

# Securing TANGO Control System: A brain storming

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# Outline

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Identify scenarios
- 3 Cryptography engineering
- 4 Proposed solutions
- 5 Reference Papers
- 6 Journals & Conferences

# What is an Industrial Control System? (ICS)

## Wikipedia's definition (en)

“It is a general term that encompasses several types of control systems used in industrial production, including *supervisory control and data acquisition* (**SCADA**) systems, *distributed control systems* (**DCS**), and other smaller control system configurations such as *programmable logic controllers* (**PLC**) often found in the industrial sectors and critical infrastructures.”

## What is a Programmable Logic Controllers



Figure: Labview as SCADA example

# What is an SCADA?

## Wikipedia's definition (es)

*"Supervisory Control And Data Acquisition it is a computer software to control and supervise industrial process remotely."*

## Examples of an SCADAs

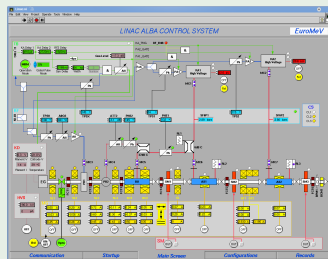


Figure: Labview as SCADA example

# What is an Distributed Control System?

## Wikipedia's definition (en)

a *Distributed Control System* is the computer software for a manufacturing system, process or any kind of dynamic system, in which the controller elements are not central in location (like the brain) but are distributed throughout the system with each component sub-system controlled by one or more controllers.

## What is a distributed system?

Tanenbaum say [1]: *A distributed system is a collection of independent computers that appears to its users as a single coherent system.*

# What is a TANGO? (I)



Figure: Logos of the Tango Consortium Members

# What is a TANGO? (II)

## It's an Distributed Control System

using CORBA as a Middleware (OMNIORB),  
with ØMQ in the event broadcasting.

## What means middleware?

Tanenbaum say [1]: *It is what supports heterogeneous computers and networks while offering a single system view.*



# What is a TANGO? (illl)

## TANGO parts

- TANGO core  $\Rightarrow$  the Middleware
- TANGO Device Servers  $\Rightarrow$  the agents in the DCS

## Device servers, device classes, and devices

**TODO:** *"Draw a nice picture about what those three things are..."*

## What has an Agent (a device)

**TODO:** *"commands, attributes and properties"*

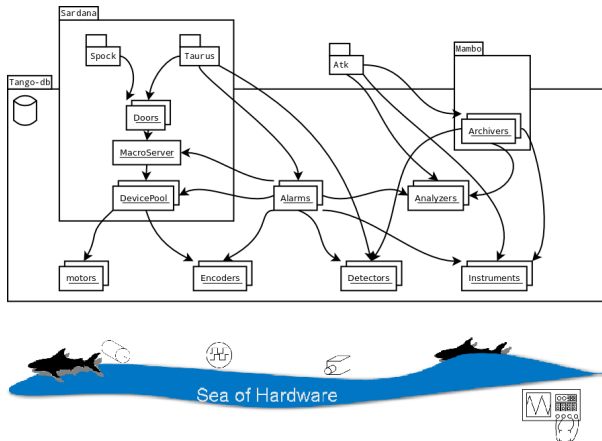
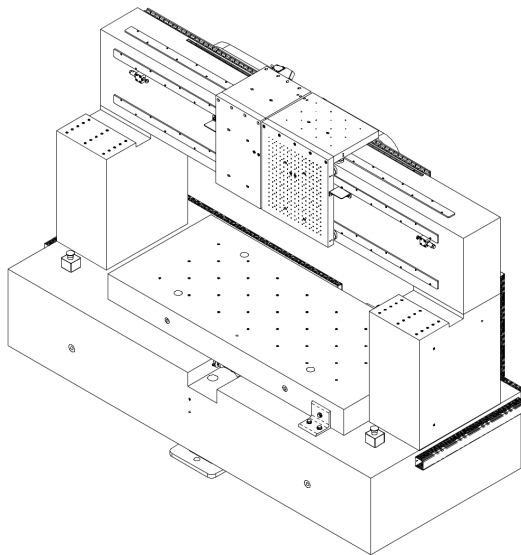
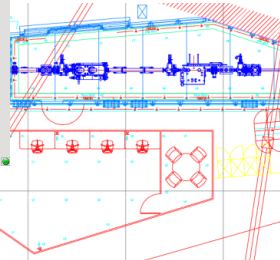


Figure: Tango schematic layout

# Optics Lab: Long Term Profiler



# A beamline



# Control a synchrotron accelerator

# Against the transparencies

Access	Hide differences in data representation and how a resource is accessed
Location	Hide where a resource is located
Migration	Hide that a resource may move to another location
Relocation	Hide that a resource may be moved to another location while in use
Replication	Hide that a resource is replicated
Concurrency	Hide that a resource may be shared by several competitive users
Failure	Hide a faulure and recovery of a resource
Persistence	Hide whether a (software) resource is in memory or on disk

# Against the layers

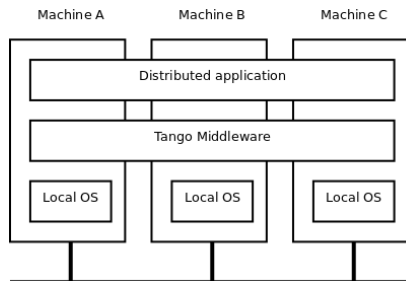


Figure: From [1], A distributed system organized as middleware

# Basics

- Confidentiality
- Authenticity
- Integrity
- Availability
- Non-repudiation



# Security threads, policies and mechanisms

# Security levels

European commission *fiche 17*

“Exchange of EU classified information” [2]

- Open or Unclassified
- Confidential
- Secret
- Top-Secret

# Authentication

- Agent authentication
- User authentication

## Rights

Who have rights to do any read/write action

*Access Control Levels (ACL): would be similar than linux permissions*

# Encryption



# Database access

## (free) Paper sources

- iacr
- arxiv
- scholar
- dblp

# Zero-knowledge proof for authentication

# Secret broadcasting



# Symmetric cyphers

Introduction Identify scenarios

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Cryptography engineering

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Proposed solutions

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Reference Papers

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Journals & Conferences

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Symmetric and stream cyphers

# Stream cyphers

# Private database query system

# Reference journals

# Reference conferences

# References I



A. S. Tanenbaum and M. van Steen, *Distributed systems, Principles and Paradigms*.

Prentice Hall, 2002.

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“Exchange of eu classified information,” 2003.