog = True	(BoolOpt) (optional) indicate whether to set the X-Service-Catalog header. If False, middleware will not ask for service catalog on token validation and will not set the X-Service-Catalog header.
insecure = False	(BoolOpt) Verify HTTPS connections.
keyfile = None	(StrOpt) Required if Keystone server requires client certificate
memcache_secret_key = None	(StrOpt) (optional, mandatory if memcache_security_strategy is defined) this string is used for key derivation.
memcache_security_strategy = None	(StrOpt) (optional) if defined, indicate whether token data should be authenticated or authenticated and encrypted. Acceptable values are MAC or ENCRYPT. If MAC, token data is authenticated (with HMAC) in the cache. If ENCRYPT, token data is encrypted and authenticated in the cache. If the value is not one of these options or empty, auth_token will raise an exception on initialization.
revocation_cache_time = 10	(IntOpt) Determines the frequency at which the list of revoked tokens is retrieved from the Identity service (in seconds). A high number of revocation events combined with a low cache duration may significantly reduce performance.
signing_dir = None	(StrOpt) Directory used to cache files related to PKI tokens

uno - Juno 
#### Table 5.3. Description of common configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
cluster_remote_threshold = 70	(IntOpt) The same as global_remote_threshold, but for a single cluster.
compute_topology_file = etc/sahara/compute.topology	(StrOpt) File with nova compute topology. It should contain mapping between nova computes and racks. File format: compute1 /rack1 compute2 /rack2 compute3 /rack2
detach_volume_timeout = 300	(IntOpt) Timeout for detaching volumes from instance (in seconds).
enable_data_locality = False	(BoolOpt) Enables data locality for hadoop cluster. Also enables data locality for Swift used by hadoop. If enabled, 'compute_topology' and 'swift_topology' configuration parameters should point to OpenStack and Swift topology correspondingly.
enable_hypervisor_awareness = True	(BoolOpt) Enables four-level topology for data locality. Works only if corresponding plugin supports such mode.
enable_notifications = False	(BoolOpt) Enables sending notifications to Ceilometer
global_remote_threshold = 100	(IntOpt) Maximum number of remote operations that will be running at the same time. Note that each remote oper- ation requires its own process to run.
host =	(StrOpt) Hostname or IP address that will be used to listen on.
infrastructure_engine = direct	(StrOpt) An engine which will be used to provision infrastructure for Hadoop cluster.
job_binary_max_KB = 5120	(IntOpt) Maximum length of job binary data in kilobytes that may be stored or retrieved in a single operation.
job_workflow_postfix =	(StrOpt) Postfix for storing jobs in hdfs. Will be added to '/ user/ <hdfs user="">/' path.</hdfs>
lock_path = None	(StrOpt) Directory to use for lock files.
memcached_servers = None	(ListOpt) Memcached servers or None for in process cache.
min_transient_cluster_active_time = 30	(IntOpt) Minimal "lifetime" in seconds for a transient cluster. Cluster is guaranteed to be "alive" within this time period.
node_domain = novalocal	(StrOpt) The suffix of the node's FQDN. In nova-network that is the dhcp_domain config parameter.
os_region_name = None	(StrOpt) Region name used to get services endpoints.
periodic_enable = True	(BoolOpt) Enable periodic tasks.
periodic_fuzzy_delay = 60	(IntOpt) Range in seconds to randomly delay when starting the periodic task scheduler to reduce stampeding. (Disable by setting to 0).
periodic_interval_max = 60	(IntOpt) Max interval size between periodic tasks execution in seconds.
plugins = vanilla, hdp, spark	(ListOpt) List of plugins to be loaded. Sahara preserves the order of the list when returning it.
port = 8386	(IntOpt) Port that will be used to listen on.
remote = ssh	(StrOpt) A method for Sahara to execute commands on VMs.

ounc - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
db_driver = sahara.db	(StrOpt) Driver to use for database access.	
[database]	·	
backend = sqlalchemy	(StrOpt) The back end to use for the database.	
connection = None	(StrOpt) The SQLAlchemy connection string to use to connect to the database.	
connection_debug = 0	(IntOpt) Verbosity of SQL debugging information: 0=None, 100=Everything.	
connection_trace = False	(BoolOpt) Add Python stack traces to SQL as comment strings.	
db_inc_retry_interval = True	(BoolOpt) If True, increases the interval between database connection retries up to db_max_retry_interval.	
db_max_retries = 20	(IntOpt) Maximum database connection retries before error is raised. Set to -1 to specify an infinite retry count.	
db_max_retry_interval = 10	(IntOpt) If db_inc_retry_interval is set, the maximum seconds between database connection retries.	
db_retry_interval = 1	(IntOpt) Seconds between database connection retries.	
idle_timeout = 3600	(IntOpt) Timeout before idle SQL connections are reaped.	
max_overflow = None	(IntOpt) If set, use this value for max_overflow with SQLAlchemy.	
max_pool_size = None	(IntOpt) Maximum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool.	
max_retries = 10	(IntOpt) Maximum db connection retries during startup. Set to -1 to specify an infinite retry count.	

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description
min_pool_size = 1	(IntOpt) Minimum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool.
mysql_sql_mode = TRADITIONAL	(StrOpt) The SQL mode to be used for MySQL sessions. This option, including the default, overrides any server-set SQL mode. To use whatever SQL mode is set by the server configuration, set this to no value. Example: mysql_sql_mode=
pool_timeout = None	(IntOpt) If set, use this value for pool_timeout with SQLAIchemy.
retry_interval = 10	(IntOpt) Interval between retries of opening a SQL connection.
slave_connection = None	(StrOpt) The SQLAlchemy connection string to use to connect to the slave database.
sqlite_db = oslo.sqlite	(StrOpt) The file name to use with SQLite.
sqlite_synchronous = True	(BoolOpt) If True, SQLite uses synchronous mode.
use_db_reconnect = False	(BoolOpt) Enable the experimental use of database reconnect on connection lost.

#### **Table 5.5. Description of domain configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
proxy_user_domain_name = None	(StrOpt) The domain Sahara will use to create new proxy users for Swift object access.
proxy_user_role_names = Member	(ListOpt) A list of the role names that the proxy user should assume through trust for Swift object access.
use_domain_for_proxy_users = False	(BoolOpt) Enables Sahara to use a domain for creating temporary proxy users to access Swift. If this is enabled a domain must be created for Sahara to use.

#### **Table 5.6. Description of logging configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
disable_process_locking = False (BoolOpt) Enables or disables inter-process locks.	

#### Table 5.7. Description of logging configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
debug = False	(BoolOpt) Print debugging output (set logging level to DE-BUG instead of default WARNING level).
default_log_levels = amqplib=WARN, qpid.messaging=INFO, stevedore=INFO, eventlet.wsgi.server=WARN, sqlalchemy=WARN, boto=WARN, suds=INFO, keystone=INFO, paramiko=WARN, requests=WARN, iso8601=WARN	(ListOpt) List of logger=LEVEL pairs.
fatal_deprecations = False	(BoolOpt) Enables or disables fatal status of deprecations.
instance_format = "[instance: %(uuid)s] "	(StrOpt) The format for an instance that is passed with the log message.
instance_uuid_format = "[instance: %(uuid)s] "	(StrOpt) The format for an instance UUID that is passed with the log message.
log_config_append = None	(StrOpt) The name of a logging configuration file. This file is appended to any existing logging configuration files. For

ounc - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

#### Table 5.8. Description of Qpid configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	,
qpid_heartbeat = 60	(IntOpt) Seconds between connection keepalive heart- beats.
qpid_hostname = localhost	(StrOpt) Qpid broker hostname.
qpid_hosts = \$qpid_hostname:\$qpid_port	(ListOpt) Qpid HA cluster host:port pairs.
qpid_password =	(StrOpt) Password for Qpid connection.
qpid_port = 5672	(IntOpt) Qpid broker port.
qpid_protocol = tcp	(StrOpt) Transport to use, either 'tcp' or 'ssl'.
qpid_receiver_capacity = 1	(IntOpt) The number of prefetched messages held by receiver.

Configuration option = Default value	Description
qpid_sasl_mechanisms =	(StrOpt) Space separated list of SASL mechanisms to use for auth.
qpid_tcp_nodelay = True	(BoolOpt) Whether to disable the Nagle algorithm.
<pre>apid_topology_version = 1</pre>	(IntOpt) The qpid topology version to use. Version 1 is what was originally used by impl_qpid. Version 2 includes some backwards-incompatible changes that allow broker federation to work. Users should update to version 2 when they are able to take everything down, as it requires a clean break.
qpid_username =	(StrOpt) Username for Qpid connection.

#### Table 5.9. Description of RabbitMQ configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
kombu_reconnect_delay = 1.0	(FloatOpt) How long to wait before reconnecting in response to an AMQP consumer cancel notification.
kombu_ssl_ca_certs =	(StrOpt) SSL certification authority file (valid only if SSL enabled).
kombu_ssl_certfile =	(StrOpt) SSL cert file (valid only if SSL enabled).
kombu_ssl_keyfile =	(StrOpt) SSL key file (valid only if SSL enabled).
kombu_ssl_version =	(StrOpt) SSL version to use (valid only if SSL enabled). valid values are TLSv1, SSLv23 and SSLv3. SSLv2 may be available on some distributions.
rabbit_ha_queues = False	(BoolOpt) Use HA queues in RabbitMQ (x-ha-policy: all). If you change this option, you must wipe the RabbitMQ database.
rabbit_host = localhost	(StrOpt) The RabbitMQ broker address where a single node is used.
rabbit_hosts = \$rabbit_host:\$rabbit_port	(ListOpt) RabbitMQ HA cluster host:port pairs.
rabbit_login_method = AMQPLAIN	(StrOpt) the RabbitMQ login method
rabbit_max_retries = 0	(IntOpt) Maximum number of RabbitMQ connection retries. Default is 0 (infinite retry count).
rabbit_password = guest	(StrOpt) The RabbitMQ password.
rabbit_port = 5672	(IntOpt) The RabbitMQ broker port where a single node is used.
rabbit_retry_backoff = 2	(IntOpt) How long to backoff for between retries when connecting to RabbitMQ.
rabbit_retry_interval = 1	(IntOpt) How frequently to retry connecting with Rabbit-MQ.
rabbit_use_ssl = False	(BoolOpt) Connect over SSL for RabbitMQ.
rabbit_userid = guest	(StrOpt) The RabbitMQ userid.
rabbit_virtual_host = /	(StrOpt) The RabbitMQ virtual host.

#### **Table 5.10. Description of Redis configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[matchmaker_redis]	
host = 127.0.0.1	(StrOpt) Host to locate redis.
password = None	(StrOpt) Password for Redis server (optional).
port = 6379 (IntOpt) Use this port to connect to redis host.	
[matchmaker_ring]	

Configuration option = Default value	Description
ringfile = /etc/oslo/matchmaker_ring.json	(StrOpt) Matchmaker ring file (JSON).

# **Table 5.11. Description of RPC configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
matchmaker_heartbeat_freq = 300	(IntOpt) Heartbeat frequency.
matchmaker_heartbeat_ttl = 600	(IntOpt) Heartbeat time-to-live.
rpc_backend = rabbit	(StrOpt) The messaging driver to use, defaults to rabbit. Other drivers include qpid and zmq.
rpc_cast_timeout = 30	(IntOpt) Seconds to wait before a cast expires (TTL). Only supported by impl_zmq.
rpc_conn_pool_size = 30	(IntOpt) Size of RPC connection pool.
rpc_response_timeout = 60	(IntOpt) Seconds to wait for a response from a call.
rpc_thread_pool_size = 64	(IntOpt) Size of RPC greenthread pool.

#### **Table 5.12. Description of testing configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
fake_rabbit = False	(BoolOpt) If passed, use a fake RabbitMQ provider.

#### Table 5.13. Description of ZeroMQ configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
rpc_zmq_bind_address = *	(StrOpt) ZeroMQ bind address. Should be a wildcard (*), an ethernet interface, or IP. The "host" option should point or resolve to this address.
rpc_zmq_contexts = 1	(IntOpt) Number of ZeroMQ contexts, defaults to 1.
rpc_zmq_host = localhost	(StrOpt) Name of this node. Must be a valid hostname, FQDN, or IP address. Must match "host" option, if running Nova.
rpc_zmq_ipc_dir = /var/run/openstack	(StrOpt) Directory for holding IPC sockets.
rpc_zmq_matchmaker = oslo.messagingdrivers.matchmaker.MatchMakerLocalhos	(StrOpt) MatchMaker driver.
rpc_zmq_port = 9501	(IntOpt) ZeroMQ receiver listening port.
rpc_zmq_topic_backlog = None	(IntOpt) Maximum number of ingress messages to locally buffer per topic. Default is unlimited.

# 6. Identity service

### **Table of Contents**

Caching layer	345
Identity service configuration file	347
Identity service sample configuration files	364
New, updated and deprecated options in Juno for OpenStack Identity	398

This chapter details the OpenStack Identity service configuration options. For installation prerequisites and step-by-step walkthroughs, see the *OpenStack Installation Guide* for your distribution (docs.openstack.org) and Cloud Administrator Guide.

# **Caching layer**

Identity supports a caching layer that is above the configurable subsystems, such as token or assignment. The majority of the caching configuration options are set in the <code>[cache]</code> section. However, each section that has the capability to be cached usually has a <code>caching</code> option that will toggle caching for that specific section. By default, caching is globally disabled. Options are as follows:

**Table 6.1. Description of cache configuration options** 

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[cache]	
backend = keystone.common.cache.noop	(StrOpt) Dogpile.cache backend module. It is recommended that Memcache with pooling (keystone.cache.memcache_pool) or Redis (dogpile.cache.redis) be used in production deployments. Small workloads (single process) like devstack can use the dogpile.cache.memory backend.
backend_argument = []	(MultiStrOpt) Arguments supplied to the backend module. Specify this option once per argument to be passed to the dogpile.cache backend. Example format: " <argname>:<value>".</value></argname>
config_prefix = cache.keystone	(StrOpt) Prefix for building the configuration dictionary for the cache region. This should not need to be changed un- less there is another dogpile.cache region with the same configuration name.
debug_cache_backend = False	(BoolOpt) Extra debugging from the cache backend (cache keys, get/set/delete/etc calls). This is only really useful if you need to see the specific cache-backend get/set/delete calls with the keys/values. Typically this should be left set to false.
enabled = False	(BoolOpt) Global toggle for all caching using the should_cache_fn mechanism.
expiration_time = 600	(IntOpt) Default TTL, in seconds, for any cached item in the dogpile.cache region. This applies to any cached method that doesn't have an explicit cache expiration time defined for it.

Configuration option = Default value	Description
memcache_dead_retry = 300	(IntOpt) Number of seconds memcached server is considered dead before it is tried again. (dogpile.cache.memcache and keystone.cache.memcache_pool backends only)
memcache_pool_connection_get_timeout = 10	(IntOpt) Number of seconds that an operation will wait to get a memcache client connection.
memcache_pool_maxsize = 10	(IntOpt) Max total number of open connections to every memcached server. (keystone.cache.memcache_pool backend only)
memcache_pool_unused_timeout = 60	(IntOpt) Number of seconds a connection to mem- cached is held unused in the pool before it is closed. (keystone.cache.memcache_pool backend only)
memcache_servers = localhost:11211	(ListOpt) Memcache servers in the format of "host:port". (dogpile.cache.memcache and keystone.cache.memcache_pool backends only)
memcache_socket_timeout = 3	(IntOpt) Timeout in seconds for every call to a server. (dogpile.cache.memcache and keystone.cache.memcache_pool backends only)
proxies =	(ListOpt) Proxy classes to import that will affect the way the dogpile.cache backend functions. See the dogpile.cache documentation on changing-backend-behavior.
[memcache]	·
dead_retry = 300	(IntOpt) Number of seconds memcached server is considered dead before it is tried again. This is used by the key value store system (e.g. token pooled memcached persistence backend).
pool_connection_get_timeout = 10	(IntOpt) Number of seconds that an operation will wait to get a memcache client connection. This is used by the key value store system (e.g. token pooled memcached persis- tence backend).
pool_maxsize = 10	(IntOpt) Max total number of open connections to every memcached server. This is used by the key value store sys- tem (e.g. token pooled memcached persistence backend).
pool_unused_timeout = 60	(IntOpt) Number of seconds a connection to memcached is held unused in the pool before it is closed. This is used by the key value store system (e.g. token pooled memcached persistence backend).

#### Current functional backends are:

- dogpile.cache.memcached Memcached backend using the standard python-memcached library
- dogpile.cache.pylibmc Memcached backend using the pylibmc library
- dogpile.cache.bmemcached Memcached using python-binary-memcached library.
- dogpile.cache.redis-Redis backend
- dogpile.cache.dbm Local DBM file backend
- dogpile.cache.memory In-memory cache, not suitable for use outside of testing as
  it does not cleanup it's internal cache on cache expiration and does not share cache between processes. This means that caching and cache invalidation will not be consistent or
  reliable.

• dogpile.cache.mongo - MongoDB as caching backend.

# **Identity service configuration file**

The Identity service is configured in the /etc/keystone/keystone.conf file.

The following tables provide a comprehensive list of the Identity service options.

**Table 6.2. Description of API configuration options** 

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
admin_bind_host = 0.0.0.0	(StrOpt) The IP address of the network interface for the admin service to listen on.
admin_endpoint = None	(StrOpt) The base admin endpoint URL for Keystone that is advertised to clients (NOTE: this does NOT affect how Keystone listens for connections). Defaults to the base host URL of the request. E.g. a request to http://server:35357/v2.0/users will default to http://server:35357. You should only need to set this value if the base URL contains a path (e.g. /prefix/v2.0) or the endpoint should be found on a different server.
admin_port = 35357	(IntOpt) The port number which the admin service listens on.
admin_token = ADMIN	(StrOpt) A "shared secret" that can be used to bootstrap Keystone. This "token" does not represent a user, and carries no explicit authorization. To disable in production (highly recommended), remove AdminTokenAuthMiddleware from your paste application pipelines (for example, in keystone-paste.ini).
admin_workers = None	(IntOpt) The number of worker processes to serve the admin WSGI application. Defaults to number of CPUs (minimum of 2).
compute_port = 8774	(IntOpt) (Deprecated) The port which the OpenStack Compute service listens on. This option was only used for string replacement in the templated catalog backend. Templated catalogs should replace the "\$(compute_port)s" substitution with the static port of the compute service. As of Juno, this option is deprecated and will be removed in the L release.
domain_id_immutable = True	(BoolOpt) Set this to false if you want to enable the ability for user, group and project entities to be moved between domains by updating their domain_id. Allowing such movement is not recommended if the scope of a domain admin is being restricted by use of an appropriate policy file (see policy.v3cloudsample as an example).
list_limit = None	(IntOpt) The maximum number of entities that will be returned in a collection, with no limit set by default. This global limit may be then overridden for a specific driver, by specifying a list_limit in the appropriate section (e.g. [assignment]).
max_param_size = 64	(IntOpt) Limit the sizes of user & project ID/names.
max_request_body_size = 114688	(IntOpt) Enforced by optional sizelimit middleware (keystone.middleware:RequestBodySizeLimiter).
max_token_size = 8192	(IntOpt) Similar to max_param_size, but provides an exception for token values.
member_role_id = 9fe2ff9ee4384b1894a90878d3e92bab	(StrOpt) During a SQL upgrade member_role_id will be used to create a new role that will replace records in the assignment table with explicit role grants. After

Configuration option = Default value	Description
	migration, the member_role_id will be used in the API add_user_to_project.
member_role_name = _member_	(StrOpt) During a SQL upgrade member_role_name will be used to create a new role that will replace records in the assignment table with explicit role grants. After migration, member_role_name will be ignored.
public_bind_host = 0.0.0.0	(StrOpt) The IP address of the network interface for the public service to listen on.
public_endpoint = None	(StrOpt) The base public endpoint URL for Keystone that is advertised to clients (NOTE: this does NOT affect how Keystone listens for connections). Defaults to the base host URL of the request. E.g. a request to http://serv-er:5000/v2.0/users will default to http://server:5000. You should only need to set this value if the base URL contains a path (e.g. /prefix/v2.0) or the endpoint should be found on a different server.
public_port = 5000	(IntOpt) The port number which the public service listens on.
public_workers = None	(IntOpt) The number of worker processes to serve the public WSGI application. Defaults to number of CPUs (minimum of 2).
strict_password_check = False	(BoolOpt) If set to true, strict password length checking is performed for password manipulation. If a password exceeds the maximum length, the operation will fail with an HTTP 403 Forbidden error. If set to false, passwords are automatically truncated to the maximum length.
tcp_keepalive = False	(BoolOpt) Set this to true if you want to enable TCP_KEEPALIVE on server sockets, i.e. sockets used by the Keystone wsgi server for client connections.
tcp_keepidle = 600	(IntOpt) Sets the value of TCP_KEEPIDLE in seconds for each server socket. Only applies if tcp_keepalive is true. Not supported on OS X.
[endpoint_filter]	
driver = keystone.contrib.endpoint_filter.backends.sql.EndpointFilter	(StrOpt) Endpoint Filter backend driver r
return_all_endpoints_if_no_filter = True	(BoolOpt) Toggle to return all active endpoints if no filter exists.
[endpoint_policy]	
driver = keystone.contrib.endpoint_policy.backends.sql.EndpointPo	(StrOpt) Endpoint policy backend driver licy
[paste_deploy]	
config_file = keystone-paste.ini	(StrOpt) Name of the paste configuration file that defines the available pipelines.

#### Table 6.3. Description of assignment configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[assignment]	
cache_time = None	(IntOpt) TTL (in seconds) to cache assignment data. This has no effect unless global caching is enabled.
caching = True	(BoolOpt) Toggle for assignment caching. This has no effect unless global caching is enabled.
driver = None	(StrOpt) Assignment backend driver.
list_limit = None	(IntOpt) Maximum number of entities that will be returned in an assignment collection.

uno - Juno 
Configuration option = Default value	Description
[auth]	
external = keystone.auth.plugins.external.DefaultDomain	(StrOpt) The external (REMOTE_USER) auth plugin module.
methods = external, password, token	(ListOpt) Default auth methods.
password = keystone.auth.plugins.password.Password	(StrOpt) The password auth plugin module.
token = keystone.auth.plugins.token.Token	(StrOpt) The token auth plugin module.

#### Table 6.5. Description of authorization token configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[keystone_authtoken]	
admin_password = None	(StrOpt) Keystone account password
admin_tenant_name = admin	(StrOpt) Keystone service account tenant name to validate user tokens
admin_token = None	(StrOpt) This option is deprecated and may be removed in a future release. Single shared secret with the Keystone configuration used for bootstrapping a Keystone installation, or otherwise bypassing the normal authentication process. This option should not be used, use `admin_user` and `admin_password` instead.
admin_user = None	(StrOpt) Keystone account username
auth_admin_prefix =	(StrOpt) Prefix to prepend at the beginning of the path. Deprecated, use identity_uri.
auth_host = 127.0.0.1	(StrOpt) Host providing the admin Identity API endpoint. Deprecated, use identity_uri.
auth_port = 35357	(IntOpt) Port of the admin Identity API endpoint. Deprecated, use identity_uri.
auth_protocol = https	(StrOpt) Protocol of the admin Identity API endpoint (http or https). Deprecated, use identity_uri.
auth_uri = None	(StrOpt) Complete public Identity API endpoint
auth_version = None	(StrOpt) API version of the admin Identity API endpoint
cache = None	(StrOpt) Env key for the swift cache
cafile = None	(StrOpt) A PEM encoded Certificate Authority to use when verifying HTTPs connections. Defaults to system CAs.
certfile = None	(StrOpt) Required if Keystone server requires client certificate
check_revocations_for_cached = False	(BoolOpt) If true, the revocation list will be checked for cached tokens. This requires that PKI tokens are configured on the Keystone server.
delay_auth_decision = False	(BoolOpt) Do not handle authorization requests within the middleware, but delegate the authorization decision to downstream WSGI components
enforce_token_bind = permissive	(StrOpt) Used to control the use and type of token binding. Can be set to: "disabled" to not check token binding. "permissive" (default) to validate binding information if the bind type is of a form known to the server and ignore it if not. "strict" like "permissive" but if the bind type is unknown the token will be rejected. "required" any form of token binding is needed to be allowed. Finally the name of a binding method that must be present in tokens.
hash_algorithms = md5	(ListOpt) Hash algorithms to use for hashing PKI tokens. This may be a single algorithm or multiple. The algorithms are those supported by Python standard hashlib.new().

Configuration option = Default value	Description
	The hashes will be tried in the order given, so put the pre- ferred one first for performance. The result of the first hash will be stored in the cache. This will typically be set to multiple values only while migrating from a less secure al- gorithm to a more secure one. Once all the old tokens are expired this option should be set to a single value for bet- ter performance.
http_connect_timeout = None	(BoolOpt) Request timeout value for communicating with Identity API server.
http_request_max_retries = 3	(IntOpt) How many times are we trying to reconnect when communicating with Identity API Server.
identity_uri = None	(StrOpt) Complete admin Identity API endpoint. This should specify the unversioned root endpoint e.g. https://localhost:35357/
include_service_catalog = True	(BoolOpt) (optional) indicate whether to set the X-Service-Catalog header. If False, middleware will not ask for service catalog on token validation and will not set the X-Service-Catalog header.
insecure = False	(BoolOpt) Verify HTTPS connections.
keyfile = None	(StrOpt) Required if Keystone server requires client certificate
memcache_secret_key = None	(StrOpt) (optional, mandatory if memcache_security_strategy is defined) this string is used for key derivation.
memcache_security_strategy = None	(StrOpt) (optional) if defined, indicate whether token data should be authenticated or authenticated and encrypted. Acceptable values are MAC or ENCRYPT. If MAC, token data is authenticated (with HMAC) in the cache. If ENCRYPT, token data is encrypted and authenticated in the cache. If the value is not one of these options or empty, auth_token will raise an exception on initialization.
revocation_cache_time = 10	(IntOpt) Determines the frequency at which the list of revoked tokens is retrieved from the Identity service (in seconds). A high number of revocation events combined with a low cache duration may significantly reduce performance.
signing_dir = None	(StrOpt) Directory used to cache files related to PKI tokens
token_cache_time = 300	(IntOpt) In order to prevent excessive effort spent validating tokens, the middleware caches previously-seen tokens for a configurable duration (in seconds). Set to -1 to disable caching completely.

#### Table 6.6. Description of CA and SSL configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[signing]	
ca_certs = /etc/keystone/ssl/certs/ca.pem	(StrOpt) Path of the CA for token signing.
ca_key = /etc/keystone/ssl/private/cakey.pem	(StrOpt) Path of the CA key for token signing.
cert_subject = /C=US/ST=Unset/L=Unset/O=Unset/ CN=www.example.com	(StrOpt) Certificate subject (auto generated certificate) for token signing.
certfile = /etc/keystone/ssl/certs/signing_cert.pem	(StrOpt) Path of the certfile for token signing. For non-production environments, you may be interested in using `keystone-manage pki_setup` to generate self-signed certificates.
key_size = 2048	(IntOpt) Key size (in bits) for token signing cert (auto generated certificate).

Configuration option = Default value	Description
keyfile = /etc/keystone/ssl/private/signing_key.pem	(StrOpt) Path of the keyfile for token signing.
token_format = None	(StrOpt) Deprecated in favor of provider in the [token] section.
valid_days = 3650	(IntOpt) Days the token signing cert is valid for (auto generated certificate).
[ssl]	
ca_certs = /etc/keystone/ssl/certs/ca.pem	(StrOpt) Path of the ca cert file for SSL.
ca_key = /etc/keystone/ssl/private/cakey.pem	(StrOpt) Path of the CA key file for SSL.
cert_required = False	(BoolOpt) Require client certificate.
cert_subject = /C=US/ST=Unset/L=Unset/O=Unset/ CN=localhost	(StrOpt) SSL certificate subject (auto generated certificate).
certfile = /etc/keystone/ssl/certs/keystone.pem	(StrOpt) Path of the certfile for SSL. For non-production environments, you may be interested in using `keystone-manage ssl_setup` to generate self-signed certificates.
enable = False	(BoolOpt) Toggle for SSL support on the Keystone event-let servers.
key_size = 1024	(IntOpt) SSL key length (in bits) (auto generated certificate).
keyfile = /etc/keystone/ssl/private/keystonekey.pem	(StrOpt) Path of the keyfile for SSL.
valid_days = 3650	(IntOpt) Days the certificate is valid for once signed (auto generated certificate).

#### **Table 6.7. Description of catalog configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[catalog]	
cache_time = None	(IntOpt) Time to cache catalog data (in seconds). This has no effect unless global and catalog caching are enabled.
caching = True	(BoolOpt) Toggle for catalog caching. This has no effect unless global caching is enabled.
driver = keystone.catalog.backends.sql.Catalog	(StrOpt) Catalog backend driver.
endpoint_substitution_whitelist = tenant_id, user_id, public_bind_host, admin_bind_host, compute_host, compute_port, admin_port, public_port, public_endpoint, admin_endpoint	(ListOpt) (Deprecated) List of possible substitutions for use in formatting endpoints. Use caution when modifying this list. It will give users with permission to create endpoints the ability to see those values in your configuration file. This option will be removed in Juno.
list_limit = None	(IntOpt) Maximum number of entities that will be returned in a catalog collection.
template_file = default_catalog.templates	(StrOpt) Catalog template file name for use with the template catalog backend.

#### **Table 6.8. Description of common configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
memcached_servers = None	(ListOpt) Memcached servers or None for in process cache.
[keystone_authtoken]	
memcached_servers = None	(ListOpt) Optionally specify a list of memcached server(s) to use for caching. If left undefined, tokens will instead be cached in-process.

uno - Juno 
Configuration option = Default value	Description
[credential]	
driver = keystone.credential.backends.sql.Credential	(StrOpt) Credential backend driver.

#### **Table 6.10. Description of database configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[database]	
backend = sqlalchemy	(StrOpt) The back end to use for the database.
connection = None	(StrOpt) The SQLAlchemy connection string to use to connect to the database.
connection_debug = 0	(IntOpt) Verbosity of SQL debugging information: 0=None, 100=Everything.
connection_trace = False	(BoolOpt) Add Python stack traces to SQL as comment strings.
db_inc_retry_interval = True	(BoolOpt) If True, increases the interval between database connection retries up to db_max_retry_interval.
db_max_retries = 20	(IntOpt) Maximum database connection retries before error is raised. Set to -1 to specify an infinite retry count.
db_max_retry_interval = 10	(IntOpt) If db_inc_retry_interval is set, the maximum seconds between database connection retries.
db_retry_interval = 1	(IntOpt) Seconds between database connection retries.
idle_timeout = 3600	(IntOpt) Timeout before idle SQL connections are reaped.
max_overflow = None	(IntOpt) If set, use this value for max_overflow with SQLAlchemy.
max_pool_size = None	(IntOpt) Maximum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool.
max_retries = 10	(IntOpt) Maximum db connection retries during startup. Set to -1 to specify an infinite retry count.
min_pool_size = 1	(IntOpt) Minimum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool.
mysql_sql_mode = TRADITIONAL	(StrOpt) The SQL mode to be used for MySQL sessions. This option, including the default, overrides any server-set SQL mode. To use whatever SQL mode is set by the server configuration, set this to no value. Example: mysql_sql_mode=
pool_timeout = None	(IntOpt) If set, use this value for pool_timeout with SQLAlchemy.
retry_interval = 10	(IntOpt) Interval between retries of opening a SQL connection.
slave_connection = None	(StrOpt) The SQLAlchemy connection string to use to connect to the slave database.
sqlite_db = oslo.sqlite	(StrOpt) The file name to use with SQLite.
sqlite_synchronous = True	(BoolOpt) If True, SQLite uses synchronous mode.
use_db_reconnect = False	(BoolOpt) Enable the experimental use of database reconnect on connection lost.

#### **Table 6.11. Description of logging configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	

Configuration option = Default value	Description
backdoor_port = None	(StrOpt) Enable eventlet backdoor. Acceptable values are 0, <pre> 0, <port>, and <start>:<end>, where 0 results in listening on a random tcp port number; <port> results in listening on the specified port number (and not enabling backdoor if that port is in use); and <start>:<end> results in listening on the smallest unused port number within the specified range of port numbers. The chosen port is displayed in the service's log file. </end></start></port></end></start></port></pre>
pydev_debug_host = None	(StrOpt) Host to connect to for remote debugger.
pydev_debug_port = None	(IntOpt) Port to connect to for remote debugger.
standard_threads = False	(BoolOpt) Do not monkey-patch threading system modules.
[audit]	
namespace = openstack	(StrOpt) namespace prefix for generated id

#### Table 6.12. Description of EC2 configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[ec2]	
driver = keystone.contrib.ec2.backends.kvs.Ec2	(StrOpt) EC2Credential backend driver.
[keystone_ec2_token]	
cafile = None	(StrOpt) A PEM encoded certificate authority to use when verifying HTTPS connections. Defaults to the system CAs.
certfile = None	(StrOpt) Client certificate key filename. Required if EC2 server requires client certificate.
insecure = False	(BoolOpt) Disable SSL certificate verification.
keyfile = None	(StrOpt) Required if EC2 server requires client certificate.
url = http://localhost:5000/v2.0/ec2tokens	(StrOpt) URL to get token from ec2 request.

#### Table 6.13. Description of federation configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[federation]	
assertion_prefix =	(StrOpt) Value to be used when filtering assertion parameters from the environment.
driver = keystone.contrib.federation.backends.sql.Federation	(StrOpt) Federation backend driver.

#### **Table 6.14. Description of identity configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[identity]	
default_domain_id = default	(StrOpt) This references the domain to use for all Identity API v2 requests (which are not aware of domains). A domain with this ID will be created for you by keystone-manage db_sync in migration 008. The domain referenced by this ID cannot be deleted on the v3 API, to prevent accidentally breaking the v2 API. There is nothing special about this domain, other than the fact that it must exist to order to maintain support for your v2 clients.
domain_config_dir = /etc/keystone/domains	(StrOpt) Path for Keystone to locate the do- main specific identity configuration files if domain_specific_drivers_enabled is set to true.
domain_specific_drivers_enabled = False	(BoolOpt) A subset (or all) of domains can have their own identity driver, each with their own partial configuration

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description
	file in a domain configuration directory. Only values specific to the domain need to be placed in the domain specific configuration file. This feature is disabled by default; set to true to enable.
driver = keystone.identity.backends.sql.Identity	(StrOpt) Identity backend driver.
list_limit = None	(IntOpt) Maximum number of entities that will be returned in an identity collection.
max_password_length = 4096	(IntOpt) Maximum supported length for user passwords; decrease to improve performance.

#### **Table 6.15. Description of KVS configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[kvs]	
backends =	(ListOpt) Extra dogpile.cache backend modules to register with the dogpile.cache library.
config_prefix = keystone.kvs	(StrOpt) Prefix for building the configuration dictionary for the KVS region. This should not need to be changed unless there is another dogpile.cache region with the same con- figuration name.
default_lock_timeout = 5	(IntOpt) Default lock timeout for distributed locking.
enable_key_mangler = True	(BoolOpt) Toggle to disable using a key-mangling function to ensure fixed length keys. This is toggle-able for debugging purposes, it is highly recommended to always leave this set to true.

#### **Table 6.16. Description of LDAP configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[ldap]		
alias_dereferencing = default	(StrOpt) The LDAP dereferencing option for queries. This can be either "never", "searching", "always", "finding" or "default". The "default" option falls back to using default dereferencing configured by your Idap.conf.	
allow_subtree_delete = False	(BoolOpt) Delete subtrees using the subtree delete control. Only enable this option if your LDAP server supports subtree deletion.	
auth_pool_connection_lifetime = 60	(IntOpt) End user auth connection lifetime in seconds.	
auth_pool_size = 100	(IntOpt) End user auth connection pool size.	
chase_referrals = None	(BoolOpt) Override the system's default referral chasing behavior for queries.	
debug_level = None	(IntOpt) Sets the LDAP debugging level for LDAP calls. A value of 0 means that debugging is not enabled. This value is a bitmask, consult your LDAP documentation for possible values.	
dumb_member = cn=dumb,dc=nonexistent	(StrOpt) DN of the "dummy member" to use when "use_dumb_member" is enabled.	
group_additional_attribute_mapping =	(ListOpt) Additional attribute mappings for groups. Attribute mapping format is <ldap_attr>:<user_attr>, where ldap_attr is the attribute in the LDAP entry and user_attr is the Identity API attribute.</user_attr></ldap_attr>	
group_allow_create = True	(BoolOpt) Allow group creation in LDAP backend.	
group_allow_delete = True	(BoolOpt) Allow group deletion in LDAP backend.	
group_allow_update = True	(BoolOpt) Allow group update in LDAP backend.	

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description
group_attribute_ignore =	(ListOpt) List of attributes stripped off the group on update.
group_desc_attribute = description	(StrOpt) LDAP attribute mapped to group description.
group_filter = None	(StrOpt) LDAP search filter for groups.
group_id_attribute = cn	(StrOpt) LDAP attribute mapped to group id.
group_member_attribute = member	(StrOpt) LDAP attribute mapped to show group membership.
group_name_attribute = ou	(StrOpt) LDAP attribute mapped to group name.
group_object class = group Of Names	(StrOpt) LDAP objectclass for groups.
group_tree_dn = None	(StrOpt) Search base for groups.
page_size = 0	(IntOpt) Maximum results per page; a value of zero ("0") disables paging.
password = None	(StrOpt) Password for the BindDN to query the LDAP server.
pool_connection_lifetime = 600	(IntOpt) Connection lifetime in seconds.
pool_connection_timeout = -1	(IntOpt) Connector timeout in seconds. Value -1 indicates indefinite wait for response.
pool_retry_delay = 0.1	(FloatOpt) Time span in seconds to wait between two reconnect trials.
pool_retry_max = 3	(IntOpt) Maximum count of reconnect trials.
pool_size = 10	(IntOpt) Connection pool size.
project_additional_attribute_mapping =	(ListOpt) Additional attribute mappings for projects. Attribute mapping format is <a href="https://documents.com/dap_attr">dap_attr</a> >, where Idap_attr is the attribute in the LDAP entry and user_attr is the Identity API attribute.
project_allow_create = True	(BoolOpt) Allow project creation in LDAP backend.
project_allow_delete = True	(BoolOpt) Allow project deletion in LDAP backend.
project_allow_update = True	(BoolOpt) Allow project update in LDAP backend.
project_attribute_ignore =	(ListOpt) List of attributes stripped off the project on update.
project_desc_attribute = description	(StrOpt) LDAP attribute mapped to project description.
project_domain_id_attribute = businessCategory	(StrOpt) LDAP attribute mapped to project domain_id.
project_enabled_attribute = enabled	(StrOpt) LDAP attribute mapped to project enabled.
project_enabled_emulation = False	(BoolOpt) If true, Keystone uses an alternative method to determine if a project is enabled or not by checking if they are a member of the "project_enabled_emulation_dn" group.
project_enabled_emulation_dn = None	(StrOpt) DN of the group entry to hold enabled projects when using enabled emulation.
project_filter = None	(StrOpt) LDAP search filter for projects.
project_id_attribute = cn	(StrOpt) LDAP attribute mapped to project id.
project_member_attribute = member	(StrOpt) LDAP attribute mapped to project membership for user.
project_name_attribute = ou	(StrOpt) LDAP attribute mapped to project name.
project_objectclass = groupOfNames	(StrOpt) LDAP objectclass for projects.
project_tree_dn = None	(StrOpt) Search base for projects
query_scope = one	(StrOpt) The LDAP scope for queries, this can be either "one" (onelevel/singleLevel) or "sub" (subtree/wholeSubtree).

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description
role_additional_attribute_mapping =	(ListOpt) Additional attribute mappings for roles. Attribute mapping format is <ldap_attr>:<user_attr>, where ldap_attr is the attribute in the LDAP entry and user_attr is the Identity API attribute.</user_attr></ldap_attr>
role_allow_create = True	(BoolOpt) Allow role creation in LDAP backend.
role_allow_delete = True	(BoolOpt) Allow role deletion in LDAP backend.
role_allow_update = True	(BoolOpt) Allow role update in LDAP backend.
role_attribute_ignore =	(ListOpt) List of attributes stripped off the role on update.
role_filter = None	(StrOpt) LDAP search filter for roles.
role_id_attribute = cn	(StrOpt) LDAP attribute mapped to role id.
role_member_attribute = roleOccupant	(StrOpt) LDAP attribute mapped to role membership.
role_name_attribute = ou	(StrOpt) LDAP attribute mapped to role name.
role_object class = organizational Role	(StrOpt) LDAP objectclass for roles.
role_tree_dn = None	(StrOpt) Search base for roles.
suffix = cn=example,cn=com	(StrOpt) LDAP server suffix
tls_cacertdir = None	(StrOpt) CA certificate directory path for communicating with LDAP servers.
tls_cacertfile = None	(StrOpt) CA certificate file path for communicating with LDAP servers.
tls_req_cert = demand	(StrOpt) Valid options for tls_req_cert are demand, never, and allow.
url = ldap://localhost	(StrOpt) URL for connecting to the LDAP server.
use_auth_pool = False	(BoolOpt) Enable LDAP connection pooling for end user authentication. If use_pool is disabled, then this setting is meaningless and is not used at all.
use_dumb_member = False	(BoolOpt) If true, will add a dummy member to groups. This is required if the object lass for groups requires the "member" attribute.
use_pool = False	(BoolOpt) Enable LDAP connection pooling.
use_tls = False	(BoolOpt) Enable TLS for communicating with LDAP servers.
user = None	(StrOpt) User BindDN to query the LDAP server.
user_additional_attribute_mapping =	(ListOpt) List of additional LDAP attributes used for mapping additional attribute mappings for users. Attribute mapping format is <ldap_attr>:<user_attr>, where Idap_attr is the attribute in the LDAP entry and user_attr is the Identity API attribute.</user_attr></ldap_attr>
user_allow_create = True	(BoolOpt) Allow user creation in LDAP backend.
user_allow_delete = True	(BoolOpt) Allow user deletion in LDAP backend.
user_allow_update = True	(BoolOpt) Allow user updates in LDAP backend.
user_attribute_ignore = default_project_id, tenants	(ListOpt) List of attributes stripped off the user on update.
user_default_project_id_attribute = None	(StrOpt) LDAP attribute mapped to default_project_id for users.
user_enabled_attribute = enabled	(StrOpt) LDAP attribute mapped to user enabled flag.
user_enabled_default = True	(StrOpt) Default value to enable users. This should match an appropriate int value if the LDAP server uses non-boolean (bitmask) values to indicate if a user is enabled or disabled. If this is not set to "True" the typical value is "512". This is typically used when "user_enabled_attribute = userAccountControl".

ounc - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
debug = False	(BoolOpt) Print debugging output (set logging level to DEBUG instead of default WARNING level).
default_log_levels = amqp=WARN, amqplib=WARN, boto=WARN, qpid=WARN, sqlalchemy=WARN, suds=INFO, oslo.messaging=INFO, iso8601=WARN, requests.packages.urllib3.connectionpool=WARN, urllib3.connectionpool=WARN, websocket=WARN, keystonemiddleware=WARN, routes.middleware=WARN, stevedore=WARN	(ListOpt) List of logger=LEVEL pairs.
fatal_deprecations = False	(BoolOpt) Enables or disables fatal status of deprecations.
instance_format = "[instance: %(uuid)s] "	(StrOpt) The format for an instance that is passed with the log message.
instance_uuid_format = "[instance: %(uuid)s] "	(StrOpt) The format for an instance UUID that is passed with the log message.
log_config_append = None	(StrOpt) The name of a logging configuration file. This file is appended to any existing logging configuration files. For details about logging configuration files, see the Python logging module documentation.
log_date_format = %Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S	(StrOpt) Format string for %%(asctime)s in log records. Default: %(default)s .
log_dir = None	(StrOpt) (Optional) The base directory used for relative – log-file paths.
log_file = None	(StrOpt) (Optional) Name of log file to output to. If no default is set, logging will go to stdout.

Configuration option = Default value	Description
log_format = None	(StrOpt) DEPRECATED. A logging.Formatter log message format string which may use any of the available logging.LogRecord attributes. This option is deprecated. Please use logging_context_format_string and logging_default_format_string instead.
logging_context_format_string = %(asctime)s. %(msecs)03d %(process)d %(levelname)s %(name)s [%(request_id)s %(user_identity)s] %(instance)s %(message)s	(StrOpt) Format string to use for log messages with context.
logging_debug_format_suffix = %(funcName)s %(pathname)s:%(lineno)d	(StrOpt) Data to append to log format when level is DE-BUG.
logging_default_format_string = %(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d %(process)d %(levelname)s %(name)s [-] %(instance)s %(message)s	(StrOpt) Format string to use for log messages without context.
logging_exception_prefix = %(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d %(process)d TRACE %(name)s %(instance)s	(StrOpt) Prefix each line of exception output with this format.
publish_errors = False	(BoolOpt) Enables or disables publication of error events.
syslog_log_facility = LOG_USER	(StrOpt) Syslog facility to receive log lines.
use_stderr = True	(BoolOpt) Log output to standard error.
use_syslog = False	(BoolOpt) Use syslog for logging. Existing syslog format is DEPRECATED during I, and will change in J to honor RFC5424.
use_syslog_rfc_format = False	(BoolOpt) (Optional) Enables or disables syslog rfc5424 format for logging. If enabled, prefixes the MSG part of the syslog message with APP-NAME (RFC5424). The format without the APP-NAME is deprecated in I, and will be removed in J.
verbose = False	(BoolOpt) Print more verbose output (set logging level to INFO instead of default WARNING level).

#### **Table 6.18. Description of mapping configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[identity_mapping]	
backward_compatible_ids = True	(BoolOpt) The format of user and group IDs changed in Juno for backends that do not generate UUIDs (e.g. LDAP), with keystone providing a hash mapping to the underlying attribute in LDAP. By default this mapping is disabled, which ensures that existing IDs will not change. Even when the mapping is enabled by using domain specific drivers, any users and groups from the default domain being handled by LDAP will still not be mapped to ensure their IDs remain backward compatible. Setting this value to False will enable the mapping for even the default LDAP driver. It is only safe to do this if you do not already have assignments for users and groups from the default LDAP domain, and it is acceptable for Keystone to provide the different IDs to clients than it did previously. Typically this means that the only time you can set this value to False is when configuring a fresh installation.
$driver = keystone.identity.mapping\_backends.sql.Mapping$	(StrOpt) Keystone Identity Mapping backend driver.
generator = keystone.identity.id_generators.sha256.Generator	(StrOpt) Public ID generator for user and group entities. The Keystone identity mapper only supports generators that produce no more than 64 characters.

uno - Juno 
#### Table 6.19. Description of memcache configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[memcache]	
servers = localhost:11211	(ListOpt) Memcache servers in the format of "host:port".
socket_timeout = 3	(IntOpt) Timeout in seconds for every call to a server. This is used by the key value store system (e.g. token pooled memcached persistence backend).

#### Table 6.20. Description of OAuth configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[oauth1]	
access_token_duration = 86400	(IntOpt) Duration (in seconds) for the OAuth Access Token.
driver = keystone.contrib.oauth1.backends.sql.OAuth1	(StrOpt) Credential backend driver.
request_token_duration = 28800	(IntOpt) Duration (in seconds) for the OAuth Request Token.

#### Table 6.21. Description of os\_inherit configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[os_inherit]	
enabled = False	(BoolOpt) role-assignment inheritance to projects from owning domain can be optionally enabled.

#### Table 6.22. Description of policy configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
policy_default_rule = default	(StrOpt) Default rule. Enforced when a requested rule is not found.	
policy_file = policy.json	(StrOpt) The JSON file that defines policies.	
[policy]		
driver = keystone.policy.backends.sql.Policy	(StrOpt) Policy backend driver.	
list_limit = None	(IntOpt) Maximum number of entities that will be returned in a policy collection.	

#### Table 6.23. Description of revoke configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[revoke]	
caching = True	(BoolOpt) Toggle for revocation event caching. This has no effect unless global caching is enabled.
driver = keystone.contrib.revoke.backends.kvs.Revoke	(StrOpt) An implementation of the backend for persisting revocation events.
expiration_buffer = 1800	(IntOpt) This value (calculated in seconds) is added to to- ken expiration before a revocation event may be removed from the backend.

#### Table 6.24. Description of SAML configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[saml]	

Configuration option = Default value	Description
assertion_expiration_time = 3600	(IntOpt) Default TTL, in seconds, for any generated SAML assertion created by Keystone.
certfile = /etc/keystone/ssl/certs/signing_cert.pem	(StrOpt) Path of the certfile for SAML signing. For non-production environments, you may be interested in using `keystone-manage pki_setup` to generate self-signed certificates. Note, the path cannot contain a comma.
idp_contact_company = None	(StrOpt) Company of contact person.
idp_contact_email = None	(StrOpt) Email address of contact person.
idp_contact_name = None	(StrOpt) Given name of contact person
idp_contact_surname = None	(StrOpt) Surname of contact person.
idp_contact_telephone = None	(StrOpt) Telephone number of contact person.
idp_contact_type = other	(StrOpt) Contact type. Allowed values are: technical, support, administrative billing, and other
idp_entity_id = None	(StrOpt) Entity ID value for unique Identity Provider identification. Usually FQDN is set with a suffix. A value is required to generate IDP Metadata. For example: https://keystone.example.com/v3/OS-FEDERATION/saml2/idp
idp_lang = en	(StrOpt) Language used by the organization.
idp_metadata_path = /etc/key- stone/saml2_idp_metadata.xml	(StrOpt) Path to the Identity Provider Metadata file. This file should be generated with the keystone-manage saml_idp_metadata command.
idp_organization_display_name = None	(StrOpt) Organization name to be displayed.
idp_organization_name = None	(StrOpt) Organization name the installation belongs to.
idp_organization_url = None	(StrOpt) URL of the organization.
idp_sso_endpoint = None	(StrOpt) Identity Provider Single-Sign-On service value, required in the Identity Provider's metadata. A value is required to generate IDP Metadata. For example: https://keystone.example.com/v3/OS-FEDERATION/saml2/sso
keyfile = /etc/keystone/ssl/private/signing_key.pem	(StrOpt) Path of the keyfile for SAML signing. Note, the path cannot contain a comma.
xmlsec1_binary = xmlsec1	(StrOpt) Binary to be called for XML signing. Install the appropriate package, specify absolute path or adjust your PATH environment variable if the binary cannot be found.

#### **Table 6.25. Description of security configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
crypt_strength = 40000	(IntOpt) The value passed as the keyword "rounds" to passlib's encrypt method.

#### Table 6.26. Description of stats configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[stats]	
driver = keystone.contrib.stats.backends.kvs.Stats	(StrOpt) Stats backend driver.

#### Table 6.27. Description of testing configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
fake_rabbit = False	(BoolOpt) If passed, use a fake RabbitMQ provider.

Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

(ListOpt) External auth mechanisms that should add bind information to token, e.g., kerberos,x509.  (IntOpt) Time to cache tokens (in seconds). This has no effect unless global and token caching are enabled.  (BoolOpt) Toggle for token system caching. This has no effect unless global caching is enabled.  (StrOpt) Token persistence backend driver.  (StrOpt) Enforcement policy on tokens presented to Keystone with bind information. One of disabled, permissive, strict, required or a specifically required bind mode, e.g., kerberos or x509 to require binding to that authentication.
information to token, e.g., kerberos,x509.  (IntOpt) Time to cache tokens (in seconds). This has no effect unless global and token caching are enabled.  (BoolOpt) Toggle for token system caching. This has no effect unless global caching is enabled.  (StrOpt) Token persistence backend driver.  (StrOpt) Enforcement policy on tokens presented to Keystone with bind information. One of disabled, permissive, strict, required or a specifically required bind mode, e.g., kerberos or x509 to require binding to that authentication.
fect unless global and token caching are enabled.  (BoolOpt) Toggle for token system caching. This has no effect unless global caching is enabled.  (StrOpt) Token persistence backend driver.  (StrOpt) Enforcement policy on tokens presented to Keystone with bind information. One of disabled, permissive, strict, required or a specifically required bind mode, e.g., kerberos or x509 to require binding to that authentication.
fect unless global caching is enabled.  (StrOpt) Token persistence backend driver.  (StrOpt) Enforcement policy on tokens presented to Keystone with bind information. One of disabled, permissive, strict, required or a specifically required bind mode, e.g., kerberos or x509 to require binding to that authentication.
(StrOpt) Enforcement policy on tokens presented to Keystone with bind information. One of disabled, permissive, strict, required or a specifically required bind mode, e.g., kerberos or x509 to require binding to that authentication.
stone with bind information. One of disabled, permissive, strict, required or a specifically required bind mode, e.g., kerberos or x509 to require binding to that authentication.
(IntOpt) Amount of time a token should remain valid (in seconds).
(StrOpt) The hash algorithm to use for PKI tokens. This car be set to any algorithm that hashlib supports. WARNING: Before changing this value, the auth_token middleware must be configured with the hash_algorithms, otherwise token revocation will not be processed correctly.
(StrOpt) Controls the token construction, validation, and revocation operations. Core providers are "keystone.token.providers.[pkiz pki uuid].Provider". The default provider is uuid.
(IntOpt) Time to cache the revocation list and the revocation events if revoke extension is enabled (in seconds). Thi has no effect unless global and token caching are enabled
(BoolOpt) Revoke token by token identifier. Setting revoke_by_id to true enables various forms of enumerating tokens, e.g. `list tokens for user`. These enumerations are processed to determine the list of tokens to revoke. Only disable if you are switching to using the Revoke extension with a backend other than KVS, which stores events in memory.
guration options  Description

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[trust]	
driver = keystone.trust.backends.sql.Trust	(StrOpt) Trust backend driver.
enabled = True	(BoolOpt) Delegation and impersonation features can be optionally disabled.

#### **Table 6.30. Description of RPC configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
matchmaker_heartbeat_freq = 300	(IntOpt) Heartbeat frequency.
matchmaker_heartbeat_ttl = 600	(IntOpt) Heartbeat time-to-live.
rpc_backend = rabbit	(StrOpt) The messaging driver to use, defaults to rabbit. Other drivers include qpid and zmq.
rpc_cast_timeout = 30	(IntOpt) Seconds to wait before a cast expires (TTL). Only supported by impl_zmq.

0
$\supset$
$\overline{}$
0
$\supset$
_
1
Juno
Č
=
_
- 1
0
$\supset$
1
7
Juno
1
0
$\supset$
_
ď
0
n
=
7
ı
1
0
- OU
- OU
0
- OU
- Juno -
- ounf - o
no - Juno -
- Juno -
no - Juno -
Juno - Juno -
- Juno - Juno -
- ounf - ounf - o
- ounf - ounf - ou
- ounf - ounf - oun
- ounf - ounf - oun
- ounf - ounf - ounf
- Juno - Juno - Juno -
- Juno - Juno - Juno -
- ounf - ounf - o
- ounf - ounf - ou
- ounf - ounf - oun
- ounf - ounf - ounf
- ounf - ounf - oun
- Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno -
- onul - onul - onul - o
- ounf - ounf - ounf - ou
- ounf - ounf - ounf - oun
- ounf - ounf - ounf - ou
- ounf - ounf - ounf - oun
- Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno -
- ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - o
- ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ou
- ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - oun
- ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ou
- ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - oun
- Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno -
- onul - onul - onul - onul - onul - o
- Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno -

Configuration option = Default value	Description
rpc_conn_pool_size = 30	(IntOpt) Size of RPC connection pool.
rpc_response_timeout = 60	(IntOpt) Seconds to wait for a response from a call.
rpc_thread_pool_size = 64	(IntOpt) Size of RPC greenthread pool.

#### Table 6.31. Description of AMQP configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
amqp_auto_delete = False	(BoolOpt) Auto-delete queues in amqp.
amqp_durable_queues = False	(BoolOpt) Use durable queues in amqp.
control_exchange = keystone	(StrOpt) The default exchange under which topics are scoped. May be overridden by an exchange name specified in the transport_url option.
default_publisher_id = None	(StrOpt) Default publisher_id for outgoing notifications
notification_driver = []	(MultiStrOpt) Driver or drivers to handle sending notifications.
notification_topics = notifications	(ListOpt) AMQP topic used for OpenStack notifications.
transport_url = None	(StrOpt) A URL representing the messaging driver to use and its full configuration. If not set, we fall back to the rpc_backend option and driver specific configuration.

#### **Table 6.32. Description of Qpid configuration options**

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
qpid_heartbeat = 60	(IntOpt) Seconds between connection keepalive heart- beats.
qpid_hostname = localhost	(StrOpt) Qpid broker hostname.
qpid_hosts = \$qpid_hostname:\$qpid_port	(ListOpt) Qpid HA cluster host:port pairs.
qpid_password =	(StrOpt) Password for Qpid connection.
qpid_port = 5672	(IntOpt) Qpid broker port.
qpid_protocol = tcp	(StrOpt) Transport to use, either 'tcp' or 'ssl'.
qpid_receiver_capacity = 1	(IntOpt) The number of prefetched messages held by receiver.
qpid_sasl_mechanisms =	(StrOpt) Space separated list of SASL mechanisms to use for auth.
qpid_tcp_nodelay = True	(BoolOpt) Whether to disable the Nagle algorithm.
<pre>qpid_topology_version = 1</pre>	(IntOpt) The qpid topology version to use. Version 1 is what was originally used by impl_qpid. Version 2 includes some backwards-incompatible changes that allow broker federation to work. Users should update to version 2 when they are able to take everything down, as it requires a clean break.
qpid_username =	(StrOpt) Username for Qpid connection.

## Table 6.33. Description of RabbitMQ configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[DEFAULT]	
kombu_reconnect_delay = 1.0	(FloatOpt) How long to wait before reconnecting in response to an AMQP consumer cancel notification.

#### Table 6.34. Description of ZeroMQ configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description	
[DEFAULT]		
rpc_zmq_bind_address = *	(StrOpt) ZeroMQ bind address. Should be a wildcard (*), an ethernet interface, or IP. The "host" option should point or resolve to this address.	
rpc_zmq_contexts = 1	(IntOpt) Number of ZeroMQ contexts, defaults to 1.	
rpc_zmq_host = localhost	(StrOpt) Name of this node. Must be a valid hostname, FQDN, or IP address. Must match "host" option, if running Nova.	
rpc_zmq_ipc_dir = /var/run/openstack	(StrOpt) Directory for holding IPC sockets.	
rpc_zmq_matchmaker = oslo.messagingdrivers.matchmaker.MatchMakerLocalhos	(StrOpt) MatchMaker driver.	
rpc_zmq_port = 9501	(IntOpt) ZeroMQ receiver listening port.	
rpc_zmq_topic_backlog = None	(IntOpt) Maximum number of ingress messages to locally buffer per topic. Default is unlimited.	

#### Table 6.35. Description of Redis configuration options

Configuration option = Default value	Description
[matchmaker_redis]	
host = 127.0.0.1	(StrOpt) Host to locate redis.
password = None	(StrOpt) Password for Redis server (optional).

Configuration option = Default value	Description
port = 6379	(IntOpt) Use this port to connect to redis host.
[matchmaker_ring]	·
ringfile = /etc/oslo/matchmaker_ring.json	(StrOpt) Matchmaker ring file (JSON).

# Identity service sample configuration files

You can find the files described in this section in the /etc/keystone directory.

### keystone.conf

Use the keystone.conf file to configure most Identity service options:

```
[DEFAULT]
# Options defined in keystone
# A "shared secret" that can be used to bootstrap Keystone.
# This "token" does not represent a user, and carries no
# explicit authorization. To disable in production (highly
# recommended), remove AdminTokenAuthMiddleware from your
# paste application pipelines (for example, in keystone-
# paste.ini). (string value)
#admin_token=ADMIN
# The IP address of the network interface for the public
# service to listen on. (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/bind_host
#public_bind_host=0.0.0.0
# The IP address of the network interface for the admin
# service to listen on. (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/bind_host
#admin_bind_host=0.0.0.0
# (Deprecated) The port which the OpenStack Compute service
# listens on. This option was only used for string replacement
# in the templated catalog backend. Templated catalogs should
# replace the "$(compute_port)s" substitution with the static
# port of the compute service. As of Juno, this option is
# deprecated and will be removed in the L release. (integer
# value)
#compute_port=8774
# The port number which the admin service listens on. (integer
# value)
#admin_port=35357
# The port number which the public service listens on.
# (integer value)
#public_port=5000
# The base public endpoint URL for Keystone that is advertised
# to clients (NOTE: this does NOT affect how Keystone listens
# for connections). Defaults to the base host URL of the
```

```
uno - Juno ```

```
# request. E.g. a request to http://server:5000/v2.0/users
# will default to http://server:5000. You should only need to
# set this value if the base URL contains a path (e.g.
# /prefix/v2.0) or the endpoint should be found on a different
# server. (string value)
#public_endpoint=<None>
# The base admin endpoint URL for Keystone that is advertised
# to clients (NOTE: this does NOT affect how Keystone listens
# for connections). Defaults to the base host URL of the
# request. E.g. a request to http://server:35357/v2.0/users
# will default to http://server:35357. You should only need to
# set this value if the base URL contains a path (e.g.
# /prefix/v2.0) or the endpoint should be found on a different
# server. (string value)
#admin_endpoint=<None>
# The number of worker processes to serve the public WSGI
# application. Defaults to number of CPUs (minimum of 2).
# (integer value)
#public_workers=<None>
# The number of worker processes to serve the admin WSGI
# application. Defaults to number of CPUs (minimum of 2).
# (integer value)
#admin_workers=<None>
# Enforced by optional sizelimit middleware
# (keystone.middleware:RequestBodySizeLimiter). (integer
# value)
#max_request_body_size=114688
# Limit the sizes of user & project ID/names. (integer value)
#max_param_size=64
# Similar to max_param_size, but provides an exception for
# token values. (integer value)
#max_token_size=8192
# During a SQL upgrade member_role_id will be used to create a
# new role that will replace records in the assignment table
# with explicit role grants. After migration, the
# member_role_id will be used in the API add_user_to_project.
# (string value)
#member_role_id=9fe2ff9ee4384b1894a90878d3e92bab
# During a SQL upgrade member_role_name will be used to create
# a new role that will replace records in the assignment table
# with explicit role grants. After migration, member_role_name
# will be ignored. (string value)
#member_role_name=_member_
# The value passed as the keyword "rounds" to passlib's
# encrypt method. (integer value)
#crypt_strength=40000
# Set this to true if you want to enable TCP_KEEPALIVE on
# server sockets, i.e. sockets used by the Keystone wsgi
# server for client connections. (boolean value)
#tcp_keepalive=false
```

```
uno - Juno ```

```
# Sets the value of TCP_KEEPIDLE in seconds for each server
# socket. Only applies if tcp_keepalive is true. Not supported
# on OS X. (integer value)
#tcp_keepidle=600
# The maximum number of entities that will be returned in a
# collection, with no limit set by default. This global limit
# may be then overridden for a specific driver, by specifying
# a list_limit in the appropriate section (e.g. [assignment]).
# (integer value)
#list_limit=<None>
# Set this to false if you want to enable the ability for
# user, group and project entities to be moved between domains
# by updating their domain_id. Allowing such movement is not
# recommended if the scope of a domain admin is being
# restricted by use of an appropriate policy file (see
# policy.v3cloudsample as an example). (boolean value)
#domain_id_immutable=true
# If set to true, strict password length checking is performed
# for password manipulation. If a password exceeds the maximum
# length, the operation will fail with an HTTP 403 Forbidden
# error. If set to false, passwords are automatically
# truncated to the maximum length. (boolean value)
#strict_password_check=false
# Options defined in oslo.messaging
# Use durable queues in amqp. (boolean value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/rabbit_durable_queues
#amqp_durable_queues=false
# Auto-delete queues in amqp. (boolean value)
#amqp_auto_delete=false
# Size of RPC connection pool. (integer value)
#rpc_conn_pool_size=30
# Qpid broker hostname. (string value)
#qpid_hostname=localhost
# Qpid broker port. (integer value)
#qpid_port=5672
# Qpid HA cluster host:port pairs. (list value)
#qpid_hosts=$qpid_hostname:$qpid_port
# Username for Qpid connection. (string value)
#qpid_username=
# Password for Qpid connection. (string value)
#qpid_password=
# Space separated list of SASL mechanisms to use for auth.
# (string value)
```

```
uno - Juno ```

```
#qpid_sasl_mechanisms=
# Seconds between connection keepalive heartbeats. (integer
# value)
#qpid_heartbeat=60
# Transport to use, either 'tcp' or 'ssl'. (string value)
#qpid_protocol=tcp
# Whether to disable the Nagle algorithm. (boolean value)
#qpid_tcp_nodelay=true
# The number of prefetched messages held by receiver. (integer
# value)
#gpid_receiver_capacity=1
# The qpid topology version to use. Version 1 is what was
# originally used by impl_qpid. Version 2 includes some
# backwards-incompatible changes that allow broker federation
# to work. Users should update to version 2 when they are
# able to take everything down, as it requires a clean break.
# (integer value)
#qpid_topology_version=1
# SSL version to use (valid only if SSL enabled). valid values
# are TLSv1, SSLv23 and SSLv3. SSLv2 may be available on some
# distributions. (string value)
#kombu_ssl_version=
# SSL key file (valid only if SSL enabled). (string value)
#kombu_ssl_keyfile=
# SSL cert file (valid only if SSL enabled). (string value)
#kombu_ssl_certfile=
# SSL certification authority file (valid only if SSL
# enabled). (string value)
#kombu_ssl_ca_certs=
# How long to wait before reconnecting in response to an AMQP
# consumer cancel notification. (floating point value)
#kombu_reconnect_delay=1.0
# The RabbitMQ broker address where a single node is used.
# (string value)
#rabbit_host=localhost
# The RabbitMQ broker port where a single node is used.
# (integer value)
#rabbit_port=5672
# RabbitMQ HA cluster host:port pairs. (list value)
#rabbit_hosts=$rabbit_host:$rabbit_port
# Connect over SSL for RabbitMQ. (boolean value)
#rabbit_use_ssl=false
# The RabbitMQ userid. (string value)
#rabbit_userid=guest
```

December 8, 2015

```
uno - Juno ```

```
# The RabbitMQ password. (string value)
#rabbit_password=guest
# the RabbitMQ login method (string value)
#rabbit_login_method=AMQPLAIN
# The RabbitMQ virtual host. (string value)
#rabbit_virtual_host=/
# How frequently to retry connecting with RabbitMQ. (integer
# value)
#rabbit_retry_interval=1
# How long to backoff for between retries when connecting to
# RabbitMQ. (integer value)
#rabbit_retry_backoff=2
# Maximum number of RabbitMQ connection retries. Default is 0
# (infinite retry count). (integer value)
#rabbit_max_retries=0
# Use HA queues in RabbitMQ (x-ha-policy: all). If you change
# this option, you must wipe the RabbitMQ database. (boolean
# value)
#rabbit_ha_queues=false
# If passed, use a fake RabbitMQ provider. (boolean value)
#fake_rabbit=false
# ZeroMQ bind address. Should be a wildcard (*), an ethernet
# interface, or IP. The "host" option should point or resolve
# to this address. (string value)
#rpc_zmq_bind_address=*
# MatchMaker driver. (string value)
#rpc_zmq_matchmaker=oslo.messaging._drivers.matchmaker.MatchMakerLocalhost
# ZeroMQ receiver listening port. (integer value)
#rpc_zmq_port=9501
# Number of ZeroMQ contexts, defaults to 1. (integer value)
#rpc_zmq_contexts=1
# Maximum number of ingress messages to locally buffer per
# topic. Default is unlimited. (integer value)
#rpc_zmq_topic_backlog=<None>
# Directory for holding IPC sockets. (string value)
#rpc_zmq_ipc_dir=/var/run/openstack
# Name of this node. Must be a valid hostname, FQDN, or IP
# address. Must match "host" option, if running Nova. (string
# value)
#rpc_zmq_host=keystone
# Seconds to wait before a cast expires (TTL). Only supported
# by impl_zmq. (integer value)
#rpc_cast_timeout=30
# Heartbeat frequency. (integer value)
```

```
#matchmaker_heartbeat_freq=300
# Heartbeat time-to-live. (integer value)
#matchmaker_heartbeat_ttl=600
# Size of RPC greenthread pool. (integer value)
#rpc_thread_pool_size=64
# Driver or drivers to handle sending notifications. (multi
# valued)
#notification_driver=
# AMQP topic used for OpenStack notifications. (list value)
# Deprecated group/name - [rpc_notifier2]/topics
#notification_topics=notifications
# Seconds to wait for a response from a call. (integer value)
#rpc_response_timeout=60
# A URL representing the messaging driver to use and its full
# configuration. If not set, we fall back to the rpc_backend
# option and driver specific configuration. (string value)
#transport_url=<None>
# The messaging driver to use, defaults to rabbit. Other
# drivers include qpid and zmq. (string value)
#rpc_backend=rabbit
# The default exchange under which topics are scoped. May be
# overridden by an exchange name specified in the
# transport_url option. (string value)
#control_exchange=keystone
# Options defined in keystone.notifications
# Default publisher_id for outgoing notifications (string
# value)
#default_publisher_id=<None>
# Options defined in keystone.openstack.common.eventlet_backdoor
# Enable eventlet backdoor. Acceptable values are 0, <port>,
# and <start>:<end>, where 0 results in listening on a random
# tcp port number; <port> results in listening on the
# specified port number (and not enabling backdoor if that
# port is in use); and <start>:<end> results in listening on
# the smallest unused port number within the specified range
# of port numbers. The chosen port is displayed in the
# service's log file. (string value)
#backdoor_port=<None>
# Options defined in keystone.openstack.common.log
```

```
uno - Juno ```

```
# Print debugging output (set logging level to DEBUG instead
# of default WARNING level). (boolean value)
#debug=false
# Print more verbose output (set logging level to INFO instead
# of default WARNING level). (boolean value)
#verbose=false
# Log output to standard error. (boolean value)
#use_stderr=true
# Format string to use for log messages with context. (string
#logging_context_format_string=%(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d %(process)d
%(levelname)s %(name)s [%(request_id)s %(user_identity)s] %(instance)s
%(message)s
# Format string to use for log messages without context.
# (string value)
#logging_default_format_string=%(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d %(process)d
%(levelname)s %(name)s [-] %(instance)s%(message)s
# Data to append to log format when level is DEBUG. (string
# value)
#logging_debug_format_suffix=%(funcName)s %(pathname)s:%(lineno)d
# Prefix each line of exception output with this format.
# (string value)
#logging_exception_prefix=%(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d %(process)d TRACE %(name)s
%(instance)s
# List of logger=LEVEL pairs. (list value)
#default_log_levels=amqp=WARN,amqplib=WARN,boto=WARN,qpid=WARN,sqlalchemy=
WARN, suds=INFO, oslo.messaging=INFO, iso8601=WARN, requests.packages.
urllib3.connectionpool=WARN,urllib3.connectionpool=WARN,websocket=WARN,
keystonemiddleware=WARN,routes.middleware=WARN,stevedore=WARN
# Enables or disables publication of error events. (boolean
# value)
#publish_errors=false
# Enables or disables fatal status of deprecations. (boolean
# value)
#fatal_deprecations=false
# The format for an instance that is passed with the log
# message. (string value)
#instance_format="[instance: %(uuid)s] "
# The format for an instance UUID that is passed with the log
# message. (string value)
#instance_uuid_format="[instance: %(uuid)s] "
# The name of a logging configuration file. This file is
# appended to any existing logging configuration files. For
# details about logging configuration files, see the Python
# logging module documentation. (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/log_config
```

uno - Juno 
```
#log_config_append=<None>
# DEPRECATED. A logging. Formatter log message format string
# which may use any of the available logging.LogRecord
# attributes. This option is deprecated. Please use
# logging_context_format_string and
# logging_default_format_string instead. (string value)
#log_format=<None>
# Format string for %%(asctime)s in log records. Default:
# %(default)s . (string value)
#log_date_format=%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S
# (Optional) Name of log file to output to. If no default is
# set, logging will go to stdout. (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/logfile
#log_file=<None>
# (Optional) The base directory used for relative --log-file
# paths. (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/logdir
#log_dir=<None>
# Use syslog for logging. Existing syslog format is DEPRECATED
# during I, and will change in J to honor RFC5424. (boolean
# value)
#use_syslog=false
# (Optional) Enables or disables syslog rfc5424 format for
# logging. If enabled, prefixes the MSG part of the syslog
# message with APP-NAME (RFC5424). The format without the APP-
# NAME is deprecated in I, and will be removed in J. (boolean
# value)
#use_syslog_rfc_format=false
# Syslog facility to receive log lines. (string value)
#syslog_log_facility=LOG_USER
# Options defined in keystone.openstack.common.policy
# The JSON file that defines policies. (string value)
#policy_file=policy.json
# Default rule. Enforced when a requested rule is not found.
# (string value)
#policy_default_rule=default
[assignment]
# Options defined in keystone
# Assignment backend driver. (string value)
#driver=<None>
```

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

```
# Toggle for assignment caching. This has no effect unless
# global caching is enabled. (boolean value)
#caching=true
# TTL (in seconds) to cache assignment data. This has no
# effect unless global caching is enabled. (integer value)
#cache_time=<None>
# Maximum number of entities that will be returned in an
# assignment collection. (integer value)
#list_limit=<None>
[auth]
# Options defined in keystone
# Default auth methods. (list value)
#methods=external,password,token
# The password auth plugin module. (string value)
#password=keystone.auth.plugins.password.Password
# The token auth plugin module. (string value)
#token=keystone.auth.plugins.token.Token
# The external (REMOTE_USER) auth plugin module. (string
# value)
#external=keystone.auth.plugins.external.DefaultDomain
[cache]
# Options defined in keystone
# Prefix for building the configuration dictionary for the
# cache region. This should not need to be changed unless
# there is another dogpile.cache region with the same
# configuration name. (string value)
#config_prefix=cache.keystone
# Default TTL, in seconds, for any cached item in the
# dogpile.cache region. This applies to any cached method that
# doesn't have an explicit cache expiration time defined for
# it. (integer value)
#expiration_time=600
# Dogpile.cache backend module. It is recommended that
# Memcache with pooling (keystone.cache.memcache_pool) or
# Redis (dogpile.cache.redis) be used in production
# deployments. Small workloads (single process) like devstack
# can use the dogpile.cache.memory backend. (string value)
#backend=keystone.common.cache.noop
# Arguments supplied to the backend module. Specify this
# option once per argument to be passed to the dogpile.cache
```

```
ounc - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno
```

```
# backend. Example format: "<argname>:<value>". (multi valued)
#backend_argument=
# Proxy classes to import that will affect the way the
# dogpile.cache backend functions. See the dogpile.cache
# documentation on changing-backend-behavior. (list value)
#proxies=
# Global toggle for all caching using the should_cache_fn
# mechanism. (boolean value)
#enabled=false
# Extra debugging from the cache backend (cache keys,
# get/set/delete/etc calls). This is only really useful if you
# need to see the specific cache-backend get/set/delete calls
# with the keys/values. Typically this should be left set to
# false. (boolean value)
#debug_cache_backend=false
# Memcache servers in the format of "host:port".
# (dogpile.cache.memcache and keystone.cache.memcache_pool
# backends only) (list value)
#memcache_servers=localhost:11211
# Number of seconds memcached server is considered dead before
# it is tried again. (dogpile.cache.memcache and
# keystone.cache.memcache_pool backends only) (integer value)
#memcache_dead_retry=300
# Timeout in seconds for every call to a server.
# (dogpile.cache.memcache and keystone.cache.memcache_pool
# backends only) (integer value)
#memcache_socket_timeout=3
# Max total number of open connections to every memcached
# server. (keystone.cache.memcache_pool backend only) (integer
# value)
#memcache_pool_maxsize=10
# Number of seconds a connection to memcached is held unused
# in the pool before it is closed.
# (keystone.cache.memcache_pool backend only) (integer value)
#memcache_pool_unused_timeout=60
# Number of seconds that an operation will wait to get a
# memcache client connection. (integer value)
#memcache_pool_connection_get_timeout=10
[catalog]
# Options defined in keystone
# Catalog template file name for use with the template catalog
# backend. (string value)
#template_file=default_catalog.templates
# Catalog backend driver. (string value)
```

uno - Juno 
```
#driver=keystone.catalog.backends.sql.Catalog
# Toggle for catalog caching. This has no effect unless global
# caching is enabled. (boolean value)
#caching=true
# Time to cache catalog data (in seconds). This has no effect
# unless global and catalog caching are enabled. (integer
# value)
#cache_time=<None>
# Maximum number of entities that will be returned in a
# catalog collection. (integer value)
#list_limit=<None>
# (Deprecated) List of possible substitutions for use in
# formatting endpoints. Use caution when modifying this list.
# It will give users with permission to create endpoints the
# ability to see those values in your configuration file. This
# option will be removed in Juno. (list value)
#endpoint_substitution_whitelist=tenant_id,user_id,public_bind_host,
admin_bind_host,compute_host,compute_port,admin_port,public_port,
public_endpoint,admin_endpoint
[credential]
# Options defined in keystone
# Credential backend driver. (string value)
#driver=keystone.credential.backends.sql.Credential
[database]
# Options defined in oslo.db
# The file name to use with SQLite. (string value)
#sqlite_db=oslo.sqlite
# If True, SQLite uses synchronous mode. (boolean value)
#sqlite_synchronous=true
# The back end to use for the database. (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/db_backend
#backend=sqlalchemy
# The SQLAlchemy connection string to use to connect to the
# database. (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_connection
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sql_connection
# Deprecated group/name - [sql]/connection
#connection=<None>
# The SQLAlchemy connection string to use to connect to the
# slave database. (string value)
                                 374
```

December 8, 2015

```
#slave_connection=<None>
# The SQL mode to be used for MySQL sessions. This option,
# including the default, overrides any server-set SQL mode. To
# use whatever SQL mode is set by the server configuration,
# set this to no value. Example: mysql_sql_mode= (string
# value)
#mysql_sql_mode=TRADITIONAL
# Timeout before idle SQL connections are reaped. (integer
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_idle_timeout
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sql_idle_timeout
# Deprecated group/name - [sql]/idle_timeout
#idle_timeout=3600
# Minimum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool.
# (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_min_pool_size
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sql_min_pool_size
#min_pool_size=1
# Maximum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool.
# (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_max_pool_size
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sql_max_pool_size
#max_pool_size=<None>
# Maximum db connection retries during startup. Set to -1 to
# specify an infinite retry count. (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_max_retries
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sql_max_retries
#max_retries=10
# Interval between retries of opening a SQL connection.
# (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_retry_interval
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/reconnect_interval
#retry_interval=10
# If set, use this value for max_overflow with SQLAlchemy.
# (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_max_overflow
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sqlalchemy_max_overflow
#max_overflow=<None>
# Verbosity of SQL debugging information: 0=None,
# 100=Everything. (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_connection_debug
#connection_debug=0
# Add Python stack traces to SQL as comment strings. (boolean
# value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_connection_trace
#connection_trace=false
# If set, use this value for pool_timeout with SQLAlchemy.
# (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sqlalchemy_pool_timeout
#pool_timeout=<None>
```

```
# Enable the experimental use of database reconnect on
# connection lost. (boolean value)
#use_db_reconnect=false
# Seconds between database connection retries. (integer value)
#db_retry_interval=1
# If True, increases the interval between database connection
# retries up to db_max_retry_interval. (boolean value)
#db_inc_retry_interval=true
# If db_inc_retry_interval is set, the maximum seconds between
# database connection retries. (integer value)
#db_max_retry_interval=10
# Maximum database connection retries before error is raised.
# Set to -1 to specify an infinite retry count. (integer
# value)
#db_max_retries=20
[ec2]
# Options defined in keystone
# EC2Credential backend driver. (string value)
#driver=keystone.contrib.ec2.backends.kvs.Ec2
[endpoint_filter]
# Options defined in keystone
# Endpoint Filter backend driver (string value)
#driver=keystone.contrib.endpoint_filter.backends.sql.EndpointFilter
# Toggle to return all active endpoints if no filter exists.
# (boolean value)
#return_all_endpoints_if_no_filter=true
[endpoint_policy]
# Options defined in keystone
# Endpoint policy backend driver (string value)
#driver=keystone.contrib.endpoint_policy.backends.sql.EndpointPolicy
[federation]
# Options defined in keystone
```

```
# Federation backend driver. (string value)
#driver=keystone.contrib.federation.backends.sql.Federation
# Value to be used when filtering assertion parameters from
# the environment. (string value)
#assertion_prefix=
[identity]
# Options defined in keystone
# This references the domain to use for all Identity API v2
# requests (which are not aware of domains). A domain with
# this ID will be created for you by keystone-manage db_sync
# in migration 008. The domain referenced by this ID cannot be
# deleted on the v3 API, to prevent accidentally breaking the
# v2 API. There is nothing special about this domain, other
# than the fact that it must exist to order to maintain
# support for your v2 clients. (string value)
#default_domain_id=default
# A subset (or all) of domains can have their own identity
# driver, each with their own partial configuration file in a
# domain configuration directory. Only values specific to the
# domain need to be placed in the domain specific
# configuration file. This feature is disabled by default; set
# to true to enable. (boolean value)
#domain_specific_drivers_enabled=false
# Path for Keystone to locate the domain specific identity
# configuration files if domain_specific_drivers_enabled is
# set to true. (string value)
#domain_config_dir=/etc/keystone/domains
# Identity backend driver. (string value)
#driver=keystone.identity.backends.sql.Identity
# Maximum supported length for user passwords; decrease to
# improve performance. (integer value)
#max_password_length=4096
# Maximum number of entities that will be returned in an
# identity collection. (integer value)
#list_limit=<None>
[identity_mapping]
# Options defined in keystone
# Keystone Identity Mapping backend driver. (string value)
#driver=keystone.identity.mapping_backends.sql.Mapping
```

ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf

```
# Public ID generator for user and group entities. The
# Keystone identity mapper only supports generators that
# produce no more than 64 characters. (string value)
#generator=keystone.identity.id_generators.sha256.Generator
# The format of user and group IDs changed in Juno for
# backends that do not generate UUIDs (e.g. LDAP), with
# keystone providing a hash mapping to the underlying
# attribute in LDAP. By default this mapping is disabled,
# which ensures that existing IDs will not change. Even when
# the mapping is enabled by using domain specific drivers, any
# users and groups from the default domain being handled by
# LDAP will still not be mapped to ensure their IDs remain
# backward compatible. Setting this value to False will enable
# the mapping for even the default LDAP driver. It is only
# safe to do this if you do not already have assignments for
# users and groups from the default LDAP domain, and it is
# acceptable for Keystone to provide the different IDs to
# clients than it did previously. Typically this means that
# the only time you can set this value to False is when
# configuring a fresh installation. (boolean value)
#backward_compatible_ids=true
[kvs]
# Options defined in keystone
# Extra dogpile.cache backend modules to register with the
# dogpile.cache library. (list value)
#backends=
# Prefix for building the configuration dictionary for the KVS
# region. This should not need to be changed unless there is
# another dogpile.cache region with the same configuration
# name. (string value)
#config_prefix=keystone.kvs
# Toggle to disable using a key-mangling function to ensure
# fixed length keys. This is toggle-able for debugging
# purposes, it is highly recommended to always leave this set
# to true. (boolean value)
#enable_key_mangler=true
# Default lock timeout for distributed locking. (integer
# value)
#default_lock_timeout=5
[ldap]
# Options defined in keystone
# URL for connecting to the LDAP server. (string value)
#url=ldap://localhost
                                 378
```

ence

```
# User BindDN to query the LDAP server. (string value)
#user=<None>
# Password for the BindDN to query the LDAP server. (string
# value)
#password=<None>
# LDAP server suffix (string value)
#suffix=cn=example,cn=com
# If true, will add a dummy member to groups. This is required
# if the objectclass for groups requires the "member"
# attribute. (boolean value)
#use_dumb_member=false
# DN of the "dummy member" to use when "use_dumb_member" is
# enabled. (string value)
#dumb_member=cn=dumb,dc=nonexistent
# Delete subtrees using the subtree delete control. Only
# enable this option if your LDAP server supports subtree
# deletion. (boolean value)
#allow_subtree_delete=false
# The LDAP scope for queries, this can be either "one"
# (onelevel/singleLevel) or "sub" (subtree/wholeSubtree).
# (string value)
#query_scope=one
# Maximum results per page; a value of zero ("0") disables
# paging. (integer value)
#page_size=0
# The LDAP dereferencing option for queries. This can be
# either "never", "searching", "always", "finding" or
# "default". The "default" option falls back to using default
# dereferencing configured by your ldap.conf. (string value)
#alias_dereferencing=default
# Sets the LDAP debugging level for LDAP calls. A value of 0
# means that debugging is not enabled. This value is a
# bitmask, consult your LDAP documentation for possible
# values. (integer value)
#debug_level=<None>
# Override the system's default referral chasing behavior for
# queries. (boolean value)
#chase_referrals=<None>
# Search base for users. (string value)
#user_tree_dn=<None>
# LDAP search filter for users. (string value)
#user_filter=<None>
# LDAP objectclass for users. (string value)
#user_objectclass=inetOrgPerson
# LDAP attribute mapped to user id. WARNING: must not be a
# multivalued attribute. (string value)
```

```
#user_id_attribute=cn
# LDAP attribute mapped to user name. (string value)
#user_name_attribute=sn
# LDAP attribute mapped to user email. (string value)
#user_mail_attribute=mail
# LDAP attribute mapped to password. (string value)
#user_pass_attribute=userPassword
# LDAP attribute mapped to user enabled flag. (string value)
#user_enabled_attribute=enabled
# Invert the meaning of the boolean enabled values. Some LDAP
# servers use a boolean lock attribute where "true" means an
# account is disabled. Setting "user_enabled_invert = true"
# will allow these lock attributes to be used. This setting
# will have no effect if "user_enabled_mask" or
# "user_enabled_emulation" settings are in use. (boolean
# value)
#user_enabled_invert=false
# Bitmask integer to indicate the bit that the enabled value
# is stored in if the LDAP server represents "enabled" as a
# bit on an integer rather than a boolean. A value of "0"
# indicates the mask is not used. If this is not set to "0"
# the typical value is "2". This is typically used when
# "user_enabled_attribute = userAccountControl". (integer
# value)
#user_enabled_mask=0
# Default value to enable users. This should match an
# appropriate int value if the LDAP server uses non-boolean
# (bitmask) values to indicate if a user is enabled or
# disabled. If this is not set to "True" the typical value is
# "512". This is typically used when "user_enabled_attribute =
# userAccountControl". (string value)
#user_enabled_default=True
# List of attributes stripped off the user on update. (list
#user_attribute_ignore=default_project_id,tenants
# LDAP attribute mapped to default_project_id for users.
# (string value)
#user_default_project_id_attribute=<None>
# Allow user creation in LDAP backend. (boolean value)
#user_allow_create=true
# Allow user updates in LDAP backend. (boolean value)
#user_allow_update=true
# Allow user deletion in LDAP backend. (boolean value)
#user_allow_delete=true
# If true, Keystone uses an alternative method to determine if
# a user is enabled or not by checking if they are a member of
# the "user_enabled_emulation_dn" group. (boolean value)
```

December 8, 2015

```
ounc - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno
```

```
#user_enabled_emulation=false
# DN of the group entry to hold enabled users when using
# enabled emulation. (string value)
#user_enabled_emulation_dn=<None>
# List of additional LDAP attributes used for mapping
# additional attribute mappings for users. Attribute mapping
# format is <ldap_attr>:<user_attr>, where ldap_attr is the
# attribute in the LDAP entry and user_attr is the Identity
# API attribute. (list value)
#user_additional_attribute_mapping=
# Search base for projects (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [ldap]/tenant_tree_dn
#project_tree_dn=<None>
# LDAP search filter for projects. (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [ldap]/tenant_filter
#project_filter=<None>
# LDAP objectclass for projects. (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [ldap]/tenant_objectclass
#project_objectclass=groupOfNames
# LDAP attribute mapped to project id. (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [ldap]/tenant_id_attribute
#project_id_attribute=cn
# LDAP attribute mapped to project membership for user.
# (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [ldap]/tenant_member_attribute
#project_member_attribute=member
# LDAP attribute mapped to project name. (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [ldap]/tenant_name_attribute
#project_name_attribute=ou
# LDAP attribute mapped to project description. (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [ldap]/tenant_desc_attribute
#project_desc_attribute=description
# LDAP attribute mapped to project enabled. (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [ldap]/tenant_enabled_attribute
#project_enabled_attribute=enabled
# LDAP attribute mapped to project domain_id. (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [ldap]/tenant_domain_id_attribute
#project_domain_id_attribute=businessCategory
# List of attributes stripped off the project on update. (list
# value)
# Deprecated group/name - [ldap]/tenant_attribute_ignore
#project_attribute_ignore=
# Allow project creation in LDAP backend. (boolean value)
# Deprecated group/name - [ldap]/tenant_allow_create
#project_allow_create=true
# Allow project update in LDAP backend. (boolean value)
```

December 8, 2015

```
uno - Juno ```

```
# Deprecated group/name - [ldap]/tenant_allow_update
#project_allow_update=true
# Allow project deletion in LDAP backend. (boolean value)
# Deprecated group/name - [ldap]/tenant_allow_delete
#project_allow_delete=true
# If true, Keystone uses an alternative method to determine if
# a project is enabled or not by checking if they are a member
# of the "project_enabled_emulation_dn" group. (boolean value)
# Deprecated group/name - [ldap]/tenant_enabled_emulation
#project_enabled_emulation=false
# DN of the group entry to hold enabled projects when using
# enabled emulation. (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [ldap]/tenant_enabled_emulation_dn
#project_enabled_emulation_dn=<None>
# Additional attribute mappings for projects. Attribute
# mapping format is <ldap_attr>:<user_attr>, where ldap_attr
# is the attribute in the LDAP entry and user_attr is the
# Identity API attribute. (list value)
# Deprecated group/name - [ldap]/tenant_additional_attribute_mapping
#project_additional_attribute_mapping=
# Search base for roles. (string value)
#role_tree_dn=<None>
# LDAP search filter for roles. (string value)
#role_filter=<None>
# LDAP objectclass for roles. (string value)
#role_objectclass=organizationalRole
# LDAP attribute mapped to role id. (string value)
#role_id_attribute=cn
# LDAP attribute mapped to role name. (string value)
#role_name_attribute=ou
# LDAP attribute mapped to role membership. (string value)
#role_member_attribute=roleOccupant
# List of attributes stripped off the role on update. (list
# value)
#role_attribute_ignore=
# Allow role creation in LDAP backend. (boolean value)
#role_allow_create=true
# Allow role update in LDAP backend. (boolean value)
#role_allow_update=true
# Allow role deletion in LDAP backend. (boolean value)
#role_allow_delete=true
# Additional attribute mappings for roles. Attribute mapping
# format is <ldap_attr>:<user_attr>, where ldap_attr is the
# attribute in the LDAP entry and user_attr is the Identity
# API attribute. (list value)
```

```
#role_additional_attribute_mapping=
# Search base for groups. (string value)
#group_tree_dn=<None>
# LDAP search filter for groups. (string value)
#group_filter=<None>
# LDAP objectclass for groups. (string value)
#group_objectclass=groupOfNames
# LDAP attribute mapped to group id. (string value)
#group_id_attribute=cn
# LDAP attribute mapped to group name. (string value)
#group_name_attribute=ou
# LDAP attribute mapped to show group membership. (string
# value)
#group_member_attribute=member
# LDAP attribute mapped to group description. (string value)
#group_desc_attribute=description
# List of attributes stripped off the group on update. (list
# value)
#group_attribute_ignore=
# Allow group creation in LDAP backend. (boolean value)
#group_allow_create=true
# Allow group update in LDAP backend. (boolean value)
#group_allow_update=true
# Allow group deletion in LDAP backend. (boolean value)
#group_allow_delete=true
# Additional attribute mappings for groups. Attribute mapping
# format is <ldap_attr>:<user_attr>, where ldap_attr is the
# attribute in the LDAP entry and user_attr is the Identity
# API attribute. (list value)
#group_additional_attribute_mapping=
# CA certificate file path for communicating with LDAP
# servers. (string value)
#tls_cacertfile=<None>
# CA certificate directory path for communicating with LDAP
# servers. (string value)
#tls_cacertdir=<None>
# Enable TLS for communicating with LDAP servers. (boolean
# value)
#use_tls=false
# Valid options for tls_req_cert are demand, never, and allow.
# (string value)
#tls_req_cert=demand
# Enable LDAP connection pooling. (boolean value)
```

uno - Juno 
```
#use_pool=false
# Connection pool size. (integer value)
#pool_size=10
# Maximum count of reconnect trials. (integer value)
#pool_retry_max=3
# Time span in seconds to wait between two reconnect trials.
# (floating point value)
#pool_retry_delay=0.1
# Connector timeout in seconds. Value -1 indicates indefinite
# wait for response. (integer value)
#pool_connection_timeout=-1
# Connection lifetime in seconds. (integer value)
#pool_connection_lifetime=600
# Enable LDAP connection pooling for end user authentication.
# If use_pool is disabled, then this setting is meaningless
# and is not used at all. (boolean value)
#use_auth_pool=false
# End user auth connection pool size. (integer value)
#auth_pool_size=100
# End user auth connection lifetime in seconds. (integer
# value)
#auth_pool_connection_lifetime=60
[matchmaker_redis]
# Options defined in oslo.messaging
# Host to locate redis. (string value)
#host=127.0.0.1
# Use this port to connect to redis host. (integer value)
#port=6379
# Password for Redis server (optional). (string value)
#password=<None>
[matchmaker_ring]
# Options defined in oslo.messaging
# Matchmaker ring file (JSON). (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/matchmaker_ringfile
#ringfile=/etc/oslo/matchmaker_ring.json
[memcache]
```

ence

```
# Options defined in keystone
# Memcache servers in the format of "host:port". (list value)
#servers=localhost:11211
# Number of seconds memcached server is considered dead before
# it is tried again. This is used by the key value store
# system (e.g. token pooled memcached persistence backend).
# (integer value)
#dead_retry=300
# Timeout in seconds for every call to a server. This is used
# by the key value store system (e.g. token pooled memcached
# persistence backend). (integer value)
#socket_timeout=3
# Max total number of open connections to every memcached
# server. This is used by the key value store system (e.g.
# token pooled memcached persistence backend). (integer value)
#pool_maxsize=10
# Number of seconds a connection to memcached is held unused
# in the pool before it is closed. This is used by the key
# value store system (e.g. token pooled memcached persistence
# backend). (integer value)
#pool_unused_timeout=60
# Number of seconds that an operation will wait to get a
# memcache client connection. This is used by the key value
# store system (e.g. token pooled memcached persistence
# backend). (integer value)
#pool_connection_get_timeout=10
[oauth1]
# Options defined in keystone
# Credential backend driver. (string value)
#driver=keystone.contrib.oauth1.backends.sql.OAuth1
# Duration (in seconds) for the OAuth Request Token. (integer
# value)
#request_token_duration=28800
# Duration (in seconds) for the OAuth Access Token. (integer
#access_token_duration=86400
[os_inherit]
# Options defined in keystone
```

```
# role-assignment inheritance to projects from owning domain
# can be optionally enabled. (boolean value)
#enabled=false
[paste_deploy]
# Options defined in keystone
# Name of the paste configuration file that defines the
# available pipelines. (string value)
#config_file=keystone-paste.ini
[policy]
# Options defined in keystone
# Policy backend driver. (string value)
#driver=keystone.policy.backends.sql.Policy
# Maximum number of entities that will be returned in a policy
# collection. (integer value)
#list_limit=<None>
[revoke]
# Options defined in keystone
# An implementation of the backend for persisting revocation
# events. (string value)
#driver=keystone.contrib.revoke.backends.kvs.Revoke
# This value (calculated in seconds) is added to token
# expiration before a revocation event may be removed from the
# backend. (integer value)
#expiration_buffer=1800
# Toggle for revocation event caching. This has no effect
# unless global caching is enabled. (boolean value)
#caching=true
[saml]
# Options defined in keystone
# Default TTL, in seconds, for any generated SAML assertion
# created by Keystone. (integer value)
#assertion_expiration_time=3600
```

```
uno - Juno ```

```
# Binary to be called for XML signing. Install the appropriate
# package, specify absolute path or adjust your PATH
# environment variable if the binary cannot be found. (string
# value)
#xmlsec1_binary=xmlsec1
# Path of the certfile for SAML signing. For non-production
# environments, you may be interested in using `keystone-
# manage pki_setup` to generate self-signed certificates.
# Note, the path cannot contain a comma. (string value)
#certfile=/etc/keystone/ssl/certs/signing_cert.pem
# Path of the keyfile for SAML signing. Note, the path cannot
# contain a comma. (string value)
#keyfile=/etc/keystone/ssl/private/signing_key.pem
# Entity ID value for unique Identity Provider identification.
# Usually FQDN is set with a suffix. A value is required to
# generate IDP Metadata. For example:
# https://keystone.example.com/v3/OS-FEDERATION/saml2/idp
# (string value)
#idp_entity_id=<None>
# Identity Provider Single-Sign-On service value, required in
# the Identity Provider's metadata. A value is required to
# generate IDP Metadata. For example:
# https://keystone.example.com/v3/OS-FEDERATION/saml2/sso
# (string value)
#idp_sso_endpoint=<None>
# Language used by the organization. (string value)
#idp_lang=en
# Organization name the installation belongs to. (string
# value)
#idp_organization_name=<None>
# Organization name to be displayed. (string value)
#idp_organization_display_name=<None>
# URL of the organization. (string value)
#idp_organization_url=<None>
# Company of contact person. (string value)
#idp_contact_company=<None>
# Given name of contact person (string value)
#idp_contact_name=<None>
# Surname of contact person. (string value)
#idp_contact_surname=<None>
# Email address of contact person. (string value)
#idp_contact_email=<None>
# Telephone number of contact person. (string value)
#idp_contact_telephone=<None>
# Contact type. Allowed values are: technical, support,
```

```
ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno
                # administrative billing, and other (string value)
                #idp_contact_type=other
                # Path to the Identity Provider Metadata file. This file
                # should be generated with the keystone-manage
                # saml_idp_metadata command. (string value)
                #idp_metadata_path=/etc/keystone/saml2_idp_metadata.xml
                [signing]
                # Options defined in keystone
                # Deprecated in favor of provider in the [token] section.
                # (string value)
                #token_format=<None>
                # Path of the certfile for token signing. For non-production
                # environments, you may be interested in using `keystone-
                # manage pki_setup` to generate self-signed certificates.
                # (string value)
                #certfile=/etc/keystone/ssl/certs/signing_cert.pem
                # Path of the keyfile for token signing. (string value)
                #keyfile=/etc/keystone/ssl/private/signing_key.pem
                # Path of the CA for token signing. (string value)
                #ca_certs=/etc/keystone/ssl/certs/ca.pem
                # Path of the CA key for token signing. (string value)
                #ca_key=/etc/keystone/ssl/private/cakey.pem
                # Key size (in bits) for token signing cert (auto generated
                # certificate). (integer value)
                #key_size=2048
                # Days the token signing cert is valid for (auto generated
                # certificate). (integer value)
                #valid_days=3650
                # Certificate subject (auto generated certificate) for token
                # signing. (string value)
                #cert_subject=/C=US/ST=Unset/L=Unset/O=Unset/CN=www.example.com
                [ssl]
                # Options defined in keystone
                # Toggle for SSL support on the Keystone eventlet servers.
                # (boolean value)
                #enable=false
                # Path of the certfile for SSL. For non-production
                # environments, you may be interested in using `keystone-
                # manage ssl_setup` to generate self-signed certificates.
```

```
uno - Juno                  # (string value)
                 #certfile=/etc/keystone/ssl/certs/keystone.pem
                 # Path of the keyfile for SSL. (string value)
                 #keyfile=/etc/keystone/ssl/private/keystonekey.pem
                 # Path of the ca cert file for SSL. (string value)
                 #ca_certs=/etc/keystone/ssl/certs/ca.pem
                 # Path of the CA key file for SSL. (string value)
                 #ca_key=/etc/keystone/ssl/private/cakey.pem
                 # Require client certificate. (boolean value)
                 #cert_required=false
                 # SSL key length (in bits) (auto generated certificate).
                 # (integer value)
                 #key_size=1024
                 # Days the certificate is valid for once signed (auto
                 # generated certificate). (integer value)
                 #valid_days=3650
                 # SSL certificate subject (auto generated certificate).
                 # (string value)
                 #cert_subject=/C=US/ST=Unset/L=Unset/O=Unset/CN=localhost
                 [stats]
                 # Options defined in keystone
                 # Stats backend driver. (string value)
                 #driver=keystone.contrib.stats.backends.kvs.Stats
                 [token]
                 # Options defined in keystone
                 # External auth mechanisms that should add bind information to
                 # token, e.g., kerberos,x509. (list value)
                 #bind=
                 # Enforcement policy on tokens presented to Keystone with bind
                 # information. One of disabled, permissive, strict, required
                 # or a specifically required bind mode, e.g., kerberos or x509
                 # to require binding to that authentication. (string value)
                 #enforce_token_bind=permissive
                 # Amount of time a token should remain valid (in seconds).
                 # (integer value)
                 #expiration=3600
                 # Controls the token construction, validation, and revocation
                 # operations. Core providers are
```

```
# "keystone.token.providers.[pkiz|pki|uuid].Provider". The
# default provider is uuid. (string value)
#provider=<None>
# Token persistence backend driver. (string value)
#driver=keystone.token.persistence.backends.sql.Token
# Toggle for token system caching. This has no effect unless
# global caching is enabled. (boolean value)
#caching=true
# Time to cache the revocation list and the revocation events
# if revoke extension is enabled (in seconds). This has no
# effect unless global and token caching are enabled. (integer
#revocation_cache_time=3600
# Time to cache tokens (in seconds). This has no effect unless
# global and token caching are enabled. (integer value)
#cache_time=<None>
# Revoke token by token identifier. Setting revoke_by_id to
# true enables various forms of enumerating tokens, e.g. `list
# tokens for user`. These enumerations are processed to
# determine the list of tokens to revoke. Only disable if you
# are switching to using the Revoke extension with a backend
# other than KVS, which stores events in memory. (boolean
# value)
#revoke_by_id=true
# The hash algorithm to use for PKI tokens. This can be set to
# any algorithm that hashlib supports. WARNING: Before
# changing this value, the auth token middleware must be
# configured with the hash_algorithms, otherwise token
# revocation will not be processed correctly. (string value)
#hash_algorithm=md5
[trust]
# Options defined in keystone
# Delegation and impersonation features can be optionally
# disabled. (boolean value)
#enabled=true
# Trust backend driver. (string value)
#driver=keystone.trust.backends.sql.Trust
```

## keystone-paste.ini

Use the keystone-paste.ini file to configure the Web Service Gateway Interface (WS-GI) middleware pipeline for the Identity service.

```
# Keystone PasteDeploy configuration file.
[filter:debug]
paste.filter_factory = keystone.common.wsgi:Debug.factory
[filter:build_auth_context]
paste.filter_factory = keystone.middleware:AuthContextMiddleware.factory
[filter:token_auth]
paste.filter_factory = keystone.middleware:TokenAuthMiddleware.factory
[filter:admin_token_auth]
paste.filter_factory = keystone.middleware:AdminTokenAuthMiddleware.factory
[filter:xml_body]
paste.filter_factory = keystone.middleware:XmlBodyMiddleware.factory
[filter:xml_body_v2]
paste.filter_factory = keystone.middleware:XmlBodyMiddlewareV2.factory
[filter:xml_body_v3]
paste.filter_factory = keystone.middleware:XmlBodyMiddlewareV3.factory
[filter:json_body]
paste.filter_factory = keystone.middleware:JsonBodyMiddleware.factory
[filter:user_crud_extension]
paste.filter_factory = keystone.contrib.user_crud:CrudExtension.factory
[filter:crud_extension]
paste.filter_factory = keystone.contrib.admin_crud:CrudExtension.factory
[filter:ec2_extension]
paste.filter_factory = keystone.contrib.ec2:Ec2Extension.factory
[filter:ec2_extension_v3]
paste.filter_factory = keystone.contrib.ec2:Ec2ExtensionV3.factory
[filter:federation_extension]
paste.filter_factory = keystone.contrib.federation.
routers: Federation Extension. factory
[filter:oauth1_extension]
paste.filter_factory = keystone.contrib.oauthl.routers:OAuthlExtension.factory
[filter:s3_extension]
paste.filter_factory = keystone.contrib.s3:S3Extension.factory
[filter:endpoint_filter_extension]
paste.filter_factory = keystone.contrib.endpoint_filter.
routers: EndpointFilterExtension.factory
[filter:endpoint_policy_extension]
paste.filter_factory = keystone.contrib.endpoint_policy.
routers: EndpointPolicyExtension.factory
[filter:simple_cert_extension]
paste.filter_factory = keystone.contrib.simple_cert:SimpleCertExtension.
factory
```

oun - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

```
[filter:revoke_extension]
paste.filter_factory = keystone.contrib.revoke.routers:RevokeExtension.factory
[filter:url_normalize]
paste.filter_factory = keystone.middleware:NormalizingFilter.factory
[filter:sizelimit]
paste.filter_factory = keystone.middleware:RequestBodySizeLimiter.factory
[filter:stats_monitoring]
paste.filter_factory = keystone.contrib.stats:StatsMiddleware.factory
[filter:stats_reporting]
paste.filter_factory = keystone.contrib.stats:StatsExtension.factory
[filter:access_log]
paste.filter_factory = keystone.contrib.access:AccessLogMiddleware.factory
[app:public service]
paste.app_factory = keystone.service:public_app_factory
[app:service_v3]
paste.app_factory = keystone.service:v3_app_factory
[app:admin service]
paste.app_factory = keystone.service:admin_app_factory
[pipeline:public_api]
# The last item in this pipeline must be public_service or an equivalent
# application. It cannot be a filter.
pipeline = sizelimit url_normalize build_auth_context token_auth
admin_token_auth xml_body_v2 json_body ec2_extension user_crud_extension
public_service
[pipeline:admin_api]
# The last item in this pipeline must be admin_service or an equivalent
# application. It cannot be a filter.
pipeline = sizelimit url_normalize build_auth_context token_auth
admin_token_auth xml_body_v2 json_body ec2_extension s3_extension
crud_extension admin_service
[pipeline:api_v3]
# The last item in this pipeline must be service_v3 or an equivalent
# application. It cannot be a filter.
pipeline = sizelimit url_normalize build_auth_context token_auth
admin_token_auth xml_body_v3 json_body ec2_extension_v3 s3_extension
simple_cert_extension revoke_extension service_v3
[app:public_version_service]
paste.app_factory = keystone.service:public_version_app_factory
[app:admin_version_service]
paste.app_factory = keystone.service:admin_version_app_factory
[pipeline:public_version_api]
pipeline = sizelimit url_normalize xml_body public_version_service
[pipeline:admin_version_api]
pipeline = sizelimit url_normalize xml_body admin_version_service
```

```
[composite:main]
use = egg:Paste#urlmap
/v2.0 = public_api
/v3 = api_v3
/ = public_version_api

[composite:admin]
use = egg:Paste#urlmap
/v2.0 = admin_api
/v3 = api_v3
/ = admin_version_api
```

## logging.conf

You can specify a special logging configuration file in the keystone.conf configuration file. For example, /etc/keystone/logging.conf.

For details, see the (Python logging module documentation).

```
[loggers]
keys=root,access
[handlers]
keys=production,file,access_file,devel
[formatters]
keys=minimal, normal, debug
##########
# Loggers #
##########
[logger_root]
level=WARNING
handlers=file
[logger_access]
level=INFO
qualname=access
handlers=access_file
#################
# Log Handlers #
#################
[handler_production]
class=handlers.SysLogHandler
level=ERROR
formatter=normal
args=(('localhost', handlers.SYSLOG_UDP_PORT), handlers.SysLogHandler.
LOG_USER)
[handler_file]
class=handlers.WatchedFileHandler
level=WARNING
formatter=normal
```

```
args=('error.log',)
[handler_access_file]
class=handlers.WatchedFileHandler
level=INFO
formatter=minimal
args=('access.log',)
[handler_devel]
class=StreamHandler
level=NOTSET
formatter=debug
args=(sys.stdout,)
###################
# Log Formatters #
###################
[formatter_minimal]
format=%(message)s
[formatter_normal]
format=(%(name)s): %(asctime)s %(levelname)s %(message)s
[formatter_debug]
format=(%(name)s): %(asctime)s %(levelname)s %(module)s %(funcName)s
%(message)s
```

## policy.json

Use the policy. json file to define additional access controls that apply to the Identity service.

```
"admin_required": "role:admin or is_admin:1",
"service_role": "role:service",
"service_or_admin": "rule:admin_required or rule:service_role",
"owner" : "user_id:%(user_id)s",
"admin_or_owner": "rule:admin_required or rule:owner",
"default": "rule:admin_required",
"identity:get_region": "",
"identity:list_regions": "",
"identity:create_region": "rule:admin_required",
"identity:update_region": "rule:admin_required",
"identity:delete_region": "rule:admin_required",
"identity:get_service": "rule:admin_required",
"identity:list_services": "rule:admin_required",
"identity:create_service": "rule:admin_required",
"identity:update_service": "rule:admin_required",
"identity:delete_service": "rule:admin_required",
"identity:get_endpoint": "rule:admin_required",
"identity:list_endpoints": "rule:admin_required",
```

```
"identity:create_endpoint": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:update_endpoint": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:delete_endpoint": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:get_domain": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:list_domains": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:create_domain": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:update_domain": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:delete_domain": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:get_project": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:list_projects": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:list_user_projects": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "identity:create_project": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:update_project": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:delete_project": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:get_user": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:list_users": "rule:admin_required"
   "identity:create_user": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:update_user": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:delete_user": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:change_password": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "identity:get_group": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:list_groups": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:list_groups_for_user": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "identity:create_group": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:update_group": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:delete_group": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:list_users_in_group": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:remove_user_from_group": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:check_user_in_group": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:add_user_to_group": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:get_credential": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:list_credentials": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:create_credential": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:update_credential": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:delete_credential": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:ec2_get_credential": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "identity:ec2_list_credentials": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "identity:ec2_create_credential": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "identity:ec2_delete_credential": "rule:admin_required or (rule:owner and
user_id:%(target.credential.user_id)s)",
   "identity:get_role": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:list_roles": "rule:admin_required"
   "identity:create_role": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:update_role": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:delete_role": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:check_grant": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:list_grants": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:create_grant": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:revoke_grant": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:list_role_assignments": "rule:admin_required",
```

```
"identity:get_policy": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:list_policies": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:create_policy": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:update_policy": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:delete_policy": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:check_token": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:validate_token": "rule:service_or_admin",
   "identity:validate_token_head": "rule:service_or_admin",
   "identity:revocation_list": "rule:service_or_admin",
   "identity:revoke_token": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "identity:create_trust": "user_id:%(trust.trustor_user_id)s",
   "identity:get_trust": "rule:admin_or_owner",
   "identity:list_trusts": "",
   "identity:list_roles_for_trust": "",
   "identity:check_role_for_trust": "",
   "identity:get_role_for_trust": "",
   "identity:delete_trust": "",
   "identity:create_consumer": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:get_consumer": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:list_consumers": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:delete_consumer": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:update_consumer": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:authorize_request_token": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:list_access_token_roles": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:get_access_token_role": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:list_access_tokens": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:get_access_token": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:delete_access_token": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:list_projects_for_endpoint": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:add_endpoint_to_project": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:check_endpoint_in_project": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:list_endpoints_for_project": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:remove_endpoint_from_project": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:create_endpoint_group": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:list_endpoint_groups": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:get_endpoint_group": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:update_endpoint_group": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:delete_endpoint_group": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:list_projects_associated_with_endpoint_group":
"rule:admin_required",
   "identity:list_endpoints_associated_with_endpoint_group":
"rule:admin_required",
   "identity:list_endpoint_groups_for_project": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:add_endpoint_group_to_project": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:remove_endpoint_group_from_project": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:create_identity_provider": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:list_identity_providers": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:get_identity_providers": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:update_identity_provider": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:delete_identity_provider": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:create_protocol": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:update_protocol": "rule:admin_required",
```

```
"identity:get_protocol": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:list_protocols": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:delete_protocol": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:create_mapping": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:get_mapping": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:list_mappings": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:delete_mapping": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:update_mapping": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:get_auth_catalog": "",
   "identity:get_auth_projects": "",
   "identity:get_auth_domains": "",
   "identity:list_projects_for_groups": "",
   "identity:list_domains_for_groups": "",
   "identity:list_revoke_events": "",
   "identity:create_policy_association_for_endpoint": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:check_policy_association_for_endpoint": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:delete_policy_association_for_endpoint": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:create_policy_association_for_service": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:check_policy_association_for_service": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:delete_policy_association_for_service": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:create_policy_association_for_region_and_service":
"rule:admin_required",
   "identity:check_policy_association_for_region_and_service":
"rule:admin_required",
   "identity:delete_policy_association_for_region_and_service":
"rule:admin_required",
   "identity:get_policy_for_endpoint": "rule:admin_required",
   "identity:list_endpoints_for_policy": "rule:admin_required"
```

## **Domain-specific configuration**

Identity enables you to configure domain-specific authentication drivers. For example, you can configure a domain to have its own LDAP or SQL server.

By default, the option to configure domain-specific drivers is disabled.

To enable domain-specific drivers, set these options in [identity] section in the keystone.conf file:

```
[identity]
domain_specific_drivers_enabled = True
domain_config_dir = /etc/keystone/domains
```

When you enable domain-specific drivers, Identity looks in the domain\_config\_dir directory for configuration files that are named as follows: keystone. DOMAIN NAME.conf, where DOMAIN NAME is the domain name.

Any options that you define in the domain-specific configuration file override options in the primary configuration file for the specified domain. Any domain without a domain-specific configuration file uses only the options in the primary configuration file.

# New, updated and deprecated options in Juno for OpenStack Identity

#### **Table 6.36. New options**

| Option = default value                                                              | (Type) Help string                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT] admin_workers = None                                                      | (IntOpt) The number of worker processes to serve the admin WSGI application. Defaults to number of CPUs (minimum of 2).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [DEFAULT] public_workers = None                                                     | (IntOpt) The number of worker processes to serve the public WSGI application. Defaults to number of CPUs (minimum of 2).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [DEFAULT] strict_password_check = False                                             | (BoolOpt) If set to true, strict password length checking is performed for password manipulation. If a password exceeds the maximum length, the operation will fail with an HTTP 403 Forbidden error. If set to false, passwords are automatically truncated to the maximum length.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [cache] memcache_dead_retry = 300                                                   | (IntOpt) Number of seconds memcached server is considered dead before it is tried again. (dogpile.cache.memcache and keystone.cache.memcache_pool backends only)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [cache] memcache_pool_connection_get_timeout = 10                                   | (IntOpt) Number of seconds that an operation will wait to get a memcache client connection.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [cache] memcache_pool_maxsize = 10                                                  | (IntOpt) Max total number of open connections to every memcached server. (keystone.cache.memcache_pool backend only)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [cache] memcache_pool_unused_timeout = 60                                           | (IntOpt) Number of seconds a connection to mem-<br>cached is held unused in the pool before it is closed.<br>(keystone.cache.memcache_pool backend only)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [cache] memcache_servers = localhost:11211                                          | (ListOpt) Memcache servers in the format of "host:port". (dogpile.cache.memcache and keystone.cache.memcache_pool backends only)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [cache] memcache_socket_timeout = 3                                                 | (IntOpt) Timeout in seconds for every call to a server. (dogpile.cache.memcache and keystone.cache.memcache_pool backends only)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [catalog] cache_time = None                                                         | (IntOpt) Time to cache catalog data (in seconds). This has no effect unless global and catalog caching are enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [catalog] caching = True                                                            | (BoolOpt) Toggle for catalog caching. This has no effect unless global caching is enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [database] slave_connection = None                                                  | (StrOpt) The SQLAlchemy connection string to use to connect to the slave database.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [endpoint_policy] driver = keystone.contrib.endpoint_policy.backends.sql.EndpointPo | (StrOpt) Endpoint policy backend driver<br>licy                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [identity_mapping] backward_compatible_ids = True                                   | (BoolOpt) The format of user and group IDs changed in Juno for backends that do not generate UUIDs (e.g. LDAP), with keystone providing a hash mapping to the underlying attribute in LDAP. By default this mapping is disabled, which ensures that existing IDs will not change. Even when the mapping is enabled by using domain specific drivers, any users and groups from the default domain being handled by LDAP will still not be mapped to ensure their IDs remain backward compatible. Setting this value to False will enable the mapping for even the default LDAP driver. It is only safe to do this if you do not already have assignments for users and groups from the default LDAP domain, and it is acceptable for Keystone to provide the different IDs to clients than it did previously. Typical- |

| Option = default value                                                          | (Type) Help string                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                 | ly this means that the only time you can set this value to False is when configuring a fresh installation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [identity_mapping] driver = keystone.identity.mapping_backends.sql.Mapping      | (StrOpt) Keystone Identity Mapping backend driver.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [identity_mapping] generator = keystone.identity.id_generators.sha256.Generator | (StrOpt) Public ID generator for user and group entities. The Keystone identity mapper only supports generators that produce no more than 64 characters.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [keystone_authtoken] check_revocations_for_cached = False                       | (BoolOpt) If true, the revocation list will be checked for cached tokens. This requires that PKI tokens are configured on the Keystone server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [keystone_authtoken] hash_algorithms = md5                                      | (ListOpt) Hash algorithms to use for hashing PKI tokens. This may be a single algorithm or multiple. The algorithms are those supported by Python standard hashlib.new(). The hashes will be tried in the order given, so put the preferred one first for performance. The result of the first hash will be stored in the cache. This will typically be set to multiple values only while migrating from a less secure algorithm to a more secure one. Once all the old tokens are expired this option should be set to a single value for better performance. |
| [keystone_authtoken] identity_uri = None                                        | (StrOpt) Complete admin Identity API endpoint. This should specify the unversioned root endpoint e.g. https://localhost:35357/                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [keystone_ec2_token] cafile = None                                              | (StrOpt) A PEM encoded certificate authority to use when verifying HTTPS connections. Defaults to the system CAs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [keystone_ec2_token] certfile = None                                            | (StrOpt) Client certificate key filename. Required if EC2 server requires client certificate.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [keystone_ec2_token] insecure = False                                           | (BoolOpt) Disable SSL certificate verification.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [keystone_ec2_token] keyfile = None                                             | (StrOpt) Required if EC2 server requires client certificate.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [keystone_ec2_token] url = http://localhost:5000/v2.0/ec2tokens                 | (StrOpt) URL to get token from ec2 request.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [ldap] auth_pool_connection_lifetime = 60                                       | (IntOpt) End user auth connection lifetime in seconds.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| [ldap] auth_pool_size = 100                                                     | (IntOpt) End user auth connection pool size.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [ldap] debug_level = None                                                       | (IntOpt) Sets the LDAP debugging level for LDAP calls. A value of 0 means that debugging is not enabled. This value is a bitmask, consult your LDAP documentation for possible values.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| [ldap] pool_connection_lifetime = 600                                           | (IntOpt) Connection lifetime in seconds.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [ldap] pool_connection_timeout = -1                                             | (IntOpt) Connector timeout in seconds. Value -1 indicates indefinite wait for response.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [ldap] pool_retry_delay = 0.1                                                   | (FloatOpt) Time span in seconds to wait between two reconnect trials.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [ldap] pool_retry_max = 3                                                       | (IntOpt) Maximum count of reconnect trials.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [ldap] pool_size = 10                                                           | (IntOpt) Connection pool size.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [ldap] project_additional_attribute_mapping =                                   | (ListOpt) Additional attribute mappings for projects. Attribute mapping format is <ldap_attr>:<user_attr>, where Idap_attr is the attribute in the LDAP entry and user_attr is the Identity API attribute.</user_attr></ldap_attr>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [ldap] project_allow_create = True                                              | (BoolOpt) Allow project creation in LDAP backend.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [ldap] project_allow_delete = True                                              | (BoolOpt) Allow project deletion in LDAP backend.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [ldap] project_allow_update = True                                              | (BoolOpt) Allow project update in LDAP backend.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [ldap] project_attribute_ignore =                                               | (ListOpt) List of attributes stripped off the project on update.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

| Option = default value                                     | (Type) Help string                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [ldap] project_domain_id_attribute = businessCategory      | (StrOpt) LDAP attribute mapped to project domain_id.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [ldap] project_enabled_attribute = enabled                 | (StrOpt) LDAP attribute mapped to project enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [ldap] project_enabled_emulation = False                   | (BoolOpt) If true, Keystone uses an alternative method to determine if a project is enabled or not by checking if they are a member of the "project_enabled_emulation_dn" group.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [ldap] project_enabled_emulation_dn = None                 | (StrOpt) DN of the group entry to hold enabled projects when using enabled emulation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [ldap] project_filter = None                               | (StrOpt) LDAP search filter for projects.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [ldap] project_id_attribute = cn                           | (StrOpt) LDAP attribute mapped to project id.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [ldap] project_member_attribute = member                   | (StrOpt) LDAP attribute mapped to project membership for user.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [ldap] project_name_attribute = ou                         | (StrOpt) LDAP attribute mapped to project name.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [ldap] project_objectclass = groupOfNames                  | (StrOpt) LDAP objectclass for projects.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [ldap] project_tree_dn = None                              | (StrOpt) Search base for projects                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [ldap] use_auth_pool = False                               | (BoolOpt) Enable LDAP connection pooling for end user authentication. If use_pool is disabled, then this setting is meaningless and is not used at all.                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [ldap] use_pool = False                                    | (BoolOpt) Enable LDAP connection pooling.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [ldap] user_enabled_invert = False                         | (BoolOpt) Invert the meaning of the boolean enabled values. Some LDAP servers use a boolean lock attribute where "true" means an account is disabled. Setting "user_enabled_invert = true" will allow these lock attributes to be used. This setting will have no effect if "user_enabled_mask" or "user_enabled_emulation" settings are in use. |
| [memcache] dead_retry = 300                                | (IntOpt) Number of seconds memcached server is considered dead before it is tried again. This is used by the key value store system (e.g. token pooled memcached persistence backend).                                                                                                                                                           |
| [memcache] pool_connection_get_timeout = 10                | (IntOpt) Number of seconds that an operation will wait to get a memcache client connection. This is used by the key value store system (e.g. token pooled memcached persistence backend).                                                                                                                                                        |
| [memcache] pool_maxsize = 10                               | (IntOpt) Max total number of open connections to every memcached server. This is used by the key value store system (e.g. token pooled memcached persistence backend).                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [memcache] pool_unused_timeout = 60                        | (IntOpt) Number of seconds a connection to memcached is held unused in the pool before it is closed. This is used by the key value store system (e.g. token pooled memcached persistence backend).                                                                                                                                               |
| [memcache] socket_timeout = 3                              | (IntOpt) Timeout in seconds for every call to a server. This is used by the key value store system (e.g. token pooled memcached persistence backend).                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [saml] assertion_expiration_time = 3600                    | (IntOpt) Default TTL, in seconds, for any generated SAML assertion created by Keystone.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [saml] certfile = /etc/keystone/ssl/certs/signing_cert.pem | (StrOpt) Path of the certfile for SAML signing. For non-production environments, you may be interested in using `keystone-manage pki_setup` to generate self-signed certificates. Note, the path cannot contain a comma.                                                                                                                         |
| [saml] idp_contact_company = None                          | (StrOpt) Company of contact person.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [saml] idp_contact_email = None                            | (StrOpt) Email address of contact person.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [saml] idp_contact_name = None                             | (StrOpt) Given name of contact person                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [saml] idp_contact_surname = None                          | (StrOpt) Surname of contact person.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

ounc - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

| Option                       | Previous default value                                                                                                                     | New default value                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT] control_exchange   | openstack                                                                                                                                  | keystone                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [DEFAULT] default_log_levels | amqp=WARN, amqplib=WARN,<br>boto=WARN, qpid=WARN,<br>sqlalchemy=WARN,<br>suds=INFO, iso8601=WARN,<br>requests.packages.urllib3.connectionp | amqp=WARN, amqplib=WARN, boto=WARN, qpid=WARN, sqlalchemy=WARN, suds=INFO, oslo.messaging=INFO, oislo:WARN, requests.packages.urllib3.connectionpool=WARN, urllib3.connectionpool=WARN, websocket=WARN, keystonemiddleware=WARN, routes.middleware=WARN, stevedore=WARN |
| [database] sqlite_db         | keystone.sqlite                                                                                                                            | oslo.sqlite                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [ldap] user_mail_attribute   | email                                                                                                                                      | mail                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [token] driver               | keystone.token.backends.sql.Token                                                                                                          | keystone.token.persistence.backends.sql.Token                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

#### Table 6.38. Deprecated options

| Deprecated option          | New Option                  |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| [ldap] tenant_allow_delete | [ldap] project_allow_delete |
| [ldap] tenant_allow_create | [ldap] project_allow_create |
| [ldap] tenant_objectclass  | [ldap] project_objectclass  |
| [ldap] tenant_filter       | [ldap] project_filter       |

| Deprecated option                          | New Option                                  |
|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| [ldap] tenant_member_attribute             | [ldap] project_member_attribute             |
| [ldap] tenant_additional_attribute_mapping | [ldap] project_additional_attribute_mapping |
| [ldap] tenant_allow_update                 | [ldap] project_allow_update                 |
| [ldap] tenant_desc_attribute               | [ldap] project_desc_attribute               |
| [ldap] tenant_enabled_emulation            | [ldap] project_enabled_emulation            |
| [ldap] tenant_name_attribute               | [ldap] project_name_attribute               |
| [ldap] tenant_attribute_ignore             | [ldap] project_attribute_ignore             |
| [ldap] tenant_enabled_attribute            | [ldap] project_enabled_attribute            |
| [ldap] tenant_id_attribute                 | [ldap] project_id_attribute                 |
| [ldap] tenant_domain_id_attribute          | [ldap] project_domain_id_attribute          |
| [ldap] tenant_tree_dn                      | [ldap] project_tree_dn                      |
| [ldap] tenant_enabled_emulation_dn         | [ldap] project_enabled_emulation_dn         |

## 7. Image Service

## **Table of Contents**

| Configure the API                                                        | 410 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| Configure the RPC messaging system4                                      | 411 |
| Support for ISO images4                                                  |     |
| Configure back ends4                                                     | 414 |
| mage Service sample configuration files                                  | 420 |
| New, updated and deprecated options in Juno for OpenStack Image Service4 | 442 |

Compute relies on an external image service to store virtual machine images and maintain a catalog of available images. By default, Compute is configured to use the OpenStack Image Service (Glance), which is currently the only supported image service.

If your installation requires euca2ools to register new images, you must run the nova-ob-jectstore service. This service provides an Amazon S3 front-end for Glance, which is required by euca2ools.

To customize the Compute Service, use the configuration option settings documented in Table 2.30, "Description of glance configuration options" [267] and Table 2.50, "Description of S3 configuration options" [279].

You can modify many options in the OpenStack Image Service. The following tables provide a comprehensive list.

Table 7.1. Description of authorization token configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [keystone_authtoken]                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| admin_password = None                | (StrOpt) Keystone account password                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| admin_tenant_name = admin            | (StrOpt) Keystone service account tenant name to validate user tokens                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| admin_token = None                   | (StrOpt) This option is deprecated and may be removed in a future release. Single shared secret with the Keystone configuration used for bootstrapping a Keystone installation, or otherwise bypassing the normal authentication process. This option should not be used, use `admin_user` and `admin_password` instead. |
| admin_user = None                    | (StrOpt) Keystone account username                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| auth_admin_prefix =                  | (StrOpt) Prefix to prepend at the beginning of the path. Deprecated, use identity_uri.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| auth_host = 127.0.0.1                | (StrOpt) Host providing the admin Identity API endpoint. Deprecated, use identity_uri.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| auth_port = 35357                    | (IntOpt) Port of the admin Identity API endpoint. Deprecated, use identity_uri.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| auth_protocol = https                | (StrOpt) Protocol of the admin Identity API endpoint (http or https). Deprecated, use identity_uri.                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| auth_uri = None                      | (StrOpt) Complete public Identity API endpoint                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| auth_version = None                  | (StrOpt) API version of the admin Identity API endpoint                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| cache = None                         | (StrOpt) Env key for the swift cache                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| cafile = None                        | (StrOpt) A PEM encoded Certificate Authority to use wher verifying HTTPs connections. Defaults to system CAs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| certfile = None                      | (StrOpt) Required if Keystone server requires client certificate                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| check_revocations_for_cached = False | (BoolOpt) If true, the revocation list will be checked for cached tokens. This requires that PKI tokens are configured on the Keystone server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| delay_auth_decision = False          | (BoolOpt) Do not handle authorization requests within<br>the middleware, but delegate the authorization decision<br>to downstream WSGI components                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| enforce_token_bind = permissive      | (StrOpt) Used to control the use and type of token binding. Can be set to: "disabled" to not check token binding. "permissive" (default) to validate binding information if the bind type is of a form known to the server and ignore it if not. "strict" like "permissive" but if the bind type is unknown the token will be rejected. "required" any form of token binding is needed to be allowed. Finally the name of a binding method that must be present in tokens.                                                                                     |
| hash_algorithms = md5                | (ListOpt) Hash algorithms to use for hashing PKI tokens. This may be a single algorithm or multiple. The algorithms are those supported by Python standard hashlib.new(). The hashes will be tried in the order given, so put the preferred one first for performance. The result of the first hash will be stored in the cache. This will typically be set to multiple values only while migrating from a less secure algorithm to a more secure one. Once all the old tokens are expired this option should be set to a single value for better performance. |
| http_connect_timeout = None          | (BoolOpt) Request timeout value for communicating with Identity API server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| http_request_max_retries = 3         | (IntOpt) How many times are we trying to reconnect when communicating with Identity API Server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| identity_uri = None                  | (StrOpt) Complete admin Identity API endpoint. This should specify the unversioned root endpoint e.g. https://localhost:35357/                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| include_service_catalog = True       | (BoolOpt) (optional) indicate whether to set the X-Service-Catalog header. If False, middleware will not ask for service catalog on token validation and will not set the X-Service-Catalog header.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| insecure = False                     | (BoolOpt) Verify HTTPS connections.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| keyfile = None                       | (StrOpt) Required if Keystone server requires client certificate                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| memcache_secret_key = None           | (StrOpt) (optional, mandatory if memcache_security_strategy is defined) this string is used for key derivation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| memcache_security_strategy = None    | (StrOpt) (optional) if defined, indicate whether token data should be authenticated or authenticated and encrypted. Acceptable values are MAC or ENCRYPT. If MAC, token data is authenticated (with HMAC) in the cache. If ENCRYPT, token data is encrypted and authenticated in the cache. If the value is not one of these options or empty, auth_token will raise an exception on initialization.                                                                                                                                                           |
| revocation_cache_time = 10           | (IntOpt) Determines the frequency at which the list of revoked tokens is retrieved from the Identity service (in seconds). A high number of revocation events combined with a low cache duration may significantly reduce performance.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| token_cache_time = 300               | (IntOpt) In order to prevent excessive effort spent validating tokens, the middleware caches previously-seen tokens for a configurable duration (in seconds). Set to -1 to disable caching completely. |

## **Table 7.2. Description of common configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value         | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| allow_additional_image_properties = True     | (BoolOpt) Whether to allow users to specify image properties beyond what the image schema provides                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| api_limit_max = 1000                         | (IntOpt) Maximum permissible number of items that could be returned by a request                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| backlog = 4096                               | (IntOpt) The backlog value that will be used when creating the TCP listener socket.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| bind_host = 0.0.0.0                          | (StrOpt) Address to bind the server. Useful when selecting a particular network interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| bind_port = None                             | (IntOpt) The port on which the server will listen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| data_api = glance.db.sqlalchemy.api          | (StrOpt) Python module path of data access API                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| image_location_quota = 10                    | (IntOpt) Maximum number of locations allowed on an image. Negative values evaluate to unlimited.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| image_member_quota = 128                     | (IntOpt) Maximum number of image members per image.<br>Negative values evaluate to unlimited.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| image_property_quota = 128                   | (IntOpt) Maximum number of properties allowed on an image. Negative values evaluate to unlimited.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| image_tag_quota = 128                        | (IntOpt) Maximum number of tags allowed on an image.<br>Negative values evaluate to unlimited.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| limit_param_default = 25                     | (IntOpt) Default value for the number of items returned by a request if not specified explicitly in the request                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| lock_path = None                             | (StrOpt) Directory to use for lock files.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| memcached_servers = None                     | (ListOpt) Memcached servers or None for in process cache.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| metadata_encryption_key = None               | (StrOpt) Key used for encrypting sensitive metadata while talking to the registry or database.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| metadata_source_path = /etc/glance/metadefs/ | (StrOpt) Path to the directory where json metadata files are stored                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| property_protection_file = None              | (StrOpt) The location of the property protection file.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| property_protection_rule_format = roles      | (StrOpt) This config value indicates whether "roles" or "policies" are used in the property protection file.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| show_image_direct_url = False                | (BoolOpt) Whether to include the backend image storage location in image properties. Revealing storage location can be a security risk, so use this setting with caution!                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| user_storage_quota = 0                       | (StrOpt) Set a system wide quota for every user. This value is the total capacity that a user can use across all storage systems. A value of 0 means unlimited. Optional unit can be specified for the value. Accepted units are B, KB, MB, GB and TB representing Bytes, KiloBytes, MegaBytes, GigaBytes and TeraBytesrespectively. If no unit is specified then Bytes is assumed. Note that there should not be any space between value and unit and units are case sensitive. |
| workers = 4                                  | (IntOpt) The number of child process workers that will be created to service requests. The default will be equal to the number of CPUs available.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [glance_store]                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| os_region_name = None                        | (StrOpt) Region name of this node                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

| Configuration option = Default value                          | Description                                                                                                                                              |  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| [image_format]                                                |                                                                                                                                                          |  |
| container_formats = ami, ari, aki, bare, ovf, ova             | (ListOpt) Supported values for the 'container_format' image attribute                                                                                    |  |
| disk_formats = ami, ari, aki, vhd, vmdk, raw, qcow2, vdi, iso | (ListOpt) Supported values for the 'disk_format' image attribute                                                                                         |  |
| [keystone_authtoken]                                          |                                                                                                                                                          |  |
| memcached_servers = None                                      | (ListOpt) Optionally specify a list of memcached server(s) to use for caching. If left undefined, tokens will instead be cached in-process.              |  |
| [task]                                                        |                                                                                                                                                          |  |
| eventlet_executor_pool_size = 1000                            | (IntOpt) Specifies the maximum number of eventlet threads which can be spun up by the eventlet based task executor to perform execution of Glance tasks. |  |
| task_executor = eventlet                                      | (StrOpt) Specifies which task executor to be used to run the task scripts.                                                                               |  |
| task_time_to_live = 48                                        | (IntOpt) Time in hours for which a task lives after, either succeeding or failing                                                                        |  |

## **Table 7.3. Description of database configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |  |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| [DEFAULT]                            | [DEFAULT]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |  |
| db_enforce_mysql_charset = True      | (BoolOpt) DEPRECATED. TO BE REMOVED IN THE JUNO RELEASE. Whether or not to enforce that all DB tables have charset utf8. If your database tables do not have charset utf8 you will need to convert before this option is removed. This option is only relevant if your database engine is MySQL. |  |
| [database]                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |  |
| backend = sqlalchemy                 | (StrOpt) The back end to use for the database.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |  |
| connection = None                    | (StrOpt) The SQLAlchemy connection string to use to connect to the database.                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |  |
| connection_debug = 0                 | (IntOpt) Verbosity of SQL debugging information: 0=None, 100=Everything.                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |  |
| connection_trace = False             | (BoolOpt) Add Python stack traces to SQL as comment strings.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |  |
| db_inc_retry_interval = True         | (BoolOpt) If True, increases the interval between database connection retries up to db_max_retry_interval.                                                                                                                                                                                       |  |
| db_max_retries = 20                  | (IntOpt) Maximum database connection retries before error is raised. Set to -1 to specify an infinite retry count.                                                                                                                                                                               |  |
| db_max_retry_interval = 10           | (IntOpt) If db_inc_retry_interval is set, the maximum seconds between database connection retries.                                                                                                                                                                                               |  |
| db_retry_interval = 1                | (IntOpt) Seconds between database connection retries.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| idle_timeout = 3600                  | (IntOpt) Timeout before idle SQL connections are reaped.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |  |
| max_overflow = None                  | (IntOpt) If set, use this value for max_overflow with SQLAlchemy.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |  |
| max_pool_size = None                 | (IntOpt) Maximum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |  |
| max_retries = 10                     | (IntOpt) Maximum db connection retries during startup.<br>Set to -1 to specify an infinite retry count.                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |
| min_pool_size = 1                    | (IntOpt) Minimum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |  |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| mysql_sql_mode = TRADITIONAL         | (StrOpt) The SQL mode to be used for MySQL sessions. This option, including the default, overrides any server-set SQL mode. To use whatever SQL mode is set by the server configuration, set this to no value. Example: mysql_sql_mode= |
| pool_timeout = None                  | (IntOpt) If set, use this value for pool_timeout with SQLAlchemy.                                                                                                                                                                       |
| retry_interval = 10                  | (IntOpt) Interval between retries of opening a SQL connection.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| slave_connection = None              | (StrOpt) The SQLAlchemy connection string to use to connect to the slave database.                                                                                                                                                      |
| sqlite_db = oslo.sqlite              | (StrOpt) The file name to use with SQLite.                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| sqlite_synchronous = True            | (BoolOpt) If True, SQLite uses synchronous mode.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| use_db_reconnect = False             | (BoolOpt) Enable the experimental use of database reconnect on connection lost.                                                                                                                                                         |

### **Table 7.4. Description of flagmappings configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value        | Description                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                   | '                                                                                                                                                                                |
| cleanup_scrubber = False                    | (BoolOpt) A boolean that determines if the scrubber should clean up the files it uses for taking data. Only one server in your deployment should be designated the cleanup host. |
| cleanup_scrubber_time = 86400               | (IntOpt) Items must have a modified time that is older than this value in order to be candidates for cleanup.                                                                    |
| delayed_delete = False                      | (BoolOpt) Turn on/off delayed delete.                                                                                                                                            |
| image_cache_dir = None                      | (StrOpt) Base directory that the Image Cache uses.                                                                                                                               |
| image_cache_driver = sqlite                 | (StrOpt) The driver to use for image cache management.                                                                                                                           |
| image_cache_max_size = 10737418240          | (IntOpt) The maximum size in bytes that the cache can use.                                                                                                                       |
| image_cache_sqlite_db = cache.db            | (StrOpt) The path to the sqlite file database that will be used for image cache management.                                                                                      |
| image_cache_stall_time = 86400              | (IntOpt) The amount of time to let an image remain in the cache without being accessed.                                                                                          |
| scrub_time = 0                              | (IntOpt) The amount of time in seconds to delay before performing a delete.                                                                                                      |
| scrubber_datadir = /var/lib/glance/scrubber | (StrOpt) Directory that the scrubber will use to track information about what to delete. Make sure this is set in glance-api.conf and glance-scrubber.conf.                      |

## **Table 7.5. Description of logging configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value                                                                                                                                             | Description                                                                                      |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                  |
| debug = False                                                                                                                                                                    | (BoolOpt) Print debugging output (set logging level to DE-BUG instead of default WARNING level). |
| default_log_levels = amqp=WARN, amqplib=WARN, boto=WARN, qpid=WARN, sqlalchemy=WARN, suds=INFO, oslo.messaging=INFO, iso8601=WARN, requests.packages.urllib3.connectionpool=WARN | (ListOpt) List of logger=LEVEL pairs.                                                            |
| fatal_deprecations = False                                                                                                                                                       | (BoolOpt) Enables or disables fatal status of deprecations.                                      |
| instance_format = "[instance: %(uuid)s] "                                                                                                                                        | (StrOpt) The format for an instance that is passed with the log message.                         |

uno - Juno 
| Configuration option = Default value                                                                                                                    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| instance_uuid_format = "[instance: %(uuid)s] "                                                                                                          | (StrOpt) The format for an instance UUID that is passed with the log message.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| log_config_append = None                                                                                                                                | (StrOpt) The name of a logging configuration file. This file is appended to any existing logging configuration files. For details about logging configuration files, see the Python logging module documentation.                                  |
| log_date_format = %Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S                                                                                                                     | (StrOpt) Format string for %%(asctime)s in log records. Default: %(default)s .                                                                                                                                                                     |
| log_dir = None                                                                                                                                          | (StrOpt) (Optional) The base directory used for relative – log-file paths.                                                                                                                                                                         |
| log_file = None                                                                                                                                         | (StrOpt) (Optional) Name of log file to output to. If no default is set, logging will go to stdout.                                                                                                                                                |
| log_format = None                                                                                                                                       | (StrOpt) DEPRECATED. A logging.Formatter log message format string which may use any of the available logging.LogRecord attributes. This option is deprecated. Please use logging_context_format_string and logging_default_format_string instead. |
| logging_context_format_string = %(asctime)s. %(msecs)03d %(process)d %(levelname)s %(name)s [%(request_id)s %(user_identity)s] %(instance)s %(message)s | (StrOpt) Format string to use for log messages with context.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| logging_debug_format_suffix = %(funcName)s<br>%(pathname)s:%(lineno)d                                                                                   | (StrOpt) Data to append to log format when level is DE-BUG.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| logging_default_format_string = %(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d %(process)d %(levelname)s %(name)s [-] %(instance)s %(message)s                                 | (StrOpt) Format string to use for log messages without context.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| logging_exception_prefix = %(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d<br>%(process)d TRACE %(name)s %(instance)s                                                           | (StrOpt) Prefix each line of exception output with this format.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| publish_errors = False                                                                                                                                  | (BoolOpt) Enables or disables publication of error events.                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| syslog_log_facility = LOG_USER                                                                                                                          | (StrOpt) Syslog facility to receive log lines.                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| use_stderr = True                                                                                                                                       | (BoolOpt) Log output to standard error.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| use_syslog = False                                                                                                                                      | (BoolOpt) Use syslog for logging. Existing syslog format is DEPRECATED during I, and will change in J to honor RFC5424.                                                                                                                            |
| use_syslog_rfc_format = False                                                                                                                           | (BoolOpt) (Optional) Enables or disables syslog rfc5424 format for logging. If enabled, prefixes the MSG part of the syslog message with APP-NAME (RFC5424). The format without the APP-NAME is deprecated in I, and will be removed in J.         |
| verbose = False                                                                                                                                         | (BoolOpt) Print more verbose output (set logging level to INFO instead of default WARNING level).                                                                                                                                                  |

## **Table 7.6. Description of policy configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                           |
| policy_default_rule = default        | (StrOpt) The default policy to use.       |
| policy_file = policy.json            | (StrOpt) The location of the policy file. |

### **Table 7.7. Description of profiler configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                         |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| [profiler]                           |                                                     |
| enabled = True                       | (BoolOpt) If False fully disable profiling feature. |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                    |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| trace_sqlalchemy = True              | (BoolOpt) If False doesn't trace SQL requests. |

### **Table 7.8. Description of Redis configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value      | Description                                      |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| [matchmaker_redis]                        |                                                  |
| host = 127.0.0.1                          | (StrOpt) Host to locate redis.                   |
| password = None                           | (StrOpt) Password for Redis server (optional).   |
| port = 6379                               | (IntOpt) Use this port to connect to redis host. |
| [matchmaker_ring]                         |                                                  |
| ringfile = /etc/oslo/matchmaker_ring.json | (StrOpt) Matchmaker ring file (JSON).            |

#### **Table 7.9. Description of registry configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                                                                                                      |
| admin_password = None                | (StrOpt) The administrators password. If "use_user_token" is not in effect, then admin credentials can be specified.                                 |
| admin_tenant_name = None             | (StrOpt) The tenant name of the administrative user. If "use_user_token" is not in effect, then admin tenant name can be specified.                  |
| admin_user = None                    | (StrOpt) The administrators user name. If "use_user_token" is not in effect, then admin credentials can be specified.                                |
| auth_region = None                   | (StrOpt) The region for the authentication service. If "use_user_token" is not in effect and using keystone auth, then region name can be specified. |
| auth_strategy = noauth               | (StrOpt) The strategy to use for authentication. If "use_user_token" is not in effect, then auth strategy can be specified.                          |
| auth_url = None                      | (StrOpt) The URL to the keystone service. If "use_user_token" is not in effect and using keystone auth, then URL of keystone can be specified.       |
| registry_client_ca_file = None       | (StrOpt) The path to the certifying authority cert file to use in SSL connections to the registry server.                                            |
| registry_client_cert_file = None     | (StrOpt) The path to the cert file to use in SSL connections to the registry server.                                                                 |
| registry_client_insecure = False     | (BoolOpt) When using SSL in connections to the registry server, do not require validation via a certifying authority.                                |
| registry_client_key_file = None      | (StrOpt) The path to the key file to use in SSL connections to the registry server.                                                                  |
| registry_client_protocol = http      | (StrOpt) The protocol to use for communication with the registry server. Either http or https.                                                       |
| registry_client_timeout = 600        | (IntOpt) The period of time, in seconds, that the API server will wait for a registry request to complete. A value of 0 implies no timeout.          |
| registry_host = 0.0.0.0              | (StrOpt) Address to find the registry server.                                                                                                        |
| registry_port = 9191                 | (IntOpt) Port the registry server is listening on.                                                                                                   |

#### **Table 7.10. Description of testing configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |             |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                   |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| fake_rabbit = False                  | (BoolOpt) If passed, use a fake RabbitMQ provider.                            |
| pydev_worker_debug_host = None       | (StrOpt) The hostname/IP of the pydev process listening for debug connections |
| pydev_worker_debug_port = 5678       | (IntOpt) The port on which a pydev process is listening for connections.      |

# **Configure the API**

The Image Service has two APIs: the user-facing API, and the registry API, which is for internal requests that require access to the database.

Both of the APIs currently have two major versions, v1 and v2. It is possible to run either or both versions, by setting appropriate values of <code>enable\_v1\_api</code>, <code>enable\_v2\_api</code>, <code>enable\_v1\_registry</code> and <code>enable\_v2\_registry</code>. If the v2 API is used, running <code>glance-registry</code> is optional, as v2 of <code>glance-api</code> can connect directly to the database.

Tables of all the options used to configure the APIs, including enabling SSL and modifying WSGI settings are found below.

**Table 7.11. Description of API configuration options** 

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            | ·                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| admin_role = admin                   | (StrOpt) Role used to identify an authenticated user as administrator.                                                                                                                                     |
| allow_anonymous_access = False       | (BoolOpt) Allow unauthenticated users to access the API with read-only privileges. This only applies when using ContextMiddleware.                                                                         |
| enable_v1_api = True                 | (BoolOpt) Deploy the v1 OpenStack Images API.                                                                                                                                                              |
| enable_v1_registry = True            | (BoolOpt) Deploy the v1 OpenStack Registry API.                                                                                                                                                            |
| enable_v2_api = True                 | (BoolOpt) Deploy the v2 OpenStack Images API.                                                                                                                                                              |
| enable_v2_registry = True            | (BoolOpt) Deploy the v2 OpenStack Registry API.                                                                                                                                                            |
| eventlet_hub = poll                  | (StrOpt) Name of eventlet hub to use. Traditionally, we have only supported 'poll', however 'selects' may be appropriate for some platforms. See http://eventlet.net/doc/hubs.html for more details.       |
| image_size_cap = 1099511627776       | (IntOpt) Maximum size of image a user can upload in bytes. Defaults to 1099511627776 bytes (1 TB).                                                                                                         |
| location_strategy = location_order   | (StrOpt) This value sets what strategy will be used to determine the image location order. Currently two strategies are packaged with Glance 'location_order' and 'store_type'.                            |
| max_header_line = 16384              | (IntOpt) Maximum line size of message headers to be accepted. max_header_line may need to be increased when using large tokens (typically those generated by the Keystone v3 API with big service catalogs |
| owner_is_tenant = True               | (BoolOpt) When true, this option sets the owner of an image to be the tenant. Otherwise, the owner of the image will be the authenticated user issuing the request.                                        |
| send_identity_headers = False        | (BoolOpt) Whether to pass through headers containing user and tenant information when making requests to the                                                                                               |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |  |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
|                                      | registry. This allows the registry to use the context middle-<br>ware without keystonemiddleware's auth_token middle-<br>ware, removing calls to the keystone auth service. It is rec-<br>ommended that when using this option, secure communi-<br>cation between glance api and glance registry is ensured<br>by means other than auth_token middleware. |  |
| show_multiple_locations = False      | (BoolOpt) Whether to include the backend image locations in image properties. Revealing storage location can be a security risk, so use this setting with caution! The overrides show_image_direct_url.                                                                                                                                                   |  |
| tcp_keepidle = 600                   | (IntOpt) The value for the socket option TCP_KEEPIDLE. This is the time in seconds that the connection must be idle before TCP starts sending keepalive probes.                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |
| use_user_token = True                | (BoolOpt) Whether to pass through the user token when making requests to the registry.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |  |
| [glance_store]                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |
| default_store = file                 | (StrOpt) Default scheme to use to store image data. The scheme must be registered by one of the stores defined by the 'stores' config option.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |  |
| stores = file, http                  | (ListOpt) List of stores enabled                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |
| [paste_deploy]                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |
| config_file = None                   | (StrOpt) Name of the paste configuration file.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| flavor = None                        | (StrOpt) Partial name of a pipeline in your paste configuration file with the service name removed. For example, if your paste section name is [pipeline:glance-api-keystone] use the value "keystone"                                                                                                                                                    |  |
| [store_type_location_strategy]       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |
| store_type_preference =              | (ListOpt) The store names to use to get store preference order. The name must be registered by one of the stores defined by the 'known_stores' config option. This option will be applied when you using 'store_type' option as image location strategy defined by the 'location_strategy' config option.                                                 |  |

#### Table 7.12. Description of CA and SSL configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                         |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                     |
| ca_file = None                       | (StrOpt) CA certificate file to use to verify connecting clients.   |
| cert_file = None                     | (StrOpt) Certificate file to use when starting API server securely. |
| key_file = None                      | (StrOpt) Private key file to use when starting API server securely. |

# **Configure the RPC messaging system**

OpenStack projects use an open standard for messaging middleware known as AMQP. This messaging middleware enables the OpenStack services that run on multiple servers to talk to each other. The OpenStack common library project, oslo, supports three implementations of AMQP: RabbitMQ, Qpid, and ZeroMQ.

The following tables contain settings to configure the messaging middleware for the Image Service:

Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

| Configuration option = Default value       | Description                                                                                                                                      |  |
|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| [DEFAULT]                                  |                                                                                                                                                  |  |
| kombu_reconnect_delay = 1.0                | (FloatOpt) How long to wait before reconnecting in response to an AMQP consumer cancel notification.                                             |  |
| kombu_ssl_ca_certs =                       | (StrOpt) SSL certification authority file (valid only if SSL enabled).                                                                           |  |
| kombu_ssl_certfile =                       | (StrOpt) SSL cert file (valid only if SSL enabled).                                                                                              |  |
| kombu_ssl_keyfile =                        | (StrOpt) SSL key file (valid only if SSL enabled).                                                                                               |  |
| kombu_ssl_version =                        | (StrOpt) SSL version to use (valid only if SSL enabled). valid values are TLSv1, SSLv23 and SSLv3. SSLv2 may be available on some distributions. |  |
| rabbit_ha_queues = False                   | (BoolOpt) Use HA queues in RabbitMQ (x-ha-policy: all). If you change this option, you must wipe the RabbitMQ database.                          |  |
| rabbit_host = localhost                    | (StrOpt) The RabbitMQ broker address where a single node is used.                                                                                |  |
| rabbit_hosts = \$rabbit_host:\$rabbit_port | (ListOpt) RabbitMQ HA cluster host:port pairs.                                                                                                   |  |
| rabbit_login_method = AMQPLAIN             | (StrOpt) the RabbitMQ login method                                                                                                               |  |
| rabbit_max_retries = 0                     | (IntOpt) Maximum number of RabbitMQ connection retries. Default is 0 (infinite retry count).                                                     |  |
| rabbit_password = guest                    | (StrOpt) The RabbitMQ password.                                                                                                                  |  |
| rabbit_port = 5672                         | (IntOpt) The RabbitMQ broker port where a single node is used.                                                                                   |  |
| rabbit_retry_backoff = 2                   | (IntOpt) How long to backoff for between retries when connecting to RabbitMQ.                                                                    |  |
| rabbit_retry_interval = 1                  | (IntOpt) How frequently to retry connecting with Rabbit-MQ.                                                                                      |  |
| rabbit_use_ssl = False                     | (BoolOpt) Connect over SSL for RabbitMQ.                                                                                                         |  |
| rabbit_userid = guest                      | (StrOpt) The RabbitMQ userid.                                                                                                                    |  |
| rabbit_virtual_host = /                    | (StrOpt) The RabbitMQ virtual host.                                                                                                              |  |

## **Table 7.14. Description of Qpid configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value     | Description                                                                                                                                                           |
|------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                |                                                                                                                                                                       |
| qpid_heartbeat = 60                      | (IntOpt) Seconds between connection keepalive heart-<br>beats.                                                                                                        |
| qpid_hostname = localhost                | (StrOpt) Qpid broker hostname.                                                                                                                                        |
| qpid_hosts = \$qpid_hostname:\$qpid_port | (ListOpt) Qpid HA cluster host:port pairs.                                                                                                                            |
| qpid_password =                          | (StrOpt) Password for Qpid connection.                                                                                                                                |
| qpid_port = 5672                         | (IntOpt) Qpid broker port.                                                                                                                                            |
| qpid_protocol = tcp                      | (StrOpt) Transport to use, either 'tcp' or 'ssl'.                                                                                                                     |
| qpid_receiver_capacity = 1               | (IntOpt) The number of prefetched messages held by receiver.                                                                                                          |
| qpid_sasl_mechanisms =                   | (StrOpt) Space separated list of SASL mechanisms to use for auth.                                                                                                     |
| qpid_tcp_nodelay = True                  | (BoolOpt) Whether to disable the Nagle algorithm.                                                                                                                     |
| qpid_topology_version = 1                | (IntOpt) The qpid topology version to use. Version 1 is what was originally used by impl_qpid. Version 2 includes some backwards-incompatible changes that allow bro- |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                        |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                      | ker federation to work. Users should update to version 2 when they are able to take everything down, as it requires a clean break. |
| qpid_username =                      | (StrOpt) Username for Qpid connection.                                                                                             |

December 8, 2015

#### Table 7.15. Description of ZeroMQ configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value                                      | Description                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                  |
| rpc_zmq_bind_address = *                                                  | (StrOpt) ZeroMQ bind address. Should be a wildcard (*), an ethernet interface, or IP. The "host" option should point or resolve to this address. |
| rpc_zmq_contexts = 1                                                      | (IntOpt) Number of ZeroMQ contexts, defaults to 1.                                                                                               |
| rpc_zmq_host = localhost                                                  | (StrOpt) Name of this node. Must be a valid hostname, FQDN, or IP address. Must match "host" option, if running Nova.                            |
| rpc_zmq_ipc_dir = /var/run/openstack                                      | (StrOpt) Directory for holding IPC sockets.                                                                                                      |
| rpc_zmq_matchmaker = oslo.messagingdrivers.matchmaker.MatchMakerLocalhost | (StrOpt) MatchMaker driver.                                                                                                                      |
| rpc_zmq_port = 9501                                                       | (IntOpt) ZeroMQ receiver listening port.                                                                                                         |
| rpc_zmq_topic_backlog = None                                              | (IntOpt) Maximum number of ingress messages to locally buffer per topic. Default is unlimited.                                                   |

## **Table 7.16. Description of AMQP configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value   | Description                                                                                                                                                               |
|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                              |                                                                                                                                                                           |
| amqp_auto_delete = False               | (BoolOpt) Auto-delete queues in amqp.                                                                                                                                     |
| amqp_durable_queues = False            | (BoolOpt) Use durable queues in amqp.                                                                                                                                     |
| control_exchange = openstack           | (StrOpt) The default exchange under which topics are scoped. May be overridden by an exchange name specified in the transport_url option.                                 |
| default_publisher_id = image.localhost | (StrOpt) Default publisher_id for outgoing notifications.                                                                                                                 |
| notification_driver = []               | (MultiStrOpt) Driver or drivers to handle sending notifications.                                                                                                          |
| notification_topics = notifications    | (ListOpt) AMQP topic used for OpenStack notifications.                                                                                                                    |
| transport_url = None                   | (StrOpt) A URL representing the messaging driver to use and its full configuration. If not set, we fall back to the rpc_backend option and driver specific configuration. |

## **Table 7.17. Description of RPC configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value                                                            | Description                                                                                                       |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                                                                       |                                                                                                                   |
| allowed_rpc_exception_modules = openstack.common.exception, glance.common.exception, exceptions | (ListOpt) Modules of exceptions that are permitted to be recreatedupon receiving exception data from an rpc call. |
| matchmaker_heartbeat_freq = 300                                                                 | (IntOpt) Heartbeat frequency.                                                                                     |
| matchmaker_heartbeat_ttl = 600                                                                  | (IntOpt) Heartbeat time-to-live.                                                                                  |
| rpc_backend = rabbit                                                                            | (StrOpt) The messaging driver to use, defaults to rabbit.<br>Other drivers include qpid and zmq.                  |
| rpc_cast_timeout = 30                                                                           | (IntOpt) Seconds to wait before a cast expires (TTL). Only supported by impl_zmq.                                 |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                          |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| rpc_conn_pool_size = 30              | (IntOpt) Size of RPC connection pool.                |
| rpc_response_timeout = 60            | (IntOpt) Seconds to wait for a response from a call. |
| rpc_thread_pool_size = 64            | (IntOpt) Size of RPC greenthread pool.               |

# **Support for ISO images**

You can load ISO images into the Image Service. You can subsequently boot an ISO image using Compute.

#### Procedure 7.1. To load an ISO image to an Image Service data store

- 1. Obtain the ISO image. For example, ubuntu-13.04-server-amd64.iso.
- 2. In the Image Service, run the following command:

```
$ glance image-create --name ubuntu.iso \
    --is-public True --container-format bare \
    --disk-format iso < ubuntu-13.04-server-amd64.iso</pre>
```

In this command, ubuntu.iso is the name for the ISO image after it is loaded to the Image Service, and ubuntu-13.04-server-amd64.iso is the name of the source ISO image.

3. Optionally, confirm the upload in Compute.

Run this command:

```
$ nova image-list
```

#### Procedure 7.2. To boot an instance from an ISO image

• Run this command:

```
$ nova boot --image ubuntu.iso \
   --flavor 1 instance_name
```

In this command, ubuntu.iso is the ISO image, and instance\_name is the name of the new instance.

# **Configure back ends**

The Image Service supports several back ends for storing virtual machine images:

- OpenStack Block Storage (cinder)
- · A directory on a local file system
- GridFS
- Ceph RBD
- Amazon S3
- Sheepdog

uno - Juno 
- OpenStack Object Storage (swift)
- VMware ESX

The following tables detail the options available for each.

#### **Table 7.18. Description of cinder configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value          | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [glance_store]                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| cinder_api_insecure = False                   | (BoolOpt) Allow to perform insecure SSL requests to cinder                                                                                                                                                   |
| cinder_ca_certificates_file = None            | (StrOpt) Location of ca certicates file to use for cinder client requests.                                                                                                                                   |
| cinder_catalog_info = volume:cinder:publicURL | (StrOpt) Info to match when looking for cinder in the service catalog. Format is : separated values of the form: <service_type>:<service_name>:<endpoint_type></endpoint_type></service_name></service_type> |
| cinder_endpoint_template = None               | (StrOpt) Override service catalog lookup with template for cinder endpoint e.g. http://localhost:8776/v1/%(project_id)s                                                                                      |
| cinder_http_retries = 3                       | (IntOpt) Number of cinderclient retries on failed http calls                                                                                                                                                 |

#### Table 7.19. Description of filesystem configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value  | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [glance_store]                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| filesystem_store_datadir = None       | (StrOpt) Directory to which the Filesystem backend store writes images.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| filesystem_store_datadirs = None      | (MultiStrOpt) List of directories and its priorities to which the Filesystem backend store writes images.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| filesystem_store_file_perm = 0        | (IntOpt) The required permission for created image file. In this way the user other service used, e.g. Nova, who consumes the image could be the exclusive member of the group that owns the files created. Assigning it less then or equal to zero means don't change the default permission of the file. This value will be decoded as an octal digit. |
| filesystem_store_metadata_file = None | (StrOpt) The path to a file which contains the metadata to be returned with any location associated with this store. The file must contain a valid JSON dict.                                                                                                                                                                                            |

#### **Table 7.20. Description of GridFS configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [glance_store]                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| mongodb_store_db = None              | (StrOpt) Database to use                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| mongodb_store_uri = None             | (StrOpt) Hostname or IP address of the instance to connect to, or a mongodb URI, or a list of hostnames / mongodb URIs. If host is an IPv6 literal it must be enclosed in '[' and ']' characters following the RFC2732 URL syntax (e.g. '[::1]' for localhost) |

#### Table 7.21. Description of RBD configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                              |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [glance_store]                       |                                                                                                                          |
|                                      | (StrOpt) Ceph configuration file path. If <none>, librados will locate the default config. If using cephx authen-</none> |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                      | tication, this file should include a reference to the right keyring in a client. <user> section</user>                                                                  |
| rbd_store_chunk_size = 8             | (IntOpt) RADOS images will be chunked into objects of this size (in megabytes). For best performance, this should be a power of two.                                    |
| rbd_store_pool = images              | (StrOpt) RADOS pool in which images are stored.                                                                                                                         |
| rbd_store_user = None                | (StrOpt) RADOS user to authenticate as (only applicable if using Cephx. If <none>, a default will be chosen based on the client. section in rbd_store_ceph_conf)</none> |

## **Table 7.22. Description of S3 configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value   | Description                                                                                                                                             |
|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [glance_store]                         | ·                                                                                                                                                       |
| s3_store_access_key = None             | (StrOpt) The S3 query token access key.                                                                                                                 |
| s3_store_bucket = None                 | (StrOpt) The S3 bucket to be used to store the Glance data.                                                                                             |
| s3_store_bucket_url_format = subdomain | (StrOpt) The S3 calling format used to determine the bucket. Either subdomain or path can be used.                                                      |
| s3_store_create_bucket_on_put = False  | (BoolOpt) A boolean to determine if the S3 bucket should<br>be created on upload if it does not exist or if an error<br>should be returned to the user. |
| s3_store_host = None                   | (StrOpt) The host where the S3 server is listening.                                                                                                     |
| s3_store_object_buffer_dir = None      | (StrOpt) The local directory where uploads will be staged before they are transferred into S3.                                                          |
| s3_store_secret_key = None             | (StrOpt) The S3 query token secret key.                                                                                                                 |

#### **Table 7.23. Description of Sheepdog configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [glance_store]                       |                                                                                                                                |
| sheepdog_store_address = localhost   | (StrOpt) IP address of sheep daemon.                                                                                           |
| sheepdog_store_chunk_size = 64       | (IntOpt) Images will be chunked into objects of this size (in megabytes). For best performance, this should be a power of two. |
| sheepdog_store_port = 7000           | (IntOpt) Port of sheep daemon.                                                                                                 |

## **Table 7.24. Description of swift configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                                                            |
| default_swift_reference = ref1       | (StrOpt) The reference to the default swift account/backing store parameters to use for adding new images. |
| swift_store_auth_address = None      | (StrOpt) The address where the Swift authentication service is listening.(deprecated)                      |
| swift_store_config_file = None       | (StrOpt) The config file that has the swift account(s)configs.                                             |
| swift_store_key = None               | (StrOpt) Auth key for the user authenticating against the Swift authentication service. (deprecated)       |
| swift_store_user = None              | (StrOpt) The user to authenticate against the Swift authentication service (deprecated)                    |
| [glance_store]                       | ,                                                                                                          |

| Configuration option = Default value        | Description                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| default_swift_reference = ref1              | (StrOpt) The reference to the default swift account/backing store parameters to use for adding new images.                                                                                 |
| swift_enable_snet = False                   | (BoolOpt) Whether to use ServiceNET to communicate with the Swift storage servers.                                                                                                         |
| swift_store_admin_tenants =                 | (ListOpt) A list of tenants that will be granted read/write access on all Swift containers created by Glance in multi-tenant mode.                                                         |
| swift_store_auth_address = None             | (StrOpt) The address where the Swift authentication service is listening.(deprecated)                                                                                                      |
| swift_store_auth_insecure = False           | (BoolOpt) If True, swiftclient won't check for a valid SSL certificate when authenticating.                                                                                                |
| swift_store_auth_version = 2                | (StrOpt) Version of the authentication service to use.<br>Valid versions are 2 for keystone and 1 for swauth and<br>rackspace. (deprecated)                                                |
| swift_store_config_file = None              | (StrOpt) The config file that has the swift account(s)configs.                                                                                                                             |
| swift_store_container = glance              | (StrOpt) Container within the account that the account should use for storing images in Swift.                                                                                             |
| swift_store_create_container_on_put = False | (BoolOpt) A boolean value that determines if we create the container if it does not exist.                                                                                                 |
| swift_store_endpoint_type = publicURL       | (StrOpt) A string giving the endpoint type of the swift service to use (publicURL, adminURL or internalURL). This setting is only used if swift_store_auth_version is 2.                   |
| swift_store_key = None                      | (StrOpt) Auth key for the user authenticating against the Swift authentication service. (deprecated)                                                                                       |
| swift_store_large_object_chunk_size = 200   | (IntOpt) The amount of data written to a temporary disk buffer during the process of chunking the image file.                                                                              |
| swift_store_large_object_size = 5120        | (IntOpt) The size, in MB, that Glance will start chunking image files and do a large object manifest in Swift.                                                                             |
| swift_store_multi_tenant = False            | (BoolOpt) If set to True, enables multi-tenant storage mode which causes Glance images to be stored in tenant specific Swift accounts.                                                     |
| swift_store_region = None                   | (StrOpt) The region of the swift endpoint to be used for single tenant. This setting is only necessary if the tenant has multiple swift endpoints.                                         |
| swift_store_retry_get_count = 0             | (IntOpt) The number of times a Swift download will be retried before the request fails.                                                                                                    |
| swift_store_service_type = object-store     | (StrOpt) A string giving the service type of the swift service to use. This setting is only used if swift_store_auth_version is 2.                                                         |
| swift_store_ssl_compression = True          | (BoolOpt) If set to False, disables SSL layer compression of https swift requests. Setting to False may improve performance for images which are already in a compressed format, eg qcow2. |
| swift_store_user = None                     | (StrOpt) The user to authenticate against the Swift authentication service (deprecated)                                                                                                    |

# Configure vCenter data stores for the Image Service back end

To use vCenter data stores for the Image Service back end, you must update the glance-api.conf file, as follows:

• Add data store parameters to the VMware Datastore Store Options section.

<u>'</u>

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

• Specify vSphere as the back end.



#### Note

You must configure any configured Image Service data stores for the Compute service.

You can specify vCenter data stores directly by using the data store name or Storage Policy Based Management (SPBM), which requires vCenter Server 5.5 or later. For details, see the section called "Configure vCenter data stores for the back end" [419].



#### **Note**

If you intend to use multiple data stores for the back end, use the SPBM feature.

In the DEFAULT section, set the *default\_store* parameter to **vsphere**, as shown in this code sample:

```
[DEFAULT]
# Which back end scheme should Glance use by default is not specified
# in a request to add a new image to Glance? Known schemes are determined
# by the known_stores option below.
# Default: 'file'
default_store = vsphere
```

The following table describes the parameters in the VMware Datastore Store Options section:

#### **Table 7.25. Description of VMware configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value       | Description                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [glance_store]                             |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| vmware_api_insecure = False                | (BoolOpt) Allow to perform insecure SSL requests to ESX/VC.                                                                                                                      |
| vmware_api_retry_count = 10                | (IntOpt) Number of times VMware ESX/VC server API must be retried upon connection related issues.                                                                                |
| vmware_datacenter_path = ha-datacenter     | (StrOpt) Inventory path to a datacenter. If the vmware_server_host specified is an ESX/ESXi, the vmware_datacenter_path is optional. If specified, it should be "ha-datacenter". |
| vmware_datastore_name = None               | (StrOpt) Datastore associated with the datacenter.                                                                                                                               |
| vmware_server_host = None                  | (StrOpt) ESX/ESXi or vCenter Server target system. The server value can be an IP address or a DNS name.                                                                          |
| vmware_server_password = None              | (StrOpt) Password for authenticating with VMware ESX/VC server.                                                                                                                  |
| vmware_server_username = None              | (StrOpt) Username for authenticating with VMware ESX/VC server.                                                                                                                  |
| vmware_store_image_dir = /openstack_glance | (StrOpt) The name of the directory where the glance images will be stored in the VMware datastore.                                                                               |
| vmware_task_poll_interval = 5              | (IntOpt) The interval used for polling remote tasks invoked on VMware ESX/VC server.                                                                                             |

The following block of text shows a sample configuration:

```
# ======== VMware Datastore Store Options ================
```

```
# ESX/ESXi or vCenter Server target system.
# The server value can be an IP address or a DNS name
# e.g. 127.0.0.1, 127.0.0.1:443, www.vmware-infra.com
vmware_server_host = 192.168.0.10
# Server username (string value)
vmware_server_username = ADMINISTRATOR
# Server password (string value)
vmware_server_password = password
# Inventory path to a datacenter (string value)
# Value optional when vmware_server_ip is an ESX/ESXi host: if specified
# should be `ha-datacenter`.
vmware_datacenter_path = DATACENTER
# Datastore associated with the datacenter (string value)
vmware_datastore_name = datastore1
# PBM service WSDL file location URL. e.g.
# file:///opt/SDK/spbm/wsdl/pbmService.wsdl Not setting this
# will disable storage policy based placement of images.
# (string value)
#vmware_pbm_wsdl_location =
# The PBM policy. If `pbm_wsdl_location` is set, a PBM policy needs
# to be specified. This policy will be used to select the datastore
# in which the images will be stored.
#vmware_pbm_policy =
# The interval used for polling remote tasks
# invoked on VMware ESX/VC server in seconds (integer value)
vmware_task_poll_interval = 5
# Absolute path of the folder containing the images in the datastore
# (string value)
vmware_store_image_dir = /openstack_glance
# Allow to perform insecure SSL requests to the target system (boolean value)
vmware_api_insecure = False
```

## Configure vCenter data stores for the back end

You can specify a vCenter data store for the back end by setting the vmware\_datastore\_name parameter value to the vCenter name of the data store. This configuration limits the back end to a single data store.

Alternatively, you can specify a SPBM policy, which can comprise multiple vCenter data stores. Both approaches are described.



#### Note

SPBM requires vCenter Server 5.5 or later.

#### Procedure 7.3. To configure a single data store

1. If present, comment or delete the vmware\_pbm\_wsdl\_location and vmware\_pbm\_policy parameters.

- 2. Uncomment and define the *vmware\_datastore\_name* parameter with the name of the vCenter data store.
- 3. Complete the other vCenter configuration parameters as appropriate.

#### Procedure 7.4. To configure multiple data stores using SPBM

- 1. In vCenter, use tagging to identify the data stores and define a storage policy:
  - a. Create the tag.
  - b. Apply the tag to the data stores to be used by the SPBM policy.
  - c. Create a tag-based storage policy that uses one or more tags to identify a set of data stores.



#### Note

For details about creating tags in vSphere, see the vSphere documentation.

For details about storage policies in vSphere, see the vSphere documentation.

- 2. Return to the glance-api.conf file.
- 3. Comment or delete the *vmware datastore name* parameter.
- 4. Uncomment and define the *vmware\_pbm\_policy* parameter by entering the same value as the tag you defined and applied to the data stores in vCenter.
- 5. Uncomment and define the vmware\_pbm\_wsdl\_location parameter by entering the location of the PBM service WSDL file. For example, file://opt/SDK/spbm/wsdl/pbmService.wsdl.



#### **Note**

If you do not set this parameter, the storage policy cannot be used to place images in the data store.

Complete the other vCenter configuration parameters as appropriate.

# Image Service sample configuration files

You can find the files that are described in this section in the /etc/glance/ directory.

## glance-api.conf

The configuration file for the Image Service API is found in the glance-api.conf file.

This file must be modified after installation.

```
[DEFAULT]
# Show more verbose log output (sets INFO log level output)
#verbose = False
```

```
# Show debugging output in logs (sets DEBUG log level output)
#debug = False
# Which backend scheme should Glance use by default is not specified
# in a request to add a new image to Glance? Known schemes are determined
# by the known_stores option below.
# Default: 'file'
default_store = file
# Maximum image size (in bytes) that may be uploaded through the
# Glance API server. Defaults to 1 TB.
# WARNING: this value should only be increased after careful consideration
# and must be set to a value under 8 EB (9223372036854775808).
#image_size_cap = 1099511627776
# Address to bind the API server
bind_host = 0.0.0.0
# Port the bind the API server to
bind_port = 9292
# Log to this file. Make sure you do not set the same log file for both the
API
# and registry servers!
# If `log_file` is omitted and `use_syslog` is false, then log messages are
# sent to stdout as a fallback.
log_file = /var/log/glance/api.log
# Backlog requests when creating socket
backlog = 4096
# TCP_KEEPIDLE value in seconds when creating socket.
# Not supported on OS X.
#tcp_keepidle = 600
# API to use for accessing data. Default value points to sqlalchemy
# package, it is also possible to use: glance.db.registry.api
# data_api = glance.db.sqlalchemy.api
# The number of child process workers that will be
# created to service API requests. The default will be
# equal to the number of CPUs available. (integer value)
#workers = 4
# Maximum line size of message headers to be accepted.
# max_header_line may need to be increased when using large tokens
# (typically those generated by the Keystone v3 API with big service
# catalogs)
# max_header_line = 16384
# Role used to identify an authenticated user as administrator
#admin_role = admin
# Allow unauthenticated users to access the API with read-only
# privileges. This only applies when using ContextMiddleware.
#allow_anonymous_access = False
# Allow access to version 1 of glance api
#enable_v1_api = True
```

December 8, 2015

```
uno - Juno ```

```
# Allow access to version 2 of glance api
#enable_v2_api = True
# Return the URL that references where the data is stored on
# the backend storage system. For example, if using the
# file system store a URL of 'file:///path/to/image' will
# be returned to the user in the 'direct_url' meta-data field.
# The default value is false.
#show_image_direct_url = False
# Send headers containing user and tenant information when making requests to
# the v1 glance registry. This allows the registry to function as if a user is
# authenticated without the need to authenticate a user itself using the
# auth_token middleware.
# The default value is false.
#send_identity_headers = False
# Supported values for the 'container_format' image attribute
#container_formats=ami,ari,aki,bare,ovf,ova
# Supported values for the 'disk_format' image attribute
#disk_formats=ami,ari,aki,vhd,vmdk,raw,qcow2,vdi,iso
# Directory to use for lock files. Default to a temp directory
# (string value). This setting needs to be the same for both
# glance-scrubber and glance-api.
#lock_path=<None>
# Property Protections config file
# This file contains the rules for property protections and the roles/policies
# associated with it.
# If this config value is not specified, by default, property protections
# won't be enforced.
# If a value is specified and the file is not found, then the glance-api
# service will not start.
#property_protection_file =
# Specify whether 'roles' or 'policies' are used in the
# property_protection_file.
# The default value for property_protection_rule_format is 'roles'.
#property_protection_rule_format = roles
# This value sets what strategy will be used to determine the image location
# order. Currently two strategies are packaged with Glance 'location_order'
# and 'store_type'.
#location_strategy = location_order
# http_keepalive option. If False, server will return the header
# "Connection: close", If True, server will return "Connection: Keep-Alive"
# in its responses. In order to close the client socket connection
# explicitly after the response is sent and read successfully by the client,
# you simply have to set this option to False when you create a wsgi server.
#http_keepalive = True
# Send logs to syslog (/dev/log) instead of to file specified
# by `log_file`
#use_syslog = False
```

December 8, 2015

```
uno - Juno ```

```
# Facility to use. If unset defaults to LOG_USER.
#syslog_log_facility = LOG_LOCALO
# Certificate file to use when starting API server securely
#cert_file = /path/to/certfile
# Private key file to use when starting API server securely
#key_file = /path/to/keyfile
# CA certificate file to use to verify connecting clients
#ca_file = /path/to/cafile
# ============== Security Options =====================
# AES key for encrypting store 'location' metadata, including
# -- if used -- Swift or S3 credentials
# Should be set to a random string of length 16, 24 or 32 bytes
#metadata_encryption_key = <16, 24 or 32 char registry metadata key>
# ======== Registry Options ======================
# Address to find the registry server
registry_host = 0.0.0.0
# Port the registry server is listening on
registry_port = 9191
# What protocol to use when connecting to the registry server?
# Set to https for secure HTTP communication
registry_client_protocol = http
# The path to the key file to use in SSL connections to the
# registry server, if any. Alternately, you may set the
# GLANCE_CLIENT_KEY_FILE environ variable to a filepath of the key file
#registry_client_key_file = /path/to/key/file
# The path to the cert file to use in SSL connections to the
# registry server, if any. Alternately, you may set the
# GLANCE_CLIENT_CERT_FILE environ variable to a filepath of the cert file
#registry_client_cert_file = /path/to/cert/file
# The path to the certifying authority cert file to use in SSL connections
# to the registry server, if any. Alternately, you may set the
# GLANCE_CLIENT_CA_FILE environ variable to a filepath of the CA cert file
#registry_client_ca_file = /path/to/ca/file
# When using SSL in connections to the registry server, do not require
# validation via a certifying authority. This is the registry's equivalent of
# specifying --insecure on the command line using glanceclient for the API
# Default: False
#registry_client_insecure = False
# The period of time, in seconds, that the API server will wait for a registry
# request to complete. A value of '0' implies no timeout.
# Default: 600
#registry_client_timeout = 600
```

```
oun - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno
                # Whether to automatically create the database tables.
                # Default: False
                #db_auto_create = False
                # Enable DEBUG log messages from sqlalchemy which prints every database
                # query and response.
                # Default: False
                #sqlalchemy_debug = True
                # Pass the user's token through for API requests to the registry.
                # Default: True
                #use_user_token = True
                # If 'use_user_token' is not in effect then admin credentials
                # can be specified. Requests to the registry on behalf of
                # the API will use these credentials.
                # Admin user name
                #admin_user = None
                # Admin password
                #admin_password = None
                # Admin tenant name
                #admin_tenant_name = None
                # Keystone endpoint
                #auth_url = None
                # Keystone region
                #auth_region = None
                # Auth strategy
                #auth_strategy = keystone
                # ======== Notification System Options =================
                # Driver or drivers to handle sending notifications. Set to
                # 'messaging' to send notifications to a message queue.
                # notification_driver = noop
                # Default publisher_id for outgoing notifications.
                # default_publisher_id = image.localhost
                # Messaging driver used for 'messaging' notifications driver
                # rpc_backend = 'rabbit'
                # Configuration options if sending notifications via rabbitmq (these are
                # the defaults)
                rabbit_host = localhost
                rabbit_port = 5672
                rabbit_use_ssl = false
                rabbit_userid = guest
                rabbit_password = guest
                rabbit_virtual_host = /
                rabbit_notification_exchange = glance
                rabbit_notification_topic = notifications
                rabbit_durable_queues = False
                # Configuration options if sending notifications via Qpid (these are
                # the defaults)
                qpid_notification_exchange = glance
                qpid_notification_topic = notifications
                qpid_hostname = localhost
                qpid_port = 5672
                qpid_username =
```

uno - Juno 
```
qpid_password =
qpid_sasl_mechanisms =
qpid_reconnect_timeout = 0
qpid_reconnect_limit = 0
qpid_reconnect_interval_min = 0
qpid_reconnect_interval_max = 0
qpid_reconnect_interval = 0
qpid_heartbeat = 5
# Set to 'ssl' to enable SSL
qpid_protocol = tcp
qpid_tcp_nodelay = True
# ======= Delayed Delete Options ======================
# Turn on/off delayed delete
delayed_delete = False
# Delayed delete time in seconds
scrub\_time = 43200
# Directory that the scrubber will use to remind itself of what to delete
# Make sure this is also set in glance-scrubber.conf
scrubber_datadir = /var/lib/glance/scrubber
# ========== Quota Options =======================
# The maximum number of image members allowed per image
#image_member_quota = 128
# The maximum number of image properties allowed per image
#image_property_quota = 128
# The maximum number of tags allowed per image
#image_tag_quota = 128
# The maximum number of locations allowed per image
#image_location_quota = 10
# Set a system wide quota for every user. This value is the total number
# of bytes that a user can use across all storage systems. A value of
# 0 means unlimited.
#user_storage_quota = 0
# ========= Image Cache Options =======================
# Base directory that the Image Cache uses
image_cache_dir = /var/lib/glance/image-cache/
# ========= Database Options ===========================
[database]
# The file name to use with SQLite (string value)
#sqlite_db = oslo.sqlite
# If True, SQLite uses synchronous mode (boolean value)
#sqlite_synchronous = True
# The backend to use for db (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/db_backend
#backend = sqlalchemy
```

```
uno - Juno ```

```
# The SQLAlchemy connection string used to connect to the
# database (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_connection
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sql_connection
# Deprecated group/name - [sql]/connection
#connection = <None>
# The SQL mode to be used for MySQL sessions. This option,
# including the default, overrides any server-set SQL mode. To
# use whatever SQL mode is set by the server configuration,
# set this to no value. Example: mysql_sql_mode= (string
#mysql_sql_mode = TRADITIONAL
# Timeout before idle sql connections are reaped (integer
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_idle_timeout
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sql_idle_timeout
# Deprecated group/name - [sql]/idle_timeout
#idle_timeout = 3600
# Minimum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool
# (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_min_pool_size
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sql_min_pool_size
#min_pool_size = 1
# Maximum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool
# (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_max_pool_size
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sql_max_pool_size
#max_pool_size = <None>
# Maximum db connection retries during startup. (setting -1
# implies an infinite retry count) (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_max_retries
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sql_max_retries
#max_retries = 10
# Interval between retries of opening a sql connection
# (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_retry_interval
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/reconnect_interval
#retry_interval = 10
# If set, use this value for max_overflow with sqlalchemy
# (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_max_overflow
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sqlalchemy_max_overflow
#max_overflow = <None>
# Verbosity of SQL debugging information. 0=None,
# 100=Everything (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_connection_debug
#connection_debug = 0
# Add python stack traces to SQL as comment strings (boolean
# value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_connection_trace
```

```
uno - Juno                 #connection_trace = False
                # If set, use this value for pool_timeout with sqlalchemy
                # (integer value)
                # Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sqlalchemy_pool_timeout
                #pool_timeout = <None>
                # Enable the experimental use of database reconnect on
                # connection lost (boolean value)
                #use_db_reconnect = False
                # seconds between db connection retries (integer value)
                #db_retry_interval = 1
                # Whether to increase interval between db connection retries,
                # up to db_max_retry_interval (boolean value)
                #db_inc_retry_interval = True
                # max seconds between db connection retries, if
                # db_inc_retry_interval is enabled (integer value)
                #db_max_retry_interval = 10
                # maximum db connection retries before error is raised.
                # (setting -1 implies an infinite retry count) (integer value)
                #db_max_retries = 20
                [keystone_authtoken]
                identity_uri = http://127.0.0.1:35357
                admin_tenant_name = %SERVICE_TENANT_NAME%
                admin_user = %SERVICE_USER%
                admin_password = %SERVICE_PASSWORD%
                revocation_cache_time = 10
                [paste_deploy]
                # Name of the paste configuration file that defines the available pipelines
                #config_file = glance-api-paste.ini
                # Partial name of a pipeline in your paste configuration file with the
                # service name removed. For example, if your paste section name is
                # [pipeline:glance-api-keystone], you would configure the flavor below
                # as 'keystone'.
                #flavor=
                [store_type_location_strategy]
                # The scheme list to use to get store preference order. The scheme must be
                # registered by one of the stores defined by the 'known_stores' config option.
                # This option will be applied when you using 'store_type' option as image
                # location strategy defined by the 'location_strategy' config option.
                #store_type_preference =
                [profiler]
                # If False fully disable profiling feature.
                #enabled = False
                # If False doesn't trace SQL requests.
                #trace_sqlalchemy = False
                [task]
                # ============= Glance Tasks Options ========================
```

ounf - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

```
# Specifies how long (in hours) a task is supposed to live in the tasks DB
# after succeeding or failing before getting soft-deleted.
# The default value for task_time_to_live is 48 hours.
# task_time_to_live = 48
# Specifies which task executor to be used to run the task scripts.
# The default value for task_executor is eventlet.
# task_executor = eventlet
# Specifies the maximum number of eventlet threads which can be spun up by
# the eventlet based task executor to perform execution of Glance tasks.
# eventlet_executor_pool_size = 1000
[glance_store]
# List of which store classes and store class locations are
# currently known to glance at startup.
# Existing but disabled stores:
      glance.store.rbd.Store,
      glance.store.s3.Store,
      glance.store.swift.Store,
      glance.store.sheepdog.Store,
      glance.store.cinder.Store,
      glance.store.gridfs.Store,
      glance.store.vmware_datastore.Store,
#stores = glance.store.filesystem.Store,
         glance.store.http.Store
# ======== Filesystem Store Options ====================
# Directory that the Filesystem backend store
# writes image data to
filesystem_store_datadir = /var/lib/glance/images/
# A list of directories where image data can be stored.
# This option may be specified multiple times for specifying multiple store
# directories. Either one of filesystem_store_datadirs or
# filesystem_store_datadir option is required. A priority number may be given
# after each directory entry, separated by a ":".
# When adding an image, the highest priority directory will be selected,
unless
# there is not enough space available in cases where the image size is already
# known. If no priority is given, it is assumed to be zero and the directory
# will be considered for selection last. If multiple directories have the same
# priority, then the one with the most free space available is selected.
# If same store is specified multiple times then BadStoreConfiguration
# exception will be raised.
#filesystem_store_datadirs = /var/lib/glance/images/:1
# A path to a JSON file that contains metadata describing the storage
# system. When show_multiple_locations is True the information in this
# file will be returned with any location that is contained in this
#filesystem_store_metadata_file = None
# ======= Swift Store Options ========================
# Version of the authentication service to use
# Valid versions are '2' for keystone and '1' for swauth and rackspace
swift_store_auth_version = 2
```

```
uno - Juno                 # Address where the Swift authentication service lives
                # Valid schemes are 'http://' and 'https://'
                # If no scheme specified, default to 'https://'
                # For swauth, use something like '127.0.0.1:8080/v1.0/'
                swift_store_auth_address = 127.0.0.1:5000/v2.0/
                # User to authenticate against the Swift authentication service
                # If you use Swift authentication service, set it to 'account':'user'
                # where 'account' is a Swift storage account and 'user'
                # is a user in that account
                swift_store_user = jdoe:jdoe
                # Auth key for the user authenticating against the
                # Swift authentication service
                swift_store_key = a86850deb2742ec3cb41518e26aa2d89
                # Container within the account that the account should use
                # for storing images in Swift
                swift_store_container = glance
                # Do we create the container if it does not exist?
                swift_store_create_container_on_put = False
                # What size, in MB, should Glance start chunking image files
                # and do a large object manifest in Swift? By default, this is
                # the maximum object size in Swift, which is 5GB
                swift_store_large_object_size = 5120
                # swift_store_config_file = glance-swift.conf
                # This file contains references for each of the configured
                # Swift accounts/backing stores. If used, this option can prevent
                # credentials being stored in the database. Using Swift references
                # is disabled if this config is left blank.
                # The reference to the default Swift parameters to use for adding new images.
                # default_swift_reference = 'ref1'
                # When doing a large object manifest, what size, in MB, should
                # Glance write chunks to Swift? This amount of data is written
                # to a temporary disk buffer during the process of chunking
                # the image file, and the default is 200MB
                swift_store_large_object_chunk_size = 200
                # Whether to use ServiceNET to communicate with the Swift storage servers.
                # (If you aren't RACKSPACE, leave this False!)
                # To use ServiceNET for authentication, prefix hostname of
                  `swift_store_auth_address` with 'snet-'.
                # Ex. https://example.com/v1.0/ -> https://snet-example.com/v1.0/
                swift_enable_snet = False
                # If set to True enables multi-tenant storage mode which causes Glance images
                # to be stored in tenant specific Swift accounts.
                #swift_store_multi_tenant = False
                # A list of swift ACL strings that will be applied as both read and
                # write ACLs to the containers created by Glance in multi-tenant
                # mode. This grants the specified tenants/users read and write access
                # to all newly created image objects. The standard swift ACL string
                # formats are allowed, including:
```

```
uno - Juno ```

```
# <tenant_id>:<username>
# <tenant_name>:<username>
# *:<username>
# Multiple ACLs can be combined using a comma separated list, for
# example: swift_store_admin_tenants = service:glance,*:admin
#swift_store_admin_tenants =
# The region of the swift endpoint to be used for single tenant. This setting
# is only necessary if the tenant has multiple swift endpoints.
#swift_store_region =
# If set to False, disables SSL layer compression of https swift requests.
# Setting to 'False' may improve performance for images which are already
# in a compressed format, eg qcow2. If set to True, enables SSL layer
# compression (provided it is supported by the target swift proxy).
#swift_store_ssl_compression = True
# The number of times a Swift download will be retried before the
# request fails
#swift_store_retry_get_count = 0
# Bypass SSL verification for Swift
#swift_store_auth_insecure = False
# ======= S3 Store Options ===================
# Address where the S3 authentication service lives
# Valid schemes are 'http://' and 'https://'
# If no scheme specified, default to 'http://'
s3\_store\_host = 127.0.0.1:8080/v1.0/
# User to authenticate against the S3 authentication service
s3_store_access_key = <20-char AWS access key>
# Auth key for the user authenticating against the
# S3 authentication service
s3_store_secret_key = <40-char AWS secret key>
# Container within the account that the account should use
# for storing images in S3. Note that S3 has a flat namespace,
# so you need a unique bucket name for your glance images. An
# easy way to do this is append your AWS access key to "glance".
# S3 buckets in AWS *must* be lowercased, so remember to lowercase
# your AWS access key if you use it in your bucket name below!
s3_store_bucket = <lowercased 20-char aws access key>glance
# Do we create the bucket if it does not exist?
s3_store_create_bucket_on_put = False
# When sending images to S3, the data will first be written to a
# temporary buffer on disk. By default the platform's temporary directory
# will be used. If required, an alternative directory can be specified here.
#s3_store_object_buffer_dir = /path/to/dir
# When forming a bucket url, boto will either set the bucket name as the
# subdomain or as the first token of the path. Amazon's S3 service will
# accept it as the subdomain, but Swift's S3 middleware requires it be
# in the path. Set this to 'path' or 'subdomain' - defaults to 'subdomain'.
#s3_store_bucket_url_format = subdomain
```

```
uno - Juno ```

```
# Size, in MB, should S3 start chunking image files
# and do a multipart upload in S3. The default is 100MB.
#s3_store_large_object_size = 100
# Multipart upload part size, in MB, should S3 use when uploading
# parts. The size must be greater than or equal to
# 5MB. The default is 10MB.
#s3_store_large_object_chunk_size = 10
# The number of thread pools to perform a multipart upload
# in S3. The default is 10.
#s3_store_thread_pools = 10
# ======= RBD Store Options =====================
# Ceph configuration file path
# If using cephx authentication, this file should
# include a reference to the right keyring
# in a client.<USER> section
#rbd_store_ceph_conf = /etc/ceph/ceph.conf
# RADOS user to authenticate as (only applicable if using cephx)
# If <None>, a default will be chosen based on the client. section
# in rbd_store_ceph_conf
#rbd_store_user = <None>
# RADOS pool in which images are stored
#rbd_store_pool = images
# RADOS images will be chunked into objects of this size (in megabytes).
# For best performance, this should be a power of two
#rbd_store_chunk_size = 8
# ======== Sheepdog Store Options ======================
sheepdog_store_address = localhost
sheepdog_store_port = 7000
# Images will be chunked into objects of this size (in megabytes).
# For best performance, this should be a power of two
sheepdog_store_chunk_size = 64
# ======= Cinder Store Options ========================
# Info to match when looking for cinder in the service catalog
# Format is : separated values of the form:
# <service_type>:<service_name>:<endpoint_type> (string value)
#cinder_catalog_info = volume:cinder:publicURL
# Override service catalog lookup with template for cinder endpoint
# e.g. http://localhost:8776/v1/%(project_id)s (string value)
#cinder_endpoint_template = <None>
# Region name of this node (string value)
#os_region_name = <None>
# Location of ca certicates file to use for cinder client requests
# (string value)
#cinder_ca_certificates_file = <None>
```

oun - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

```
# Number of cinderclient retries on failed http calls (integer value)
#cinder_http_retries = 3
# Allow to perform insecure SSL requests to cinder (boolean value)
#cinder_api_insecure = False
# ======== VMware Datastore Store Options =================
# ESX/ESXi or vCenter Server target system.
# The server value can be an IP address or a DNS name
# e.g. 127.0.0.1, 127.0.0.1:443, www.vmware-infra.com
#vmware_server_host = <None>
# Server username (string value)
#vmware_server_username = <None>
# Server password (string value)
#vmware_server_password = <None>
# Inventory path to a datacenter (string value)
# Value optional when vmware_server_ip is an ESX/ESXi host: if specified
# should be `ha-datacenter`.
#vmware_datacenter_path = <None>
# Datastore associated with the datacenter (string value)
#vmware_datastore_name = <None>
# The number of times we retry on failures
# e.g., socket error, etc (integer value)
#vmware_api_retry_count = 10
# The interval used for polling remote tasks
# invoked on VMware ESX/VC server in seconds (integer value)
#vmware_task_poll_interval = 5
# Absolute path of the folder containing the images in the datastore
# (string value)
#vmware_store_image_dir = /openstack_glance
# Allow to perform insecure SSL requests to the target system (boolean value)
#vmware_api_insecure = False
```

## glance-registry.conf

Configuration for the Image Service's registry, which stores the metadata about images, is found in the glance-registry.conf file.

This file must be modified after installation.

```
[DEFAULT]
# Show more verbose log output (sets INFO log level output)
#verbose = False
# Show debugging output in logs (sets DEBUG log level output)
#debug = False
# Address to bind the registry server
bind_host = 0.0.0.0
```

```
uno - Juno                 # Port the bind the registry server to
                bind_port = 9191
                # Log to this file. Make sure you do not set the same log file for both the
                # and registry servers!
                # If `log_file` is omitted and `use_syslog` is false, then log messages are
                # sent to stdout as a fallback.
                log_file = /var/log/glance/registry.log
                # Backlog requests when creating socket
                backlog = 4096
                # TCP_KEEPIDLE value in seconds when creating socket.
                # Not supported on OS X.
                #tcp_keepidle = 600
                # API to use for accessing data. Default value points to sqlalchemy
                # package.
                #data_api = glance.db.sqlalchemy.api
                # The number of child process workers that will be
                # created to service Registry requests. The default will be
                # equal to the number of CPUs available. (integer value)
                #workers = None
                # Enable Registry API versions individually or simultaneously
                #enable_v1_registry = True
                #enable_v2_registry = True
                # Limit the api to return `param_limit_max` items in a call to a container. If
                # a larger `limit` query param is provided, it will be reduced to this value.
                api_limit_max = 1000
                # If a `limit` query param is not provided in an api request, it will
                # default to `limit_param_default`
                limit_param_default = 25
                # Role used to identify an authenticated user as administrator
                #admin_role = admin
                # Whether to automatically create the database tables.
                # Default: False
                #db_auto_create = False
                # Enable DEBUG log messages from sqlalchemy which prints every database
                # query and response.
                # Default: False
                #sqlalchemy_debug = True
                # http_keepalive option. If False, server will return the header
                # "Connection: close", If True, server will return "Connection: Keep-Alive"
                # in its responses. In order to close the client socket connection
                # explicitly after the response is sent and read successfully by the client,
                # you simply have to set this option to False when you create a wsgi server.
                #http_keepalive = True
```

uno - Juno 
```
# Send logs to syslog (/dev/log) instead of to file specified
# by `log_file`
#use_syslog = False
# Facility to use. If unset defaults to LOG_USER.
#syslog_log_facility = LOG_LOCAL1
# Certificate file to use when starting registry server securely
#cert_file = /path/to/certfile
# Private key file to use when starting registry server securely
#key_file = /path/to/keyfile
# CA certificate file to use to verify connecting clients
#ca_file = /path/to/cafile
# ======= Notification System Options =================
# Driver or drivers to handle sending notifications. Set to
# 'messaging' to send notifications to a message queue.
# notification_driver = noop
# Default publisher_id for outgoing notifications.
# default_publisher_id = image.localhost
# Messaging driver used for 'messaging' notifications driver
# rpc_backend = 'rabbit'
# Configuration options if sending notifications via rabbitmq (these are
# the defaults)
rabbit_host = localhost
rabbit_port = 5672
rabbit_use_ssl = false
rabbit_userid = guest
rabbit_password = guest
rabbit_virtual_host = /
rabbit_notification_exchange = glance
rabbit_notification_topic = notifications
rabbit_durable_queues = False
# Configuration options if sending notifications via Qpid (these are
# the defaults)
qpid_notification_exchange = glance
qpid_notification_topic = notifications
qpid_hostname = localhost
qpid_port = 5672
qpid_username =
qpid_password =
qpid_sasl_mechanisms =
qpid_reconnect_timeout = 0
qpid_reconnect_limit = 0
qpid_reconnect_interval_min = 0
qpid_reconnect_interval_max = 0
qpid_reconnect_interval = 0
qpid_heartbeat = 5
# Set to 'ssl' to enable SSL
qpid_protocol = tcp
qpid_tcp_nodelay = True
```

December 8, 2015

```
uno - Juno ```

```
# ========= Database Options =================
[database]
# The file name to use with SQLite (string value)
#sqlite_db = glance.sqlite
# If True, SQLite uses synchronous mode (boolean value)
#sqlite_synchronous = True
# The backend to use for db (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/db_backend
#backend = sqlalchemy
# The SQLAlchemy connection string used to connect to the
# database (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_connection
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sql_connection
# Deprecated group/name - [sql]/connection
#connection = <None>
# The SQL mode to be used for MySQL sessions. This option,
# including the default, overrides any server-set SQL mode. To
# use whatever SQL mode is set by the server configuration,
# set this to no value. Example: mysql_sql_mode= (string
# value)
#mysql_sql_mode = TRADITIONAL
# Timeout before idle sql connections are reaped (integer
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_idle_timeout
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sql_idle_timeout
# Deprecated group/name - [sql]/idle_timeout
#idle_timeout = 3600
# Minimum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool
# (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_min_pool_size
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sql_min_pool_size
#min_pool_size = 1
# Maximum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool
# (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_max_pool_size
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sql_max_pool_size
#max_pool_size = <None>
# Maximum db connection retries during startup. (setting -1
# implies an infinite retry count) (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_max_retries
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sql_max_retries
#max_retries = 10
# Interval between retries of opening a sql connection
# (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_retry_interval
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/reconnect_interval
#retry_interval = 10
```

```
uno - Juno          OpenStack Configuration Refer-
         ence
                      # (integer value)
                      #max_overflow = <None>
                      #connection_debug = 0
                      # (integer value)
                      #pool_timeout = <None>
                      #db_retry_interval = 1
                      #db_max_retries = 20
                      [keystone_authtoken]
                      [paste_deploy]
                      # as 'keystone'.
                      #flavor=
                      [profiler]
                      #enabled = False
```

```
# If set, use this value for max_overflow with sqlalchemy
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_max_overflow
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sqlalchemy_max_overflow
# Verbosity of SQL debugging information. 0=None,
# 100=Everything (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_connection_debug
# Add python stack traces to SQL as comment strings (boolean
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_connection_trace
#connection_trace = False
# If set, use this value for pool_timeout with sqlalchemy
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sqlalchemy_pool_timeout
# Enable the experimental use of database reconnect on
# connection lost (boolean value)
#use_db_reconnect = False
# seconds between db connection retries (integer value)
# Whether to increase interval between db connection retries,
# up to db_max_retry_interval (boolean value)
#db_inc_retry_interval = True
# max seconds between db connection retries, if
# db_inc_retry_interval is enabled (integer value)
#db_max_retry_interval = 10
# maximum db connection retries before error is raised.
# (setting -1 implies an infinite retry count) (integer value)
identity_uri = http://127.0.0.1:35357
admin_tenant_name = %SERVICE_TENANT_NAME%
admin_user = %SERVICE_USER%
admin_password = %SERVICE_PASSWORD%
# Name of the paste configuration file that defines the available pipelines
#config_file = glance-registry-paste.ini
# Partial name of a pipeline in your paste configuration file with the
# service name removed. For example, if your paste section name is
# [pipeline:glance-registry-keystone], you would configure the flavor below
# If False fully disable profiling feature.
```

oun - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

```
# If False doesn't trace SQL requests.
         #trace_sqlalchemy = False
glance-api-paste.ini
         Configuration for the Image Service's API middleware pipeline is found in the glance-
         api-paste.ini file.
```

You should not need to modify this file.

```
# Use this pipeline for no auth or image caching - DEFAULT
[pipeline:glance-api]
pipeline = versionnegotiation osprofiler unauthenticated-context rootapp
# Use this pipeline for image caching and no auth
[pipeline:glance-api-caching]
pipeline = versionnegotiation osprofiler unauthenticated-context cache rootapp
# Use this pipeline for caching w/ management interface but no auth
[pipeline:glance-api-cachemanagement]
pipeline = versionnegotiation osprofiler unauthenticated-context cache
cachemanage rootapp
# Use this pipeline for keystone auth
[pipeline:glance-api-keystone]
pipeline = versionnegotiation osprofiler authtoken context rootapp
# Use this pipeline for keystone auth with image caching
[pipeline:glance-api-keystone+caching]
pipeline = versionnegotiation osprofiler authtoken context cache rootapp
# Use this pipeline for keystone auth with caching and cache management
[pipeline:glance-api-keystone+cachemanagement]
pipeline = versionnegotiation osprofiler authtoken context cache cachemanage
rootapp
# Use this pipeline for authZ only. This means that the registry will treat a
# user as authenticated without making requests to keystone to reauthenticate
# the user.
[pipeline:glance-api-trusted-auth]
pipeline = versionnegotiation osprofiler context rootapp
# Use this pipeline for authZ only. This means that the registry will treat a
# user as authenticated without making requests to keystone to reauthenticate
# the user and uses cache management
[pipeline:glance-api-trusted-auth+cachemanagement]
pipeline = versionnegotiation osprofiler context cache cachemanage rootapp
[composite:rootapp]
paste.composite_factory = glance.api:root_app_factory
/: apiversions
/v1: apivlapp
/v2: apiv2app
[app:apiversions]
paste.app_factory = glance.api.versions:create_resource
[app:apivlapp]
paste.app_factory = glance.api.v1.router:API.factory
```

```
[app:apiv2app]
paste.app_factory = glance.api.v2.router:API.factory
[filter:versionnegotiation]
paste.filter_factory = glance.api.middleware.
version_negotiation:VersionNegotiationFilter.factory
[filter:cache]
paste.filter_factory = glance.api.middleware.cache:CacheFilter.factory
[filter:cachemanage]
paste.filter_factory = glance.api.middleware.cache_manage:CacheManageFilter.
factory
[filter:context]
paste.filter_factory = glance.api.middleware.context:ContextMiddleware.factory
[filter:unauthenticated-context]
paste.filter_factory = glance.api.middleware.
context:UnauthenticatedContextMiddleware.factory
[filter:authtoken]
paste.filter_factory = keystonemiddleware.auth_token:filter_factory
delay_auth_decision = true
[filter:gzip]
paste.filter_factory = glance.api.middleware.gzip:GzipMiddleware.factory
[filter:osprofiler]
paste.filter_factory = osprofiler.web:WsgiMiddleware.factory
hmac_keys = SECRET_KEY
enabled = yes
```

## glance-registry-paste.ini

The Image Service's middleware pipeline for its registry is found in the glance-registry-paste.ini file.

```
# Use this pipeline for no auth - DEFAULT
[pipeline:glance-registry]
pipeline = osprofiler unauthenticated-context registryapp
# Use this pipeline for keystone auth
[pipeline:glance-registry-keystone]
pipeline = osprofiler authtoken context registryapp
# Use this pipeline for authZ only. This means that the registry will treat a
# user as authenticated without making requests to keystone to reauthenticate
# the user.
[pipeline:glance-registry-trusted-auth]
pipeline = osprofiler context registryapp
[app:registryapp]
paste.app_factory = glance.registry.api:API.factory
[filter:context]
paste.filter_factory = glance.api.middleware.context:ContextMiddleware.factory
[filter:unauthenticated-context]
```

```
paste.filter_factory = glance.api.middleware.
context:UnauthenticatedContextMiddleware.factory

[filter:authtoken]
paste.filter_factory = keystonemiddleware.auth_token:filter_factory

[filter:osprofiler]
paste.filter_factory = osprofiler.web:WsgiMiddleware.factory
hmac_keys = SECRET_KEY
enabled = yes
```

## glance-scrubber.conf

glance-scrubber is a utility for the Image Service that cleans up images that have been deleted; its configuration is stored in the glance-scrubber.conf file.

Multiple instances of glance-scrubber can be run in a single deployment, but only one of them can be designated as the cleanup\_scrubber in the glance-scrubber.conf file. The cleanup\_scrubber coordinates other glance-scrubber instances by maintaining the master queue of images that need to be removed.

```
[DEFAULT]
# Show more verbose log output (sets INFO log level output)
#verbose = False
# Show debugging output in logs (sets DEBUG log level output)
#debug = False
# Log to this file. Make sure you do not set the same log file for both the
# and registry servers!
# If `log_file` is omitted and `use_syslog` is false, then log messages are
# sent to stdout as a fallback.
log_file = /var/log/glance/scrubber.log
# Send logs to syslog (/dev/log) instead of to file specified by `log_file`
#use_syslog = False
# Should we run our own loop or rely on cron/scheduler to run us
daemon = False
# Loop time between checking for new items to schedule for delete
wakeup\_time = 300
# Directory that the scrubber will use to remind itself of what to delete
# Make sure this is also set in glance-api.conf
scrubber_datadir = /var/lib/glance/scrubber
# Only one server in your deployment should be designated the cleanup host
cleanup_scrubber = False
# pending_delete items older than this time are candidates for cleanup
cleanup_scrubber_time = 86400
# Address to find the registry server for cleanups
registry_host = 0.0.0.0
# Port the registry server is listening on
```

```
registry_port = 9191
# Auth settings if using Keystone
# auth_url = http://127.0.0.1:5000/v2.0/
# admin_tenant_name = %SERVICE_TENANT_NAME%
# admin_user = %SERVICE_USER%
# admin_password = %SERVICE_PASSWORD%
# Directory to use for lock files. Default to a temp directory
# (string value). This setting needs to be the same for both
# glance-scrubber and glance-api.
#lock_path=<None>
# API to use for accessing data. Default value points to sqlalchemy
# package, it is also possible to use: glance.db.registry.api
#data_api = glance.db.sqlalchemy.api
# ============== Security Options =====================
# AES key for encrypting store 'location' metadata, including
# -- if used -- Swift or S3 credentials
# Should be set to a random string of length 16, 24 or 32 bytes
#metadata_encryption_key = <16, 24 or 32 char registry metadata key>
# =========== Database Options ==========+========
[database]
# The SQLAlchemy connection string used to connect to the
# database (string value)
#connection=sqlite:///glance/openstack/common/db/$sqlite_db
# The SQLAlchemy connection string used to connect to the
# slave database (string value)
#slave_connection=
# timeout before idle sql connections are reaped (integer
# value)
#idle_timeout=3600
# Minimum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool
# (integer value)
#min_pool_size=1
# Maximum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool
# (integer value)
#max_pool_size=<None>
# maximum db connection retries during startup. (setting -1
# implies an infinite retry count) (integer value)
#max_retries=10
# interval between retries of opening a sql connection
# (integer value)
#retry_interval=10
# If set, use this value for max_overflow with sqlalchemy
# (integer value)
#max_overflow=<None>
```

```
# Verbosity of SQL debugging information. 0=None,
# 100=Everything (integer value)
#connection_debug=0

# Add python stack traces to SQL as comment strings (boolean
# value)
#connection_trace=false

# If set, use this value for pool_timeout with sqlalchemy
# (integer value)
#pool_timeout=<None>
```

## policy.json

The /etc/glance/policy.json file defines additional access controls that apply to the Image Service.

```
"context_is_admin": "role:admin",
"default": "",
"add_image": "",
"delete_image": "",
"get_image": "",
"get_images": ""
"modify_image": "",
"publicize_image": "role:admin",
"copy_from": "",
"download_image": "",
"upload_image": "",
"delete_image_location": "",
"get_image_location": "",
"set_image_location": "",
"add_member": "",
"delete_member": "",
"get_member": "",
"get_members": "",
"modify_member": "",
"manage_image_cache": "role:admin",
"get_task": "",
"get_tasks": "",
"add_task": "",
"modify_task": "",
"get_metadef_namespace": "",
"get_metadef_namespaces": "",
"modify_metadef_namespace":"",
"add_metadef_namespace":"",
"get_metadef_object":"",
"get_metadef_objects":"",
"modify_metadef_object":"",
"add_metadef_object":"",
```

uno - Juno 
```
"list_metadef_resource_types":"",
    "get_metadef_resource_type":"",
    "add_metadef_resource_type_association":"",

    "get_metadef_property":"",
    "get_metadef_properties":"",
    "modify_metadef_property":"",
    "add_metadef_property":""
```

# New, updated and deprecated options in Juno for OpenStack Image Service

#### Table 7.26. New options

| Option = default value                                     | (Type) Help string                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT] db_enforce_mysql_charset = True                  | (BoolOpt) DEPRECATED. TO BE REMOVED IN THE JUNO RELEASE. Whether or not to enforce that all DB tables have charset utf8. If your database tables do not have charset utf8 you will need to convert before this option is removed. This option is only relevant if your database engine is MySQL. |
| [DEFAULT] default_swift_reference = ref1                   | (StrOpt) The reference to the default swift account/backing store parameters to use for adding new images.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [DEFAULT] metadata_source_path = /etc/glance/<br>metadefs/ | (StrOpt) Path to the directory where json metadata files are stored                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [DEFAULT] swift_store_config_file = None                   | (StrOpt) The config file that has the swift account(s)configs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [database] slave_connection = None                         | (StrOpt) The SQLAlchemy connection string to use to connect to the slave database.                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [glance_store] default_store = file                        | (StrOpt) Default scheme to use to store image data. The scheme must be registered by one of the stores defined by the 'stores' config option.                                                                                                                                                    |
| [glance_store] default_swift_reference = ref1              | (StrOpt) The reference to the default swift account/backing store parameters to use for adding new images.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [glance_store] filesystem_store_datadir = None             | (StrOpt) Directory to which the Filesystem backend store writes images.                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [glance_store] filesystem_store_datadirs = None            | (MultiStrOpt) List of directories and its priorities to which the Filesystem backend store writes images.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [glance_store] filesystem_store_metadata_file = None       | (StrOpt) The path to a file which contains the metadata to be returned with any location associated with this store. The file must contain a valid JSON dict.                                                                                                                                    |
| [glance_store] stores = file, http                         | (ListOpt) List of stores enabled                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [glance_store] swift_store_auth_address = None             | (StrOpt) The address where the Swift authentication service is listening.(deprecated)                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [glance_store] swift_store_config_file = None              | (StrOpt) The config file that has the swift account(s)configs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [glance_store] swift_store_key = None                      | (StrOpt) Auth key for the user authenticating against the Swift authentication service. (deprecated)                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [glance_store] swift_store_user = None                     | (StrOpt) The user to authenticate against the Swift authentication service (deprecated)                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [keystone_authtoken] check_revocations_for_cached = False  | (BoolOpt) If true, the revocation list will be checked for cached tokens. This requires that PKI tokens are configured on the Keystone server.                                                                                                                                                   |

| Option = default value                     | (Type) Help string                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [keystone_authtoken] hash_algorithms = md5 | (ListOpt) Hash algorithms to use for hashing PKI tokens. This may be a single algorithm or multiple. The algorithms are those supported by Python standard hashlib.new(). The hashes will be tried in the order given, so put the preferred one first for performance. The result of the first hash will be stored in the cache. This will typically be set to multiple values only while migrating from a less secure algorithm to a more secure one. Once all the old tokens are expired this option should be set to a single value for better performance. |
| [keystone_authtoken] identity_uri = None   | (StrOpt) Complete admin Identity API endpoint. This should specify the unversioned root endpoint e.g. https://localhost:35357/                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [profiler] enabled = True                  | (BoolOpt) If False fully disable profiling feature.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [profiler] trace_sqlalchemy = True         | (BoolOpt) If False doesn't trace SQL requests.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [task] eventlet_executor_pool_size = 1000  | (IntOpt) Specifies the maximum number of eventlet threads which can be spun up by the eventlet based task executor to perform execution of Glance tasks.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [task] task_executor = eventlet            | (StrOpt) Specifies which task executor to be used to run the task scripts.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## **Table 7.27. New default values**

| Option                                     | Previous default value                                                                                                                      | New default value                                                                                                                                                |          |
|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| [DEFAULT] default_log_levels               | amqp=WARN, amqplib=WARN,<br>boto=WARN, qpid=WARN,<br>sqlalchemy=WARN,<br>suds=INFO, iso8601=WARN,<br>requests.packages.urllib3.connectionpo | amqp=WARN, amqplib=WARN,<br>boto=WARN, qpid=WARN,<br>sqlalchemy=WARN, suds=INFO,<br>oslo.messaging=INFO,<br>oslo#WARN,<br>requests.packages.urllib3.connectionpo | ool=WARN |
| [DEFAULT] workers                          | 1                                                                                                                                           | 4                                                                                                                                                                |          |
| [database] sqlite_db                       | glance.sqlite                                                                                                                               | oslo.sqlite                                                                                                                                                      |          |
| [keystone_authtoken] revocation_cache_time | 300                                                                                                                                         | 10                                                                                                                                                               |          |

## **Table 7.28. Deprecated options**

| Deprecated option                        | New Option                                    |
|------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT] swift_store_auth_address       | [glance_store] swift_store_auth_address       |
| [DEFAULT] filesystem_store_metadata_file | [glance_store] filesystem_store_metadata_file |
| [DEFAULT] swift_store_key                | [glance_store] swift_store_key                |
| [DEFAULT] filesystem_store_datadir       | [glance_store] filesystem_store_datadir       |
| [DEFAULT] known_stores                   | [glance_store] stores                         |
| [DEFAULT] default_store                  | [glance_store] default_store                  |
| [DEFAULT] swift_store_user               | [glance_store] swift_store_user               |
| [DEFAULT] filesystem_store_datadirs      | [glance_store] filesystem_store_datadirs      |

# 8. Networking

# **Table of Contents**

| Networking configuration options                                     | 444 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| Log files used by Networking                                         | 483 |
| Networking sample configuration files                                | 483 |
| New, updated and deprecated options in Juno for OpenStack Networking | 504 |

This chapter explains the OpenStack Networking configuration options. For installation prerequisites, steps, and use cases, see the *OpenStack Installation Guide* for your distribution (docs.openstack.org) and Cloud Administrator Guide.

# **Networking configuration options**

The options and descriptions listed in this introduction are auto generated from the code in the Networking service project, which provides software-defined networking between VMs run in Compute. The list contains common options, while the subsections list the options for the various networking plug-ins.

**Table 8.1. Description of common configuration options** 

| Configuration option = Default value   | Description                                                                                                                    |
|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                              | ·                                                                                                                              |
| admin_password = None                  | (StrOpt) Admin password                                                                                                        |
| admin_tenant_name = None               | (StrOpt) Admin tenant name                                                                                                     |
| admin_user = None                      | (StrOpt) Admin username                                                                                                        |
| agent_down_time = 75                   | (IntOpt) Seconds to regard the agent is down; should be at least twice report_interval, to be sure the agent is down for good. |
| api_workers = 0                        | (IntOpt) Number of separate API worker processes for service                                                                   |
| auth_ca_cert = None                    | (StrOpt) Certificate Authority public key (CA cert) file for ssl                                                               |
| auth_insecure = False                  | (BoolOpt) Turn off verification of the certificate for ssl                                                                     |
| auth_region = None                     | (StrOpt) Authentication region                                                                                                 |
| auth_strategy = keystone               | (StrOpt) The type of authentication to use                                                                                     |
| auth_url = None                        | (StrOpt) Authentication URL                                                                                                    |
| base_mac = fa:16:3e:00:00              | (StrOpt) The base MAC address Neutron will use for VIFs                                                                        |
| bind_host = 0.0.0.0                    | (StrOpt) The host IP to bind to                                                                                                |
| bind_port = 9696                       | (IntOpt) The port to bind to                                                                                                   |
| ca_certs = None                        | (StrOpt) CA certificates                                                                                                       |
| check_child_processes = False          | (BoolOpt) Periodically check child processes                                                                                   |
| check_child_processes_action = respawn | (StrOpt) Action to be executed when a child process dies                                                                       |
| check_child_processes_interval = 60    | (IntOpt) Interval between checks of child process liveness (seconds)                                                           |
| core_plugin = None                     | (StrOpt) The core plugin Neutron will use                                                                                      |
| ctl_cert = None                        | (StrOpt) controller certificate                                                                                                |

| Configuration option = Default value           | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ctl_privkey = None                             | (StrOpt) controller private key                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| dhcp_agent_notification = True                 | (BoolOpt) Allow sending resource operation notification to DHCP agent                                                                                                                                           |
| dhcp_agents_per_network = 1                    | (IntOpt) Number of DHCP agents scheduled to host a nework.                                                                                                                                                      |
| dhcp_confs = \$state_path/dhcp                 | (StrOpt) Location to store DHCP server config files                                                                                                                                                             |
| dhcp_delete_namespaces = False                 | (BoolOpt) Delete namespace after removing a dhcp server.                                                                                                                                                        |
| dhcp_domain = openstacklocal                   | (StrOpt) Domain to use for building the hostnames                                                                                                                                                               |
| dhcp_driver = neutron.agent.linux.dhcp.Dnsmasq | (StrOpt) The driver used to manage the DHCP server.                                                                                                                                                             |
| dhcp_lease_duration = 86400                    | (IntOpt) DHCP lease duration (in seconds). Use -1 to tell dnsmasq to use infinite lease times.                                                                                                                  |
| endpoint_type = publicURL                      | (StrOpt) Network service endpoint type to pull from the keystone catalog                                                                                                                                        |
| force_gateway_on_subnet = True                 | (BoolOpt) Ensure that configured gateway is on subnet. For IPv6, validate only if gateway is not a link local address. Deprecated, to be removed during the K release, which point the check will be mandatory. |
| host = localhost                               | (StrOpt) The hostname Neutron is running on                                                                                                                                                                     |
| interface_driver = None                        | (StrOpt) The driver used to manage the virtual interface                                                                                                                                                        |
| ip_lib_force_root = False                      | (BoolOpt) Force ip_lib calls to use the root helper                                                                                                                                                             |
| lock_path = None                               | (StrOpt) Directory to use for lock files.                                                                                                                                                                       |
| mac_generation_retries = 16                    | (IntOpt) How many times Neutron will retry MAC gener tion                                                                                                                                                       |
| max_allowed_address_pair = 10                  | (IntOpt) Maximum number of allowed address pairs                                                                                                                                                                |
| max_dns_nameservers = 5                        | (IntOpt) Maximum number of DNS nameservers                                                                                                                                                                      |
| max_fixed_ips_per_port = 5                     | (IntOpt) Maximum number of fixed ips per port                                                                                                                                                                   |
| max_subnet_host_routes = 20                    | (IntOpt) Maximum number of host routes per subnet                                                                                                                                                               |
| memcached_servers = None                       | (ListOpt) Memcached servers or None for in process cach                                                                                                                                                         |
| periodic_fuzzy_delay = 5                       | (IntOpt) Range of seconds to randomly delay when starting the periodic task scheduler to reduce stampeding. (Dable by setting to 0)                                                                             |
| periodic_interval = 40                         | (IntOpt) Seconds between running periodic tasks                                                                                                                                                                 |
| report_interval = 300                          | (IntOpt) Interval between two metering reports                                                                                                                                                                  |
| root_helper = sudo                             | (StrOpt) Root helper application.                                                                                                                                                                               |
| state_path = /var/lib/neutron                  | (StrOpt) Where to store Neutron state files. This director must be writable by the agent.                                                                                                                       |
| [AGENT]                                        | '                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| root_helper = sudo                             | (StrOpt) Root helper application.                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [PROXY]                                        | '                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| admin_password = None                          | (StrOpt) Admin password                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| admin_tenant_name = None                       | (StrOpt) Admin tenant name                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| admin_user = None                              | (StrOpt) Admin user                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| auth_region = None                             | (StrOpt) Authentication region                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| auth_strategy = keystone                       | (StrOpt) The type of authentication to use                                                                                                                                                                      |
| auth_url = None                                | (StrOpt) Authentication URL                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [heleos]                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| admin_password = None                          | (StrOpt) ESM admin password.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                 |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [keystone_authtoken]                 |                                                                                                                                             |
| memcached_servers = None             | (ListOpt) Optionally specify a list of memcached server(s) to use for caching. If left undefined, tokens will instead be cached in-process. |

# **Networking plug-ins**

uno - Juno 
OpenStack Networking introduces the concept of a plug-in, which is a back-end implementation of the OpenStack Networking API. A plug-in can use a variety of technologies to implement the logical API requests. Some OpenStack Networking plug-ins might use basic Linux VLANs and IP tables, while others might use more advanced technologies, such as L2-in-L3 tunneling or OpenFlow. These sections detail the configuration options for the various plug-ins.

## **BigSwitch configuration options**

Table 8.2. Description of BigSwitch configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                             |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [NOVA]                               |                                                                         |
| node_override_vif_802.1qbg =         | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF type to 802.1qbg       |
| node_override_vif_802.1qbh =         | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF type to 802.1qbh       |
| node_override_vif_binding_failed =   | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF type to binding_failed |
| node_override_vif_bridge =           | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF type to bridge         |
| node_override_vif_distributed =      | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF type to distributed    |
| node_override_vif_dvs =              | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF type to dvs            |
| node_override_vif_hostdev =          | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF type to hostdev        |
| node_override_vif_hw_veb =           | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF type to hw_veb         |
| node_override_vif_hyperv =           | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF type to hyperv         |
| node_override_vif_ivs =              | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF type to ivs            |
| node_override_vif_midonet =          | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF type to midonet        |
| node_override_vif_mlnx_direct =      | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF type to mlnx_direct    |
| node_override_vif_other =            | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF type to other          |
| node_override_vif_ovs =              | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF type to ovs            |
| node_override_vif_unbound =          | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF type to unbound        |
| node_override_vif_vrouter =          | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF type to vrouter        |

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

| Configuration option = Default value                                                                                                                               | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| vif_type = ovs                                                                                                                                                     | (StrOpt) Virtual interface type to configure on Nova compute nodes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| vif_types = unbound, binding_failed, ovs, ivs, bridge,<br>802.1qbg, 802.1qbh, hyperv, midonet, mlnx_direct, host-<br>dev, hw_veb, dvs, other, distributed, vrouter | (ListOpt) List of allowed vif_type values.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [RESTPROXY]                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| add_meta_server_route = True                                                                                                                                       | (BoolOpt) Flag to decide if a route to the metadata server should be injected into the VM                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| auto_sync_on_failure = True                                                                                                                                        | (BoolOpt) If neutron fails to create a resource because the backend controller doesn't know of a dependency, the plugin automatically triggers a full data synchronization to the controller.                                                                                                                                          |
| cache_connections = True                                                                                                                                           | (BoolOpt) Re-use HTTP/HTTPS connections to the controller.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| consistency_interval = 60                                                                                                                                          | (IntOpt) Time between verifications that the backend controller database is consistent with Neutron. (0 to disable)                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| neutron_id = neutron-shock                                                                                                                                         | (StrOpt) User defined identifier for this Neutron deployment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| no_ssl_validation = False                                                                                                                                          | (BoolOpt) Disables SSL certificate validation for controllers                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| server_auth = None                                                                                                                                                 | (StrOpt) The username and password for authenticating against the Big Switch or Floodlight controller.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| server_ssl = True                                                                                                                                                  | (BoolOpt) If True, Use SSL when connecting to the Big Switch or Floodlight controller.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| server_timeout = 10                                                                                                                                                | (IntOpt) Maximum number of seconds to wait for proxy request to connect and complete.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| servers = localhost:8800                                                                                                                                           | (ListOpt) A comma separated list of Big Switch or Flood-<br>light servers and port numbers. The plugin proxies the re-<br>quests to the Big Switch/Floodlight server, which performs<br>the networking configuration. Only oneserver is need-<br>ed per deployment, but you may wish todeploy multiple<br>servers to support failover. |
| ssl_cert_directory = /etc/neutron/plugins/bigswitch/ssl                                                                                                            | (StrOpt) Directory containing ca_certs and host_certs certificate directories.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| ssl_sticky = True                                                                                                                                                  | (BoolOpt) Trust and store the first certificate received for each controller address and use it to validate future connections to that address.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| sync_data = False                                                                                                                                                  | (BoolOpt) Sync data on connect                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| thread_pool_size = 4                                                                                                                                               | (IntOpt) Maximum number of threads to spawn to handle large volumes of port creations.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [RESTPROXYAGENT]                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| integration_bridge = br-int                                                                                                                                        | (StrOpt) Name of integration bridge on compute nodes used for security group insertion.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| polling_interval = 5                                                                                                                                               | (IntOpt) Seconds between agent checks for port changes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| virtual_switch_type = ovs                                                                                                                                          | (StrOpt) Virtual switch type.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [ROUTER]                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| max_router_rules = 200                                                                                                                                             | (IntOpt) Maximum number of router rules                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| tenant_default_router_rule = ['*:any:any:permit']                                                                                                                  | (MultiStrOpt) The default router rules installed in new ten ant routers. Repeat the config option for each rule. Format is <tenant>:<source/>:<destination>:<action> Use an * to specify default for all tenants.</action></destination></tenant>                                                                                      |

# **Brocade configuration options**

**Table 8.3. Description of Brocade configuration options** 

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                               |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| [PHYSICAL_INTERFACE]                 |                                                           |
| physical_interface = eth0            | (StrOpt) The network interface to use when creatinga port |
| [SWITCH]                             |                                                           |
| address =                            | (StrOpt) The address of the host to SSH to                |
| ostype = NOS                         | (StrOpt) Currently unused                                 |
| password =                           | (StrOpt) The SSH password to use                          |
| username =                           | (StrOpt) The SSH username to use                          |

# **CISCO** configuration options

**Table 8.4. Description of Cisco configuration options** 

| Configuration option = Default value                                     | Description                                                                                   |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [CISCO]                                                                  |                                                                                               |
| model_class = neutron.plugins.cisco.models.virt_phy_sw_v2.VirtualPhysica | (StrOpt) Model Class<br>SwitchModelV2                                                         |
| nexus_I3_enable = False                                                  | (BoolOpt) Enable L3 support on the Nexus switches                                             |
| provider_vlan_auto_create = True                                         | (BoolOpt) Provider VLANs are automatically created as needed on the Nexus switch              |
| provider_vlan_auto_trunk = True                                          | (BoolOpt) Provider VLANs are automatically trunked as needed on the ports of the Nexus switch |
| provider_vlan_name_prefix = p-                                           | (StrOpt) VLAN Name prefix for provider vlans                                                  |
| svi_round_robin = False                                                  | (BoolOpt) Distribute SVI interfaces over all switches                                         |
| vlan_name_prefix = q-                                                    | (StrOpt) VLAN Name prefix                                                                     |
| [CISCO_N1K]                                                              |                                                                                               |
| bridge_mappings =                                                        | (StrOpt) N1K Bridge Mappings                                                                  |
| default_network_profile = default_network_profile                        | (StrOpt) N1K default network profile                                                          |
| default_policy_profile = service_profile                                 | (StrOpt) N1K default policy profile                                                           |
| enable_tunneling = True                                                  | (BoolOpt) N1K Enable Tunneling                                                                |
| http_pool_size = 4                                                       | (IntOpt) Number of threads to use to make HTTP requests                                       |
| http_timeout = 15                                                        | (IntOpt) N1K http timeout duration in seconds                                                 |
| integration_bridge = br-int                                              | (StrOpt) N1K Integration Bridge                                                               |
| network_node_policy_profile = dhcp_pp                                    | (StrOpt) N1K policy profile for network node                                                  |
| network_vlan_ranges = vlan:1:4095                                        | (StrOpt) N1K Network VLAN Ranges                                                              |
| poll_duration = 60                                                       | (IntOpt) N1K Policy profile polling duration in seconds                                       |
| restrict_policy_profiles = False                                         | (BoolOpt) Restrict the visibility of policy profiles to the tenants                           |
| tenant_network_type = local                                              | (StrOpt) N1K Tenant Network Type                                                              |
| tunnel_bridge = br-tun                                                   | (StrOpt) N1K Tunnel Bridge                                                                    |
| vxlan_id_ranges = 5000:10000                                             | (StrOpt) N1K VXLAN ID Ranges                                                                  |
| [cisco_csr_ipsec]                                                        | 1                                                                                             |
| status_check_interval = 60                                               | (IntOpt) Status check interval for Cisco CSR IPSec connections                                |

| Configuration option = Default value                                                        | Description                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [general]                                                                                   |                                                                                                               |
| backlog_processing_interval = 10                                                            | (IntOpt) Time in seconds between renewed scheduling attempts of non-scheduled routers.                        |
| cfg_agent_down_time = 60                                                                    | (IntOpt) Seconds of no status update until a cfg agent is considered down.                                    |
| default_security_group = mgmt_sec_grp                                                       | (StrOpt) Default security group applied on management port. Default value is mgmt_sec_grp.                    |
| ensure_nova_running = True                                                                  | (BoolOpt) Ensure that Nova is running before attempting to create any VM.                                     |
| I3_admin_tenant = L3AdminTenant                                                             | (StrOpt) Name of the L3 admin tenant.                                                                         |
| management_network = osn_mgmt_nw                                                            | (StrOpt) Name of management network for device configuration. Default value is osn_mgmt_nw                    |
| service_vm_config_path = /opt/stack/data/neutron/cis-<br>co/config_drive                    | (StrOpt) Path to config drive files for service VM instances.                                                 |
| templates_path = /opt/stack/data/neutron/cisco/tem-<br>plates                               | (StrOpt) Path to templates for hosting devices.                                                               |
| [hosting_devices]                                                                           |                                                                                                               |
| csr1kv_booting_time = 420                                                                   | (IntOpt) Booting time in seconds before a CSR1kv becomes operational.                                         |
| csr1kv_cfgagent_router_driver = neutron.plugins.cisco.cfg_agent.device_drivers.csr1kv.csr1k | (StrOpt) Config agent driver for CSR1kv.<br>_routing_driver.CSR1kvRoutingDriver                               |
| csr1kv_configdrive_template = csr1kv_cfg_template                                           | (StrOpt) CSR1kv configdrive template file.                                                                    |
| csr1kv_device_driver = neutron.plugins.cisco.l3.hosting_device_drivers.csr1kv_hd_c          | (StrOpt) Hosting device driver for CSR1kv.<br>river.CSR1kvHostingDeviceDriver                                 |
| csr1kv_flavor = 621                                                                         | (StrOpt) UUID of Nova flavor for CSR1kv.                                                                      |
| csr1kv_image = csr1kv_openstack_img                                                         | (StrOpt) Name of Glance image for CSR1kv.                                                                     |
| csr1kv_password = cisco                                                                     | (StrOpt) Password to use for CSR1kv configurations.                                                           |
| csr1kv_plugging_driver = neutron.plugins.cisco.l3.plugging_drivers.n1kv_trunking_dr         | (StrOpt) Plugging driver for CSR1kv.<br>ver.N1kvTrunkingPlugDriver                                            |
| csr1kv_username = stack                                                                     | (StrOpt) Username to use for CSR1kv configurations.                                                           |
| [ml2_cisco]                                                                                 |                                                                                                               |
| svi_round_robin = False                                                                     | (BoolOpt) Distribute SVI interfaces over all switches                                                         |
| vlan_name_prefix = q-                                                                       | (StrOpt) VLAN Name prefix                                                                                     |
| [n1kv]                                                                                      |                                                                                                               |
| management_port_profile = osn_mgmt_pp                                                       | (StrOpt) Name of N1kv port profile for management ports.                                                      |
| t1_network_profile = osn_t1_np                                                              | (StrOpt) Name of N1kv network profile for T1 networks (i.e., trunk networks for VXLAN segmented traffic).     |
| t1_port_profile = osn_t1_pp                                                                 | (StrOpt) Name of N1kv port profile for T1 ports (i.e., ports carrying traffic from VXLAN segmented networks). |
| t2_network_profile = osn_t2_np                                                              | (StrOpt) Name of N1kv network profile for T2 networks (i.e., trunk networks for VLAN segmented traffic).      |
| t2_port_profile = osn_t2_pp                                                                 | (StrOpt) Name of N1kv port profile for T2 ports (i.e., ports carrying traffic from VLAN segmented networks).  |

# Table 8.5. Description of cfg agent configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| [cfg_agent]                          |                                                             |
| device_connection_timeout = 30       | (IntOpt) Time in seconds for connecting to a hosting device |

| Configuration option = Default value                                                   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| hosting_device_dead_timeout = 300                                                      | (IntOpt) The time in seconds until a backlogged hosting device is presumed dead. This value should be set up high enough to recover from a period of connectivity loss or high load when the device may not be responding. |
| routing_svc_helper_class = neutron.plugins.cisco.cfg_agent.service_helpers.routing_svc | (StrOpt) Path of the routing service helper class.<br>_helper.RoutingServiceHelper                                                                                                                                         |
| rpc_loop_interval = 10                                                                 | (IntOpt) Interval when the process_services() loop executes in seconds. This is when the config agent lets each service helper to process its neutron resources.                                                           |

# **CloudBase Hyper-V Agent configuration options**

Table 8.6. Description of HyperV agent configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [AGENT]                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| enable_metrics_collection = False    | (BoolOpt) Enables metrics collections for switch ports by using Hyper-V's metric APIs. Collected data can by retrieved by other apps and services, e.g.: Ceilometer. Requires Hyper-V / Windows Server 2012 and above            |
| local_network_vswitch = private      | (StrOpt) Private vswitch name used for local networks                                                                                                                                                                            |
| metrics_max_retries = 100            | (IntOpt) Specifies the maximum number of retries to enable Hyper-V's port metrics collection. The agent will try to enable the feature once every polling_interval period for at most metrics_max_retries or until it succeedes. |
| physical_network_vswitch_mappings =  | (ListOpt) List of <physical_network>:<vswitch> where the physical networks can be expressed with wildcards, e.g.: ."*:external"</vswitch></physical_network>                                                                     |
| polling_interval = 2                 | (IntOpt) The number of seconds the agent will wait between polling for local device changes.                                                                                                                                     |
| [HYPERV]                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| network_vlan_ranges =                | (ListOpt) List of <physical_network>:<vlan_min>:<vlan_max> or <physical_network></physical_network></vlan_max></vlan_min></physical_network>                                                                                     |
| tenant_network_type = local          | (StrOpt) Network type for tenant networks (local, flat, vlan or none)                                                                                                                                                            |
| [hyperv]                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| force_hyperv_utils_v1 = False        | (BoolOpt) Force V1 WMI utility classes                                                                                                                                                                                           |

# **Embrane configuration options**

**Table 8.7. Description of Embrane configuration options** 

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                     |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| [heleos]                             |                                                                 |
| admin_username = admin               | (StrOpt) ESM admin username.                                    |
| async_requests = True                | (BoolOpt) Define if the requests have run asynchronously or not |
| dummy_utif_id = None                 | (StrOpt) Dummy user traffic Security Zone id                    |
| esm_mgmt = None                      | (StrOpt) ESM management root address                            |
| inband_id = None                     | (StrOpt) In band Security Zone id                               |
| mgmt_id = None                       | (StrOpt) Management Security Zone id                            |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| oob_id = None                        | (StrOpt) Out of band Security Zone id     |
| resource_pool_id = default           | (StrOpt) Shared resource pool id          |
| router_image = None                  | (StrOpt) Router image id (Embrane FW/VPN) |

## **IBM SDN-VE configuration options**

## **Table 8.8. Description of SDN-VE configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                   |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [SDNVE]                              |                                                                                                               |
| base_url = /one/nb/v2/               | (StrOpt) Base URL for SDN-VE controller REST API.                                                             |
| controller_ips = 127.0.0.1           | (ListOpt) List of IP addresses of SDN-VE controller(s).                                                       |
| default_tenant_type = OVERLAY        | (StrOpt) Tenant type: OVERLAY (default) or OF.                                                                |
| format = json                        | (StrOpt) SDN-VE request/response format.                                                                      |
| info = sdnve_info_string             | (StrOpt) SDN-VE RPC subject.                                                                                  |
| integration_bridge = None            | (StrOpt) Integration bridge to use.                                                                           |
| interface_mappings =                 | (ListOpt) List of <physical_network_name>:<interface_name> mappings.</interface_name></physical_network_name> |
| of_signature = SDNVE-OF              | (StrOpt) The string in tenant description that indicates the tenant is a OF tenant.                           |
| out_of_band = True                   | (BoolOpt) Indicating if controller is out of band or not.                                                     |
| overlay_signature = SDNVE-OVERLAY    | (StrOpt) The string in tenant description that indicates the tenant is a OVERLAY tenant.                      |
| password = admin                     | (StrOpt) SDN-VE administrator password.                                                                       |
| port = 8443                          | (StrOpt) SDN-VE controller port number.                                                                       |
| reset_bridge = True                  | (BoolOpt) Whether to reset the integration bridge before use.                                                 |
| use_fake_controller = False          | (BoolOpt) Whether to use a fake controller.                                                                   |
| userid = admin                       | (StrOpt) SDN-VE administrator user ID.                                                                        |
| [SDNVE_AGENT]                        |                                                                                                               |
| polling_interval = 2                 | (IntOpt) Agent polling interval if necessary.                                                                 |
| root_helper = sudo                   | (StrOpt) Using root helper.                                                                                   |
| rpc = True                           | (BoolOpt) Whether to use rpc.                                                                                 |

# **Linux bridge Agent configuration options**

**Table 8.9. Description of Linux Bridge agent configuration options** 

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                  |  |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| [LINUX_BRIDGE]                       |                                                                                                                                              |  |
| physical_interface_mappings =        | (ListOpt) List of <physical_network>:<physical_interface></physical_interface></physical_network>                                            |  |
| [VLANS]                              |                                                                                                                                              |  |
| network_vlan_ranges =                | (ListOpt) List of <physical_network>:<vlan_min>:<vlan_max> or <physical_network></physical_network></vlan_max></vlan_min></physical_network> |  |
| tenant_network_type = local          | (StrOpt) Network type for tenant networks (local, vlan, or none)                                                                             |  |
| [VXLAN]                              |                                                                                                                                              |  |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| enable_vxlan = False                 | (BoolOpt) Enable VXLAN on the agent. Can be enabled when agent is managed by ml2 plugin using linuxbridge mechanism driver                 |
| I2_population = False                | (BoolOpt) Extension to use alongside ml2 plugin's l2population mechanism driver. It enables the plugin to populate VXLAN forwarding table. |
| local_ip =                           | (StrOpt) Local IP address of the VXLAN endpoints.                                                                                          |
| tos = None                           | (IntOpt) TOS for vxlan interface protocol packets.                                                                                         |
| ttl = None                           | (IntOpt) TTL for vxlan interface protocol packets.                                                                                         |
| vxlan_group = 224.0.0.1              | (StrOpt) Multicast group for vxlan interface.                                                                                              |

# **Mellanox configuration options**



## Plug-in deprecation notice

The Mellanox plug-in is deprecated in the Juno release and will be removed in the Kilo release.

#### **Table 8.10. Description of Mellanox configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value    | Description                                                                                                                                                   |  |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| [ESWITCH]                               |                                                                                                                                                               |  |
| backoff_rate = 2                        | (IntOpt) backoff rate multiplier for waiting period be-<br>tween retries for request to daemon, i.e. value of 2 will<br>double the request timeout each retry |  |
| daemon_endpoint = tcp://127.0.0.1:60001 | (StrOpt) eswitch daemon end point                                                                                                                             |  |
| physical_interface_mappings =           | (ListOpt) List of <physical_network>:<physical_interface></physical_interface></physical_network>                                                             |  |
| request_timeout = 3000                  | (IntOpt) The number of milliseconds the agent will wait for response on request to daemon.                                                                    |  |
| [MLNX]                                  |                                                                                                                                                               |  |
| network_vlan_ranges = default:1:1000    | (ListOpt) List of <physical_network>:<vlan_min>:<vlan_max> or <physical_network></physical_network></vlan_max></vlan_min></physical_network>                  |  |
| physical_network_type = eth             | (StrOpt) Physical network type for provider network (eth or ib)                                                                                               |  |
| physical_network_type_mappings =        | (ListOpt) List of <physical_network>:<physical_network_type> with physical_network_type is either eth or ib</physical_network_type></physical_network>        |  |
| tenant_network_type = vlan              | (StrOpt) Network type for tenant networks (local, vlan, or none)                                                                                              |  |

## **Meta Plug-in configuration options**

The Meta Plug-in allows you to use multiple plug-ins at the same time.

**Table 8.11. Description of meta configuration options** 

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [META]                               |                                                                                           |
| default_flavor =                     | (StrOpt) Default flavor to use, when flavor:network is not specified at network creation. |

oun

ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| default_l3_flavor =                  | (StrOpt) Default L3 flavor to use, when flavor:router is not specified at router creation. Ignored if 'I3_plugin_list' is blank.                                                                                             |
| extension_map =                      | (StrOpt) Comma separated list of method:flavor to select specific plugin for a method. This has priority over method search order based on 'plugin_list'.                                                                    |
|                                      | (StrOpt) Comma separated list of flavor:neutron_plugin<br>for L3 service plugins to load. This is intended for speci-<br>fying L2 plugins which support L3 functions. If you use a<br>router service plugin, set this blank. |
| plugin_list =                        | (StrOpt) Comma separated list of flavor:neutron_plugin for plugins to load. Extension method is searched in the list order and the first one is used.                                                                        |
| rpc_flavor =                         | (StrOpt) Specifies flavor for plugin to handle 'q-plugin' RPC requests.                                                                                                                                                      |
| supported_extension_aliases =        | (StrOpt) Comma separated list of supported extension aliases.                                                                                                                                                                |

## Modular Layer 2 (ml2) configuration options

The Modular Layer 2 (ml2) plug-in has two components: network types and mechanisms. You can configure these components separately. This section describes these configuration options.



#### MTU bug with VXLAN tunnelling

Due to a bug in Linux Bridge software maximum transmission unit (MTU) handling, using VXLAN tunnels does not work by default.

- A simple workaround is to increase the MTU value of the physical interface and physical switch fabric by at least 50 bytes. For example, increase the MTU value to 1550. This value enables an automatic 50-byte MTU difference between the physical interface (1500) and the VXLAN interface (automatically 1500-50 = 1450). An MTU value of 1450 causes issues when virtual machine taps are configured at an MTU value of 1500.
- Another workaround is to decrease the virtual Ethernet devices' MTU. Set the network\_device\_mtu option to 1450 in the neutron.conf file, and set all guest virtual machines' MTU to the same value by using a DHCP option. For information about how to use this option, see Configure OVS plug-in.

**Table 8.12. Description of ML2 configuration options** 

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [ml2]                                |                                                                                                                                     |
| extension_drivers =                  | (ListOpt) An ordered list of extension driver entrypoints to be loaded from the neutron.ml2.extension_drivers namespace.            |
| mechanism_drivers =                  | (ListOpt) An ordered list of networking mechanism driver entrypoints to be loaded from the neutron.ml2.mechanism_drivers namespace. |
| tenant_network_types = local         | (ListOpt) Ordered list of network_types to allocate as tenant networks.                                                             |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                      | (ListOpt) List of network type driver entrypoints to be loaded from the neutron.ml2.type_drivers namespace. |

#### Modular Layer 2 (ml2) Flat Type configuration options

#### Table 8.13. Description of ML2 Flat mechanism driver configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [ml2_type_flat]                      |                                                                                                                                                       |
| flat_networks =                      | (ListOpt) List of physical_network names with which flat networks can be created. Use * to allow flat networks with arbitrary physical_network names. |

#### Modular Layer 2 (ml2) GRE Type configuration options

#### **Table 8.14. Description of ML2 GRE configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [ml2_type_gre]                       |                                                                                                                                                                        |
| tunnel_id_ranges =                   | (ListOpt) Comma-separated list of <tun_min>:<tun_max> tuples enumerating ranges of GRE tunnel IDs that are available for tenant network allocation</tun_max></tun_min> |

#### Modular Layer 2 (ml2) VLAN Type configuration options

#### Table 8.15. Description of ML2 VLAN configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [ml2_type_vlan]                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| network_vlan_ranges =                | (ListOpt) List of<br><physical_network>:<vlan_min>:<vlan_max> or<br/><physical_network> specifying physical_network names<br/>usable for VLAN provider and tenant networks, as well as<br/>ranges of VLAN tags on each available for allocation to<br/>tenant networks.</physical_network></vlan_max></vlan_min></physical_network> |

#### Modular Layer 2 (ml2) VXLAN Type configuration options

#### Table 8.16. Description of ML2 VXLN configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [ml2_type_vxlan]                     |                                                                                                                                                                               |
| vni_ranges =                         | (ListOpt) Comma-separated list of <vni_min>:<vni_max><br/>tuples enumerating ranges of VXLAN VNI IDs that are<br/>available for tenant network allocation</vni_max></vni_min> |
| vxlan_group = None                   | (StrOpt) Multicast group for VXLAN. If unset, disables VXLAN multicast mode.                                                                                                  |

#### Modular Layer 2 (ml2) Arista Mechanism configuration options

#### Table 8.17. Description of ML2 Arista mechanism driver configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                    |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [ml2_arista]                         |                                                                                                                |
| eapi_host =                          | (StrOpt) Arista EOS IP address. This is required field. If not set, all communications to Arista EOSwill fail. |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| eapi_password =                      | (StrOpt) Password for Arista EOS. This is required field. If not set, all communications to Arista EOS will fail.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| eapi_username =                      | (StrOpt) Username for Arista EOS. This is required field. If not set, all communications to Arista EOSwill fail.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| region_name = RegionOne              | (StrOpt) Defines Region Name that is assigned to this OpenStack Controller. This is useful when multiple OpenStack/Neutron controllers are managing the same Arista HW clusters. Note that this name must match with the region name registered (or known) to keystone service. Authentication with Keysotne is performed by EOS. This is optional. If not set, a value of "RegionOne" is assumed. |
| sync_interval = 180                  | (IntOpt) Sync interval in seconds between Neutron plugin<br>and EOS. This interval defines how often the synchroniza-<br>tion is performed. This is an optional field. If not set, a val-<br>ue of 180 seconds is assumed.                                                                                                                                                                         |
| use_fqdn = True                      | (BoolOpt) Defines if hostnames are sent to Arista EOS as FQDNs ("node1.domain.com") or as short names ("node1"). This is optional. If not set, a value of "True" is assumed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

## Table 8.18. Description of Arista layer-3 service plug-in configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |  |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| [l3_arista]                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |  |
| I3_sync_interval = 180               | (IntOpt) Sync interval in seconds between L3 Service plugin and EOS. This interval defines how often the synchronization is performed. This is an optional field. If not set, a value of 180 seconds is assumed                                                                                     |  |
| mlag_config = False                  | (BoolOpt) This flag is used indicate if Arista Switches are configured in MLAG mode. If yes, all L3 config is pushed to both the switches automatically. If this flag is set to True, ensure to specify IP addresses of both switches. This is optional. If not set, a value of "False" is assumed. |  |
| primary_I3_host =                    | (StrOpt) Arista EOS IP address. This is required field. If not set, all communications to Arista EOS will fail                                                                                                                                                                                      |  |
| primary_I3_host_password =           | (StrOpt) Password for Arista EOS. This is required field. If not set, all communications to Arista EOS will fail                                                                                                                                                                                    |  |
| primary_I3_host_username =           | (StrOpt) Username for Arista EOS. This is required field. If not set, all communications to Arista EOS will fail                                                                                                                                                                                    |  |
| secondary_I3_host =                  | (StrOpt) Arista EOS IP address for second Switch MLAGed with the first one. This an optional field, however, if mlag_config flag is set, then this is required. If not set, all communications to Arista EOS will fail                                                                              |  |
| use_vrf = False                      | (BoolOpt) A "True" value for this flag indicates to create a router in VRF. If not set, all routers are created in default VRF.This is optional. If not set, a value of "False" is assumed.                                                                                                         |  |

#### Modular Layer 2 (ml2) BigSwitch Mechanism configuration options

# Table 8.19. Description of ML2 BigSwitch mechanism driver configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                       |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [NOVA]                               |                                                                   |
| node_override_vif_802.1qbg =         | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF type to 802.1qbg |

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

| Configuration option = Default value                                                                                                                              | Description                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| node_override_vif_802.1qbh =                                                                                                                                      | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF ty<br>802.1qbh                                                                                                                       |
| node_override_vif_binding_failed =                                                                                                                                | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF typ<br>binding_failed                                                                                                                |
| node_override_vif_bridge =                                                                                                                                        | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF typ<br>bridge                                                                                                                        |
| node_override_vif_distributed =                                                                                                                                   | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF typ distributed                                                                                                                      |
| node_override_vif_dvs =                                                                                                                                           | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF typ dvs                                                                                                                              |
| node_override_vif_hostdev =                                                                                                                                       | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF typ hostdev                                                                                                                          |
| node_override_vif_hw_veb =                                                                                                                                        | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF typ<br>hw_veb                                                                                                                        |
| node_override_vif_hyperv =                                                                                                                                        | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF typ hyperv                                                                                                                           |
| node_override_vif_ivs =                                                                                                                                           | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF typivs                                                                                                                               |
| node_override_vif_midonet =                                                                                                                                       | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF typ midonet                                                                                                                          |
| node_override_vif_mlnx_direct =                                                                                                                                   | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF typ mlnx_direct                                                                                                                      |
| node_override_vif_other =                                                                                                                                         | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF typ other                                                                                                                            |
| node_override_vif_ovs =                                                                                                                                           | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF typovs                                                                                                                               |
| node_override_vif_unbound =                                                                                                                                       | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF typ unbound                                                                                                                          |
| node_override_vif_vrouter =                                                                                                                                       | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF typ vrouter                                                                                                                          |
| vif_type = ovs                                                                                                                                                    | (StrOpt) Virtual interface type to configure on Nova co                                                                                                                               |
| vif_types = unbound, binding_failed, ovs, ivs, bridge,<br>802.1qbg, 802.1qbh, hyperv, midonet, mlnx_direct, host<br>dev, hw_veb, dvs, other, distributed, vrouter | (ListOpt) List of allowed vif_type values.                                                                                                                                            |
| [RESTPROXY]                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| add_meta_server_route = True                                                                                                                                      | (BoolOpt) Flag to decide if a route to the metadata se should be injected into the VM                                                                                                 |
| auto_sync_on_failure = True                                                                                                                                       | (BoolOpt) If neutron fails to create a resource because backend controller doesn't know of a dependency, the plugin automatically triggers a full data synchronizatio the controller. |
| cache_connections = True                                                                                                                                          | (BoolOpt) Re-use HTTP/HTTPS connections to the controller.                                                                                                                            |
| consistency_interval = 60                                                                                                                                         | (IntOpt) Time between verifications that the backend troller database is consistent with Neutron. (0 to disab                                                                         |
| neutron_id = neutron-shock                                                                                                                                        | (StrOpt) User defined identifier for this Neutron deploment                                                                                                                           |
| no_ssl_validation = False                                                                                                                                         | (BoolOpt) Disables SSL certificate validation for contro                                                                                                                              |
| server_auth = None                                                                                                                                                | (StrOpt) The username and password for authenticating against the Big Switch or Floodlight controller.                                                                                |
| server_ssl = True                                                                                                                                                 | (BoolOpt) If True, Use SSL when connecting to the Big Switch or Floodlight controller.                                                                                                |

| Configuration option = Default value                    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| server_timeout = 10                                     | (IntOpt) Maximum number of seconds to wait for proxy request to connect and complete.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |  |
| servers = localhost:8800                                | (ListOpt) A comma separated list of Big Switch or Flood-<br>light servers and port numbers. The plugin proxies the re-<br>quests to the Big Switch/Floodlight server, which performs<br>the networking configuration. Only oneserver is need-<br>ed per deployment, but you may wish todeploy multiple<br>servers to support failover. |  |
| ssl_cert_directory = /etc/neutron/plugins/bigswitch/ssl | (StrOpt) Directory containing ca_certs and host_certs certificate directories.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |  |
| ssl_sticky = True                                       | (BoolOpt) Trust and store the first certificate received for each controller address and use it to validate future connections to that address.                                                                                                                                                                                        |  |
| sync_data = False                                       | (BoolOpt) Sync data on connect                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |  |
| thread_pool_size = 4                                    | (IntOpt) Maximum number of threads to spawn to handle large volumes of port creations.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |  |
| [RESTPROXYAGENT]                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |  |
| integration_bridge = br-int                             | (StrOpt) Name of integration bridge on compute nodes used for security group insertion.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |  |
| polling_interval = 5                                    | (IntOpt) Seconds between agent checks for port changes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |  |
| virtual_switch_type = ovs                               | (StrOpt) Virtual switch type.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |
| [ROUTER]                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |  |
| max_router_rules = 200                                  | (IntOpt) Maximum number of router rules                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |  |
| tenant_default_router_rule = ['*:any:any:permit']       | (MultiStrOpt) The default router rules installed in new tenant routers. Repeat the config option for each rule. Format is <tenant>:<source/>:<destination>:<action> Use an * to specify default for all tenants.</action></destination></tenant>                                                                                       |  |

#### Modular Layer 2 (ml2) Brocade Mechanism configuration options

# Table 8.20. Description of ML2 Brocade mechanism driver configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                    |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| [ml2_brocade]                        |                                                |
| address =                            | (StrOpt) The address of the host to SSH to     |
| ostype = NOS                         | (StrOpt) OS Type of the switch                 |
| osversion = 4.0.0                    | (StrOpt) OS Version number                     |
| password = password                  | (StrOpt) The SSH password to use               |
| physical_networks =                  | (StrOpt) Allowed physical networks             |
| rbridge_id = 1                       | (StrOpt) Rbridge id of provider edge router(s) |
| username = admin                     | (StrOpt) The SSH username to use               |

## Modular Layer 2 (ml2) Cisco Mechanism configuration options

## Table 8.21. Description of ML2 Cisco mechanism driver configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                            |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                        |
| apic_system_id = openstack           | (StrOpt) Prefix for APIC domain/names/profiles created |
| [ml2_cisco]                          | ·                                                      |

| Configuration option = Default value                                                          | Description                                                                        |  |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| managed_physical_network = None                                                               | (StrOpt) The physical network managed by the switches.                             |  |
| [ml2_cisco_apic]                                                                              |                                                                                    |  |
| apic_agent_poll_interval = 2                                                                  | (FloatOpt) Interval between agent poll for topology (in sec)                       |  |
| apic_agent_report_interval = 30                                                               | (FloatOpt) Interval between agent status updates (in sec)                          |  |
| apic_app_profile_name = \${apic_system_id}_app                                                | (StrOpt) Name for the app profile used for Openstack                               |  |
| apic_domain_name = \${apic_system_id}                                                         | (StrOpt) Name for the domain created on APIC                                       |  |
| apic_entity_profile = \${apic_system_id}_entity_profile                                       | (StrOpt) Name of the entity profile to be created                                  |  |
| apic_function_profile =<br>\${apic_system_id}_function_profile                                | (StrOpt) Name of the function profile to be created                                |  |
| apic_host_uplink_ports =                                                                      | (ListOpt) The uplink ports to check for ACI connectivity                           |  |
| apic_hosts =                                                                                  | (ListOpt) An ordered list of host names or IP addresses of the APIC controller(s). |  |
| apic_lacp_profile = \${apic_system_id}_lacp_profile                                           | (StrOpt) Name of the LACP profile to be created                                    |  |
| apic_name_mapping = use_name                                                                  | (StrOpt) Name mapping strategy to use: use_uuid   use_name                         |  |
| apic_node_profile = \${apic_system_id}_node_profile                                           | (StrOpt) Name of the node profile to be created                                    |  |
| apic_password = None                                                                          | (StrOpt) Password for the APIC controller                                          |  |
| apic_sync_interval = 0                                                                        | (IntOpt) Synchronization interval in seconds                                       |  |
| apic_use_ssl = True                                                                           | (BoolOpt) Use SSL to connect to the APIC controller                                |  |
| apic_username = None                                                                          | (StrOpt) Username for the APIC controller                                          |  |
| apic_vlan_ns_name = \${apic_system_id}_vlan_ns                                                | (StrOpt) Name for the vlan namespace to be used for Openstack                      |  |
| apic_vlan_range = 2:4093                                                                      | (StrOpt) Range of VLAN's to be used for Openstack                                  |  |
| apic_vpc_pairs =                                                                              | (ListOpt) The switch pairs for VPC connectivity                                    |  |
| <pre>root_helper = sudo /usr/local/bin/neutron-rootwrap /etc/<br/>neutron/rootwrap.conf</pre> | (StrOpt) Setup root helper as rootwrap or sudo                                     |  |

## Modular Layer 2 (ml2) Freescale SDN Mechanism configuration options

# Table 8.22. Description of ML2 Freescale SDN mechanism driver configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value       | Description                                                               |  |
|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| [ml2_fslsdn]                               |                                                                           |  |
| crd_api_insecure = False                   | (BoolOpt) If set, ignore any SSL validation issues.                       |  |
| crd_auth_strategy = keystone               | (StrOpt) Auth strategy for connecting to neutron in admin context.        |  |
| crd_auth_url = http://127.0.0.1:5000/v2.0/ | (StrOpt) CRD Auth URL.                                                    |  |
| crd_ca_certificates_file = None            | (StrOpt) Location of ca certificates file to use for CRD client requests. |  |
| crd_password = password                    | (StrOpt) CRD Service Password.                                            |  |
| crd_region_name = RegionOne                | (StrOpt) Region name for connecting to CRD Service in admin context.      |  |
| crd_tenant_name = service                  | (StrOpt) CRD Tenant Name.                                                 |  |
| crd_url = http://127.0.0.1:9797            | (StrOpt) URL for connecting to CRD service.                               |  |
| crd_url_timeout = 30                       | (IntOpt) Timeout value for connecting to CRD service in seconds.          |  |
| crd_user_name = crd                        | (StrOpt) CRD service Username.                                            |  |

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

### Modular Layer 2 (ml2) Mellanox Mechanism configuration options

# Table 8.23. Description of Mellanox ML2 mechanism driver configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                   |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| [ESWITCH]                            |                                                               |
| vnic_type = mlnx_direct              | (StrOpt) Type of VM network interface: mlnx_direct or hostdev |

#### Modular Layer 2 (ml2) OpenDaylight Mechanism configuration options

# Table 8.24. Description of ML2 OpenDaylight mechanism driver configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                       |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| [ml2_odl]                            |                                                   |
| password = None                      | (StrOpt) HTTP password for authentication         |
| session_timeout = 30                 | (IntOpt) Tomcat session timeout in minutes.       |
| timeout = 10                         | (IntOpt) HTTP timeout in seconds.                 |
| url = None                           | (StrOpt) HTTP URL of OpenDaylight REST interface. |
| username = None                      | (StrOpt) HTTP username for authentication         |

#### Modular Layer 2 (ml2) OpenFlow Mechanism configuration options

# Table 8.25. Description of ML2 of agent mechanism driver configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                          |  |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                                                      |  |
| ofp_listen_host =                    | (StrOpt) openflow listen host                                                                        |  |
| ofp_ssl_listen_port = 6633           | (IntOpt) openflow ssl listen port                                                                    |  |
| ofp_tcp_listen_port = 6633           | (IntOpt) openflow tcp listen port                                                                    |  |
| [AGENT]                              |                                                                                                      |  |
| dont_fragment = True                 | (BoolOpt) Set or un-set the don't fragment (DF) bit on outgoing IP packet carrying GRE/VXLAN tunnel. |  |
| get_datapath_retry_times = 60        | (IntOpt) Number of seconds to retry acquiring an Open vSwitch datapath                               |  |
| physical_interface_mappings =        | (ListOpt) List of <physical_network>:<physical_interface></physical_interface></physical_network>    |  |

#### Modular Layer 2 (ml2) L2 Population Mechanism configuration options

#### Table 8.26. Description of ML2 L2 population configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                              |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [l2pop]                              |                                                                                          |
| agent_boot_time = 180                | (IntOpt) Delay within which agent is expected to update existing ports whent it restarts |

#### Modular Layer 2 (ml2) Tail-f NCS Mechanism configuration options

#### Table 8.27. Description of ML2 NCS mechanism driver configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                     |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| [ml2_ncs]                            |                                                 |
| password = None                      | (StrOpt) HTTP password for authentication       |
| timeout = 10                         | (IntOpt) HTTP timeout in seconds.               |
| url = None                           | (StrOpt) HTTP URL of Tail-f NCS REST interface. |
| username = None                      | (StrOpt) HTTP username for authentication       |

## Modular Layer 2 (ml2) SR-IOV Mechanism configuration options

#### Table 8.28. Description of ML2 ML2 SR-IOV driver configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value             | Description                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [ml2_sriov]                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                |
| agent_required = False                           | (BoolOpt) SRIOV neutron agent is required for port binding                                                                                                                     |
| supported_pci_vendor_devs = 15b3:1004, 8086:10c9 | (ListOpt) Supported PCI vendor devices, defined by vendor_id:product_id according to the PCI ID Repository. Default enables support for Intel and Mellanox SR-IOV capable NICs |

## **MidoNet configuration options**

#### **Table 8.29. Description of Midonet configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value                             | Description                                                   |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| [MIDONET]                                                        |                                                               |
| midonet_host_uuid_path = /etc/midol-<br>man/host_uuid.properties | (StrOpt) Path to midonet host uuid file                       |
| midonet_uri = http://localhost:8080/midonet-api                  | (StrOpt) MidoNet API server URI.                              |
| mode = dev                                                       | (StrOpt) Operational mode. Internal dev use only.             |
| password = passw0rd                                              | (StrOpt) MidoNet admin password.                              |
| project_id = 77777777777777777777777777777777777                 | (StrOpt) ID of the project that MidoNet admin userbelongs to. |
| provider_router_id = None                                        | (StrOpt) Virtual provider router ID.                          |
| username = admin                                                 | (StrOpt) MidoNet admin username.                              |

# **NEC configuration options**

#### **Table 8.30. Description of Nec configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [OFC]                                |                                                                                                                                                                   |
| api_max_attempts = 3                 | (IntOpt) Maximum attempts per OFC API request. NEC plugin retries API request to OFC when OFC returns ServiceUnavailable (503). The value must be greater than 0. |
| cert_file = None                     | (StrOpt) Location of certificate file.                                                                                                                            |

| Configuration option = Default value  | Description                                                             |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| driver = trema                        | (StrOpt) Driver to use.                                                 |
| enable_packet_filter = True           | (BoolOpt) Enable packet filter.                                         |
| host = 127.0.0.1                      | (StrOpt) Host to connect to.                                            |
| insecure_ssl = False                  | (BoolOpt) Disable SSL certificate verification.                         |
| key_file = None                       | (StrOpt) Location of key file.                                          |
| path_prefix =                         | (StrOpt) Base URL of OFC REST API. It is prepended to each API request. |
| port = 8888                           | (StrOpt) Port to connect to.                                            |
| use_ssl = False                       | (BoolOpt) Use SSL to connect.                                           |
| [PROVIDER]                            |                                                                         |
| default_router_provider = I3-agent    | (StrOpt) Default router provider to use.                                |
| router_providers = I3-agent, openflow | (ListOpt) List of enabled router providers.                             |
| [fwaas]                               | '                                                                       |
| driver =                              | (StrOpt) Name of the FWaaS Driver                                       |
|                                       | 1                                                                       |

## **Nuage configuration options**

#### **Table 8.31. Description of Nuage configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value                      | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                         |  |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| [RESTPROXY]                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |  |
| auth_resource =                                           | (StrOpt) Nuage provided uri for initial authorization to access VSD                                                                                                                                                 |  |
| base_uri = /                                              | (StrOpt) Nuage provided base uri to reach out to VSD                                                                                                                                                                |  |
| default_floatingip_quota = 254                            | (IntOpt) Per Net Partition quota of floating ips                                                                                                                                                                    |  |
| default_net_partition_name = OpenStackDefaultNetPartition | (StrOpt) Default Network partition in which VSD will or-<br>chestrate network resources using openstack                                                                                                             |  |
| organization = system                                     | (StrOpt) Organization name in which VSD will orchestrate network resources using openstack                                                                                                                          |  |
| server = localhost:8800                                   | (StrOpt) IP Address and Port of Nuage's VSD server                                                                                                                                                                  |  |
| serverauth = username:password                            | (StrOpt) Username and password for authentication                                                                                                                                                                   |  |
| serverssl = False                                         | (BoolOpt) Boolean for SSL connection with VSD server                                                                                                                                                                |  |
| [SYNCMANAGER]                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |  |
| enable_sync = False                                       | (BoolOpt) Nuage plugin will sync resources between open-<br>stack and VSD                                                                                                                                           |  |
| sync_interval = 0                                         | (IntOpt) Sync interval in seconds between openstack and VSD. It defines how often the synchronization is done. If not set, value of 0 is assumed and sync will be performed only once, at the Neutron startup time. |  |

# One Convergence NVSD configuration options

## Table 8.32. Description of NVSD driver configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                         |  |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| [AGENT]                              |                                     |  |
| integration_bridge = br-int          | (StrOpt) integration bridge         |  |
| [nvsd]                               |                                     |  |
| nvsd_ip = 127.0.0.1                  | (StrOpt) NVSD Controller IP address |  |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                  |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| nvsd_passwd = oc123                  | (StrOpt) NVSD Controller password                            |
| nvsd_port = 8082                     | (IntOpt) NVSD Controller Port number                         |
| nvsd_retries = 0                     | (IntOpt) Number of login retries to NVSD controller          |
| nvsd_user = ocplugin                 | (StrOpt) NVSD Controller username                            |
| request_timeout = 30                 | (IntOpt) NVSD controller REST API request timeout in seconds |

# **OpenContrail configuration options**

## **Table 8.33. Description of OpenContrail configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                               |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| [CONTRAIL]                           |                                                           |
| api_server_ip = 127.0.0.1            | (StrOpt) IP address to connect to opencontrail controller |
| api_server_port = 8082               | (IntOpt) Port to connect to opencontrail controller       |

# **Open vSwitch Agent configuration options**

## Table 8.34. Description of Open vSwitch agent configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| ovs_integration_bridge = br-int      | (StrOpt) Name of Open vSwitch bridge to use                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| ovs_use_veth = False                 | (BoolOpt) Uses veth for an interface or not                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| ovs_vsctl_timeout = 10               | (IntOpt) Timeout in seconds for ovs-vsctl commands                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [AGENT]                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| arp_responder = False                | (BoolOpt) Enable local ARP responder if it is supported. Requires OVS 2.1 and ML2 l2population driver. Allows the switch (when supporting an overlay) to respond to an ARP request locally without performing a costly ARP broadcast into the overlay. |
| dont_fragment = True                 | (BoolOpt) Set or un-set the don't fragment (DF) bit on outgoing IP packet carrying GRE/VXLAN tunnel.                                                                                                                                                   |
| enable_distributed_routing = False   | (BoolOpt) Make the I2 agent run in DVR mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| I2_population = False                | (BoolOpt) Use ML2 l2population mechanism driver to learn remote MAC and IPs and improve tunnel scalability.                                                                                                                                            |
| minimize_polling = True              | (BoolOpt) Minimize polling by monitoring ovsdb for interface changes.                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| ovsdb_monitor_respawn_interval = 30  | (IntOpt) The number of seconds to wait before respawning the ovsdb monitor after losing communication with it.                                                                                                                                         |
| tunnel_types =                       | (ListOpt) Network types supported by the agent (gre and/or vxlan).                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| veth_mtu = None                      | (IntOpt) MTU size of veth interfaces                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| vxlan_udp_port = 4789                | (IntOpt) The UDP port to use for VXLAN tunnels.                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [CISCO_N1K]                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| local_ip = 10.0.0.3                  | (StrOpt) N1K Local IP                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [OVS]                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| bridge_mappings =                    | (ListOpt) List of <physical_network>:<bridge>. Deprecated for ofagent.</bridge></physical_network>                                                                                                                                                     |
| enable_tunneling = False             | (BoolOpt) Enable tunneling support.                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| int_peer_patch_port = patch-tun      | (StrOpt) Peer patch port in integration bridge for tunnel bridge.                                                                             |
| integration_bridge = br-int          | (StrOpt) Integration bridge to use.                                                                                                           |
| local_ip =                           | (StrOpt) Local IP address of GRE tunnel endpoints.                                                                                            |
| network_vlan_ranges =                | (ListOpt) List of <physical_network>:<vlan_min>:<vlan_max> or <physical_network>.</physical_network></vlan_max></vlan_min></physical_network> |
| tenant_network_type = local          | (StrOpt) Network type for tenant networks (local, vlan, gre, vxlan, or none).                                                                 |
| tun_peer_patch_port = patch-int      | (StrOpt) Peer patch port in tunnel bridge for integration bridge.                                                                             |
| tunnel_bridge = br-tun               | (StrOpt) Tunnel bridge to use.                                                                                                                |
| tunnel_id_ranges =                   | (ListOpt) List of <tun_min>:<tun_max>.</tun_max></tun_min>                                                                                    |
| tunnel_type =                        | (StrOpt) The type of tunnels to use when utilizing tunnels, either 'gre' or 'vxlan'.                                                          |
| use_veth_interconnection = False     | (BoolOpt) Use veths instead of patch ports to interconnect the integration bridge to physical bridges.                                        |

# **PLUMgrid configuration options**

## **Table 8.35. Description of PLUMgrid configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value                      | Description                                          |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| [plumgriddirector]                                        |                                                      |
| director_server = localhost                               | (StrOpt) PLUMgrid Director server to connect to      |
| director_server_port = 8080                               | (StrOpt) PLUMgrid Director server port to connect to |
| driver = neutron.plugins.plumgrid.drivers.plumlib.Plumlib | (StrOpt) PLUMgrid Driver                             |
| password = password                                       | (StrOpt) PLUMgrid Director admin password            |
| servertimeout = 5                                         | (IntOpt) PLUMgrid Director server timeout            |
| username = username                                       | (StrOpt) PLUMgrid Director admin username            |

# Ryu configuration options

## **Table 8.36. Description of RYU configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                         |
| wsapi_host =                         | (StrOpt) webapp listen host             |
| wsapi_port = 8080                    | (IntOpt) webapp listen port             |
| [OVS]                                |                                         |
| openflow_rest_api = 127.0.0.1:8080   | (StrOpt) OpenFlow REST API location.    |
| ovsdb_interface = None               | (StrOpt) OVSDB interface to connect to. |
| ovsdb_ip = None                      | (StrOpt) OVSDB IP to connect to.        |
| ovsdb_port = 6634                    | (IntOpt) OVSDB port to connect to.      |
| tunnel_interface = None              | (StrOpt) Tunnel interface to use.       |
| tunnel_ip = None                     | (StrOpt) Tunnel IP to use.              |
| tunnel_key_max = 16777215            | (IntOpt) Maximum tunnel ID to use.      |
| tunnel_key_min = 1                   | (IntOpt) Minimum tunnel ID to use.      |

# **SR-IOV** configuration options

Table 8.37. Description of SR-IOV configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [SRIOV_NIC]                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| exclude_devices =                    | (ListOpt) List of <network_device>:<excluded_device>&gt; mapping network_device to the agent's node-specific list of virtual functions that should not be used for virtual networking. excluded_devices is a semicolon separated list of virtual functions (BDF format).to exclude from network_device. The network_device in the mapping should appear in the physical_device_mappings list.</excluded_device></network_device> |
| physical_device_mappings =           | (ListOpt) List of <physical_network>:<network_device> mapping physical network names to the agent's node-specific physical network device of SR-IOV physical function to be used for VLAN networks. All physical networks listed in network_vlan_ranges on the server should have mappings to appropriate interfaces on each agent</network_device></physical_network>                                                           |

# **VMware NSX configuration options**

**Table 8.38. Description of VMware configuration options** 

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| default_interface_name = breth0      | (StrOpt) Name of the interface on a L2 Gateway transport nodewhich should be used by default when setting up a network connection                                                                       |
| default_l2_gw_service_uuid = None    | (StrOpt) Unique identifier of the NSX L2 Gateway service which will be used by default for network gateways                                                                                             |
| default_l3_gw_service_uuid = None    | (StrOpt) Unique identifier of the NSX L3 Gateway service which will be used for implementing routers and floating IPs                                                                                   |
| default_service_cluster_uuid = None  | (StrOpt) Unique identifier of the Service Cluster which will be used by logical services like dhcp and metadata                                                                                         |
| default_tz_uuid = None               | (StrOpt) This is uuid of the default NSX Transport zone that will be used for creating tunneled isolated "Neutron" networks. It needs to be created in NSX before starting Neutron with the nsx plugin. |
| http_timeout = 75                    | (IntOpt) Time before aborting a request                                                                                                                                                                 |
| nsx_controllers = None               | (ListOpt) Lists the NSX controllers in this cluster                                                                                                                                                     |
| nsx_password = admin                 | (StrOpt) Password for NSX controllers in this cluster                                                                                                                                                   |
| nsx_user = admin                     | (StrOpt) User name for NSX controllers in this cluster                                                                                                                                                  |
| redirects = 2                        | (IntOpt) Number of times a redirect should be followed                                                                                                                                                  |
| retries = 2                          | (IntOpt) Number of time a request should be retried                                                                                                                                                     |
| [ESWITCH]                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| retries = 3                          | (IntOpt) The number of retries the agent will send request to daemon before giving up                                                                                                                   |
| [NSX]                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| agent_mode = agent                   | (StrOpt) The mode used to implement DHCP/metadata services.                                                                                                                                             |
| concurrent_connections = 10          | (IntOpt) Maximum concurrent connections to each NSX controller.                                                                                                                                         |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| default_transport_type = stt         | (StrOpt) The default network tranport type to use (stt, gre, bridge, ipsec_gre, or ipsec_stt)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| max_lp_per_bridged_ls = 5000         | (IntOpt) Maximum number of ports of a logical switch on a bridged transport zone (default 5000)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| max_lp_per_overlay_ls = 256          | (IntOpt) Maximum number of ports of a logical switch on an overlay transport zone (default 256)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| metadata_mode = access_network       | (StrOpt) If set to access_network this enables a dedicated connection to the metadata proxy for metadata server access via Neutron router. If set to dhcp_host_route this enables host route injection via the dhcp agent. This option is only useful if running on a host that does not support namespaces otherwise access_network should be used. |
| nsx_gen_timeout = -1                 | (IntOpt) Number of seconds a generation id should be valid for (default -1 meaning do not time out)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| replication_mode = service           | (StrOpt) The default option leverages service nodes to perform packet replication though one could set to this to 'source' to perform replication locally. This is useful if one does not want to deploy a service node(s). It must be set to 'service' for leveraging distributed routers.                                                          |
| [NSX_DHCP]                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| default_lease_time = 43200           | (IntOpt) Default DHCP lease time                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| domain_name = openstacklocal         | (StrOpt) Domain to use for building the hostnames                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| extra_domain_name_servers =          | (ListOpt) Comma separated list of additional domain name servers                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [NSX_LSN]                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| sync_on_missing_data = False         | (BoolOpt) Pull LSN information from NSX in case it is missing from the local data store. This is useful to rebuild the local store in case of server recovery.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [NSX_METADATA]                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| metadata_server_address = 127.0.0.1  | (StrOpt) IP address used by Metadata server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| metadata_server_port = 8775          | (IntOpt) TCP Port used by Metadata server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| metadata_shared_secret =             | (StrOpt) Shared secret to sign instance-id request                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [NSX_SYNC]                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| always_read_status = False           | (BoolOpt) Always read operational status from backend on show operations. Enabling this option might slow down the system.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| max_random_sync_delay = 0            | (IntOpt) Maximum value for the additional random delay in seconds between runs of the state synchronization task                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| min_chunk_size = 500                 | (IntOpt) Minimum number of resources to be retrieved from NSX during state synchronization                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| min_sync_req_delay = 1               | (IntOpt) Minimum delay, in seconds, between two state synchronization queries to NSX. It must not exceed state_sync_interval                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| state_sync_interval = 10             | (IntOpt) Interval in seconds between runs of the state synchronization task. Set it to 0 to disable it                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [vcns]                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| datacenter_moid = None               | (StrOpt) Optional parameter identifying the ID of datacenter to deploy NSX Edges                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| datastore_id = None                  | (StrOpt) Optional parameter identifying the ID of datastore to deploy NSX Edges                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| deployment_container_id = None       | (StrOpt) Optional parameter identifying the ID of datas-                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| acproyment_container_id None         | tore to deploy NSX Edges                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                    |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| manager_uri = None                   | (StrOpt) uri for vsm                                                           |
| password = default                   | (StrOpt) Password for vsm                                                      |
| resource_pool_id = None              | (StrOpt) Optional parameter identifying the ID of resource to deploy NSX Edges |
| task_status_check_interval = 2000    | (IntOpt) Task status check interval                                            |
| user = admin                         | (StrOpt) User name for vsm                                                     |

## Config

OpenStack projects use an open standard for messaging middleware known as AMQP. This messaging middleware enables the OpenStack services that run on multiple servers to talk to each other. OpenStack Oslo RPC supports three implementations of AMQP: RabbitMQ, Qpid, and ZeroMQ.

## **Configure RabbitMQ**

- ounc - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno -

OpenStack Oslo RPC uses RabbitMQ by default. Use these options to configure the RabbitMQ message system. The rpc\_backend option is optional as long as RabbitMQ is the default messaging system. However, if it is included the configuration, you must set it to neutron.openstack.common.rpc.impl kombu.

rpc\_backend=neutron.openstack.common.rpc.impl\_kombu

Use these options to configure the RabbitMQ messaging system. You can configure messaging communication for different installation scenarios, tune retries for RabbitMQ, and define the size of the RPC thread pool. To monitor notifications through RabbitMQ, you must set the notification\_driver option to neutron.openstack.common.notifier.rpc\_notifier in the neutron.conf file:

Table 8.39. Description of RabbitMQ configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value       | Description                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                  |                                                                                                                                                  |
| kombu_reconnect_delay = 1.0                | (FloatOpt) How long to wait before reconnecting in response to an AMQP consumer cancel notification.                                             |
| kombu_ssl_ca_certs =                       | (StrOpt) SSL certification authority file (valid only if SSL enabled).                                                                           |
| kombu_ssl_certfile =                       | (StrOpt) SSL cert file (valid only if SSL enabled).                                                                                              |
| kombu_ssl_keyfile =                        | (StrOpt) SSL key file (valid only if SSL enabled).                                                                                               |
| kombu_ssl_version =                        | (StrOpt) SSL version to use (valid only if SSL enabled). valid values are TLSv1, SSLv23 and SSLv3. SSLv2 may be available on some distributions. |
| rabbit_ha_queues = False                   | (BoolOpt) Use HA queues in RabbitMQ (x-ha-policy: all). If you change this option, you must wipe the RabbitMQ database.                          |
| rabbit_host = localhost                    | (StrOpt) The RabbitMQ broker address where a single node is used.                                                                                |
| rabbit_hosts = \$rabbit_host:\$rabbit_port | (ListOpt) RabbitMQ HA cluster host:port pairs.                                                                                                   |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                  |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| rabbit_login_method = AMQPLAIN       | (StrOpt) the RabbitMQ login method                                                           |
| rabbit_max_retries = 0               | (IntOpt) Maximum number of RabbitMQ connection retries. Default is 0 (infinite retry count). |
| rabbit_password = guest              | (StrOpt) The RabbitMQ password.                                                              |
| rabbit_port = 5672                   | (IntOpt) The RabbitMQ broker port where a single node is used.                               |
| rabbit_retry_backoff = 2             | (IntOpt) How long to backoff for between retries when connecting to RabbitMQ.                |
| rabbit_retry_interval = 1            | (IntOpt) How frequently to retry connecting with Rabbit-MQ.                                  |
| rabbit_use_ssl = False               | (BoolOpt) Connect over SSL for RabbitMQ.                                                     |
| rabbit_userid = guest                | (StrOpt) The RabbitMQ userid.                                                                |
| rabbit_virtual_host = /              | (StrOpt) The RabbitMQ virtual host.                                                          |

## Configu

Use these options to configure the Qpid messaging system for OpenStack Oslo RPC. Qpid is not the default messaging system, so you must enable it by setting the rpc\_backend option in the neutron.conf file:

```
rpc_backend=neutron.openstack.common.rpc.impl_qpid
```

This critical option points the compute nodes to the Qpid broker (server). Set the qpid\_hostname option to the host name where the broker runs in the neutron.conf file.



ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

#### **Note**

The --qpid\_hostname option accepts a host name or IP address value.

```
qpid_hostname=hostname.example.com
```

If the Qpid broker listens on a port other than the AMQP default of 5672, you must set the qpid\_port option to that value:

```
qpid_port=12345
```

If you configure the Qpid broker to require authentication, you must add a user name and password to the configuration:

```
qpid_username=username
qpid_password=password
```

By default, TCP is used as the transport. To enable SSL, set the <code>qpid\_protocol</code> option:

Use these additional options to configure the Qpid messaging driver for OpenStack Oslo RPC. These options are used infrequently.

**Table 8.40. Description of Qpid configuration options** 

| Configuration option = Default value     | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                | '                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| qpid_heartbeat = 60                      | (IntOpt) Seconds between connection keepalive heart-<br>beats.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| qpid_hostname = localhost                | (StrOpt) Qpid broker hostname.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| qpid_hosts = \$qpid_hostname:\$qpid_port | (ListOpt) Qpid HA cluster host:port pairs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| qpid_password =                          | (StrOpt) Password for Qpid connection.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| qpid_port = 5672                         | (IntOpt) Qpid broker port.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| qpid_protocol = tcp                      | (StrOpt) Transport to use, either 'tcp' or 'ssl'.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| qpid_receiver_capacity = 1               | (IntOpt) The number of prefetched messages held by receiver.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| qpid_sasl_mechanisms =                   | (StrOpt) Space separated list of SASL mechanisms to use for auth.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| qpid_tcp_nodelay = True                  | (BoolOpt) Whether to disable the Nagle algorithm.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <pre>qpid_topology_version = 1</pre>     | (IntOpt) The qpid topology version to use. Version 1 is what was originally used by impl_qpid. Version 2 includes some backwards-incompatible changes that allow broker federation to work. Users should update to version 2 when they are able to take everything down, as it requires a clean break. |
| qpid_username =                          | (StrOpt) Username for Qpid connection.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

# **Configure ZeroMQ**

uno - Juno 
Use these options to configure the ZeroMQ messaging system for OpenStack Oslo RPC. ZeroMQ is not the default messaging system, so you must enable it by setting the rpc\_backend option in the neutron.conf file:

Table 8.41. Description of ZeroMQ configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value                                      | Description                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                  |
| rpc_zmq_bind_address = *                                                  | (StrOpt) ZeroMQ bind address. Should be a wildcard (*), an ethernet interface, or IP. The "host" option should point or resolve to this address. |
| rpc_zmq_contexts = 1                                                      | (IntOpt) Number of ZeroMQ contexts, defaults to 1.                                                                                               |
| rpc_zmq_host = localhost                                                  | (StrOpt) Name of this node. Must be a valid hostname, FQDN, or IP address. Must match "host" option, if running Nova.                            |
| rpc_zmq_ipc_dir = /var/run/openstack                                      | (StrOpt) Directory for holding IPC sockets.                                                                                                      |
| rpc_zmq_matchmaker = oslo.messagingdrivers.matchmaker.MatchMakerLocalhost | (StrOpt) MatchMaker driver.                                                                                                                      |
| rpc_zmq_port = 9501                                                       | (IntOpt) ZeroMQ receiver listening port.                                                                                                         |
| rpc_zmq_topic_backlog = None                                              | (IntOpt) Maximum number of ingress messages to locally buffer per topic. Default is unlimited.                                                   |

## **Configure messaging**

Use these common options to configure the RabbitMQ, Qpid, and ZeroMq messaging drivers:

December 8, 2015

#### **Table 8.42. Description of RPC configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                      |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            | ,                                                                                                |
| matchmaker_heartbeat_freq = 300      | (IntOpt) Heartbeat frequency.                                                                    |
| matchmaker_heartbeat_ttl = 600       | (IntOpt) Heartbeat time-to-live.                                                                 |
| rpc_backend = rabbit                 | (StrOpt) The messaging driver to use, defaults to rabbit.<br>Other drivers include qpid and zmq. |
| rpc_cast_timeout = 30                | (IntOpt) Seconds to wait before a cast expires (TTL). Only supported by impl_zmq.                |
| rpc_conn_pool_size = 30              | (IntOpt) Size of RPC connection pool.                                                            |
| rpc_response_timeout = 60            | (IntOpt) Seconds to wait for a response from a call.                                             |
| rpc_thread_pool_size = 64            | (IntOpt) Size of RPC greenthread pool.                                                           |
| rpc_workers = 0                      | (IntOpt) Number of RPC worker processes for service                                              |
| [AGENT]                              |                                                                                                  |
| rpc_support_old_agents = False       | (BoolOpt) Enable server RPC compatibility with old agents                                        |

## **Table 8.43. Description of Redis configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value      | Description                                      |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| [matchmaker_redis]                        |                                                  |
| host = 127.0.0.1                          | (StrOpt) Host to locate redis.                   |
| password = None                           | (StrOpt) Password for Redis server (optional).   |
| port = 6379                               | (IntOpt) Use this port to connect to redis host. |
| [matchmaker_ring]                         |                                                  |
| ringfile = /etc/oslo/matchmaker_ring.json | (StrOpt) Matchmaker ring file (JSON).            |

#### Table 8.44. Description of AMQP configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                                                                                                                           |
| amqp_auto_delete = False             | (BoolOpt) Auto-delete queues in amqp.                                                                                                                                     |
| amqp_durable_queues = False          | (BoolOpt) Use durable queues in amqp.                                                                                                                                     |
| control_exchange = neutron           | (StrOpt) The default exchange under which topics are scoped. May be overridden by an exchange name specified in the transport_url option.                                 |
| notification_driver = []             | (MultiStrOpt) Driver or drivers to handle sending notifications.                                                                                                          |
| notification_topics = notifications  | (ListOpt) AMQP topic used for OpenStack notifications.                                                                                                                    |
| transport_url = None                 | (StrOpt) A URL representing the messaging driver to use and its full configuration. If not set, we fall back to the rpc_backend option and driver specific configuration. |

# **Agent**

Use the following options to alter agent-related settings.

## Table 8.45. Description of agent configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value       | Description                                |
|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                  |                                            |
| external_pids = \$state_path/external/pids | (StrOpt) Location to store child pid files |
| network_device_mtu = None                  | (IntOpt) MTU setting for device.           |

## **API**

Use the following options to alter API-related settings.

#### **Table 8.46. Description of API configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                     |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            | '                                                                                                                                               |
| allow_bulk = True                    | (BoolOpt) Allow the usage of the bulk API                                                                                                       |
| allow_pagination = False             | (BoolOpt) Allow the usage of the pagination                                                                                                     |
| allow_sorting = False                | (BoolOpt) Allow the usage of the sorting                                                                                                        |
| api_extensions_path =                | (StrOpt) The path for API extensions                                                                                                            |
| api_paste_config = api-paste.ini     | (StrOpt) The API paste config file to use                                                                                                       |
| backlog = 4096                       | (IntOpt) Number of backlog requests to configure the socket with                                                                                |
| max_header_line = 16384              | (IntOpt) Max header line to accommodate large tokens                                                                                            |
| max_request_body_size = 114688       | (IntOpt) the maximum body size per each request(bytes)                                                                                          |
| pagination_max_limit = -1            | (StrOpt) The maximum number of items returned in a single response, value was 'infinite' or negative integer means no limit                     |
| retry_until_window = 30              | (IntOpt) Number of seconds to keep retrying to listen                                                                                           |
| run_external_periodic_tasks = True   | (BoolOpt) Some periodic tasks can be run in a separate process. Should we run them here?                                                        |
| service_plugins =                    | (ListOpt) The service plugins Neutron will use                                                                                                  |
| tcp_keepidle = 600                   | (IntOpt) Sets the value of TCP_KEEPIDLE in seconds for each server socket. Not supported on OS X.                                               |
| [service_providers]                  |                                                                                                                                                 |
| service_provider = []                | (MultiStrOpt) Defines providers for advanced services using the format: <service_type>:<name>:<driver>[:default]</driver></name></service_type> |

# **Token authentication**

Use the following options to alter token authentication settings.

#### Table 8.47. Description of authorization token configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [keystone_authtoken]                 | ·                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| admin_password = None                | (StrOpt) Keystone account password                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| admin_tenant_name = admin            | (StrOpt) Keystone service account tenant name to validate user tokens                                                                                                                                                            |
| admin_token = None                   | (StrOpt) This option is deprecated and may be removed in a future release. Single shared secret with the Keystone configuration used for bootstrapping a Keystone installation, or otherwise bypassing the normal authentication |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                      | process. This option should not be used, use `admin_user` and `admin_password` instead.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| admin_user = None                    | (StrOpt) Keystone account username                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| auth_admin_prefix =                  | (StrOpt) Prefix to prepend at the beginning of the path. Deprecated, use identity_uri.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| auth_host = 127.0.0.1                | (StrOpt) Host providing the admin Identity API endpoint. Deprecated, use identity_uri.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| auth_port = 35357                    | (IntOpt) Port of the admin Identity API endpoint. Deprecated, use identity_uri.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| auth_protocol = https                | (StrOpt) Protocol of the admin Identity API endpoint (http or https). Deprecated, use identity_uri.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| auth_uri = None                      | (StrOpt) Complete public Identity API endpoint                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| auth_version = None                  | (StrOpt) API version of the admin Identity API endpoint                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| cache = None                         | (StrOpt) Env key for the swift cache                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| cafile = None                        | (StrOpt) A PEM encoded Certificate Authority to use when verifying HTTPs connections. Defaults to system CAs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| certfile = None                      | (StrOpt) Required if Keystone server requires client certificate                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| check_revocations_for_cached = False | (BoolOpt) If true, the revocation list will be checked for cached tokens. This requires that PKI tokens are configured on the Keystone server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| delay_auth_decision = False          | (BoolOpt) Do not handle authorization requests within<br>the middleware, but delegate the authorization decision<br>to downstream WSGI components                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| enforce_token_bind = permissive      | (StrOpt) Used to control the use and type of token binding. Can be set to: "disabled" to not check token binding. "permissive" (default) to validate binding information if the bind type is of a form known to the server and ignore it if not. "strict" like "permissive" but if the bind type is unknown the token will be rejected. "required" any form of token binding is needed to be allowed. Finally the name of a binding method that must be present in tokens.                                                                                     |
| hash_algorithms = md5                | (ListOpt) Hash algorithms to use for hashing PKI tokens. This may be a single algorithm or multiple. The algorithms are those supported by Python standard hashlib.new(). The hashes will be tried in the order given, so put the preferred one first for performance. The result of the first hash will be stored in the cache. This will typically be set to multiple values only while migrating from a less secure algorithm to a more secure one. Once all the old tokens are expired this option should be set to a single value for better performance. |
| http_connect_timeout = None          | (BoolOpt) Request timeout value for communicating with Identity API server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| http_request_max_retries = 3         | (IntOpt) How many times are we trying to reconnect when communicating with Identity API Server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| identity_uri = None                  | (StrOpt) Complete admin Identity API endpoint. This should specify the unversioned root endpoint e.g. https://localhost:35357/                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| include_service_catalog = True       | (BoolOpt) (optional) indicate whether to set the X-Service-Catalog header. If False, middleware will not ask for service catalog on token validation and will not set the X-Service-Catalog header.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| insecure = False                     | (BoolOpt) Verify HTTPS connections.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| keyfile = None                       | (StrOpt) Required if Keystone server requires client certificate                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| memcache_secret_key = None           | (StrOpt) (optional, mandatory if memcache_security_strategy is defined) this string is used for key derivation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| memcache_security_strategy = None    | (StrOpt) (optional) if defined, indicate whether token data should be authenticated or authenticated and encrypted. Acceptable values are MAC or ENCRYPT. If MAC, token data is authenticated (with HMAC) in the cache. If ENCRYPT, token data is encrypted and authenticated in the cache. If the value is not one of these options or empty, auth_token will raise an exception on initialization. |
| revocation_cache_time = 10           | (IntOpt) Determines the frequency at which the list of revoked tokens is retrieved from the Identity service (in seconds). A high number of revocation events combined with a low cache duration may significantly reduce performance.                                                                                                                                                               |
| signing_dir = None                   | (StrOpt) Directory used to cache files related to PKI tokens                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| token_cache_time = 300               | (IntOpt) In order to prevent excessive effort spent validating tokens, the middleware caches previously-seen tokens for a configurable duration (in seconds). Set to -1 to disable caching completely.                                                                                                                                                                                               |

# **Compute**

uno - Juno 
Use the following options to alter Compute-related settings.

**Table 8.48. Description of Compute configuration options** 

| Configuration option = Default value             | Description                                                                                                     |
|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                        |                                                                                                                 |
| notify_nova_on_port_data_changes = True          | (BoolOpt) Send notification to nova when port data (fixed_ips/floatingip) changes so nova can update its cache. |
| notify_nova_on_port_status_changes = True        | (BoolOpt) Send notification to nova when port status changes                                                    |
| nova_admin_auth_url = http://localhost:5000/v2.0 | (StrOpt) Authorization URL for connecting to nova in admin context                                              |
| nova_admin_password = None                       | (StrOpt) Password for connection to nova in admin context                                                       |
| nova_admin_tenant_id = None                      | (StrOpt) The uuid of the admin nova tenant                                                                      |
| nova_admin_username = None                       | (StrOpt) Username for connecting to nova in admin context                                                       |
| nova_api_insecure = False                        | (BoolOpt) If True, ignore any SSL validation issues                                                             |
| nova_ca_certificates_file = None                 | (StrOpt) CA file for novaclient to verify server certificates                                                   |
| nova_client_cert =                               | (StrOpt) Client certificate for nova metadata api server.                                                       |
| nova_client_priv_key =                           | (StrOpt) Private key of client certificate.                                                                     |
| nova_region_name = None                          | (StrOpt) Name of nova region to use. Useful if keystone manages more than one region.                           |
| nova_url = http://127.0.0.1:8774/v2              | (StrOpt) URL for connection to nova                                                                             |
| send_events_interval = 2                         | (IntOpt) Number of seconds between sending events to nova if there are any events to send.                      |

## **Database**

Use the following options to alter Database-related settings.

Table 8.49. Description of database configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [database]                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| backend = sqlalchemy                 | (StrOpt) The back end to use for the database.                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| connection = None                    | (StrOpt) The SQLAlchemy connection string to use to connect to the database.                                                                                                                                                            |
| connection_debug = 0                 | (IntOpt) Verbosity of SQL debugging information: 0=None, 100=Everything.                                                                                                                                                                |
| connection_trace = False             | (BoolOpt) Add Python stack traces to SQL as comment strings.                                                                                                                                                                            |
| db_inc_retry_interval = True         | (BoolOpt) If True, increases the interval between database connection retries up to db_max_retry_interval.                                                                                                                              |
| db_max_retries = 20                  | (IntOpt) Maximum database connection retries before error is raised. Set to -1 to specify an infinite retry count.                                                                                                                      |
| db_max_retry_interval = 10           | (IntOpt) If db_inc_retry_interval is set, the maximum seconds between database connection retries.                                                                                                                                      |
| db_retry_interval = 1                | (IntOpt) Seconds between database connection retries.                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| idle_timeout = 3600                  | (IntOpt) Timeout before idle SQL connections are reaped.                                                                                                                                                                                |
| max_overflow = None                  | (IntOpt) If set, use this value for max_overflow with SQLAlchemy.                                                                                                                                                                       |
| max_pool_size = None                 | (IntOpt) Maximum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| max_retries = 10                     | (IntOpt) Maximum db connection retries during startup.<br>Set to -1 to specify an infinite retry count.                                                                                                                                 |
| min_pool_size = 1                    | (IntOpt) Minimum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| mysql_sql_mode = TRADITIONAL         | (StrOpt) The SQL mode to be used for MySQL sessions. This option, including the default, overrides any server-set SQL mode. To use whatever SQL mode is set by the server configuration, set this to no value. Example: mysql_sql_mode= |
| pool_timeout = None                  | (IntOpt) If set, use this value for pool_timeout with SQLAIchemy.                                                                                                                                                                       |
| retry_interval = 10                  | (IntOpt) Interval between retries of opening a SQL connection.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| slave_connection = None              | (StrOpt) The SQLAlchemy connection string to use to connect to the slave database.                                                                                                                                                      |
| sqlite_db = oslo.sqlite              | (StrOpt) The file name to use with SQLite.                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| sqlite_synchronous = True            | (BoolOpt) If True, SQLite uses synchronous mode.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| use_db_reconnect = False             | (BoolOpt) Enable the experimental use of database reconnect on connection lost.                                                                                                                                                         |

# Logging

Use the following options to alter debug settings.

Table 8.50. Description of logging configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| backdoor_port = None                 | (StrOpt) Enable eventlet backdoor. Acceptable values are 0, <pre>ort&gt;, and <start>:<end>, where 0 results in listening</end></start></pre> on a random tcp port number; <pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre> |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                      | on the specified port number (and not enabling backdoor if that port is in use); and <start>:<end> results in listening on the smallest unused port number within the specified range of port numbers. The chosen port is displayed in the service's log file.</end></start> |
| disable_process_locking = False      | (BoolOpt) Whether to disable inter-process locks                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## **DHCP** agent

Use the following options to alter Database-related settings.

Table 8.51. Description of DHCP agent configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                       |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                                                                   |
| dnsmasq_config_file =                | (StrOpt) Override the default dnsmasq settings with this file                                                     |
| dnsmasq_dns_servers = None           | (ListOpt) Comma-separated list of the DNS servers which will be used as forwarders.                               |
| dnsmasq_lease_max = 16777216         | (IntOpt) Limit number of leases to prevent a denial-of-service.                                                   |
| enable_isolated_metadata = False     | (BoolOpt) Support Metadata requests on isolated networks.                                                         |
| enable_metadata_network = False      | (BoolOpt) Allows for serving metadata requests from a dedicated network. Requires enable_isolated_metadata = True |
| num_sync_threads = 4                 | (IntOpt) Number of threads to use during sync process.                                                            |
| resync_interval = 5                  | (IntOpt) Interval to resync.                                                                                      |
| use_namespaces = True                | (BoolOpt) Allow overlapping IP.                                                                                   |

## **Distributed virtual router**

Use the following options to alter DVR-related settings.

**Table 8.52. Description of DVR configuration options** 

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                  |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                                                              |
| dvr_base_mac = fa:16:3f:00:00:00     | (StrOpt) The base mac address used for unique DVR instances by Neutron                                       |
| router_distributed = False           | (BoolOpt) System-wide flag to determine the type of router that tenants can create. Only admin can override. |

## **Embrane LBaaS driver**

Use the following options to alter Embrane Load-Balancer-as-a-Service related settings.

Table 8.53. Description of Embrane LBaaS driver configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                  |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| [heleoslb]                           |                              |
| admin_password = None                | (StrOpt) ESM admin password. |
| admin_username = None                | (StrOpt) ESM admin username. |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                            |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| async_requests = None                | (BoolOpt) Define if the requests have run asynchronously or not        |
| dummy_utif_id = None                 | (StrOpt) Dummy user traffic Security Zone id for LBs                   |
| esm_mgmt = None                      | (StrOpt) ESM management root address                                   |
| inband_id = None                     | (StrOpt) In band Security Zone id for LBs                              |
| lb_flavor = small                    | (StrOpt) choose LB image flavor to use, accepted values: small, medium |
| lb_image = None                      | (StrOpt) Load Balancer image id (Embrane LB)                           |
| mgmt_id = None                       | (StrOpt) Management Security Zone id for LBs                           |
| oob_id = None                        | (StrOpt) Out of band Security Zone id for LBs                          |
| resource_pool_id = None              | (StrOpt) Shared resource pool id                                       |
| sync_interval = 60                   | (IntOpt) resource synchronization interval in seconds                  |

# Firewall-as-a-Service driver

Use the following options in the fwaas\_driver.ini file for the FWaaS driver.

**Table 8.54. Description of FwaaS configuration options** 

| Configuration option = Default value   | Description |
|----------------------------------------|-------------|
| [fwaas]                                |             |
| enabled = False (BoolOpt) Enable FWaaS |             |

## **IPv6** router advertisement

Use the following options to alter IPv6 RA settings.

Table 8.55. Description of IPv6 router advertisement configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                     |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                 |
| ra_confs = \$state_path/ra           | (StrOpt) Location to store IPv6 RA config files |

## L3 agent

Use the following options in the 13\_agent.ini file for the L3 agent.

Table 8.56. Description of L3 agent configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| agent_mode = legacy                  | (StrOpt) The working mode for the agent. Allowed modes are: 'legacy' - this preserves the existing behavior where the L3 agent is deployed on a centralized networking node to provide L3 services like DNAT, and SNAT. Use this mode if you do not want to adopt DVR. 'dvr' - this mode enables DVR functionality and must be used for an L3 agent that runs on a compute host. 'dvr_snat' - this enables centralized SNAT support in conjunction with DVR. This mode must be used for an L3 agent running on a centralized node (or in single-host deployments, e.g. devstack) |

| Configuration option = Default value     | Description                                                                                                   |
|------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| allow_automatic_l3agent_failover = False | (BoolOpt) Automatically reschedule routers from offline L3 agents to online L3 agents.                        |
| enable_metadata_proxy = True             | (BoolOpt) Allow running metadata proxy.                                                                       |
| external_network_bridge = br-ex          | (StrOpt) Name of bridge used for external network traffic.                                                    |
| gateway_external_network_id =            | (StrOpt) UUID of external network for routers implemented by the agents.                                      |
| ha_confs_path = \$state_path/ha_confs    | (StrOpt) Location to store keepalived/conntrackd config files                                                 |
| ha_vrrp_advert_int = 2                   | (IntOpt) The advertisement interval in seconds                                                                |
| ha_vrrp_auth_password = None             | (StrOpt) VRRP authentication password                                                                         |
| ha_vrrp_auth_type = PASS                 | (StrOpt) VRRP authentication type AH/PASS                                                                     |
| handle_internal_only_routers = True      | (BoolOpt) Agent should implement routers with no gateway                                                      |
| I3_ha = False                            | (BoolOpt) Enable HA mode for virtual routers.                                                                 |
| l3_ha_net_cidr = 169.254.192.0/18        | (StrOpt) Subnet used for the I3 HA admin network.                                                             |
| max_l3_agents_per_router = 3             | (IntOpt) Maximum number of agents on which a router will be scheduled.                                        |
| min_l3_agents_per_router = 2             | (IntOpt) Minimum number of agents on which a router will be scheduled.                                        |
| router_id =                              | (StrOpt) If namespaces is disabled, the I3 agent can only configure a router that has the matching router ID. |
| send_arp_for_ha = 3                      | (IntOpt) Send this many gratuitous ARPs for HA setup, if less than or equal to 0, the feature is disabled     |

# Load-Balancer-as-a-Service agent

Use the following options in the <code>lbaas\_agent.ini</code> file for the LBaaS agent.

#### Table 8.57. Description of LBaaS configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value                                                          | Description                                                                         |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                                                                     |                                                                                     |
| device_driver = ['neutron.services.loadbalancer.drivers.haproxy.namespace_                    | (MultiStrOpt) Drivers used to manage loadbalancing de-<br>dicieer.HaproxyNSDriver'] |
| loadbalancer_pool_scheduler_driver = neutron.services.loadbalancer.agent_scheduler.ChanceSche | (StrOpt) Driver to use for scheduling pool to a default dokubalancer agent          |

#### Table 8.58. Description of LBaaS haproxy configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value         | Description                                                                                                                                                            |
|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [haproxy]                                    |                                                                                                                                                                        |
| loadbalancer_state_path = \$state_path/lbaas | (StrOpt) Location to store config and state files                                                                                                                      |
| send_gratuitous_arp = 3                      | (IntOpt) When delete and re-add the same vip, send this many gratuitous ARPs to flush the ARP cache in the Router. Set it below or equal to 0 to disable this feature. |
| user_group = nogroup                         | (StrOpt) The user group                                                                                                                                                |

#### **Table 8.59. Description of LBaaS Netscaler configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description |  |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|--|
| [netscaler_driver]                   |             |  |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                        |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| netscaler_ncc_password = None        | (StrOpt) Password to login to the NetScaler Control Center Server. |
| netscaler_ncc_uri = None             | (StrOpt) The URL to reach the NetScaler Control Center Server.     |
| netscaler_ncc_username = None        | (StrOpt) Username to login to the NetScaler Control Center Server. |

## **Table 8.60. Description of LBaaS Radware configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value                                                                                                                                                          | Description                                                                                        |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [radware]                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                    |
| actions_to_skip = setup_I2_I3                                                                                                                                                                 | (ListOpt) List of actions that are not pushed to the completion queue.                             |
| ha_secondary_address = None                                                                                                                                                                   | (StrOpt) IP address of secondary vDirect server.                                                   |
| I2_I3_ctor_params = {'ha_network_name': 'HA-Network', 'service': '_REPLACE_', 'ha_ip_pool_name': 'default', 'twoleg_enabled': '_REPLACE_', 'allocate_ha_ips': True, 'allocate_ha_vrrp': True} | (DictOpt) Parameter for I2_I3 workflow constructor.                                                |
|                                                                                                                                                                                               | (DictOpt) Parameter for I2_I3 workflow setup.                                                      |
|                                                                                                                                                                                               | (StrOpt) Name of I2_I3 workflow. Default: openstack_I2_I3.                                         |
| I4_action_name = BaseCreate                                                                                                                                                                   | (StrOpt) Name of the I4 workflow action. Default: Base-<br>Create.                                 |
|                                                                                                                                                                                               | (StrOpt) Name of I4 workflow. Default: openstack_I4.                                               |
| service_adc_type = VA                                                                                                                                                                         | (StrOpt) Service ADC type. Default: VA.                                                            |
| service_adc_version =                                                                                                                                                                         | (StrOpt) Service ADC version.                                                                      |
| service_cache = 20                                                                                                                                                                            | (IntOpt) Size of service cache. Default: 20.                                                       |
| service_compression_throughput = 100                                                                                                                                                          | (IntOpt) Service compression throughput. Default: 100.                                             |
| service_ha_pair = False                                                                                                                                                                       | (BoolOpt) Enables or disables the Service HA pair. Default: False.                                 |
| service_isl_vlan = -1                                                                                                                                                                         | (IntOpt) A required VLAN for the interswitch link to use.                                          |
| service_resource_pool_ids =                                                                                                                                                                   | (ListOpt) Resource pool IDs.                                                                       |
| service_session_mirroring_enabled = False                                                                                                                                                     | (BoolOpt) Enable or disable Alteon interswitch link for stateful session failover. Default: False. |
| service_ssl_throughput = 100                                                                                                                                                                  | (IntOpt) Service SSL throughput. Default: 100.                                                     |
| service_throughput = 1000                                                                                                                                                                     | (IntOpt) Service throughput. Default: 1000.                                                        |
| vdirect_address = None                                                                                                                                                                        | (StrOpt) IP address of vDirect server.                                                             |
| vdirect_password = radware                                                                                                                                                                    | (StrOpt) vDirect user password.                                                                    |
| vdirect_user = vDirect                                                                                                                                                                        | (StrOpt) vDirect user name.                                                                        |

# Logging

Use the following options to alter logging settings.

## **Table 8.61. Description of logging configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |             |

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

| Configuration option = Default value                                                                                                                                             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| debug = False                                                                                                                                                                    | (BoolOpt) Print debugging output (set logging level to DE-BUG instead of default WARNING level).                                                                                                                                                   |
| default_log_levels = amqp=WARN, amqplib=WARN, boto=WARN, qpid=WARN, sqlalchemy=WARN, suds=INFO, oslo.messaging=INFO, iso8601=WARN, requests.packages.urllib3.connectionpool=WARN | (ListOpt) List of logger=LEVEL pairs.                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| fatal_deprecations = False                                                                                                                                                       | (BoolOpt) Enables or disables fatal status of deprecations.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| instance_format = "[instance: %(uuid)s] "                                                                                                                                        | (StrOpt) The format for an instance that is passed with the log message.                                                                                                                                                                           |
| instance_uuid_format = "[instance: %(uuid)s] "                                                                                                                                   | (StrOpt) The format for an instance UUID that is passed with the log message.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| log_config_append = None                                                                                                                                                         | (StrOpt) The name of a logging configuration file. This file is appended to any existing logging configuration files. For details about logging configuration files, see the Python logging module documentation.                                  |
| log_date_format = %Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S                                                                                                                                              | (StrOpt) Format string for %%(asctime)s in log records. Default: %(default)s .                                                                                                                                                                     |
| log_dir = None                                                                                                                                                                   | (StrOpt) (Optional) The base directory used for relative – log-file paths.                                                                                                                                                                         |
| log_file = None                                                                                                                                                                  | (StrOpt) (Optional) Name of log file to output to. If no default is set, logging will go to stdout.                                                                                                                                                |
| log_format = None                                                                                                                                                                | (StrOpt) DEPRECATED. A logging.Formatter log message format string which may use any of the available logging.LogRecord attributes. This option is deprecated. Please use logging_context_format_string and logging_default_format_string instead. |
| logging_context_format_string = %(asctime)s.<br>%(msecs)03d %(process)d %(levelname)s %(name)s<br>[%(request_id)s %(user_identity)s] %(instance)s<br>%(message)s                 | (StrOpt) Format string to use for log messages with context.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| logging_debug_format_suffix = %(funcName)s<br>%(pathname)s:%(lineno)d                                                                                                            | (StrOpt) Data to append to log format when level is DE-BUG.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| logging_default_format_string = %(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d %(process)d %(levelname)s %(name)s [-] %(instance)s %(message)s                                                          | (StrOpt) Format string to use for log messages without context.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| logging_exception_prefix = %(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d<br>%(process)d TRACE %(name)s %(instance)s                                                                                    | (StrOpt) Prefix each line of exception output with this format.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| publish_errors = False                                                                                                                                                           | (BoolOpt) Enables or disables publication of error events.                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| syslog_log_facility = LOG_USER                                                                                                                                                   | (StrOpt) Syslog facility to receive log lines.                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| use_ssl = False                                                                                                                                                                  | (BoolOpt) Enable SSL on the API server                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| use_stderr = True                                                                                                                                                                | (BoolOpt) Log output to standard error.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| use_syslog = False                                                                                                                                                               | (BoolOpt) Use syslog for logging. Existing syslog format is DEPRECATED during I, and will change in J to honor RFC5424.                                                                                                                            |
| use_syslog_rfc_format = False                                                                                                                                                    | (BoolOpt) (Optional) Enables or disables syslog rfc5424 format for logging. If enabled, prefixes the MSG part of the syslog message with APP-NAME (RFC5424). The format without the APP-NAME is deprecated in I, and will be removed in J.         |
| verbose = False                                                                                                                                                                  | (BoolOpt) Print more verbose output (set logging level to INFO instead of default WARNING level).                                                                                                                                                  |

## **Metadata Agent**

Use the following options in the metadata\_agent.ini file for the Metadata agent.

Table 8.62. Description of metadata configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value                | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| meta_flavor_driver_mappings = None                  | (StrOpt) Mapping between flavor and LinuxInter-<br>faceDriver. It is specific to MetaInterfaceDriver used with<br>admin_user, admin_password, admin_tenant_name,<br>admin_url, auth_strategy, auth_region and<br>endpoint_type. |
| metadata_backlog = 4096                             | (IntOpt) Number of backlog requests to configure the metadata server socket with                                                                                                                                                |
| metadata_port = 9697                                | (IntOpt) TCP Port used by Neutron metadata namespace proxy.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| metadata_proxy_shared_secret =                      | (StrOpt) Shared secret to sign instance-id request                                                                                                                                                                              |
| metadata_proxy_socket = \$state_path/metadata_proxy | (StrOpt) Location of Metadata Proxy UNIX domain socket                                                                                                                                                                          |
| metadata_workers = 2                                | (IntOpt) Number of separate worker processes for metadata server                                                                                                                                                                |
| nova_metadata_insecure = False                      | (BoolOpt) Allow to perform insecure SSL (https) requests to nova metadata                                                                                                                                                       |
| nova_metadata_ip = 127.0.0.1                        | (StrOpt) IP address used by Nova metadata server.                                                                                                                                                                               |
| nova_metadata_port = 8775                           | (IntOpt) TCP Port used by Nova metadata server.                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| nova_metadata_protocol = http                       | (StrOpt) Protocol to access nova metadata, http or https                                                                                                                                                                        |

# **Metering Agent**

Use the following options in the metering\_agent.ini file for the Metering agent.

Table 8.63. Description of metering agent configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value                              | Description                                                                                                                                       |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                                         |                                                                                                                                                   |
| driver = neutron.services.metering.drivers.noop.noop_driver.NoopN | (StrOpt) Metering driver<br>leteringDriver                                                                                                        |
| measure_interval = 30                                             | (IntOpt) Interval between two metering measures                                                                                                   |
| [AGENT]                                                           |                                                                                                                                                   |
| report_interval = 30                                              | (FloatOpt) Seconds between nodes reporting state to server; should be less than agent_down_time, best if it is half or less than agent_down_time. |

# **Policy**

Use the following options in the neutron.conf file to change policy settings.

Table 8.64. Description of policy configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                       |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                   |
| allow_overlapping_ips = False        | (BoolOpt) Allow overlapping IP support in Neutron |
| policy_file = policy.json            | (StrOpt) The policy file to use                   |

uno - Juno 
Use the following options in the neutron.conf file for the quota system.

Table 8.65. Description of quotas configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value             | Description                                                                                  |
|--------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                        | ·                                                                                            |
| max_routes = 30                                  | (IntOpt) Maximum number of routes                                                            |
| [QUOTAS]                                         | ·                                                                                            |
| default_quota = -1                               | (IntOpt) Default number of resource allowed per tenant.<br>A negative value means unlimited. |
| quota_driver = neutron.db.quota_db.DbQuotaDriver | (StrOpt) Default driver to use for quota checks                                              |
| quota_firewall = 1                               | (IntOpt) Number of firewalls allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.           |
| quota_firewall_policy = 1                        | (IntOpt) Number of firewall policies allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.   |
| quota_firewall_rule = 100                        | (IntOpt) Number of firewall rules allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.      |
| quota_floatingip = 50                            | (IntOpt) Number of floating IPs allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.        |
| quota_health_monitor = -1                        | (IntOpt) Number of health monitors allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.     |
| quota_items = network, subnet, port              | (ListOpt) Resource name(s) that are supported in quota features                              |
| quota_member = -1                                | (IntOpt) Number of pool members allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.        |
| quota_network = 10                               | (IntOpt) Number of networks allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.            |
| quota_network_gateway = 5                        | (IntOpt) Number of network gateways allowed per ten-<br>ant, -1 for unlimited                |
| quota_packet_filter = 100                        | (IntOpt) Number of packet_filters allowed per tenant, -1 for unlimited                       |
| quota_pool = 10                                  | (IntOpt) Number of pools allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.               |
| quota_port = 50                                  | (IntOpt) Number of ports allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.               |
| quota_router = 10                                | (IntOpt) Number of routers allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.             |
| quota_security_group = 10                        | (IntOpt) Number of security groups allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.     |
| quota_security_group_rule = 100                  | (IntOpt) Number of security rules allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.      |
| quota_subnet = 10                                | (IntOpt) Number of subnets allowed per tenant, A negative value means unlimited.             |
| quota_vip = 10                                   | (IntOpt) Number of vips allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.                |

# **Rootwrap**

Use the following options in the neutron.conf file for the rootwrap settings

#### Table 8.66. Description of rootwrap configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value                               | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| filters_path = /etc/neutron/rootwrap.d,/usr/share/neutron/rootwrap | List of directories to load filter definitions from (separated by ','). These directories MUST all be only writeable by root!                                                                                                                 |
| exec_dirs = /sbin,/usr/sbin,/bin,/usr/bin                          | List of directories to search executables in, in case filters do not explicitely specify a full path (separated by ',') If not specified, defaults to system PATH environment variable. These directories MUST all be only writeable by root! |
| use_syslog = False                                                 | Enable logging to syslog Default value is False                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| syslog_log_facility = syslog                                       | Which syslog facility to use. Valid values include auth, authpriv, syslog, local0, local1 Default value is 'syslog'                                                                                                                           |
| syslog_log_level = ERROR                                           | Which messages to log. INFO means log all usage ERROR means only log unsuccessful attempts                                                                                                                                                    |
| [xenapi]                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| xenapi_connection_url = <none></none>                              | XenAPI configuration is only required by the L2 agent if it is to target a XenServer/XCP compute host's dom0.                                                                                                                                 |
| xenapi_connection_username = root                                  | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| xenapi_connection_password = <none></none>                         | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

## **Scheduler**

Use the following options in the neutron.conf file to change scheduler settings.

Table 8.67. Description of scheduler configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value                                              | Description                                                        |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                                                         |                                                                    |
| network_auto_schedule = True                                                      | (BoolOpt) Allow auto scheduling networks to DHCP agent.            |
| network_scheduler_driver = neutron.scheduler.dhcp_agent_scheduler.ChanceScheduler | (StrOpt) Driver to use for scheduling network to DHCP agent        |
| router_auto_schedule = True                                                       | (BoolOpt) Allow auto scheduling of routers to L3 agent.            |
| router_delete_namespaces = False                                                  | (BoolOpt) Delete namespace after removing a router.                |
| router_scheduler_driver = neutron.scheduler.l3_agent_scheduler.ChanceScheduler    | (StrOpt) Driver to use for scheduling router to a default L3 agent |

# **Security Groups**

Use the following options in the configuration file for your driver to change security group settings.

Table 8.68. Description of security groups configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [SECURITYGROUP]                      |                                                                                                                                                                            |
| enable_ipset = True                  | (BoolOpt) Use ipset to speed-up the iptables based security groups.                                                                                                        |
| enable_security_group = True         | (BoolOpt) Controls whether the neutron security group API is enabled in the server. It should be false when using no security groups or using the nova security group API. |
| firewall_driver = None               | (StrOpt) Driver for security groups firewall in the L2 agent                                                                                                               |

## **SSL and Certification Authority**

Use the following options in the neutron.conf file to enable SSL.

#### Table 8.69. Description of CA and SSL configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                        |  |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                    |  |
| ssl_ca_file = None                   | (StrOpt) CA certificate file to use to verify connecting clients   |  |
| ssl_cert_file = None                 | (StrOpt) Certificate file to use when starting the server securely |  |
| ssl_key_file = None                  | (StrOpt) Private key file to use when starting the server securely |  |
| [ssl]                                |                                                                    |  |
| ca_file = None                       | (StrOpt) CA certificate file to use to verify connecting clients   |  |
| cert_file = None                     | (StrOpt) Certificate file to use when starting the server securely |  |
| key_file = None                      | (StrOpt) Private key file to use when starting the server securely |  |

## **Testing**

Use the following options to alter testing-related features.

#### **Table 8.70. Description of testing configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                        |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                    |
| fake_rabbit = False                  | (BoolOpt) If passed, use a fake RabbitMQ provider. |

### vArmour Firewall-as-a-Service driver

Use the following options in the 13\_agent.ini file for the vArmour FWaaS driver.

#### **Table 8.71. Description of vArmour configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                        |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| [vArmour]                            |                                    |
| director = localhost                 | (StrOpt) vArmour director ip       |
| director_port = 443                  | (StrOpt) vArmour director port     |
| password = varmour                   | (StrOpt) vArmour director password |
| username = varmour                   | (StrOpt) vArmour director username |

#### **VPN**

Use the following options in the vpn\_agent.ini file for the VPN agent.

#### **Table 8.72. Description of VPN configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| [ipsec]                              |             |

| Configuration option = Default value                                                                                                        | Description                                                |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| config_base_dir = \$state_path/ipsec                                                                                                        | (StrOpt) Location to store ipsec server config files       |
| ipsec_status_check_interval = 60                                                                                                            | (IntOpt) Interval for checking ipsec status                |
| [openswan]                                                                                                                                  | '                                                          |
| ipsec_config_template = /usr/lib/python/site-pack-<br>ages/neutron/services/vpn/device_drivers/tem-<br>plate/openswan/ipsec.conf.template   | (StrOpt) Template file for ipsec configuration             |
| ipsec_secret_template = /usr/lib/python/site-pack-<br>ages/neutron/services/vpn/device_drivers/tem-<br>plate/openswan/ipsec.secret.template | (StrOpt) Template file for ipsec secret configuration      |
| [vpnagent]                                                                                                                                  | ı                                                          |
| vpn_device_driver =<br>['neutron.services.vpn.device_drivers.ipsec.OpenSwanDr                                                               | (MultiStrOpt) The vpn device drivers Neutron will use iver |

## Log files used by Networking

The corresponding log file of each Networking service is stored in the /var/log/neu-tron/ directory of the host on which each service runs.

Table 8.73. Log files used by Networking services

| Log file              | Service/interface                |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| dhcp-agent.log        | neutron-dhcp-agent               |
| 13-agent.log          | neutron-13-agent                 |
| lbaas-agent.log       | neutron-lbaas-agent <sup>a</sup> |
| linuxbridge-agent.log | neutron-linuxbridge-agent        |
| metadata-agent.log    | neutron-metadata-agent           |
| metering-agent.log    | neutron-metering-agent           |
| openvswitch-agent.log | neutron-openvswitch-agent        |
| server.log            | neutron-server                   |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>The neutron-lbaas-agent service only runs when Load-Balancer-as-a-Service is enabled.

## **Networking sample configuration files**

All the files in this section can be found in /etc/neutron/.

#### neutron.conf

Use the <code>neutron.conf</code> file to configure the majority of the OpenStack Networking options.

oun - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

```
# router_distributed = False
# =======End Global Config Option for Distributed L3 Router=============
# Print debugging output (set logging level to DEBUG instead of default
WARNING level).
# debug = False
# Where to store Neutron state files. This directory must be writable by the
# user executing the agent.
# state_path = /var/lib/neutron
# Where to store lock files
lock_path = $state_path/lock
# log_format = %(asctime)s %(levelname)8s [%(name)s] %(message)s
# log_date_format = %Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S
# use_syslog
                                       -> syslog
# log_file and log_dir
                                      -> log_dir/log_file
# (not log_file) and log_dir
                                      -> log_dir/{binary_name}.log
# use_stderr
                                       -> stderr
# (not user_stderr) and (not log_file) -> stdout
# publish_errors
                                      -> notification system
# use_syslog = False
# syslog_log_facility = LOG_USER
# use_stderr = True
# log_file =
# log_dir =
# publish_errors = False
# Address to bind the API server to
# bind_host = 0.0.0.0
# Port the bind the API server to
# bind_port = 9696
# Path to the extensions. Note that this can be a colon-separated list of
# paths. For example:
# api_extensions_path = extensions:/path/to/more/extensions:/even/more/
extensions
# The __path__ of neutron.extensions is appended to this, so if your
# extensions are in there you don't need to specify them here
# api_extensions_path =
# (StrOpt) Neutron core plugin entrypoint to be loaded from the
# neutron.core_plugins namespace. See setup.cfg for the entrypoint names of
# plugins included in the neutron source distribution. For compatibility with
# previous versions, the class name of a plugin can be specified instead of
its
# entrypoint name.
# core_plugin =
# Example: core_plugin = ml2
```

```
uno - Juno ```

```
# (ListOpt) List of service plugin entrypoints to be loaded from the
# neutron.service_plugins namespace. See setup.cfg for the entrypoint names of
# the plugins included in the neutron source distribution. For compatibility
# with previous versions, the class name of a plugin can be specified instead
# of its entrypoint name.
# service_plugins =
# Example: service_plugins = router,firewall,lbaas,vpnaas,metering
# Paste configuration file
# api_paste_config = api-paste.ini
# The strategy to be used for auth.
# Supported values are 'keystone' (default), 'noauth'.
# auth_strategy = keystone
# Base MAC address. The first 3 octets will remain unchanged. If the
# 4h octet is not 00, it will also be used. The others will be
# randomly generated.
# 3 octet
# base_mac = fa:16:3e:00:00:00
# 4 octet
# base_mac = fa:16:3e:4f:00:00
# DVR Base MAC address. The first 3 octets will remain unchanged. If the
# 4th octet is not 00, it will also be used. The others will be randomly
# generated. The 'dvr_base_mac' *must* be different from 'base_mac' to
# avoid mixing them up with MAC's allocated for tenant ports.
# A 4 octet example would be dvr_base_mac = fa:16:3f:4f:00:00
# The default is 3 octet
# dvr_base_mac = fa:16:3f:00:00:00
# Maximum amount of retries to generate a unique MAC address
# mac_generation_retries = 16
# DHCP Lease duration (in seconds). Use -1 to
# tell dnsmasq to use infinite lease times.
# dhcp_lease_duration = 86400
# Allow sending resource operation notification to DHCP agent
# dhcp_agent_notification = True
# Enable or disable bulk create/update/delete operations
# allow_bulk = True
# Enable or disable pagination
# allow_pagination = False
# Enable or disable sorting
# allow_sorting = False
# Enable or disable overlapping IPs for subnets
# Attention: the following parameter MUST be set to False if Neutron is
# being used in conjunction with nova security groups
# allow_overlapping_ips = False
# Ensure that configured gateway is on subnet. For IPv6, validate only if
# gateway is not a link local address. Deprecated, to be removed during the
# K release, at which point the check will be mandatory.
# force_gateway_on_subnet = True
# Default maximum number of items returned in a single response,
# value == infinite and value < 0 means no max limit, and value must
# be greater than 0. If the number of items requested is greater than
```

uno - Juno 
```
# pagination_max_limit, server will just return pagination_max_limit
# of number of items.
# pagination_max_limit = -1
# Maximum number of DNS nameservers per subnet
# max_dns_nameservers = 5
# Maximum number of host routes per subnet
# max_subnet_host_routes = 20
# Maximum number of fixed ips per port
# max_fixed_ips_per_port = 5
# Maximum number of routes per router
# max_routes = 30
# ======= items for agent management extension =========
# Seconds to regard the agent as down; should be at least twice
# report_interval, to be sure the agent is down for good
# agent_down_time = 75
# ======= end of items for agent management extension =====
# ======= items for agent scheduler extension ==========
# Driver to use for scheduling network to DHCP agent
# network_scheduler_driver = neutron.scheduler.dhcp_agent_scheduler.
ChanceScheduler
# Driver to use for scheduling router to a default L3 agent
# router_scheduler_driver = neutron.scheduler.13_agent_scheduler.
ChanceScheduler
# Driver to use for scheduling a loadbalancer pool to an lbaas agent
# loadbalancer_pool_scheduler_driver = neutron.services.loadbalancer.
agent_scheduler.ChanceScheduler
# Allow auto scheduling networks to DHCP agent. It will schedule non-hosted
# networks to first DHCP agent which sends get_active_networks message to
# neutron server
# network_auto_schedule = True
# Allow auto scheduling routers to L3 agent. It will schedule non-hosted
# routers to first L3 agent which sends sync_routers message to neutron server
# router_auto_schedule = True
# Allow automatic rescheduling of routers from dead L3 agents with
# admin_state_up set to True to alive agents.
# allow_automatic_13agent_failover = False
# Number of DHCP agents scheduled to host a network. This enables redundant
# DHCP agents for configured networks.
# dhcp_agents_per_network = 1
# ====== end of items for agent scheduler extension =====
# ======== items for 13 extension ==========
# Enable high availability for virtual routers.
# 13_ha = False
# Maximum number of 13 agents which a HA router will be scheduled on. If it
# is set to 0 the router will be scheduled on every agent.
# max_13_agents_per_router = 3
```

```
oun - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno
```

```
# Minimum number of 13 agents which a HA router will be scheduled on. The
# default value is 2.
# min_13_agents_per_router = 2
# CIDR of the administrative network if HA mode is enabled
# 13_ha_net_cidr = 169.254.192.0/18
# ====== end of items for 13 extension ======
# ======= WSGI parameters related to the API server ==========
# Number of separate worker processes to spawn. The default, 0, runs the
# worker thread in the current process. Greater than 0 launches that number
# child processes as workers. The parent process manages them.
# api_workers = 0
# Number of separate RPC worker processes to spawn. The default, 0, runs the
# worker thread in the current process. Greater than 0 launches that number
of
# child processes as RPC workers. The parent process manages them.
# This feature is experimental until issues are addressed and testing has been
# enabled for various plugins for compatibility.
# rpc_workers = 0
# Timeout for client connections socket operations. If an
# incoming connection is idle for this number of seconds it
# will be closed. A value of '0' means wait forever. (integer
# value)
# client_socket_timeout = 900
# wsgi keepalive option. Determines if connections are allowed to be held open
# by clients after a request is fulfilled. A value of False will ensure that
# the socket connection will be explicitly closed once a response has been
# sent to the client.
# wsgi_keep_alive = True
# Sets the value of TCP_KEEPIDLE in seconds to use for each server socket when
# starting API server. Not supported on OS X.
# tcp_keepidle = 600
# Number of seconds to keep retrying to listen
# retry_until_window = 30
# Number of backlog requests to configure the socket with.
\# backlog = 4096
# Max header line to accommodate large tokens
# max_header_line = 16384
# Enable SSL on the API server
# use_ssl = False
# Certificate file to use when starting API server securely
# ssl_cert_file = /path/to/certfile
# Private key file to use when starting API server securely
# ssl_key_file = /path/to/keyfile
# CA certificate file to use when starting API server securely to
# verify connecting clients. This is an optional parameter only required if
# API clients need to authenticate to the API server using SSL certificates
```

uno - Juno 
```
# signed by a trusted CA
# ssl_ca_file = /path/to/cafile
# ====== end of WSGI parameters related to the API server ========
# ====== neutron nova interactions ========
# Send notification to nova when port status is active.
# notify_nova_on_port_status_changes = True
# Send notifications to nova when port data (fixed_ips/floatingips) change
# so nova can update it's cache.
# notify_nova_on_port_data_changes = True
# URL for connection to nova (Only supports one nova region currently).
# nova_url = http://127.0.0.1:8774/v2
# Name of nova region to use. Useful if keystone manages more than one region
# nova_region_name =
# Username for connection to nova in admin context
# nova_admin_username =
# The uuid of the admin nova tenant
# nova_admin_tenant_id =
# Password for connection to nova in admin context.
# nova_admin_password =
# Authorization URL for connection to nova in admin context.
# nova_admin_auth_url =
# CA file for novaclient to verify server certificates
# nova_ca_certificates_file =
# Boolean to control ignoring SSL errors on the nova url
# nova_api_insecure = False
# Number of seconds between sending events to nova if there are any events to
send
# send_events_interval = 2
# ====== end of neutron nova interactions =======
# Options defined in oslo.messaging
# Use durable queues in amqp. (boolean value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/rabbit_durable_queues
#amqp_durable_queues=false
# Auto-delete queues in amqp. (boolean value)
#amqp_auto_delete=false
# Size of RPC connection pool. (integer value)
#rpc_conn_pool_size=30
# Qpid broker hostname. (string value)
#qpid_hostname=localhost
```

```
uno - Juno ```

```
# Qpid broker port. (integer value)
#qpid_port=5672
# Qpid HA cluster host:port pairs. (list value)
#qpid_hosts=$qpid_hostname:$qpid_port
# Username for Qpid connection. (string value)
#qpid_username=
# Password for Qpid connection. (string value)
#qpid_password=
# Space separated list of SASL mechanisms to use for auth.
# (string value)
#qpid_sasl_mechanisms=
# Seconds between connection keepalive heartbeats. (integer
# value)
#qpid_heartbeat=60
# Transport to use, either 'tcp' or 'ssl'. (string value)
#qpid_protocol=tcp
# Whether to disable the Nagle algorithm. (boolean value)
#qpid_tcp_nodelay=true
# The qpid topology version to use. Version 1 is what was
# originally used by impl_qpid. Version 2 includes some
# backwards-incompatible changes that allow broker federation
# to work. Users should update to version 2 when they are
# able to take everything down, as it requires a clean break.
# (integer value)
#qpid_topology_version=1
# SSL version to use (valid only if SSL enabled). valid values
# are TLSv1, SSLv23 and SSLv3. SSLv2 may be available on some
# distributions. (string value)
#kombu_ssl_version=
# SSL key file (valid only if SSL enabled). (string value)
#kombu_ssl_keyfile=
# SSL cert file (valid only if SSL enabled). (string value)
#kombu_ssl_certfile=
# SSL certification authority file (valid only if SSL
# enabled). (string value)
#kombu_ssl_ca_certs=
# How long to wait before reconnecting in response to an AMQP
# consumer cancel notification. (floating point value)
#kombu_reconnect_delay=1.0
# The RabbitMQ broker address where a single node is used.
# (string value)
#rabbit_host=localhost
# The RabbitMQ broker port where a single node is used.
# (integer value)
#rabbit_port=5672
```

```
oun - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno
```

```
# RabbitMQ HA cluster host:port pairs. (list value)
#rabbit_hosts=$rabbit_host:$rabbit_port
# Connect over SSL for RabbitMQ. (boolean value)
#rabbit_use_ssl=false
# The RabbitMQ userid. (string value)
#rabbit_userid=guest
# The RabbitMQ password. (string value)
#rabbit_password=guest
# the RabbitMQ login method (string value)
#rabbit_login_method=AMQPLAIN
# The RabbitMQ virtual host. (string value)
#rabbit_virtual_host=/
# How frequently to retry connecting with RabbitMQ. (integer
# value)
#rabbit_retry_interval=1
# How long to backoff for between retries when connecting to
# RabbitMQ. (integer value)
#rabbit_retry_backoff=2
# Maximum number of RabbitMQ connection retries. Default is 0
# (infinite retry count). (integer value)
#rabbit_max_retries=0
# Use HA queues in RabbitMQ (x-ha-policy: all). If you change
# this option, you must wipe the RabbitMQ database. (boolean
# value)
#rabbit_ha_queues=false
# If passed, use a fake RabbitMQ provider. (boolean value)
#fake_rabbit=false
# ZeroMQ bind address. Should be a wildcard (*), an ethernet
# interface, or IP. The "host" option should point or resolve
# to this address. (string value)
#rpc_zmq_bind_address=*
# MatchMaker driver. (string value)
#rpc_zmq_matchmaker=oslo.messaging._drivers.matchmaker.MatchMakerLocalhost
# ZeroMQ receiver listening port. (integer value)
#rpc_zmq_port=9501
# Number of ZeroMQ contexts, defaults to 1. (integer value)
#rpc_zmq_contexts=1
# Maximum number of ingress messages to locally buffer per
# topic. Default is unlimited. (integer value)
#rpc_zmq_topic_backlog=<None>
# Directory for holding IPC sockets. (string value)
#rpc_zmq_ipc_dir=/var/run/openstack
```

```
uno - Juno ```

```
# Name of this node. Must be a valid hostname, FQDN, or IP
# address. Must match "host" option, if running Nova. (string
# value)
#rpc_zmq_host=oslo
# Seconds to wait before a cast expires (TTL). Only supported
# by impl_zmq. (integer value)
#rpc_cast_timeout=30
# Heartbeat frequency. (integer value)
#matchmaker_heartbeat_freq=300
# Heartbeat time-to-live. (integer value)
#matchmaker_heartbeat_ttl=600
# Size of RPC greenthread pool. (integer value)
#rpc_thread_pool_size=64
# Driver or drivers to handle sending notifications. (multi
# valued)
#notification_driver=
# AMQP topic used for OpenStack notifications. (list value)
# Deprecated group/name - [rpc_notifier2]/topics
#notification_topics=notifications
# Seconds to wait for a response from a call. (integer value)
#rpc_response_timeout=60
# A URL representing the messaging driver to use and its full
# configuration. If not set, we fall back to the rpc_backend
# option and driver specific configuration. (string value)
#transport_url=<None>
# The messaging driver to use, defaults to rabbit. Other
# drivers include qpid and zmq. (string value)
#rpc_backend=rabbit
# The default exchange under which topics are scoped. May be
# overridden by an exchange name specified in the
# transport_url option. (string value)
#control_exchange=openstack
[matchmaker_redis]
# Options defined in oslo.messaging
# Host to locate redis. (string value)
#host=127.0.0.1
# Use this port to connect to redis host. (integer value)
#port=6379
# Password for Redis server (optional). (string value)
#password=<None>
```

```
[matchmaker_ring]
# Options defined in oslo.messaging
# Matchmaker ring file (JSON). (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/matchmaker_ringfile
#ringfile=/etc/oslo/matchmaker_ring.json
[quotas]
# Default driver to use for quota checks
# quota_driver = neutron.db.quota_db.DbQuotaDriver
# Resource name(s) that are supported in quota features
# quota_items = network,subnet,port
# Default number of resource allowed per tenant. A negative value means
# unlimited.
# default_quota = -1
# Number of networks allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.
# quota_network = 10
# Number of subnets allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.
# quota_subnet = 10
# Number of ports allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.
# quota_port = 50
# Number of security groups allowed per tenant. A negative value means
# unlimited.
# quota_security_group = 10
# Number of security group rules allowed per tenant. A negative value means
# unlimited.
# quota_security_group_rule = 100
# Number of vips allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.
# quota_vip = 10
# Number of pools allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.
# quota_pool = 10
# Number of pool members allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.
# The default is unlimited because a member is not a real resource consumer
# on Openstack. However, on back-end, a member is a resource consumer
# and that is the reason why quota is possible.
# quota_member = -1
# Number of health monitors allowed per tenant. A negative value means
# The default is unlimited because a health monitor is not a real resource
# consumer on Openstack. However, on back-end, a member is a resource consumer
# and that is the reason why quota is possible.
# quota_health_monitor = -1
# Number of routers allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.
# quota_router = 10
```

```
uno - Juno ```

```
# Number of floating IPs allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.
# quota_floatingip = 50
# Number of firewalls allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.
# quota_firewall = 1
# Number of firewall policies allowed per tenant. A negative value means
# unlimited.
# quota_firewall_policy = 1
# Number of firewall rules allowed per tenant. A negative value means
# unlimited.
# quota_firewall_rule = 100
[agent]
# Use "sudo neutron-rootwrap /etc/neutron/rootwrap.conf" to use the real
# root filter facility.
# Change to "sudo" to skip the filtering and just run the comand directly
# root_helper = sudo
# ======= items for agent management extension ==========
# seconds between nodes reporting state to server; should be less than
# agent_down_time, best if it is half or less than agent_down_time
# report_interval = 30
# ====== end of items for agent management extension =====
[keystone_authtoken]
auth_host = 127.0.0.1
auth\_port = 35357
auth_protocol = http
admin_tenant_name = %SERVICE_TENANT_NAME%
admin_user = %SERVICE_USER%
admin_password = %SERVICE_PASSWORD%
[database]
# This line MUST be changed to actually run the plugin.
# Example:
# connection = mysql://root:pass@127.0.0.1:3306/neutron
# Replace 127.0.0.1 above with the IP address of the database used by the
# main neutron server. (Leave it as is if the database runs on this host.)
# connection = sqlite://
# NOTE: In deployment the [database] section and its connection attribute may
# be set in the corresponding core plugin '.ini' file. However, it is
suggested
# to put the [database] section and its connection attribute in this
# configuration file.
# Database engine for which script will be generated when using offline
# migration
# engine =
# The SQLAlchemy connection string used to connect to the slave database
# slave_connection =
# Database reconnection retry times - in event connectivity is lost
# set to -1 implies an infinite retry count
# max_retries = 10
# Database reconnection interval in seconds - if the initial connection to the
```

```
oun - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno
```

```
# database fails
# retry_interval = 10
# Minimum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool
# min_pool_size = 1
# Maximum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool
# max_pool_size = 10
# Timeout in seconds before idle sql connections are reaped
# idle_timeout = 3600
# If set, use this value for max_overflow with sqlalchemy
# max_overflow = 20
# Verbosity of SQL debugging information. 0=None, 100=Everything
# connection_debug = 0
# Add python stack traces to SQL as comment strings
# connection_trace = False
# If set, use this value for pool_timeout with sqlalchemy
# pool_timeout = 10
[service_providers]
# Specify service providers (drivers) for advanced services like loadbalancer,
VPN, Firewall.
# Must be in form:
# service_provider=<service_type>:<name>:<driver>[:default]
# List of allowed service types includes LOADBALANCER, FIREWALL, VPN
# Combination of <service type> and <name> must be unique; <driver> must also
be unique
# This is multiline option, example for default provider:
# service_provider=LOADBALANCER:name:lbaas_plugin_driver_path:default
# example of non-default provider:
# service_provider=FIREWALL:name2:firewall_driver_path
# --- Reference implementations -
service_provider=LOADBALANCER:Haproxy:neutron.services.loadbalancer.drivers.
haproxy.plugin_driver.HaproxyOnHostPluginDriver:default
service_provider=VPN:openswan:neutron.services.vpn.service_drivers.ipsec.
IPsecVPNDriver:default
# In order to activate Radware's lbaas driver you need to uncomment the next
line.
# If you want to keep the HA Proxy as the default lbaas driver, remove the
attribute default from the line below.
# Otherwise comment the HA Proxy line
# service_provider = LOADBALANCER:Radware:neutron.services.loadbalancer.
drivers.radware.driver.LoadBalancerDriver:default
# uncomment the following line to make the 'netscaler' LBaaS provider
available.
# service_provider=LOADBALANCER:NetScaler:neutron.services.loadbalancer.
drivers.netscaler.netscaler_driver.NetScalerPluginDriver
# Uncomment the following line (and comment out the OpenSwan VPN line) to
enable Cisco's VPN driver.
# service_provider=VPN:cisco:neutron.services.vpn.service_drivers.cisco_ipsec.
CiscoCsrIPsecVPNDriver:default
# Uncomment the line below to use Embrane heleos as Load Balancer service
provider.
# service_provider=LOADBALANCER:Embrane:neutron.services.loadbalancer.drivers.
embrane.driver.EmbraneLbaas:default
```

```
# Uncomment the line below to use the A10 Networks LBaaS driver. Requires
  'pip install a10-neutron-lbaas'.
#service_provider = LOADBALANCER:A10Networks:neutron.services.loadbalancer.
drivers.a10networks.driver_v1.ThunderDriver:default
# Uncomment the following line to test the LBaaS v2 API _WITHOUT_ a real
  backend
# service_provider = LOADBALANCER:LoggingNoop:neutron.services.loadbalancer.
drivers.logging_noop.driver.LoggingNoopLoadBalancerDriver:default
```

### api-paste.ini

Use the api-paste.ini to configure the OpenStack Networking API.

```
[composite:neutron]
use = egg:Paste#urlmap
/: neutronversions
/v2.0: neutronapi_v2_0
[composite:neutronapi_v2_0]
use = call:neutron.auth:pipeline_factory
noauth = request_id catch_errors extensions neutronapiapp_v2_0
keystone = request_id catch_errors authtoken keystonecontext extensions
neutronapiapp_v2_0
[filter:request_id]
paste.filter_factory = neutron.openstack.common.middleware.
request_id:RequestIdMiddleware.factory
[filter:catch_errors]
paste.filter_factory = neutron.openstack.common.middleware.
catch_errors:CatchErrorsMiddleware.factory
[filter:keystonecontext]
paste.filter_factory = neutron.auth:NeutronKeystoneContext.factory
[filter:authtoken]
paste.filter_factory = keystonemiddleware.auth_token:filter_factory
[filter:extensions]
paste.filter_factory = neutron.api.
extensions:plugin_aware_extension_middleware_factory
[app:neutronversions]
paste.app_factory = neutron.api.versions:Versions.factory
[app:neutronapiapp_v2_0]
paste.app_factory = neutron.api.v2.router:APIRouter.factory
```

### policy.json

Use the policy. json file to define additional access controls that apply to the OpenStack Networking service.

```
"context_is_admin": "role:admin",
    "admin_or_owner": "rule:context_is_admin or tenant_id:%(tenant_id)s",
    "admin_or_network_owner": "rule:context_is_admin or tenant_id:
%(network:tenant_id)s",
    "admin_only": "rule:context_is_admin",
    "regular_user": "",
    "shared": "field:networks:shared=True",
    "shared_firewalls": "field:firewalls:shared=True",
    "external": "field:networks:router:external=True",
    "default": "rule:admin_or_owner",
    "create_subnet": "rule:admin_or_network_owner",
    "get_subnet": "rule:admin_or_owner or rule:shared",
    "update_subnet": "rule:admin_or_network_owner",
    "delete_subnet": "rule:admin_or_network_owner",
    "create_network": "",
    "get_network": "rule:admin_or_owner or rule:shared or rule:external",
    "get_network:router:external": "rule:regular_user",
    "get_network:segments": "rule:admin_only",
    "get_network:provider:network_type": "rule:admin_only",
    "get_network:provider:physical_network": "rule:admin_only",
    "get_network:provider:segmentation_id": "rule:admin_only",
    "get_network:queue_id": "rule:admin_only",
    "create_network:shared": "rule:admin_only",
    "create_network:router:external": "rule:admin_only",
    "create_network:segments": "rule:admin_only",
    "create_network:provider:network_type": "rule:admin_only",
    "create_network:provider:physical_network": "rule:admin_only",
    "create_network:provider:segmentation_id": "rule:admin_only",
    "update_network": "rule:admin_or_owner",
    "update_network:segments": "rule:admin_only",
    "update_network:shared": "rule:admin_only",
    "update_network:provider:network_type": "rule:admin_only",
    "update_network:provider:physical_network": "rule:admin_only",
    "update_network:provider:segmentation_id": "rule:admin_only",
    "update_network:router:external": "rule:admin_only",
    "delete_network": "rule:admin_or_owner",
    "network_device": "field:port:device_owner=~^network:",
    "create_port": "",
    "create_port:device_owner": "not rule:network_device or
rule:admin_or_network_owner",
    "create_port:mac_address": "rule:admin_or_network_owner",
    "create_port:fixed_ips": "rule:admin_or_network_owner",
    "create_port:port_security_enabled": "rule:admin_or_network_owner",
    "create_port:binding:host_id": "rule:admin_only",
    "create_port:binding:profile": "rule:admin_only",
    "create_port:mac_learning_enabled": "rule:admin_or_network_owner",
    "get_port": "rule:admin_or_owner",
    "get_port:queue_id": "rule:admin_only",
    "get_port:binding:vif_type": "rule:admin_only",
    "get_port:binding:vif_details": "rule:admin_only",
    "get_port:binding:host_id": "rule:admin_only",
    "get_port:binding:profile": "rule:admin_only",
    "update_port": "rule:admin_or_owner",
    "update_port:device_owner": "not rule:network_device or
rule:admin_or_network_owner",
    "update_port:fixed_ips": "rule:admin_or_network_owner",
```

```
"update_port:port_security_enabled": "rule:admin_or_network_owner",
"update_port:binding:host_id": "rule:admin_only",
"update_port:binding:profile": "rule:admin_only",
"update_port:mac_learning_enabled": "rule:admin_or_network_owner",
"delete_port": "rule:admin_or_owner",
"get_router:ha": "rule:admin_only",
"create_router": "rule:regular_user",
"create_router:external_gateway_info:enable_snat":                           "rule:admin_only",
"create_router:distributed": "rule:admin_only",
"create_router:ha": "rule:admin_only",
"get_router": "rule:admin_or_owner",
"get_router:distributed": "rule:admin_only",
"update_router:external_gateway_info:enable_snat": "rule:admin_only",
"update_router:distributed": "rule:admin_only",
"update_router:ha": "rule:admin_only",
"delete_router": "rule:admin_or_owner",
"add_router_interface": "rule:admin_or_owner",
"remove_router_interface": "rule:admin_or_owner",
"create_firewall": "",
"get_firewall": "rule:admin_or_owner",
"create_firewall:shared": "rule:admin_only",
"get_firewall:shared": "rule:admin_only",
"update_firewall": "rule:admin_or_owner",
"update_firewall:shared": "rule:admin_only",
"delete_firewall": "rule:admin_or_owner",
"create_firewall_policy": "",
"get_firewall_policy": "rule:admin_or_owner or rule:shared_firewalls",
"create_firewall_policy:shared": "rule:admin_or_owner",
"update_firewall_policy": "rule:admin_or_owner",
"delete_firewall_policy": "rule:admin_or_owner",
"create_firewall_rule": "",
"get_firewall_rule": "rule:admin_or_owner or rule:shared_firewalls",
"update_firewall_rule": "rule:admin_or_owner",
"delete_firewall_rule": "rule:admin_or_owner",
"create_qos_queue": "rule:admin_only",
"get_qos_queue": "rule:admin_only",
"update_agent": "rule:admin_only",
"delete_agent": "rule:admin_only",
"get_agent": "rule:admin_only",
"create_dhcp-network": "rule:admin_only",
"delete_dhcp-network": "rule:admin_only",
"get_dhcp-networks": "rule:admin_only",
"create_13-router": "rule:admin_only",
"delete_13-router": "rule:admin_only",
"get_13-routers": "rule:admin_only",
"get_dhcp-agents": "rule:admin_only",
"get_13-agents": "rule:admin_only",
"get_loadbalancer-agent": "rule:admin_only",
"get_loadbalancer-pools": "rule:admin_only",
"create_floatingip": "rule:regular_user",
"update_floatingip": "rule:admin_or_owner",
```

```
"delete_floatingip": "rule:admin_or_owner",
"get_floatingip": "rule:admin_or_owner",
"create_network_profile": "rule:admin_only",
"update_network_profile": "rule:admin_only",
"delete_network_profile": "rule:admin_only",
"get_network_profiles": "",
"get_network_profile": "",
"update_policy_profiles": "rule:admin_only",
"get_policy_profiles": "",
"get_policy_profile": "",
"create_metering_label": "rule:admin_only",
"delete_metering_label": "rule:admin_only",
"get_metering_label": "rule:admin_only",
"create_metering_label_rule": "rule:admin_only",
"delete_metering_label_rule": "rule:admin_only",
"get_metering_label_rule": "rule:admin_only",
"get_service_provider": "rule:regular_user",
"get_lsn": "rule:admin_only",
"create_lsn": "rule:admin_only"
```

#### rootwrap.conf

Use the rootwrap.conf file to define configuration values used by the rootwrap script when the OpenStack Networking service must escalate its privileges to those of the root user.

```
# Configuration for neutron-rootwrap
# This file should be owned by (and only-writeable by) the root user
[DEFAULT]
# List of directories to load filter definitions from (separated by ',').
# These directories MUST all be only writeable by root!
filters_path=/etc/neutron/rootwrap.d,/usr/share/neutron/rootwrap
# List of directories to search executables in, in case filters do not
# explicitely specify a full path (separated by ',')
# If not specified, defaults to system PATH environment variable.
# These directories MUST all be only writeable by root!
exec_dirs=/sbin,/usr/sbin,/bin,/usr/bin
# Enable logging to syslog
# Default value is False
use_syslog=False
# Which syslog facility to use.
# Valid values include auth, authpriv, syslog, local0, local1...
# Default value is 'syslog'
syslog_log_facility=syslog
# Which messages to log.
# INFO means log all usage
```

```
# ERROR means only log unsuccessful attempts
syslog_log_level=ERROR

[xenapi]
# XenAPI configuration is only required by the L2 agent if it is to
# target a XenServer/XCP compute host's dom0.
xenapi_connection_url=<None>
xenapi_connection_username=root
xenapi_connection_password=<None>
```

## **Configuration files for plug-in agents**

Each plug-in agent that runs on an OpenStack Networking node, to perform local networking configuration for the node's VMs and networking services, has its own configuration file.

#### dhcp\_agent.ini

```
[DEFAULT]
# Show debugging output in log (sets DEBUG log level output)
# debug = False
# The DHCP agent will resync its state with Neutron to recover from any
# transient notification or rpc errors. The interval is number of
# seconds between attempts.
# resync_interval = 5
# The DHCP agent requires an interface driver be set. Choose the one that best
# matches your plugin.
# interface_driver =
# Example of interface_driver option for OVS based plugins(OVS, Ryu, NEC, NVP,
# BigSwitch/Floodlight)
# interface_driver = neutron.agent.linux.interface.OVSInterfaceDriver
# Name of Open vSwitch bridge to use
# ovs_integration_bridge = br-int
# Use veth for an OVS interface or not.
# Support kernels with limited namespace support
# (e.g. RHEL 6.5) so long as ovs_use_veth is set to True.
# ovs_use_veth = False
# Example of interface_driver option for LinuxBridge
# interface_driver = neutron.agent.linux.interface.BridgeInterfaceDriver
# The agent can use other DHCP drivers. Dnsmasg is the simplest and requires
# no additional setup of the DHCP server.
# dhcp_driver = neutron.agent.linux.dhcp.Dnsmasq
# Allow overlapping IP (Must have kernel build with CONFIG_NET_NS=y and
# iproute2 package that supports namespaces).
# use_namespaces = True
# The DHCP server can assist with providing metadata support on isolated
# networks. Setting this value to True will cause the DHCP server to append
```

ounf - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

```
# specific host routes to the DHCP request. The metadata service will only
         # be activated when the subnet does not contain any router port. The guest
         # instance must be configured to request host routes via DHCP (Option 121).
         # enable_isolated_metadata = False
         # Allows for serving metadata requests coming from a dedicated metadata
         # access network whose cidr is 169.254.169.254/16 (or larger prefix), and
         # is connected to a Neutron router from which the VMs send metadata
         # request. In this case DHCP Option 121 will not be injected in VMs, as
         # they will be able to reach 169.254.169.254 through a router.
         # This option requires enable_isolated_metadata = True
         # enable_metadata_network = False
         # Number of threads to use during sync process. Should not exceed connection
         # pool size configured on server.
         # num_sync_threads = 4
         # Location to store DHCP server config files
         # dhcp_confs = $state_path/dhcp
         # Domain to use for building the hostnames
         # dhcp_domain = openstacklocal
         # Override the default dnsmasq settings with this file
         # dnsmasq_config_file =
         # Comma-separated list of DNS servers which will be used by dnsmasq
         # as forwarders.
         # dnsmasq_dns_servers =
         # Limit number of leases to prevent a denial-of-service.
         # dnsmasq_lease_max = 16777216
         # Location to DHCP lease relay UNIX domain socket
         # dhcp_lease_relay_socket = $state_path/dhcp/lease_relay
         # Location of Metadata Proxy UNIX domain socket
         # metadata_proxy_socket = $state_path/metadata_proxy
         # dhcp_delete_namespaces, which is false by default, can be set to True if
         # namespaces can be deleted cleanly on the host running the dhcp agent.
         # Do not enable this until you understand the problem with the Linux iproute
         # utility mentioned in https://bugs.launchpad.net/neutron/+bug/1052535 and
         # you are sure that your version of iproute does not suffer from the problem.
         # If True, namespaces will be deleted when a dhcp server is disabled.
         # dhcp_delete_namespaces = False
         # Timeout for ovs-vsctl commands.
         # If the timeout expires, ovs commands will fail with ALARMCLOCK error.
         # ovs_vsctl_timeout = 10
13_agent.ini
```

```
[DEFAULT]
# Show debugging output in log (sets DEBUG log level output)
# debug = False
```

December 8, 2015

```
# L3 requires that an interface driver be set. Choose the one that best
# matches your plugin.
# interface_driver =
# Example of interface_driver option for OVS based plugins (OVS, Ryu, NEC)
# that supports L3 agent
# interface_driver = neutron.agent.linux.interface.OVSInterfaceDriver
# Use veth for an OVS interface or not.
# Support kernels with limited namespace support
# (e.g. RHEL 6.5) so long as ovs_use_veth is set to True.
# ovs_use_veth = False
# Example of interface_driver option for LinuxBridge
# interface_driver = neutron.agent.linux.interface.BridgeInterfaceDriver
# Allow overlapping IP (Must have kernel build with CONFIG_NET_NS=y and
# iproute2 package that supports namespaces).
# use_namespaces = True
# If use_namespaces is set as False then the agent can only configure one
router.
# This is done by setting the specific router_id.
# router_id =
# When external_network_bridge is set, each L3 agent can be associated
# with no more than one external network. This value should be set to the UUID
# of that external network. To allow L3 agent support multiple external
# networks, both the external_network_bridge and gateway_external_network_id
# must be left empty.
# gateway_external_network_id =
# Indicates that this L3 agent should also handle routers that do not have
# an external network gateway configured. This option should be True only
# for a single agent in a Neutron deployment, and may be False for all agents
# if all routers must have an external network gateway
# handle_internal_only_routers = True
# Name of bridge used for external network traffic. This should be set to
# empty value for the linux bridge. when this parameter is set, each L3 agent
# can be associated with no more than one external network.
# external_network_bridge = br-ex
# TCP Port used by Neutron metadata server
# metadata_port = 9697
# Send this many gratuitous ARPs for HA setup. Set it below or equal to 0
# to disable this feature.
# send_arp_for_ha = 3
# seconds between re-sync routers' data if needed
# periodic_interval = 40
# seconds to start to sync routers' data after
# starting agent
# periodic_fuzzy_delay = 5
# enable_metadata_proxy, which is true by default, can be set to False
# if the Nova metadata server is not available
```

uno - Juno 
```
# enable_metadata_proxy = True
# Iptables mangle mark used to mark metadata valid requests
# metadata_access_mark = 0x1
# Location of Metadata Proxy UNIX domain socket
# metadata_proxy_socket = $state_path/metadata_proxy
# router_delete_namespaces, which is false by default, can be set to True if
# namespaces can be deleted cleanly on the host running the L3 agent.
# Do not enable this until you understand the problem with the Linux iproute
# utility mentioned in https://bugs.launchpad.net/neutron/+bug/1052535 and
# you are sure that your version of iproute does not suffer from the problem.
# If True, namespaces will be deleted when a router is destroyed.
# router_delete_namespaces = False
# Timeout for ovs-vsctl commands.
# If the timeout expires, ovs commands will fail with ALARMCLOCK error.
# ovs_vsctl_timeout = 10
# The working mode for the agent. Allowed values are:
# - legacy: this preserves the existing behavior where the L3 agent is
   deployed on a centralized networking node to provide L3 services
  like DNAT, and SNAT. Use this mode if you do not want to adopt DVR.
# - dvr: this mode enables DVR functionality, and must be used for an L3
  agent that runs on a compute host.
# - dvr_snat: this enables centralized SNAT support in conjunction with
  DVR. This mode must be used for an L3 agent running on a centralized
  node (or in single-host deployments, e.g. devstack).
# agent_mode = legacy
# Location to store keepalived and all HA configurations
# ha_confs_path = $state_path/ha_confs
# VRRP authentication type AH/PASS
# ha_vrrp_auth_type = PASS
# VRRP authentication password
# ha_vrrp_auth_password =
# The advertisement interval in seconds
# ha_vrrp_advert_int = 2
```

### lbaas\_agent.ini

```
# Show debugging output in log (sets DEBUG log level output).
# debug = False
# The LBaaS agent will resync its state with Neutron to recover from any
# transient notification or rpc errors. The interval is number of
# seconds between attempts.
# periodic_interval = 10
# LBaas requires an interface driver be set. Choose the one that best
# matches your plugin.
# interface_driver =
```

```
# Example of interface_driver option for OVS based plugins (OVS, Ryu, NEC,
# BigSwitch/Floodlight)
# interface_driver = neutron.agent.linux.interface.OVSInterfaceDriver
# Use veth for an OVS interface or not.
# Support kernels with limited namespace support
# (e.g. RHEL 6.5) so long as ovs_use_veth is set to True.
# ovs_use_veth = False
# Example of interface_driver option for LinuxBridge
# interface_driver = neutron.agent.linux.interface.BridgeInterfaceDriver
# The agent requires drivers to manage the loadbalancer. HAProxy is the
opensource version.
# Multiple device drivers reflecting different service providers could be
specified:
# device_driver = path.to.provider1.driver.Driver
# device_driver = path.to.provider2.driver.Driver
# Default is:
# device_driver = neutron.services.loadbalancer.drivers.haproxy.
namespace_driver.HaproxyNSDriver
[haproxy]
# Location to store config and state files
# loadbalancer_state_path = $state_path/lbaas
# The user group
# user_group = nogroup
# When delete and re-add the same vip, send this many gratuitous ARPs to flush
# the ARP cache in the Router. Set it below or equal to 0 to disable this
feature.
# send_gratuitous_arp = 3
```

### metadata\_agent.ini

```
[DEFAULT]
# Show debugging output in log (sets DEBUG log level output)
# debug = True
# The Neutron user information for accessing the Neutron API.
auth_url = http://localhost:5000/v2.0
auth_region = RegionOne
# Turn off verification of the certificate for ssl
# auth_insecure = False
# Certificate Authority public key (CA cert) file for ssl
# auth ca cert =
admin_tenant_name = %SERVICE_TENANT_NAME%
admin_user = %SERVICE_USER%
admin_password = %SERVICE_PASSWORD%
# Network service endpoint type to pull from the keystone catalog
# endpoint_type = adminURL
# IP address used by Nova metadata server
```

```
# nova_metadata_ip = 127.0.0.1
# TCP Port used by Nova metadata server
# nova_metadata_port = 8775
# Which protocol to use for requests to Nova metadata server, http or https
# nova_metadata_protocol = http
# Whether insecure SSL connection should be accepted for Nova metadata server
# requests
# nova_metadata_insecure = False
# Client certificate for nova api, needed when nova api requires client
# certificates
# nova_client_cert =
# Private key for nova client certificate
# nova_client_priv_key =
# When proxying metadata requests, Neutron signs the Instance-ID header with a
# shared secret to prevent spoofing. You may select any string for a secret,
# but it must match here and in the configuration used by the Nova Metadata
# Server. NOTE: Nova uses a different key:
neutron_metadata_proxy_shared_secret
# metadata_proxy_shared_secret =
# Location of Metadata Proxy UNIX domain socket
# metadata_proxy_socket = $state_path/metadata_proxy
# Number of separate worker processes for metadata server. Defaults to
# half the number of CPU cores
# metadata_workers =
# Number of backlog requests to configure the metadata server socket with
# metadata_backlog = 4096
# URL to connect to the cache backend.
# default_ttl=0 parameter will cause cache entries to never expire.
# Otherwise default_ttl specifies time in seconds a cache entry is valid for.
# No cache is used in case no value is passed.
# cache_url = memory://?default_ttl=5
```

# New, updated and deprecated options in Juno for OpenStack Networking

#### **Table 8.74. New options**

| Option = default value         | (Type) Help string                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT] agent_down_time = 75 | (IntOpt) Seconds to regard the agent is down; should be at least twice report_interval, to be sure the agent is down for good.                                                                                                                                                           |
| [DEFAULT] agent_mode = legacy  | (StrOpt) The working mode for the agent. Allowed modes are: 'legacy' - this preserves the existing behavior where the L3 agent is deployed on a centralized networking node to provide L3 services like DNAT, and SNAT. Use this mode if you do not want to adopt DVR. 'dvr' - this mode |

| Option = default value                                                                                        | (Type) Help string<br>enables DVR functionality and must be used for an L3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                               | agent that runs on a compute host. 'dvr_snat' - this enables centralized SNAT support in conjunction with DVR. This mode must be used for an L3 agent running on a centralized node (or in single-host deployments, e.g. devstack)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [DEFAULT] allow_automatic_l3agent_failover = False                                                            | (BoolOpt) Automatically reschedule routers from offline L3 agents to online L3 agents.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| [DEFAULT] apic_system_id = openstack                                                                          | (StrOpt) Prefix for APIC domain/names/profiles created                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| [DEFAULT] check_child_processes = False                                                                       | (BoolOpt) Periodically check child processes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [DEFAULT] check_child_processes_action = respawn                                                              | (StrOpt) Action to be executed when a child process dies                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [DEFAULT] check_child_processes_interval = 60                                                                 | (IntOpt) Interval between checks of child process liveness (seconds)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [DEFAULT] dhcp_agents_per_network = 1                                                                         | (IntOpt) Number of DHCP agents scheduled to host a network.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [DEFAULT] dvr_base_mac = fa:16:3f:00:00:00                                                                    | (StrOpt) The base mac address used for unique DVR instances by Neutron                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| [DEFAULT] enable_metadata_proxy = True                                                                        | (BoolOpt) Allow running metadata proxy.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [DEFAULT] gateway_external_network_id =                                                                       | (StrOpt) UUID of external network for routers implemented by the agents.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [DEFAULT] ha_confs_path = \$state_path/ha_confs                                                               | (StrOpt) Location to store keepalived/conntrackd config files                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [DEFAULT] ha_vrrp_advert_int = 2                                                                              | (IntOpt) The advertisement interval in seconds                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [DEFAULT] ha_vrrp_auth_password = None                                                                        | (StrOpt) VRRP authentication password                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [DEFAULT] ha_vrrp_auth_type = PASS                                                                            | (StrOpt) VRRP authentication type AH/PASS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [DEFAULT] handle_internal_only_routers = True                                                                 | (BoolOpt) Agent should implement routers with no gateway                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [DEFAULT] kombu_reconnect_delay = 1.0                                                                         | (FloatOpt) How long to wait before reconnecting in response to an AMQP consumer cancel notification.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [DEFAULT] I3_ha = False                                                                                       | (BoolOpt) Enable HA mode for virtual routers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [DEFAULT] I3_ha_net_cidr = 169.254.192.0/18                                                                   | (StrOpt) Subnet used for the I3 HA admin network.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [DEFAULT] loadbalancer_pool_scheduler_driver = neutron.services.loadbalancer.agent_scheduler.ChanceScheduler. | (StrOpt) Driver to use for scheduling pool to a default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default default defaul |
| [DEFAULT] max_I3_agents_per_router = 3                                                                        | (IntOpt) Maximum number of agents on which a router will be scheduled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| [DEFAULT] max_routes = 30                                                                                     | (IntOpt) Maximum number of routes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [DEFAULT] metadata_port = 9697                                                                                | (IntOpt) TCP Port used by Neutron metadata namespace proxy.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [DEFAULT] min_l3_agents_per_router = 2                                                                        | (IntOpt) Minimum number of agents on which a router will be scheduled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| [DEFAULT] network_auto_schedule = True                                                                        | (BoolOpt) Allow auto scheduling networks to DHCP agent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [DEFAULT] network_scheduler_driver = neutron.scheduler.dhcp_agent_scheduler.ChanceScheduler                   | (StrOpt) Driver to use for scheduling network to DHCP agent                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [DEFAULT] nova_api_insecure = False                                                                           | (BoolOpt) If True, ignore any SSL validation issues                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [DEFAULT] nova_ca_certificates_file = None                                                                    | (StrOpt) CA file for novaclient to verify server certificates                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [DEFAULT] nova_client_cert =                                                                                  | (StrOpt) Client certificate for nova metadata api server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [DEFAULT] nova_client_priv_key =                                                                              | (StrOpt) Private key of client certificate.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [DEFAULT] nova_metadata_insecure = False                                                                      | (BoolOpt) Allow to perform insecure SSL (https) requests to nova metadata                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [DEFAULT] nova_metadata_protocol = http                                                                       | (StrOpt) Protocol to access nova metadata, http or https                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

| Option = default value                                                                   | (Type) Help string                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| .<br> [DEFAULT] qpid_receiver_capacity = 1                                               | (IntOpt) The number of prefetched messages held by re-                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                                                                                          | ceiver.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [DEFAULT] ra_confs = \$state_path/ra                                                     | (StrOpt) Location to store IPv6 RA config files                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [DEFAULT] rabbit_login_method = AMQPLAIN                                                 | (StrOpt) the RabbitMQ login method                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [DEFAULT] router_auto_schedule = True                                                    | (BoolOpt) Allow auto scheduling of routers to L3 agent.                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [DEFAULT] router_delete_namespaces = False                                               | (BoolOpt) Delete namespace after removing a router.                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [DEFAULT] router_distributed = False                                                     | (BoolOpt) System-wide flag to determine the type of router that tenants can create. Only admin can override.                                                                                                                                           |
| [DEFAULT] router_id =                                                                    | (StrOpt) If namespaces is disabled, the I3 agent can only configure a router that has the matching router ID.                                                                                                                                          |
| [DEFAULT] router_scheduler_driver = neutron.scheduler.l3_agent_scheduler.ChanceScheduler | (StrOpt) Driver to use for scheduling router to a default L3 agent                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [DEFAULT] send_arp_for_ha = 3                                                            | (IntOpt) Send this many gratuitous ARPs for HA setup, if less than or equal to 0, the feature is disabled                                                                                                                                              |
| [DEFAULT] transport_url = None                                                           | (StrOpt) A URL representing the messaging driver to use and its full configuration. If not set, we fall back to the rpc_backend option and driver specific configuration.                                                                              |
| [DEFAULT] use_syslog_rfc_format = False                                                  | (BoolOpt) (Optional) Enables or disables syslog rfc5424 format for logging. If enabled, prefixes the MSG part of the syslog message with APP-NAME (RFC5424). The format without the APP-NAME is deprecated in I, and will be removed in J.             |
| [AGENT] arp_responder = False                                                            | (BoolOpt) Enable local ARP responder if it is supported. Requires OVS 2.1 and ML2 l2population driver. Allows the switch (when supporting an overlay) to respond to an ARP request locally without performing a costly ARP broadcast into the overlay. |
| [AGENT] dont_fragment = True                                                             | (BoolOpt) Set or un-set the don't fragment (DF) bit on outgoing IP packet carrying GRE/VXLAN tunnel.                                                                                                                                                   |
| [AGENT] enable_distributed_routing = False                                               | (BoolOpt) Make the I2 agent run in DVR mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [AGENT] physical_interface_mappings =                                                    | (ListOpt) List of <physical_network>:<physical_interface></physical_interface></physical_network>                                                                                                                                                      |
| [CISCO_N1K] http_pool_size = 4                                                           | (IntOpt) Number of threads to use to make HTTP requests                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [CISCO_N1K] restrict_policy_profiles = False                                             | (BoolOpt) Restrict the visibility of policy profiles to the tenants                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [CONTRAIL] api_server_ip = 127.0.0.1                                                     | (StrOpt) IP address to connect to opencontrail controller                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [CONTRAIL] api_server_port = 8082                                                        | (IntOpt) Port to connect to opencontrail controller                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [HYPERV] network_vlan_ranges =                                                           | (ListOpt) List of<br><physical_network>:<vlan_min>:<vlan_max> or<br/><physical_network></physical_network></vlan_max></vlan_min></physical_network>                                                                                                    |
| [HYPERV] tenant_network_type = local                                                     | (StrOpt) Network type for tenant networks (local, flat, vlan or none)                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [NOVA] node_override_vif_distributed =                                                   | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF type to distributed                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [NOVA] node_override_vif_dvs =                                                           | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF type to dvs                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [NOVA] node_override_vif_hw_veb =                                                        | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF type to hw_veb                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [NOVA] node_override_vif_vrouter =                                                       | (ListOpt) Nova compute nodes to manually set VIF type to vrouter                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [NSX_DHCP] default_lease_time = 43200                                                    | (IntOpt) Default DHCP lease time                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [NSX_DHCP] domain_name = openstacklocal                                                  | (StrOpt) Domain to use for building the hostnames                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

| Option = default value                             | (Type) Help string                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [NSX_DHCP] extra_domain_name_servers =             | (ListOpt) Comma separated list of additional domain name servers                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [NSX_LSN] sync_on_missing_data = False             | (BoolOpt) Pull LSN information from NSX in case it is missing from the local data store. This is useful to rebuild the local store in case of server recovery.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [NSX_METADATA] metadata_server_address = 127.0.0.1 | (StrOpt) IP address used by Metadata server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| [NSX_METADATA] metadata_server_port = 8775         | (IntOpt) TCP Port used by Metadata server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [NSX_METADATA] metadata_shared_secret =            | (StrOpt) Shared secret to sign instance-id request                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [OVS] use_veth_interconnection = False             | (BoolOpt) Use veths instead of patch ports to interconnect the integration bridge to physical bridges.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [PHYSICAL_INTERFACE] physical_interface = eth0     | (StrOpt) The network interface to use when creatinga port                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [QUOTAS] quota_firewall = 1                        | (IntOpt) Number of firewalls allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [QUOTAS] quota_firewall_policy = 1                 | (IntOpt) Number of firewall policies allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [QUOTAS] quota_firewall_rule = 100                 | (IntOpt) Number of firewall rules allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [QUOTAS] quota_floatingip = 50                     | (IntOpt) Number of floating IPs allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [QUOTAS] quota_health_monitor = -1                 | (IntOpt) Number of health monitors allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [QUOTAS] quota_member = -1                         | (IntOpt) Number of pool members allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [QUOTAS] quota_network_gateway = 5                 | (IntOpt) Number of network gateways allowed per tenant, -1 for unlimited                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [QUOTAS] quota_packet_filter = 100                 | (IntOpt) Number of packet_filters allowed per tenant, -1 for unlimited                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [QUOTAS] quota_pool = 10                           | (IntOpt) Number of pools allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [QUOTAS] quota_router = 10                         | (IntOpt) Number of routers allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [QUOTAS] quota_security_group = 10                 | (IntOpt) Number of security groups allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [QUOTAS] quota_security_group_rule = 100           | (IntOpt) Number of security rules allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [QUOTAS] quota_vip = 10                            | (IntOpt) Number of vips allowed per tenant. A negative value means unlimited.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [SECURITYGROUP] enable_ipset = True                | (BoolOpt) Use ipset to speed-up the iptables based security groups.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [SRIOV_NIC] exclude_devices =                      | (ListOpt) List of <network_device>:<excluded_device>&gt; mapping network_device to the agent's node-specific list of virtual functions that should not be used for virtu- al networking. excluded_devices is a semicolon separat- ed list of virtual functions (BDF format).to exclude from network_device. The network_device in the mapping should appear in the physical_device_mappings list.</excluded_device></network_device> |
| [SRIOV_NIC] physical_device_mappings =             | (ListOpt) List of <physical_network>:<network_device> mapping physical network names to the agent's node-specific physical network device of SR-IOV physical function to be used for VLAN networks. All physical networks listed in network_vlan_ranges on the server should have mappings to appropriate interfaces on each agent</network_device></physical_network>                                                               |
| [SWITCH] address =                                 | (StrOpt) The address of the host to SSH to                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [SWITCH] ostype = NOS                              | (StrOpt) Currently unused                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

| Option = default value                                                                                        | (Type) Help string                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [SWITCH] password =                                                                                           | (StrOpt) The SSH password to use                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [SWITCH] username =                                                                                           | (StrOpt) The SSH username to use                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [SYNCMANAGER] enable_sync = False                                                                             | (BoolOpt) Nuage plugin will sync resources between open-<br>stack and VSD                                                                                                                                                               |
| [SYNCMANAGER] sync_interval = 0                                                                               | (IntOpt) Sync interval in seconds between openstack and VSD. It defines how often the synchronization is done. If not set, value of 0 is assumed and sync will be performed only once, at the Neutron startup time.                     |
| [cfg_agent] device_connection_timeout = 30                                                                    | (IntOpt) Time in seconds for connecting to a hosting device                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [cfg_agent] hosting_device_dead_timeout = 300                                                                 | (IntOpt) The time in seconds until a backlogged hosting device is presumed dead. This value should be set up high enough to recover from a period of connectivity loss or high load when the device may not be responding.              |
| [cfg_agent] routing_svc_helper_class = neutron.plugins.cisco.cfg_agent.service_helpers.routing_svc            | (StrOpt) Path of the routing service helper class.<br>_helper.RoutingServiceHelper                                                                                                                                                      |
| [cfg_agent] rpc_loop_interval = 10                                                                            | (IntOpt) Interval when the process_services() loop executes in seconds. This is when the config agent lets each service helper to process its neutron resources.                                                                        |
| [database] mysql_sql_mode = TRADITIONAL                                                                       | (StrOpt) The SQL mode to be used for MySQL sessions. This option, including the default, overrides any server-set SQL mode. To use whatever SQL mode is set by the server configuration, set this to no value. Example: mysql_sql_mode= |
| [database] sqlite_db = oslo.sqlite                                                                            | (StrOpt) The file name to use with SQLite.                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [database] sqlite_synchronous = True                                                                          | (BoolOpt) If True, SQLite uses synchronous mode.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [general] backlog_processing_interval = 10                                                                    | (IntOpt) Time in seconds between renewed scheduling attempts of non-scheduled routers.                                                                                                                                                  |
| [general] cfg_agent_down_time = 60                                                                            | (IntOpt) Seconds of no status update until a cfg agent is considered down.                                                                                                                                                              |
| [general] default_security_group = mgmt_sec_grp                                                               | (StrOpt) Default security group applied on management port. Default value is mgmt_sec_grp.                                                                                                                                              |
| [general] ensure_nova_running = True                                                                          | (BoolOpt) Ensure that Nova is running before attempting to create any VM.                                                                                                                                                               |
| [general]                                                                                                     | (StrOpt) Name of the L3 admin tenant.                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [general] management_network = osn_mgmt_nw                                                                    | (StrOpt) Name of management network for device configuration. Default value is osn_mgmt_nw                                                                                                                                              |
| [general] service_vm_config_path = /opt/stack/data/neutron/cisco/config_drive                                 | (StrOpt) Path to config drive files for service VM instances.                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [general] templates_path = /opt/stack/data/neutron/cis-<br>co/templates                                       | (StrOpt) Path to templates for hosting devices.                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| [haproxy] send_gratuitous_arp = 3                                                                             | (IntOpt) When delete and re-add the same vip, send this many gratuitous ARPs to flush the ARP cache in the Router. Set it below or equal to 0 to disable this feature.                                                                  |
| [hosting_devices] csr1kv_booting_time = 420                                                                   | (IntOpt) Booting time in seconds before a CSR1kv becomes operational.                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [hosting_devices] csr1kv_cfgagent_router_driver = neutron.plugins.cisco.cfg_agent.device_drivers.csr1kv.csr1k | (StrOpt) Config agent driver for CSR1kv.<br>/_routing_driver.CSR1kvRoutingDriver                                                                                                                                                        |
| [hosting_devices] csr1kv_configdrive_template = csr1kv_cfg_template                                           | (StrOpt) CSR1kv configdrive template file.                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [hosting_devices] csr1kv_device_driver = neutron.plugins.cisco.l3.hosting_device_drivers.csr1kv_hd_d          | (StrOpt) Hosting device driver for CSR1kv.<br>river.CSR1kvHostingDeviceDriver                                                                                                                                                           |
| [hosting_devices] csr1kv_flavor = 621                                                                         | (StrOpt) UUID of Nova flavor for CSR1kv.                                                                                                                                                                                                |

| Option = default value                                                                                | (Type) Help string                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [hosting_devices] csr1kv_image = csr1kv_openstack_img                                                 | (StrOpt) Name of Glance image for CSR1kv.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [hosting_devices] csr1kv_password = cisco                                                             | (StrOpt) Password to use for CSR1kv configurations.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [hosting_devices] csr1kv_plugging_driver = neutron.plugins.cisco.l3.plugging_drivers.n1kv_trunking_dr | (StrOpt) Plugging driver for CSR1kv.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [hosting_devices] csr1kv_username = stack                                                             | (StrOpt) Username to use for CSR1kv configurations.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [keystone_authtoken] check_revocations_for_cached = False                                             | (BoolOpt) If true, the revocation list will be checked for cached tokens. This requires that PKI tokens are configured on the Keystone server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [keystone_authtoken] hash_algorithms = md5                                                            | (ListOpt) Hash algorithms to use for hashing PKI tokens. This may be a single algorithm or multiple. The algorithms are those supported by Python standard hashlib.new(). The hashes will be tried in the order given, so put the preferred one first for performance. The result of the first hash will be stored in the cache. This will typically be set to multiple values only while migrating from a less secure algorithm to a more secure one. Once all the old tokens are expired this option should be set to a single value for better performance. |
| [keystone_authtoken] identity_uri = None                                                              | (StrOpt) Complete admin Identity API endpoint. This should specify the unversioned root endpoint e.g. https://localhost:35357/                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [I3_arista] I3_sync_interval = 180                                                                    | (IntOpt) Sync interval in seconds between L3 Service plugin and EOS. This interval defines how often the synchronization is performed. This is an optional field. If not set, a value of 180 seconds is assumed                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [I3_arista] mlag_config = False                                                                       | (BoolOpt) This flag is used indicate if Arista Switches are configured in MLAG mode. If yes, all L3 config is pushed to both the switches automatically. If this flag is set to True, ensure to specify IP addresses of both switches. This is optional. If not set, a value of "False" is assumed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [I3_arista] primary_I3_host =                                                                         | (StrOpt) Arista EOS IP address. This is required field. If not set, all communications to Arista EOS will fail                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [I3_arista] primary_I3_host_password =                                                                | (StrOpt) Password for Arista EOS. This is required field. If not set, all communications to Arista EOS will fail                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [I3_arista] primary_I3_host_username =                                                                | (StrOpt) Username for Arista EOS. This is required field. If not set, all communications to Arista EOS will fail                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [I3_arista] secondary_I3_host =                                                                       | (StrOpt) Arista EOS IP address for second Switch MLAGed with the first one. This an optional field, however, if mlag_config flag is set, then this is required. If not set, all communications to Arista EOS will fail                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| [I3_arista] use_vrf = False                                                                           | (BoolOpt) A "True" value for this flag indicates to create a router in VRF. If not set, all routers are created in default VRF.This is optional. If not set, a value of "False" is assumed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [ml2] extension_drivers =                                                                             | (ListOpt) An ordered list of extension driver entrypoints to be loaded from the neutron.ml2.extension_drivers namespace.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [ml2_brocade] rbridge_id = 1                                                                          | (StrOpt) Rbridge id of provider edge router(s)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [ml2_cisco_apic] apic_agent_poll_interval = 2                                                         | (FloatOpt) Interval between agent poll for topology (in sec)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [ml2_cisco_apic] apic_agent_report_interval = 30                                                      | (FloatOpt) Interval between agent status updates (in sec)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [ml2_cisco_apic] apic_app_profile_name = \${apic_system_id}_app                                       | (StrOpt) Name for the app profile used for Openstack                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [ml2_cisco_apic] apic_domain_name = \${apic_system_id}                                                | (StrOpt) Name for the domain created on APIC                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [ml2_cisco_apic] apic_entity_profile =<br>\${apic_system_id}_entity_profile                           | (StrOpt) Name of the entity profile to be created                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

| Option = default value                                                                         | (Type) Help string                                                                                                                                                             |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [ml2_cisco_apic] apic_function_profile =<br>\${apic_system_id}_function_profile                | (StrOpt) Name of the function profile to be created                                                                                                                            |
| [ml2_cisco_apic] apic_host_uplink_ports =                                                      | (ListOpt) The uplink ports to check for ACI connectivity                                                                                                                       |
| [ml2_cisco_apic] apic_hosts =                                                                  | (ListOpt) An ordered list of host names or IP addresses of the APIC controller(s).                                                                                             |
| [ml2_cisco_apic] apic_lacp_profile =<br>\${apic_system_id}_lacp_profile                        | (StrOpt) Name of the LACP profile to be created                                                                                                                                |
| [ml2_cisco_apic] apic_name_mapping = use_name                                                  | (StrOpt) Name mapping strategy to use: use_uuid   use_name                                                                                                                     |
| [ml2_cisco_apic] apic_node_profile =<br>\${apic_system_id}_node_profile                        | (StrOpt) Name of the node profile to be created                                                                                                                                |
| [ml2_cisco_apic] apic_password = None                                                          | (StrOpt) Password for the APIC controller                                                                                                                                      |
| [ml2_cisco_apic] apic_sync_interval = 0                                                        | (IntOpt) Synchronization interval in seconds                                                                                                                                   |
| [ml2_cisco_apic] apic_use_ssl = True                                                           | (BoolOpt) Use SSL to connect to the APIC controller                                                                                                                            |
| [ml2_cisco_apic] apic_username = None                                                          | (StrOpt) Username for the APIC controller                                                                                                                                      |
| [ml2_cisco_apic] apic_vlan_ns_name =<br>\${apic_system_id}_vlan_ns                             | (StrOpt) Name for the vlan namespace to be used for Openstack                                                                                                                  |
| [ml2_cisco_apic] apic_vlan_range = 2:4093                                                      | (StrOpt) Range of VLAN's to be used for Openstack                                                                                                                              |
| [ml2_cisco_apic] apic_vpc_pairs =                                                              | (ListOpt) The switch pairs for VPC connectivity                                                                                                                                |
| [ml2_cisco_apic] root_helper = sudo /usr/local/bin/neutron-rootwrap /etc/neutron/rootwrap.conf | (StrOpt) Setup root helper as rootwrap or sudo                                                                                                                                 |
| [ml2_fslsdn] crd_api_insecure = False                                                          | (BoolOpt) If set, ignore any SSL validation issues.                                                                                                                            |
| [ml2_fslsdn] crd_auth_strategy = keystone                                                      | (StrOpt) Auth strategy for connecting to neutron in admin context.                                                                                                             |
| [ml2_fslsdn] crd_auth_url = http://127.0.0.1:5000/v2.0/                                        | (StrOpt) CRD Auth URL.                                                                                                                                                         |
| [ml2_fslsdn] crd_ca_certificates_file = None                                                   | (StrOpt) Location of ca certificates file to use for CRD client requests.                                                                                                      |
| [ml2_fslsdn] crd_password = password                                                           | (StrOpt) CRD Service Password.                                                                                                                                                 |
| [ml2_fslsdn] crd_region_name = RegionOne                                                       | (StrOpt) Region name for connecting to CRD Service in admin context.                                                                                                           |
| [ml2_fslsdn] crd_tenant_name = service                                                         | (StrOpt) CRD Tenant Name.                                                                                                                                                      |
| [ml2_fslsdn] crd_url = http://127.0.0.1:9797                                                   | (StrOpt) URL for connecting to CRD service.                                                                                                                                    |
| [ml2_fslsdn] crd_url_timeout = 30                                                              | (IntOpt) Timeout value for connecting to CRD service in seconds.                                                                                                               |
| [ml2_fslsdn] crd_user_name = crd                                                               | (StrOpt) CRD service Username.                                                                                                                                                 |
| [ml2_sriov] agent_required = False                                                             | (BoolOpt) SRIOV neutron agent is required for port binding                                                                                                                     |
| [ml2_sriov] supported_pci_vendor_devs = 15b3:1004,<br>8086:10c9                                | (ListOpt) Supported PCI vendor devices, defined by vendor_id:product_id according to the PCI ID Repository. Default enables support for Intel and Mellanox SR-IOV capable NICs |
| [n1kv] management_port_profile = osn_mgmt_pp                                                   | (StrOpt) Name of N1kv port profile for management ports.                                                                                                                       |
| [n1kv] t1_network_profile = osn_t1_np                                                          | (StrOpt) Name of N1kv network profile for T1 networks (i.e., trunk networks for VXLAN segmented traffic).                                                                      |
| [n1kv] t1_port_profile = osn_t1_pp                                                             | (StrOpt) Name of N1kv port profile for T1 ports (i.e., ports carrying traffic from VXLAN segmented networks).                                                                  |
| [n1kv] t2_network_profile = osn_t2_np                                                          | (StrOpt) Name of N1kv network profile for T2 networks (i.e., trunk networks for VLAN segmented traffic).                                                                       |
| [n1kv] t2_port_profile = osn_t2_pp                                                             | (StrOpt) Name of N1kv port profile for T2 ports (i.e., ports carrying traffic from VLAN segmented networks).                                                                   |

| Option                     | Previous default value | New default value |
|----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| [DEFAULT] control_exchange | neutron                | openstack         |

| Option                                     | Previous default value                                                                                            | New default value                                                                                                                                                   | <br>               |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| [DEFAULT] default_log_levels               | amqp=WARN, amqplib=WARN,<br>boto=WARN, qpid=WARN,<br>sqlalchemy=WARN, suds=INFO,<br>iso8601=WARN                  | amqp=WARN, amqplib=WARN,<br>boto=WARN, qpid=WARN,<br>sqlalchemy=WARN, suds=INFO,<br>oslo.messaging=INFO,<br>iso8601=WARN,<br>requests.packages.urllib3.connectionpo | ool=WARN           |
| [DEFAULT] endpoint_type                    | adminURL                                                                                                          | publicURL                                                                                                                                                           | <br>               |
| [DEFAULT] force_gateway_on_subnet          | False                                                                                                             | True                                                                                                                                                                |                    |
| [DEFAULT] http_timeout                     | 10                                                                                                                | 75                                                                                                                                                                  | <br>               |
| [DEFAULT] metadata_backlog                 | 128                                                                                                               | 4096                                                                                                                                                                |                    |
| [DEFAULT] metadata_workers                 | 0                                                                                                                 | 2                                                                                                                                                                   |                    |
| [DEFAULT] rpc_zmq_matchmaker               | neutron.openstack.common.rpc.match                                                                                | n <b>roalkemk/taakhi M</b> ja <u>k</u> e <b>irivecal masti</b> chmaker.M                                                                                            | atchMakerLocalhost |
| [CISCO_N1K] poll_duration                  | 10                                                                                                                | 60                                                                                                                                                                  | I                  |
| [NOVA] vif_types                           | unbound, binding_failed, ovs, ivs,<br>bridge, 802.1qbg, 802.1qbh, hyperv,<br>midonet, mlnx_direct, hostdev, other | unbound, binding_failed, ovs, ivs,<br>bridge, 802.1qbg, 802.1qbh, hy-<br>perv, midonet, mlnx_direct, host-<br>dev, hw_veb, dvs, other, distributed,<br>vrouter      |                    |
| [SDNVE] default_tenant_type                | OF                                                                                                                | OVERLAY                                                                                                                                                             | I                  |
| [database] connection                      | sqlite://                                                                                                         | None                                                                                                                                                                | I                  |
| [database] max_overflow                    | 20                                                                                                                | None                                                                                                                                                                | I                  |
| [database] max_pool_size                   | 10                                                                                                                | None                                                                                                                                                                | I                  |
| [database] pool_timeout                    | 10                                                                                                                | None                                                                                                                                                                | I                  |
| [database] slave_connection                |                                                                                                                   | None                                                                                                                                                                | I                  |
| [keystone_authtoken] revocation_cache_time | 300                                                                                                               | 10                                                                                                                                                                  |                    |

### **Table 8.76. Deprecated options**

| Deprecated option      | New Option                    |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| [rpc_notifier2] topics | [DEFAULT] notification_topics |

# 9. Object Storage

## **Table of Contents**

| Introduction to Object Storage                                           | 513 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| Object Storage general service configuration                             | 513 |
| Object server configuration                                              | 515 |
| Object expirer configuration                                             | 525 |
| Container server configuration                                           | 529 |
| Container sync realms configuration                                      | 536 |
| Container reconciler configuration                                       | 538 |
| Account server configuration                                             | 540 |
| Proxy server configuration                                               | 547 |
| Proxy server memcache configuration                                      | 564 |
|                                                                          | 564 |
| Configure Object Storage features                                        | 565 |
| New, updated and deprecated options in Juno for OpenStack Object Storage | 580 |

December 8, 2015

OpenStack Object Storage uses multiple configuration files for multiple services and background daemons, and **paste.deploy** to manage server configurations. Default configuration options appear in the <code>[DEFAULT]</code> section. You can override the default values by setting values in the other sections.

## **Introduction to Object Storage**

Object Storage is a robust, highly scalable and fault tolerant storage platform for unstructured data such as objects. Objects are stored bits, accessed through a RESTful, HTTP-based interface. You cannot access data at the block or file level. Object Storage is commonly used to archive and back up data, with use cases in virtual machine image, photo, video and music storage.

Object Storage provides a high degree of availability, throughput, and performance with its scale out architecture. Each object is replicated across multiple servers, residing within the same data center or across data centers, which mitigates the risk of network and hardware failure. In the event of hardware failure, Object Storage will automatically copy objects to a new location to ensure that there are always three copies available. Object Storage is an eventually consistent distributed storage platform; it sacrifices consistency for maximum availability and partition tolerance. Object Storage enables you to create a reliable platform by using commodity hardware and inexpensive storage.

For more information, review the key concepts in the developer documentation at docs.openstack.org/developer/swift/.

## **Object Storage general service configuration**

Most Object Storage services fall into two categories, Object Storage's WSGI servers and background daemons.

Object Storage uses paste.deploy to manage server configurations. Read more at http://pythonpaste.org/deploy/.

Default configuration options are set in the `[DEFAULT]` section, and any options specified there can be overridden in any of the other sections when the syntax set option\_name = value is in place.

Configuration for servers and daemons can be expressed together in the same file for each type of server, or separately. If a required section for the service trying to start is missing, there will be an error. Sections not used by the service are ignored.

Consider the example of an Object Storage node. By convention configuration for the object-server, object-updater, object-replicator, and object-auditor exist in a single file /etc/swift/object-server.conf:

```
[DEFAULT]
[pipeline:main]
pipeline = object-server

[app:object-server]
use = egg:swift#object

[object-replicator]
reclaim_age = 259200

[object-updater]
[object-auditor]
```

Object Storage services expect a configuration path as the first argument:

```
$ swift-object-auditor
Usage: swift-object-auditor CONFIG [options]
Error: missing config path argument
```

If you omit the object-auditor section, this file cannot be used as the configuration path when starting the **swift-object-auditor** daemon:

```
$ swift-object-auditor /etc/swift/object-server.conf
Unable to find object-auditor config section in /etc/swift/object-server.conf
```

If the configuration path is a directory instead of a file, all of the files in the directory with the file extension ".conf" will be combined to generate the configuration object which is delivered to the Object Storage service. This is referred to generally as "directory-based configuration".

Directory-based configuration leverages ConfigParser's native multi-file support. Files ending in ".conf" in the given directory are parsed in lexicographical order. File names starting with '.' are ignored. A mixture of file and directory configuration paths is not supported - if the configuration path is a file, only that file will be parsed.

The Object Storage service management tool swift-init has adopted the convention of looking for /etc/swift/{type}-server.conf.d/ if the file /etc/swift/{type}-server.conf file does not exist.

When using directory-based configuration, if the same option under the same section appears more than once in different files, the last value parsed is said to override previous occurrences. You can ensure proper override precedence by prefixing the files in the configuration directory with numerical values, as in the following example file layout:

```
/etc/swift/
  default.base
  object-server.conf.d/
    000_default.conf -> ../default.base
    001_default-override.conf
    010_server.conf
    020_replicator.conf
    030_updater.conf
    040_auditor.conf
```

You can inspect the resulting combined configuration object using the **swift-config** command-line tool.

All the services of an Object Store deployment share a common configuration in the [swift-hash] section of the /etc/swift/swift.conf file. The swift\_hash\_path\_suffix and swift\_hash\_path\_prefix values must be identical on all the nodes.

Table 9.1. Description of configuration options for [swift-hash] in swift.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| swift_hash_path_prefix = changeme    | A prefix used by hash_path to offer a bit more security when generating hashes for paths. It simply appends this value to all paths; if someone knows this suffix, it's easier for them to guess the hash a path will end up with. New installations are advised to set this parameter to a random secret, which would not be disclosed ouside the organization. The same secret needs to be used by all swift servers of the same cluster. Existing installations should set this parameter to an empty string. |
| swift_hash_path_suffix = changeme    | A suffix used by hash_path to offer a bit more security when generating hashes for paths. It simply appends this value to all paths; if someone knows this suffix, it's easier for them to guess the hash a path will end up with. New installations are advised to set this parameter to a random secret, which would not be disclosed ouside the organization. The same secret needs to be used by all swift servers of the same cluster. Existing installations should set this parameter to an empty string. |

# **Object server configuration**

Find an example object server configuration at  $\verb|etc/object-server.conf-sample|$  in the source code repository.

The available configuration options are:

Table 9.2. Description of configuration options for [DEFAULT] in object-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| backlog = 4096                                   | Maximum number of allowed pending TCP connections                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| bind_ip = 0.0.0.0                                | IP Address for server to bind to                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| bind_port = 6000                                 | Port for server to bind to                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| bind_timeout = 30                                | Seconds to attempt bind before giving up                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| client_timeout = 60                              | Timeout to read one chunk from a client external services                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| conn_timeout = 0.5                               | Connection timeout to external services                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| devices = /srv/node                              | Parent directory of where devices are mounted                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| disable_fallocate = false                        | Disable "fast fail" fallocate checks if the underlying filesystem does not support it.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| disk_chunk_size = 65536                          | Size of chunks to read/write to disk                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| eventlet_debug = false                           | If true, turn on debug logging for eventlet                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| expiring_objects_account_name = expiring_objects | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| expiring_objects_container_divisor = 86400       | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| fallocate_reserve = 0                            | You can set fallocate_reserve to the number of bytes you'd like fallocate to reserve, whether there is space for the given file size or not. This is useful for systems that behave badly when they completely run out of space; you can make the services pretend they're out of space early. server. For most cases, this should be `egg:swift#object`.                                                                                      |
| log_address = /dev/log                           | Location where syslog sends the logs to                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| log_custom_handlers =                            | Comma-separated list of functions to call to setup custom log handlers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0                        | Syslog log facility                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| log_level = INFO                                 | Logging level                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| log_max_line_length = 0                          | Caps the length of log lines to the value given; no limit if set to 0, the default.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| log_name = swift                                 | Label used when logging                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| log_statsd_default_sample_rate = 1.0             | Defines the probability of sending a sample for any given event or timing measurement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| log_statsd_host = localhost                      | If not set, the StatsD feature is disabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| log_statsd_metric_prefix =                       | Value will be prepended to every metric sent to the StatsD server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| log_statsd_port = 8125                           | Port value for the StatsD server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| log_statsd_sample_rate_factor = 1.0              | Not recommended to set this to a value less than 1.0, if frequency of logging is too high, tune the log_statsd_default_sample_rate instead.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| log_udp_host =                                   | If not set, the UDP receiver for syslog is disabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| log_udp_port = 514                               | Port value for UDP receiver, if enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| max_clients = 1024                               | Maximum number of clients one worker can process simultaneously Lowering the number of clients handled per worker, and raising the number of workers can lessen the impact that a CPU intensive, or blocking, request can have on other requests served by the same worker. If the maximum number of clients is set to one, then a given worker will not perform another call while processing, allowing other workers a chance to process it. |
| mount_check = true                               | Whether or not check if the devices are mounted to prevent accidentally writing to the root device                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| network_chunk_size = 65536           | Size of chunks to read/write over the network                                                                                                  |
| node_timeout = 3                     | Request timeout to external services                                                                                                           |
| swift_dir = /etc/swift               | Swift configuration directory                                                                                                                  |
| user = swift                         | User to run as                                                                                                                                 |
| workers = auto                       | a much higher value, one can reduce the impact of slow<br>file system operations in one request from negatively im-<br>pacting other requests. |

Table 9.3. Description of configuration options for [app-object-server] in object-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value                                                                           | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| allowed_headers = Content-Disposition, Content-Encoding, X-Delete-At, X-Object-Manifest, X-Static-Large-Object | Comma-separated list of headers that can be set in meta-<br>data of an object                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| auto_create_account_prefix = .                                                                                 | Prefix to use when automatically creating accounts                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| keep_cache_private = false                                                                                     | Allow non-public objects to stay in kernel's buffer cache                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| keep_cache_size = 5424880                                                                                      | Largest object size to keep in buffer cache                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| max_upload_time = 86400                                                                                        | Maximum time allowed to upload an object                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| mb_per_sync = 512                                                                                              | On PUT requests, sync file every n MB                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| replication_concurrency = 4                                                                                    | Set to restrict the number of concurrent incoming REPLI-<br>CATION requests; set to 0 for unlimited                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| replication_failure_ratio = 1.0                                                                                | If the value of failures / successes of REPLICATION subrequests exceeds this ratio, the overall REPLICATION request will be aborted                                                                                                                                                            |
| replication_failure_threshold = 100                                                                            | The number of subrequest failures before the replication_failure_ratio is checked                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| replication_lock_timeout = 15                                                                                  | Number of seconds to wait for an existing replication device lock before giving up.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| replication_one_per_device = True                                                                              | Restricts incoming REPLICATION requests to one per device, replication_currency above allowing. This can help control I/O to each device, but you may wish to set this to False to allow multiple REPLICATION requests (up to the above replication_concurrency setting) per device.           |
| replication_server = false                                                                                     | If defined, tells server how to handle replication verbs in requests. When set to True (or 1), only replication verbs will be accepted. When set to False, replication verbs will be rejected. When undefined, server will accept any verb in the request.                                     |
| set log_address = /dev/log                                                                                     | Location where syslog sends the logs to                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| set log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0                                                                                  | Syslog log facility                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| set log_level = INFO                                                                                           | Log level                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| set log_name = object-server                                                                                   | Label to use when logging                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| set log_requests = true                                                                                        | Whether or not to log requests                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| slow = 0                                                                                                       | If > 0, Minimum time in seconds for a PUT or DELETE request to complete                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| splice = no                                                                                                    | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| threads_per_disk = 0                                                                                           | Size of the per-disk thread pool used for performing disk I/O. The default of 0 means to not use a per-disk thread pool. It is recommended to keep this value small, as large values can result in high read latencies due to large queue depths. A good starting point is 4 threads per disk. |
| use = egg:swift#object                                                                                         | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

ence

# Table 9.4. Description of configuration options for [pipeline-main] in object-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value       | Description                             |
|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| pipeline = healthcheck recon object-server | No help text available for this option. |

# Table 9.5. Description of configuration options for [object-replicator] in object-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value                                                    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| concurrency = 1                                                                         | Number of replication workers to spawn                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| daemonize = on                                                                          | Whether or not to run replication as a daemon                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| handoff_delete = auto                                                                   | By default handoff partitions will be removed when it has successfully replicated to all the canonical nodes. If set to an integer n, it will remove the partition if it is successfully replicated to n nodes. The default setting should not be changed, except for extremem situations. This uses what's set here, or what's set in the DEFAULT section, or 10 (though other sections use 3 as the final default). |
| handoffs_first = False                                                                  | If set to True, partitions that are not supposed to be on<br>the node will be replicated first. The default setting should<br>not be changed, except for extreme situations.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| http_timeout = 60                                                                       | Maximum duration for an HTTP request                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| lockup_timeout = 1800                                                                   | Attempts to kill all workers if nothing replications for lockup_timeout seconds                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| log_address = /dev/log                                                                  | Location where syslog sends the logs to                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0                                                               | Syslog log facility                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| log_level = INFO                                                                        | Logging level                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| log_name = object-replicator                                                            | Label used when logging                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| node_timeout = <whatever's 10="" default="" in="" or="" section="" the=""></whatever's> | Request timeout to external services                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| reclaim_age = 604800                                                                    | Time elapsed in seconds before an object can be reclaimed                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| recon_cache_path = /var/cache/swift                                                     | Directory where stats for a few items will be stored                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| ring_check_interval = 15                                                                | How often (in seconds) to check the ring                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| rsync_bwlimit = 0                                                                       | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| rsync_error_log_line_length = 0                                                         | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| rsync_io_timeout = 30                                                                   | Passed to rsync for a max duration (seconds) of an I/O op                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| rsync_timeout = 900                                                                     | Max duration (seconds) of a partition rsync                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| run_pause = 30                                                                          | Time in seconds to wait between replication passes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| stats_interval = 300                                                                    | Interval in seconds between logging replication statistics                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| sync_method = rsync                                                                     | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| vm_test_mode = no                                                                       | Indicates that you are using a VM environment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

# Table 9.6. Description of configuration options for [object-updater] in object-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| concurrency = 1                      | Number of replication workers to spawn  |
| interval = 300                       | Minimum time for a pass to take         |
| log_address = /dev/log               | Location where syslog sends the logs to |
| log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0            | Syslog log facility                     |

| Configuration option = Default value                                                    | Description                                          |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| log_level = INFO                                                                        | Logging level                                        |
| log_name = object-updater                                                               | Label used when logging                              |
| node_timeout = <whatever's 10="" default="" in="" or="" section="" the=""></whatever's> | Request timeout to external services                 |
| recon_cache_path = /var/cache/swift                                                     | Directory where stats for a few items will be stored |
| slowdown = 0.01                                                                         | Time in seconds to wait between objects              |

# Table 9.7. Description of configuration options for [object-auditor] in object-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| bytes_per_second = 10000000          | Maximum bytes audited per second. Should be tuned according to individual system specs. 0 is unlimited. mounted to prevent accidentally writing to the root device process simultaneously (it will actually accept(2) N + 1). Setting this to one (1) will only handle one request at a time, without accepting another request concurrently. By increasing the number of workers to a much higher value, one can reduce the impact of slow file system operations in one request from negatively impacting other requests. underlying filesystem does not support it. to setup custom log handlers. bytes you'd like fallocate to reserve, whether there is space for the given file size or not. This is useful for systems that behave badly when they completely run out of space; you can make the services pretend they're out of space early. container server. For most cases, this should be `egg:swift#container`. |
| concurrency = 1                      | Number of replication workers to spawn                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| disk_chunk_size = 65536              | Size of chunks to read/write to disk                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| files_per_second = 20                | Maximum files audited per second. Should be tuned according to individual system specs. 0 is unlimited.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| log_address = /dev/log               | Location where syslog sends the logs to                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0            | Syslog log facility                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| log_level = INFO                     | Logging level                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| log_name = object-auditor            | Label used when logging                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| log_time = 3600                      | Frequency of status logs in seconds.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| object_size_stats =                  | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| recon_cache_path = /var/cache/swift  | Directory where stats for a few items will be stored                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| zero_byte_files_per_second = 50      | Maximum zero byte files audited per second.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

# Table 9.8. Description of configuration options for [filter-healthcheck] in object-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| disable_path =                       | No help text available for this option.   |
| use = egg:swift#healthcheck          | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

# Table 9.9. Description of configuration options for [filter-recon] in object-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                          |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| recon_cache_path = /var/cache/swift  | Directory where stats for a few items will be stored |
| recon_lock_path = /var/lock          | No help text available for this option.              |

oun - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

#### Table 9.10. Description of configuration options for [filter-xprofile] in object-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value                          | Description                               |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| dump_interval = 5.0                                           | No help text available for this option.   |
| dump_timestamp = false                                        | No help text available for this option.   |
| flush_at_shutdown = false                                     | No help text available for this option.   |
| log_filename_prefix = /tmp/log/swift/pro-file/default.profile | No help text available for this option.   |
| path = /profile                                               | No help text available for this option.   |
| profile_module = eventlet.green.profile                       | No help text available for this option.   |
| unwind = false                                                | No help text available for this option.   |
| use = egg:swift#xprofile                                      | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

#### Sample object server configuration file

```
[DEFAULT]
# bind_ip = 0.0.0.0
bind_port = 6000
# bind_timeout = 30
\# backlog = 4096
# user = swift
# swift_dir = /etc/swift
# devices = /srv/node
# mount_check = true
# disable_fallocate = false
# expiring_objects_container_divisor = 86400
# expiring_objects_account_name = expiring_objects
# Use an integer to override the number of pre-forked processes that will
# accept connections.
# workers = auto
# Maximum concurrent requests per worker
# max_clients = 1024
# You can specify default log routing here if you want:
# log_name = swift
# log_facility = LOG_LOCALO
# log_level = INFO
# log_address = /dev/log
# The following caps the length of log lines to the value given; no limit if
# set to 0, the default.
# log_max_line_length = 0
# comma separated list of functions to call to setup custom log handlers.
# functions get passed: conf, name, log_to_console, log_route, fmt, logger,
# adapted_logger
# log_custom_handlers =
# If set, log_udp_host will override log_address
# log_udp_host =
# log_udp_port = 514
```

```
# You can enable StatsD logging here:
# log_statsd_host = localhost
# log_statsd_port = 8125
# log_statsd_default_sample_rate = 1.0
# log_statsd_sample_rate_factor = 1.0
# log_statsd_metric_prefix =
# eventlet_debug = false
# You can set fallocate_reserve to the number of bytes you'd like fallocate to
# reserve, whether there is space for the given file size or not.
# fallocate_reserve = 0
# Time to wait while attempting to connect to another backend node.
# conn_timeout = 0.5
# Time to wait while sending each chunk of data to another backend node.
# node_timeout = 3
# Time to wait while receiving each chunk of data from a client or another
# backend node.
# client_timeout = 60
# network_chunk_size = 65536
# disk_chunk_size = 65536
[pipeline:main]
pipeline = healthcheck recon object-server
[app:object-server]
use = egg:swift#object
# You can override the default log routing for this app here:
# set log_name = object-server
# set log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# set log_level = INFO
# set log_requests = true
# set log_address = /dev/log
# max_upload_time = 86400
\# slow = 0
# Objects smaller than this are not evicted from the buffercache once read
# keep_cache_size = 5424880
# If true, objects for authenticated GET requests may be kept in buffer cache
# if small enough
# keep_cache_private = false
# on PUTs, sync data every n MB
# mb_per_sync = 512
# Comma separated list of headers that can be set in metadata on an object.
# This list is in addition to X-Object-Meta-* headers and cannot include
# Content-Type, etag, Content-Length, or deleted
# allowed_headers = Content-Disposition, Content-Encoding, X-Delete-At, X-
Object-Manifest, X-Static-Large-Object
# auto_create_account_prefix = .
# A value of 0 means "don't use thread pools". A reasonable starting point is
```

```
# daemonize = on
# run_pause = 30
# concurrency = 1
# stats_interval = 300
# The sync method to use; default is rsync but you can use ssync to try the
# EXPERIMENTAL all-swift-code-no-rsync-callouts method. Once ssync is verified
# as having performance comparable to, or better than, rsync, we plan to
# deprecate rsync so we can move on with more features for replication.
# sync_method = rsync
# max duration of a partition rsync
# rsync_timeout = 900
# bandwidth limit for rsync in kB/s. 0 means unlimited
# rsync_bwlimit = 0
# passed to rsync for io op timeout
# rsync_io_timeout = 30
# node_timeout = <whatever's in the DEFAULT section or 10>
# max duration of an http request; this is for REPLICATE finalization calls
# so should be longer than node_timeout
# http_timeout = 60
# attempts to kill all workers if nothing replicates for lockup_timeout
seconds
# lockup_timeout = 1800
# The replicator also performs reclamation
# reclaim_age = 604800
# ring_check_interval = 15
# recon_cache_path = /var/cache/swift
# limits how long rsync error log lines are
# 0 means to log the entire line
# rsync_error_log_line_length = 0
# handoffs_first and handoff_delete are options for a special case
# such as disk full in the cluster. These two options SHOULD NOT BE
# CHANGED, except for such an extreme situations. (e.g. disks filled up
# or are about to fill up. Anyway, DO NOT let your drives fill up)
# handoffs_first is the flag to replicate handoffs prior to canonical
# partitions. It allows to force syncing and deleting handoffs quickly.
# If set to a True value(e.g. "True" or "1"), partitions
# that are not supposed to be on the node will be replicated first.
# handoffs_first = False
# handoff_delete is the number of replicas which are ensured in swift.
# If the number less than the number of replicas is set, object-replicator
# could delete local handoffs even if all replicas are not ensured in the
# cluster. Object-replicator would remove local handoff partition directories
# after syncing partition when the number of successful responses is greater
# than or equal to this number. By default(auto), handoff partitions will be
# removed when it has successfully replicated to all the canonical nodes.
# handoff_delete = auto
[object-updater]
```

```
# You can override the default log routing for this app here (don't use set!):
# log_name = object-updater
# log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# log_level = INFO
# log_address = /dev/log
# interval = 300
\# concurrency = 1
# node_timeout = <whatever's in the DEFAULT section or 10>
# slowdown will sleep that amount between objects
\# slowdown = 0.01
# recon_cache_path = /var/cache/swift
[object-auditor]
# You can override the default log routing for this app here (don't use set!):
# log_name = object-auditor
# log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# log_level = INFO
# log_address = /dev/log
# You can set the disk chunk size that the auditor uses making it larger if
# you like for more efficient local auditing of larger objects
# disk_chunk_size = 65536
# files_per_second = 20
# concurrency = 1
# bytes_per_second = 10000000
\# \log_{\text{time}} = 3600
# zero_byte_files_per_second = 50
# recon_cache_path = /var/cache/swift
# Takes a comma separated list of ints. If set, the object auditor will
# increment a counter for every object whose size is <= to the given break
# points and report the result after a full scan.
# object_size_stats =
# Note: Put it at the beginning of the pipleline to profile all middleware.
# it is safer to put this after healthcheck.
[filter:xprofile]
use = egg:swift#xprofile
# This option enable you to switch profilers which should inherit from python
# standard profiler. Currently the supported value can be 'cProfile',
# 'eventlet.green.profile' etc.
# profile_module = eventlet.green.profile
# This prefix will be used to combine process ID and timestamp to name the
# profile data file. Make sure the executing user has permission to write
# into this path (missing path segments will be created, if necessary).
# If you enable profiling in more than one type of daemon, you must override
# it with an unique value like: /var/log/swift/profile/object.profile
# log_filename_prefix = /tmp/log/swift/profile/default.profile
# the profile data will be dumped to local disk based on above naming rule
# in this interval.
# dump_interval = 5.0
# Be careful, this option will enable profiler to dump data into the file with
# time stamp which means there will be lots of files piled up in the
directory.
```

```
ounc - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno
```

```
# dump_timestamp = false
#
# This is the path of the URL to access the mini web UI.
# path = /__profile__
#
# Clear the data when the wsgi server shutdown.
# flush_at_shutdown = false
#
# unwind the iterator of applications
# unwind = false
```

December 8, 2015

#### **Object expirer configuration**

Find an example object expirer configuration at etc/object-expirer.conf-sample
in the source code repository.

The available configuration options are:

Table 9.11. Description of configuration options for [DEFAULT] in object-expirer.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                 |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| log_address = /dev/log               | Location where syslog sends the logs to                                                                                                     |
| log_custom_handlers =                | Comma-separated list of functions to call to setup custom log handlers.                                                                     |
| log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0            | Syslog log facility                                                                                                                         |
| log_level = INFO                     | Logging level                                                                                                                               |
| log_max_line_length = 0              | Caps the length of log lines to the value given; no limit if set to 0, the default.                                                         |
| log_name = swift                     | Label used when logging                                                                                                                     |
| log_statsd_default_sample_rate = 1.0 | Defines the probability of sending a sample for any given event or timing measurement.                                                      |
| log_statsd_host = localhost          | If not set, the StatsD feature is disabled.                                                                                                 |
| log_statsd_metric_prefix =           | Value will be prepended to every metric sent to the StatsD server.                                                                          |
| log_statsd_port = 8125               | Port value for the StatsD server.                                                                                                           |
| log_statsd_sample_rate_factor = 1.0  | Not recommended to set this to a value less than 1.0, if frequency of logging is too high, tune the log_statsd_default_sample_rate instead. |
| log_udp_host =                       | If not set, the UDP receiver for syslog is disabled.                                                                                        |
| log_udp_port = 514                   | Port value for UDP receiver, if enabled.                                                                                                    |
| swift_dir = /etc/swift               | Swift configuration directory                                                                                                               |
| user = swift                         | User to run as                                                                                                                              |

Table 9.12. Description of configuration options for [app-proxy-server] in object-expirer.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| use = egg:swift#proxy                | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

# Table 9.13. Description of configuration options for [filter-cache] in object-expirer.conf

December 8, 2015

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| use = egg:swift#memcache             | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

# Table 9.14. Description of configuration options for [filter-catch\_errors] in object-expirer.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| use = egg:swift#catch_errors         | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

# Table 9.15. Description of configuration options for [filter-proxy-logging] in object-expirer.conf

| Configuration option = Default value                                  | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| access_log_address = /dev/log                                         | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| access_log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0                                      | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| access_log_headers = false                                            | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| access_log_headers_only =                                             | If access_log_headers is True and access_log_headers_only is set only these headers are logged. Multiple headers can be defined as comma separated list like this: access_log_headers_only = Host, X-Object-Meta-Mtime                                                                                                                                                             |
| access_log_level = INFO                                               | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| access_log_name = swift                                               | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| access_log_statsd_default_sample_rate = 1.0                           | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| access_log_statsd_host = localhost                                    | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| access_log_statsd_metric_prefix =                                     | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| access_log_statsd_port = 8125                                         | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| access_log_statsd_sample_rate_factor = 1.0                            | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| access_log_udp_host =                                                 | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| access_log_udp_port = 514                                             | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| log_statsd_valid_http_methods = GET,HEAD,POST,PUT,DELETE,COPY,OPTIONS | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| logged with access_log_headers = True.                                | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| reveal_sensitive_prefix = 16                                          | The X-Auth-Token is sensitive data. If revealed to an unauthorised person, they can now make requests against an account until the token expires. Set reveal_sensitive_prefix to the number of characters of the token that are logged. For example reveal_sensitive_prefix = 12 so only first 12 characters of the token are logged. Or, set to 0 to completely remove the token. |
| use = egg:swift#proxy_logging                                         | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

## Table 9.16. Description of configuration options for [object-expirer] in object-expirer.conf

| Configuration option = Default value             | Description                                        |
|--------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| auto_create_account_prefix = .                   | Prefix to use when automatically creating accounts |
| concurrency = 1                                  | Number of replication workers to spawn             |
| expiring_objects_account_name = expiring_objects | No help text available for this option.            |
| interval = 300                                   | Minimum time for a pass to take                    |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| process = 0                          | (it will actually accept(2) $N + 1$ ). Setting this to one (1) will only handle one request at a time, without accepting another request concurrently. |
| processes = 0                        | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                |
| reclaim_age = 604800                 | Time elapsed in seconds before an object can be reclaimed                                                                                              |
| recon_cache_path = /var/cache/swift  | Directory where stats for a few items will be stored                                                                                                   |
| report_interval = 300                | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                |

Table 9.17. Description of configuration options for [pipeline-main] in object-expirer.conf

| Configuration option = Default value                     | Description                             |
|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| pipeline = catch_errors proxy-logging cache proxy-server | No help text available for this option. |

#### Sample object expirer configuration file

```
[DEFAULT]
# swift_dir = /etc/swift
# user = swift
# You can specify default log routing here if you want:
# log_name = swift
# log_facility = LOG_LOCALO
# log_level = INFO
# log_address = /dev/log
# The following caps the length of log lines to the value given; no limit if
# set to 0, the default.
# log_max_line_length = 0
# comma separated list of functions to call to setup custom log handlers.
# functions get passed: conf, name, log_to_console, log_route, fmt, logger,
# adapted_logger
# log_custom_handlers =
# If set, log_udp_host will override log_address
# log_udp_host =
# log_udp_port = 514
# You can enable StatsD logging here:
# log_statsd_host = localhost
# log_statsd_port = 8125
# log_statsd_default_sample_rate = 1.0
# log_statsd_sample_rate_factor = 1.0
# log_statsd_metric_prefix =
[object-expirer]
# interval = 300
# auto_create_account_prefix = .
# expiring_objects_account_name = expiring_objects
# report_interval = 300
# concurrency is the level of concurrency o use to do the work, this value
# must be set to at least 1
# concurrency = 1
# processes is how many parts to divide the work into, one part per process
   that will be doing the work
# processes set 0 means that a single process will be doing all the work
# processes can also be specified on the command line and will override the
```

```
config value
# processes = 0
# process is which of the parts a particular process will work on
# process can also be specified on the command line and will overide the
  value
# process is "zero based", if you want to use 3 processes, you should run
# processes with process set to 0, 1, and 2
# process = 0
# The expirer will re-attempt expiring if the source object is not available
# up to reclaim_age seconds before it gives up and deletes the entry in the
# queue.
# reclaim_age = 604800
# recon_cache_path = /var/cache/swift
[pipeline:main]
pipeline = catch_errors proxy-logging cache proxy-server
[app:proxy-server]
use = egg:swift#proxy
# See proxy-server.conf-sample for options
[filter:cache]
use = egg:swift#memcache
# See proxy-server.conf-sample for options
[filter:catch_errors]
use = egg:swift#catch_errors
# See proxy-server.conf-sample for options
[filter:proxy-logging]
use = egg:swift#proxy_logging
# If not set, logging directives from [DEFAULT] without "access_" will be used
# access_log_name = swift
# access_log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# access_log_level = INFO
# access_log_address = /dev/log
# If set, access_log_udp_host will override access_log_address
# access_log_udp_host =
# access_log_udp_port = 514
# You can use log_statsd_* from [DEFAULT] or override them here:
# access_log_statsd_host = localhost
# access_log_statsd_port = 8125
# access_log_statsd_default_sample_rate = 1.0
# access_log_statsd_sample_rate_factor = 1.0
# access_log_statsd_metric_prefix =
# access_log_headers = false
# If access_log_headers is True and access_log_headers_only is set only
# these headers are logged. Multiple headers can be defined as comma separated
# list like this: access_log_headers_only = Host, X-Object-Meta-Mtime
# access_log_headers_only =
# By default, the X-Auth-Token is logged. To obscure the value,
# set reveal_sensitive_prefix to the number of characters to log.
# For example, if set to 12, only the first 12 characters of the
# token appear in the log. An unauthorized access of the log file
# won't allow unauthorized usage of the token. However, the first
```

juno

```
# 12 or so characters is unique enough that you can trace/debug
# token usage. Set to 0 to suppress the token completely (replaced
# by '...' in the log).
# Note: reveal_sensitive_prefix will not affect the value
# logged with access_log_headers=True.
# reveal_sensitive_prefix = 16
#
# What HTTP methods are allowed for StatsD logging (comma-sep); request
methods
# not in this list will have "BAD_METHOD" for the <verb> portion of the
metric.
# log_statsd_valid_http_methods = GET, HEAD, POST, PUT, DELETE, COPY, OPTIONS
```

#### **Container server configuration**

Find an example container server configuration at etc/container-server.conf-sample in the source code repository.

The available configuration options are:

Table 9.18. Description of configuration options for [DEFAULT] in container-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| allowed_sync_hosts = 127.0.0.1       | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| backlog = 4096                       | Maximum number of allowed pending TCP connections                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| bind_ip = 0.0.0.0                    | IP Address for server to bind to                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| bind_port = 6001                     | Port for server to bind to                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| bind_timeout = 30                    | Seconds to attempt bind before giving up                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| db_preallocation = off               | If you don't mind the extra disk space usage in overhead, you can turn this on to preallocate disk space with SQLite databases to decrease fragmentation. underlying filesystem does not support it. to setup custom log handlers. bytes you'd like fallocate to reserve, whether there is space for the given file size or not. This is useful for systems that behave badly when they completely run out of space; you can make the services pretend they're out of space early. server. For most cases, this should be `egg:swift#account`. replication passes account can be reclaimed |
| devices = /srv/node                  | Parent directory of where devices are mounted                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| disable_fallocate = false            | Disable "fast fail" fallocate checks if the underlying filesystem does not support it.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| eventlet_debug = false               | If true, turn on debug logging for eventlet                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| fallocate_reserve = 0                | You can set fallocate_reserve to the number of bytes you'd like fallocate to reserve, whether there is space for the given file size or not. This is useful for systems that behave badly when they completely run out of space; you can make the services pretend they're out of space early. server. For most cases, this should be `egg:swift#object`.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| log_address = /dev/log               | Location where syslog sends the logs to                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| log_custom_handlers =                | Comma-separated list of functions to call to setup custom log handlers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0            | Syslog log facility                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| log_level = INFO                     | Logging level                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| log_max_line_length = 0              | Caps the length of log lines to the value given; no limit if set to 0, the default.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| log_name = swift                     | Label used when logging                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| log_statsd_default_sample_rate = 1.0 | Defines the probability of sending a sample for any given event or timing measurement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| log_statsd_host = localhost          | If not set, the StatsD feature is disabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| log_statsd_metric_prefix =           | Value will be prepended to every metric sent to the StatsD server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| log_statsd_port = 8125               | Port value for the StatsD server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| log_statsd_sample_rate_factor = 1.0  | Not recommended to set this to a value less than 1.0, if frequency of logging is too high, tune the log_statsd_default_sample_rate instead.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| log_udp_host =                       | If not set, the UDP receiver for syslog is disabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| log_udp_port = 514                   | Port value for UDP receiver, if enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| max_clients = 1024                   | Maximum number of clients one worker can process simultaneously Lowering the number of clients handled per worker, and raising the number of workers can lessen the impact that a CPU intensive, or blocking, request can have on other requests served by the same worker. If the maximum number of clients is set to one, then a given worker will not perform another call while processing, allowing other workers a chance to process it. |
| mount_check = true                   | Whether or not check if the devices are mounted to prevent accidentally writing to the root device                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| swift_dir = /etc/swift               | Swift configuration directory                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| user = swift                         | User to run as                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| workers = auto                       | a much higher value, one can reduce the impact of slow file system operations in one request from negatively impacting other requests.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

Table 9.19. Description of configuration options for [app-container-server] in container-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| allow_versions = false               | Enable/Disable object versioning feature                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| auto_create_account_prefix = .       | Prefix to use when automatically creating accounts                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| conn_timeout = 0.5                   | Connection timeout to external services                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| node_timeout = 3                     | Request timeout to external services                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| replication_server = false           | If defined, tells server how to handle replication verbs in requests. When set to True (or 1), only replication verbs will be accepted. When set to False, replication verbs will be rejected. When undefined, server will accept any verb in the request. |
| set log_address = /dev/log           | Location where syslog sends the logs to                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| set log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0        | Syslog log facility                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| set log_level = INFO                 | Log level                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| set log_name = container-server      | Label to use when logging                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| set log_requests = true              | Whether or not to log requests                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| use = egg:swift#container            | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

# Table 9.20. Description of configuration options for [pipeline-main] in container-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value          | Description                             |  |
|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|--|
| pipeline = healthcheck recon container-server | No help text available for this option. |  |

# Table 9.21. Description of configuration options for [container-replicator] in container-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                            |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| concurrency = 8                      | Number of replication workers to spawn                                 |
| conn_timeout = 0.5                   | Connection timeout to external services                                |
| interval = 30                        | Minimum time for a pass to take                                        |
| log_address = /dev/log               | Location where syslog sends the logs to                                |
| log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0            | Syslog log facility                                                    |
| log_level = INFO                     | Logging level                                                          |
| log_name = container-replicator      | Label used when logging                                                |
| max_diffs = 100                      | Caps how long the replicator spends trying to sync a database per pass |
| node_timeout = 10                    | Request timeout to external services                                   |
| per_diff = 1000                      | Limit number of items to get per diff                                  |
| reclaim_age = 604800                 | Time elapsed in seconds before an object can be reclaimed              |
| recon_cache_path = /var/cache/swift  | Directory where stats for a few items will be stored                   |
| run_pause = 30                       | Time in seconds to wait between replication passes                     |
| vm_test_mode = no                    | Indicates that you are using a VM environment                          |

### Table 9.22. Description of configuration options for [container-updater] in container-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                        |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| account_suppression_time = 60        | Seconds to suppress updating an account that has generated an error (timeout, not yet found, etc.) |
| concurrency = 4                      | Number of replication workers to spawn                                                             |
| conn_timeout = 0.5                   | Connection timeout to external services                                                            |
| interval = 300                       | Minimum time for a pass to take                                                                    |
| log_address = /dev/log               | Location where syslog sends the logs to                                                            |
| log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0            | Syslog log facility                                                                                |
| log_level = INFO                     | Logging level                                                                                      |
| log_name = container-updater         | Label used when logging                                                                            |
| node_timeout = 3                     | Request timeout to external services                                                               |
| recon_cache_path = /var/cache/swift  | Directory where stats for a few items will be stored                                               |
| slowdown = 0.01                      | Time in seconds to wait between objects                                                            |

## Table 9.23. Description of configuration options for [container-auditor] in container-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| containers_per_second = 200          | Maximum containers audited per second. Should be tuned according to individual system specs. 0 is unlimited. mounted to prevent accidentally writing to the root device process simultaneously (it will actually accept(2) N + 1). Set- |

| 0                                     |
|---------------------------------------|
|                                       |
|                                       |
| $\supset$                             |
|                                       |
|                                       |
|                                       |
|                                       |
| 0                                     |
|                                       |
|                                       |
| $\supset$                             |
|                                       |
|                                       |
| - 1                                   |
|                                       |
| N <sub>0</sub>                        |
|                                       |
| $\succeq$                             |
| $\supset$                             |
| $\overline{}$                         |
|                                       |
| 1                                     |
| _                                     |
| 0                                     |
|                                       |
|                                       |
| $\supset$                             |
| _                                     |
|                                       |
| 1                                     |
|                                       |
| 0                                     |
|                                       |
|                                       |
| 5                                     |
| _                                     |
|                                       |
|                                       |
| - 1                                   |
|                                       |
| 0                                     |
|                                       |
| =                                     |
| $\supset$                             |
| Jul                                   |
|                                       |
| - 1                                   |
|                                       |
| n o                                   |
|                                       |
| $\succeq$                             |
| $\supset$                             |
| _                                     |
|                                       |
|                                       |
|                                       |
| 1                                     |
|                                       |
| 0                                     |
| 0                                     |
| 0                                     |
| oun                                   |
|                                       |
| oun                                   |
| oun                                   |
| ounf -                                |
| ounf - o                              |
| ounf - o                              |
| no - Juno                             |
| no - Juno                             |
| no - Juno                             |
| Juno - Juno                           |
| no - Juno                             |
| - Juno - Juno                         |
| ounf - ounf - c                       |
| - Juno - Juno                         |
| Juno - Juno - Juno                    |
| - Juno - Juno - Juno                  |
| - Juno - Juno - Juno                  |
| o - Juno - Juno - Juno                |
| o - Juno - Juno - Juno                |
| ounf - ounf - ou                      |
| ounf - ounf - ounf - oun              |
| ounf - ounf - ou                      |
| Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno             |
| - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno           |
| - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno           |
| - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno           |
| - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno           |
| - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno           |
| - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno           |
| - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno           |
| Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno      |
| - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno           |
| - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno -         |
| ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - o         |
| ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - o         |
| ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ou        |
| ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - oun       |
| ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - oun       |
| Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno      |
| ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - oun       |
| - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno    |
| - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno    |
| - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno    |
| ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ou |
| Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno      |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                      | ting this to one (1) will only handle one request at a time, without accepting another request concurrently. By increasing the number of workers to a much higher value, one can reduce the impact of slow file system operations in one request from negatively impacting other requests. |
| interval = 1800                      | Minimum time for a pass to take                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| log_address = /dev/log               | Location where syslog sends the logs to                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0            | Syslog log facility                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| log_level = INFO                     | Logging level                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| log_name = container-auditor         | Label used when logging                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| recon_cache_path = /var/cache/swift  | Directory where stats for a few items will be stored                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

# Table 9.24. Description of configuration options for [container-sync] in container-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value                   | Description                                                          |
|--------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| container_time = 60                                    | Maximum amount of time to spend syncing each container               |
| interval = 300                                         | Minimum time for a pass to take                                      |
| log_address = /dev/log                                 | Location where syslog sends the logs to                              |
| log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0                              | Syslog log facility                                                  |
| log_level = INFO                                       | Logging level                                                        |
| log_name = container-sync                              | Label used when logging                                              |
| sync_proxy = http://10.1.1.1:8888,http://10.1.1.2:8888 | If you need to use an HTTP proxy, set it here. Defaults to no proxy. |

# Table 9.25. Description of configuration options for [filter-healthcheck] in container-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| disable_path =                       | No help text available for this option.   |
| use = egg:swift#healthcheck          | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

### Table 9.26. Description of configuration options for [filter-recon] in container-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                          |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| recon_cache_path = /var/cache/swift  | Directory where stats for a few items will be stored |
| use = egg:swift#recon                | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server            |

## Table 9.27. Description of configuration options for [filter-xprofile] in container-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value                          | Description                             |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| dump_interval = 5.0                                           | No help text available for this option. |
| dump_timestamp = false                                        | No help text available for this option. |
| flush_at_shutdown = false                                     | No help text available for this option. |
| log_filename_prefix = /tmp/log/swift/pro-file/default.profile | No help text available for this option. |
| path = /profile                                               | No help text available for this option. |
| profile_module = eventlet.green.profile                       | No help text available for this option. |

ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf - ounf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| unwind = false                       | No help text available for this option.   |
| use = egg:swift#xprofile             | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

#### Sample container server configuration file

```
# bind_ip = 0.0.0.0
bind_port = 6001
# bind_timeout = 30
\# backlog = 4096
# user = swift
# swift_dir = /etc/swift
# devices = /srv/node
# mount_check = true
# disable_fallocate = false
# Use an integer to override the number of pre-forked processes that will
# accept connections.
# workers = auto
# Maximum concurrent requests per worker
# max_clients = 1024
# This is a comma separated list of hosts allowed in the X-Container-Sync-To
# field for containers. This is the old-style of using container sync. It is
# strongly recommended to use the new style of a separate
# container-sync-realms.conf -- see container-sync-realms.conf-sample
# allowed_sync_hosts = 127.0.0.1
# You can specify default log routing here if you want:
# log_name = swift
# log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# log_level = INFO
# log_address = /dev/log
# The following caps the length of log lines to the value given; no limit if
# set to 0, the default.
# log_max_line_length = 0
# comma separated list of functions to call to setup custom log handlers.
# functions get passed: conf, name, log_to_console, log_route, fmt, logger,
# adapted_logger
# log_custom_handlers =
# If set, log_udp_host will override log_address
# log_udp_host =
# log_udp_port = 514
# You can enable StatsD logging here:
# log_statsd_host = localhost
# log_statsd_port = 8125
# log_statsd_default_sample_rate = 1.0
# log_statsd_sample_rate_factor = 1.0
# log_statsd_metric_prefix =
# If you don't mind the extra disk space usage in overhead, you can turn this
# on to preallocate disk space with SQLite databases to decrease
fragmentation.
# db_preallocation = off
```

```
# eventlet_debug = false
# You can set fallocate_reserve to the number of bytes you'd like fallocate to
# reserve, whether there is space for the given file size or not.
# fallocate_reserve = 0
[pipeline:main]
pipeline = healthcheck recon container-server
[app:container-server]
use = egg:swift#container
# You can override the default log routing for this app here:
# set log_name = container-server
# set log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# set log_level = INFO
# set log_requests = true
# set log_address = /dev/log
# node_timeout = 3
# conn_timeout = 0.5
# allow_versions = false
# auto_create_account_prefix = .
# Configure parameter for creating specific server
# To handle all verbs, including replication verbs, do not specify
# "replication_server" (this is the default). To only handle replication,
# set to a True value (e.g. "True" or "1"). To handle only non-replication
# verbs, set to "False". Unless you have a separate replication network, you
# should not specify any value for "replication_server".
# replication_server = false
[filter:healthcheck]
use = egg:swift#healthcheck
# An optional filesystem path, which if present, will cause the healthcheck
# URL to return "503 Service Unavailable" with a body of "DISABLED BY FILE"
# disable_path =
[filter:recon]
use = egg:swift#recon
#recon_cache_path = /var/cache/swift
[container-replicator]
# You can override the default log routing for this app here (don't use set!):
# log_name = container-replicator
# log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# log_level = INFO
# log_address = /dev/log
# vm_test_mode = no
# per_diff = 1000
\# \max_{diffs} = 100
# concurrency = 8
# interval = 30
# node_timeout = 10
# conn_timeout = 0.5
# The replicator also performs reclamation
# reclaim_age = 604800
```

```
# Time in seconds to wait between replication passes
# Note: if the parameter 'interval' is defined then it will be used in place
# of run_pause.
# run_pause = 30
# recon_cache_path = /var/cache/swift
[container-updater]
# You can override the default log routing for this app here (don't use set!):
# log_name = container-updater
# log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# log_level = INFO
# log_address = /dev/log
# interval = 300
\# concurrency = 4
# node_timeout = 3
# conn_timeout = 0.5
# slowdown will sleep that amount between containers
# slowdown = 0.01
# Seconds to suppress updating an account that has generated an error
# account_suppression_time = 60
# recon_cache_path = /var/cache/swift
[container-auditor]
# You can override the default log routing for this app here (don't use set!):
# log_name = container-auditor
# log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# log_level = INFO
# log_address = /dev/log
# Will audit each container at most once per interval
# interval = 1800
# containers_per_second = 200
# recon_cache_path = /var/cache/swift
[container-sync]
# You can override the default log routing for this app here (don't use set!):
# log_name = container-sync
# log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# log_level = INFO
# log_address = /dev/log
# If you need to use an HTTP Proxy, set it here; defaults to no proxy.
# You can also set this to a comma separated list of HTTP Proxies and they
# be randomly used (simple load balancing).
# sync_proxy = http://10.1.1.1:8888,http://10.1.1.2:8888
# Will sync each container at most once per interval
# interval = 300
# Maximum amount of time to spend syncing each container per pass
# container_time = 60
# Note: Put it at the beginning of the pipeline to profile all middleware. But
```

```
# it is safer to put this after healthcheck.
[filter:xprofile]
use = egg:swift#xprofile
# This option enable you to switch profilers which should inherit from python
# standard profiler. Currently the supported value can be 'cProfile',
# 'eventlet.green.profile' etc.
# profile_module = eventlet.green.profile
# This prefix will be used to combine process ID and timestamp to name the
# profile data file. Make sure the executing user has permission to write
# into this path (missing path segments will be created, if necessary).
# If you enable profiling in more than one type of daemon, you must override
# it with an unique value like: /var/log/swift/profile/container.profile
# log_filename_prefix = /tmp/log/swift/profile/default.profile
# the profile data will be dumped to local disk based on above naming rule
# in this interval.
# dump_interval = 5.0
# Be careful, this option will enable profiler to dump data into the file with
# time stamp which means there will be lots of files piled up in the
directory.
# dump_timestamp = false
# This is the path of the URL to access the mini web UI.
# path = /__profile__
# Clear the data when the wsgi server shutdown.
# flush_at_shutdown = false
# unwind the iterator of applications
# unwind = false
```

#### **Container sync realms configuration**

Find an example container sync realms configuration at etc/container-sync-realms.conf-sample in the source code repository.

The available configuration options are:

## Table 9.28. Description of configuration options for [DEFAULT] in container-sync-realms.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| mtime_check_interval = 300           | No help text available for this option. |

# Table 9.29. Description of configuration options for [realm1] in container-sync-realms.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| cluster_name1 = https://host1/v1/    | No help text available for this option. |
| cluster_name2 = https://host2/v1/    | No help text available for this option. |
| key = realm1key                      | No help text available for this option. |
| key2 = realm1key2                    | No help text available for this option. |

oun - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

# Table 9.30. Description of configuration options for [realm2] in container-sync-realms.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| cluster_name3 = https://host3/v1/    | No help text available for this option. |
| cluster_name4 = https://host4/v1/    | No help text available for this option. |
| key = realm2key                      | No help text available for this option. |
| key2 = realm2key2                    | No help text available for this option. |

#### Sample container sync realms configuration file

```
# [DEFAULT]
# The number of seconds between checking the modified time of this config file
# for changes and therefore reloading it.
# mtime_check_interval = 300
# [realm1]
# key = realm1key
# key2 = realm1key2
# cluster_name1 = https://host1/v1/
# cluster_name2 = https://host2/v1/
# [realm2]
# key = realm2key
\# \text{ key2} = \text{realm2key2}
# cluster_name3 = https://host3/v1/
# cluster_name4 = https://host4/v1/
# Each section name is the name of a sync realm. A sync realm is a set of
# clusters that have agreed to allow container syncing with each other. Realm
# names will be considered case insensitive.
# The key is the overall cluster-to-cluster key used in combination with the
# external users' key that they set on their containers' X-Container-Sync-Key
# metadata header values. These keys will be used to sign each request the
# container sync daemon makes and used to validate each incoming container
sync
# request.
# The key2 is optional and is an additional key incoming requests will be
# checked against. This is so you can rotate keys if you wish; you move the
# existing key to key2 and make a new key value.
# Any values in the realm section whose names begin with cluster_ will
# the name and endpoint of a cluster and will be used by external users in
# their containers' X-Container-Sync-To metadata header values with the format
# "realm_name/cluster_name/container_name". Realm and cluster names are
# considered case insensitive.
# The endpoint is what the container sync daemon will use when sending out
# requests to that cluster. Keep in mind this endpoint must be reachable by
all
# container servers, since that is where the container sync daemon runs. Note
\# the the endpoint ends with /\mathrm{v1}/ and that the container sync daemon will then
# add the account/container/obj name after that.
```

```
#
# Distribute this container-sync-realms.conf file to all your proxy servers
# and container servers.
```

#### **Container reconciler configuration**

Find an example container sync realms configuration at etc/container-reconciler.conf-sample in the source code repository.

The available configuration options are:

Table 9.31. Description of configuration options for [DEFAULT] in container-reconciler.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                 |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| log_address = /dev/log               | Location where syslog sends the logs to                                                                                                     |
| log_custom_handlers =                | Comma-separated list of functions to call to setup custom log handlers.                                                                     |
| log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0            | Syslog log facility                                                                                                                         |
| log_level = INFO                     | Logging level                                                                                                                               |
| log_name = swift                     | Label used when logging                                                                                                                     |
| log_statsd_default_sample_rate = 1.0 | Defines the probability of sending a sample for any given event or timing measurement.                                                      |
| log_statsd_host = localhost          | If not set, the StatsD feature is disabled.                                                                                                 |
| log_statsd_metric_prefix =           | Value will be prepended to every metric sent to the StatsD server.                                                                          |
| log_statsd_port = 8125               | Port value for the StatsD server.                                                                                                           |
| log_statsd_sample_rate_factor = 1.0  | Not recommended to set this to a value less than 1.0, if frequency of logging is too high, tune the log_statsd_default_sample_rate instead. |
| log_udp_host =                       | If not set, the UDP receiver for syslog is disabled.                                                                                        |
| log_udp_port = 514                   | Port value for UDP receiver, if enabled.                                                                                                    |
| swift_dir = /etc/swift               | Swift configuration directory                                                                                                               |
| user = swift                         | User to run as                                                                                                                              |

### Table 9.32. Description of configuration options for [app-proxy-server] in container-reconciler.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| use = egg:swift#proxy                | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

## Table 9.33. Description of configuration options for [container-reconciler] in container-reconciler.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                               |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| interval = 30                        | Minimum time for a pass to take                           |
| reclaim_age = 604800                 | Time elapsed in seconds before an object can be reclaimed |
| request_tries = 3                    | No help text available for this option.                   |

no - Juno 
### Table 9.34. Description of configuration options for [filter-cache] in container-reconciler.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| use = egg:swift#memcache             | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

### Table 9.35. Description of configuration options for [filter-catch\_errors] in container-reconciler.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| use = egg:swift#catch_errors         | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

### Table 9.36. Description of configuration options for [filter-proxy-logging] in container-reconciler.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| use = egg:swift#proxy_logging        | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

### Table 9.37. Description of configuration options for [pipeline-main] in container-reconciler.conf

| Configuration option = Default value                     | Description                             |
|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| pipeline = catch_errors proxy-logging cache proxy-server | No help text available for this option. |

#### Sample container sync reconciler configuration file

```
[DEFAULT]
# swift_dir = /etc/swift
# user = swift
# You can specify default log routing here if you want:
# log_name = swift
# log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# log_level = INFO
# log_address = /dev/log
# comma separated list of functions to call to setup custom log handlers.
# functions get passed: conf, name, log_to_console, log_route, fmt, logger,
# adapted_logger
# log_custom_handlers =
# If set, log_udp_host will override log_address
# log_udp_host =
# log_udp_port = 514
# You can enable StatsD logging here:
# log_statsd_host = localhost
# log_statsd_port = 8125
# log_statsd_default_sample_rate = 1.0
# log_statsd_sample_rate_factor = 1.0
# log_statsd_metric_prefix =
[container-reconciler]
# The reconciler will re-attempt reconciliation if the source object is not
# available up to reclaim_age seconds before it gives up and deletes the entry
# in the queue.
```

uno - Juno 
```
# reclaim_age = 604800
# The cycle time of the daemon
# interval = 30
# Server errors from requests will be retried by default
# request_tries = 3
[pipeline:main]
pipeline = catch_errors proxy-logging cache proxy-server
[app:proxy-server]
use = egg:swift#proxy
# See proxy-server.conf-sample for options
[filter:cache]
use = egg:swift#memcache
# See proxy-server.conf-sample for options
[filter:proxy-logging]
use = egg:swift#proxy_logging
[filter:catch_errors]
use = egg:swift#catch_errors
# See proxy-server.conf-sample for options
```

#### **Account server configuration**

Find an example account server configuration at etc/account-server.conf-sample in the source code repository.

The available configuration options are:

Table 9.38. Description of configuration options for [DEFAULT] in accountserver.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| backlog = 4096                       | Maximum number of allowed pending TCP connections                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| bind_ip = 0.0.0.0                    | IP Address for server to bind to                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| bind_port = 6002                     | Port for server to bind to                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| bind_timeout = 30                    | Seconds to attempt bind before giving up                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| db_preallocation = off               | If you don't mind the extra disk space usage in overhead, you can turn this on to preallocate disk space with SQLite databases to decrease fragmentation. underlying filesystem does not support it. to setup custom log handlers. bytes you'd like fallocate to reserve, whether there is space for the given file size or not. This is useful for systems that behave badly when they completely run out of space; you can make the services pretend they're out of space early. server. For most cases, this should be `egg:swift#account`. replication passes account can be reclaimed |
| devices = /srv/node                  | Parent directory of where devices are mounted                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| disable_fallocate = false            | Disable "fast fail" fallocate checks if the underlying filesystem does not support it.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| eventlet_debug = false               | If true, turn on debug logging for eventlet                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| fallocate_reserve = 0                | You can set fallocate_reserve to the number of bytes you'd like fallocate to reserve, whether there is space for the given file size or not. This is useful for systems that behave                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                      | badly when they completely run out of space; you can<br>make the services pretend they're out of space early. serv-<br>er. For most cases, this should be `egg:swift#object`.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| log_address = /dev/log               | Location where syslog sends the logs to                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| log_custom_handlers =                | Comma-separated list of functions to call to setup custom log handlers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0            | Syslog log facility                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| log_level = INFO                     | Logging level                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| log_max_line_length = 0              | Caps the length of log lines to the value given; no limit if set to 0, the default.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| log_name = swift                     | Label used when logging                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| log_statsd_default_sample_rate = 1.0 | Defines the probability of sending a sample for any given event or timing measurement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| log_statsd_host = localhost          | If not set, the StatsD feature is disabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| log_statsd_metric_prefix =           | Value will be prepended to every metric sent to the StatsD server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| log_statsd_port = 8125               | Port value for the StatsD server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| log_statsd_sample_rate_factor = 1.0  | Not recommended to set this to a value less than 1.0, if frequency of logging is too high, tune the log_statsd_default_sample_rate instead.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| log_udp_host =                       | If not set, the UDP receiver for syslog is disabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| log_udp_port = 514                   | Port value for UDP receiver, if enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| max_clients = 1024                   | Maximum number of clients one worker can process simultaneously Lowering the number of clients handled per worker, and raising the number of workers can lessen the impact that a CPU intensive, or blocking, request can have on other requests served by the same worker. If the maximum number of clients is set to one, then a given worker will not perform another call while processing, allowing other workers a chance to process it. |
| mount_check = true                   | Whether or not check if the devices are mounted to prevent accidentally writing to the root device                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| swift_dir = /etc/swift               | Swift configuration directory                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| user = swift                         | User to run as                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| workers = auto                       | a much higher value, one can reduce the impact of slow file system operations in one request from negatively impacting other requests.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

#### Table 9.39. Description of configuration options for [app-accountserver] in account-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| auto_create_account_prefix = .       | Prefix to use when automatically creating accounts                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| replication_server = false           | If defined, tells server how to handle replication verbs in requests. When set to True (or 1), only replication verbs will be accepted. When set to False, replication verbs will be rejected. When undefined, server will accept any verb in the request. |
| set log_address = /dev/log           | Location where syslog sends the logs to                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| set log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0        | Syslog log facility                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| set log_level = INFO                 | Log level                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| set log_name = account-server        | Label to use when logging                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| set log_requests = true              | Whether or not to log requests                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| use = egg:swift#account              | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

# Table 9.40. Description of configuration options for [pipeline-main] in account-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value        | Description                             |
|---------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| pipeline = healthcheck recon account-server | No help text available for this option. |

## Table 9.41. Description of configuration options for [account-replicator] in account-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                               |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| concurrency = 8                      | Number of replication workers to spawn                                                                    |
| conn_timeout = 0.5                   | Connection timeout to external services                                                                   |
| error_suppression_interval = 60      | Time in seconds that must elapse since the last error for a node to be considered no longer error limited |
| error_suppression_limit = 10         | Error count to consider a node error limited                                                              |
| interval = 30                        | Minimum time for a pass to take                                                                           |
| log_address = /dev/log               | Location where syslog sends the logs to                                                                   |
| log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0            | Syslog log facility                                                                                       |
| log_level = INFO                     | Logging level                                                                                             |
| log_name = account-replicator        | Label used when logging                                                                                   |
| max_diffs = 100                      | Caps how long the replicator spends trying to sync a database per pass                                    |
| node_timeout = 10                    | Request timeout to external services                                                                      |
| per_diff = 1000                      | Limit number of items to get per diff                                                                     |
| reclaim_age = 604800                 | Time elapsed in seconds before an object can be reclaimed                                                 |
| recon_cache_path = /var/cache/swift  | Directory where stats for a few items will be stored                                                      |
| run_pause = 30                       | Time in seconds to wait between replication passes                                                        |
| vm_test_mode = no                    | Indicates that you are using a VM environment                                                             |

## Table 9.42. Description of configuration options for [account-auditor] in account-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| accounts_per_second = 200            | Maximum accounts audited per second. Should be tuned according to individual system specs. 0 is unlimited. |
| interval = 1800                      | Minimum time for a pass to take                                                                            |
| log_address = /dev/log               | Location where syslog sends the logs to                                                                    |
| log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0            | Syslog log facility                                                                                        |
| log_level = INFO                     | Logging level                                                                                              |
| log_name = account-auditor           | Label used when logging                                                                                    |
| recon_cache_path = /var/cache/swift  | Directory where stats for a few items will be stored                                                       |

# Table 9.43. Description of configuration options for [account-reaper] in account-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                            |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| concurrency = 25                     | Number of replication workers to spawn |

uno - Juno 
| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| conn_timeout = 0.5                   | Connection timeout to external services                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| delay_reaping = 0                    | Normally, the reaper begins deleting account information for deleted accounts immediately; you can set this to delay its work however. The value is in seconds, 2592000 = 30 days, for example. bind to giving up worker can process simultaneously (it will actually accept(2) N + 1). Setting this to one (1) will only handle one request at a time, without accepting another request concurrently. By increasing the number of workers to a much higher value, one can reduce the impact of slow file system operations in one request from negatively impacting other requests. |
| interval = 3600                      | Minimum time for a pass to take                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| log_address = /dev/log               | Location where syslog sends the logs to                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0            | Syslog log facility                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| log_level = INFO                     | Logging level                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| log_name = account-reaper            | Label used when logging                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| node_timeout = 10                    | Request timeout to external services                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| reap_warn_after = 2592000            | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## Table 9.44. Description of configuration options for [filter-healthcheck] in account-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| disable_path =                       | No help text available for this option.   |
| use = egg:swift#healthcheck          | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

## Table 9.45. Description of configuration options for [filter-recon] in account-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                          |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| recon_cache_path = /var/cache/swift  | Directory where stats for a few items will be stored |
| use = egg:swift#recon                | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server            |

## Table 9.46. Description of configuration options for [filter-xprofile] in account-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value                              | Description                               |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| dump_interval = 5.0                                               | No help text available for this option.   |
| dump_timestamp = false                                            | No help text available for this option.   |
| flush_at_shutdown = false                                         | No help text available for this option.   |
| log_filename_prefix = /tmp/log/swift/pro-<br>file/default.profile | No help text available for this option.   |
| path = /profile                                                   | No help text available for this option.   |
| profile_module = eventlet.green.profile                           | No help text available for this option.   |
| unwind = false                                                    | No help text available for this option.   |
| use = egg:swift#xprofile                                          | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

#### Sample account server configuration file

```
[DEFAULT]
# bind_ip = 0.0.0.0
bind_port = 6002
```

```
# bind_timeout = 30
\# backlog = 4096
# user = swift
# swift_dir = /etc/swift
# devices = /srv/node
# mount_check = true
# disable_fallocate = false
# Use an integer to override the number of pre-forked processes that will
# accept connections.
# workers = auto
# Maximum concurrent requests per worker
# max_clients = 1024
# You can specify default log routing here if you want:
# log_name = swift
# log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# log_level = INFO
# log_address = /dev/log
# The following caps the length of log lines to the value given; no limit if
# set to 0, the default.
# log_max_line_length = 0
# comma separated list of functions to call to setup custom log handlers.
# functions get passed: conf, name, log_to_console, log_route, fmt, logger,
# adapted_logger
# log_custom_handlers =
# If set, log_udp_host will override log_address
# log_udp_host =
# log_udp_port = 514
# You can enable StatsD logging here:
# log_statsd_host = localhost
# log_statsd_port = 8125
# log_statsd_default_sample_rate = 1.0
# log_statsd_sample_rate_factor = 1.0
# log_statsd_metric_prefix =
# If you don't mind the extra disk space usage in overhead, you can turn this
# on to preallocate disk space with SQLite databases to decrease
fragmentation.
# db_preallocation = off
# eventlet_debug = false
# You can set fallocate_reserve to the number of bytes you'd like fallocate to
# reserve, whether there is space for the given file size or not.
# fallocate_reserve = 0
[pipeline:main]
pipeline = healthcheck recon account-server
[app:account-server]
use = egg:swift#account
# You can override the default log routing for this app here:
# set log_name = account-server
# set log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# set log_level = INFO
```

```
# set log_requests = true
# set log_address = /dev/log
# auto_create_account_prefix = .
# Configure parameter for creating specific server
# To handle all verbs, including replication verbs, do not specify
# "replication_server" (this is the default). To only handle replication,
# set to a True value (e.g. "True" or "1"). To handle only non-replication
# verbs, set to "False". Unless you have a separate replication network, you
# should not specify any value for "replication_server".
# replication_server = false
[filter:healthcheck]
use = egg:swift#healthcheck
# An optional filesystem path, which if present, will cause the healthcheck
# URL to return "503 Service Unavailable" with a body of "DISABLED BY FILE"
# disable_path =
[filter:recon]
use = egg:swift#recon
# recon_cache_path = /var/cache/swift
[account-replicator]
# You can override the default log routing for this app here (don't use set!):
# log_name = account-replicator
# log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# log_level = INFO
# log_address = /dev/log
# vm_test_mode = no
# per_diff = 1000
# max_diffs = 100
# concurrency = 8
# interval = 30
# How long without an error before a node's error count is reset. This will
# also be how long before a node is reenabled after suppression is triggered.
# error_suppression_interval = 60
# How many errors can accumulate before a node is temporarily ignored.
# error_suppression_limit = 10
# node_timeout = 10
# conn_timeout = 0.5
# The replicator also performs reclamation
# reclaim_age = 604800
# Time in seconds to wait between replication passes
# Note: if the parameter 'interval' is defined then it will be used in place
# of run_pause.
# run_pause = 30
# recon_cache_path = /var/cache/swift
[account-auditor]
# You can override the default log routing for this app here (don't use set!):
# log_name = account-auditor
# log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
```

```
# log_level = INFO
# log_address = /dev/log
# Will audit each account at most once per interval
# interval = 1800
# log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# log_level = INFO
# accounts_per_second = 200
# recon_cache_path = /var/cache/swift
[account-reaper]
# You can override the default log routing for this app here (don't use set!):
# log_name = account-reaper
# log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# log_level = INFO
# log_address = /dev/log
# concurrency = 25
# interval = 3600
# node_timeout = 10
# conn_timeout = 0.5
# Normally, the reaper begins deleting account information for deleted
# immediately; you can set this to delay its work however. The value is in
# seconds; 2592000 = 30 days for example.
# delay_reaping = 0
# If the account fails to be be reaped due to a persistent error, the
# account reaper will log a message such as:
     Account <name> has not been reaped since <date>
# You can search logs for this message if space is not being reclaimed
# after you delete account(s).
# Default is 2592000 seconds (30 days). This is in addition to any time
# requested by delay_reaping.
# reap_warn_after = 2592000
# Note: Put it at the beginning of the pipeline to profile all middleware. But
# it is safer to put this after healthcheck.
[filter:xprofile]
use = egg:swift#xprofile
# This option enable you to switch profilers which should inherit from python
# standard profiler. Currently the supported value can be 'cProfile',
# 'eventlet.green.profile' etc.
# profile_module = eventlet.green.profile
# This prefix will be used to combine process ID and timestamp to name the
# profile data file. Make sure the executing user has permission to write
# into this path (missing path segments will be created, if necessary).
# If you enable profiling in more than one type of daemon, you must override
# it with an unique value like: /var/log/swift/profile/account.profile
# log_filename_prefix = /tmp/log/swift/profile/default.profile
# the profile data will be dumped to local disk based on above naming rule
# in this interval.
# dump_interval = 5.0
# Be careful, this option will enable profiler to dump data into the file with
```

```
# time stamp which means there will be lots of files piled up in the
directory.
# dump_timestamp = false
# This is the path of the URL to access the mini web UI.
# path = /__profile__
# Clear the data when the wsgi server shutdown.
# flush_at_shutdown = false
# unwind the iterator of applications
# unwind = false
```

#### **Proxy server configuration**

Find an example proxy server configuration at etc/proxy-server.conf-sample in the source code repository.

The available configuration options are:

Table 9.47. Description of configuration options for [DEFAULT] in proxyserver.conf

| Configuration option = Default value                                            | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| admin_key = secret_admin_key                                                    | to use for admin calls that are HMAC signed. Default is empty, which will disable admin calls to /info. the proxy server. For most cases, this should be `egg:swift#proxy`. request whenever it has to failover to a handoff node                                                                                                                                       |
| backlog = 4096                                                                  | Maximum number of allowed pending TCP connections                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| bind_ip = 0.0.0.0                                                               | IP Address for server to bind to                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| bind_port = 8080                                                                | Port for server to bind to                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| bind_timeout = 30                                                               | Seconds to attempt bind before giving up                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| cert_file = /etc/swift/proxy.crt                                                | to the ssl .crt. This should be enabled for testing purposes only.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| client_timeout = 60                                                             | Timeout to read one chunk from a client external services                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| cors_allow_origin =                                                             | is a list of hosts that are included with any CORS request<br>by default and returned with the Access-Control-Allow-Ori-<br>gin header in addition to what the container has set. to<br>call to setup custom log handlers. for eventlet the proxy<br>server. For most cases, this should be `egg:swift#proxy`.<br>request whenever it has to failover to a handoff node |
| disallowed_sections = container_quotas, tempurl, bulk_delete.max_failed_deletes | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| eventlet_debug = false                                                          | If true, turn on debug logging for eventlet                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| expiring_objects_account_name = expiring_objects                                | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| expiring_objects_container_divisor = 86400                                      | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| expose_info = true                                                              | Enables exposing configuration settings via HTTP GET /info.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| key_file = /etc/swift/proxy.key                                                 | to the ssl .key. This should be enabled for testing purposes only.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| log_address = /dev/log                                                          | Location where syslog sends the logs to                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| log_custom_handlers =                                                           | Comma-separated list of functions to call to setup custom log handlers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0                                                       | Syslog log facility                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

ence

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| log_headers = false                  | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| log_level = INFO                     | Logging level                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| log_max_line_length = 0              | Caps the length of log lines to the value given; no limit if set to 0, the default.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| log_name = swift                     | Label used when logging                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| log_statsd_default_sample_rate = 1.0 | Defines the probability of sending a sample for any given event or timing measurement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| log_statsd_host = localhost          | If not set, the StatsD feature is disabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| log_statsd_metric_prefix =           | Value will be prepended to every metric sent to the StatsD server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| log_statsd_port = 8125               | Port value for the StatsD server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| log_statsd_sample_rate_factor = 1.0  | Not recommended to set this to a value less than 1.0, if frequency of logging is too high, tune the log_statsd_default_sample_rate instead.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| log_udp_host =                       | If not set, the UDP receiver for syslog is disabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| log_udp_port = 514                   | Port value for UDP receiver, if enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| max_clients = 1024                   | Maximum number of clients one worker can process simultaneously Lowering the number of clients handled per worker, and raising the number of workers can lessen the impact that a CPU intensive, or blocking, request can have on other requests served by the same worker. If the maximum number of clients is set to one, then a given worker will not perform another call while processing, allowing other workers a chance to process it. |
| strict_cors_mode = True              | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| swift_dir = /etc/swift               | Swift configuration directory                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| trans_id_suffix =                    | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| user = swift                         | User to run as                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| workers = auto                       | a much higher value, one can reduce the impact of slow<br>file system operations in one request from negatively im-<br>pacting other requests.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

#### Table 9.48. Description of configuration options for [app-proxy-server] in proxy-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| account_autocreate = false           | If set to 'true' authorized accounts that do not yet exist within the Swift cluster will be automatically created.                                                                                                                                                            |
| allow_account_management = false     | Whether account PUTs and DELETEs are even callable                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| auto_create_account_prefix = .       | Prefix to use when automatically creating accounts                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| client_chunk_size = 65536            | Chunk size to read from clients                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| conn_timeout = 0.5                   | Connection timeout to external services                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| deny_host_headers =                  | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| error_suppression_interval = 60      | Time in seconds that must elapse since the last error for a node to be considered no longer error limited                                                                                                                                                                     |
| error_suppression_limit = 10         | Error count to consider a node error limited                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| log_handoffs = true                  | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| max_containers_per_account = 0       | If set to a positive value, trying to create a container when the account already has at least this maximum containers will result in a 403 Forbidden. Note: This is a soft limit, meaning a user might exceed the cap for recheck_account_existence before the 403s kick in. |

| Configuration option = Default value                                                                                                                                                                    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| max_containers_whitelist =                                                                                                                                                                              | is a comma separated list of account names that ignore the max_containers_per_account cap.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| max_large_object_get_time = 86400                                                                                                                                                                       | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| node_timeout = 10                                                                                                                                                                                       | Request timeout to external services                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| object_chunk_size = 65536                                                                                                                                                                               | Chunk size to read from object servers                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| object_post_as_copy = true                                                                                                                                                                              | Set object_post_as_copy = false to turn on fast posts where only the metadata changes are stored anew and the original data file is kept in place. This makes for quicker posts; but since the container metadata isn't updated in this mode, features like container sync won't be able to sync posts.                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| post_quorum_timeout = 0.5                                                                                                                                                                               | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| put_queue_depth = 10                                                                                                                                                                                    | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| read_affinity = r1z1=100, r1z2=200, r2=300                                                                                                                                                              | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| recheck_account_existence = 60                                                                                                                                                                          | Cache timeout in seconds to send memcached for account existence                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| recheck_container_existence = 60                                                                                                                                                                        | Cache timeout in seconds to send memcached for container existence                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| recoverable_node_timeout = node_timeout                                                                                                                                                                 | Request timeout to external services for requests that, on failure, can be recovered from. For example, object GET. from a client external services                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| request_node_count = 2 * replicas                                                                                                                                                                       | * replicas Set to the number of nodes to contact for a normal request. You can use '* replicas' at the end to have it use the number given times the number of replicas for the ring being used for the request. conf file for values will only be shown to the list of swift_owners. The exact default definition of a swift_owner is headers> up to the auth system in use, but usually indicates administrative responsibilities. paste.deploy to use for auth. To use tempauth set to: `egg:swift#tempauth` each request |
| set log_address = /dev/log                                                                                                                                                                              | Location where syslog sends the logs to                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| set log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0                                                                                                                                                                           | Syslog log facility                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| set log_level = INFO                                                                                                                                                                                    | Log level                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| set log_name = proxy-server                                                                                                                                                                             | Label to use when logging                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| sorting_method = shuffle                                                                                                                                                                                | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| swift_owner_headers = x-container-read, x-contain-<br>er-write, x-container-sync-key, x-container-sync-to, x-ac-<br>count-meta-temp-url-key, x-account-meta-temp-url-key-2,<br>x-account-access-control | the sample These are the headers whose conf file for values will only be shown to the list of swift_owners. The exact default definition of a swift_owner is headers> up to the auth system in use, but usually indicates administrative responsibilities. paste.deploy to use for auth. To use tempauth set to: `egg:swift#tempauth` each request                                                                                                                                                                           |
| timing_expiry = 300                                                                                                                                                                                     | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| use = egg:swift#proxy                                                                                                                                                                                   | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| write_affinity = r1, r2                                                                                                                                                                                 | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| write_affinity_node_count = 2 * replicas                                                                                                                                                                | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

#### Table 9.49. Description of configuration options for [pipeline-main] in proxy-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value                                                                                                                                                               | Description                             |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| pipeline = catch_errors gatekeeper healthcheck proxy-<br>logging cache container_sync bulk tempurl ratelimit tem-<br>pauth container-quotas account-quotas slo dlo proxy-log-<br>ging proxy-server | No help text available for this option. |

# Table 9.50. Description of configuration options for [filter-account-quotas] in proxy-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| use = egg:swift#account_quotas       | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

# Table 9.51. Description of configuration options for [filter-authtoken] in proxy-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| admin_password = password            | No help text available for this option. |
| admin_tenant_name = service          | No help text available for this option. |
| admin_user = swift                   | No help text available for this option. |
| auth_host = keystonehost             | No help text available for this option. |
| auth_port = 35357                    | No help text available for this option. |
| auth_protocol = http                 | No help text available for this option. |
| auth_uri = http://keystonehost:5000/ | No help text available for this option. |
| cache = swift.cache                  | No help text available for this option. |
| delay_auth_decision = 1              | No help text available for this option. |
| include_service_catalog = False      | No help text available for this option. |

# Table 9.52. Description of configuration options for [filter-cache] in proxy-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                            |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| memcache_max_connections = 2         | Max number of connections to each memcached server per worker services |
| memcache_serialization_support = 2   | No help text available for this option.                                |
| memcache_servers = 127.0.0.1:11211   | Comma separated list of memcached servers ip:port services             |
| set log_address = /dev/log           | Location where syslog sends the logs to                                |
| set log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0        | Syslog log facility                                                    |
| set log_headers = false              | If True, log headers in each request                                   |
| set log_level = INFO                 | Log level                                                              |
| set log_name = cache                 | Label to use when logging                                              |
| use = egg:swift#memcache             | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server                              |

# Table 9.53. Description of configuration options for [filter-catch\_errors] in proxy-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| set log_address = /dev/log           | Location where syslog sends the logs to   |
| set log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0        | Syslog log facility                       |
| set log_headers = false              | If True, log headers in each request      |
| set log_level = INFO                 | Log level                                 |
| set log_name = catch_errors          | Label to use when logging                 |
| use = egg:swift#catch_errors         | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

# Table 9.54. Description of configuration options for [filter-container\_sync] in proxy-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| allow_full_urls = true               | No help text available for this option.   |
| current = //REALM/CLUSTER            | No help text available for this option.   |
| use = egg:swift#container_sync       | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

## Table 9.55. Description of configuration options for [filter-dlo] in proxy-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| max_get_time = 86400                 | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| rate_limit_after_segment = 10        | Rate limit the download of large object segments after this segment is downloaded.                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| rate_limit_segments_per_sec = 1      | Rate limit large object downloads at this rate. contact for a normal request. You can use '* replicas' at the end to have it use the number given times the number of replicas for the ring being used for the request. paste.deploy to use for auth. To use tempauth set to: `egg:swift#tempauth` each request |
| use = egg:swift#dlo                  | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

# Table 9.56. Description of configuration options for [filter-gatekeeper] in proxy-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| set log_address = /dev/log           | Location where syslog sends the logs to   |
| set log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0        | Syslog log facility                       |
| set log_headers = false              | If True, log headers in each request      |
| set log_level = INFO                 | Log level                                 |
| set log_name = gatekeeper            | Label to use when logging                 |
| use = egg:swift#gatekeeper           | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

# Table 9.57. Description of configuration options for [filter-healthcheck] in proxy-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| disable_path =                       | No help text available for this option.   |
| use = egg:swift#healthcheck          | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

## Table 9.58. Description of configuration options for [filter-keystoneauth] in proxy-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value  | Description                               |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| allow_names_in_acls = true            | No help text available for this option.   |
| default_domain_id = default           | No help text available for this option.   |
| operator_roles = admin, swiftoperator | No help text available for this option.   |
| reseller_admin_role = ResellerAdmin   | No help text available for this option.   |
| use = egg:swift#keystoneauth          | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

# Table 9.59. Description of configuration options for [filter-list-endpoints] in proxy-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| list_endpoints_path = /endpoints/    | No help text available for this option.   |
| use = egg:swift#list_endpoints       | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

# Table 9.60. Description of configuration options for [filter-proxy-logging] in proxy-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value                                  | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| access_log_address = /dev/log                                         | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| access_log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0                                      | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| access_log_headers = false                                            | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| access_log_headers_only =                                             | If access_log_headers is True and access_log_headers_only is set only these headers are logged. Multiple headers can be defined as comma separated list like this: access_log_headers_only = Host, X-Object-Meta-Mtime                                                                                                                                                             |
| access_log_level = INFO                                               | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| access_log_name = swift                                               | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| access_log_statsd_default_sample_rate = 1.0                           | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| access_log_statsd_host = localhost                                    | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| access_log_statsd_metric_prefix =                                     | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| access_log_statsd_port = 8125                                         | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| access_log_statsd_sample_rate_factor = 1.0                            | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| access_log_udp_host =                                                 | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| access_log_udp_port = 514                                             | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| log_statsd_valid_http_methods = GET,HEAD,POST,PUT,DELETE,COPY,OPTIONS | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| logged with access_log_headers = True.                                | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| reveal_sensitive_prefix = 16                                          | The X-Auth-Token is sensitive data. If revealed to an unauthorised person, they can now make requests against an account until the token expires. Set reveal_sensitive_prefix to the number of characters of the token that are logged. For example reveal_sensitive_prefix = 12 so only first 12 characters of the token are logged. Or, set to 0 to completely remove the token. |
| use = egg:swift#proxy_logging                                         | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

# Table 9.61. Description of configuration options for [filter-tempauth] in proxy-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                      |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| allow_overrides = true               | No help text available for this option.                                                                          |
| auth_prefix = /auth/                 | The HTTP request path prefix for the auth service. Swift itself reserves anything beginning with the letter `v`. |
| reseller_prefix = AUTH               | The naming scope for the auth service. Swift                                                                     |
| set log_address = /dev/log           | Location where syslog sends the logs to                                                                          |
| set log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0        | Syslog log facility                                                                                              |
| set log_headers = false              | If True, log headers in each request                                                                             |
| set log_level = INFO                 | Log level                                                                                                        |

| Configuration option = Default value            | Description                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| set log_name = tempauth                         | Label to use when logging                                                                                                                                                               |
| storage_url_scheme = default                    | Scheme to return with storage urls: http, https, or default (chooses based on what the server is running as) This can be useful with an SSL load balancer in front of a non-SSL server. |
| token_life = 86400                              | The number of seconds a token is valid.                                                                                                                                                 |
| use = egg:swift#tempauth                        | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server                                                                                                                                               |
| user_admin_admin = admin .admin .reseller_admin | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                 |
| user_test2_tester2 = testing2 .admin            | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                 |
| user_test_tester = testing .admin               | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                 |
| user_test_tester3 = testing3                    | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                 |

### Table 9.62. Description of configuration options for [filter-xprofile] in proxy-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value                          | Description                               |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| dump_interval = 5.0                                           | No help text available for this option.   |
| dump_timestamp = false                                        | No help text available for this option.   |
| flush_at_shutdown = false                                     | No help text available for this option.   |
| log_filename_prefix = /tmp/log/swift/pro-file/default.profile | No help text available for this option.   |
| path = /profile                                               | No help text available for this option.   |
| profile_module = eventlet.green.profile                       | No help text available for this option.   |
| unwind = false                                                | No help text available for this option.   |
| use = egg:swift#xprofile                                      | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

#### Sample proxy server configuration file

```
[DEFAULT]
# bind_ip = 0.0.0.0
bind_port = 8080
# bind_timeout = 30
\# backlog = 4096
# swift_dir = /etc/swift
# user = swift
# Enables exposing configuration settings via HTTP GET /info.
# expose_info = true
# Key to use for admin calls that are HMAC signed. Default is empty,
# which will disable admin calls to /info.
# admin_key = secret_admin_key
# Allows the ability to withhold sections from showing up in the public calls
# to /info. You can withhold subsections by separating the dict level with a
# ".". The following would cause the sections 'container_quotas' and
# to not be listed, and the key max_failed_deletes would be removed from
# bulk_delete. Default is empty, allowing all registered fetures to be listed
# via HTTP GET /info.
# disallowed_sections = container_quotas, tempurl, bulk_delete.
max_failed_deletes
```

```
# Use an integer to override the number of pre-forked processes that will
# accept connections. Should default to the number of effective cpu
# cores in the system. It's worth noting that individual workers will
# use many eventlet co-routines to service multiple concurrent requests.
# workers = auto
# Maximum concurrent requests per worker
# max_clients = 1024
# Set the following two lines to enable SSL. This is for testing only.
# cert_file = /etc/swift/proxy.crt
# key_file = /etc/swift/proxy.key
# expiring_objects_container_divisor = 86400
# expiring_objects_account_name = expiring_objects
# You can specify default log routing here if you want:
# log_name = swift
# log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# log_level = INFO
# log_headers = false
# log_address = /dev/log
# The following caps the length of log lines to the value given; no limit if
# set to 0, the default.
# log_max_line_length = 0
# This optional suffix (default is empty) that would be appended to the swift
transaction
# id allows one to easily figure out from which cluster that X-Trans-Id
# This is very useful when one is managing more than one swift cluster.
# trans_id_suffix =
# comma separated list of functions to call to setup custom log handlers.
# functions get passed: conf, name, log_to_console, log_route, fmt, logger,
# adapted_logger
# log_custom_handlers =
# If set, log_udp_host will override log_address
# log_udp_host =
# log_udp_port = 514
# You can enable StatsD logging here:
# log_statsd_host = localhost
# log_statsd_port = 8125
# log_statsd_default_sample_rate = 1.0
# log_statsd_sample_rate_factor = 1.0
# log_statsd_metric_prefix =
# Use a comma separated list of full url (http://foo.bar:1234,https://foo.bar)
# cors_allow_origin =
# strict_cors_mode = True
# client_timeout = 60
# eventlet_debug = false
[pipeline:main]
pipeline = catch_errors gatekeeper healthcheck proxy-logging cache
container_sync bulk tempurl ratelimit tempauth container-quotas account-
quotas slo dlo proxy-logging proxy-server
```

```
[app:proxy-server]
use = egg:swift#proxy
# You can override the default log routing for this app here:
# set log_name = proxy-server
# set log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# set log_level = INFO
# set log_address = /dev/log
# log_handoffs = true
# recheck_account_existence = 60
# recheck_container_existence = 60
# object_chunk_size = 65536
# client_chunk_size = 65536
# How long the proxy server will wait on responses from the a/c/o servers.
# node_timeout = 10
# How long the proxy server will wait for an initial response and to read a
# chunk of data from the object servers while serving GET / HEAD requests.
# Timeouts from these requests can be recovered from so setting this to
# something lower than node_timeout would provide quicker error recovery
# while allowing for a longer timeout for non-recoverable requests (PUTs).
# Defaults to node_timeout, should be overriden if node_timeout is set to a
# high number to prevent client timeouts from firing before the proxy server
# has a chance to retry.
# recoverable_node_timeout = node_timeout
# conn_timeout = 0.5
# How long to wait for requests to finish after a quorum has been established.
# post_quorum_timeout = 0.5
# How long without an error before a node's error count is reset. This will
# also be how long before a node is reenabled after suppression is triggered.
# error_suppression_interval = 60
# How many errors can accumulate before a node is temporarily ignored.
# error_suppression_limit = 10
# If set to 'true' any authorized user may create and delete accounts; if
# 'false' no one, even authorized, can.
# allow_account_management = false
# Set object_post_as_copy = false to turn on fast posts where only the
# changes are stored anew and the original data file is kept in place. This
# makes for quicker posts; but since the container metadata isn't updated in
# this mode, features like container sync won't be able to sync posts.
# object_post_as_copy = true
# If set to 'true' authorized accounts that do not yet exist within the Swift
# cluster will be automatically created.
# account_autocreate = false
# If set to a positive value, trying to create a container when the account
# already has at least this maximum containers will result in a 403 Forbidden.
# Note: This is a soft limit, meaning a user might exceed the cap for
# recheck_account_existence before the 403s kick in.
# max_containers_per_account = 0
```

oun - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

```
OpenStack Configuration Refer-
         # This is a comma separated list of account hashes that ignore the
         # max_containers_per_account cap.
         # max_containers_whitelist =
         # Comma separated list of Host headers to which the proxy will deny requests.
         # deny_host_headers =
         # Prefix used when automatically creating accounts.
         # auto_create_account_prefix = .
         # Depth of the proxy put queue.
         # put_queue_depth = 10
         # Storage nodes can be chosen at random (shuffle), by using timing
         # measurements (timing), or by using an explicit match (affinity).
         # Using timing measurements may allow for lower overall latency, while
         # using affinity allows for finer control. In both the timing and
         # affinity cases, equally-sorting nodes are still randomly chosen to
         # spread load.
         # The valid values for sorting_method are "affinity", "shuffle", and "timing".
         # sorting_method = shuffle
         # If the "timing" sorting_method is used, the timings will only be valid for
         # the number of seconds configured by timing_expiry.
         # timing_expiry = 300
         # The maximum time (seconds) that a large object connection is allowed to
         # max_large_object_get_time = 86400
         # Set to the number of nodes to contact for a normal request. You can use
         # '* replicas' at the end to have it use the number given times the number of
         # replicas for the ring being used for the request.
         # request_node_count = 2 * replicas
         # Which backend servers to prefer on reads. Format is r<N> for region
         # N or r<N>z<M> for region N, zone M. The value after the equals is
         # the priority; lower numbers are higher priority.
         # Example: first read from region 1 zone 1, then region 1 zone 2, then
         # anything in region 2, then everything else:
         # read_affinity = r1z1=100, r1z2=200, r2=300
         # Default is empty, meaning no preference.
         # read_affinity =
         # Which backend servers to prefer on writes. Format is r<N> for region
         # N or r<N>z<M> for region N, zone M. If this is set, then when
         # handling an object PUT request, some number (see setting
         # write_affinity_node_count) of local backend servers will be tried
         # before any nonlocal ones.
         # Example: try to write to regions 1 and 2 before writing to any other
         # nodes:
         # write_affinity = r1, r2
         # Default is empty, meaning no preference.
         # write_affinity =
         # The number of local (as governed by the write_affinity setting)
         # nodes to attempt to contact first, before any non-local ones. You
```

oun - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

```
# can use '* replicas' at the end to have it use the number given
# times the number of replicas for the ring being used for the
# request.
# write_affinity_node_count = 2 * replicas
# These are the headers whose values will only be shown to swift_owners. The
# exact definition of a swift_owner is up to the auth system in use, but
# usually indicates administrative responsibilities.
# swift_owner_headers = x-container-read, x-container-write, x-container-sync-
key, x-container-sync-to, x-account-meta-temp-url-key, x-account-meta-temp-
url-key-2, x-account-access-control
[filter:tempauth]
use = egg:swift#tempauth
# You can override the default log routing for this filter here:
# set log_name = tempauth
# set log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# set log_level = INFO
# set log_headers = false
# set log_address = /dev/log
# The reseller prefix will verify a token begins with this prefix before even
# attempting to validate it. Also, with authorization, only Swift storage
# accounts with this prefix will be authorized by this middleware. Useful if
# multiple auth systems are in use for one Swift cluster.
# reseller_prefix = AUTH
# The auth prefix will cause requests beginning with this prefix to be routed
# to the auth subsystem, for granting tokens, etc.
# auth_prefix = /auth/
# token_life = 86400
# This allows middleware higher in the WSGI pipeline to override auth
# processing, useful for middleware such as tempurl and formpost. If you know
# you're not going to use such middleware and you want a bit of extra
security,
# you can set this to false.
# allow_overrides = true
# This specifies what scheme to return with storage urls:
# http, https, or default (chooses based on what the server is running as)
# This can be useful with an SSL load balancer in front of a non-SSL server.
# storage_url_scheme = default
# Lastly, you need to list all the accounts/users you want here. The format
  user_<account>_<user> = <key> [group] [group] [...] [storage_url]
# or if you want underscores in <account> or <user>, you can base64 encode
# (with no equal signs) and use this format:
  user64_<account_b64>_<user_b64> = <key> [group] [group] [...]
[storage_url]
# There are special groups of:
   .reseller_admin = can do anything to any account for this auth
   .admin = can do anything within the account
# If neither of these groups are specified, the user can only access
containers
# that have been explicitly allowed for them by a .admin or .reseller_admin.
# The trailing optional storage_url allows you to specify an alternate url to
```

```
ounf - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno
                # hand back to the user upon authentication. If not specified, this defaults
                to
                # $HOST/v1/<reseller_prefix>_<account> where $HOST will do its best to resolve
                # to what the requester would need to use to reach this host.
                # Here are example entries, required for running the tests:
                user_admin_admin = admin .admin .reseller_admin
                user_test_tester = testing .admin
                user_test2_tester2 = testing2 .admin
                user_test_tester3 = testing3
                # To enable Keystone authentication you need to have the auth token
                # middleware first to be configured. Here is an example below, please
                # refer to the keystone's documentation for details about the
                # different settings.
                # You'll need to have as well the keystoneauth middleware enabled
                # and have it in your main pipeline so instead of having tempauth in
                # there you can change it to: authtoken keystoneauth
                # [filter:authtoken]
                # paste.filter_factory = keystonemiddleware.auth_token:filter_factory
                # auth_host = keystonehost
                # auth_port = 35357
                # auth_protocol = http
                # auth_uri = http://keystonehost:5000/
                # admin_tenant_name = service
                # admin_user = swift
                # admin_password = password
                # delay_auth_decision = 1
                # cache = swift.cache
                # include_service_catalog = False
                # [filter:keystoneauth]
                # use = egg:swift#keystoneauth
                # Operator roles is the role which user would be allowed to manage a
                # tenant and be able to create container or give ACL to others.
                # operator_roles = admin, swiftoperator
                # The reseller admin role has the ability to create and delete accounts
                # reseller_admin_role = ResellerAdmin
                # For backwards compatibility, keystoneauth will match names in cross-tenant
                # access control lists (ACLs) when both the requesting user and the tenant
                # are in the default domain i.e the domain to which existing tenants are
                # migrated. The default_domain_id value configured here should be the same as
                # the value used during migration of tenants to keystone domains.
                # default_domain_id = default
                # For a new installation, or an installation in which keystone projects may
                # move between domains, you should disable backwards compatible name matching
                # in ACLs by setting allow_names_in_acls to false:
                # allow_names_in_acls = true
                [filter:healthcheck]
                use = egg:swift#healthcheck
                # An optional filesystem path, which if present, will cause the healthcheck
                # URL to return "503 Service Unavailable" with a body of "DISABLED BY FILE".
                # This facility may be used to temporarily remove a Swift node from a load
                # balancer pool during maintenance or upgrade (remove the file to allow the
                # node back into the load balancer pool).
                # disable_path =
                [filter:cache]
   558
```

```
use = egg:swift#memcache
# You can override the default log routing for this filter here:
# set log_name = cache
# set log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# set log_level = INFO
# set log_headers = false
# set log_address = /dev/log
# If not set here, the value for memcache_servers will be read from
# memcache.conf (see memcache.conf-sample) or lacking that file, it will
# default to the value below. You can specify multiple servers separated with
# commas, as in: 10.1.2.3:11211,10.1.2.4:11211
# memcache_servers = 127.0.0.1:11211
# Sets how memcache values are serialized and deserialized:
# 0 = older, insecure pickle serialization
# 1 = json serialization but pickles can still be read (still insecure)
# 2 = json serialization only (secure and the default)
# If not set here, the value for memcache_serialization_support will be read
# from /etc/swift/memcache.conf (see memcache.conf-sample).
# To avoid an instant full cache flush, existing installations should
# upgrade with 0, then set to 1 and reload, then after some time (24 hours)
# set to 2 and reload.
# In the future, the ability to use pickle serialization will be removed.
# memcache_serialization_support = 2
# Sets the maximum number of connections to each memcached server per worker
# memcache_max_connections = 2
[filter:ratelimit]
use = egg:swift#ratelimit
# You can override the default log routing for this filter here:
# set log_name = ratelimit
# set log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# set log_level = INFO
# set log_headers = false
# set log_address = /dev/log
# clock_accuracy should represent how accurate the proxy servers' system
clocks
# are with each other. 1000 means that all the proxies' clock are accurate to
# each other within 1 millisecond. No ratelimit should be higher than the
# clock accuracy.
# clock_accuracy = 1000
# max_sleep_time_seconds = 60
# log_sleep_time_seconds of 0 means disabled
# log_sleep_time_seconds = 0
# allows for slow rates (e.g. running up to 5 sec's behind) to catch up.
# rate_buffer_seconds = 5
# account_ratelimit of 0 means disabled
# account_ratelimit = 0
# these are comma separated lists of account names
# account_whitelist = a,b
# account_blacklist = c,d
```

```
# with container_limit_x = r
# for containers of size x limit write requests per second to r. The
container
# rate will be linearly interpolated from the values given. With the values
# below, a container of size 5 will get a rate of 75.
# container_ratelimit_0 = 100
# container_ratelimit_10 = 50
# container_ratelimit_50 = 20
# Similarly to the above container-level write limits, the following will
# container GET (listing) requests.
# container_listing_ratelimit_0 = 100
# container_listing_ratelimit_10 = 50
# container_listing_ratelimit_50 = 20
[filter:domain_remap]
use = egg:swift#domain_remap
# You can override the default log routing for this filter here:
# set log_name = domain_remap
# set log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# set log_level = INFO
# set log_headers = false
# set log_address = /dev/log
# storage_domain = example.com
# path_root = v1
# reseller_prefixes = AUTH
[filter:catch_errors]
use = egg:swift#catch_errors
# You can override the default log routing for this filter here:
# set log_name = catch_errors
# set log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# set log_level = INFO
# set log_headers = false
# set log_address = /dev/log
[filter:cname_lookup]
# Note: this middleware requires python-dnspython
use = egg:swift#cname_lookup
# You can override the default log routing for this filter here:
# set log_name = cname_lookup
# set log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# set log_level = INFO
# set log_headers = false
# set log_address = /dev/log
# Specify the storage_domain that match your cloud, multiple domains
# can be specified separated by a comma
# storage_domain = example.com
# lookup_depth = 1
# Note: Put staticweb just after your auth filter(s) in the pipeline
[filter:staticweb]
use = egg:swift#staticweb
# Note: Put tempurl before dlo, slo and your auth filter(s) in the pipeline
[filter:tempurl]
```

```
use = egg:swift#tempurl
# The methods allowed with Temp URLs.
# methods = GET HEAD PUT POST DELETE
# The headers to remove from incoming requests. Simply a whitespace delimited
# list of header names and names can optionally end with '*' to indicate a
# prefix match. incoming_allow_headers is a list of exceptions to these
# removals.
# incoming_remove_headers = x-timestamp
# The headers allowed as exceptions to incoming_remove_headers. Simply a
# whitespace delimited list of header names and names can optionally end with
# '*' to indicate a prefix match.
# incoming_allow_headers =
# The headers to remove from outgoing responses. Simply a whitespace delimited
# list of header names and names can optionally end with '*' to indicate a
# prefix match. outgoing_allow_headers is a list of exceptions to these
# removals.
# outgoing_remove_headers = x-object-meta-*
# The headers allowed as exceptions to outgoing_remove_headers. Simply a
# whitespace delimited list of header names and names can optionally end with
# '*' to indicate a prefix match.
# outgoing_allow_headers = x-object-meta-public-*
# Note: Put formpost just before your auth filter(s) in the pipeline
[filter:formpost]
use = egg:swift#formpost
# Note: Just needs to be placed before the proxy-server in the pipeline.
[filter:name_check]
use = egg:swift#name_check
# forbidden_chars = '"`<>
# maximum_length = 255
# forbidden_regexp = /\./|/\.\./|/\.$|/\.\.$
[filter:list-endpoints]
use = egg:swift#list_endpoints
# list_endpoints_path = /endpoints/
[filter:proxy-logging]
use = egg:swift#proxy_logging
# If not set, logging directives from [DEFAULT] without "access_" will be used
# access_log_name = swift
# access_log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# access_log_level = INFO
# access_log_address = /dev/log
# If set, access_log_udp_host will override access_log_address
# access_log_udp_host =
# access_log_udp_port = 514
# You can use log_statsd_* from [DEFAULT] or override them here:
# access_log_statsd_host = localhost
# access_log_statsd_port = 8125
# access_log_statsd_default_sample_rate = 1.0
# access_log_statsd_sample_rate_factor = 1.0
# access_log_statsd_metric_prefix =
# access_log_headers = false
```

oun - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

```
# If access_log_headers is True and access_log_headers_only is set only
# these headers are logged. Multiple headers can be defined as comma separated
# list like this: access_log_headers_only = Host, X-Object-Meta-Mtime
# access_log_headers_only =
# By default, the X-Auth-Token is logged. To obscure the value,
# set reveal_sensitive_prefix to the number of characters to log.
# For example, if set to 12, only the first 12 characters of the
# token appear in the log. An unauthorized access of the log file
# won't allow unauthorized usage of the token. However, the first
# 12 or so characters is unique enough that you can trace/debug
# token usage. Set to 0 to suppress the token completely (replaced
# by '...' in the log).
# Note: reveal_sensitive_prefix will not affect the value
# logged with access_log_headers=True.
# reveal_sensitive_prefix = 16
# What HTTP methods are allowed for StatsD logging (comma-sep); request
methods
# not in this list will have "BAD_METHOD" for the <verb> portion of the
metric.
# log_statsd_valid_http_methods = GET, HEAD, POST, PUT, DELETE, COPY, OPTIONS
# Note: The double proxy-logging in the pipeline is not a mistake. The
# left-most proxy-logging is there to log requests that were handled in
# middleware and never made it through to the right-most middleware (and
# proxy server). Double logging is prevented for normal requests. See
# proxy-logging docs.
# Note: Put before both ratelimit and auth in the pipeline.
[filter:bulk]
use = egg:swift#bulk
# max_containers_per_extraction = 10000
# max_failed_extractions = 1000
# max_deletes_per_request = 10000
# max_failed_deletes = 1000
# In order to keep a connection active during a potentially long bulk request,
# Swift may return whitespace prepended to the actual response body. This
# whitespace will be yielded no more than every yield_frequency seconds.
# yield_frequency = 10
# Note: The following parameter is used during a bulk delete of objects and
# their container. This would frequently fail because it is very likely
# that all replicated objects have not been deleted by the time the middleware
# successful response. It can be configured the number of retries. And the
# number of seconds to wait between each retry will be 1.5**retry
# delete_container_retry_count = 0
# Note: Put after auth in the pipeline.
[filter:container-quotas]
use = egg:swift#container_quotas
# Note: Put after auth and staticweb in the pipeline.
[filter:slo]
use = egg:swift#slo
# max_manifest_segments = 1000
```

```
# max_manifest_size = 2097152
# min_segment_size = 1048576
# Start rate-limiting SLO segment serving after the Nth segment of a
# segmented object.
# rate_limit_after_segment = 10
# Once segment rate-limiting kicks in for an object, limit segments served
# to N per second. O means no rate-limiting.
# rate_limit_segments_per_sec = 0
# Time limit on GET requests (seconds)
\# \max_{get\_time} = 86400
# Note: Put after auth and staticweb in the pipeline.
# If you don't put it in the pipeline, it will be inserted for you.
[filter:dlo]
use = egg:swift#dlo
# Start rate-limiting DLO segment serving after the Nth segment of a
# segmented object.
# rate_limit_after_segment = 10
# Once segment rate-limiting kicks in for an object, limit segments served
# to N per second. O means no rate-limiting.
# rate_limit_segments_per_sec = 1
# Time limit on GET requests (seconds)
\# \max_{get\_time} = 86400
[filter:account-quotas]
use = egg:swift#account_quotas
[filter:gatekeeper]
use = egg:swift#gatekeeper
# You can override the default log routing for this filter here:
# set log_name = gatekeeper
# set log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0
# set log_level = INFO
# set log_headers = false
# set log_address = /dev/log
[filter:container_sync]
use = egg:swift#container_sync
# Set this to false if you want to disallow any full url values to be set for
# any new X-Container-Sync-To headers. This will keep any new full urls from
# coming in, but won't change any existing values already in the cluster.
# Updating those will have to be done manually, as knowing what the true realm
# endpoint should be cannot always be guessed.
# allow_full_urls = true
# Set this to specify this clusters //realm/cluster as "current" in /info
# current = //REALM/CLUSTER
# Note: Put it at the beginning of the pipleline to profile all middleware.
# it is safer to put this after catch_errors, gatekeeper and healthcheck.
[filter:xprofile]
use = egg:swift#xprofile
# This option enable you to switch profilers which should inherit from python
# standard profiler. Currently the supported value can be 'cProfile',
# 'eventlet.green.profile' etc.
# profile_module = eventlet.green.profile
```

```
# This prefix will be used to combine process ID and timestamp to name the
# profile data file. Make sure the executing user has permission to write
# into this path (missing path segments will be created, if necessary).
# If you enable profiling in more than one type of daemon, you must override
# it with an unique value like: /var/log/swift/profile/proxy.profile
 log_filename_prefix = /tmp/log/swift/profile/default.profile
# the profile data will be dumped to local disk based on above naming rule
# in this interval.
# dump_interval = 5.0
# Be careful, this option will enable profiler to dump data into the file with
# time stamp which means there will be lots of files piled up in the
# dump_timestamp = false
# This is the path of the URL to access the mini web UI.
# path = /__profile__
# Clear the data when the wsgi server shutdown.
# flush_at_shutdown = false
 unwind the iterator of applications
 unwind = false
```

## **Proxy server memcache configuration**

Find an example memcache configuration for the proxy server at etc/memcache.conf-sample in the source code repository.

The available configuration options are:

# Table 9.63. Description of configuration options for [memcache] in memcache.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                            |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| memcache_max_connections = 2         | Max number of connections to each memcached server per worker services |
| memcache_serialization_support = 2   | No help text available for this option.                                |
| memcache_servers = 127.0.0.1:11211   | Comma separated list of memcached servers ip:port services             |

## **Rsyncd configuration**

Find an example rsyncd configuration at etc/rsyncd.conf-sample in the source code repository.

The available configuration options are:

# Table 9.64. Description of configuration options for [account] in rsyncd.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| lock file = /var/lock/account.lock   | No help text available for this option. |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| max connections = 2                  | No help text available for this option. |
| path = /srv/node                     | No help text available for this option. |
| read only = false                    | No help text available for this option. |

# Table 9.65. Description of configuration options for [container] in rsyncd.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| lock file = /var/lock/container.lock | No help text available for this option. |
| max connections = 4                  | No help text available for this option. |
| path = /srv/node                     | No help text available for this option. |
| read only = false                    | No help text available for this option. |

# Table 9.66. Description of configuration options for [object] in rsyncd.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| lock file = /var/lock/object.lock    | No help text available for this option. |
| max connections = 8                  | No help text available for this option. |
| path = /srv/node                     | No help text available for this option. |
| read only = false                    | No help text available for this option. |

## **Configure Object Storage features**

### **Object Storage zones**

In OpenStack Object Storage, data is placed across different tiers of failure domains. First, data is spread across regions, then zones, then servers, and finally across drives. Data is placed to get the highest failure domain isolation. If you deploy multiple regions, the Object Storage service places the data across the regions. Within a region, each replica of the data should be stored in unique zones, if possible. If there is only one zone, data should be placed on different servers. And if there is only one server, data should be placed on different drives.

Regions are widely separated installations with a high-latency or otherwise constrained network link between them. Zones are arbitrarily assigned, and it is up to the administrator of the Object Storage cluster to choose an isolation level and attempt to maintain the isolation level through appropriate zone assignment. For example, a zone may be defined as a rack with a single power source. Or a zone may be a DC room with a common utility provider. Servers are identified by a unique IP/port. Drives are locally attached storage volumes identified by mount point.

In small clusters (five nodes or fewer), everything is normally in a single zone. Larger Object Storage deployments may assign zone designations differently; for example, an entire cabinet or rack of servers may be designated as a single zone to maintain replica availability if the cabinet becomes unavailable (for example, due to failure of the top of rack switches or a dedicated circuit). In very large deployments, such as service provider level deployments, each zone might have an entirely autonomous switching and power infrastructure, so that

even the loss of an electrical circuit or switching aggregator would result in the loss of a single replica at most.

#### **Rackspace zone recommendations**

For ease of maintenance on OpenStack Object Storage, Rackspace recommends that you set up at least five nodes. Each node is assigned its own zone (for a total of five zones), which gives you host level redundancy. This enables you to take down a single zone for maintenance and still guarantee object availability in the event that another zone fails during your maintenance.

You could keep each server in its own cabinet to achieve cabinet level isolation, but you may wish to wait until your Object Storage service is better established before developing cabinet-level isolation. OpenStack Object Storage is flexible; if you later decide to change the isolation level, you can take down one zone at a time and move them to appropriate new homes.

## **RAID** controller configuration

OpenStack Object Storage does not require RAID. In fact, most RAID configurations cause significant performance degradation. The main reason for using a RAID controller is the battery-backed cache. It is very important for data integrity reasons that when the operating system confirms a write has been committed that the write has actually been committed to a persistent location. Most disks lie about hardware commits by default, instead writing to a faster write cache for performance reasons. In most cases, that write cache exists only in non-persistent memory. In the case of a loss of power, this data may never actually get committed to disk, resulting in discrepancies that the underlying file system must handle.

OpenStack Object Storage works best on the XFS file system, and this document assumes that the hardware being used is configured appropriately to be mounted with the **nobarriers** option. For more information, refer to the XFS FAQ: http://xfs.org/index.php/XFS\_FAQ

To get the most out of your hardware, it is essential that every disk used in OpenStack Object Storage is configured as a standalone, individual RAID 0 disk; in the case of 6 disks, you would have six RAID 0s or one JBOD. Some RAID controllers do not support JBOD or do not support battery backed cache with JBOD. To ensure the integrity of your data, you must ensure that the individual drive caches are disabled and the battery backed cache in your RAID card is configured and used. Failure to configure the controller properly in this case puts data at risk in the case of sudden loss of power.

You can also use hybrid drives or similar options for battery backed up cache configurations without a RAID controller.

## Throttle resources through rate limits

Rate limiting in OpenStack Object Storage is implemented as a pluggable middleware that you configure on the proxy server. Rate limiting is performed on requests that result in database writes to the account and container SQLite databases. It uses memcached and is dependent on the proxy servers having highly synchronized time. The rate limits are limited by the accuracy of the proxy server clocks.

### **Configure rate limiting**

All configuration is optional. If no account or container limits are provided, no rate limiting occurs. Available configuration options include:

Table 9.67. Description of configuration options for [filter-ratelimit] in proxy-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| account_blacklist = c,d              | Comma separated lists of account names that will not be allowed. Returns a 497 response. r: for containers of size x, limit requests per second to r. Will limit PUT, DELETE, and POST requests to $/a/c/o$ . container_listing_ratelimit_x = r: for containers of size x, limit listing requests per second to r. Will limit GET requests to $/a/c$ . |
| account_ratelimit = 0                | If set, will limit PUT and DELETE requests to / account_name/container_name. Number is in requests per second.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| account_whitelist = a,b              | Comma separated lists of account names that will not be rate limited.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| clock_accuracy = 1000                | Represents how accurate the proxy servers' system clocks are with each other. 1000 means that all the proxies' clock are accurate to each other within 1 millisecond. No ratelimit should be higher than the clock accuracy.                                                                                                                           |
| container_listing_ratelimit_0 = 100  | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| container_listing_ratelimit_10 = 50  | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| container_listing_ratelimit_50 = 20  | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| container_ratelimit_0 = 100          | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| container_ratelimit_10 = 50          | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| container_ratelimit_50 = 20          | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| log_sleep_time_seconds = 0           | To allow visibility into rate limiting set this value > 0 and all sleeps greater than the number will be logged.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| max_sleep_time_seconds = 60          | App will immediately return a 498 response if the necessary sleep time ever exceeds the given max_sleep_time_seconds.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| rate_buffer_seconds = 5              | Number of seconds the rate counter can drop and be allowed to catch up (at a faster than listed rate). A larger number will result in larger spikes in rate but better average accuracy.                                                                                                                                                               |
| set log_address = /dev/log           | Location where syslog sends the logs to                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| set log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0        | Syslog log facility                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| set log_headers = false              | If True, log headers in each request                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| set log_level = INFO                 | Log level                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| set log_name = ratelimit             | Label to use when logging                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| use = egg:swift#ratelimit            | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| with container_limit_x = r           | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

The container rate limits are linearly interpolated from the values given. A sample container rate limiting could be:

container\_ratelimit\_100 = 100

 $container_ratelimit_200 = 50$ 

container\_ratelimit\_500 = 20

This would result in:

**Table 9.68. Values for Rate Limiting with Sample Configuration Settings** 

| Container Size | Rate Limit  |
|----------------|-------------|
| 0-99           | No limiting |
| 100            | 100         |
| 150            | 75          |
| 500            | 20          |
| 1000           | 20          |

#### **Health check**

Provides an easy way to monitor whether the Object Storage proxy server is alive. If you access the proxy with the path /healthcheck, it responds with OK in the response body, which monitoring tools can use.

Table 9.69. Description of configuration options for [filter-healthcheck] in account-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| disable_path =                       | No help text available for this option.   |
| use = egg:swift#healthcheck          | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

## **Domain remap**

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

Middleware that translates container and account parts of a domain to path parameters that the proxy server understands.

Table 9.70. Description of configuration options for [filter-domain\_remap] in proxy-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                     |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| path_root = v1                       | Root path                                                                                       |
| reseller_prefixes = AUTH             | Reseller prefix                                                                                 |
| set log_address = /dev/log           | Location where syslog sends the logs to                                                         |
| set log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0        | Syslog log facility                                                                             |
| set log_headers = false              | If True, log headers in each request                                                            |
| set log_level = INFO                 | Log level                                                                                       |
| set log_name = domain_remap          | Label to use when logging                                                                       |
| storage_domain = example.com         | Domain that matches your cloud. Multiple domains can be specified using a comma-separated list. |
| use = egg:swift#domain_remap         | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server                                                       |

## **CNAME** lookup

Middleware that translates an unknown domain in the host header to something that ends with the configured storage\_domain by looking up the given domain's CNAME record in DNS.

uno - Juno 
| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                     |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| lookup_depth = 1                     | Because CNAMES can be recursive, specifies the number of levels through which to search.        |
| set log_address = /dev/log           | Location where syslog sends the logs to                                                         |
| set log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0        | Syslog log facility                                                                             |
| set log_headers = false              | If True, log headers in each request                                                            |
| set log_level = INFO                 | Log level                                                                                       |
| set log_name = cname_lookup          | Label to use when logging                                                                       |
| storage_domain = example.com         | Domain that matches your cloud. Multiple domains can be specified using a comma-separated list. |
| use = egg:swift#cname_lookup         | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server                                                       |

## **Temporary URL**

Allows the creation of URLs to provide temporary access to objects. For example, a website may wish to provide a link to download a large object in OpenStack Object Storage, but the Object Storage account has no public access. The website can generate a URL that provides GET access for a limited time to the resource. When the web browser user clicks on the link, the browser downloads the object directly from Object Storage, eliminating the need for the website to act as a proxy for the request. If the user shares the link with all his friends, or accidentally posts it on a forum, the direct access is limited to the expiration time set when the website created the link.

A temporary URL is the typical URL associated with an object, with two additional query parameters:

temp\_url\_sig A cryptographic signature

temp url expires An expiration date, in Unix time

An example of a temporary URL:

```
https://swift-cluster.example.com/v1/AUTH_a422b2-91f3-2f46-74b7-d7c9e8958f5d30/container/object?
temp_url_sig=da39a3ee5e6b4b0d3255bfef95601890afd80709&
temp_url_expires=1323479485
```

To create temporary URLs, first set the X-Account-Meta-Temp-URL-Key header on your Object Storage account to an arbitrary string. This string serves as a secret key. For example, to set a key of b3968d0207b54ece87ccc06515a89d4 using the swift command-line tool:

\$ swift post -m "Temp-URL-Key:b3968d0207b54ece87cccc06515a89d4"

Next, generate an HMAC-SHA1 (RFC 2104) signature to specify:

- Which HTTP method to allow (typically GET or PUT)
- The expiry date as a Unix timestamp
- The full path to the object

• The secret key set as the X-Account-Meta-Temp-URL-Key

Here is code generating the signature for a GET for 24 hours on /v1/AUTH\_account/container/object:

```
import hmac
from hashlib import sha1
from time import time
method = 'GET'
duration_in_seconds = 60*60*24
expires = int(time() + duration_in_seconds)
path = '/v1/AUTH_a422b2-91f3-2f46-74b7-d7c9e8958f5d30/container/object'
key = 'mykey'
hmac_body = '%s\n%s\n%s' % (method, expires, path)
sig = hmac.new(key, hmac_body, sha1).hexdigest()
s = 'https://{host}/{path}?temp_url_sig={sig}&temp_url_expires={expires}'
url = s.format(host='swift-cluster.example.com', path=path, sig=sig, expires=expires)
```

Any alteration of the resource path or query arguments results in a 401 Unauthorized error. Similarly, a PUT where GET was the allowed method returns a 401. HEAD is allowed if GET or PUT is allowed. Using this in combination with browser form post translation middleware could also allow direct-from-browser uploads to specific locations in Object Storage.



#### Note

Changing the X-Account-Meta-Temp-URL-Key invalidates any previously generated temporary URLs within 60 seconds (the memcache time for the key). Object Storage supports up to two keys, specified by X-Account-Meta-Temp-URL-Key and X-Account-Meta-Temp-URL-Key-2. Signatures are checked against both keys, if present. This is to allow for key rotation without invalidating all existing temporary URLs.

Object Storage includes a script called **swift-temp-url** that generates the query parameters automatically:

```
$ bin/swift-temp-url GET 3600 /v1/AUTH_account/container/object mykey
/v1/AUTH_account/container/object?
temp_url_sig=5c4cc8886f36a9d0919d708ade98bf0cc71c9e91&
temp_url_expires=1374497657
```

Because this command only returns the path, you must prefix the Object Storage host name (for example, https://swift-cluster.example.com).

With GET Temporary URLs, a Content-Disposition header is set on the response so that browsers interpret this as a file attachment to be saved. The file name chosen is based on the object name, but you can override this with a filename query parameter. The following example specifies a filename of My Test File.pdf:

```
https://swift-cluster.example.com/v1/AUTH_a422b2-91f3-2f46-74b7-d7c9e8958f5d30/container/object?
temp_url_sig=da39a3ee5e6b4b0d3255bfef95601890afd80709&
temp_url_expires=1323479485&
filename=My+Test+File.pdf
```

To enable Temporary URL functionality, edit /etc/swift/proxy-server.conf to add tempurl to the pipeline variable defined in the [pipeline:main] section. The tem-

uno - Juno 
purl entry should appear immediately before the authentication filters in the pipeline, such as authtoken, tempauth or keystoneauth. For example:

```
[pipeline:main]
pipeline = pipeline = healthcheck cache tempurl authtoken keystoneauth proxy-
server
```

Table 9.72. Description of configuration options for [filter-tempurl] in proxy-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value            | Description                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| incoming_allow_headers =                        | Headers allowed as exceptions to incoming_remove_headers. Simply a whitespace delimited list of header names and names can optionally end with '*' to indicate a prefix match. |
| incoming_remove_headers = x-timestamp           | Headers to remove from incoming requests. Simply a whitespace delimited list of header names and names can optionally end with '*' to indicate a prefix match.                 |
| methods = GET HEAD PUT POST DELETE              | HTTP methods allowed with Temporary URLs                                                                                                                                       |
| outgoing_allow_headers = x-object-meta-public-* | Headers allowed as exceptions to outgoing_allow_headers. Simply a whitespace delimited list of header names and names can optionally end with '*' to indicate a prefix match.  |
| outgoing_remove_headers = x-object-meta-*       | Headers to remove from outgoing responses. Simply a whitespace delimited list of header names and names can optionally end with '*' to indicate a prefix match.                |
| use = egg:swift#tempurl                         | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server                                                                                                                                      |

#### Name check filter

Name Check is a filter that disallows any paths that contain defined forbidden characters or that exceed a defined length.

Table 9.73. Description of configuration options for [filter-name\_check] in proxy-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value         | Description                                           |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| forbidden_chars = ""`<>                      | Characters that are not allowed in a name             |
| forbidden_regexp = /\./ /\.\./ /\.\$ /\.\.\$ | Substrings to forbid, using regular expression syntax |
| maximum_length = 255                         | Maximum length of a name                              |
| use = egg:swift#name_check                   | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server             |

### **Constraints**

To change the OpenStack Object Storage internal limits, update the values in the swiftconstraints section in the swift.conf file. Use caution when you update these values because they affect the performance in the entire cluster.

Table 9.74. Description of configuration options for [swift-constraints] in swift.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| account_listing_limit = 10000        | No help text available for this option. |
| container_listing_limit = 10000      | No help text available for this option. |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| max_account_name_length = 256        | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| max_container_name_length = 256      | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| max_file_size = 5368709122           | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| max_header_size = 8192               | max_header_size is the max number of bytes in the utf8 encoding of each header. Using 8192 as default because eventlet use 8192 as max size of header line. This value may need to be increased when using identity v3 API tokens including more than 7 catalog entries. See also include_service_catalog in proxy-server.conf-sample (documented in overview_auth.rst) |
| max_meta_count = 90                  | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| max_meta_name_length = 128           | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| max_meta_overall_size = 4096         | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| max_meta_value_length = 256          | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| max_object_name_length = 1024        | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## **Cluster health**

Use the swift-dispersion-report tool to measure overall cluster health. This tool checks if a set of deliberately distributed containers and objects are currently in their proper places within the cluster. For instance, a common deployment has three replicas of each object. The health of that object can be measured by checking if each replica is in its proper place. If only 2 of the 3 is in place the object's health can be said to be at 66.66%, where 100% would be perfect. A single object's health, especially an older object, usually reflects the health of that entire partition the object is in. If you make enough objects on a distinct percentage of the partitions in the cluster, you get a good estimate of the overall cluster health. In practice, about 1% partition coverage seems to balance well between accuracy and the amount of time it takes to gather results. The first thing that needs to be done to provide this health value is create a new account solely for this usage. Next, you need to place the containers and objects throughout the system so that they are on distinct partitions. The swift-dispersion-populate tool does this by making up random container and object names until they fall on distinct partitions. Last, and repeatedly for the life of the cluster, you must run the swift-dispersion-report tool to check the health of each of these containers and objects. These tools need direct access to the entire cluster and to the ring files (installing them on a proxy server suffices). The swift-dispersion-populate and swift-dispersion-report commands both use the same configuration file, /etc/swift/ dispersion.conf. Example dispersion.conf file:

```
[dispersion]
auth_url = http://localhost:8080/auth/v1.0
auth_user = test:tester
auth_key = testing
```

There are also configuration options for specifying the dispersion coverage, which defaults to 1%, retries, concurrency, and so on. However, the defaults are usually fine. Once the configuration is in place, run **swift-dispersion-populate** to populate the containers and objects throughout the cluster. Now that those containers and objects are in place, you can run **swift-dispersion-report** to get a dispersion report, or the overall health of the cluster. Here is an example of a cluster in perfect health:

```
$ swift-dispersion-report
```

```
Queried 2621 containers for dispersion reporting, 19s, 0 retries 100.00% of container copies found (7863 of 7863)

Sample represents 1.00% of the container partition space

Queried 2619 objects for dispersion reporting, 7s, 0 retries 100.00% of object copies found (7857 of 7857)

Sample represents 1.00% of the object partition space
```

Now, deliberately double the weight of a device in the object ring (with replication turned off) and re-run the dispersion report to show what impact that has:

```
$ swift-ring-builder object.builder set_weight d0 200
$ swift-ring-builder object.builder rebalance
...
$ swift-dispersion-report
Queried 2621 containers for dispersion reporting, 8s, 0 retries
100.00% of container copies found (7863 of 7863)
Sample represents 1.00% of the container partition space

Queried 2619 objects for dispersion reporting, 7s, 0 retries
There were 1763 partitions missing one copy.
77.56% of object copies found (6094 of 7857)
Sample represents 1.00% of the object partition space
```

You can see the health of the objects in the cluster has gone down significantly. Of course, this test environment has just four devices, in a production environment with many devices the impact of one device change is much less. Next, run the replicators to get everything put back into place and then rerun the dispersion report:

```
... start object replicators and monitor logs until they're caught up ... $ swift-dispersion-report Queried 2621 containers for dispersion reporting, 17s, 0 retries 100.00% of container copies found (7863 of 7863) Sample represents 1.00% of the container partition space

Queried 2619 objects for dispersion reporting, 7s, 0 retries 100.00% of object copies found (7857 of 7857) Sample represents 1.00% of the object partition space
```

Alternatively, the dispersion report can also be output in JSON format. This allows it to be more easily consumed by third-party utilities:

```
$ swift-dispersion-report -j
{"object": {"retries:": 0, "missing_two": 0, "copies_found": 7863,
    "missing_one": 0,
    "copies_expected": 7863, "pct_found": 100.0, "overlapping": 0, "missing_all":
    0}, "container":
{"retries:": 0, "missing_two": 0, "copies_found": 12534, "missing_one": 0,
    "copies_expected":
12534, "pct_found": 100.0, "overlapping": 15, "missing_all": 0}}
```

Table 9.75. Description of configuration options for [dispersion] in dispersion.conf

| Configuration option = Default value       | Description                                |
|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| auth_key = testing                         | No help text available for this option.    |
| auth_url = http://localhost:8080/auth/v1.0 | Endpoint for auth server, such as keystone |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| auth_user = test:tester              | Default user for dispersion in this context                                                |
| auth_version = 1.0                   | Indicates which version of auth                                                            |
| concurrency = 25                     | Number of replication workers to spawn                                                     |
| container_populate = yes             | No help text available for this option.                                                    |
| container_report = yes               | No help text available for this option.                                                    |
| dispersion_coverage = 1.0            | No help text available for this option.                                                    |
| dump_json = no                       | No help text available for this option.                                                    |
| endpoint_type = publicURL            | Indicates whether endpoint for auth is public or internal                                  |
| keystone_api_insecure = no           | Allow accessing insecure keystone server. The keystone's certificate will not be verified. |
| object_populate = yes                | No help text available for this option.                                                    |
| object_report = yes                  | No help text available for this option.                                                    |
| retries = 5                          | No help text available for this option.                                                    |
| swift_dir = /etc/swift               | Swift configuration directory                                                              |

## Static Large Object (SLO) support

This feature is very similar to Dynamic Large Object (DLO) support in that it enables the user to upload many objects concurrently and afterwards download them as a single object. It is different in that it does not rely on eventually consistent container listings to do so. Instead, a user-defined manifest of the object segments is used.

Table 9.76. Description of configuration options for [filter-slo] in proxy-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| max_get_time = 86400                 | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| max_manifest_segments = 1000         | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| max_manifest_size = 2097152          | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| min_segment_size = 1048576           | No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| rate_limit_after_segment = 10        | Rate limit the download of large object segments after this segment is downloaded.                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| rate_limit_segments_per_sec = 0      | Rate limit large object downloads at this rate. contact for a normal request. You can use '* replicas' at the end to have it use the number given times the number of replicas for the ring being used for the request. paste.deploy to use for auth. To use tempauth set to: `egg:swift#tempauth` each request |
| use = egg:swift#slo                  | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

### **Container quotas**

The container\_quotas middleware implements simple quotas that can be imposed on Object Storage containers by a user with the ability to set container metadata, most likely the account administrator. This can be useful for limiting the scope of containers that are delegated to non-admin users, exposed to formpost uploads, or just as a self-imposed sanity check.

Any object PUT operations that exceed these quotas return a 403 response (forbidden).

Quotas are subject to several limitations: eventual consistency, the timeliness of the cached container\_info (60 second TTL by default), and it is unable to reject chunked transfer uploads that exceed the quota (though once the quota is exceeded, new chunked transfers are refused).

Set quotas by adding meta values to the container. These values are validated when you set them:

- X-Container-Meta-Quota-Bytes: Maximum size of the container, in bytes.
- X-Container-Meta-Quota-Count: Maximum object count of the container.

# Table 9.77. Description of configuration options for [filter-container-quotas] in proxy-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| use = egg:swift#container_quotas     | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

### **Account quotas**

The x-account-meta-quota-bytes metadata entry must be requests (PUT, POST) if a given account quota (in bytes) is exceeded while DELETE requests are still allowed.

The x-account-meta-quota-bytes metadata entry must be set to store and enable the quota. Write requests to this metadata entry are only permitted for resellers. There is no account quota limitation on a reseller account even if x-account-meta-quota-bytes is set.

Any object PUT operations that exceed the quota return a 413 response (request entity too large) with a descriptive body.

The following command uses an admin account that own the Reseller role to set a quota on the test account:

```
$ swift -A http://127.0.0.1:8080/auth/v1.0 -U admin:admin -K admin \
--os-storage-url http://127.0.0.1:8080/v1/AUTH test post -m quota-bytes:10000
```

Here is the stat listing of an account where quota has been set:

```
$ swift -A http://127.0.0.1:8080/auth/v1.0 -U test:tester -K testing stat
Account: AUTH_test
Containers: 0
Objects: 0
Bytes: 0
Meta Quota-Bytes: 10000
X-Timestamp: 1374075958.37454
X-Trans-Id: tx602634cf478546a39b1be-0051e6bc7a
```

This command removes the account quota:

```
$ swift -A http://127.0.0.1:8080/auth/v1.0 -U admin:admin -K admin --os-storage-url http://127.0.0.1:8080/v1/AUTH_test post -m quota-bytes:
```

#### **Bulk delete**

Use bulk-delete to delete multiple files from an account with a single request. Responds to DELETE requests with a header 'X-Bulk-Delete: true\_value'. The body of the DELETE re-

quest is a new line-separated list of files to delete. The files listed must be URL encoded and in the form:

/container\_name/obj\_name

If all files are successfully deleted (or did not exist), the operation returns HTTPOk. If any files failed to delete, the operation returns HTTPBadGateway. In both cases, the response body is a JSON dictionary that shows the number of files that were successfully deleted or not found. The files that failed are listed.

Table 9.78. Description of configuration options for [filter-bulk] in proxy-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value  | Description                               |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| delete_container_retry_count = 0      | No help text available for this option.   |
| max_containers_per_extraction = 10000 | No help text available for this option.   |
| max_deletes_per_request = 10000       | No help text available for this option.   |
| max_failed_deletes = 1000             | No help text available for this option.   |
| max_failed_extractions = 1000         | No help text available for this option.   |
| use = egg:swift#bulk                  | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |
| yield_frequency = 10                  | No help text available for this option.   |

## **Configure Object Storage with the S3 API**

The Swift3 middleware emulates the S3 REST API on top of Object Storage.

The following operations are currently supported:

• GET Service

ounf - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

- DELETE Bucket
- GET Bucket (List Objects)
- PUT Bucket
- DELETE Object
- GET Object
- HEAD Object
- PUT Object
- PUT Object (Copy)

To use this middleware, first download the latest version from its repository to your proxy server(s).

\$ git clone https://github.com/stackforge/swift3.git

Then, install it using standard python mechanisms, such as:

# python setup.py install

Alternatively, if you have configured the Ubuntu Cloud Archive, you may use:

```
# apt-get install swift-python-s3
```

To add this middleware to your configuration, add the swift3 middleware in front of the swauth middleware, and before any other middleware that looks at Object Storage requests (like rate limiting).

Ensure that your proxy-server.conf file contains swift3 in the pipeline and the [filter:swift3] section, as shown below:

```
[pipeline:main]
pipeline = healthcheck cache swift3 swauth proxy-server

[filter:swift3]
use = egg:swift3#swift3
```

Next, configure the tool that you use to connect to the S3 API. For S3curl, for example, you must add your host IP information by adding your host IP to the @endpoints array (line 33 in s3curl.pl):

```
my @endpoints = ( '1.2.3.4');
```

Now you can send commands to the endpoint, such as:

```
$ ./s3curl.pl - 'a7811544507ebaf6c9a7a8804f47ea1c' -key 'a7d8e981-e296-d2ba-cb3b-db7dd23159bd' -get - -s -v http://1.2.3.4:8080
```

To set up your client, ensure you are using the ec2 credentials, which can be downloaded from the **API Endpoints** tab of the dashboard. The host should also point to the Object Storage node's hostname. It also will have to use the old-style calling format, and not the hostname-based container format. Here is an example client setup using the Python boto library on a locally installed all-in-one Object Storage installation.

```
connection = boto.s3.Connection(
   aws_access_key_id='a7811544507ebaf6c9a7a8804f47ea1c',
   aws_secret_access_key='a7d8e981-e296-d2ba-cb3b-db7dd23159bd',
   port=8080,
   host='127.0.0.1',
   is_secure=False,
   calling_format=boto.s3.connection.OrdinaryCallingFormat())
```

### **Drive audit**

The swift-drive-audit configuration items reference a script that can be run by using **cron** to watch for bad drives. If errors are detected, it unmounts the bad drive, so that OpenStack Object Storage can work around it. It takes the following options:

Table 9.79. Description of configuration options for [drive-audit] in drive-audit.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                           |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| device_dir = /srv/node               | Directory devices are mounted under                   |
| error_limit = 1                      | Number of errors to find before a device is unmounted |
| log_address = /dev/log               | Location where syslog sends the logs to               |
| log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0            | Syslog log facility                                   |

| Configuration option = Default value                | Description                                                                                                                    |
|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| log_file_pattern = /var/log/kern.*[!.][!g][!z]      | Location of the log file with globbing pattern to check against device errors locate device blocks with errors in the log file |
| log_level = INFO                                    | Logging level                                                                                                                  |
| log_max_line_length = 0                             | Caps the length of log lines to the value given; no limit if set to 0, the default.                                            |
| minutes = 60                                        | Number of minutes to look back in `/var/log/kern.log`                                                                          |
| regex_pattern_1 = \berror\b.*\b(dm-[0-9]{1,2}\d?)\b | No help text available for this option.                                                                                        |

#### Form post

Middleware that provides the ability to upload objects to a cluster using an HTML form POST. The format of the form is:

The swift-url is the URL to the Object Storage destination, such as: https://swift-cluster.example.com/v1/AUTH\_account/container/object\_prefix The name of each file uploaded is appended to the specified swift-url. So, you can upload directly to the root of container with a URL like: https://swift-cluster.example.com/v1/AUTH\_account/container/Optionally, you can include an object prefix to better separate different users' uploads, such as: https://swift-cluster.example.com/v1/AUTH\_account/container/object\_prefix



#### Note

The form method must be POST and the enctype must be set as multi-part/form-data.

The redirect attribute is the URL to redirect the browser to after the upload completes. The URL has status and message query parameters added to it, indicating the HTTP status code for the upload (2xx is success) and a possible message for further information if there was an error (such as "max\_file\_size exceeded").

The max\_file\_size attribute must be included and indicates the largest single file upload that can be done, in bytes.

The max\_file\_count attribute must be included and indicates the maximum number of files that can be uploaded with the form. Include additional <! [CDATA[<input type="file" name="filexx"/>]]> attributes if desired.

The expires attribute is the Unix timestamp before which the form must be submitted before it is invalidated.

The signature attribute is the HMAC-SHA1 signature of the form. This sample Python code shows how to compute the signature:

The key is the value of the X-Account-Meta-Temp-URL-Key header on the account.

Be certain to use the full path, from the  $\sqrt{v1}$  onward.

The command-line tool **swift-form-signature** may be used (mostly just when testing) to compute expires and signature.

The file attributes must appear after the other attributes to be processed correctly. If attributes come after the file, they are not sent with the sub-request because on the server side, all attributes in the file cannot be parsed unless the whole file is read into memory and the server does not have enough memory to service these requests. So, attributes that follow the file are ignored.

## Table 9.80. Description of configuration options for [filter-formpost] in proxy-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| use = egg:swift#formpost             | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

#### Static web sites

When configured, this middleware serves container data as a static web site with index file and error file resolution and optional file listings. This mode is normally only active for anonymous requests.

## Table 9.81. Description of configuration options for [filter-staticweb] in proxy-server.conf

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| use = egg:swift#staticweb            | Entry point of paste.deploy in the server |

## **Cross-origin resource sharing**

Cross-Origin Resource Sharing (CORS) is a mechanism that allows code running in a browser (JavaScript for example) to make requests to a domain, other than the one it was originated from. OpenStack Object Storage supports CORS requests to containers and objects within the containers using metadata held on the container.

In addition to the metadata on containers, you can use the <code>cors\_allow\_origin</code> option in the <code>proxy-server.conf</code> file to set a list of hosts that are included with any CORS request by default.

### **Endpoint listing middleware**

The endpoint listing middleware enables third-party services that use data locality information to integrate with OpenStack Object Storage. This middleware reduces network overhead and is designed for third-party services that run inside the firewall. Deploy this middleware on a proxy server because usage of this middleware is not authenticated.

Format requests for endpoints, as follows:

```
/endpoints/{account}/{container}/{object}
/endpoints/{account}/{container}
/endpoints/{account}
```

Use the list\_endpoints\_path configuration option in the proxy\_server.conf file to customize the /endpoints/ path.

Responses are JSON-encoded lists of endpoints, as follows:

```
http://{server}:{port}/{dev}/{part}/{acc}/{cont}/{obj}
http://{server}:{port}/{dev}/{part}/{acc}/{cont}
http://{server}:{port}/{dev}/{part}/{acc}
```

#### An example response is:

```
http://10.1.1.1:6000/sda1/2/a/c2/o1
http://10.1.1.1:6000/sda1/2/a/c2
http://10.1.1.1:6000/sda1/2/a
```

## New, updated and deprecated options in Juno for OpenStack Object Storage

#### Table 9.82. New options

| Option = default value                                                                              | (Type) Help string                                                                           |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| account-server.conf: [DEFAULT] log_max_line_length = 0                                              | (StrOpt) Caps the length of log lines to the value given; no limit if set to 0, the default. |
| account-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] dump_interval = 5.0                                          | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                             |
| account-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] dump_timestamp = false                                       | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                             |
| account-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] flush_at_shutdown = false                                    | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                             |
| account-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] log_filename_prefix = /tmp/log/swift/profile/default.profile | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                             |
| account-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] path = /profile                                              | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                             |
| account-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] profile_module = eventlet.green.profile                      | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                             |
| account-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] unwind = false                                               | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                             |
| account-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] use = egg:swift#xprofile                                     | (StrOpt) Entry point of paste.deploy in the server                                           |

| Option = default value                                                                                | (Type) Help string                                                                                                                                   |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| container-reconciler.conf: [DEFAULT] log_address = /dev/ log                                          | (StrOpt) Location where syslog sends the logs to                                                                                                     |
| container-reconciler.conf: [DEFAULT] log_custom_handlers =                                            | (StrOpt) Comma-separated list of functions to call to setup custom log handlers.                                                                     |
| container-reconciler.conf: [DEFAULT] log_facility = LOG_LOCAL0                                        | (StrOpt) Syslog log facility                                                                                                                         |
| container-reconciler.conf: [DEFAULT] log_level = INFO                                                 | (StrOpt) Logging level                                                                                                                               |
| container-reconciler.conf: [DEFAULT] log_name = swift                                                 | (StrOpt) Label used when logging                                                                                                                     |
| container-reconciler.conf: [DEFAULT] log_statsd_default_sample_rate = 1.0                             | (StrOpt) Defines the probability of sending a sample for any given event or timing measurement.                                                      |
| container-reconciler.conf: [DEFAULT] log_statsd_host = lo-<br>calhost                                 | (StrOpt) If not set, the StatsD feature is disabled.                                                                                                 |
| container-reconciler.conf: [DEFAULT] log_statsd_metric_prefix =                                       | (StrOpt) Value will be prepended to every metric sent to the StatsD server.                                                                          |
| container-reconciler.conf: [DEFAULT] log_statsd_port = 8125                                           | (StrOpt) Port value for the StatsD server.                                                                                                           |
| container-reconciler.conf: [DEFAULT] log_statsd_sample_rate_factor = 1.0                              | (StrOpt) Not recommended to set this to a value less than 1.0, if frequency of logging is too high, tune the log_statsd_default_sample_rate instead. |
| container-reconciler.conf: [DEFAULT] log_udp_host =                                                   | (StrOpt) If not set, the UDP receiver for syslog is disabled.                                                                                        |
| container-reconciler.conf: [DEFAULT] log_udp_port = 514                                               | (StrOpt) Port value for UDP receiver, if enabled.                                                                                                    |
| container-reconciler.conf: [DEFAULT] swift_dir = /etc/swift                                           | (StrOpt) Swift configuration directory                                                                                                               |
| container-reconciler.conf: [DEFAULT] user = swift                                                     | (StrOpt) User to run as                                                                                                                              |
| container-reconciler.conf: [app-proxy-server] use = egg:swift#proxy                                   | (StrOpt) Entry point of paste.deploy in the server                                                                                                   |
| container-reconciler.conf: [container-reconciler] interval = 30                                       | (StrOpt) Minimum time for a pass to take                                                                                                             |
| container-reconciler.conf: [container-reconciler]<br>reclaim_age = 604800                             | (StrOpt) Time elapsed in seconds before an object can be reclaimed                                                                                   |
| container-reconciler.conf: [container-reconciler] request_tries = 3                                   | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                     |
| container-reconciler.conf: [filter-cache] use = egg:swift#memcache                                    | (StrOpt) Entry point of paste.deploy in the server                                                                                                   |
| container-reconciler.conf: [filter-catch_errors] use = egg:swift#catch_errors                         | (StrOpt) Entry point of paste.deploy in the server                                                                                                   |
| container-reconciler.conf: [filter-proxy-logging] use = egg:swift#proxy_logging                       | (StrOpt) Entry point of paste.deploy in the server                                                                                                   |
| container-reconciler.conf: [pipeline-main] pipeline = catch_errors proxy-logging cache proxy-server   | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                     |
| container-server.conf: [DEFAULT] log_max_line_length = 0                                              | (StrOpt) Caps the length of log lines to the value given; no limit if set to 0, the default.                                                         |
| container-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] dump_interval = 5.0                                          | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                     |
| container-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] dump_timestamp = false                                       | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                     |
| container-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] flush_at_shutdown = false                                    | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                     |
| container-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] log_filename_prefix = /tmp/log/swift/profile/default.profile | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                     |
| container-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] path = /profile                                              | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                     |
| container-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] profile_module = eventlet.green.profile                      | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                     |

| Option =              | default value                                                                                           | (Type) Help string                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| containe              | r-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] unwind = false                                                         | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                       | r-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] use =<br>t#xprofile                                                    | (StrOpt) Entry point of paste.deploy in the server                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|                       | dit.conf: [drive-audit] log_max_line_length = 0                                                         | (StrOpt) Caps the length of log lines to the value given; no limit if set to 0, the default.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| object-ex             | xpirer.conf: [DEFAULT] log_max_line_length = 0                                                          | (StrOpt) Caps the length of log lines to the value given; no limit if set to 0, the default.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                       | xpirer.conf: [filter-proxy-logging]<br>og_address = /dev/log                                            | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                       | xpirer.conf: [filter-proxy-logging]<br>og_facility = LOG_LOCAL0                                         | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                       | xpirer.conf: [filter-proxy-logging]<br>og_headers = false                                               | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                       | xpirer.conf: [filter-proxy-logging]<br>og_headers_only =                                                | (StrOpt) If access_log_headers is True and access_log_headers_only is set only these headers are logged. Multiple headers can be defined as comma separated list like this: access_log_headers_only = Host, X-Object-Meta-Mtime                                                                                                                                                             |
| object-ex             | xpirer.conf: [filter-proxy-logging] access_log_level                                                    | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| object-ex<br>= swift  | xpirer.conf: [filter-proxy-logging] access_log_name                                                     | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                       | xpirer.conf: [filter-proxy-logging]<br>og_statsd_default_sample_rate = 1.0                              | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                       | xpirer.conf: [filter-proxy-logging]<br>og_statsd_host = localhost                                       | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                       | <pre>xpirer.conf: [filter-proxy-logging] pg_statsd_metric_prefix =</pre>                                | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                       | xpirer.conf: [filter-proxy-logging]<br>og_statsd_port = 8125                                            | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                       | xpirer.conf: [filter-proxy-logging]<br>og_statsd_sample_rate_factor = 1.0                               | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                       | xpirer.conf: [filter-proxy-logging]<br>pg_udp_host =                                                    | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                       | xpirer.conf: [filter-proxy-logging]<br>og_udp_port = 514                                                | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| ging] log             | xpirer.conf: [filter-proxy-log-<br> _statsd_valid_http_methods =<br>\ddots,POST,PUT,DELETE,COPY,OPTIONS | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                       | xpirer.conf: [filter-proxy-logging] logged with og_headers = True.                                      | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                       | xpirer.conf: [filter-proxy-logging]<br>ensitive_prefix = 16                                             | (StrOpt) The X-Auth-Token is sensitive data. If revealed to an unauthorised person, they can now make requests against an account until the token expires. Set reveal_sensitive_prefix to the number of characters of the token that are logged. For example reveal_sensitive_prefix = 12 so only first 12 characters of the token are logged. Or, set to 0 to completely remove the token. |
|                       | xpirer.conf: [filter-proxy-logging] use =<br>t#proxy_logging                                            | (StrOpt) Entry point of paste.deploy in the server                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| object-ex             | xpirer.conf: [object-expirer] reclaim_age = 604800                                                      | (StrOpt) Time elapsed in seconds before an object can be reclaimed                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| object-ex<br>var/cach | xpirer.conf: [object-expirer] recon_cache_path = /<br>e/swift                                           | (StrOpt) Directory where stats for a few items will be stored                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                       |                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

| Option = default value                                                                                | (Type) Help string                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object-server.conf: [DEFAULT] log_max_line_length = 0                                                 | (StrOpt) Caps the length of log lines to the value given; no limit if set to 0, the default.                                                                                                                              |
| object-server.conf: [app-object-server] splice = no                                                   | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| object-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] dump_interval = 5.0                                             | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| object-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] dump_timestamp = false                                          | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| object-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] flush_at_shutdown = false                                       | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| object-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] log_filename_prefix = / tmp/log/swift/profile/default.profile   | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| object-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] path = /profile                                                 | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| object-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] profile_module = eventlet.green.profile                         | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| object-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] unwind = false                                                  | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| object-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] use = egg:swift#xprofile                                        | (StrOpt) Entry point of paste.deploy in the server                                                                                                                                                                        |
| object-server.conf: [object-auditor] concurrency = 1                                                  | (StrOpt) Number of replication workers to spawn                                                                                                                                                                           |
| object-server.conf: [object-auditor] disk_chunk_size = 65536                                          | (StrOpt) Size of chunks to read/write to disk                                                                                                                                                                             |
| proxy-server.conf: [DEFAULT] log_max_line_length = 0                                                  | (StrOpt) Caps the length of log lines to the value given; no limit if set to 0, the default.                                                                                                                              |
| proxy-server.conf: [DEFAULT] strict_cors_mode = True                                                  | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| proxy-server.conf: [filter-container_sync] current = // REALM/CLUSTER                                 | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| proxy-server.conf: [filter-keystoneauth] allow_names_in_acls = true                                   | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| proxy-server.conf: [filter-keystoneauth] default_domain_id = default                                  | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| proxy-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] dump_interval = 5.0                                              | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| proxy-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] dump_timestamp = false                                           | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| proxy-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] flush_at_shutdown = false                                        | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| proxy-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] log_filename_prefix = /<br>tmp/log/swift/profile/default.profile | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| proxy-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] path = /profile                                                  | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| proxy-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] profile_module = eventlet.green.profile                          | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| proxy-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] unwind = false                                                   | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| proxy-server.conf: [filter-xprofile] use = egg:swift#xprofile                                         | (StrOpt) Entry point of paste.deploy in the server                                                                                                                                                                        |
| swift.conf: [storage-policy-0] default = yes                                                          | (StrOpt) 0 means to not use a per-disk thread pool. It is recommended to keep this value small, as large values can result in high read latencies due to large queue depths. A good starting point is 4 threads per disk. |
| swift.conf: [storage-policy-0] name = Policy-0                                                        | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| swift.conf: [storage-policy-1] name = silver                                                          | (StrOpt) No help text available for this option.                                                                                                                                                                          |

#### **Table 9.83. New default values**

| Option                                           | Previous default value | New default value           |
|--------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| dispersion.conf: [dispersion] auth_version       | 2.0                    | 1.0                         |
| drive-audit.conf: [drive-audit] log_file_pattern | /var/log/kern*         | /var/log/kern.*[!.][!g][!z] |

| Option                                                                 | Previous default value                                                                                                                                                                    | New default value                                                                                                                                                                       |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object-expirer.conf: [pipeline-main] pipeline                          | catch_errors cache proxy-server                                                                                                                                                           | catch_errors proxy-logging cache proxy-server                                                                                                                                           |
| proxy-server.conf: [DEFAULT]<br>bind_port                              | 80                                                                                                                                                                                        | 8080                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| proxy-server.conf: [DEFAULT] disallowed_sections                       | container_quotas, tempurl                                                                                                                                                                 | container_quotas, tempurl,<br>bulk_delete.max_failed_deletes                                                                                                                            |
| proxy-server.conf: [app-proxy-server] client_chunk_size                | 8192                                                                                                                                                                                      | 65536                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| proxy-server.conf: [app-proxy-server] object_chunk_size                | 8192                                                                                                                                                                                      | 65536                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| proxy-server.conf: [filter-proxy-log-<br>ging] reveal_sensitive_prefix | 8192                                                                                                                                                                                      | 16                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| proxy-server.conf: [filter-tempurl] methods                            | GET HEAD PUT                                                                                                                                                                              | GET HEAD PUT POST DELETE                                                                                                                                                                |
| proxy-server.conf: [pipeline-main] pipeline                            | catch_errors gatekeeper healthcheck<br>proxy-logging cache container_sync<br>bulk tempurl slo dlo ratelimit tem-<br>pauth container-quotas account-quo-<br>tas proxy-logging proxy-server | catch_errors gatekeeper healthcheck<br>proxy-logging cache container_sync<br>bulk tempurl ratelimit tempauth con-<br>tainer-quotas account-quotas slo dlo<br>proxy-logging proxy-server |

## 10. Orchestration

## **Table of Contents**

| Configure APIs                                                | 590 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| Configure Clients                                             | 593 |
| Configure the RPC messaging system                            | 596 |
| New, updated and deprecated options in Juno for Orchestration | 600 |

The Orchestration service is designed to manage the lifecycle of infrastructure and applications within OpenStack clouds. Its various agents and services are configured in the /etc/heat/heat.conf file.

To install Orchestration, see the *OpenStack Installation Guide* for your distribution (docs.openstack.org).

The following tables provide a comprehensive list of the Orchestration configuration options.

Table 10.1. Description of authorization token configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |  |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| [keystone_authtoken]                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |
| admin_password = None                | (StrOpt) Keystone account password                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |  |
| admin_tenant_name = admin            | (StrOpt) Keystone service account tenant name to validate user tokens                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |  |
| admin_token = None                   | (StrOpt) This option is deprecated and may be removed in a future release. Single shared secret with the Keystone configuration used for bootstrapping a Keystone installation, or otherwise bypassing the normal authentication process. This option should not be used, use `admin_user` and `admin_password` instead. |  |
| admin_user = None                    | (StrOpt) Keystone account username                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |  |
| auth_admin_prefix =                  | (StrOpt) Prefix to prepend at the beginning of the path. Deprecated, use identity_uri.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |  |
| auth_host = 127.0.0.1                | (StrOpt) Host providing the admin Identity API endpoint. Deprecated, use identity_uri.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |  |
| auth_port = 35357                    | (IntOpt) Port of the admin Identity API endpoint. Deprecated, use identity_uri.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |
| auth_protocol = https                | (StrOpt) Protocol of the admin Identity API endpoint (http or https). Deprecated, use identity_uri.                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |  |
| auth_uri = None                      | (StrOpt) Complete public Identity API endpoint                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |
| auth_version = None                  | (StrOpt) API version of the admin Identity API endpoint                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |  |
| cache = None                         | (StrOpt) Env key for the swift cache                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |  |
| cafile = None                        | (StrOpt) A PEM encoded Certificate Authority to use when verifying HTTPs connections. Defaults to system CAs.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| certfile = None                      | (StrOpt) Required if Keystone server requires client certificate                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |  |
| check_revocations_for_cached = False | (BoolOpt) If true, the revocation list will be checked for cached tokens. This requires that PKI tokens are configured on the Keystone server.                                                                                                                                                                           |  |

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| delay_auth_decision = False          | (BoolOpt) Do not handle authorization requests within the middleware, but delegate the authorization decision to downstream WSGI components                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| enforce_token_bind = permissive      | (StrOpt) Used to control the use and type of token binding. Can be set to: "disabled" to not check token binding. "permissive" (default) to validate binding information if the bind type is of a form known to the server and ignore it if not. "strict" like "permissive" but if the bind type is unknown the token will be rejected. "required" any form of token binding is needed to be allowed. Finally the name of a binding method that must be present in tokens.                                                                                     |
| hash_algorithms = md5                | (ListOpt) Hash algorithms to use for hashing PKI tokens. This may be a single algorithm or multiple. The algorithms are those supported by Python standard hashlib.new(). The hashes will be tried in the order given, so put the preferred one first for performance. The result of the first hash will be stored in the cache. This will typically be set to multiple values only while migrating from a less secure algorithm to a more secure one. Once all the old tokens are expired this option should be set to a single value for better performance. |
| http_connect_timeout = None          | (BoolOpt) Request timeout value for communicating with Identity API server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| http_request_max_retries = 3         | (IntOpt) How many times are we trying to reconnect when communicating with Identity API Server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| identity_uri = None                  | (StrOpt) Complete admin Identity API endpoint. This should specify the unversioned root endpoint e.g. https://localhost:35357/                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| include_service_catalog = True       | (BoolOpt) (optional) indicate whether to set the X-Service-Catalog header. If False, middleware will not ask for service catalog on token validation and will not set the X-Service-Catalog header.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| insecure = False                     | (BoolOpt) Verify HTTPS connections.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| keyfile = None                       | (StrOpt) Required if Keystone server requires client certificate                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| memcache_secret_key = None           | (StrOpt) (optional, mandatory if memcache_security_strategy is defined) this string is used for key derivation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| memcache_security_strategy = None    | (StrOpt) (optional) if defined, indicate whether token data should be authenticated or authenticated and encrypted. Acceptable values are MAC or ENCRYPT. If MAC, token data is authenticated (with HMAC) in the cache. If ENCRYPT, token data is encrypted and authenticated in the cache. If the value is not one of these options or empty, auth_token will raise an exception on initialization.                                                                                                                                                           |
| revocation_cache_time = 10           | (IntOpt) Determines the frequency at which the list of revoked tokens is retrieved from the Identity service (in seconds). A high number of revocation events combined with a low cache duration may significantly reduce performance.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| signing_dir = None                   | (StrOpt) Directory used to cache files related to PKI tokens                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| token_cache_time = 300               | (IntOpt) In order to prevent excessive effort spent validating tokens, the middleware caches previously-seen tokens for a configurable duration (in seconds). Set to -1 to disable caching completely.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

#### **Table 10.2. Description of common configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value                                | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| [DEFAULT]                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |
| deferred_auth_method = password                                     | (StrOpt) Select deferred auth method, stored password or trusts.                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |
| environment_dir = /etc/heat/environment.d                           | (StrOpt) The directory to search for environment files.                                                                                                                                                                                                   |  |
| event_purge_batch_size = 10                                         | (IntOpt) Controls how many events will be pruned whenever a stack's events exceed max_events_per_stack. Set this lower to keep more events at the expense of more frequent purges.                                                                        |  |
| host = localhost                                                    | (StrOpt) Name of the engine node. This can be an opaque identifier. It is not necessarily a hostname, FQDN, or IP address.                                                                                                                                |  |
| instance_driver = heat.engine.nova                                  | (StrOpt) Driver to use for controlling instances.                                                                                                                                                                                                         |  |
| instance_user = ec2-user                                            | (StrOpt) The default user for new instances. This option is deprecated and will be removed in the Juno release. If it's empty, Heat will use the default user set up with your cloud image (for OS::Nova::Server) or 'ec2-user' (for AWS::EC2::Instance). |  |
| keystone_backend = heat.common.heat_keystoneclient.KeystoneClientV3 | (StrOpt) Fully qualified class name to use as a keystone backend.                                                                                                                                                                                         |  |
| lock_path = None                                                    | (StrOpt) Directory to use for lock files.                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |  |
| memcached_servers = None                                            | (ListOpt) Memcached servers or None for in process cache.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |  |
| periodic_interval = 60                                              | (IntOpt) Seconds between running periodic tasks.                                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |
| plugin_dirs = /usr/lib64/heat, /usr/lib/heat                        | (ListOpt) List of directories to search for plug-ins.                                                                                                                                                                                                     |  |
| [keystone_authtoken]                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |
| memcached_servers = None                                            | (ListOpt) Optionally specify a list of memcached server(s) to use for caching. If left undefined, tokens will instead be cached in-process.                                                                                                               |  |
| [revision]                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |
| heat_revision = unknown                                             | (StrOpt) Heat build revision. If you would prefer to manage your build revision separately, you can move this section to a different file and add it as another config option.                                                                            |  |

#### Table 10.3. Description of crypt configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value                       | Description                                                       |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                                  |                                                                   |
| auth_encryption_key = notgood but just long enough i think | (StrOpt) Encryption key used for authentication info in database. |

#### **Table 10.4. Description of database configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                  |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [database]                           |                                                                              |
| backend = sqlalchemy                 | (StrOpt) The back end to use for the database.                               |
| connection = None                    | (StrOpt) The SQLAlchemy connection string to use to connect to the database. |
| connection_debug = 0                 | (IntOpt) Verbosity of SQL debugging information: 0=None, 100=Everything.     |
| connection_trace = False             | (BoolOpt) Add Python stack traces to SQL as comment strings.                 |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| db_inc_retry_interval = True         | (BoolOpt) If True, increases the interval between database connection retries up to db_max_retry_interval.                                                                                                                              |
| db_max_retries = 20                  | (IntOpt) Maximum database connection retries before error is raised. Set to -1 to specify an infinite retry count.                                                                                                                      |
| db_max_retry_interval = 10           | (IntOpt) If db_inc_retry_interval is set, the maximum seconds between database connection retries.                                                                                                                                      |
| db_retry_interval = 1                | (IntOpt) Seconds between database connection retries.                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| idle_timeout = 3600                  | (IntOpt) Timeout before idle SQL connections are reaped.                                                                                                                                                                                |
| max_overflow = None                  | (IntOpt) If set, use this value for max_overflow with SQLAlchemy.                                                                                                                                                                       |
| max_pool_size = None                 | (IntOpt) Maximum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| max_retries = 10                     | (IntOpt) Maximum db connection retries during startup.<br>Set to -1 to specify an infinite retry count.                                                                                                                                 |
| min_pool_size = 1                    | (IntOpt) Minimum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| mysql_sql_mode = TRADITIONAL         | (StrOpt) The SQL mode to be used for MySQL sessions. This option, including the default, overrides any server-set SQL mode. To use whatever SQL mode is set by the server configuration, set this to no value. Example: mysql_sql_mode= |
| pool_timeout = None                  | (IntOpt) If set, use this value for pool_timeout with SQLAlchemy.                                                                                                                                                                       |
| retry_interval = 10                  | (IntOpt) Interval between retries of opening a SQL connection.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| slave_connection = None              | (StrOpt) The SQLAlchemy connection string to use to connect to the slave database.                                                                                                                                                      |
| sqlite_db = oslo.sqlite              | (StrOpt) The file name to use with SQLite.                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| sqlite_synchronous = True            | (BoolOpt) If True, SQLite uses synchronous mode.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| use_db_reconnect = False             | (BoolOpt) Enable the experimental use of database reconnect on connection lost.                                                                                                                                                         |

#### **Table 10.5. Description of logging configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |  |
| backdoor_port = None                 | (StrOpt) Enable eventlet backdoor. Acceptable values are 0, <port>, and <start>:<end>, where 0 results in listening on a random tcp port number; <port> results in listening on the specified port number (and not enabling backdoor if that port is in use); and <start>:<end> results in listening on the smallest unused port number within the specified range of port numbers. The chosen port is displayed in the service's log file.</end></start></port></end></start></port> |  |
| disable_process_locking = False      | (BoolOpt) Enables or disables inter-process locks.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |  |

#### Table 10.6. Description of load balancer configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                          |  |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                      |  |
| loadbalancer_template = None         | (StrOpt) Custom template for the built-in loadbalancer nested stack. |  |

Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

| Configuration option = Default value                                                                                                                                             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| debug = False                                                                                                                                                                    | (BoolOpt) Print debugging output (set logging level to DE-BUG instead of default WARNING level).                                                                                                                                                   |
| default_log_levels = amqp=WARN, amqplib=WARN, boto=WARN, qpid=WARN, sqlalchemy=WARN, suds=INFO, oslo.messaging=INFO, iso8601=WARN, requests.packages.urllib3.connectionpool=WARN | (ListOpt) List of logger=LEVEL pairs.                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| fatal_deprecations = False                                                                                                                                                       | (BoolOpt) Enables or disables fatal status of deprecations.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| instance_format = "[instance: %(uuid)s] "                                                                                                                                        | (StrOpt) The format for an instance that is passed with the log message.                                                                                                                                                                           |
| instance_uuid_format = "[instance: %(uuid)s] "                                                                                                                                   | (StrOpt) The format for an instance UUID that is passed with the log message.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| log_config_append = None                                                                                                                                                         | (StrOpt) The name of a logging configuration file. This file is appended to any existing logging configuration files. For details about logging configuration files, see the Python logging module documentation.                                  |
| log_date_format = %Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S                                                                                                                                              | (StrOpt) Format string for %%(asctime)s in log records. Default: %(default)s .                                                                                                                                                                     |
| log_dir = None                                                                                                                                                                   | (StrOpt) (Optional) The base directory used for relative – log-file paths.                                                                                                                                                                         |
| log_file = None                                                                                                                                                                  | (StrOpt) (Optional) Name of log file to output to. If no default is set, logging will go to stdout.                                                                                                                                                |
| log_format = None                                                                                                                                                                | (StrOpt) DEPRECATED. A logging.Formatter log message format string which may use any of the available logging.LogRecord attributes. This option is deprecated. Please use logging_context_format_string and logging_default_format_string instead. |
| logging_context_format_string = %(asctime)s.<br>%(msecs)03d %(process)d %(levelname)s %(name)s<br>[%(request_id)s %(user_identity)s] %(instance)s<br>%(message)s                 | (StrOpt) Format string to use for log messages with context.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| logging_debug_format_suffix = %(funcName)s<br>%(pathname)s:%(lineno)d                                                                                                            | (StrOpt) Data to append to log format when level is DE-BUG.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| logging_default_format_string = %(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d %(process)d %(levelname)s %(name)s [-] %(instance)s %(message)s                                                          | (StrOpt) Format string to use for log messages without context.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| logging_exception_prefix = %(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d<br>%(process)d TRACE %(name)s %(instance)s                                                                                    | (StrOpt) Prefix each line of exception output with this format.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| publish_errors = False                                                                                                                                                           | (BoolOpt) Enables or disables publication of error events.                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| syslog_log_facility = LOG_USER                                                                                                                                                   | (StrOpt) Syslog facility to receive log lines.                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| use_stderr = True                                                                                                                                                                | (BoolOpt) Log output to standard error.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| use_syslog = False                                                                                                                                                               | (BoolOpt) Use syslog for logging. Existing syslog format is DEPRECATED during I, and will change in J to honor RFC5424.                                                                                                                            |
| use_syslog_rfc_format = False                                                                                                                                                    | (BoolOpt) (Optional) Enables or disables syslog rfc5424 format for logging. If enabled, prefixes the MSG part of the syslog message with APP-NAME (RFC5424). The format without the APP-NAME is deprecated in I, and will be removed in J.         |
| verbose = False                                                                                                                                                                  | (BoolOpt) Print more verbose output (set logging level to INFO instead of default WARNING level).                                                                                                                                                  |

juno

### Table 10.8. Description of quota configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                                                                                                       |
| max_events_per_stack = 1000          | (IntOpt) Maximum events that will be available per stack. Older events will be deleted when this is reached. Set to 0 for unlimited events per stack. |
| max_nested_stack_depth = 3           | (IntOpt) Maximum depth allowed when using nested stacks.                                                                                              |
| max_resources_per_stack = 1000       | (IntOpt) Maximum resources allowed per top-level stack.                                                                                               |
| max_stacks_per_tenant = 100          | (IntOpt) Maximum number of stacks any one tenant may have active at one time.                                                                         |
| max_template_size = 524288           | (IntOpt) Maximum raw byte size of any template.                                                                                                       |

### Table 10.9. Description of Redis configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value      | Description                                      |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| [matchmaker_redis]                        |                                                  |
| host = 127.0.0.1                          | (StrOpt) Host to locate redis.                   |
| password = None                           | (StrOpt) Password for Redis server (optional).   |
| port = 6379                               | (IntOpt) Use this port to connect to redis host. |
| [matchmaker_ring]                         |                                                  |
| ringfile = /etc/oslo/matchmaker_ring.json | (StrOpt) Matchmaker ring file (JSON).            |

### **Table 10.10. Description of testing configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                        |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                    |
| fake_rabbit = False                  | (BoolOpt) If passed, use a fake RabbitMQ provider. |

# **Configure APIs**

The following options allow configuration of the APIs that Orchestration supports. Currently this includes compatibility APIs for CloudFormation and CloudWatch and a native API.

### **Table 10.11. Description of API configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value   | Description                                                                                              |
|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                              |                                                                                                          |
| action_retry_limit = 5                 | (IntOpt) Number of times to retry to bring a resource to a non-error state. Set to 0 to disable retries. |
| enable_stack_abandon = False           | (BoolOpt) Enable the preview Stack Abandon feature.                                                      |
| enable_stack_adopt = False             | (BoolOpt) Enable the preview Stack Adopt feature.                                                        |
| heat_metadata_server_url =             | (StrOpt) URL of the Heat metadata server.                                                                |
| heat_stack_user_role = heat_stack_user | (StrOpt) Keystone role for heat template-defined users.                                                  |
| heat_waitcondition_server_url =        | (StrOpt) URL of the Heat waitcondition server.                                                           |
| heat_watch_server_url =                | (StrOpt) URL of the Heat CloudWatch server.                                                              |
| max_json_body_size = 1048576           | (IntOpt) Maximum raw byte size of JSON request body. Should be larger than max_template_size.            |
| num_engine_workers = 1                 | (IntOpt) Number of heat-engine processes to fork and run.                                                |

| Configuration option = Default value        | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| policy_default_rule = default               | (StrOpt) Default rule. Enforced when a requested rule is not found.                                                                                                                                          |
| policy_file = policy.json                   | (StrOpt) The JSON file that defines policies.                                                                                                                                                                |
| secure_proxy_ssl_header = X-Forwarded-Proto | (StrOpt) The HTTP Header that will be used to determine which the original request protocol scheme was, even if it was removed by an SSL terminator proxy.                                                   |
| stack_action_timeout = 3600                 | (IntOpt) Timeout in seconds for stack action (ie. create or update).                                                                                                                                         |
| stack_domain_admin = None                   | (StrOpt) Keystone username, a user with roles sufficient to manage users and projects in the stack_user_domain.                                                                                              |
| stack_domain_admin_password = None          | (StrOpt) Keystone password for stack_domain_admin user.                                                                                                                                                      |
| stack_user_domain_id = None                 | (StrOpt) Keystone domain ID which contains heat template-defined users. If this option is set, stack_user_domain_name option will be ignored.                                                                |
| stack_user_domain_name = None               | (StrOpt) Keystone domain name which contains heat template-defined users. If `stack_user_domain_id` option is set, this option is ignored.                                                                   |
| trusts_delegated_roles = heat_stack_owner   | (ListOpt) Subset of trustor roles to be delegated to heat.                                                                                                                                                   |
| [auth_password]                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| allowed_auth_uris =                         | (ListOpt) Allowed keystone endpoints for auth_uri when multi_cloud is enabled. At least one endpoint needs to be specified.                                                                                  |
| multi_cloud = False                         | (BoolOpt) Allow orchestration of multiple clouds.                                                                                                                                                            |
| [ec2authtoken]                              | '                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| allowed_auth_uris =                         | (ListOpt) Allowed keystone endpoints for auth_uri when multi_cloud is enabled. At least one endpoint needs to be specified.                                                                                  |
| auth_uri = None                             | (StrOpt) Authentication Endpoint URI.                                                                                                                                                                        |
| multi_cloud = False                         | (BoolOpt) Allow orchestration of multiple clouds.                                                                                                                                                            |
| [heat_api]                                  | '                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| backlog = 4096                              | (IntOpt) Number of backlog requests to configure the socket with.                                                                                                                                            |
| bind_host = 0.0.0.0                         | (StrOpt) Address to bind the server. Useful when selecting a particular network interface.                                                                                                                   |
| bind_port = 8004                            | (IntOpt) The port on which the server will listen.                                                                                                                                                           |
| cert_file = None                            | (StrOpt) Location of the SSL certificate file to use for SSL mode.                                                                                                                                           |
| key_file = None                             | (StrOpt) Location of the SSL key file to use for enabling SSL mode.                                                                                                                                          |
| max_header_line = 16384                     | (IntOpt) Maximum line size of message headers to be accepted. max_header_line may need to be increased when using large tokens (typically those generated by the Keystone v3 API with big service catalogs). |
| workers = 0                                 | (IntOpt) Number of workers for Heat service.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [paste_deploy]                              | ·                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| api_paste_config = api-paste.ini            | (StrOpt) The API paste config file to use.                                                                                                                                                                   |
| flavor = None                               | (StrOpt) The flavor to use.                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [ssl]                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| ca_file = None                              | (StrOpt) CA certificate file to use to verify connecting clients.                                                                                                                                            |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                         |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| cert_file = None                     | (StrOpt) Certificate file to use when starting the server securely. |
| key_file = None                      | (StrOpt) Private key file to use when starting the server securely. |

# **Table 10.12. Description of Cloudformation-compatible API configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value                | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                  |  |
|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| [DEFAULT]                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                              |  |
| instance_connection_https_validate_certificates = 1 | (StrOpt) Instance connection to CFN/CW API validate certs if SSL is used.                                                                                                                                    |  |
| instance_connection_is_secure = 0                   | (StrOpt) Instance connection to CFN/CW API via https.                                                                                                                                                        |  |
| [heat_api_cfn]                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                              |  |
| backlog = 4096                                      | (IntOpt) Number of backlog requests to configure the socket with.                                                                                                                                            |  |
| bind_host = 0.0.0.0                                 | (StrOpt) Address to bind the server. Useful when selecting a particular network interface.                                                                                                                   |  |
| bind_port = 8000                                    | (IntOpt) The port on which the server will listen.                                                                                                                                                           |  |
| cert_file = None                                    | (StrOpt) Location of the SSL certificate file to use for SSL mode.                                                                                                                                           |  |
| key_file = None                                     | (StrOpt) Location of the SSL key file to use for enabling SSL mode.                                                                                                                                          |  |
| max_header_line = 16384                             | (IntOpt) Maximum line size of message headers to be accepted. max_header_line may need to be increased when using large tokens (typically those generated by the Keystone v3 API with big service catalogs). |  |
| workers = 0                                         | (IntOpt) Number of workers for Heat service.                                                                                                                                                                 |  |
| [ssl]                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                              |  |
| ca_file = None                                      | (StrOpt) CA certificate file to use to verify connecting clients.                                                                                                                                            |  |
| cert_file = None                                    | (StrOpt) Certificate file to use when starting the server securely.                                                                                                                                          |  |
| key_file = None                                     | (StrOpt) Private key file to use when starting the server securely.                                                                                                                                          |  |

### **Table 10.13. Description of CloudWatch API configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                |  |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                                            |  |
| enable_cloud_watch_lite = True       | (BoolOpt) Enable the legacy OS::Heat::CWLiteAlarm resource.                                |  |
| heat_watch_server_url =              | (StrOpt) URL of the Heat CloudWatch server.                                                |  |
| [heat_api_cloudwatch]                |                                                                                            |  |
| backlog = 4096                       | (IntOpt) Number of backlog requests to configure the socket with.                          |  |
| bind_host = 0.0.0.0                  | (StrOpt) Address to bind the server. Useful when selecting a particular network interface. |  |
| bind_port = 8003                     | (IntOpt) The port on which the server will listen.                                         |  |
| cert_file = None                     | (StrOpt) Location of the SSL certificate file to use for SSL mode.                         |  |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                           |
| heat_metadata_server_url =           | (StrOpt) URL of the Heat metadata server. |

### Table 10.15. Description of waitcondition API configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                    |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                |
| heat_waitcondition_server_url =      | (StrOpt) URL of the Heat waitcondition server. |

# **Configure Clients**

uno - Juno 
The following options allow configuration of the clients that Orchestration uses to talk to other services.

### **Table 10.16. Description of clients configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                |  |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                                                            |  |
| region_name_for_services = None      | (StrOpt) Default region name used to get services endpoints.                                               |  |
| [clients]                            |                                                                                                            |  |
| ca_file = None                       | (StrOpt) Optional CA cert file to use in SSL connections.                                                  |  |
| cert_file = None                     | (StrOpt) Optional PEM-formatted certificate chain file.                                                    |  |
| endpoint_type = publicURL            | (StrOpt) Type of endpoint in Identity service catalog to use for communication with the OpenStack service. |  |
| insecure = False                     | (BoolOpt) If set, then the server's certificate will not be verified.                                      |  |
| key_file = None                      | (StrOpt) Optional PEM-formatted file that contains the private key.                                        |  |

#### Table 10.17. Description of client backends configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |             |

uno - Juno 
| Configuration option = Default value                 | Description                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| cloud_backend = heat.engine.clients.OpenStackClients | (StrOpt) Fully qualified class name to use as a client backend. |

### Table 10.18. Description of ceilometer clients configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [clients_ceilometer]                 |                                                                                                            |
| ca_file = None                       | (StrOpt) Optional CA cert file to use in SSL connections.                                                  |
| cert_file = None                     | (StrOpt) Optional PEM-formatted certificate chain file.                                                    |
| endpoint_type = publicURL            | (StrOpt) Type of endpoint in Identity service catalog to use for communication with the OpenStack service. |
| insecure = False                     | (BoolOpt) If set, then the server's certificate will not be verified.                                      |
| key_file = None                      | (StrOpt) Optional PEM-formatted file that contains the private key.                                        |

### Table 10.19. Description of cinder clients configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [clients_cinder]                     |                                                                                                            |
| ca_file = None                       | (StrOpt) Optional CA cert file to use in SSL connections.                                                  |
| cert_file = None                     | (StrOpt) Optional PEM-formatted certificate chain file.                                                    |
| endpoint_type = publicURL            | (StrOpt) Type of endpoint in Identity service catalog to use for communication with the OpenStack service. |
| http_log_debug = False               | (BoolOpt) Allow client's debug log output.                                                                 |
| insecure = False                     | (BoolOpt) If set, then the server's certificate will not be verified.                                      |
| key_file = None                      | (StrOpt) Optional PEM-formatted file that contains the private key.                                        |

### Table 10.20. Description of glance clients configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [clients_glance]                     | ·                                                                                                          |
| ca_file = None                       | (StrOpt) Optional CA cert file to use in SSL connections.                                                  |
| cert_file = None                     | (StrOpt) Optional PEM-formatted certificate chain file.                                                    |
| endpoint_type = publicURL            | (StrOpt) Type of endpoint in Identity service catalog to use for communication with the OpenStack service. |
| insecure = False                     | (BoolOpt) If set, then the server's certificate will not be verified.                                      |
| key_file = None                      | (StrOpt) Optional PEM-formatted file that contains the private key.                                        |

### Table 10.21. Description of heat clients configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [clients_heat]                       |                                                                                                            |
| ca_file = None                       | (StrOpt) Optional CA cert file to use in SSL connections.                                                  |
| cert_file = None                     | (StrOpt) Optional PEM-formatted certificate chain file.                                                    |
| endpoint_type = publicURL            | (StrOpt) Type of endpoint in Identity service catalog to use for communication with the OpenStack service. |

uno - Juno 
| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                     |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| insecure = False                     | (BoolOpt) If set, then the server's certificate will not be verified.           |
| key_file = None                      | (StrOpt) Optional PEM-formatted file that contains the private key.             |
| url = None                           | (StrOpt) Optional heat url in format like http://0.0.0.0:8004/v1/%(tenant_id)s. |

### Table 10.22. Description of keystone clients configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [clients_keystone]                   |                                                                                                            |
| ca_file = None                       | (StrOpt) Optional CA cert file to use in SSL connections.                                                  |
| cert_file = None                     | (StrOpt) Optional PEM-formatted certificate chain file.                                                    |
| endpoint_type = publicURL            | (StrOpt) Type of endpoint in Identity service catalog to use for communication with the OpenStack service. |
| insecure = False                     | (BoolOpt) If set, then the server's certificate will not be verified.                                      |
| key_file = None                      | (StrOpt) Optional PEM-formatted file that contains the private key.                                        |

### Table 10.23. Description of neutron clients configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [clients_neutron]                    |                                                                                                            |
| ca_file = None                       | (StrOpt) Optional CA cert file to use in SSL connections.                                                  |
| cert_file = None                     | (StrOpt) Optional PEM-formatted certificate chain file.                                                    |
| endpoint_type = publicURL            | (StrOpt) Type of endpoint in Identity service catalog to use for communication with the OpenStack service. |
| insecure = False                     | (BoolOpt) If set, then the server's certificate will not be verified.                                      |
| key_file = None                      | (StrOpt) Optional PEM-formatted file that contains the private key.                                        |

### Table 10.24. Description of nova clients configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [clients_nova]                       |                                                                                                            |
| ca_file = None                       | (StrOpt) Optional CA cert file to use in SSL connections.                                                  |
| cert_file = None                     | (StrOpt) Optional PEM-formatted certificate chain file.                                                    |
| endpoint_type = publicURL            | (StrOpt) Type of endpoint in Identity service catalog to use for communication with the OpenStack service. |
| http_log_debug = False               | (BoolOpt) Allow client's debug log output.                                                                 |
| insecure = False                     | (BoolOpt) If set, then the server's certificate will not be verified.                                      |
| key_file = None                      | (StrOpt) Optional PEM-formatted file that contains the private key.                                        |

### Table 10.25. Description of swift clients configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                               |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| [clients_swift]                      |                                                           |
| ca_file = None                       | (StrOpt) Optional CA cert file to use in SSL connections. |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| cert_file = None                     | (StrOpt) Optional PEM-formatted certificate chain file.                                                    |
| endpoint_type = publicURL            | (StrOpt) Type of endpoint in Identity service catalog to use for communication with the OpenStack service. |
| insecure = False                     | (BoolOpt) If set, then the server's certificate will not be verified.                                      |
| key_file = None                      | (StrOpt) Optional PEM-formatted file that contains the private key.                                        |

#### Table 10.26. Description of trove clients configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [clients_trove]                      |                                                                                                            |
| ca_file = None                       | (StrOpt) Optional CA cert file to use in SSL connections.                                                  |
| cert_file = None                     | (StrOpt) Optional PEM-formatted certificate chain file.                                                    |
| endpoint_type = publicURL            | (StrOpt) Type of endpoint in Identity service catalog to use for communication with the OpenStack service. |
| insecure = False                     | (BoolOpt) If set, then the server's certificate will not be verified.                                      |
| key_file = None                      | (StrOpt) Optional PEM-formatted file that contains the private key.                                        |

# Configure the RPC messaging system

OpenStack projects use an open standard for messaging middleware known as AMQP. This messaging middleware enables the OpenStack services that run on multiple servers to talk to each other. OpenStack Oslo RPC supports three implementations of AMQP: RabbitMQ, Qpid, and ZeroMQ.

### **Configure RabbitMQ**

OpenStack Oslo RPC uses RabbitMQ by default. Use these options to configure the Rabbit-MQ message system. The rpc\_backend option is optional as long as RabbitMQ is the default messaging system. However, if it is included in the configuration, you must set it to heat.openstack.common.rpc.impl\_kombu.

```
rpc_backend = heat.openstack.common.rpc.impl_kombu
```

Use these options to configure the RabbitMQ messaging system. You can configure messaging communication for different installation scenarios, tune retries for RabbitMQ, and define the size of the RPC thread pool. To monitor notifications through RabbitMQ, you must set the notification\_driver option to heat.openstack.common.notifier.rpc\_notifier in the heat.conf file:

### Table 10.27. Description of RabbitMQ configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                          |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                                                      |
| kombu_reconnect_delay = 1.0          | (FloatOpt) How long to wait before reconnecting in response to an AMQP consumer cancel notification. |
| kombu_ssl_ca_certs =                 | (StrOpt) SSL certification authority file (valid only if SSL enabled).                               |

| Configuration option = Default value       | Description                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| kombu_ssl_certfile =                       | (StrOpt) SSL cert file (valid only if SSL enabled).                                                                                              |
| kombu_ssl_keyfile =                        | (StrOpt) SSL key file (valid only if SSL enabled).                                                                                               |
| kombu_ssl_version =                        | (StrOpt) SSL version to use (valid only if SSL enabled). valid values are TLSv1, SSLv23 and SSLv3. SSLv2 may be available on some distributions. |
| rabbit_ha_queues = False                   | (BoolOpt) Use HA queues in RabbitMQ (x-ha-policy: all). If you change this option, you must wipe the RabbitMQ database.                          |
| rabbit_host = localhost                    | (StrOpt) The RabbitMQ broker address where a single node is used.                                                                                |
| rabbit_hosts = \$rabbit_host:\$rabbit_port | (ListOpt) RabbitMQ HA cluster host:port pairs.                                                                                                   |
| rabbit_login_method = AMQPLAIN             | (StrOpt) the RabbitMQ login method                                                                                                               |
| rabbit_max_retries = 0                     | (IntOpt) Maximum number of RabbitMQ connection retries. Default is 0 (infinite retry count).                                                     |
| rabbit_password = guest                    | (StrOpt) The RabbitMQ password.                                                                                                                  |
| rabbit_port = 5672                         | (IntOpt) The RabbitMQ broker port where a single node is used.                                                                                   |
| rabbit_retry_backoff = 2                   | (IntOpt) How long to backoff for between retries when connecting to RabbitMQ.                                                                    |
| rabbit_retry_interval = 1                  | (IntOpt) How frequently to retry connecting with Rabbit-MQ.                                                                                      |
| rabbit_use_ssl = False                     | (BoolOpt) Connect over SSL for RabbitMQ.                                                                                                         |
| rabbit_userid = guest                      | (StrOpt) The RabbitMQ userid.                                                                                                                    |
| rabbit_virtual_host = /                    | (StrOpt) The RabbitMQ virtual host.                                                                                                              |

### **Configure Qpid**

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

Use these options to configure the Qpid messaging system for OpenStack Oslo RPC. Qpid is not the default messaging system, so you must enable it by setting the rpc\_backend option in the heat.conf file:

```
rpc_backend=heat.openstack.common.rpc.impl_qpid
```

This critical option points the compute nodes to the Qpid broker (server). Set the qpid\_hostname option to the host name where the broker runs in the heat.conf file.



#### Note

The qpid\_hostname option accepts a host name or IP address value.

```
qpid_hostname = hostname.example.com
```

If the Qpid broker listens on a port other than the AMQP default of 5672, you must set the qpid\_port option to that value:

```
qpid_port = 12345
```

If you configure the Qpid broker to require authentication, you must add a user name and password to the configuration:

```
qpid_username = username
qpid_password = password
```

By default, TCP is used as the transport. To enable SSL, set the <code>qpid\_protocol</code> option:

```
qpid_protocol = ssl
```

Use these additional options to configure the Qpid messaging driver for OpenStack Oslo RPC. These options are used infrequently.

Table 10.28. Description of Qpid configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value     | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
|------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| [DEFAULT]                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |  |
| qpid_heartbeat = 60                      | (IntOpt) Seconds between connection keepalive heart-<br>beats.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |  |
| qpid_hostname = localhost                | (StrOpt) Qpid broker hostname.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |  |
| qpid_hosts = \$qpid_hostname:\$qpid_port | (ListOpt) Qpid HA cluster host:port pairs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |  |
| qpid_password =                          | (StrOpt) Password for Qpid connection.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |  |
| qpid_port = 5672                         | (IntOpt) Qpid broker port.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |  |
| qpid_protocol = tcp                      | (StrOpt) Transport to use, either 'tcp' or 'ssl'.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |  |
| qpid_receiver_capacity = 1               | (IntOpt) The number of prefetched messages held by receiver.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |
| qpid_sasl_mechanisms =                   | (StrOpt) Space separated list of SASL mechanisms to use for auth.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |  |
| qpid_tcp_nodelay = True                  | (BoolOpt) Whether to disable the Nagle algorithm.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |  |
| <pre>qpid_topology_version = 1</pre>     | (IntOpt) The qpid topology version to use. Version 1 is what was originally used by impl_qpid. Version 2 includes some backwards-incompatible changes that allow broker federation to work. Users should update to version 2 when they are able to take everything down, as it requires a clean break. |  |
| qpid_username =                          | (StrOpt) Username for Qpid connection.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |  |

# **Configure ZeroMQ**

Use these options to configure the ZeroMQ messaging system for OpenStack Oslo RPC. ZeroMQ is not the default messaging system, so you must enable it by setting the rpc\_backend option in the heat.conf file:

Table 10.29. Description of ZeroMQ configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value                                     | Description                                                                                                                                      |  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| [DEFAULT]                                                                |                                                                                                                                                  |  |
| rpc_zmq_bind_address = *                                                 | (StrOpt) ZeroMQ bind address. Should be a wildcard (*), an ethernet interface, or IP. The "host" option should point or resolve to this address. |  |
| rpc_zmq_contexts = 1                                                     | (IntOpt) Number of ZeroMQ contexts, defaults to 1.                                                                                               |  |
| rpc_zmq_host = localhost                                                 | (StrOpt) Name of this node. Must be a valid hostname, FQDN, or IP address. Must match "host" option, if running Nova.                            |  |
| rpc_zmq_ipc_dir = /var/run/openstack                                     | (StrOpt) Directory for holding IPC sockets.                                                                                                      |  |
| rpc_zmq_matchmaker = oslo.messagingdrivers.matchmaker.MatchMakerLocalhos | (StrOpt) MatchMaker driver.                                                                                                                      |  |
| rpc_zmq_port = 9501                                                      | (IntOpt) ZeroMQ receiver listening port.                                                                                                         |  |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                            |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| rpc_zmq_topic_backlog = None         | (IntOpt) Maximum number of ingress messages to locally |
|                                      | buffer per topic. Default is unlimited.                |

# **Configure messaging**

ence

Use these common options to configure the RabbitMQ, Qpid, and ZeroMq messaging drivers:

### **Table 10.30. Description of AMQP configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                                                                                                                           |
| amqp_auto_delete = False             | (BoolOpt) Auto-delete queues in amqp.                                                                                                                                     |
| amqp_durable_queues = False          | (BoolOpt) Use durable queues in amqp.                                                                                                                                     |
| control_exchange = openstack         | (StrOpt) The default exchange under which topics are scoped. May be overridden by an exchange name specified in the transport_url option.                                 |
| default_notification_level = INFO    | (StrOpt) Default notification level for outgoing notifications.                                                                                                           |
| default_publisher_id = None          | (StrOpt) Default publisher_id for outgoing notifications.                                                                                                                 |
| list_notifier_drivers = None         | (MultiStrOpt) List of drivers to send notifications (DEPRE-CATED).                                                                                                        |
| notification_driver = []             | (MultiStrOpt) Driver or drivers to handle sending notifications.                                                                                                          |
| notification_topics = notifications  | (ListOpt) AMQP topic used for OpenStack notifications.                                                                                                                    |
| transport_url = None                 | (StrOpt) A URL representing the messaging driver to use and its full configuration. If not set, we fall back to the rpc_backend option and driver specific configuration. |

### **Table 10.31. Description of RPC configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                      |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                                                  |
| engine_life_check_timeout = 2        | (IntOpt) RPC timeout for the engine liveness check that is used for stack locking.               |
| matchmaker_heartbeat_freq = 300      | (IntOpt) Heartbeat frequency.                                                                    |
| matchmaker_heartbeat_ttl = 600       | (IntOpt) Heartbeat time-to-live.                                                                 |
| rpc_backend = rabbit                 | (StrOpt) The messaging driver to use, defaults to rabbit.<br>Other drivers include qpid and zmq. |
| rpc_cast_timeout = 30                | (IntOpt) Seconds to wait before a cast expires (TTL). Only supported by impl_zmq.                |
| rpc_conn_pool_size = 30              | (IntOpt) Size of RPC connection pool.                                                            |
| rpc_response_timeout = 60            | (IntOpt) Seconds to wait for a response from a call.                                             |
| rpc_thread_pool_size = 64            | (IntOpt) Size of RPC greenthread pool.                                                           |

### Table 10.32. Description of notification configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description          |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                      |
| onready = None                       | (StrOpt) Deprecated. |

# New, updated and deprecated options in Juno for Orchestration

### Table 10.33. New options

| Option = default value                                         | (Type) Help string                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT] action_retry_limit = 5                               | (IntOpt) Number of times to retry to bring a resource to a non-error state. Set to 0 to disable retries.                                                                                                                                   |
| [DEFAULT] cloud_backend = heat.engine.clients.OpenStackClients | (StrOpt) Fully qualified class name to use as a client backend.                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [DEFAULT] enable_cloud_watch_lite = True                       | (BoolOpt) Enable the legacy OS::Heat::CWLiteAlarm resource.                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [DEFAULT] enable_stack_abandon = False                         | (BoolOpt) Enable the preview Stack Abandon feature.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [DEFAULT] enable_stack_adopt = False                           | (BoolOpt) Enable the preview Stack Adopt feature.                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [DEFAULT] kombu_reconnect_delay = 1.0                          | (FloatOpt) How long to wait before reconnecting in response to an AMQP consumer cancel notification.                                                                                                                                       |
| [DEFAULT] loadbalancer_template = None                         | (StrOpt) Custom template for the built-in loadbalancer nested stack.                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [DEFAULT] num_engine_workers = 1                               | (IntOpt) Number of heat-engine processes to fork and run.                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [DEFAULT] qpid_receiver_capacity = 1                           | (IntOpt) The number of prefetched messages held by receiver.                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [DEFAULT] rabbit_login_method = AMQPLAIN                       | (StrOpt) the RabbitMQ login method                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| [DEFAULT] stack_user_domain_id = None                          | (StrOpt) Keystone domain ID which contains heat template-defined users. If this option is set, stack_user_domain_name option will be ignored.                                                                                              |
| [DEFAULT] stack_user_domain_name = None                        | (StrOpt) Keystone domain name which contains heat template-defined users. If `stack_user_domain_id` option is set, this option is ignored.                                                                                                 |
| [DEFAULT] transport_url = None                                 | (StrOpt) A URL representing the messaging driver to use and its full configuration. If not set, we fall back to the rpc_backend option and driver specific configuration.                                                                  |
| [DEFAULT] use_syslog_rfc_format = False                        | (BoolOpt) (Optional) Enables or disables syslog rfc5424 format for logging. If enabled, prefixes the MSG part of the syslog message with APP-NAME (RFC5424). The format without the APP-NAME is deprecated in I, and will be removed in J. |
| [clients_cinder] http_log_debug = False                        | (BoolOpt) Allow client's debug log output.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [clients_glance] ca_file = None                                | (StrOpt) Optional CA cert file to use in SSL connections.                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [clients_glance] cert_file = None                              | (StrOpt) Optional PEM-formatted certificate chain file.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [clients_glance] endpoint_type = publicURL                     | (StrOpt) Type of endpoint in Identity service catalog to use for communication with the OpenStack service.                                                                                                                                 |
| [clients_glance] insecure = False                              | (BoolOpt) If set, then the server's certificate will not be verified.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [clients_glance] key_file = None                               | (StrOpt) Optional PEM-formatted file that contains the private key.                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [clients_nova] http_log_debug = False                          | (BoolOpt) Allow client's debug log output.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [database] db_inc_retry_interval = True                        | (BoolOpt) If True, increases the interval between database connection retries up to db_max_retry_interval.                                                                                                                                 |
| [database] db_max_retries = 20                                 | (IntOpt) Maximum database connection retries before error is raised. Set to -1 to specify an infinite retry count.                                                                                                                         |
| [database] db_max_retry_interval = 10                          | (IntOpt) If db_inc_retry_interval is set, the maximum seconds between database connection retries.                                                                                                                                         |

| Option = default value                                    | (Type) Help string                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [database] db_retry_interval = 1                          | (IntOpt) Seconds between database connection retries.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [database] mysql_sql_mode = TRADITIONAL                   | (StrOpt) The SQL mode to be used for MySQL sessions. This option, including the default, overrides any server-set SQL mode. To use whatever SQL mode is set by the server configuration, set this to no value. Example: mysql_sql_mode=                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [database] sqlite_db = oslo.sqlite                        | (StrOpt) The file name to use with SQLite.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [database] sqlite_synchronous = True                      | (BoolOpt) If True, SQLite uses synchronous mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [database] use_db_reconnect = False                       | (BoolOpt) Enable the experimental use of database reconnect on connection lost.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [keystone_authtoken] check_revocations_for_cached = False | (BoolOpt) If true, the revocation list will be checked for cached tokens. This requires that PKI tokens are configured on the Keystone server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [keystone_authtoken] hash_algorithms = md5                | (ListOpt) Hash algorithms to use for hashing PKI tokens. This may be a single algorithm or multiple. The algorithms are those supported by Python standard hashlib.new(). The hashes will be tried in the order given, so put the preferred one first for performance. The result of the first hash will be stored in the cache. This will typically be set to multiple values only while migrating from a less secure algorithm to a more secure one. Once all the old tokens are expired this option should be set to a single value for better performance. |
| [keystone_authtoken] identity_uri = None                  | (StrOpt) Complete admin Identity API endpoint. This should specify the unversioned root endpoint e.g. https://localhost:35357/                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

### Table 10.34. New default values

| Option                                     | Previous default value                                                                           | New default value                                                                                                                                                   |                        |
|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| [DEFAULT] control_exchange                 | heat                                                                                             | openstack                                                                                                                                                           |                        |
| [DEFAULT] default_log_levels               | amqp=WARN, amqplib=WARN,<br>boto=WARN, qpid=WARN,<br>sqlalchemy=WARN, suds=INFO,<br>iso8601=WARN | amqp=WARN, amqplib=WARN,<br>boto=WARN, qpid=WARN,<br>sqlalchemy=WARN, suds=INFO,<br>oslo.messaging=INFO,<br>iso8601=WARN,<br>requests.packages.urllib3.connectionpo | ool=Warn               |
| [DEFAULT] list_notifier_drivers            | ['heat.openstack.common.notifier.no_o                                                            | opsl <u>o</u> mmoetifier']                                                                                                                                          |                        |
| [DEFAULT] rpc_zmq_matchmaker               | heat.openstack.common.rpc.matchma                                                                | k <b>eslMatessMgike</b> r. <b>Ldcaler.sst</b> natchmaker.N                                                                                                          | latch Maker Local host |
| [database] connection                      | sqlite:////usr/lib/python/site-pack-<br>ages/heat/heat/openstack/com-<br>mon/db/\$sqlite_db      | None                                                                                                                                                                |                        |
| [database] slave_connection                |                                                                                                  | None                                                                                                                                                                |                        |
| [keystone_authtoken] revocation_cache_time | 300                                                                                              | 10                                                                                                                                                                  |                        |

### **Table 10.35. Deprecated options**

| Deprecated option           | New Option                     |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT] db_backend        | [database] backend             |
| [DEFAULT] stack_user_domain | [DEFAULT] stack_user_domain_id |
| [rpc_notifier2] topics      | [DEFAULT] notification_topics  |

# 11. Telemetry

## **Table of Contents**

The Telemetry service collects measurements within OpenStack. Its various agents and services are configured in the /etc/ceilometer/ceilometer.conf file.

To install Telemetry, see the *OpenStack Installation Guide* for your distribution (docs.openstack.org).

The following tables provide a comprehensive list of the Telemetry configuration options.

#### **Table 11.1. Description of alarm configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value               | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [alarm]                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| evaluation_interval = 60                           | (IntOpt) Period of evaluation cycle, should be >= than configured pipeline interval for collection of underlying metrics.                                                                                                                           |
| notifier_rpc_topic = alarm_notifier                | (StrOpt) The topic that ceilometer uses for alarm notifier messages.                                                                                                                                                                                |
| partition_rpc_topic = alarm_partition_coordination | (StrOpt) The topic that ceilometer uses for alarm partition coordination messages. DEPRECATED: RPC-based partitionedalarm evaluation service will be removed in Kilo in favour of the default alarm evaluation service using tooz for partitioning. |
| project_alarm_quota = None                         | (IntOpt) Maximum number of alarms defined for a project.                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| record_history = True                              | (BoolOpt) Record alarm change events.                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| rest_notifier_certificate_file =                   | (StrOpt) SSL Client certificate for REST notifier.                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| rest_notifier_certificate_key =                    | (StrOpt) SSL Client private key for REST notifier.                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| rest_notifier_max_retries = 0                      | (IntOpt) Number of retries for REST notifier                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| rest_notifier_ssl_verify = True                    | (BoolOpt) Whether to verify the SSL Server certificate when calling alarm action.                                                                                                                                                                   |
| user_alarm_quota = None                            | (IntOpt) Maximum number of alarms defined for a user.                                                                                                                                                                                               |

### Table 11.2. Description of AMQP configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                                                                                           |
| amqp_auto_delete = False             | (BoolOpt) Auto-delete queues in amqp.                                                                                                     |
| amqp_durable_queues = False          | (BoolOpt) Use durable queues in amqp.                                                                                                     |
| control_exchange = openstack         | (StrOpt) The default exchange under which topics are scoped. May be overridden by an exchange name specified in the transport_url option. |
| notification_driver = []             | (MultiStrOpt) Driver or drivers to handle sending notifications.                                                                          |
| notification_topics = notifications  | (ListOpt) AMQP topic used for OpenStack notifications.                                                                                    |

juno

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| transport_url = None                 | (StrOpt) A URL representing the messaging driver to use and its full configuration. If not set, we fall back to the rpc_backend option and driver specific configuration. |

### **Table 11.3. Description of API configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value    | Description                                                                                                                    |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                               | ·                                                                                                                              |
| api_paste_config = api_paste.ini        | (StrOpt) Configuration file for WSGI definition of API.                                                                        |
| pipeline_cfg_file = pipeline.yaml       | (StrOpt) Configuration file for pipeline definition.                                                                           |
| policy_default_rule = default           | (StrOpt) Default rule. Enforced when a requested rule is not found.                                                            |
| policy_file = policy.json               | (StrOpt) The JSON file that defines policies.                                                                                  |
| reserved_metadata_length = 256          | (IntOpt) Limit on length of reserved metadata values.                                                                          |
| reserved_metadata_namespace = metering. | (ListOpt) List of metadata prefixes reserved for metering use.                                                                 |
| [api]                                   |                                                                                                                                |
| enable_reverse_dns_lookup = False       | (BoolOpt) Set it to False if your environment does not need or have dns server, otherwise it will delay the response from api. |
| host = 0.0.0.0                          | (StrOpt) The listen IP for the ceilometer API server.                                                                          |
| pecan_debug = False                     | (BoolOpt) Toggle Pecan Debug Middleware. Defaults to global debug value.                                                       |
| port = 8777                             | (IntOpt) The port for the ceilometer API server.                                                                               |

### **Table 11.4. Description of authorization configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value     | Description                                                                                                |
|------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [service_credentials]                    |                                                                                                            |
| insecure = False                         | (BoolOpt) Disables X.509 certificate validation when an SSL connection to Identity Service is established. |
| os_auth_url = http://localhost:5000/v2.0 | (StrOpt) Auth URL to use for OpenStack service access.                                                     |
| os_cacert = None                         | (StrOpt) Certificate chain for SSL validation.                                                             |
| os_endpoint_type = publicURL             | (StrOpt) Type of endpoint in Identity service catalog to use for communication with OpenStack services.    |
| os_password = admin                      | (StrOpt) Password to use for OpenStack service access.                                                     |
| os_region_name = None                    | (StrOpt) Region name to use for OpenStack service endpoints.                                               |
| os_tenant_id =                           | (StrOpt) Tenant ID to use for OpenStack service access.                                                    |
| os_tenant_name = admin                   | (StrOpt) Tenant name to use for OpenStack service access.                                                  |
| os_username = ceilometer                 | (StrOpt) User name to use for OpenStack service access.                                                    |

### Table 11.5. Description of authorization token configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [keystone_authtoken]                 |                                                                                                                                                                           |
| admin_password = None                | (StrOpt) Keystone account password                                                                                                                                        |
| admin_tenant_name = admin            | (StrOpt) Keystone service account tenant name to validate user tokens                                                                                                     |
| admin_token = None                   | (StrOpt) This option is deprecated and may be removed in a future release. Single shared secret with the Keystone configuration used for bootstrapping a Keystone instal- |

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                      | lation, or otherwise bypassing the normal authentication process. This option should not be used, use `admin_user` and `admin_password` instead.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| admin_user = None                    | (StrOpt) Keystone account username                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| auth_admin_prefix =                  | (StrOpt) Prefix to prepend at the beginning of the path. Deprecated, use identity_uri.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| auth_host = 127.0.0.1                | (StrOpt) Host providing the admin Identity API endpoint. Deprecated, use identity_uri.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| auth_port = 35357                    | (IntOpt) Port of the admin Identity API endpoint. Deprecated, use identity_uri.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| auth_protocol = https                | (StrOpt) Protocol of the admin Identity API endpoint (http or https). Deprecated, use identity_uri.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| auth_uri = None                      | (StrOpt) Complete public Identity API endpoint                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| auth_version = None                  | (StrOpt) API version of the admin Identity API endpoint                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| cache = None                         | (StrOpt) Env key for the swift cache                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| cafile = None                        | (StrOpt) A PEM encoded Certificate Authority to use when verifying HTTPs connections. Defaults to system CAs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| certfile = None                      | (StrOpt) Required if Keystone server requires client certificate                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| check_revocations_for_cached = False | (BoolOpt) If true, the revocation list will be checked for cached tokens. This requires that PKI tokens are configured on the Keystone server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| delay_auth_decision = False          | (BoolOpt) Do not handle authorization requests within<br>the middleware, but delegate the authorization decision<br>to downstream WSGI components                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| enforce_token_bind = permissive      | (StrOpt) Used to control the use and type of token binding. Can be set to: "disabled" to not check token binding. "permissive" (default) to validate binding information if the bind type is of a form known to the server and ignore it if not. "strict" like "permissive" but if the bind type is unknown the token will be rejected. "required" any form of token binding is needed to be allowed. Finally the name of a binding method that must be present in tokens.                                                                                     |
| hash_algorithms = md5                | (ListOpt) Hash algorithms to use for hashing PKI tokens. This may be a single algorithm or multiple. The algorithms are those supported by Python standard hashlib.new(). The hashes will be tried in the order given, so put the preferred one first for performance. The result of the first hash will be stored in the cache. This will typically be set to multiple values only while migrating from a less secure algorithm to a more secure one. Once all the old tokens are expired this option should be set to a single value for better performance. |
| http_connect_timeout = None          | (BoolOpt) Request timeout value for communicating with Identity API server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| http_request_max_retries = 3         | (IntOpt) How many times are we trying to reconnect when communicating with Identity API Server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| identity_uri = None                  | (StrOpt) Complete admin Identity API endpoint. This should specify the unversioned root endpoint e.g. https://localhost:35357/                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| include_service_catalog = True       | (BoolOpt) (optional) indicate whether to set the X-Service-Catalog header. If False, middleware will not ask for service catalog on token validation and will not set the X-Service-Catalog header.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| insecure = False                     | (BoolOpt) Verify HTTPS connections.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

ounc - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

| Configuration option = Default value       | Description                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                  |                                                                                                                                                                       |
| collector_workers = 1                      | (IntOpt) Number of workers for collector service. A single collector is enabled by default.                                                                           |
| [collector]                                |                                                                                                                                                                       |
| requeue_sample_on_dispatcher_error = False | (BoolOpt) Requeue the sample on the collector sample queue when the collector fails to dispatch it. This is only valid if the sample come from the notifier publisher |
| udp_address = 0.0.0.0                      | (StrOpt) Address to which the UDP socket is bound. Set to an empty string to disable.                                                                                 |
| udp_port = 4952                            | (IntOpt) Port to which the UDP socket is bound.                                                                                                                       |
| [dispatcher_file]                          |                                                                                                                                                                       |
| backup_count = 0                           | (IntOpt) The max number of the files to keep.                                                                                                                         |
| file_path = None                           | (StrOpt) Name and the location of the file to record meters.                                                                                                          |
| max_bytes = 0                              | (IntOpt) The max size of the file.                                                                                                                                    |

### **Table 11.7. Description of common configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            | ,                                                                                                                                                             |
| host = localhost                     | (StrOpt) Name of this node, which must be valid in an AMQP key. Can be an opaque identifier. For ZeroMQ only, must be a valid host name, FQDN, or IP address. |
| lock_path = None                     | (StrOpt) Directory to use for lock files.                                                                                                                     |
| memcached_servers = None             | (ListOpt) Memcached servers or None for in process cache.                                                                                                     |
| notification_workers = 1             | (IntOpt) Number of workers for notification service. A single notification agent is enabled by default.                                                       |

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

### Table 11.8. Description of database configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                        |  |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                                                                    |  |
| database_connection = None           | (StrOpt) DEPRECATED - Database connection string.                                                                  |  |
| [database]                           |                                                                                                                    |  |
| alarm_connection = None              | (StrOpt) The connection string used to connect to the alarm database. (if unset, connection is used)               |  |
| backend = sqlalchemy                 | (StrOpt) The back end to use for the database.                                                                     |  |
| connection = None                    | (StrOpt) The SQLAlchemy connection string to use to connect to the database.                                       |  |
| connection_debug = 0                 | (IntOpt) Verbosity of SQL debugging information: 0=None, 100=Everything.                                           |  |
| connection_trace = False             | (BoolOpt) Add Python stack traces to SQL as comment strings.                                                       |  |
| db_inc_retry_interval = True         | (BoolOpt) If True, increases the interval between database connection retries up to db_max_retry_interval.         |  |
| db_max_retries = 20                  | (IntOpt) Maximum database connection retries before error is raised. Set to -1 to specify an infinite retry count. |  |
| db_max_retry_interval = 10           | (IntOpt) If db_inc_retry_interval is set, the maximum seconds between database connection retries.                 |  |
| db_retry_interval = 1                | (IntOpt) Seconds between database connection retries.                                                              |  |
| idle_timeout = 3600                  | (IntOpt) Timeout before idle SQL connections are reaped.                                                           |  |
| max_overflow = None                  | (IntOpt) If set, use this value for max_overflow with SQLAlchemy.                                                  |  |
| max_pool_size = None                 | (IntOpt) Maximum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool.                                                 |  |
| max_retries = 10                     | (IntOpt) Maximum db connection retries during startup.<br>Set to -1 to specify an infinite retry count.            |  |

uno - Juno 
| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| metering_connection = None           | (StrOpt) The connection string used to connect to the meteting database. (if unset, connection is used)                                                                                                                                 |
| min_pool_size = 1                    | (IntOpt) Minimum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| mysql_sql_mode = TRADITIONAL         | (StrOpt) The SQL mode to be used for MySQL sessions. This option, including the default, overrides any server-set SQL mode. To use whatever SQL mode is set by the server configuration, set this to no value. Example: mysql_sql_mode= |
| pool_timeout = None                  | (IntOpt) If set, use this value for pool_timeout with SQLAlchemy.                                                                                                                                                                       |
| retry_interval = 10                  | (IntOpt) Interval between retries of opening a SQL connection.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| slave_connection = None              | (StrOpt) The SQLAlchemy connection string to use to connect to the slave database.                                                                                                                                                      |
| sqlite_db = oslo.sqlite              | (StrOpt) The file name to use with SQLite.                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| sqlite_synchronous = True            | (BoolOpt) If True, SQLite uses synchronous mode.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| time_to_live = -1                    | (IntOpt) Number of seconds that samples are kept in the database for (<= 0 means forever).                                                                                                                                              |
| use_db_reconnect = False             | (BoolOpt) Enable the experimental use of database reconnect on connection lost.                                                                                                                                                         |
| use_tpool = False                    | (BoolOpt) Enable the experimental use of thread pooling for all DB API calls                                                                                                                                                            |

### **Table 11.9. Description of logging configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| backdoor_port = None                 | (StrOpt) Enable eventlet backdoor. Acceptable values are 0, <port>, and <start>:<end>, where 0 results in listening on a random tcp port number; <port> results in listening on the specified port number (and not enabling backdoor if that port is in use); and <start>:<end> results in listening on the smallest unused port number within the specified range of port numbers. The chosen port is displayed in the service's log file.</end></start></port></end></start></port> |
| disable_process_locking = False      | (BoolOpt) Enables or disables inter-process locks.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| nova_http_log_debug = False          | (BoolOpt) Allow novaclient's debug log output.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

### **Table 11.10. Description of events configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value          | Description                                                                                                            |  |
|-----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| [event]                                       |                                                                                                                        |  |
| definitions_cfg_file = event_definitions.yaml | (StrOpt) Configuration file for event definitions.                                                                     |  |
| drop_unmatched_notifications = False          | (BoolOpt) Drop notifications if no event definition matches. (Otherwise, we convert them with just the default traits) |  |
| [notification]                                |                                                                                                                        |  |
| ack_on_event_error = True                     | (BoolOpt) Acknowledge message when event persistence fails.                                                            |  |
| store_events = False                          | (BoolOpt) Save event details.                                                                                          |  |

### **Table 11.11. Description of exchange configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value                             | Description                                               |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                                        |                                                           |
| cinder_control_exchange = cinder                                 | (StrOpt) Exchange name for Cinder notifications.          |
| glance_control_exchange = glance                                 | (StrOpt) Exchange name for Glance notifications.          |
| heat_control_exchange = heat                                     | (StrOpt) Exchange name for Heat notifications             |
| http_control_exchanges = ['nova', 'glance', 'neutron', 'cinder'] | (MultiStrOpt) Exchanges name to listen for notifications. |
| ironic_exchange = ironic                                         | (StrOpt) Exchange name for Ironic notifications.          |
| keystone_control_exchange = keystone                             | (StrOpt) Exchange name for Keystone notifications.        |
| neutron_control_exchange = neutron                               | (StrOpt) Exchange name for Neutron notifications.         |
| nova_control_exchange = nova                                     | (StrOpt) Exchange name for Nova notifications.            |
| sahara_control_exchange = sahara                                 | (StrOpt) Exchange name for Data Processing notifications  |
| sample_source = openstack                                        | (StrOpt) Source for samples emitted on this instance.     |
| trove_control_exchange = trove                                   | (StrOpt) Exchange name for DBaaS notifications            |

### **Table 11.12. Description of glance configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| glance_page_size = 0                 | (IntOpt) Number of items to request in each paginated Glance API request (parameter used by glancecelient). If this is less than or equal to 0, page size is not specified (default value in glanceclient is used). |

### Table 11.13. Description of inspector configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                     |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                                 |
| hypervisor_inspector = libvirt       | (StrOpt) Inspector to use for inspecting the hypervisor layer.                  |
| libvirt_type = kvm                   | (StrOpt) Libvirt domain type (valid options are: kvm, lxc, qemu, uml, xen).     |
| libvirt_uri =                        | (StrOpt) Override the default libvirt URI (which is dependent on libvirt_type). |

### **Table 11.14. Description of IPMI configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                               |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [ipmi]                               |                                                                           |
| node_manager_init_retry = 3          | (IntOpt) Number of retries upon Intel Node Manager initialization failure |

### **Table 11.15. Description of logging configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value                                                                                                                                              | Description                                                                                      |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                  |
| debug = False                                                                                                                                                                     | (BoolOpt) Print debugging output (set logging level to DE-BUG instead of default WARNING level). |
| default_log_levels = amqp=WARN, amqplib=WARN, boto=WARN, qpid=WARN, sqlalchemy=WARN, suds=INFO, oslo.messaging=INFO, iso8601=WARN, requests.packages.urllib3.connectionpool=WARN, | (ListOpt) List of logger=LEVEL pairs.                                                            |

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

| Configuration option = Default value                                                                                                                             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| urllib3.connectionpool=WARN, websocket=WARN, keystonemiddleware=WARN, routes.middleware=WARN, stevedore=WARN                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| fatal_deprecations = False                                                                                                                                       | (BoolOpt) Enables or disables fatal status of deprecations.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| fatal_exception_format_errors = False                                                                                                                            | (BoolOpt) Make exception message format errors fatal                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| instance_format = "[instance: %(uuid)s] "                                                                                                                        | (StrOpt) The format for an instance that is passed with the log message.                                                                                                                                                                           |
| instance_name_template = instance-%08x                                                                                                                           | (StrOpt) Template string to be used to generate instance names                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| instance_usage_audit_period = month                                                                                                                              | (StrOpt) Time period to generate instance usages for.<br>Time period must be hour, day, month or year                                                                                                                                              |
| instance_uuid_format = "[instance: %(uuid)s] "                                                                                                                   | (StrOpt) The format for an instance UUID that is passed with the log message.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| log_config_append = None                                                                                                                                         | (StrOpt) The name of a logging configuration file. This file is appended to any existing logging configuration files. For details about logging configuration files, see the Python logging module documentation.                                  |
| log_date_format = %Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S                                                                                                                              | (StrOpt) Format string for %%(asctime)s in log records. Default: %(default)s .                                                                                                                                                                     |
| log_dir = None                                                                                                                                                   | (StrOpt) (Optional) The base directory used for relative – log-file paths.                                                                                                                                                                         |
| log_file = None                                                                                                                                                  | (StrOpt) (Optional) Name of log file to output to. If no default is set, logging will go to stdout.                                                                                                                                                |
| log_format = None                                                                                                                                                | (StrOpt) DEPRECATED. A logging.Formatter log message format string which may use any of the available logging.LogRecord attributes. This option is deprecated. Please use logging_context_format_string and logging_default_format_string instead. |
| logging_context_format_string = %(asctime)s.<br>%(msecs)03d %(process)d %(levelname)s %(name)s<br>[%(request_id)s %(user_identity)s] %(instance)s<br>%(message)s | (StrOpt) Format string to use for log messages with context.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| logging_debug_format_suffix = %(funcName)s<br>%(pathname)s:%(lineno)d                                                                                            | (StrOpt) Data to append to log format when level is DE-BUG.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| logging_default_format_string = %(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d %(process)d %(levelname)s %(name)s [-] %(instance)s %(message)s                                          | (StrOpt) Format string to use for log messages without context.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| logging_exception_prefix = %(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d<br>%(process)d TRACE %(name)s %(instance)s                                                                    | (StrOpt) Prefix each line of exception output with this format.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| publish_errors = False                                                                                                                                           | (BoolOpt) Enables or disables publication of error events.                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| syslog_log_facility = LOG_USER                                                                                                                                   | (StrOpt) Syslog facility to receive log lines.                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| use_stderr = True                                                                                                                                                | (BoolOpt) Log output to standard error.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| use_syslog = False                                                                                                                                               | (BoolOpt) Use syslog for logging. Existing syslog format is DEPRECATED during I, and will change in J to honor RFC5424.                                                                                                                            |
| use_syslog_rfc_format = False                                                                                                                                    | (BoolOpt) (Optional) Enables or disables syslog rfc5424 format for logging. If enabled, prefixes the MSG part of the syslog message with APP-NAME (RFC5424). The format without the APP-NAME is deprecated in I, and will be removed in J.         |
| verbose = False                                                                                                                                                  | (BoolOpt) Print more verbose output (set logging level to INFO instead of default WARNING level).                                                                                                                                                  |

juno

Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

| Configuration option = Default value                                                                                                | Description                                                    |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                                                                                                           |                                                                |
| enable_new_services = True                                                                                                          | (BoolOpt) Services to be added to the available pool on create |
| monkey_patch = False                                                                                                                | (BoolOpt) Whether to log monkey patching                       |
| monkey_patch_modules = nova.api.ec2.cloud:nova.notifications.notify_decorator, nova.compute.api:nova.notifications.notify_decorator | (ListOpt) List of modules/decorators to monkey patch           |
| network_api_class = nova.network.api.API                                                                                            | (StrOpt) The full class name of the network API class to use   |
| password_length = 12                                                                                                                | (IntOpt) Length of generated instance admin passwords          |
| snapshot_name_template = snapshot-%s                                                                                                | (StrOpt) Template string to be used to generate snapshonames   |

| Configuration option = Default value                      | Description                                                                                                                         |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [cells]                                                   |                                                                                                                                     |
| bandwidth_update_interval = 600                           | (IntOpt) Seconds between bandwidth updates for cells.                                                                               |
| call_timeout = 60                                         | (IntOpt) Seconds to wait for response from a call to a cell.                                                                        |
| capabilities = hypervisor=xenserver;kvm, os=linux;windows | (ListOpt) Key/Multi-value list with the capabilities of the cell                                                                    |
| cell_type = compute                                       | (StrOpt) Type of cell: api or compute                                                                                               |
| enable = False                                            | (BoolOpt) Enable cell functionality                                                                                                 |
| manager = nova.cells.manager.CellsManager                 | (StrOpt) Manager for cells                                                                                                          |
| mute_child_interval = 300                                 | (IntOpt) Number of seconds after which a lack of capability and capacity updates signals the child cell is to be treated as a mute. |
| name = nova                                               | (StrOpt) Name of this cell                                                                                                          |
| reserve_percent = 10.0                                    | (FloatOpt) Percentage of cell capacity to hold in reserve. Affects both memory and disk utilization                                 |
| topic = cells                                             | (StrOpt) The topic cells nodes listen on                                                                                            |
| [upgrade_levels]                                          |                                                                                                                                     |
| cells = None                                              | (StrOpt) Set a version cap for messages sent to local cells services                                                                |

### **Table 11.18. Description of Qpid configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value     | Description                                                    |
|------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                |                                                                |
| qpid_heartbeat = 60                      | (IntOpt) Seconds between connection keepalive heart-<br>beats. |
| qpid_hostname = localhost                | (StrOpt) Qpid broker hostname.                                 |
| qpid_hosts = \$qpid_hostname:\$qpid_port | (ListOpt) Qpid HA cluster host:port pairs.                     |
| qpid_password =                          | (StrOpt) Password for Qpid connection.                         |
| qpid_port = 5672                         | (IntOpt) Qpid broker port.                                     |
| qpid_protocol = tcp                      | (StrOpt) Transport to use, either 'tcp' or 'ssl'.              |
| qpid_receiver_capacity = 1               | (IntOpt) The number of prefetched messages held by receiver.   |

uno - Juno 
| Configuration option = Default value       | Description                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                  |                                                                                                                                                  |
| kombu_reconnect_delay = 1.0                | (FloatOpt) How long to wait before reconnecting in response to an AMQP consumer cancel notification.                                             |
| kombu_ssl_ca_certs =                       | (StrOpt) SSL certification authority file (valid only if SSL enabled).                                                                           |
| kombu_ssl_certfile =                       | (StrOpt) SSL cert file (valid only if SSL enabled).                                                                                              |
| kombu_ssl_keyfile =                        | (StrOpt) SSL key file (valid only if SSL enabled).                                                                                               |
| kombu_ssl_version =                        | (StrOpt) SSL version to use (valid only if SSL enabled). valid values are TLSv1, SSLv23 and SSLv3. SSLv2 may be available on some distributions. |
| rabbit_ha_queues = False                   | (BoolOpt) Use HA queues in RabbitMQ (x-ha-policy: all). If you change this option, you must wipe the RabbitMQ database.                          |
| rabbit_host = localhost                    | (StrOpt) The RabbitMQ broker address where a single node is used.                                                                                |
| rabbit_hosts = \$rabbit_host:\$rabbit_port | (ListOpt) RabbitMQ HA cluster host:port pairs.                                                                                                   |
| rabbit_login_method = AMQPLAIN             | (StrOpt) the RabbitMQ login method                                                                                                               |
| rabbit_max_retries = 0                     | (IntOpt) Maximum number of RabbitMQ connection retries. Default is 0 (infinite retry count).                                                     |
| rabbit_password = guest                    | (StrOpt) The RabbitMQ password.                                                                                                                  |
| rabbit_port = 5672                         | (IntOpt) The RabbitMQ broker port where a single node is used.                                                                                   |
| rabbit_retry_backoff = 2                   | (IntOpt) How long to backoff for between retries when connecting to RabbitMQ.                                                                    |
| rabbit_retry_interval = 1                  | (IntOpt) How frequently to retry connecting with Rabbit-MQ.                                                                                      |
| rabbit_use_ssl = False                     | (BoolOpt) Connect over SSL for RabbitMQ.                                                                                                         |
| rabbit_userid = guest                      | (StrOpt) The RabbitMQ userid.                                                                                                                    |
| rabbit_virtual_host = /                    | (StrOpt) The RabbitMQ virtual host.                                                                                                              |

### Table 11.20. Description of Redis configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                      |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| [matchmaker_redis]                   | ·                                                |
| host = 127.0.0.1                     | (StrOpt) Host to locate redis.                   |
| password = None                      | (StrOpt) Password for Redis server (optional).   |
| port = 6379                          | (IntOpt) Use this port to connect to redis host. |
| [matchmaker_ring]                    |                                                  |

| Configuration option = Default value      | Description                           |
|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| ringfile = /etc/oslo/matchmaker_ring.json | (StrOpt) Matchmaker ring file (JSON). |

### Table 11.21. Description of rootwrap configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value                                     | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| filters_path = /etc/ceilometer/rootwrap.d,/usr/share/ceilometer/rootwrap | List of directories to load filter definitions from (separated by ','). These directories MUST all be only writeable by root!                                                                                                                          |
| exec_dirs = /sbin,/usr/sbin,/bin,/usr/bin                                | List of directories to search executables in, in case filters<br>do not explicitely specify a full path (separated by ',') If not<br>specified, defaults to system PATH environment variable.<br>These directories MUST all be only writeable by root! |
| use_syslog = False                                                       | Enable logging to syslog Default value is False                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| syslog_log_facility = syslog                                             | Which syslog facility to use. Valid values include auth, authpriv, syslog, user0, user1 Default value is 'syslog'                                                                                                                                      |
| syslog_log_level = ERROR                                                 | Which messages to log. INFO means log all usage ERROR means only log unsuccessful attempts                                                                                                                                                             |

## **Table 11.22. Description of RPC configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value       | Description                                                                                                                                                                    |  |
|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| [DEFAULT]                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                |  |
| dispatcher = ['database']                  | (MultiStrOpt) Dispatcher to process data.                                                                                                                                      |  |
| matchmaker_heartbeat_freq = 300            | (IntOpt) Heartbeat frequency.                                                                                                                                                  |  |
| matchmaker_heartbeat_ttl = 600             | (IntOpt) Heartbeat time-to-live.                                                                                                                                               |  |
| rpc_backend = rabbit                       | (StrOpt) The messaging driver to use, defaults to rabbit.<br>Other drivers include qpid and zmq.                                                                               |  |
| rpc_cast_timeout = 30                      | (IntOpt) Seconds to wait before a cast expires (TTL). Only supported by impl_zmq.                                                                                              |  |
| rpc_conn_pool_size = 30                    | (IntOpt) Size of RPC connection pool.                                                                                                                                          |  |
| rpc_response_timeout = 60                  | (IntOpt) Seconds to wait for a response from a call.                                                                                                                           |  |
| rpc_thread_pool_size = 64                  | (IntOpt) Size of RPC greenthread pool.                                                                                                                                         |  |
| [notification]                             |                                                                                                                                                                                |  |
| messaging_urls = []                        | (MultiStrOpt) Messaging URLs to listen for notifications.<br>Example: transport://user:pass@host1:port[,hostN:portN]/<br>virtual_host (DEFAULT/transport_url is used if empty) |  |
| [publisher]                                |                                                                                                                                                                                |  |
| metering_secret = change this or be hacked | (StrOpt) Secret value for signing metering messages.                                                                                                                           |  |
| [publisher_notifier]                       |                                                                                                                                                                                |  |
| metering_driver = messagingv2              | (StrOpt) The driver that ceilometer uses for metering notifications.                                                                                                           |  |
| metering_topic = metering                  | (StrOpt) The topic that ceilometer uses for metering notifications.                                                                                                            |  |
| [publisher_rpc]                            |                                                                                                                                                                                |  |
| metering_topic = metering                  | (StrOpt) The topic that ceilometer uses for metering messages.                                                                                                                 |  |

### Table 11.23. Description of service types configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| [service_types]                      |             |

uno - Juno 
| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                                                           |
| reseller_prefix = AUTH_              | (StrOpt) Swift reseller prefix. Must be on par with reseller_prefix in proxy-server.conf. |

### **Table 11.25. Description of testing configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                        |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                            |                                                    |
| fake_rabbit = False                  | (BoolOpt) If passed, use a fake RabbitMQ provider. |

### **Table 11.26. Description of TripleO configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                   |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| [hardware]                           |                                                               |
| readonly_user_name = ro_snmp_user    | (StrOpt) SNMPd user name of all nodes running in the cloud.   |
| readonly_user_password = password    | (StrOpt) SNMPd password of all the nodes running in the cloud |
| url_scheme = snmp://                 | (StrOpt) URL scheme to use for hardware nodes                 |

### **Table 11.27. Description of VMware configuration options**

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [vmware]                             | ·                                                                                                                                                               |
| api_retry_count = 10                 | (IntOpt) Number of times a VMware Vsphere API must be retried                                                                                                   |
| host_ip =                            | (StrOpt) IP address of the VMware Vsphere host                                                                                                                  |
| host_password =                      | (StrOpt) Password of VMware Vsphere                                                                                                                             |
| host_username =                      | (StrOpt) Username of VMware Vsphere                                                                                                                             |
| task_poll_interval = 0.5             | (FloatOpt) Sleep time in seconds for polling an ongoing async task                                                                                              |
| wsdl_location = None                 | (StrOpt) Optional vim service WSDL location e.g http://<br><server>/vimService.wsdl. Optional over-ride to default lo-<br/>cation for bug work-arounds</server> |

### Table 11.28. Description of XenAPI configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value | Description                                                      |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [xenapi]                             |                                                                  |
| connection_password = None           | (StrOpt) Password for connection to XenServer/Xen Cloud Platform |
| connection_url = None                | (StrOpt) URL for connection to XenServer/Xen Cloud Platform      |

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

### Table 11.29. Description of ZeroMQ configuration options

| Configuration option = Default value                                     | Description                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT]                                                                |                                                                                                                                                  |
| rpc_zmq_bind_address = *                                                 | (StrOpt) ZeroMQ bind address. Should be a wildcard (*), an ethernet interface, or IP. The "host" option should point or resolve to this address. |
| rpc_zmq_contexts = 1                                                     | (IntOpt) Number of ZeroMQ contexts, defaults to 1.                                                                                               |
| rpc_zmq_host = localhost                                                 | (StrOpt) Name of this node. Must be a valid hostname, FQDN, or IP address. Must match "host" option, if running Nova.                            |
| rpc_zmq_ipc_dir = /var/run/openstack                                     | (StrOpt) Directory for holding IPC sockets.                                                                                                      |
| rpc_zmq_matchmaker = oslo.messagingdrivers.matchmaker.MatchMakerLocalhos | (StrOpt) MatchMaker driver.                                                                                                                      |
| rpc_zmq_port = 9501                                                      | (IntOpt) ZeroMQ receiver listening port.                                                                                                         |
| rpc_zmq_topic_backlog = None                                             | (IntOpt) Maximum number of ingress messages to locally buffer per topic. Default is unlimited.                                                   |

# **Telemetry sample configuration files**

All the files in this section can be found in the /etc/ceilometer/ directory.

### ceilometer.conf

The configuration for the Telemetry services and agents is found in the ceilometer.conf file.

This file must be modified after installation.

```
[DEFAULT]
 Options defined in ceilometer.middleware
# Exchanges name to listen for notifications. (multi valued)
#http_control_exchanges=nova
#http_control_exchanges=glance
#http_control_exchanges=neutron
#http_control_exchanges=cinder
# Options defined in ceilometer.pipeline
# Configuration file for pipeline definition. (string value)
#pipeline_cfg_file=pipeline.yaml
```

```
# Options defined in ceilometer.sample
# Source for samples emitted on this instance. (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/counter_source
#sample_source=openstack
# Options defined in ceilometer.service
# Name of this node, which must be valid in an AMQP key. Can
# be an opaque identifier. For ZeroMQ only, must be a valid
# host name, FQDN, or IP address. (string value)
#host=ceilometer
# Dispatcher to process data. (multi valued)
#dispatcher=database
# Number of workers for collector service. A single
# collector is enabled by default. (integer value)
#collector_workers=1
# Number of workers for notification service. A single
# notification agent is enabled by default. (integer value)
#notification_workers=1
# Options defined in ceilometer.api.app
# The strategy to use for auth: noauth or keystone. (string
# value)
#auth_strategy=keystone
# Deploy the deprecated v1 API. (boolean value)
#enable_v1_api=true
# Options defined in ceilometer.compute.notifications
# Exchange name for Nova notifications. (string value)
#nova_control_exchange=nova
# Options defined in ceilometer.compute.util
# List of metadata prefixes reserved for metering use. (list
# value)
#reserved_metadata_namespace=metering.
# Limit on length of reserved metadata values. (integer value)
```

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

```
#reserved_metadata_length=256
# Options defined in ceilometer.compute.virt.inspector
# Inspector to use for inspecting the hypervisor layer.
# (string value)
#hypervisor_inspector=libvirt
# Options defined in ceilometer.compute.virt.libvirt.inspector
# Libvirt domain type (valid options are: kvm, lxc, qemu, uml,
# xen). (string value)
#libvirt_type=kvm
# Override the default libvirt URI (which is dependent on
# libvirt_type). (string value)
#libvirt_uri=
# Options defined in ceilometer.image.notifications
# Exchange name for Glance notifications. (string value)
#glance_control_exchange=glance
# Options defined in ceilometer.network.notifications
# Exchange name for Neutron notifications. (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/quantum_control_exchange
#neutron_control_exchange=neutron
# Options defined in ceilometer.objectstore.swift
# Swift reseller prefix. Must be on par with reseller_prefix
# in proxy-server.conf. (string value)
#reseller_prefix=AUTH_
# Options defined in ceilometer.openstack.common.db.sqlalchemy.session
# The file name to use with SQLite (string value)
#sqlite_db=ceilometer.sqlite
# If True, SQLite uses synchronous mode (boolean value)
#sqlite_synchronous=true
```

ence

```
# Options defined in ceilometer.openstack.common.eventlet_backdoor
# Enable eventlet backdoor. Acceptable values are 0, <port>,
# and <start>:<end>, where 0 results in listening on a random
# tcp port number; <port> results in listening on the
# specified port number (and not enabling backdoor if that
# port is in use); and <start>:<end> results in listening on
# the smallest unused port number within the specified range
# of port numbers. The chosen port is displayed in the
# service's log file. (string value)
#backdoor_port=<None>
# Options defined in ceilometer.openstack.common.lockutils
# Whether to disable inter-process locks. (boolean value)
#disable_process_locking=false
# Directory to use for lock files. (string value)
#lock_path=<None>
# Options defined in ceilometer.openstack.common.log
# Print debugging output (set logging level to DEBUG instead
# of default WARNING level). (boolean value)
#debug=false
# Print more verbose output (set logging level to INFO instead
# of default WARNING level). (boolean value)
#verbose=false
# Log output to standard error (boolean value)
#use_stderr=true
# Format string to use for log messages with context (string
#logging_context_format_string=%(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d %(process)d
%(levelname)s %(name)s [%(request_id)s %(user_identity)s] %(instance)s
# Format string to use for log messages without context
# (string value)
#logging_default_format_string=%(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d %(process)d
%(levelname)s %(name)s [-] %(instance)s%(message)s
# Data to append to log format when level is DEBUG (string
# value)
#logging_debug_format_suffix=%(funcName)s %(pathname)s:%(lineno)d
# Prefix each line of exception output with this format
# (string value)
```

```
uno - Juno ```

```
#logging_exception_prefix=%(asctime)s.%(msecs)03d %(process)d TRACE %(name)s
%(instance)s
# List of logger=LEVEL pairs (list value)
#default_log_levels=amqp=WARN,amqplib=WARN,boto=WARN,qpid=WARN,sqlalchemy=
WARN, suds=INFO, iso8601=WARN, requests.packages.urllib3.connectionpool=WARN
# Publish error events (boolean value)
#publish_errors=false
# Make deprecations fatal (boolean value)
#fatal_deprecations=false
# If an instance is passed with the log message, format it
# like this (string value)
#instance_format="[instance: %(uuid)s] "
# If an instance UUID is passed with the log message, format
# it like this (string value)
#instance_uuid_format="[instance: %(uuid)s] "
# The name of logging configuration file. It does not disable
# existing loggers, but just appends specified logging
# configuration to any other existing logging options. Please
# see the Python logging module documentation for details on
# logging configuration files. (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/log_config
#log_config_append=<None>
# DEPRECATED. A logging. Formatter log message format string
# which may use any of the available logging.LogRecord
# attributes. This option is deprecated. Please use
# logging_context_format_string and
# logging_default_format_string instead. (string value)
#log_format=<None>
# Format string for %%(asctime)s in log records. Default:
# %(default)s (string value)
#log_date_format=%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S
# (Optional) Name of log file to output to. If no default is
# set, logging will go to stdout. (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/logfile
#log_file=<None>
# (Optional) The base directory used for relative --log-file
# paths (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/logdir
#log_dir=<None>
# Use syslog for logging. Existing syslog format is DEPRECATED
# during I, and then will be changed in J to honor RFC5424
# (boolean value)
#use_syslog=false
# (Optional) Use syslog rfc5424 format for logging. If
# enabled, will add APP-NAME (RFC5424) before the MSG part of
# the syslog message. The old format without APP-NAME is
# deprecated in I, and will be removed in J. (boolean value)
#use_syslog_rfc_format=false
```

```
# Syslog facility to receive log lines (string value)
#syslog_log_facility=LOG_USER
# Options defined in ceilometer.openstack.common.middleware.sizelimit
# The maximum body size per request, in bytes (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/osapi_max_request_body_size
#max_request_body_size=114688
# Options defined in ceilometer.openstack.common.notifier.api
# Driver or drivers to handle sending notifications (multi
# valued)
#notification driver=
# Default notification level for outgoing notifications
# (string value)
#default_notification_level=INFO
# Default publisher_id for outgoing notifications (string
# value)
#default_publisher_id=<None>
# Options defined in ceilometer.openstack.common.notifier.rpc_notifier
# AMQP topic used for OpenStack notifications (list value)
#notification_topics=notifications
# Options defined in ceilometer.openstack.common.policy
# JSON file containing policy (string value)
#policy_file=policy.json
# Rule enforced when requested rule is not found (string
# value)
#policy_default_rule=default
# Options defined in ceilometer.openstack.common.rpc
# The messaging module to use, defaults to kombu. (string
# value)
#rpc_backend=ceilometer.openstack.common.rpc.impl_kombu
# Size of RPC thread pool (integer value)
```

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

```
#rpc_thread_pool_size=64
# Size of RPC connection pool (integer value)
#rpc_conn_pool_size=30
# Seconds to wait for a response from call or multicall
# (integer value)
#rpc_response_timeout=60
# Seconds to wait before a cast expires (TTL). Only supported
# by impl_zmq. (integer value)
#rpc_cast_timeout=30
# Modules of exceptions that are permitted to be recreated
# upon receiving exception data from an rpc call. (list value)
#allowed_rpc_exception_modules=nova.exception,cinder.exception,exceptions
# If passed, use a fake RabbitMQ provider (boolean value)
#fake_rabbit=false
# AMQP exchange to connect to if using RabbitMQ or Qpid
# (string value)
#control_exchange=openstack
# Options defined in ceilometer.openstack.common.rpc.amqp
# Use durable queues in amp. (boolean value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/rabbit_durable_queues
#amqp_durable_queues=false
# Auto-delete queues in amqp. (boolean value)
#amqp_auto_delete=false
# Options defined in ceilometer.openstack.common.rpc.impl_kombu
# If SSL is enabled, the SSL version to use. Valid values are
# TLSv1, SSLv23 and SSLv3. SSLv2 might be available on some
# distributions. (string value)
#kombu_ssl_version=
# SSL key file (valid only if SSL enabled) (string value)
#kombu_ssl_keyfile=
# SSL cert file (valid only if SSL enabled) (string value)
#kombu_ssl_certfile=
# SSL certification authority file (valid only if SSL enabled)
# (string value)
#kombu_ssl_ca_certs=
# The RabbitMQ broker address where a single node is used
# (string value)
#rabbit_host=localhost
```

```
# The RabbitMQ broker port where a single node is used
# (integer value)
#rabbit_port=5672
# RabbitMQ HA cluster host:port pairs (list value)
#rabbit_hosts=$rabbit_host:$rabbit_port
# Connect over SSL for RabbitMQ (boolean value)
#rabbit_use_ssl=false
# The RabbitMQ userid (string value)
#rabbit_userid=guest
# The RabbitMQ password (string value)
#rabbit_password=guest
# The RabbitMQ virtual host (string value)
#rabbit_virtual_host=/
# How frequently to retry connecting with RabbitMQ (integer
# value)
#rabbit_retry_interval=1
# How long to backoff for between retries when connecting to
# RabbitMQ (integer value)
#rabbit_retry_backoff=2
# Maximum number of RabbitMQ connection retries. Default is 0
# (infinite retry count) (integer value)
#rabbit_max_retries=0
# Use HA queues in RabbitMQ (x-ha-policy: all). If you change
# this option, you must wipe the RabbitMQ database. (boolean
# value)
#rabbit_ha_queues=false
# Options defined in ceilometer.openstack.common.rpc.impl_qpid
# Qpid broker hostname (string value)
#qpid_hostname=localhost
# Qpid broker port (integer value)
#qpid_port=5672
# Qpid HA cluster host:port pairs (list value)
#qpid_hosts=$qpid_hostname:$qpid_port
# Username for gpid connection (string value)
#qpid_username=
# Password for qpid connection (string value)
#qpid_password=
# Space separated list of SASL mechanisms to use for auth
# (string value)
#qpid_sasl_mechanisms=
```

```
uno - Juno                 # Seconds between connection keepalive heartbeats (integer
                # value)
                #qpid_heartbeat=60
                # Transport to use, either 'tcp' or 'ssl' (string value)
                #qpid_protocol=tcp
                # Disable Nagle algorithm (boolean value)
                #qpid_tcp_nodelay=true
                # The qpid topology version to use. Version 1 is what was
                # originally used by impl_qpid. Version 2 includes some
                # backwards-incompatible changes that allow broker federation
                # to work. Users should update to version 2 when they are
                # able to take everything down, as it requires a clean break.
                 # (integer value)
                #qpid_topology_version=1
                # Options defined in ceilometer.openstack.common.rpc.impl_zmq
                # ZeroMQ bind address. Should be a wildcard (*), an ethernet
                # interface, or IP. The "host" option should point or resolve
                # to this address. (string value)
                #rpc_zmq_bind_address=*
                # MatchMaker driver (string value)
                #rpc_zmq_matchmaker=ceilometer.openstack.common.rpc.matchmaker.
                MatchMakerLocalhost
                # ZeroMQ receiver listening port (integer value)
                #rpc_zmq_port=9501
                # Number of ZeroMQ contexts, defaults to 1 (integer value)
                #rpc_zmq_contexts=1
                # Maximum number of ingress messages to locally buffer per
                # topic. Default is unlimited. (integer value)
                #rpc_zmq_topic_backlog=<None>
                # Directory for holding IPC sockets (string value)
                #rpc_zmq_ipc_dir=/var/run/openstack
                # Name of this node. Must be a valid hostname, FQDN, or IP
                # address. Must match "host" option, if running Nova. (string
                # value)
                #rpc_zmq_host=ceilometer
                # Options defined in ceilometer.openstack.common.rpc.matchmaker
                # Heartbeat frequency (integer value)
                #matchmaker_heartbeat_freq=300
                # Heartbeat time-to-live. (integer value)
                #matchmaker_heartbeat_ttl=600
```

```
ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno
```

```
# Options defined in ceilometer.orchestration.notifications
# Exchange name for Heat notifications (string value)
#heat_control_exchange=heat
# Options defined in ceilometer.storage
# DEPRECATED - Database connection string. (string value)
#database_connection=<None>
# Options defined in ceilometer.storage.sqlalchemy.models
# MySQL engine to use. (string value)
#mysql_engine=InnoDB
# Options defined in ceilometer.volume.notifications
# Exchange name for Cinder notifications. (string value)
#cinder_control_exchange=cinder
[alarm]
# Options defined in ceilometer.cli
# Class to launch as alarm evaluation service. (string value)
#evaluation_service=ceilometer.alarm.service.SingletonAlarmService
# Options defined in ceilometer.alarm.notifier.rest
# SSL Client certificate for REST notifier. (string value)
#rest_notifier_certificate_file=
# SSL Client private key for REST notifier. (string value)
#rest_notifier_certificate_key=
# Whether to verify the SSL Server certificate when calling
# alarm action. (boolean value)
#rest_notifier_ssl_verify=true
```

uno - Juno 
```
OpenStack Configuration Refer-
                                                                                     juno
         # Options defined in ceilometer.alarm.rpc
         # The topic that ceilometer uses for alarm notifier messages.
         # (string value)
         #notifier_rpc_topic=alarm_notifier
         # The topic that ceilometer uses for alarm partition
         # coordination messages. (string value)
         #partition_rpc_topic=alarm_partition_coordination
         # Options defined in ceilometer.alarm.service
         # Period of evaluation cycle, should be >= than configured
         # pipeline interval for collection of underlying metrics.
         # (integer value)
         # Deprecated group/name - [alarm]/threshold_evaluation_interval
         #evaluation_interval=60
         # Options defined in ceilometer.api.controllers.v2
         # Record alarm change events. (boolean value)
         #record_history=true
         [api]
         # Options defined in ceilometer.api
         # The port for the ceilometer API server. (integer value)
         # Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/metering_api_port
         #port=8777
         # The listen IP for the ceilometer API server. (string value)
         #host=0.0.0.0
         [collector]
         # Options defined in ceilometer.collector
         # Address to which the UDP socket is bound. Set to an empty
         # string to disable. (string value)
         #udp_address=0.0.0.0
         # Port to which the UDP socket is bound. (integer value)
         #udp_port=4952
         [database]
                                           624
```

```
uno - Juno ```

```
# Options defined in ceilometer.openstack.common.db.api
# The backend to use for db (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/db_backend
#backend=sqlalchemy
# Options defined in ceilometer.openstack.common.db.sqlalchemy.session
# The SQLAlchemy connection string used to connect to the
# database (string value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_connection
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sql_connection
# Deprecated group/name - [sql]/connection
#connection=sqlite:///ceilometer/openstack/common/db/$sqlite_db
# The SQLAlchemy connection string used to connect to the
# slave database (string value)
#slave_connection=
# Timeout before idle sql connections are reaped (integer
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_idle_timeout
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sql_idle_timeout
# Deprecated group/name - [sql]/idle_timeout
#idle_timeout=3600
# Minimum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool
# (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_min_pool_size
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sql_min_pool_size
#min_pool_size=1
# Maximum number of SQL connections to keep open in a pool
# (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_max_pool_size
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sql_max_pool_size
#max_pool_size=<None>
# Maximum db connection retries during startup. (setting -1
# implies an infinite retry count) (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_max_retries
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sql_max_retries
#max_retries=10
# Interval between retries of opening a sql connection
# (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_retry_interval
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/reconnect_interval
#retry_interval=10
# If set, use this value for max_overflow with sqlalchemy
# (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_max_overflow
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sqlalchemy_max_overflow
```

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

```
#max_overflow=<None>
# Verbosity of SQL debugging information. 0=None,
# 100=Everything (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_connection_debug
#connection_debug=0
# Add python stack traces to SQL as comment strings (boolean
# value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/sql_connection_trace
#connection_trace=false
# If set, use this value for pool_timeout with sqlalchemy
# (integer value)
# Deprecated group/name - [DATABASE]/sqlalchemy_pool_timeout
#pool_timeout=<None>
# Options defined in ceilometer.storage
# Number of seconds that samples are kept in the database for
# (<= 0 means forever). (integer value)
#time_to_live=-1
[dispatcher_file]
# Options defined in ceilometer.dispatcher.file
# Name and the location of the file to record meters. (string
# value)
#file_path=<None>
# The max size of the file. (integer value)
#max_bytes=0
# The max number of the files to keep. (integer value)
#backup_count=0
[event]
# Options defined in ceilometer.event.converter
# Configuration file for event definitions. (string value)
#definitions_cfg_file=event_definitions.yaml
# Drop notifications if no event definition matches.
# (Otherwise, we convert them with just the default traits)
# (boolean value)
#drop_unmatched_notifications=false
[keystone_authtoken]
```

juno

```
uno - Juno ```

```
# Options defined in keystoneclient.middleware.auth_token
# Prefix to prepend at the beginning of the path (string
# value)
#auth_admin_prefix=
# Host providing the admin Identity API endpoint (string
# value)
#auth_host=127.0.0.1
# Port of the admin Identity API endpoint (integer value)
#auth_port=35357
# Protocol of the admin Identity API endpoint(http or https)
# (string value)
#auth_protocol=https
# Complete public Identity API endpoint (string value)
#auth_uri=<None>
# API version of the admin Identity API endpoint (string
# value)
#auth_version=<None>
# Do not handle authorization requests within the middleware,
# but delegate the authorization decision to downstream WSGI
# components (boolean value)
#delay_auth_decision=false
# Request timeout value for communicating with Identity API
# server. (boolean value)
#http_connect_timeout=<None>
# How many times are we trying to reconnect when communicating
# with Identity API Server. (integer value)
#http_request_max_retries=3
# Allows to pass in the name of a fake http_handler callback
# function used instead of httplib.HTTPConnection or
# httplib.HTTPSConnection. Useful for unit testing where
# network is not available. (string value)
#http_handler=<None>
# Single shared secret with the Keystone configuration used
# for bootstrapping a Keystone installation, or otherwise
# bypassing the normal authentication process. (string value)
#admin_token=<None>
# Keystone account username (string value)
#admin_user=<None>
# Keystone account password (string value)
#admin_password=<None>
# Keystone service account tenant name to validate user tokens
# (string value)
#admin_tenant_name=admin
```

```
uno - Juno ```

```
# Env key for the swift cache (string value)
#cache=<None>
# Required if Keystone server requires client certificate
# (string value)
#certfile=<None>
# Required if Keystone server requires client certificate
# (string value)
#keyfile=<None>
# A PEM encoded Certificate Authority to use when verifying
# HTTPS connections. Defaults to system CAs. (string value)
#cafile=<None>
# Verify HTTPS connections. (boolean value)
#insecure=false
# Directory used to cache files related to PKI tokens (string
# value)
#signing_dir=<None>
# If defined, the memcache server(s) to use for caching (list
# Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/memcache_servers
#memcached_servers=<None>
# In order to prevent excessive requests and validations, the
# middleware uses an in-memory cache for the tokens the
# Keystone API returns. This is only valid if memcache_servers
# is defined. Set to -1 to disable caching completely.
# (integer value)
#token_cache_time=300
# Value only used for unit testing (integer value)
#revocation_cache_time=1
# (optional) if defined, indicate whether token data should be
# authenticated or authenticated and encrypted. Acceptable
# values are MAC or ENCRYPT. If MAC, token data is
# authenticated (with HMAC) in the cache. If ENCRYPT, token
# data is encrypted and authenticated in the cache. If the
# value is not one of these options or empty, auth_token will
# raise an exception on initialization. (string value)
#memcache_security_strategy=<None>
# (optional, mandatory if memcache_security_strategy is
# defined) this string is used for key derivation. (string
# value)
#memcache_secret_key=<None>
# (optional) indicate whether to set the X-Service-Catalog
# header. If False, middleware will not ask for service
# catalog on token validation and will not set the X-Service-
# Catalog header. (boolean value)
#include_service_catalog=true
# Used to control the use and type of token binding. Can be
# set to: "disabled" to not check token binding. "permissive"
```

```
ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno
                 # (default) to validate binding information if the bind type
                 # is of a form known to the server and ignore it if not.
                 # "strict" like "permissive" but if the bind type is unknown
                 # the token will be rejected. "required" any form of token
                 # binding is needed to be allowed. Finally the name of a
                 # binding method that must be present in tokens. (string
                 # value)
                 #enforce_token_bind=permissive
                 [matchmaker_redis]
                 # Options defined in ceilometer.openstack.common.rpc.matchmaker_redis
                 # Host to locate redis (string value)
                 #host=127.0.0.1
                 # Use this port to connect to redis host. (integer value)
                 #port=6379
                 # Password for Redis server. (optional) (string value)
                 #password=<None>
                 [matchmaker_ring]
                 # Options defined in ceilometer.openstack.common.rpc.matchmaker_ring
                 # Matchmaker ring file (JSON) (string value)
                 # Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/matchmaker_ringfile
                 #ringfile=/etc/oslo/matchmaker_ring.json
                 [notification]
                 # Options defined in ceilometer.notification
                 # Acknowledge message when event persistence fails. (boolean
                 # value)
                 #ack_on_event_error=true
                 # Save event details. (boolean value)
                 #store_events=false
                 [publisher]
                 # Options defined in ceilometer.publisher.utils
                 # Secret value for signing metering messages. (string value)
                 # Deprecated group/name - [DEFAULT]/metering_secret
                 # Deprecated group/name - [publisher_rpc]/metering_secret
   629
```

uno - Juno 
```
OpenStack Configuration Refer-
                                    December 8, 2015
         #metering_secret=change this or be hacked
         [publisher_rpc]
         # Options defined in ceilometer.publisher.rpc
         # The topic that ceilometer uses for metering messages.
         # (string value)
         #metering_topic=metering
         [rpc_notifier2]
         # Options defined in ceilometer.openstack.common.notifier.rpc_notifier2
         # AMQP topic(s) used for OpenStack notifications (list value)
         #topics=notifications
         [service_credentials]
         # Options defined in ceilometer.service
         # User name to use for OpenStack service access. (string
         # value)
         #os_username=ceilometer
         # Password to use for OpenStack service access. (string value)
         #os_password=admin
         # Tenant ID to use for OpenStack service access. (string
         # value)
         #os_tenant_id=
         # Tenant name to use for OpenStack service access. (string
         # value)
         #os_tenant_name=admin
         # Certificate chain for SSL validation. (string value)
         #os_cacert=<None>
         # Auth URL to use for OpenStack service access. (string value)
         #os_auth_url=http://localhost:5000/v2.0
         # Region name to use for OpenStack service endpoints. (string
         # value)
         #os_region_name=<None>
         # Type of endpoint in Identity service catalog to use for
         # communication with OpenStack services. (string value)
         #os_endpoint_type=publicURL
         # Disables X.509 certificate validation when an SSL connection
   630
```

```
# to Identity Service is established. (boolean value)
#insecure=false
[ssl]
# Options defined in ceilometer.openstack.common.sslutils
# CA certificate file to use to verify connecting clients
# (string value)
#ca file=<None>
# Certificate file to use when starting the server securely
# (string value)
#cert_file=<None>
# Private key file to use when starting the server securely
# (string value)
#key_file=<None>
[vmware]
# Options defined in ceilometer.compute.virt.vmware.inspector
# IP address of the VMware Vsphere host (string value)
#host_ip=
# Username of VMware Vsphere (string value)
#host_username=
# Password of VMware Vsphere (string value)
#host_password=
# Number of times a VMware Vsphere API must be retried
# (integer value)
#api_retry_count=10
# Sleep time in seconds for polling an ongoing async task
# (floating point value)
#task_poll_interval=0.5
```

#### event\_definitions.yaml

The event\_definitions.yaml file defines how events received from other OpenStack components should be translated to Telemetry samples.

You should not need to modify this file.

```
---
- event_type: compute.instance.*
traits: &instance_traits
```

```
tenant_id:
    fields: payload.tenant_id
  user_id:
    fields: payload.user_id
  instance_id:
    fields: payload.instance_id
   fields: publisher_id
   plugin:
      name: split
      parameters:
        segment: 1
        max_split: 1
  service:
    fields: publisher_id
    plugin: split
  memory_mb:
    type: int
    fields: payload.memory_mb
  disk_gb:
    type: int
    fields: payload.disk_gb
  root_gb:
    type: int
    fields: payload.root_gb
  ephemeral_gb:
    type: int
    fields: payload.ephemeral_gb
    type: int
    fields: payload.vcpus
  instance_type_id:
    type: int
    fields: payload.instance_type_id
  instance_type:
    fields: payload.instance_type
  state:
    fields: payload.state
  os_architecture:
    fields: payload.image_meta.'org.openstack__1_architecture'
  os_version:
    fields: payload.image_meta.'org.openstack__1_os_version'
  os distro:
    fields: payload.image_meta.'org.openstack__1__os_distro'
  launched_at:
    type: datetime
    fields: payload.launched_at
  deleted_at:
    type: datetime
    fields: payload.deleted_at
event_type: compute.instance.exists
traits:
  <<: *instance_traits
  audit_period_beginning:
   type: datetime
    fields: payload.audit_period_beginning
  audit_period_ending:
    type: datetime
    fields: payload.audit_period_ending
```

no - Juno 
#### pipeline.yaml

Pipelines describe a coupling between sources of samples and the corresponding sinks for transformation and publication of the data. They are defined in the pipeline.yaml file.

You should not need to modify this file.

```
sources:
    - name: meter_source
     interval: 600
     meters:
     sinks:
         - meter_sink
    - name: cpu_source
     interval: 600
     meters:
         - "cpu"
     sinks:
         - cpu_sink
    - name: disk_source
     interval: 600
     meters:
         - "disk.read.bytes"
          - "disk.read.requests"
          - "disk.write.bytes"
          - "disk.write.requests"
     sinks:
         - disk_sink
    - name: network_source
     interval: 600
     meters:
         - "network.incoming.bytes"
          - "network.incoming.packets"
          - "network.outgoing.bytes"
          - "network.outgoing.packets"
     sinks:
          - network_sink
sinks:
   - name: meter_sink
     transformers:
     publishers:
          - notifier://
   - name: cpu_sink
      transformers:
          - name: "rate_of_change"
            parameters:
                target:
                    name: "cpu_util"
                    unit: "%"
                    type: "gauge"
                    scale: "100.0 / (10**9 * (resource_metadata.cpu_number or
1))"
     publishers:
         - notifier://
    - name: disk_sink
     transformers:
          - name: "rate_of_change"
```

```
oun - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno
```

```
parameters:
           source:
               map_from:
                   name: "disk\\.(read|write)\\.(bytes|requests)"
                    unit: "(B|request)"
           target:
               map_to:
                   name: "disk.\\1.\\2.rate"
                   unit: "\1/s"
                type: "gauge"
 publishers:
     - notifier://
- name: network_sink
 transformers:
     - name: "rate_of_change"
       parameters:
           source:
              map_from:
                  name: "network\\.(incoming|outgoing)\\.(bytes|packets)"
                  unit: "(B|packet)"
            target:
               map_to:
                    name: "network.\\1.\\2.rate"
                   unit: "\1/s"
                type: "gauge"
 publishers:
     - notifier://
```

## policy.json

The policy. json file defines additional access controls that apply to the Telemetry service.

```
{
    "context_is_admin": [["role:admin"]]
}
```

# New, updated and deprecated options in Juno for Telemetry

#### Table 11.30. New options

| Option = default value                           | (Type) Help string                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [DEFAULT] api_paste_config = api_paste.ini       | (StrOpt) Configuration file for WSGI definition of API.                                                                                                                                                             |
| [DEFAULT] enable_new_services = True             | (BoolOpt) Services to be added to the available pool on create                                                                                                                                                      |
| [DEFAULT] fatal_exception_format_errors = False  | (BoolOpt) Make exception message format errors fatal                                                                                                                                                                |
| [DEFAULT] glance_page_size = 0                   | (IntOpt) Number of items to request in each paginated Glance API request (parameter used by glancecelient). If this is less than or equal to 0, page size is not specified (default value in glanceclient is used). |
| [DEFAULT] instance_name_template = instance-%08x | (StrOpt) Template string to be used to generate instance names                                                                                                                                                      |
| [DEFAULT] instance_usage_audit_period = month    | (StrOpt) Time period to generate instance usages for.<br>Time period must be hour, day, month or year                                                                                                               |

| Ometica - default value                                                                                                                       | (Tuna) Hala string                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Option = default value                                                                                                                        | (Type) Help string                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [DEFAULT] ironic_exchange = ironic                                                                                                            | (StrOpt) Exchange name for Ironic notifications.                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [DEFAULT] keystone_control_exchange = keystone                                                                                                | (StrOpt) Exchange name for Keystone notifications.                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [DEFAULT] monkey_patch = False                                                                                                                | (BoolOpt) Whether to log monkey patching                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [DEFAULT] monkey_patch_modules = nova.api.ec2.cloud:nova.notifications.notify_decorator, nova.compute.api:nova.notifications.notify_decorator | (ListOpt) List of modules/decorators to monkey patch                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [DEFAULT] network_api_class = nova.network.api.API                                                                                            | (StrOpt) The full class name of the network API class to use                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| [DEFAULT] nova_http_log_debug = False                                                                                                         | (BoolOpt) Allow novaclient's debug log output.                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [DEFAULT] password_length = 12                                                                                                                | (IntOpt) Length of generated instance admin passwords                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [DEFAULT] qpid_receiver_capacity = 1                                                                                                          | (IntOpt) The number of prefetched messages held by receiver.                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| [DEFAULT] rabbit_login_method = AMQPLAIN                                                                                                      | (StrOpt) the RabbitMQ login method                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [DEFAULT] rootwrap_config = /etc/ceilome-<br>ter/rootwrap.conf                                                                                | (StrOpt) Path to the rootwrap configuration file touse for running commands as root                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [DEFAULT] sahara_control_exchange = sahara                                                                                                    | (StrOpt) Exchange name for Data Processing notifications                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [DEFAULT] snapshot_name_template = snapshot-%s                                                                                                | (StrOpt) Template string to be used to generate snapshot names                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [DEFAULT] transport_url = None                                                                                                                | (StrOpt) A URL representing the messaging driver to use and its full configuration. If not set, we fall back to the rpc_backend option and driver specific configuration.                                                                                            |
| [DEFAULT] trove_control_exchange = trove                                                                                                      | (StrOpt) Exchange name for DBaaS notifications                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [alarm] project_alarm_quota = None                                                                                                            | (IntOpt) Maximum number of alarms defined for a project.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [alarm] rest_notifier_max_retries = 0                                                                                                         | (IntOpt) Number of retries for REST notifier                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| [alarm] user_alarm_quota = None                                                                                                               | (IntOpt) Maximum number of alarms defined for a user.                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [api] enable_reverse_dns_lookup = False                                                                                                       | (BoolOpt) Set it to False if your environment does not need or have dns server, otherwise it will delay the response from api.                                                                                                                                       |
| [api] pecan_debug = False                                                                                                                     | (BoolOpt) Toggle Pecan Debug Middleware. Defaults to global debug value.                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [central] partitioning_group_prefix = None                                                                                                    | (StrOpt) Work-load partitioning group prefix. Use only if you want to run multiple central agents with different config files. For each sub-group of the central agent pool with the same partitioning_group_prefix a disjoint subset of pollsters should be loaded. |
| [collector] requeue_sample_on_dispatcher_error = False                                                                                        | (BoolOpt) Requeue the sample on the collector sample queue when the collector fails to dispatch it. This is only valid if the sample come from the notifier publisher                                                                                                |
| [compute] workload_partitioning = False                                                                                                       | (BoolOpt) Enable work-load partitioning, allowing multiple compute agents to be run simultaneously.                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [coordination] backend_url = None                                                                                                             | (StrOpt) The backend URL to use for distributed coordination. If left empty, per-deployment central agent and perhost compute agent won't do workload partitioning and will only function correctly if a single instance of that service is running.                 |
| [coordination] heartbeat = 1.0                                                                                                                | (FloatOpt) Number of seconds between heartbeats for distributed coordination (float)                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [database] alarm_connection = None                                                                                                            | (StrOpt) The connection string used to connect to the alarm database. (if unset, connection is used)                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [database] db_inc_retry_interval = True                                                                                                       | (BoolOpt) If True, increases the interval between database connection retries up to db_max_retry_interval.                                                                                                                                                           |

| Option = default value                                    | (Type) Help string                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [database] db_max_retries = 20                            | (IntOpt) Maximum database connection retries before error is raised. Set to -1 to specify an infinite retry count.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [database] db_max_retry_interval = 10                     | (IntOpt) If db_inc_retry_interval is set, the maximum seconds between database connection retries.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [database] db_retry_interval = 1                          | (IntOpt) Seconds between database connection retries.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [database] metering_connection = None                     | (StrOpt) The connection string used to connect to the meteting database. (if unset, connection is used)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [database] mysql_sql_mode = TRADITIONAL                   | (StrOpt) The SQL mode to be used for MySQL sessions. This option, including the default, overrides any server-set SQL mode. To use whatever SQL mode is set by the server configuration, set this to no value. Example: mysql_sql_mode=                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [database] sqlite_db = oslo.sqlite                        | (StrOpt) The file name to use with SQLite.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [database] sqlite_synchronous = True                      | (BoolOpt) If True, SQLite uses synchronous mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [database] use_db_reconnect = False                       | (BoolOpt) Enable the experimental use of database reconnect on connection lost.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [database] use_tpool = False                              | (BoolOpt) Enable the experimental use of thread pooling for all DB API calls                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [hardware] readonly_user_name = ro_snmp_user              | (StrOpt) SNMPd user name of all nodes running in the cloud.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [hardware] readonly_user_password = password              | (StrOpt) SNMPd password of all the nodes running in the cloud                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [hardware] url_scheme = snmp://                           | (StrOpt) URL scheme to use for hardware nodes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [ipmi] node_manager_init_retry = 3                        | (IntOpt) Number of retries upon Intel Node Manager initialization failure                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [keystone_authtoken] check_revocations_for_cached = False | (BoolOpt) If true, the revocation list will be checked for cached tokens. This requires that PKI tokens are configured on the Keystone server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [keystone_authtoken] hash_algorithms = md5                | (ListOpt) Hash algorithms to use for hashing PKI tokens. This may be a single algorithm or multiple. The algorithms are those supported by Python standard hashlib.new(). The hashes will be tried in the order given, so put the preferred one first for performance. The result of the first hash will be stored in the cache. This will typically be set to multiple values only while migrating from a less secure algorithm to a more secure one. Once all the old tokens are expired this option should be set to a single value for better performance. |
| [keystone_authtoken] identity_uri = None                  | (StrOpt) Complete admin Identity API endpoint. This should specify the unversioned root endpoint e.g. https://localhost:35357/                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [notification] messaging_urls = []                        | (MultiStrOpt) Messaging URLs to listen for notifications.<br>Example: transport://user:pass@host1:port[,hostN:portN]/<br>virtual_host (DEFAULT/transport_url is used if empty)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [publisher_notifier] metering_driver = messagingv2        | (StrOpt) The driver that ceilometer uses for metering notifications.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [publisher_notifier] metering_topic = metering            | (StrOpt) The topic that ceilometer uses for metering notifications.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [service_types] glance = image                            | (StrOpt) Glance service type.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [service_types] kwapi = energy                            | (StrOpt) Kwapi service type.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [service_types] neutron = network                         | (StrOpt) Neutron service type.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [service_types] nova = compute                            | (StrOpt) Nova service type.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [service_types] swift = object-store                      | (StrOpt) Swift service type.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

ound - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno - Juno

| Option = default value              | (Type) Help string                                                                                                                                              |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [upgrade_levels] cells = None       | (StrOpt) Set a version cap for messages sent to local cells services                                                                                            |
| [vmware] wsdl_location = None       | (StrOpt) Optional vim service WSDL location e.g http://<br><server>/vimService.wsdl. Optional over-ride to default lo-<br/>cation for bug work-arounds</server> |
| [xenapi] connection_password = None | (StrOpt) Password for connection to XenServer/Xen Cloud Platform                                                                                                |
| [xenapi] connection_url = None      | (StrOpt) URL for connection to XenServer/Xen Cloud Platform                                                                                                     |
| [xenapi] connection_username = root | (StrOpt) Username for connection to XenServer/Xen Cloud Platform                                                                                                |
| [xenapi] login_timeout = 10         | (IntOpt) Timeout in seconds for XenAPI login.                                                                                                                   |

#### Table 11.31. New default values

| Option                                     | Previous default value                                                                                                                      | New default value                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                        |
|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| [DEFAULT] default_log_levels               | amqp=WARN, amqplib=WARN,<br>boto=WARN, qpid=WARN,<br>sqlalchemy=WARN,<br>suds=INFO, iso8601=WARN,<br>requests.packages.urllib3.connectionpo | amqp=WARN, amqplib=WARN, boto=WARN, qpid=WARN, sqlalchemy=WARN, suds=INFO, oslo.messaging=INFO, oslo.messaging=INFO, oslo.messaging=INFO, oslo.messaging=INFO, oslo.messaging=INFO, oslo.messaging=INFO, oslo.messaging=INFO, oslo.messaging=INFO, vequests.packages.urllib3.connectionpourllib3.connectionpourllib3.connectionpool=WARN, websocket=WARN, keystonemiddleware=WARN, routes.middleware=WARN, stevedore=WARN | ol=WARN,               |
| [DEFAULT] rpc_zmq_matchmaker               | ceilometer.openstack.common.rpc.ma                                                                                                          | <mark>ൽടിത്ഷിസങ്ങൾളിയുള്ളിപ്പിർ kivel</mark> co <b>നു</b> attolstmaker. N                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | latch Maker Local host |
| [database] connection                      | sqlite:////usr/lib/python/site-pack-<br>ages/ceilometer/ceilometer/open-<br>stack/common/db/\$sqlite_db                                     | None                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                        |
| [database] slave_connection                |                                                                                                                                             | None                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                        |
| [keystone_authtoken] revocation_cache_time | 300                                                                                                                                         | 10                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                        |

#### **Table 11.32. Deprecated options**

| Deprecated option      | New Option                    |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| [rpc_notifier2] topics | [DEFAULT] notification_topics |

# **Appendix A. Firewalls and default ports**

On some deployments, such as ones where restrictive firewalls are in place, you might need to manually configure a firewall to permit OpenStack service traffic.

To manually configure a firewall, you must permit traffic through the ports that each Open-Stack service uses. This table lists the default ports that each Open-Stack service uses:

Table A.1. Default ports that OpenStack components use

| OpenStack service                                                            | Default ports    | Port type              |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| Block Storage (cinder)                                                       | 8776             | publicurl and adminurl |
| Compute (nova) endpoints                                                     | 8774             | publicurl and adminurl |
| Compute API (nova-api)                                                       | 8773, 8775       |                        |
| Compute ports for access to virtual machine consoles                         | 5900-5999        |                        |
| Compute VNC proxy for browsers (openstack-no-va-novncproxy)                  | 6080             |                        |
| Compute VNC proxy for traditional VNC clients (open-stack-nova-xvpvncproxy)  | 6081             |                        |
| Proxy port for HTML5 console used by Compute service                         | 6082             |                        |
| Identity service (keystone) administrative endpoint                          | 35357            | adminurl               |
| Identity service public endpoint                                             | 5000             | publicurl              |
| Image Service (glance) API                                                   | 9292             | publicurl and adminurl |
| Image Service registry                                                       | 9191             |                        |
| Networking (neutron)                                                         | 9696             | publicurl and adminurl |
| Object Storage (swift)                                                       | 6000, 6001, 6002 |                        |
| Orchestration (heat) endpoint                                                | 8004             | publicurl and adminurl |
| Orchestration AWS CloudFormation-compatible API (openstack-heat-api-cfn)     | 8000             |                        |
| Orchestration AWS CloudWatch-compatible API (open-stack-heat-api-cloudwatch) | 8003             |                        |
| Telemetry (ceilometer)                                                       | 8777             | publicurl and adminurl |

To function properly, some OpenStack components depend on other, non-OpenStack services. For example, the OpenStack dashboard uses HTTP for non-secure communication. In this case, you must configure the firewall to allow traffic to and from HTTP.

This table lists the ports that other OpenStack components use:

Table A.2. Default ports that secondary services related to OpenStack components use

| Service        | Default port | Used by                                                                            |
|----------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| НТТР           | 80           | OpenStack dashboard (Horizon) when it is not configured to use secure access.      |
| HTTP alternate | 8080         | OpenStack Object Storage (swift) service.                                          |
| HTTPS          | 443          | Any OpenStack service that is enabled for SSL, especially secure-access dashboard. |
| rsync          | 873          | OpenStack Object Storage. Required.                                                |
| iSCSI target   | 3260         | OpenStack Block Storage. Required.                                                 |

| Service                       | Default port | Used by                                                          |
|-------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| MySQL database service        | 3306         | Most OpenStack components.                                       |
| Message Broker (AMQP traffic) | 5672         | OpenStack Block Storage, Networking, Orchestration, and Compute. |

On some deployments, the default port used by a service may fall within the defined local port range of a host. To check a host's local port range:

#### \$ sysctl -a | grep ip\_local\_port\_range

If a service's default port falls within this range, run the following program to check if the port has already been assigned to another application:

#### \$ lsof -i :PORT

Configure the service to use a different port if the default port is already being used by another application.

# **Appendix B. Community support**

#### **Table of Contents**

| Documentation (                 | 640 |
|---------------------------------|-----|
| ask.openstack.org (             | 641 |
| OpenStack mailing lists         | 641 |
| The OpenStack wiki              | 642 |
| The Launchpad Bugs area (       | 642 |
| The OpenStack IRC channel       | 643 |
| Documentation feedback          | 643 |
| OpenStack distribution packages | 643 |

The following resources are available to help you run and use OpenStack. The OpenStack community constantly improves and adds to the main features of OpenStack, but if you have any questions, do not hesitate to ask. Use the following resources to get OpenStack support, and troubleshoot your installations.

#### **Documentation**

For the available OpenStack documentation, see docs.openstack.org.

To provide feedback on documentation, join and use the <openstack-docs@lists.openstack.org> mailing list at OpenStack Documentation
Mailing List, or report a bug.

The following books explain how to install an OpenStack cloud and its associated components:

- Installation Guide for Debian 7
- Installation Guide for openSUSE 13.1 and SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11 SP3
- Installation Guide for Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7, CentOS 7, and Fedora 20
- Installation Guide for Ubuntu 14.04

The following books explain how to configure and run an OpenStack cloud:

- Architecture Design Guide
- Cloud Administrator Guide
- Configuration Reference
- Operations Guide
- High Availability Guide

- Security Guide
- Virtual Machine Image Guide

The following books explain how to use the OpenStack dashboard and command-line clients:

- API Quick Start
- End User Guide
- Admin User Guide
- Command-Line Interface Reference

The following documentation provides reference and guidance information for the Open-Stack APIs:

- OpenStack API Complete Reference (HTML)
- API Complete Reference (PDF)
- OpenStack Block Storage Service API v2 Reference
- OpenStack Compute API v2 and Extensions Reference
- OpenStack Identity Service API v2.0 Reference
- OpenStack Image Service API v2 Reference
- OpenStack Networking API v2.0 Reference
- OpenStack Object Storage API v1 Reference

## ask.openstack.org

During the set up or testing of OpenStack, you might have questions about how a specific task is completed or be in a situation where a feature does not work correctly. Use the ask.openstack.org site to ask questions and get answers. When you visit the http://ask.openstack.org site, scan the recently asked questions to see whether your question has already been answered. If not, ask a new question. Be sure to give a clear, concise summary in the title and provide as much detail as possible in the description. Paste in your command output or stack traces, links to screen shots, and any other information which might be useful.

# **OpenStack mailing lists**

A great way to get answers and insights is to post your question or problematic scenario to the OpenStack mailing list. You can learn from and help others who might have similar issues. To subscribe or view the archives, go to <a href="http://lists.openstack.org/cgi-bin/mail-man/listinfo/openstack">http://lists.openstack.org/cgi-bin/mail-man/listinfo/openstack</a>. You might be interested in the other mailing lists for specific projects or development, which you can find on the wiki. A description of all mailing lists is available at <a href="http://wiki.openstack.org/MailingLists">http://wiki.openstack.org/MailingLists</a>.

# The OpenStack wiki

The OpenStack wiki contains a broad range of topics but some of the information can be difficult to find or is a few pages deep. Fortunately, the wiki search feature enables you to search by title or content. If you search for specific information, such as about networking or nova, you can find a large amount of relevant material. More is being added all the time, so be sure to check back often. You can find the search box in the upper-right corner of any OpenStack wiki page.

# The Launchpad Bugs area

The OpenStack community values your set up and testing efforts and wants your feedback. To log a bug, you must sign up for a Launchpad account at <a href="https://launchpad.net/+login">https://launchpad.net/+login</a>. You can view existing bugs and report bugs in the Launchpad Bugs area. Use the search feature to determine whether the bug has already been reported or already been fixed. If it still seems like your bug is unreported, fill out a bug report.

#### Some tips:

- Give a clear, concise summary.
- Provide as much detail as possible in the description. Paste in your command output or stack traces, links to screen shots, and any other information which might be useful.
- Be sure to include the software and package versions that you are using, especially if you are using a development branch, such as, "Juno release" vs git commit bc79c3ecc55929bac585d04a03475b72e06a3208.
- Any deployment-specific information is helpful, such as whether you are using Ubuntu 14.04 or are performing a multi-node installation.

The following Launchpad Bugs areas are available:

- Bugs: OpenStack Block Storage (cinder)
- Bugs: OpenStack Compute (nova)
- Bugs: OpenStack Dashboard (horizon)
- Bugs: OpenStack Identity (keystone)
- Bugs: OpenStack Image Service (glance)
- Bugs: OpenStack Networking (neutron)
- Bugs: OpenStack Object Storage (swift)
- Bugs: Bare Metal (ironic)
- Bugs: Data Processing Service (sahara)
- Bugs: Database Service (trove)

- Bugs: Orchestration (heat)
- Bugs: Telemetry (ceilometer)
- Bugs: Queue Service (marconi)
- Bugs: OpenStack API Documentation (developer.openstack.org)

December 8, 2015

• Bugs: OpenStack Documentation (docs.openstack.org)

# The OpenStack IRC channel

The OpenStack community lives in the #openstack IRC channel on the Freenode network. You can hang out, ask questions, or get immediate feedback for urgent and pressing issues. To install an IRC client or use a browser-based client, go to http://webchat.freenode.net/. You can also use Colloquy (Mac OS X, http://colloquy.info/), mIRC (Windows, http://www.mirc.com/), or XChat (Linux). When you are in the IRC channel and want to share code or command output, the generally accepted method is to use a Paste Bin. The OpenStack project has one at http://paste.openstack.org. Just paste your longer amounts of text or logs in the web form and you get a URL that you can paste into the channel. The OpenStack IRC channel is #openstack on irc.freenode.net. You can find a list of all OpenStack IRC channels at https://wiki.openstack.org/wiki/IRC.

## **Documentation feedback**

To provide feedback on documentation, join and use the <openstack-docs@lists.openstack.org> mailing list at OpenStack Documentation
Mailing List, or report a bug.

# **OpenStack distribution packages**

The following Linux distributions provide community-supported packages for OpenStack:

- Debian: http://wiki.debian.org/OpenStack
- CentOS, Fedora, and Red Hat Enterprise Linux: http://openstack.redhat.com/
- openSUSE and SUSE Linux Enterprise Server: http://en.opensuse.org/Portal:OpenStack
- Ubuntu: https://wiki.ubuntu.com/ServerTeam/CloudArchive